MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

START

DULUTH

EVENING

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MAY 1 1902 THRU JUN 30 1902

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MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART
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12 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, MAY 1, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

WILL LET THEM GO

Italian Officials to Release Chicago's Men.

Will Have to Pay Damages Amounting to $2000.

Rome, May 1.—Ambassador Meyer conferred this morning with Signor Prinetti, the foreign minister, and it was arranged that the American naval officers now imprisoned at Venice shall be released today or tomorrow, conditioned upon the payment of civil damages amounting to $2000.

It is understood that King Victor Emanuel will exercise his prerogative to remit the imprisonment, so that, after a caution they may leave tomorrow aboard the cruiser Chicago.

Washington, May 1.—Secretary Hay today received a cablegram from Ambassador Meyer, at Rome, in which he stated that after a most satisfactory interview with the prime minister, he was able to announce that the Chicago's officers, now held under arrest in Venice, will shortly be released. The Italian ambassador to Washington, Senor Mayor, called at the state department today and had talk with Secretary Hay about the matter in which he forcasted the release of the men.

ENGINE JUMPED TRACK

Engineer Bruce Was Killed In an Accident on the Soo Road and Rolling Stock Was Considerably Damaged.

Minneapolis, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Engineer Ralph Bruce was killed, a number of freight cars and a locomotive damaged at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon, in a wreck on the main line of the Soo road, four miles from Camden Place. Fireman Noel and Head Brakeman Lucas, who were in the engine cab, saw the danger and jumped. Both were bruised but escaped serious injury.

The engine jumped the track, and turning completely around, toppled over on its side. Engineer Bruce was found dead beneath the boiler. The half dozen freight cars were badly damaged.

The train, a way freight, consisting of sixty-five cars, was drawn by one of the largest engines and traveling at the rate of twenty-five miles an hour. The engine left the track at a switch near the Twin Lake ice house. It is supposed that the front tracks of the engine failed to take the switch as the wheels passed the switch points.

Ralph Bruce, the dead engineer, was about 50 years old and married. His widow, two sons and a daughter live in Dest Moines. He boarded at 2900 Emerald avenue.

JACOBSON ANNOUNCES

Through Lieut. Governor Smith That He Will Be a Candidate For Nomination For Auditor Before Republican Convention.

Benson, Minn., May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. F. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, has made the announcement that he will be a candidate for auditor before the Republican state convention. While his name has been mentioned in this connection with the candidacy for months past, and it has been generally supposed he would seek the office, it remained for Lieutenant Governor Smith to officially break the news. This he did at a mass meeting held here last night, called to further the candidacy of Senator E. T. Young for the congressional nomination.

"J. F. Jacobson has authorized me to formally announce his candidacy for the Republican nomination for state auditor," said Mr. Smith.

The announcement was warmly greeted, and a number of speakers who followed the lieutenant governor, expressed the hope and wish that Swift county would give its support to Mr. Jacobson.

Ex-Representative Stone was named as the choice of the meeting as the successor of Senator Young.

G. N. INJUNCTION DISSOLVED

Victoria, B.C., May 1.—The injunction granted the Kettle Valley railroad by the attorney general of the province, restraining the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern Railway company, the name under which the Great Northern is known in this province, from continuing work on their line in the boundary district, has been dissolved by Justice Irving, who held that the attorney general had no right to bring action as the proposed road had been declared by the Dominion government to be one of great interest to the Dominion.

NORFOLK GETS A SCORCHING

Norfolk, Va., May 1.—This morning fire broke out in the heart of the business section of the city. In a short while the tobacco factory of L. W. Davis, candy manufactory of Bowman & Lowman, hotel and restaurant of R. W. McDonald, and the large grocery house of L. P. Roberts & Co., on Commercial place, were in ruins. On Roanoke avenue D. C. Donald's dairy lunch rooms, two vacant store buildings, the Dispatch newspaper office and Hofheimer's cigar factory were destroyed. It is impossible now to correctly estimate the loss, but it is conservatively placed at $125,000. The fire originated in the candy factory of Bowman & Lowman.

INCREASE IN N. P. DIVIDENDS

New York, May 1.—A quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on Northern Pacific stock was announced today. This is the first dividend declaration since the stock was turned over to the Northern Securities company.

The dividend was declared on Tuesday. The common stock of the company formerly paid 1 per cent quarterly. Northern Pacific preferred was retired Jan. 1 last, and practically all the common stock is now in the treasury of the Northern Securities company.

The Northern Securities company announced a dividend today of 1 per cent.

DIED FROM FRIGHT.

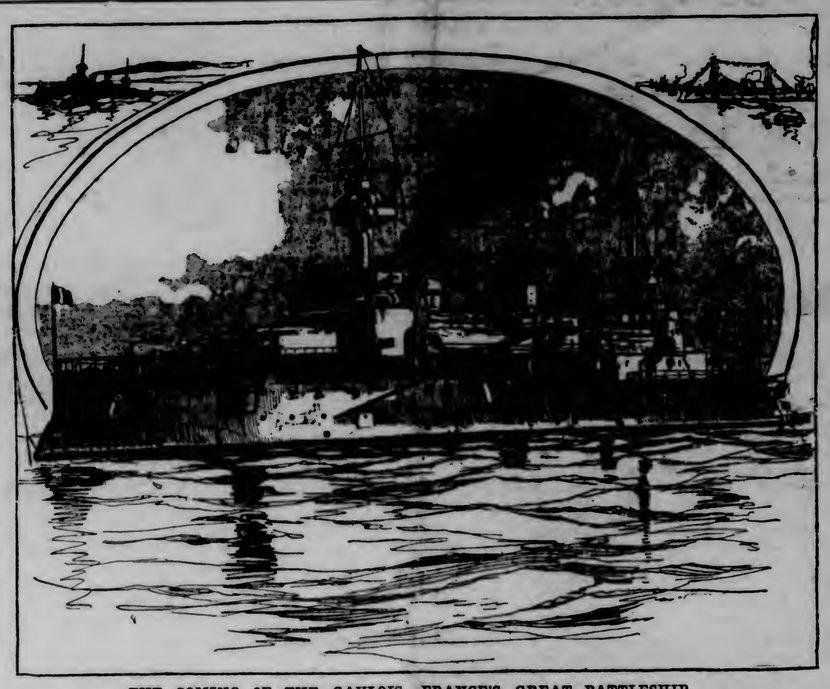
Pleasant Valley Man Thrown From Load of Hay.

Winona, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fright caused by an accident resulted in the death of John Gatzlaff, in Pleasant Valley, Mr. Gatzlaff was on top of a load of hay and in making a turn on a sharp decline the load tipped over and he was thrown off.

He was not injured, but the fright induced heart failure that caused his death.

BANKERS' CONVENTION.

Milwaukee, May 1.—The next annual convention of the American Bankers' association will be held in New Orleans some time during November. The announcement was made today by John Johnston, of this city, a member of the executive committee, who returned from New York, where he attended a meeting at which the question of holding the next convention was decided.



THE COMING OF THE GAULOIS, FRANCE'S GREAT BATTLESHIP.

The French battleship Gaulois is coming to America to represent France at the unveiling of the Rochambeau monument. Her sailing date is May 5. General Brugere, commander in chief of the French army; Vice Admiral Fournier, and their staffs will also come.

STANDING

Of Minnesota In Strength Contest Will Be Near Top.

Minneapolis, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The final tests in the strength contest at the university have been taken, and when figured up, give Minnesota a total of 66,833 kilometers. The completed records have been forwarded to Dr. Sargent at Harvard university, who is the secretary of the inter-collegiate strength contest, and when the records of the other colleges are complete, the standings will be determined.

From reports which have been received, however, from other institutions, Minnesota will get second place in the inter-collegiate race, having passed Harvard, which held that position last year. Columbia probably will maintain her hold on first place, although her margin over Minnesota will not be very great.

Minnesota will easily take first place among the colleges which have increased their total over last year's record, as the home institution has increased nearly 11,-600 kilometers.

FIELD AND TRACK.

First Meet Between "U' Freshmen and Sophomores.

Minneapolis, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The first annual field and track meet between the freshmen and sophomore classes of the university was held yesterday afternoon at Northrop field, the latter class winning by a score of 58 to 46 points.

The contest proved to be very successful and it was not until the last event had been run off that the winning class was determined.

No university records were broken, although several were very nearly touched and, if some of the contestants had been pushed a little harder, they undoubtedly would have made a much better showing.

MRS. LAMONT PRESIDENT

Of Army Relief Society of United States.

New York, May 1.—At its annual meeting held in this city, the Army Relief society of the United States has elected Mrs. Daniel S. Lamont as its president for the ensuing year. Delegates from about thirty branch organizations throughout the country were present.

During the last year the society has given assistance to 100 widows of soldiers of the regular army. The educational branch of the work is extensive.

SYMPATHETIC STRIKE

Of the Trades Unionist Workmen at Copenhagen.

Copenhagen, May 1.—The trades unionist workmen employed at the port of Copenhagen have suspended work, in sympathy with the dock laborers' and seamen's strike against vessels belonging to the Steamship Owners' federation. The latter strike was further extended today to all the Danish ports excepting Esbjerg, on the coast of Jutland, where the dock laborers refused to leave their work.

The dock laborers' strike at Copenhagen began about April 15. Four days later it was announced that more than 8000 men were on strike at the various ports of Denmark.

ALL RIGHT NOW.

Archbishop Corrigan on the Road to Recovery.

New York, May 1.—Archbishop Corrigan was much improved today and his physician said that he was well on the way toward recovery. He slept six hours during the night and when he awoke relished a breakfast of solid food. He is still somewhat weak, but his strength is returning steadily.

EVERYTHING ORDERLY.

Rome, May 1.—The usual May day demonstrations throughout Italy have thus far been perfectly orderly. About 15,000 workmen participated in a meeting here.

GOLF AT HOY LAKE.

London, May 1.—The conclusion of the fifth round of the amateur golf championship games at Hoy Lake today left T. W. Robb, R. Maxwell, G. Hutchings and S. H. Fry to contest the semi-final. Fry defeated H. H. Hilton, the present champion, this morning.

ALL TERRIBLY MANGLED

Burlington Fast Mail Train Crashes Into Carriage Containing Four Young People at Kewanee, Ill., Killing Them All.

Kewanee, Ill., May 1.—Four lives were lost here early today in an accident at the Main street crossing of the Burlington road. The Burlington fast mail train, east bound, which runs through Kewanee without stopping, ran down a carriage containing four young people and all were instantly killed. The dead:

MISS MAGGIE KEESLER, Kewanee.
MISS BLANCHE HARDING, Kewanee.
C. A. BUTERS, Galva.
E. A. EMERY, Galva.

The bodies of all were terribly mangled.

TIGHE WILL WIN OUT

Shaffer Opposition to the Assistant Secretary of the Amalgamated Association Will Probably Lose on the Ballot.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 1.—This morning the Amalgamated Association convention is still engaged in consideration of committee reports, but it is expected that the election of officers, fixing of headquarters and the awarding of the next convention will be taken up this afternoon and the convention will then adjourn sine die. President Shaffer will be reelected, Pittsburg will retain the headquarters and probably Columbus will secure next year's convention. The Shaffer people are waging a lively battle against M. F. Tighe for the assistant secretaryship, but it is thought the Wheeling man will win out, nevertheless.

Conferences will be held with the manufacturers after the convention regarding the scales, notwithstanding the fact that officers signed them with the principal manufacturers and that they were endorsed by the convention as signed. The conference will not concern the rate of wages, but will take up certain conditions prevailing in various mills, according to the press committee. What the conditions which the convention wishes to change are is not given out, but they are of sufficient importance to receive the attention of the convention. The conferences will be held in Wheeling, and it may be a month before they take place. The wage scale will be presented to the various independent concerns by the mill committees. If any of them object, a conference will be called.

KNIGHTS TEMPLAR MEET

Thirty-Second Annual Meeting Was Held at St. Paul---Officers Elected and Other Routine Business Transacted.

St. Paul, Minn., May.—(Special to The Herald.)—Col. Roland Hartley, of Minneapolis, was advanced to the office of eminent commander at the annual meeting of the grand commandery, Knights Templar, held in Masonic hall yesterday. The officers elected were: Dr. S. S. Kilvington, Minneapolis, deputy eminent commander; Charles L. West, Boston, eminent grand junior warden; E. P. Sanborn, St. Paul, eminent grand captain general; Herman L. Luther, Fairbault, grand senior warden; H. F. Parshall, St. Cloud, grand prelate; John G. McFarlin, Minneapolis, grand treasurer; W. Hayes Laird, grand standard bearer; Thomas Montgomery, grand recorder; John House, Morris, grand sword bearer, and George C. Miles, Fergus Falls, grand warden.

The gathering yesterday was the thirty-second annual meeting, and was attended by officers and delegates representing twenty-six chartered commanderies. The business was devoted almost entirely to the election of officers and the auditing of accounts, and was completed in time to allow the majority of the delegates to leave for their homes last evening. The session was presided over by Dr. J. W. Chamberlin, of St. Paul. In the state the commandery has a total of 2900, of which 332 belong to the two local commanderies. During the year 259 new members were added, but the actual net increase is 107. The receipts for the year were $2700.

At the meeting yesterday three new commanderies were admitted to membership in the state organization, Fairmont, Marshall and Wadena. The next annual meetnig will be held in Minneapolis.

A number of delegates left for Fairbault this morning, to attend the funeral of Benjamin F. Franklin, a prominent member of the order and one of the past grand commanders.

SECRETARY MOODY IN OFFICE

Washington, May 1.—William Henry Moody, the new secretary of the navy, took the oath of office at the navy department at 9:35 o'clock this morning. The oath was administered by E. P. Hanna, solicitor of the department. Those present beside the retiring secretary, Mr. Long, were Assistant Secretary Darling, former Assistant Secretary Hackett and Representatives Roberts, McCall, Lawrence and Green, of Massachusetts. The entire personnel of the department was then presented to Mr. Moody, the clerks at the same time bidding Mr. Long farewell.

ONE THIRD LESS BEEF USED

Chicago, May 1.—That the consumption of beef has fallen off 37½ per cent since the agitation against the packers began was admitted by leading packers seen by a representative today. The percentage given averages the calculations of the packers seen.

LABOR'S BATTLE

Thousands Strike to Better Their Conditions.

Action Is General In Many Cities of Country.

Pittsburg, May 1.—May day was ushered in with strikes in most of the building trades for reduction in hours, more wages and adjustment of trade conditions. It is estimated that between 12,000 and 15,000 men are out, the trades involved being structural iron workers, carpenters, bricklayers, sheet metal workers, slate and tile roofers, inside electric wire workers, portable and hoisting engineers and wood and metal lathers. The plumbers' strike was averted by the master plumbers' meeting last night and signing the advanced scale. The strikers will tie up work on all the large buildings in course of erection in this city.

Numbers of the leading architects of the city have stopped the receipt of estimates of new work, and on some important contracts, already placed, they have notified the contractors of indefinite delay in making contracts. One of the architects today showed specifications on work aggregating $10,-000,000, which is being held.

On account of the carpenters' strike, the largest planing mill operators have agreed to close their shops pending a settlement of the trouble.

The National Association of Blast Furnace Workers and Smelters of America has sent copies of a new demand to the United States Steel corporation, the Republic Iron and Steel company, the Bessemer association and the independent furnaces. The workers demand that on and after June 1 eight hours shall constitute a day's work at the same rate of pay now received for twelve hours, and that all ten-hour men shall be reduced to nine hours at the present rate of pay.

The men are now working twelve-hour turns. "Turn men" receive $2 per twelve hours, engineers and keepers, $2.50, and laborers, $1.50 for ten hours. If the demands of the association are granted, it will mean the introduction of a third shift. This will mean the employment of additional keepers, helpers, blowing engineers and fillers, and top fillers where electricity is not used.

Buffalo, May 1.—It is estimated that more than 2000 skilled laborers are on strike here today. Most of these are carpenters, a few structural iron workers and the rest plumbers. The carpenters, who are receiving 30 cents an hour, demand 37½; the plumbers demand $3.50 per day, an increase of 50 cents, and the iron workers ask for 50 cents an hour. Fourteen contractors, employing about 450 men, have agreed to pay their carpenters 37½ cents. Most of the contractors have conceded the demands of the structural iron workers but a few of the smaller ones are holding out.

Youngstown, O., May 1.—Two thousand men employed in the building trades went on strike today for an eight-hour day and increase of wages, all efforts to settle their differences with the contractors proving unavailing. Some of the smaller contractors conceded the men's demands last night and it is said several others may sign today, but this will only reduce the number of striking workmen very slightly.

Rochester, N. Y., May 1.—About 500 drivers of coal wagons, all members of the drivers' union, struck today for higher wages and shorter working hours.

New York, May 1.—Machinists and bench men to the number of 1200 in large saw mills in Hudson county, N. J., went on strike today. The men demanded a uniform rate of $2.50 for an eight-hour day, which was refused.

Cleveland, May 1.—At the local headquarters of the Structural Iron Workers' association it was stated today that about 500 men employed by the American Bridge company at various Ohio points went out today. Not to exceed 100 men are said to be involved in this city.

Toronto, May 1.—More than 1000 men of various trades went on strike for an increase in wages. They include 350 brick layers, 400 carpenters and machine woodworkers. A number of wire, wood and metal laborers, carriage and wagon workers and jewelry workers are also out. The compositors and machine operators on the different newspapers here have decided to strike on May 8, if their demands for increased wages are refused. The day men want $18 a week, while the night men demand $21.

St. Paul, May 1.—Three hundred carpenters went on strike here today for an eight-hour day and increased wages. Other trades may be involved later, the plumbers having already presented a demand for an increase.

DESPERATE ENCOUNTER

Between Officers of the Law and Desperadoes at Almira, Wash., Results In Killing of One of the Latter.

Davenport, Wash., May 1.—Particulars of a desperate battle between officers of the law and desperadoes, which occurred on Sunday last at Almira, have just been received. As a result of the fight "Billy Gibbons," one of the desperadoes, lies dead and his partner named Wild, is at large, though handcuffed. About two weeks ago Gibbons and Wild rounded up a band of horses to ship to Wyoming. Deputy Sheriff Nichell, of Okanogan county, pursued them and Wild was captured in a hotel at Almira and turned over to a group of men in the hotel office. Gibbons was located in a saloon, and in a fight that followed Nicnell shot him in the side, but Gibbons reached his horse. For eleven miles Nichell pursued him, the men exchanging shots continually. When Gibbons' ammunition was gone he threw down his gun and surrendered. He was brought to Almira and died at midnight in the presence of his father and mother.

Meanwhile Wild fought his way out of the hotel office and disappeared.

Gibbons was a fugitive and has served time for cattle stealing.

TO BRING THEM TO TIME

New York Republican Club Is Provoked With Beef Packers For Not Attending Conference and Will Fight Them.

New York, May 1.—Alfred M. Bullowa, of this city, chairman of the Republican club committee, which was recently appointed to investigate the alleged combination of packers, has gone to Washington for a conference with Attorney General Knox.

No packers will be represented at the conference, however. When the committee assembled for its final meeting, telegrams were read from J. P. Lyman, Michael Cudahy, Nelson Morris, J. Ogden Armour and Gustavus Swift expressing the regrets of the senders that they were unable to attend the conference with Attorney General Knox, which the committee had arranged. The text of these telegrams was not made public.

Chairman Bullowa and the other members of the committee expressed their surprise when shown a dispatch from Washington in which Attorney General Knox expressed the opinion that the call for the conference was unwarranted.

Chairman Bullowa said: "Our idea in inviting the packers to the conference was to secure for them their day in court, and pending the determination of the action which the government authorities purpose taking, bringing about some understanding which would be for the interest of all concerned. The packers whom we asked to meet the attorney general with us have declined to take advantage of the opportunity and we will therefore now go ahead and co-operate with the legal authorities for the purpose of bringing them to time."

HUNDREDS DEAD IN BENGAL

Calcutta, May 1.—A tornado has devastated the city of Dacca and ajoining towns. Four hundred and sixteen persons were killed. Crops were ruined throughout the district.

Dacca, a city in Bengal, has a famous place in the history of British India. It is situated 150 miles northeast of Calcutta. In the sventeenth century it was the capital of Bengal. In 1800 it had a population of 200,000, and was noted for its product of fine muslins, which were known as "woven wind." Growing imports of Manchester cottons ruined its industries, however, and by 1891 the population had dwindled to 82,000.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

THEY ARE AT WORK

Personal Property Assessors Begin Assessment of the City.

Will Call on Property Owners Within Next Thirty Days.

List of Assessors For the Different Wards of the City.

The personal property assessors began work this morning.

Within the next thirty days every person of full age and sound mind living in the city is expected to list all moneys, bonds, stocks, hogs, knitting machines, melodeons, diamonds, franchises, steam boats, saloons, bagatelle tables, elevators, warehouses, railroads, and all other personal property.

Any person making a false or fraudulent list or who shall refuse to make out a list is liable to a fine of from $10 to $2000.

Assessor Olafson has this annual assessment down to a fine point and everything was in readiness for the force of deputies early this morning. Robert C. McKinley and W. J. Wallace were assigned to the lumber, logs and coal assessments, and Alfred Robinson was assigned to the special down town business district.

Henry Nelson will make the assessment in the First ward; James Thompson, in the Second ward; O. P. Stenson, in the Third ward; Elvin White, in the Fourth ward; John Williams, in the Fifth ward; John Borgstrom, in the Sixth ward; J. P. Weir, in the Seventh ward, and W. B. Hartley, in the Eighth ward.

After these deputies get through their work the assessor will go over the list submitted and all that are raised by him will be given notice.

If any person has a complaint to make as to the assessment it must be nursed carefully till the meeting of the board of review, on June 23.

This board arbitrates differences existing between the assessor and the tax payer and all kicks made to any person except this board and at the time of its meeting are useless.

AT THE HOTELS

Capt. T. J. Jones and A. P. Coates, of Virginia, are at the St. Louis. Capt. Jones says Morton Miller has the Holman forty under option, and that whatever further exploratory work is done will be under his direction. He adds that the frost is pretty well out of the surface workings of the open pit mines on the Mesabi range, though occasionally a deep cut strikes some of it yet. Labor, he says, is scarce on the ranges.

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Elmer E. Davis, manager of the Cloquet baseball team, is a guest at the McKay.

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An old bachelor boarder at the Spalding has what he swears is a positive cure for drowsiness in the morning. He says he has used it for years, and it never fails. He never depends on a call or a dozen calls now when he wishes to get up unusually early. Dr. Magie is said to be the originator of the method, which is chemical, rather than mechanical, in its nature.

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W. E. Street, who never used to turn his face away from Duluth-Superior harbor and the Soo canal, lleetly passed through town this morning, stopping only long enough to breakfast at the St. Louis. He was on his way home from a trip to St. Paul.

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Paul L. Aldrich, business manager of "York State Folks," was at the Spalding this morning. Mr. Aldrich is a recent graduate of the newspaper business, and a bright and genial young fellow. He says the Academy of Music in New York is negotiating with the management of his attraction to return there immediately after the Duluth engagement for an early summer run.

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Solomon Sax, the Eveleth townsite owner, is at the McKay.

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The lumbermen's and vesselmen's impromptu conventions these days make the Spalding lobby quite an animated scene.

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McKay Bros. yesterday completed their tenancy of the Tremont house on Lake avenue. Their lease has expired, and they found that the heavy business they are doing at the new Fifth avenue hotel demanded all their time. It is said that the Tremont will be reopened shortly by Mrs. Jerlot, who conducted it about ten years ago.

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This morning's arrivals at the Spalding were heavy. Among them are: John Dillon, Marquette; R. C. Lounsecker, Newport; Edward F. Ross, New York; Henry Leach, Chicago; C. P. Cox, Rochester; C. C. Achorn, Portland, Me.; William Weed, Dayton, Ohio; G. H. Buchanan, Ashland; I. W. Saylor, Chicago, and A. W. Norton, Northfield.

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James O'Keefe, Chicago; E. W. Farr, Minneapolis; R. P. James, Butte; J. B. Briggs, Chicago; P. Beneteau, St. Paul; S. E. Olson, Nels Johnson, Port Wing; James Martin, Elkhart, Ind.; John D. Connor, Barnum, and G. C. McAllister, wife and son, Grand Rapids, are at the St. Louis.

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L. W. King, C. O. Browness, St. Paul; W. A. Williamson, Hibbing; C. L. Carpenter, Saginaw; T. J. Bonham, Two Harbors; M. L. Cunningham, Burnett; S. O. Berg, A. Gunderson, Minneapolis; W. F. Chinn and wife, McKinley; Robert Murray, Virginia, and B. W. McDonald, Cleveland, are at the McKay.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

IN EFFECT.

Wine Room Ordinance Operative---Chief Troyer Issues Orders.

The wine room ordinance became operative today.

Chief Troyer notified all patrolmen, as they went on duty today, to visit the saloons on their respective beats and see to it that the ordinance is obeyed.

The ordinance, briefly, provides that there shall be no wine room or private apartment, with the interior shut off from the general view by doors, curtains, screens or partitions.

The wine rooms are permitted, but they must be open. Not even drapery is permitted to shut off the view of the interior of the room from the saloon proper.

The police say they will enforce the order, but are looking for some difficulty with several saloon men who have expressed a desire to test the standing of such an ordinance before the courts. Another feature of the ordinance is that it prohibits the sale of intoxicating liquor in restaurants to parties of less than three persons unless the persons are all of the same sex.

The Affair of the Season.
SECOND ANNUAL
Third Regt. Band.
ARMORY
Thursday Evening.
May 1. Tickets 50c
Ball

To Compel Enforcement.

J. E. Orin has begun a suit in district court against the Nicholas Lumber company and J. A. Nichols to compel them to carry out an alleged agreement to sell the timber on a lot of land in 55-19. The agreement was made to M. W. McDonald, it is claimed, and McDonald assigned all his rights to the plaintiff. The price is $4750, and Orin asks that the defendants be compelled to make the deed, to give him $1000 damages for the withholding of the instrument, and if for any reason it is impossible at this time to make the deed, he wants $5000 damages in addition to the $1000. H. B. Fryberger is the attorney.

Excursions to Western Canada

On May the 6th I will leave Duluth for Western Canada with a large party of settlers All those wishing to locate on 160 acres of the choicest free government lands had better join me on this cheap excursion. I will have a through tourist car from Duluth. Join this excursion and I will personally show you the country.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
530 Manhattan Building.

WEST END STATION

Case On Trial Before Judge Cant In District Court.

West End Business Men Testify About the Station.

Say They Need It In Their Business Badly.

The question of whether the Northern Pacific railroad must reopen its station at Twentieth avenue west or not is before the district court.

The case of the state of Minnesota ex rel. the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners against the Northern Pacific Railroad company, involving that question, came up before Judge Cant this morning, with N. H. Clapp, of the firm of Clapp & McCarthy, representing the state, and Emerson Hadley, associate counsel of the railroad, and J. L. Washburn, Duluth counsel of the road, in behalf of the respondent.

There were about fifteen prominent business men and residents of the West End there to give testimony, and their evidence opened the proceedings, after Mr. Clapp had made a brief statement of the case. They were still testifying at noon, and it was expected that the case would last all day.

The West End people claim that the West End was built up after the station was placed there, and largely because of it, and that they need to have it continued. To this the railroad answers that the West End was built up because the city of Duluth was growing and business sought an outlet that way.

The state claims that in closing the station the railroad went back on an agreement it made with the state during the Lind administration. When the Northern Pacific bought the St. Paul & Duluth a suit was begun by the state to annul the sale, and it was settled on the company's agreement to observe all the obligations of the St. Paul & Duluth's charter, and to maintain as adequate a service as there was at the time of the sale. On this agreement the state dismissed the suit without prejudice. The company claims that it is observing this agreement, and that it has spent $200,000 in improving the terminal facilities in Duluth. As to the Twentieth avenue west station, the company claim that it has a depot at Fifth avenue west, and the West End people can get their stuff there as well as at Twentieth avenue west, where goods in car lots are still received and delivered.

The board of railroad and warehouse commissioners issued an order requiring the road to reopen the station last January, but it did not do so. Then the board began mandamus proceedings, requiring the company to open the station or show cause why it should not. This is what the company is attempting to do in the proceedings before Judge Cant. Joseph G. Miller, of the board of railroad and warehouse commissioners, is attending the hearing on behalf of the board.

The first witness this morning was S. W. Hill, a West End clothier, who testified that he had lived in the West End ever singe the station was first opened. At that time there was only one store building there. Now there are 100 business houses within four blocks on each side of the station, and a number of manufacturing industries. Between Seventeenth avenue west and Fortieth avenue west there are between 12,000 and 13,000 people, he said. When the trains stopped at the West End station he had seen as many as forty or fifty people get on at times, though at other times there would be only two or three. The fact that freight is not sent or received at the West End station in less than carload lots, he said, is a great inconvenience to business men, who are put to extra expense in hauling from the Fifth avenue depot. He described the Point of Rocks, and said that it cuts off the West End as though it were a city by itself. M. A. Fedje, John J. Moe, Reiner Hoch, Dr. G. W. Davis and Carl Schell also testified along the same line, and there were others to testify this afternoon.

OBJECTS.

F. R. Webber Will Fight Assessment on Consolidate Stock.

F. R. Webber has filed objections against him, supposed to be for Consolidated stock.

In answer to the proceedings for the collection of personal property taxes for 1901, which Mr. Webber filed this morning in the office of the clerk of district court, he says he did not have Consolidated stock to that amount on May 1, 1901, when the assessment was made, and all he had was a small block worth only $6750.

He says that the city assessor valued his possessions of personal property at $265, and with the exemption out this left him taxed on $165. To this he did not object.

But when the city board of reviews met it added $50,000 to the assessment, on the supposition that he owned stock to the value of that amount in a corporation known as "The Consolidated Mines." He says that on May 1 he owned no stock in that or any other corporation worth more than $6750, and he wants his assessment cut down accordingly. Jaques & Hudson are his attorneys.

THEY ANSWER

Fair Directors Respond to the Suit of D. A. Petre.

Jerome E. Cooley, William T. Bailey, and James Sullivan have filed an answer to the suit of D. A. Petre, as receiver for the St. Louis County Agricultural society, in which he charged them with appropriating $167.30 of the society's money to their own use.

The answer says Mr. Bailey was treasurer and entitled to receive and pay out the funds of the society, and that he paid them out only to bona fide creditors of the society, under the direction of the officers and directors of the corporation.

They claim that the only creditor who has filed a claim with the receiver is Edward McCue, whose claim does not exceed $45. They allege that Petre has received and has in his hands funds more than sufficient to pay this debt and all the expenses of the receivership, as well as any other claims that are likely to be filed.

"Wherefore defendants pray that they may be hence dismissed." Francis W. Sullivan is the attorney.

INJUNCTION

Granted to Prevent Sale of Wiggins Ferry Stock.

St. Louis, May 1.—The fight for control of the Wiggins Ferry property took another turn today when the Mercantile Trust company applied to the circuit court for an injunction to restrain William J. Lemp, the brewer, from disposing of 400 shares of Ferry stock to the Mississippi Valley Trust company.

The petition recites that Lemp agreed to sell his stock to the Mercantile Trust company, but was induced to turn it over to the Mississippi Valley.

It is also averred that the Mississippi Valley attempted to buy this stock at a higher figure in order to prevent the Mercantile company getting it.

Judge Ferris granted the temporary injunction, but fixed no return date.

WILD CAT

Escaped and Took Possession of an Express Office.

Charleston, W. Va., May 1.—For several hours a wild cat stopped all business of the United States Express company, held up the employes and had undisputed sway over the office in this city. The animal was received at the office of the company Sunday, consigned to a point requiring a transfer here. The box containing the feline was deposited in the office of Agent Wickerstine, who thought no more about it until Monday morning, when he was opening up for business. Then the startling discovery was made that the animal had clawed its way out of the box during the night. For a long time the cat had things all its own way, no one essaying to enter the office. It was finally dispatched with a rifle.

HEAVY STORM

Sweeps Over Fergus Falls and Adjoining Country.

St. Paul, May 1.—A Fergus Falls special to the Dispatch says: A heavy hail storm swept over this section today, accompanied by a cold rain and terrific wind. No great damage will be done here, as seeding is practically finished, but the storm was more severe further west, where work is not so well advanced.

KILLED BY TRAIN.

Omaha, May 1.—Andrew F. Haas, a live stock commission man, and one of the most wealthy stockmen in the West, was struck by a Union Pacific train at South Omaha today and killed. He was crossing the railroad yards on his way to a hotel.

DR. OLMSTED CONSECRATED.

Denver, May 1.—Rev. Dr. Charles S. Olmsted, formerly of Pennsylvania, was consecrated bishop of the diocese of Colorado at St. John's cathedral today.

The White Man's Burden.

The large number of white men (and women) who travel on the Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited between the Twin Cities and Chicago each day are surely relieved of all the "burdens" of ordinary travel. The service is pronounced by the best travelers as perfection itself. The Pioneer Limited is the famous train of the world, and its dining cars modern cafes on wheels.

It Pays to Watch Our Advertisements! Here's the proof:

Friday Sale---May 2, 2 to 4 p. m.

LACE CURTAINS. New stock. Newest patterns. Latest designs. This is an opportunity for you to save money.

Regular price 55c per pair, for only ---------- 34c
Regular price $1 per pair, for only ---------- 66c
Regular price $1.25 per pair, for only ---------- 81c
Regular price $1.50 per pair, for only ---------- 97c
Regular price $1.85 per pair, for only ---------- $1.12

Any pair Lace Curtains in the stock at 35 per cent off our usual prices for two long hours this date.

—YOURS FOR TRADE—

R. R. Forward & Co.

21st Avenue West, Duluth, Minn.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, May 1.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: John R. Sanford died at his residence here last night of Bright's disease. He was one of the surveyors engaged in locating the boundary between British Columbia and the United States. He joined the rush to Frazer river and finally came to Montana on a freighting expedition. He joined every early day mining stampede in this state and came to Helena during "Last Chance" discoveries, where he has since resided. He is survived by a widow, son and daughter. He was the second man to be initiated in the order of Odd Fellows in this state and was also a Mason.

New York, May 1.—On his way back to his old home in the County Monaghan, Ireland, the Rev. Charles McCabe, of Iowa, stricken with pneumonia, is dead at St. Vincent's hospital in this city. He was 56 years old and had been ill only a few days. The body will be taken to Ireland by Father McCabe's sisters.

New York, May 1.—Lieut. James Joseph Barry, United States navy, (retired) is dead at his home in Brooklyn from Bright's disease, after a two weeks' illness. He was born in Baltimore and was appointment in 1862, serving through the civil war. He was retired as passed assistant engineer on Jan. 2, 1891, as passed assistant engineer.

NICARAGUA

Is Ready to Talk Terms Concerning Canal Concession.

Washington, May 1.—M. Corea, the Nicaraguan minister, called at the state department today and informed Secretary Hay that the reply of his government to secretary's proposal regarding the Nicaraguan canal has been received and that he is now empowered to make a definite presentation of terms under which his government will grant the rights necessary to the construction of a Nicaraguan canal. However, as Mr. Corea and Mr. Calvo, the Costa Rican minister, are working jointly in this matter, and as Mr. Calvo has not yet received the final word from his government, the presentation of the canal agreements will be deferred until both ministers are fully equipped.

It is understood that there is no serious hitch concerning the Costa Rican proposition, considerations of a purely formal character being the cause of delay.

ONE-THIRD

Of Shipping Combine Capital Required For White Star.

London, May 1.—According to the Liverpool Post, one-third of the £34,000,000 capital of the shipping combine will be required to liquidate the White Star line interests. The paper also says that a substantial proportion of the preference shares will be handed over to the owners of the White Star line, who will also get 3,000,000 in cash from the sale of the debentures.

After the president of the board of trade, Gerald Balfour, had informed the house of commons, this afternoon, that he had been confidentially informed of the terms of the proposed trans-Atlantic combine, which did not necessarily involve a change in the nationality of the ships, and the government leader, A. J. Balfour, had announced that the officials of the White Star line did not appear to have violated their contract with the British admiralty, Russell Rea (Radical ship owner and merchant), moved the adjournment of the house in order to discuss the matter, which was of general public importance.

HENDERSON RENOMINATED.

Des Moines, May 1.—Congressman D. B. Henderson, speaker of the house, was renominated for the eleventh successive time at the Third district convention in Waterloo today. The nomination was unanimous.

TIDBALL'S GROCERY,

218 West Fourth Street.

We have decided to remain in business at the old stand.

Thanking our friends for their past favors, we still solicit their future patronage.

BRITISH ACCUSED

Charges Made By Former Officer In Remount Service.

Documents to Show Military Posts Are Maintained Here.

He Was Enlisted at One and Ranked as Captain.

New York, May 1.—Letter paper of the Planters' house, in St. Louis, was used by the commander of the British forces at present in the United States to order his subordinates to spy upon Americans.

This is one of the startling statements made by James T. Carmody, a Maryland born man, who recently held the high position of captain in the remount service of the British army.

Other statements by Carmody indicate, with apparent conclusiveness, that military posts are being maintained in this country by the British war office.

Carmody was honorably discharged from the British remount commission in this country after eight months' service.

He held the title of sergeant, but rank of captain in this service, and was paid the equivalent of $23.75 a day, with traveling expenses besides.

It may be stated, to establish the character of this service in America, that the British war office some time ago raised the pay of its captains here $10 a day.

And the department's orders directing this raise distinctly set forth that it was made so the captains might "live in a manner becoming an officer bearing his majesty's commission."

The authority for the facts that follow cannot be doubted after reading this letter on embossed official paper of the British army:

"British Remount Commission, New Orleans.

"Mr. James Carmody has been employed with the British Remount commission in New Orleans for the past eight months, and during that time has done his work well and given every satisfaction. He now leaves the commission owing to alterations which necessitate a reduction of staff.

"R. L. FENNER,
"Captain, Remount Officer, New Orleans."

Carmody, who is a clear-headed, well-educated man, declares:

That four British military establishments are now maintained on the neutral soil of the United States.

That these military depots, in Louisiana and Missouri, are conducted in precisely the same way, and that the men in them are under the same discipline as in like remount establishments in England, South Africa and Canada, save that the king's officers on duty in this country do not wear uniforms.

That the officers were ordered to duty here by the British war office, under whose direct control they are.

That the officer in command, Capt. de Burgh, is the assistant inspector of remounts in the British army.

Carmody and his friend, Glascock, joined Brabant's Horse, and shipped to South Africa. They were wounded at Perisburg and were invalided home. Then they came to New York.

Carmody insists that they did not know Col. de Burgh was aware of their presence in this country until Carmody got a letter from de Burgh, instructing him and Glascock to report at Kansas City to Maj. J. Moore of the veterinary department of the British army, who commands the supply depot at Lathrop.

It must appear from this letter that Col. de Burgh and Carmody and Glascock were on most friendly terms. The letter is written on letterheads of the Planters' hotel, St. Louis:

"Dear Carmody: Thanks for your note. I am glad to hear that you and Glascock have some pleasure in your work. You have not had much heavy work yet, but it may come any day, when I hope I may hear that you are ready to go for a V. C.

"It is a pleasure to me to have good reports of you both. I trust you are taking every opportunity of learing something, however unimportant it may seem to you now. You never know when information of all kinds may come handy to you in the 'struggle for existence.'

"I may drop in on you all any day. Kind regards. Sincerely yours,

"ULRICK DE BURGH."

"May 19, 1901."

When Carmody signed for service in the United States he was compelled to attach his signature to a long list of articles under the caption:

"New Orleans, La., United States of North America.

Terms arranged between Col. U. de Burgh (O. C. North America Remount Commission-Assistant Inspector Remounts, British Army), and * * *

The third article is:

"I agree to serve anywhere in North America as may be directed by the O. C. and in any capicity which involves such duties as are usually expected on the part of commissioned officers of his majesty's army."

Article 6 says: "I agree * * * not to make any claims for traveling allowance against the British government."

Articles 7 and 8 leave no doubt of what they mean. The former says:

"I agree to submit myself to the discretion of the officer commanding should I become involved in any state of affairs which may be unbecoming the character of an officer bearing his majesty's commission."

Article 8 says: "I agree to treat as absolutely confidential and not to divulge, in conversation or by writing, to any person unconnected with the commission, and circumstance which comes within my knowledge in consequence of any position which may be given me, unless with the written permission of the O. C. the commissioner."

Commenting on the American war department's failure to find anything wrong in these camps, Carmody said:

"The very terms of the agreement we signed prove that the British establishments on American soil are military posts. Read article 3.

"That means to fight for the king and to obey orders. By the act of signing it, we were enrolled in King Edward's army. We were ordered to Port Chalmette.

"There are now four military posts in the United States—that at Lathrop, which is the headquarters; one at Billings, Mont., which is the camp for buying horses; one at Fort Worth, Texas, for buying mules, and one at Port Chalmette, a tremendous establishment, where all the horses and mules are gathered for shipment on transports which the admiralty charters.

"These posts are under the strictest military discipline. Even the forms are observed. Soon after I arrived at New Orleans a man in my command was rather cocky. Instead of reporting him to Capt. Fenner, I reported in writing to Col. De Burgh, who took no notice of it. The next time the colonel saw me he said, rather severely:

"'Carmody, you surely have seen enough of the service to know that when you report a subordinate, you must report him to your immediate commanding officer.'

Carmody gave a list of British army officers who are now or have been on duty at these ports. It reads like several pages from the British army register. Their titles run from lieutenant-colonel down, and they come from nearly all the famous English, Scotch and Irish regiments, such as the Donegal artillery, Dublin Fusileers, the Warwicks, Lancashire Field artillery, Innis Fusileers and the like.

"It has been charged that the British ship guns and ammunition on the transports, and that the muleteers who sail on them are enlisted in the British army in South Africa," said the Post-Dispatch correspondent.

"I know that arms and ammunition are not shipped on the transports," answered Carmody. "I've been aboard too many while they were being loaded to be in doubt about that.

"But these two facts remain," concluded Carmody.

"I know my experience—for I've been there in the cavalry—that, if the British army in South Africa was not constantly supplied with remounts, heaven only knows when the war would end. The Boer horses seem to be made out of iron. They never wear out.

"And I know my experience—for I've been there—that there are British military posts under military discipline in America, a neutral country, and that the most and the best of the remounts have been and are being sent to South Africa from this country."

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

The BEST and only practica optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Wall Paper
Have you seen our new and popular patterns? They are beauties—and the price—so low—that you can't help buying. Paper for a whole room at 50c.
SUTTON'S,
14 West Superior Street.

Monuments!
A Card Will Bring Us to Your Door With Samples.
P. N. PETERSON GRANITE CO.
217 Manhattan Building.

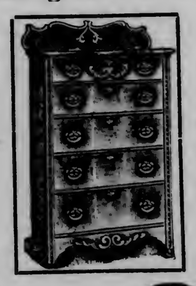
BEAR IN MIND

We Are the People to Save You Money

On Furniture, Carpets, Stoves, Crockery.
We are also the People to Give You Credit.

We have been too busy to write up ads., but we must let you know that we are still very much alive. Our low prices on first class goods is what is creating the whole stir.

Think of it, an $8.00
Chiffonier
For only $5.



Think of it, the best
Mattress
made in America for only
$12.00.

Our line of Carpets and Lace Curtains is second to none. But our prices are lower than the lowest and every yard warranted.

Bayha & Co.,

Lowest Price House Furnishers In City of Duluth. 24-26 East Superior Street.
Look for Big Wire Sign on Roof.

FELL FOUR STORIES

Three - Year - Old Child Blown Off a Fire Escape.

Lands On Pile of Brick In the Alleyway Below.

Deep Cut at Base of Skull Only Apparent Injury.

A three-year old child fell from the fourth floor of the Lowell block this afternoon. He struck on his head on a pile of brick and beyond a deep cut at the base of the skull, did not appear to be seriously hurt.

The boy is Edward Copeland, son of Mr. and Mrs. L. H. Copeland, who have apartments at 406 Lowell block.

About 2:30 this afternoon he and five or six other children were playing in the hallway on the fourth floor. They got back near the fire escape and one of the children opened the window.

The little Copeland boy got out on the escape and the strong northeast wind blew him off. He fell headlong to the alleyway beneath and struck right on top of a pile of brick, which was being used in the construction of the new laundry building just back of the Lowell block.

Several of the bricklayers on this building saw the child fall and left their work, expecting to pick up a mangled body.

Instead of a little lifeless child they found the boy crying lustily and bleeding from a deep cut on the back of the head. Two of the workmen carried him back into the building, and Dr. W. H. Salter was summoned.

He made a thorough examination of the child, but could not find a fractured bone. The cut in the head, while very deep, is not considered serious unless it should produce a hemorrhage of the brain.

There were no symptoms of hemorrhage at a late hour this afternoon and the child was sleeping peacefully in his mother's arms.

COMMERCIAL CLUB

Committee Is Named to Plan Club Rooms.

President Patrick, of the Commercial club of Duluth, has appointed as a committee on plans for the new club rooms the organization in the Frerker building Alexander Marshall, C. E. Bassett and F. W. Parsons. This committee will have full charge of the planning of the space leased by the club. It is thought that until the Frerker building is ready for occupancy, temporary quarters will be acquired on the top floor of the Torrey building. There is a large room available there that may be used for general club meetings, and two smaller rooms adapted to secretary's use.

Secretary Preston has advised the directors of the club that he will be on hand ready to take up his duties by May 15, and as much sooner as he can leave his present work at Minneapolis.

CARLOAD OF BERRIES.

First Large Load of the Season Arrives.

The first carload of strawberries of the season arrived in the market today. The berries came from Mississippi. Heretofore this year all the berries that have come here have been shipped in by express or way freight. The berries were consigned to the Knudsen-Ferguson company.

The Knudsen-Ferguson company today moved into its new quarters on West Michigan street, near Third avenue west. The building, which has just been completed, has fifty feet frontage and is three stories high on Superior street.

The Armour Packing company will move into its new cold storage plant at West Michigan street and First avenue shortly before the 15th of the month.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. King have moved to their summer cottage on Park Point.

W. F. Cheveaux left this afternoon for Milwaukee and Chicago on a business trip.

Deputy United States Marshal G. J. Mallory will return this evening from Deerwood, Minn., where he went yesterday to make an arrest on a complaint charging trespass on government timber land.

Capt. Lausing R. Beach, of Detroit, who is in charge of the locating of buoys in the harbors of the great lakes, is in the city and is making arrangements to have the buoys in the local harbor placed as soon as possible.

Mrs. E. P. Alexander has gone East. She will spend some time in the New England mountains, and then go to Savannah, Ga., for a long visit.

Mrs. E. E. Abbe, who has been the winter at Tarpon Springs, Fla., arrived here this morning on her way home to Tower.

A. P. White and T. J. Andrews, Bemidji business men, are among today's arrivals at the St. Louis.

A. J. Steele will go East over the Omaha this afternoon.

W. F. Mosher will leave on the South Shore this evening for Marquette.

Louis and Max Miller, of Calumet, are at the St. Louis.

James Corrigan will return to Cleveland this afternoon via the Omaha.

J. K. Persons is back from a trip East. Senator Hawkins will go East today on the fast mail.

G. K. Whitman, a Tower banker, arrived at the Spalding last evening.

A. G. Jones, of Sault Ste. Marie, who has been visiting George Tvedt, will return home on this evening's South Shore.

H. W. Coffin has returned from an Eastern trip.

F. E. Searle and Mrs. Searle arrived home this morning from an Eastern trip, which included New York and Washington. Mr. Searle saw Congressman Morris in Washington. He says Judge Morris doesn't expect that congress will adjourn and permit of his return to Duluth much before July 1.

W. M. Wright, of Wayne, Neb., who owns the Wright block on East Superior street, is in the city, a guest at the McKay.

George Goodwillie will be a passenger for the East on this afternoon's Fast Mail.

E. L. Fisher has returned from a fishing trip in the Split Rock district. He found the water too cold for trout to bite.

General Superintendent Kimberley, of the Northern Pacific, and General Freight Agent Still are in the city today.

T. J. Burke, a merchant of Solway, one of the growing young towns along the Eastern Minnesota, is at the St. Louis.

Capt. Thomas Walters will go to Ishpeming on the South Shore this evening.

IS IT AN EPIDEMIC?

Vital Statistics Show an Alarming Increase in an Already Prevailing Disease—Are Any Exempt?

At no time in the history of disease has there been such an alarming increase in the number of cases of any particular malady as in that of kidney and bladder troubles now preying upon the people of this country.

Today we see a relative, a friend or an acquaintance apparently well, and in a few days we may be grieved to learn of their serious illness or sudden death, caused by that fatal type of kidney trouble—Bright's disease.

Kidney trouble often becomes advanced into acute stages before the afflicted is aware of its presence; that is why we read of so many sudden deaths of prominent business and professional men, physicians and others. They have neglected to stop the leak in time.

While scientists are puzzling their brains to find out the cause, each individual can, by a little precaution, avoid the chances of contracting dreaded and dangerous kidney trouble, or eradicate it completely from their system if already afflicted. Many precious lives might have been, and many more can yet be saved, by paying attention to the kidneys.

It is the mission of The Herald to benefit its readers at every opportunity, and therefore we advise all who have any symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble to write today to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a free sample bottle of Swamp-Root, the celebrated specific which is having such a great demand and remarkable success in the cure of the most distressing kidney and bladder troubles. With the sample bottle of Swamp-Root will also be sent free a pamphlet and treatise of valuable information.

ESTABLISHED.

Bridgeman & Russell Are In Their New Quarters.

Yesterday Bridgeman & Russell moved into their handsome new establishment at 16 West First street. With the new surroundings, their products have a very dainty and appetizing appearance, and the visitor is at once struck with the bright and cleanly condition of everything. The firm will continue to make a specialty of their well known Primus butter, eggs, cheese, cream and milk, and will have constantly on hand a supply of whipping cream, something that will be much appreciated by the particular housewife. A branch of the business will continue at the old stand, 15 East Superior street, to accommodate the transient trade.

Store For Rent.

12 W. Superior St., next to Freimuth's, with Michigan St. store and basement. Heat furnished.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

OSTEOPATHY

Removes Cause of Disease ---Nature Does the Rest.

The simplest principle in Osteopathy is that disease has always a cause. Some interference with the normal state of the body causes an acute attack of some kind. Every disturbance means an impairment of nerve force or nerve action. The sooner this disturbance is corrected and the normal nerve force restored, the quicker nature can restore the impaired organs. The osteopath can and does correct such disturbances. Call at the branch Minneapolis institute of osteopathy, 512-13-14 Torrey building for free consultation.

Something New

in picture mouldings. Large assortment to select from. Our prices are always the lowest. Decker's, 16 Second avenue west.

COMPANIES FILE CLAIMS.

Springfield, Ill., May 1.— Fifty insurance companies doing business in Illinois, today filed claims against the state to recover premiums collected under the 2 per cent insurance law, which was recently declared unconstitutional by the supreme court of Illinois. The total amount of claims is $270,978.95.

CONDITION OF CUMMINGS.

Baltimore, May 1.—Dr. Young this morning issued the following statement in regard to the condition of Congressman Amos J. Cummings: "His temperature is 99, his pulse 84 and respiration 28. The difficulty he had in swallowing is much relieved and he is distinctly better this morning."

QUEEN IS ALL RIGHT.

The Hague, May 1.—The bulletin posted this morning at Castle Loo referring to the health of Queen Wilhelmina, announced that her majesty's condition was satisfactory.

Grand Excursion

Two Harbors and the Apostle Islands

SUNDAY, MAY 4th, 1902.

The Palatial Steamship IROQUOIS

Will leave Singer's dock, Lake avenue south and Morse street, at 10 a. m. for Two Harbors, thence to the Apostle Islands, returning arriving at Duluth at 5 p. m.

Steamer MABEL BRADSHAW

Will leave Singer's dock, lake avenue south and Morse street, at 2 p. m., for Two Harbors, returning leaves Two Harbors at 5 p. m.

Fare—Duluth to Two Harbors and return, 50 cents. Duluth to Apostle Islands and return, $1.00.

White Line Transportation Co.,

W. H. SINGER, General Manager.

TO MEET THE MEN

Lumber Vessel Owners Have Session At the Spalding.

Decide to Ask 'Longshoremen to Hold Conference With Them.

President O'Neill Says Sharp Things to President O'Keefe.

A conference of the executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association and representatives of all of the head of the lakes mills was held in the sun parlor of the Spalding this afternoon, and a committee of three was appointed to see if arrangements can be made for a meeting between representatives of the association and the 'longshoremen's union looking toward an amicable settlement of the present difficulties. The executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association outlined their side of the controversy and then withdrew, leaving the mill owners and their representatives to take such as they might deem best.

The members of the committee are E. H. Edy, Z. D. Scott and C. J. Lesure.

The vesselmen claim that during the winter and spring the Lumber Carriers' association was unable to get a conference with the 'longshoremen's union and that the latter agreed to a meeting but never held it.

Edward Hines, J. A. Calbic, J. W. Embree, of Chicago, and O. W. Blodgett, of Bay City, Mich., are members of the executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association, and they arrived this morning from Chicago. President J. C. Gilchrist was also expected, but he missed the train in Chicago and will not reach the city until this evening.

When asked this noon if there were any new developments in connection with the strike, Mr. Hines replied there were none and that there would be nothing made public until after the conference.

Arriving on the morning train with the representatives of the Lumber Carriers' association were a number of vesselmen, among them being C. F. Thompson, of Chicago; C. W. Kotcher, of Detroit; C. T. Preston, of Detroit.

Some of the visitors have been making inquiries regarding the wages paid lumber pilers at the head of the lakes and expressed surprise to learn that $2.25 is the wage scale. They said $2 is the highest wage paid for piling at other ports.

RATHER BREEZY MEETING.

President O'Neill Says Things to President O'Keefe.

President Daniel J. Keefe of the International 'Longshoremen's association arrived in Duluth this morning.

He says he is just around on an annual tour of inspection and not especially to take a hand in the Duluth-Superior 'longshoremen strike.

However, his presence here at this time is considered very significant. Mr. Keefe is stopping at the St. Louis hotel and many of Duluth's leading labor men called on him during the day. When he and President O'Neill of the local 'Longshoremen's union met this morning there was a breezy session, in which the Duluth man practically told the international president that if he had consented to a certain conference of the Lake Superior 'longshoremen last winter the present difficulty could have been peacefully settled before the opening of navigation, and without a strike.

It is also said that the local union backs Mr. O'Neill in his stand, and says that the conference which was held at Sault Ste. Marie last week should have been held during the winter, so that the matter could have been adjusted before the opening of navigation.

It was reported today that the steamer Hurd, bound for the Jones mill, would offer 60 cents an hour to the 'longshoremen. The report, however, seems a little previous, and was not confirmed at a late hour today.

A BUSY PEN.

George W. Laux Forges Several Checks and Then Disappears.

The police are looking for George W. Laux.

Within the past twelve hours the young man has forged Postmaster Fisher's name to three checks which were cashed by local business men.

Mr. Laux was a substitute letter carrier, but was recently laid off by Mr. Fisher for drunkenness. Last night he turned his key in at the postoffice, saying that he was going to commit suicide.

Instead of committing suicide, however, he committed several forgeries. At Hanbun's grocery store, where he had a bill of $10 outstanding, he settled his account by presenting a forged check and received $33 in good money in return.

He also cashed a worthless $27 check with John Kerns, a well known saloon man, and wound up by catching A. L. Juhl, an East Fourth street confectioner, for $7.

Despite the efforts of the police and friends, Laux could not be located up to a late hour this afternoon, and his friends fear that he has carried out his threat of last night and taken his own life.

WOULD DISMISS

Three Cases Growing Out of Money Assault.

Washington, May 1.—An unexpected movement to nolle prosse the three cases of alleged assault growing out of the altercation on the street car last week, in which Senator Money, of Mississippi; Conductor Orpha H. Shaner and Truck Foreman James E. Hooper of the District fire department, figured, resulted today in postponing the cases in the police court until Tuesday. The attorneys for Shaner and Hooper protested against this action. The court stated that the only point was the power of the district attorney to nolle prosse, which he was inclined to sustain but he finally agreed to postpone announcing his decision until Tuesday.

TWO MORE STRIKES

Moulders and Tinners Out For More Pay and Fewor Hours.

Tinners and Employers Are Not Far From Agreement.

Cooks and Waiters Get the Concessions Asked For.

Two more strikes augmented Duluth's labor troubles today.

The molders all went out this morning. They are seeking a nine-hour working day instead of ten hours and ask a new wage of $3 a day.

The employers offer them a minimum wage scale of $2.75 for a fifty-six-hour week, and desire to put assistants in the shops with the molders.

These assistants are known among the union molders as "buck" men and they are generally opposed as the regulation of the union is for one apprentice or each shop with one additional for every eight molders.

About thirty-four men are out in this strike and it is tieing up work pretty generally in the leading foundries. At noon today there seemed to be but little chance for the union and employers to get together within the next twenty-four hours.

• • •

The sheet metal workers, better known as the tinners, are out on a strike and have established headquarters at 18 West Superior street. The tinners desire their wage scale advanced rom $2.75 to $3 a day and their hours reduced from nine to eight. The employers have made an offer for the next four months of $3 for nine hours or $2.80 for eight hours. The tinners say that they will work in the shop for nine hours a day for $3.15.

It will be seen from this that both sides are close and settlement may be looked for at an early date.

Some of the employers, however, say that they cannot compete with West Superior tinning shops, for the reason that there is no union across the bay.

One of the local shops saw trouble coming on May 1, and sent away for tinners. Three arrived this morning from Canton, Ohio, not knowing that there was a strike. They were union men, and as soon as they became acquainted with the situation went to the headquarters of the union and presented their cards.

• • •

There was a great deal of talk about the cooks and waiters all going out on a strike at noon today, but at 11 o'clock last night every restaurant in the city, with two exceptions, had signed the new scale. Today the other two signed, and there was not the slightest sign of trouble.

The wages of the waiters have been advanced from $8 to $9 a week, and the cooks' pay is raised from $16 to $17 a week under the new scale.

• • •

The new scale of the carpenters went in effect today and every carpenter is busy. The minimum wage is increased from 31½ cents an hour to 37½ cents.

• • •

The plumbers' new scale also went into effect today. It is for 50 cents an hour, the same as last year. The boss plumbers have agreed that members of any plumbing firm shall work with non-transferable cards issued by the journeymen's union. All the plumbers are working.

• • •

William E. McEwen, secretary of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor today issued a call for the state convention which will be held at Rochester, Minn., June 9 and 10.

Every union will be entitled to send one delegate for every twenty-five members, but no union will be allowed more than five delegates.

• • •

The employes of the grass twine factory, at Superior, struck today for an advance to $1.75. There are 160 of the men on strike. The manager asked them to go to work until he could wire to St. Paul to the head of the concern, and inquire whether the advance should be granted or not, and they refused to comply.

GIFT BY HAVEMEYER.

New York, May 1.—Henry C. Havemeyer has just given 250 volumes to the library of the $250,000 public school at Greenwich, Conn., erected by himself and his wife as a memorial.

All the Notable Real Estate Dealers Advertise In the Saturday Herald

A SWEET SUBJECT

President of Sugar Trust Talks Before Senate Committee.

His Company Has No Control Over Cuban Sugar.

Says Reduction In Tariff Would Not Benefit Trust.

Washington, May 1.—The inquiry into the present holding of Cuban sugar and Cuban sugar lands, ordered by the senate, was begun today by the subcommittee on Cuban relations. President Henry O. Havemeyer of the American Sugar Refining company, was the first witness, and all af the members of the sub-committee, Messrs. Platt (Conn.), Burnham and Teller were in attendance. Senator Patterson also was present. Others present with Mr. Havemeyer were: Arthur Donner, treasurer of the company, and Henry C. Mott, its raw sugar buyer. All of them were sworn. Replying to questions by Senator Platt, Mr. Havemeyer said his company was generally known as the sugar trust, and that its refineries are located as follows:

In New Jersey, one; New York, three; Massachusetts, two; Philadelphia, two, and one in New Orleans.

"Will you," Senator Platt asked, "tell the committee how much Cuban sugar, if any, has been purchased and is now held by your company?"

"Since early in February last we have purchased 50,000 tons, or 256,000 bags, or about ten days' supply," replied the witness.

"Of that quantity 26,000 tons is now in process of shipment from Cuba."

The prices paid had, he said, ranged from $1.755 to $1.93, the highest price being paid on March 13 and the lowest on April 22.

"Where do you buy your raw sugar?"

"All over the world, in Cuba, Java, Hamburg, Trieste, the British West Indies, South America, wherever sugar is grown."

"Does the 50,000 tons you mention represent your entire purchase since the first of January?"

"No, we have bought all told 93,000 tons of Cuban sugar during the present year, or about three-fourths of a month's supply, our consumption being about 35,000 tons per week."

"Do you control any sugar in Cuba other than that purchased?"

"None whatever in any manner."

"Have you taken any options on Cuban sugars?"

"I have not."

"Have you made any advance on any Cuban sugar?"

"None whatever."

"So that you wish to be understood as saying that the amount you have mentioned as having purchased represents your entire interest, direct and indirect, in Cuban sugars?"

"That is the statement I made."

Continuing, Mr. Havemeyer said the entire Cuban sugar crop is about 750,000 tons, but that much of it has been withheld from the market in view of possible tariff concessions to be made by congress. On this account his purchases had only been about one-third of the average of other years. On this account, too, the purchases had been made principally at outports where the storage facilities were poor, rather than at Havana. The purchases from the outports had caused most of the shipments to be made from those ports rather than from Havana, where the company has about 45,000 tons now stored. The purchases at the outports has caused the sales there to be made on a parity with the beet sugar prices.

Speaking of the capacity of the company, he said that it refined 65 per cent of the American refined product.

He added that the percentage of his company's product compared to the entire sugar consumption of the United States was about 50 per cent. Last year his company produced 1,200,000 tons of the refined sugar, while the consumption was 2,400,000 tons.

Returning to the purchases of Cuban sugar for the present year, Mr. Havemeyer gave figures of purchases for other years to show the relative volume of the current acquisitions, saying that in 1892, 224,000 tons had been bought; in 1893, 246,000 tons; in 1894, 321,000 tons.

In reply to other questions he said that the price of raw sugar in the United States is fixed by the best market prices in Hamburg. The price there fixes the selling price for the entire world, said Mr. Havemeyer. On the subject of the Cuban sugars, he said that his company could not determine their price.

"We have," he said, "no control over them whatever; they don't belong to us."

"Cuba has to sell her sugar in this market, hasn't she?"

"No. That is not true. She can sell in England, for instance, if she is desirous to do. England could take the entire Cuban crop."

Mr. Platt then asked: "Suppose the United States should make a concession of say 20 to 25 per cent in the tariff rates on Cuban sugar, could not you refuse to buy the Cuban product except at your own rates and thus secure the benefit of the concessions?"

"In no way," was the reply. "Cuba would be under no obligations to sell to us, because, as I have said, the Cuban products could find other markets."

"All the duty has been taken off of Porto Rican sugar; do you get that sugar any cheaper on that account?"

"No."

COURT-MARTIAL ORDERED.

Washington, May 1.—Following the precedent set in the case of Gen. Smith, the president has himself, through Secretary Root ordered the trial by court-martial of Maj. Edwin F. Glenn, of the Fifth infantry, one of the officers referred to as a participant in the administration of the water cure in the testimony developed before the senate Philippine committee recently.

BUNCH OF POSTMASTERS.

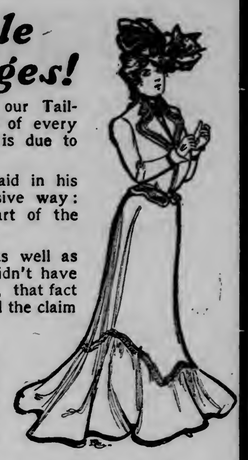
Washington, May 1.—The president sent the following nominations to the senate today:

Thomas Nast, New Jersey, consul general at Guayaquil, Ecuador.

Postmasters: Minnesota—Robert D. Kreis, Monticello. Wisconsin—Thomas S. Chittenden, Ripon. South Dakota—John D. Cotton, Parker. Michigan—John D. Smead, Blissfield; Henry C. Minnie, Eaton Rapids.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

The People the Judges!



The high esteem in which our Tailored Suits, Jackets and Wraps of every sort are held by our patrons is due to their superior merit!

As the immortal Lincoln said in his inimitable homely and expressive way: "You can fool all the people part of the time, etc.. etc., etc." !

If our women's clothes (as well as every other line we carry) didn't have the merit we claim for them, that fact would have been found out and the claim exploded long ago!

Look at our business! See our workrooms crowded with garments being fitted—and all the seamstresses we can get hold of—working all day and late into the night!

Do you want to know the reason why? Ask any women who buy here—or, better still come yourself—

Then you'll understand why our business keeps on growing and growing.

Many women prefer doing their shopping on Friday—avoiding the usual Saturday throngs!

Not a bad idea, either!

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater—delightful crowds nightly.

The Duluth Saw Works have removed from 1520 West Michigan street to 1631 West Superior street.

Rummage Sale, 14 West First street.

G. Fred Stevens has sued the Pigeon River Improvement, Slide and Boom company for $987.21 alleged to be due for services in surveying logs. H. G. Gearhart is the attorney.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

John Allen has begun a suit for divorce against Stella L. Allen on the ground of adultery, the complaint having been filed this morning in the office of the clerk of the district court. They were married in St. Joseph's Island, Ont., March 28, 1887. She is 32 and he is 42 years of age, and he alleges that she committed eadultery with one Sherman Bhone. Alexander Marshall is his attorney.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Israel Larson, late a subject of the king of Norway and Sweden.

The lease of the lot adjoining the Spalding hotel, from Frank A. Schulte, of Detroit, to Frerker Bros. & Co., was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds. It runs for ninety-nine years.

Little Jake, the popular saloonkeeper has reopened at 527 West Michigan street.

Parlor theater—great program tonight.

Judge J. B. Middlecoff has moved his law offices from the Providence building into suite 300 Providence building.

The marriage of Miss Mary Adeline Hollenbeck, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Hollenbeck, and Joseph Theodore Nelson, a well known young business man of West Duluth, was celebrated last evening at St. Paul's Episcopal church. Dr. A. W. Ryan officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson will be at home at West Duluth after May 15.

The Order of the Eastern Star will have a special meeting tomorrow evening, at which time a class of fourteen will be initiated.

NEW ROOMS.

Northern Pacific Division Here to Have Larger Offices.

The entire second story of the Union depot building is being remodeled and fitted up for the accommodation of the Lake Superior division headquarters of the Northern Pacific road. Chairman James Kelly of the Lake Superior Car Service association will move into the rooms formerly occupied as part of the division headquarters at the western end of the first floor.

The object of this move is not only to give additional and needed space, but to bring all branches of the division service together. At present Superintendent Vandersluce's clerical force and the train dispatcher's force are stationed in the western end of the depot, and the trainmaster in a remote part of the building. All these branches will be brought in close and convenient communion as soon as the offices are moved.

There have been rumors of the removal o fthe chief dispatcher of the Third district of the division, or that formerly known as the St. Paul & Duluth, from St. Paul, but this is said to be a matter of the future.

F. E. Potter has been appointed chief train dispatcher of the First and Second districts of the division, covering that part of the line from Ashland to Staples, vice N. S. Mitchell, assigned to other duties.

O. C. Green, superintendent of telegraph of the Northern Pacific, is in the city today.

NEW LEASE.

Pickands, Mather & Co. Acquire Lease of Another Iron Mine.

Pickands, Mather & Co. have bought another Mesaba range mining lease. The property is the Jones-Coates-Bates mine, and the price paid for the lease is $160,000.

An option on the purchase of the lease was taken by Pickands, Mather & Co. last January and it is understood that they availed themselves of the option yesterday and paid over the consideration in cash.

The property consists of the ne¼ of nw¼ and the nw¼ of the ne¼ of section 11, 57-21, and also twenty acres in the s½ of the se¼ of section 2, in the same town. The former property is situated just south of the great Mahoning mine, while the twenty acres lie just to the west of the same property. The main line of the Eastern Minnesota railways cuts across the westerly forty, so that it will be an easy matter to make rail connections for early shipping.

The total deposit on the property is said to be shown up to the 4,000,000-ton point, all of good grade, as Mesaba ores uns. It is said that the surface is so thin on one of the forties at least that open pit mining is sure to be installed there. What method will be adopted as to the other properties is not known as yet.

The former owners of the lease, and the men who divide the $160,000 among them, are J. T. Jones, of Iron Mountain; A. B. Coates, T. J. Jones, Will Cole and Dr. Stuart Bates, of Virginia, and John G. Williams and Richard Schell, of Duluth. The fee is owned by the Western Mesaba Land company, which is controlled by James J. Hill, and was organized to take over the iron lands o fthe Wright & Davis company, when they were bought over the iron lands of the Wright & years ago.

The property is said to be held on a very favorable lease. It is on a sliding scale, with a royalty of 20 cents per ton on a minimum output of 50,000 tons a year. The royalty decreases as the product rises above the minimum.

Another deal that has been closed lately is the purchase of the lease of the Agnew property in the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 11, and the nw¼ of the nw¼ of section 12-57-21, which is situated near the Penobscot mine. The option on this property was given about the same time as that on the one named above. The lease was held by Cole & McDonald and W. C. Agnew, who transfer the same to the Deering Harvester people. The fee is owned by M. H. Alworth and others, of this city.

CHATEAU BURNED.

Revolting Peasants Ruin Estate of Duke Alexander.

St. Petersbur, Tuesday, May 29.—Duke Alexander of Oldenburg's celebrated chateau of Romone in the government of Voronej, southern Russia, has been burned by revolting peasants who practically ruined the estate. The duke is the father-in-law of the czar's sister Olga, who married his son, Duke Peter, last year.

Copenhagen, Denmark, May 1.—A dispatch to the Politiken, of this city, from Russia (field on the German frontier) announces that the labor population of the whole district between Moscow and Vladimir, Central Russia, is in revolt. There have been numerous encounters between the workingmen and the troops and many persons have been killed or wounded. A Uhlan regiment, commanded by Col. Morroseff, refused to act against the workmen.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, May 1.—The house today resumed consideration of the District of Columbia appropriation bill.

In the senate, the Philippines bill was taken up. A bill appropriating $500 for a lighthouse keepers' dwelling at Ecorse range light station, Detroit river, Michigan, was passed. A resolution offered yesterday by Mr. Culberson (Tex.) calling for information as to recent orders issued in the Philippines, was adopted.

POISONED HER CHILDREN.

Denver, May 1.—Mrs. John L. Kingsbury, wife of the foreman of a local laundry, poisoned her two children, aged 8 and 12 years respectively, and herself this afternoon. All are dead. Despandency is given as the cause.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John Loukka and Helma Tourl.

E. Mathews and L. A. Wiley.

August Nelson and Emma Carlson.

Joseph T. Nelson and Mary Hollemback.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NOT STICKY, GREASY, GUMMY OR disagreeable, but perfuming, exquisitely dainty, describes Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

On Saturday Evening, May 3,

The Unity Dramatic Club..... In Laughable two-act Farce Comedy "A FOOL FOR LUCK"

At the First Unitarian Church, corner of 8th Ave. E. and First St. Musical program directed by Mrs. Emil Schmied. Admission 50 cents.

FLOOR FINISHES

ONLY THE BEST.

Do you varnish your floors, or do you wax your floors?

In either case we meet your wants—

Pratt & Lambert's "No. 61"
Chicago Varnish Co.'s "Supremis"
Johnson's Floor Wax

THOMSON & DUNLOP,

Telephones 657. 31 W. Michigan St.

MALADIES THAT WRECK MANHOOD

Our Modern, Advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

We want every man afflicted with NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON, STRICTURE, VARICOCELE OR ALLIED TROUBLES to come to our office, where we will explain to him our ELECTRO-MEDICAL METHOD (ELECTRICITY AND MEDICINE COMBINED) of curing these diseases. We invite in particular all men who have become dissatisfied with treatment elsewhere. We will explain to you why you have not been cured, and will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction why we can cure you safely, quickly and permanently. Our counsel will cost you nothing, and our charges for a perfect cure will be reasonable and not more than you will be willing to pay for the benefits conferred. We will do by you as we would want you to do by us if our cases were reversed. Certainty of cure is what you want. We can and will cite you, by permission, to numberless cases that we have cured "TO STAY CURED," which had been abandoned by family physicians and so-called EXPERTS. We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical treatment—

Longest Established, Most Successful and Reliable Specialists in Diseases of Men, as Medical Diplomas, Licenses and Newspaper records show.

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, SYPHILITIC BLOOD POISON, NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY, RUPTURE, KIDNEY AND URINARY DISEASES,

And all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. We charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promise. It is worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes of men.

If you cannot call at our office write your symptoms fully.

REFERENCES—Best Banks and Leading Business Men of This City
Consultation Free and Confidential.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 West Superior St., Cor. Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

OREGON COW GIRLS

Western Ranchman Who Is Well Supplied With Helpers.

Is a Former Kentuckian Who Fought With Quantrell.

Owns Large Range and Hundreds of Horses and Cattle.

Portland, Ore., May 1.—For forty years a roving hunter, with his home among the Indians and wild beasts, part of the time an outcast from society, and yet in his later days a wealthy citizen of Umatilla county, William Walker is one of the personages of the Northwest. Walker is a Kentuckian, a horseman from the bluegrass district, a lover of the romantic. He has made his home in the mountains, hunting, trapping, scouting and latterly raising stock, with but few wants common to humanity. At the present time he resides on a valuable stock farm on the north fork of the John Day river, fifteen miles from the nearest neighbor and a day's drive from his nearest village.

Walker is 58 years of age. Near the close of the civil war he joined the Confederate forces then ravaging the border, and fought with Quantrell for many months, finally being banished from the state. Walker was with Quantrell as a friend and trusted scout, and his personal acquaintance with the famous leader of guerrillas was perhaps as intimate as any man who lived during those stirring times.

At the close of the war, after the sacking of Lawrence, Kan., Walker drifted west, crossing the plains on horseback. He dreaded the appearance of white men as he would have dreaded a fierce wild beast. A hazardous journey was completed successfully, and Walker found himself securely hidden in the Rocky mountains. In Southern Idaho he secreted himself for three years, spending most of his time as a scout for Governor Lyons, passing under assumed names and successful disguises.

With no money, and but a saddle horse which had been ridden from Missouri, Walker struck out to make his fortune, and at the same time seclude himself from all other members of his race. His food was largely obtained with his trap or gun, and his first "raise" come from the results of a season's successful trapping in the Rocky mountains. For three years his headquarters was near Boise City, and then a move was necessary.

Intending to discontinue his trapping and hunting, Walker removed to Morrow, Ore., and began to raise stock in a small way. Plenty of range lay at the very door of his cabin, and he made a success of the venture. Civilization began to encroach upon his domain, and Walker removed to the mountains in Umatilla county, where he located a spot at the bottom of a canyon, and there, away from every one, he honed to spend the remainder of his days. It will be almost impossible for him to have neighbors nearer than fifteen miles.

Walker took an active part in the Indian war near Heppner a quarter of a century ago, and here he found his wife, Maggie Barker was a young half-breed Pitt river Indian. In a struggle which routed her friends Maggie was left by the Indians, in a hopeless condition, expecting to be killed at any moment, she was found by Walker. The damsel was placed on Walkers' saddle horse and taken from harm's way. As a reward she married Walker, and eight daughters have been born. Maggie's father was killed in a saloon brawl at Heppner by Bill Jones, a noted character of those days.

Walker captured one of the most dreaded desperadoes ever known in the Oregon country. An emigrant train had been held up and one of the party killed in an encounter. Walker and a man of the name of Thompson started in pursuit of the robbers. One of the party was found by Walker, while alone, was captured and taken to Pendleton, where he was tried, convicted and hanged. This was the first legal execution held in Umatilla county. For bravery in this case Thompson and Walker were paid $60.

Walker stands over 6 feet in height, and normally weighed over 200 pounds, a wonderful man physically. Until recent years he stood as straight as a soldier, but rheumatism has fastened upon him and a slight stoop has resulted. His education was neglected in Kentucky and he neither reads nor writes.

A unique household is the Walker family. Eight daughters, ranging from 2 to 18 years of age, make a little colony, who have never associated with any other people, and know nothing of the world outside the little farm so securely hid from civilization. Until two years ago none of the children had been a town, and then but the two eldest were taken to Pendleton. None of them has ever seen a school, church or any of the auxiliaries of modern civilization.

The family consists of Marchelette, Susie, Flora, Julia, Fannie, Lillie, Kate May and Emma. Marchelette and Susie care for from 50 to 70 head of horses, a band of sheep and some cattle, with the assistance of the father, whose health does not permit of his usually hard toil. The girls do all the ranch work, break and train all the horses, do the branding and make the round-ups. The younger children help about the house and do the lighter work.

While riding the range the girls wear broad - brimmed sombreros, overalls, "chaps," high-top boots, spurs and guns. They ride magnificent horses, well trained. Their features are bronzed by exposure until it would be difficult to distinguish between them and the real Indian. The girls ride astride, with heavy saddles. Perhaps the Northwest has never developed better horsemanship than can be found in these girls, who have never heard of a cowboy doing more than they do themselves with horse or rifle.

The English Navy.

Although the naval strength of England is equal to that of any three continental powers, it is stated they are planning several more powerful warships. They are determined to have the best and most efficient navy in the world. In the selection of a family medicine we see this same spirit being put forth more and more every day, because the people are determined to have the best remedy that can be obtained. It is impossible to purchase a better or more reliable medicine than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Every member of the family can take it safely, with the assurance that it will positively do them good. It will restore vigor to the system and cure indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and malaria.

CLAWS OF EAGLE

Just Reaching His Brother When He Shot.

Bourbon, Ind., May 1.—Howard Staley, a boy of 14, is the hero of the hour here. He was cleaning a shotgun in the rear of his country home and watching a little baby brother playing in a sand pile a short distance away, when a huge bird was noticed to be soaring round and round above him.

Thinking it a hawk, he loaded the gun to get a shot at it. This action was none too soon, for the bird made a swoop for the baby, and just as its claws were within a few inches of the child, Howard emptied both barrels at the eagle. The bird, seriously wounded, showed fight, but the boy shot again, killing it.

It was found to be a gray eagle weighing twelve pounds and measuring 7 feet 2 inches from tip to tip. This is the first of its kind ever seen here.

HEALTH RESORT BURNED.

Berne, Switzerland, May 1.—The Gurnigel-Bad, a famous health resort near Thun, was destroyed by fire last night. The church alone escaped. There were no fatalities. The season had not begun and the establishments were unoccupied.

OCCURS MAY 15.

Pretoria, May 1.—The general meeting of Boer leaders, at which a final decision on the subject of the peace negotiations is expected, will take place at Vereniging, Transvaal, May 15, not May 25, as announced yesterday from here.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE RATE SITUATION

Roads Having Lively Time Over Rate to New York.

Attitude of the Soo Line Rather Puzzles the Others.

It Came In But the South Shore Does Not.

Did "Ol' Man Callaway" stack up a bluff on the Duluth-Chicago and St. Paul-Chicago roads or what was the origin of the latter's great expectation concerning the restoration of Duluth-New York and St. Paul-New York passenger rates to the basis they occupied six or eight years ago?

"Ol' Man Callaway," as he is admiringly, affectionately, reverently, or scathingly, angrily and irreverently called by the other general passenger department men, according to the odor the Soo's general passenger agent happens to be in with the other roads, seems to have raised the other general passenger agents up to the pinnacle of happiness and hope by announcing his readiness to join in the restoration of the old tariff, which was $4.50 higher than it is now.

The Duluth-Chicago and St. Paul-Chicago lines have been trying ever since the Soo and South Shore put the tariff of the differential lines on a lower basis to get it back. Once upon a time, Duluth travelers used to pay $3 differential over the Twin Cities in traveling to New York. The Western lines got so optimistic that they could see this $3 differential coming back in effect. The results of the past few days seem to indicate that most of the general passenger agents have been "dining with the king of Spain."

Last week The Evening Herald noted that the Western lines were trying to restore Duluth-New York and St. Paul-New York passenger tariffs, both standard and differential. The apparent willingness of General Passenger Agent Callaway of the Soo to join in the movement was noted. All seemed plain sailing until, quite as a matter of formality, some of the interested passenger departments are said to have sounded General Passenger Agent Hibbard, of the South Shore. Inasmuch as the Soo and the South Shore belong to the same family and depend on the C., St. P., M. & O. for connections into New York, it was supposed that the tractability of Mr. Callaway must have been inspired at Montreal. Besides, why shouldn't Mr. Hibbard, who is seemingly a gentle-natured man, come in line in that polished way of his.

However Mr. Hibbard may have been sounded, the results seem to have been unsatisfactory. It is understood that the Western lines learned simply that the South Shore had no thought of inaugurating anything but fast season's summer rates. This action, it is reported, the South Shore considered necessary because of water route competition. These rates were $24, first class; and $22, second class, to New York; $25 and $23 to Boston, and $22.50 and $21 to Montreal.

The rumor has become current that the Canada and Milwaukee roads learned with astonishment of Mr. Hibbard's intention. Finally, it is said, the Western Passenger association was enlisted. It was rumored that a meeting of the lines interested would be held in Duluth the first of the week, but it was held in St. Paul instead.

This meeting was ostensibly for the purpose of checking up rates, and only clerks were supposed to be at all interested. But the New York tariff was the piece de resistance of the mental banquet. And it is said that the general passenger agents themselves got in as far as the entrees at least.

Somebody seems to have taunted Mr. Callaway, of the Soo, that this gentleman is said to have straightened up his spare figure and with some dramatic gore fire to have declared that he would put the rate as low as the lowest. Then Mr. Teasdale, of the Omaha, and Mr. Whitney, of the Great Northern, are said to have edged away from that hasty bravado that they could be subordinate suitors and to have spoken about a few things they had up their sleeves.

Boiled down, when the meeting of rate clerks adjourned, it was not with consciousness of duty well done, according to the varying lights of the several roads, but of the knowledge that a worse job might be doing in the New York rate situation very shortly unless the general passenger agents figuratively got some better sleep and came together. Consequently, an effort will be made to patch up the trouble at a meeting to be held in Chicago tomorrow afternoon with Chairman McLeod, of the Western Passenger association.

There are veiled threats that the Omaha will retaliate on the South Shore by cutting the rate to New York over its Duluth-Chicago line, but not via St. Paul as noted in a dispatch published this morning. It is also insinuated that the St. Paul-Chicago lines will be joined by the Northern lines via St. Paul in making merry warfare on the South Shore and incidentally on the Soo.

Seriously speaking, traffic men do not believe the passenger men are going to engage in cut-throat competition in such piping times of prosperity as these, when people are willing to pay a fair price for traveling. There may be a very proper reason why, it was supposed that the tractability of Mr. Callaway must have been inspired at Montreal. Besides, why shouldn't Mr. Hibbard, who is seemingly a gentle-natured man, come in line in that polished way of his.

"Still," said a traffic man this morning, "you can't always tell just what will happen."

Resumes Summer Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, April 27th, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, will resume their summer schedule. Train No. 8, the Boston and New York Limited, for all points East, will leave Duluth daily, 6:45 p. m., and will arrive at Duluth from the East 8:30 a. m.

Train No. 6, the Marquette and Copper Country Local, will leave Duluth daily, except Sunday, at 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Duluth, 7:15 p. m.

STEEL RAILS FOR MEXICO.

Galveston, May 1.—During the last three months more than 1,000,000 tons of steel rails have gone into Mexico via this port caused by the railroad building now under way in the southern republic.

CHARGED WITH STEALING.

New York, May 1.—Frank O. Westlak, who asserts he is a descendant of the famous family of Prussian patriots of that name, has been arrested here on the charge of stealing a large amount of jewelry and clothing from the Grand Union hotel. Upon searching Westlak's room, the police found a quantity of silverware bearing the names of leading hotels in Chicago.

PLANS HIS SUICIDE

North Carolina Man Sets Day For Ending His Life.

Will Act as Host at Dinner on June 10.

Then Wife Is to Shoot Him In the Heart.

Charlotte, N. C., May 1.—Allan Cogsdell, one of the wealthiest and best known farmers in North Carolina, believes that he has a right to die when and how he pleases. He has announced that he will take advantage of his God-given prerogative on June 10, when he will leave this world in a most dramatic way.

He will die at the dinner table, surrounded by more than two score of guests invited to eat and make merry before he takes his leave. He calls his manner of going suicidal, but since he is to be put to death by his devoted wife, who is to send a bullet into his heart at a certain signal, the tragedy, if it shall come to pass, will be more like a murder, in the eyes of the law at least, than a suicide.

The authorities have been apprised of Cogsdell's gruesome entertainment, and Constable Magruder, the sole representative of the law in the section in which Cogsdell lives, declares that he will not permit such a horrible affair to take place in his jurisdiction. Cogsdell is equally positive that he will die just as he has planned and has warned Magruder that he must not interfere.

Cogsdell has already sent out the invitations for the fatal dinner. They were neatly printed and went out last week to twenty-five of the old man's most intimate friends. They merely state that the guests are to come to a dinner at which the host will commit suicide. One of Cogsdell's friends, horrified at the strange intelligence, conveyed in the invitation, hurried with the missive to the constable and begged him to save his friend from the terrible death he had in view.

Cogsdell told a representative of the press, who visited him at his mountain farm near Ellensboro, in Colfax township, the details of his plan for dying. The date set for the event is the farmer's 65th birthday. The dinner table will be set for thirty-six persons. There will be nine plates at which no one will sit. These are for nine absent sons, who have quarreled with their father and are not living under the parental roof-tree. It is said that Cogsdell's determination to kill himself grows out of the quarrel with his boys.

Two daughters, in their teens, who are at school at Knoxville, Tenn., are to come home next week, to remain until after their father's funeral. Cogsdell will not say whether the girls are to witness his murder by their mother, but at any rate they will be in the house.

The guests are to be seated at 11 a. m. when Cogsdell will sit at the head of the table and do the hospitable for the last time. When the hands of the big grandfather's clock which have marked off time for many generations of Cogsdells rest on the noon numeral, Cogsdell will place a fig in his breast the massacre that he carried throughout the civil war as a Confederate soldier. Then the wife of his bosom, herself 60 years old, who has borne him eleven children in the thirty years of their married life, will press the trigger and send to his heart the messenger of death.

"My life is my own," said Cogsdell to the press representative. "If I see fit to take it the right is mine to do so, and no man can stop me. If Constable Magruder attempts to interfere—with me in the exercise of my right then the consequences will be upon his own head. I have invited my friends to see me take my leave, and I promise that they shall see me do it."

Cogsdell is so well known as a brave and determined man that his declaration that the consequences of Magruder's action will be upon his own head are taken to mean that he will do the constable harm if he enters the house. It is generally believed that Magruder would do well to keep out of the affair and that if he does not bloodshed will certainly result.

Mrs. Cogsdell has apparently accepted the grewsome role to which her husband has assigned her as a matter of course. She has always been as wax in the hands of the domineering old man and will undoubtedly carry out his order without respect to the consequences to herself. She told the press representative that she proposed to do her duty, which was to obey her husband, and that as for her own life she would not live longer than to see her two girls come of age to marry. After that she would follow her husband.

Magruder feels that if Cogsdell is allowed to carry out his bloody program the name of the township and his reputation as a peace officer will suffer. He says there will be no such so-called suicide, and he is just as determined to make an example of Cogsdell. He established several years ago a fine record for daring and determination by his dogged chase and eventual capture of the Lowery band of outlaws, a quest that required bravery of a high order.

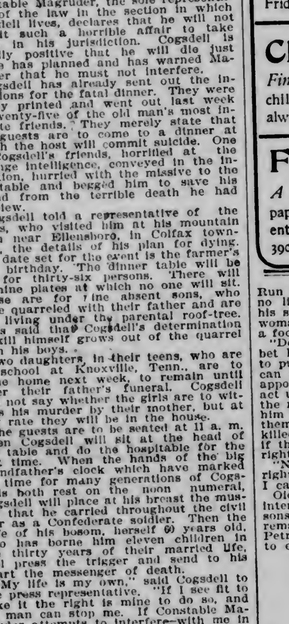
"I ain't been invited to this here picnic of Allen's," said Magruder in his peculiar drawl, "but I'm going to be there, and there ain't going to be any suicide neither if I can prevent. Cogsdell always was an old fool, and this spectacular business on his 65th birthday shows that he is a worse fool than he ever was. He ain't been right since Bull Run.

"I knew him then, as I fought by his side in the Third North Carolina all through the war, and his wound at Bull Run upset him so that there has been no living with him since. That's why his sons have up and left him. The old woman stands him because she's as big a fool as he is.

"Do I think he means business? You bet he does. That's why I'm calc'latin' to put a damper on it, and old Cogsdell can count on my being there when the appointed time comes. He'll be sure to act ugly, but I know what I got to do in the matter, and I guess I'll have to lock him up until he gets his senses back. All them people that's going to see Allan git killed might as well stay to home, though if they want the dinner they can go all right.

"No, they ain't going to be no murder right here if can prevent it, and I think I can."

Old man Cogsdell is now the center of interest in this section, and many persons are striving for invitations to the remarkable feast at which, like clever Petronius of Nero's court, the farmer is to eat, drink and die.



"SHINERS"

Captured By Officers Proved to Be Party of Marshals.

London, Ky., May 1.—Deputy Collector Randall has just returned from a raid in Clay county, where he and his posse destroyed two stills. After the stills had been demolished the officers heard of another that was being operated in the neighborhood, leaving Deputy Marshal Thompson and Possemen Jones and Wyrick to capture the owners of the destroyed still in case they should return Randall and Deputy Collector Short went to find the third still. While Thompson and the men under him were concealed about thirty yards from the still they discovered four men creeping through the brush in their direction.

The party in hiding waited until the men came within a few feet of them, when, drawing their guns, Thompson ordered them to throw up their hands. The supposed moonshiners had their forty-fours ready for use, but were caught at a disadvantage and surrendered and were disarmed. After being under arrest for some time one of the men thought it would be a good plan and began to make inquiries which led to the discovery that the captured men were Deputy Collector McCoy, of Jackson; County Deputy Marshal Morgan, of Beattyville; Posseman Brandenburg, and a pilot.

Both parties had come to destroy the same still. The officers were released and the arrest caused on hard feelings.

A MYSTERY.

Did She Try Suicide With Carbolic Acid?

Wheeling, May 1.—The police are trying to unravel the mystery in the case of Miss Ruth McIwaine, a pretty young woman, who was taken to the city hospital for treatment, and who is in a serious condition.

The girl has made her home with her sister-in-law, Mrs. McElroy. Her story is that she asked for money belonging to her, which Mrs. McElroy agreed to turn over on condition that she would allow herself to be blindfolded, so the hiding place would not be revealed. She says Mrs. McElroy first put ether under her nose, and that she struggled with her. While she was trying to get the bandage from her eyes, she claims, the sister-in-law dashed carbolic acid in her face.

Mrs. McElroy, whose hands were burned with the acid, told the police that Ruth tried to swallow the acid with suicidal intent, and that it was spilled upon both of them while they were struggling for the bottle.

"PUPS WUZ CAPTIVES,"

Said the Small Boys, Playing "Indian."

Cleveland, Ohio, May 1.—Three small boys and five small pups were the principals in a little drama Monday which cost the boys a bread-and-butter diet until today. The boys, John Benovitch, Steve Kernida and Andrew Leonard, were arrested for stealing coal.

"I followed them," said Patrolman Jones, "and found them with four boys smaller than themselves building a roaring fire around five little puppies, evidently intending to burn them alive."

"We wuz playin' Kansas," piped one of the trio, "an' we wuz Indians, an' the pups they wuz captives. We wuz burnin' dem at de stake."

Police Judge Kennedy lectured the "Indians" soundly and condemned them to prison, with bread and water as their sole subsistence.

CATHOLIC CENSUS.

What the publishers claim to be the "official directory containing complete reports of all dioceses in the United States" of the Catholic church, has just been issued for the year 1902. The tabulated statement it presents gives the number of Catholics in the United States as 10,976,757, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

The directory is compiled from reports made each year by the diocesan officials of the Catholic church in answer to a circular table of statistical questions sent out by the publishers. It ought, therefore, to have the value of an official character, yet an analysis of the figures offered for each of the eighty-seven dioceses of the country gives somewhat unsatisfactory results.

The total of the Catholic population, 10,976,757, is an increase of 201,758 over the total given in the directory of 1901. The details of the table of the eighty-seven dioceses from which this total for 1902 was reached show that fifty of the dioceses stood absolutely still, neither gaining nor losing a single Catholic during the year; thirty-four show gains and six losses. There is believed to be something wrong about the figures when fifty of the dioceses show no changes during the year. This is all the more apparent when their location is indicated and considered, for, according to this "official" table, these stagnant parts of the church are Baltimore, Chicago, Cincinnati, Dubuque, Milwaukee, New Orleans, New York, St. Louis, St. Paul, San Francisco, Santa Fe, Albany, Altone, Boise, Brooklyn, Burlington, Cleveland, Covington, Dallas, Davenport Detroit, Duluth, Erie, Fargo, Green Bay Harrisburg, Hartford, Helena, Kansas City, Leavenworth, Little Rock Louisville, Manchester, Marquette, Monterey, Los Angeles, Nashville, Natchitches, Nesqually, Newark, Omaha, Providence, Richmond, St. Augustine, St. Joseph, Scranton, Salt Lake, San Antonio, Savannah, Sioux Falls, Springfield, Syracuse, Tucson, Wheeling and Brownsville.

The increases noted are: Boston, 40,000; New Orleans, $25,000; Oregon, 100; Philadelphia, 5000; Belleville, 1000; Buffalo, 2500; Charleston, 5000; Cheyenne, 1000; Denver, 10,000; Galveston, 25,000; Indianapolis, 38; LaCrosse, 3000; Lincoln, 5690; Mobile, 901 Natchez, 586; Ogdensburg, 1099; Peoria, 8000; Portland, 3000; Rochester, 5000; Trenton, 2500; Wichita, 2310; Winona, 5000; Indian Territory, 1410; North Carolina, 500, and Alaska, 500.

The diocese that show losses are: Columbus, 4000; Concordia, 1180; Fort Wayne, 4000; St. Cloud, 500; Grand Rapids, 60; Pittsburg, 30,000. This last large figure is explained by the fact that the new Diocese of Altoona was formed in the territory since the figures of 1901 were tabulated.

New York, with an estimated Catholic population of 1,200,000, is the banner diocese. There are 120 churches in the city, 156 in the country, 156 chapels and 31 stations without churches, which are regularly visited. The priests number 7-6 and the theological students 151.

There are 99,338 Catholic Indians within the United States; 57 of these 37 priests are at work with 154 churches and 57 schools, taught by sisters of various orders.

The other large Catholic communities are: Boston, 650,000; Chicago, 800,000; Cincinnati, 300,000; Milwaukee, 245,000; New Orleans, 350,000; Philadelphia, 465,000; St. Louis, 220,000; St. Paul, 200,000; San Francisco, 225,000; Cleveland, 275,000; Hartford, 270,000; Newark, 290,099; Providence, 275,000; Springfield, 250,000; Dubuque, 150,000; Santa Fe, 153,000; Albany, 145,000; Buffalo, 171,000; Detroit, 181,510; Grand Rapids, 111,960; Green Bay, 125,000; Indianapolis, 102,041; LaCrosse, 102,000; Louisville, 100,000; Manchester, N. H., 100,099; Pittsburg, 120,000; Portland, 100,000; Rochester, 105,000; Scranton, 150,000.

Official vantican figures of the Catholic hierarchy of the world at the beginning of the present year are: Cardinals, 66; patriarchs of both rites, 11; archbishops and bishops of latin rite in residents and bishops of latin rite in residents and bishops of the Oriental rite, 54; titular archbishops and bishops, 385; archbishops and bishops having no title, 9; prelates of no dioceses, 10; total, 1362. The present pope has buried 139 cardinals and created 142. The oldest cardinal now is Archbishop Celesia, of Palermo, who is 91 years of age, and the youngest, Archbishop Skrbenski, of Prague, who is 38 years old.

LIVING BODY AN AQUARIUM.

Strictly speaking, the fluids of the body are but the medium in which life is developed and each individual cell of every organized being, great and small, as aquatic, as much so as the fishes, and it lives only and can live only in water, says the Osterpathtic Health. Man, in this sense, lives in water as essentially as the fishes—that is, he is himself a walking aquarium, a waterskin filled up with untold billions of individual living units, or cells, each swimming in fluid media; and when all live and work together with a universal energy they give him life with its marvelous functions.

It is to be understood, then, that water is the medium of life only; like the atmosphere or the seas, in which creatures especially adapted to each of these media live. By far the greatest part of the water in our systems, therefore, never becomes organized into cell life at all, but enters the blood stream to act as a common carrier for all tissues; to float the blood cells and nutrient materials through the tissues and sweep out the waste products; and it is still an open question whether even that small fraction of water which is built up into cell metabolism is derived in any part from the water we drink. Many physiologists think not. Three-fourths of our food is water that has been organized by lower life. It is possible that the water in innermost chemical relation with other organic compounds in cell structures is derived from this source instead of the water we drink.

Freimuth's

Greatest Daylight Store.

Busy Underprice Friday.

Dress Skirts and Waists.

Ladies' High Grade Dress Skirts—manufacturer's samples—only one of a kind—Friday at one-third off from the regular price.

Black and Colored Silk Waists—the kind regularly sold at $5.00 and $6.00—Friday's price $3.75

Dress Goods

All Wool Skirtings—54 inches wide, in black, navy and Oxford gray—just the thing for rainy day skirts—the $1.50, $1.75 and $2 kind at per yard Friday $1.19

Silk Stripe Wool Challies—rich Oriental patterns and floral designs in all the popular and fashionable colors regular 38c quality—very special Friday 27c

Jap and Corded Milanese Wash Silks—a variety of fancy stripes and colors—regular price 50c—Friday price per yard 39c

Corsets

At Friday's Price.

W. C. C., Thompson Glove Fitting and Empress Corsets and Jackson Corset Walst—the regular price is $1.00 and $1.50—your choice Friday at 69c

Children's Hose

Fine Gauze Seamless Hose for children, perfectly fast black—always 15c—Friday price 10c

Fine Stationery

A box containing 60 sheets of paper and 60 envelopes in three different stylish tints—regular price 39c—Friday's price 25c

A New Book

By Charles Major, author of "When Knighthood Was In Flower"—said to be the best of his works—publisher's price $1.50—here Friday at only $1.19

Wall Paper.

10c per roll for your choice of four different designs of gold paper with 2 band border in both light and dark shades—regular prices 12c and 15c—Friday's special price 10c

25c per roll for 30c and 35c paper—a large selection of very handsome parlor and reception room paper in a variety of colors—Friday per roll 25c

Toilet Requisites

Rubifoam Tooth Wash—regular price 25c—Friday's price 19c

Mennen's Talcum Powder 25c can—Friday at 13c

Petroleum Jelly Vaseline—large bottle regular 10c size—Friday at 5c

Dressing Combs of extra heavy rubber, warranted unbreakable regular price 35c, Friday price 23c

Heavy Celluloid Dressing Combs, amber finish—25c size Friday at 15c

Slippers

At Friday's Price.

Women's French Kid House Slippers—hand turned sole and common sense heel—our regular $1.50 slipper—special Friday's closing price 75c

Wash Goods

A special gathering of Wash Goods in waist lengths, includes Madras, Oxfords, Ginghams, (Scotch and Domestic), and Tissues—In assorted colors and patterns—2½ and 3½ yards in length—a bargain at $1.00—tomorrow at each 49c

New Madras and Zephyr Ginghams in pretty stripes and checks, suitable for waists and children's dresses—regular 12½c and 15c—Friday price 10c

Hardware and Houseware

Wash Boilers—made of heavy tin with copper bottom—regular price $1.25, each at 89c

Buck Saws—extra good quality at 69c—tomorrow 43c

Axes—made of splendid steel with hardwood handles—the kind always sold at 95c—Friday at 75c

Five Hook Coat and Hat Rack—a bargain at 10c—underprice Friday 6c

Good Laundry Soap—you are used to buying no better at 5c cake—10 cakes for 25c

Gold Brick Scouring Soap—the best made for the purpose—very special 6 cakes for 25c

Small size 15c Feather Dusters—tomorrow will be 9c

Bird Seed—our own mixture and we know it contains only high grade seeds—per pound 5c

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box, 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH Immediate Results (YELLOW LABEL)

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.
Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

Figs and Prunes

attain the highest degree of perfection in California and these choice fruits, combined with selected grains, scientifically blended, make the best and most nutritious cereal coffee on the market. Figprune—at grocers.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
353 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

Offensive even to Myself—F. A. Bottom, druggist, Crookshire, Que., says: "For twenty years I suffered from catarrh. My breath was very offensive even to myself. I tried everything which promised me a cure. I was induced to try Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. I got relief instantly after first application. It cured me and I am free from all the effects of it." Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—19.

SPEARING AT NIGHT

Going On At Wholesale Rate In St. Louis River.

Large Number of Pike Taken In This Illicit Manner.

Law Broken In Three Particulars---Opening of Fishing Season.

Spearing of pike by lantern at night has been going on at a wholesale rate, it is said, in the St. Louis river, between West Duluth and Fond du Lac.

This breaks the game and fish laws of the state of Minnesota in three places.

The law is broken by fishing out of season; it is broken again by fishing in a prohibited manner, as the laws prohibit fishing in any way except with a hook and line save in specified exceptions; it is broken again by fishing with the aid of artificial lights.

The supply of pike in the St. Louis river is said to be fairly large, but it is not large enough to stand such wide-open violation of law as that which has been reported. It is said that large numbers of men and boys have been spearing pike almost nightly in the waters of the St. Louis river.

A Duluth man, who was a witness of the work, states that on one night there must have been as many as fifty people taking fish in this illicit manner. There was a large bonfire on the shore, at which they were warming themselves. Each had a spear and lantern, and they were wading in the shallow water of the stream, protected by rubber boots. They were taking fish in large numbers, and were getting large ones. Some of them were said to weigh as high as seven pounds.

"The laws are wide open enough for all purposes," said a sportsman yesterday afternoon, "and there is not a shadow of excuse for breaking them. At this season the fish are spawning, and a large percentage of them when opened are said to be full of eggs. It is a shame to take them under these conditions. The law allows two months, March and April, for the fish to spawn, and nobody with the smallest amount of sporting blood in him would think of disturbing them during this time. These offenders up the river should be searched out and prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law."

The season on wall-eyed pike opened today, and now the only fish that are protected are the bass, whether of the black, gray or Oswego variety. The bass season does not open until June 1. All food fish may now be caught except bass, subject to the provisions of law as to the number that is allowed to be caught in one day by one person, which is fifty, and subject, also, to the provision of law against the sale of trout, which is prohibited until 1908. Bass cannot be sold either.

The opening of the pike season does not permit spearing them, however, for that method of fishing is prohibited at all seasons, and the use of lanterns to attract the fish is also under the bann at all times.

The practice of dynamiting is also said to be quite prevalent in this county. Residents of the Mesaba range towns say that the fish have practically all been dynamited out of the lakes up there, and that the practice is still kept up in places.

One Duluth sportsman, it is said, had a pet fishing resort not far away where he could always go and get a nice little haul of handsome black bass. He would never tell where it was, and his catches were the admiration of many anglers who wanted to find out where the place was. This spring he visited it, happening to be in that vicinity, and he was informed that the place, which was a small lake, had been visited by dynamiters and practically cleaned out.

CLEVER EXHIBITION.

Public School Pupils Give Physical Culture Exhibition.

The pupils of the graded schools of Duluth gave a charming entertainment in the high school assembly hall last evening. It was witnessed by a large crowd. Fully 500 pupils took part in the entertainment, picked from all of the graded schools of the city. There was considerable rivalry between the different schools, and the result was the attainment of perfection in the drills that were given.

There were all sorts of drills, flag drills, scarf drills, wand drills, hoop drills, etc. The pupils were well trained, and there was an admirable precision and discipline about the manner in which the exercises went off. Among the schools that came in for special commendation were the Webster, Lincoln and Endion.

The funds that were realized from the entertainment will be divided among the schools taking part, and will be used in decorating the school rooms. The exhibition will be repeated Friday evening.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunet tints). 25c.

From South Africa.

An interesting letter was recently received by F. A. Miller, general passenger agent of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway, from a wealthy diamond hunter in the Orange Free State, South Africa, who has just returned to that place after a two-years' tour of the world. He says he covered over thirty thousand miles during the journey, and that the ride of 416 miles from St. Paul to Chicago, on the Pioneer Limited in July, 1901, was by far the most enjoyable part of the trip. He also states emphatically that nowhere in the world can train service be found to compare with that in the United States, and particularly that of the Milwaukee road.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

YOUR BLOOD IN MAY MUST PRODUCE TRUE VITALITY OR DISEASE.

Paine's Celery Compound

Expels All Winter Impurities and Poisons from the Blood and Builds Up the Entire System.

An Astonishing Proof of Blood Cleansing and Restoration to Complete Health.

True health can be maintained by keeping the body free of acid and sluggish blood and morbid waste matters. The blood that is pumped through the heart to all parts of the body, carries nourishment and health, or poison and the seeds of death.

Close confinement in badly ventilated offices, stores, and workshops during the winter months, has lowered the vitality of tens of thousands. Poisons and impurities have been implanted in the blood; these agents of death must be expelled if health would be maintained during the coming summer.

The month of May should be renovating and building-up time with the vast army of weak, debilitated and broken down men, women, and young people.

If the work of purifying and vitalizing the blood be longer deferred, eruptions, blotches, sores, eczema, scrofula, erysipelas and other dangers, are sure to be your portion.

Paine's Celery Compound meets successfully at this season all unhealthy conditions of the blood. It is the only medicine that can guarantee perfect nutriment to the nerves and tissues; that can bestow new life, vigor and strength for the enjoyment of summer and the prosecution of life's duties.

Mr. George Schmidt, 20 West Third street, Cincinnati, Ohio, briefly and forcibly writes regarding his rescue from a slow but sure death. He says: "Since infancy I have been troubled with impure blood and nervousness. I tried almost all known remedies and went to many physicians, but nothing seemed to do me any good until a druggist recommended Paine's Celery Compound. I used this great medicine, and before I had finished two bottles, I found relief. I am now using my sixth bottle and never felt better in my life. My nervousness is all gone and my skin clearer than ever it was."

Diamond Dyes color feathers and ribbons. Easy. Excellent. Economical.

COMBINED.

Barker and Williams Dredges Now Owned By One Company.

The recently organized Lake Superior Dredging and Contracting company has taken over the Barker dredging plant, consisting of seven dredges, five tugs and a dozen scows. The new company has had an option for some time, and the deal was closed yesterday. The price paid is not given out. The new company acquired the Williams & Sons outfit when it was formed.

It is reported that the Barker pant will be moved from West Superior to this side, and that the two plants will be consolidated with one yard, near the Peavey elevators, where Capt. Barker had designed to place his plant when he was figuring on moving to this side of the bay. Capt. A. B. Wolvin is largely interested in the new company, and he said there was nothing definite at this time about the removal of the Barker plant to this side. It is considered improbable, however, that the plant will be divided long.

PREVENTS IT.

Builders' Exchange President Says Combination Is Impossible.

"There is one point about the Builders' Exchange," said President M. A. Thomson this morning, "that I omitted to state in the interview published in The Herald last evening. It seems to me to effectually dispose of the charge that this is a combination to keep up prices.

"There is a regulation, one of the strongest of the agreement, that will prevent combinations of contractors and dealers in supplies. If any member of the exchange, in getting in bids for any purpose, concludes that the members of any line have combined and have put in bids on a joint arrangement, putting up the prices or dividing the profits, or anything of that sort, he can appeal to a grievance committee which has been arranged for. That committee will investigate the charge, and this should dispose of any attempt at this sort of thing."

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

The Detroit and Cleveland Steamers

Are now running between St. Ignace, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Direct connection is made at St Ignace, leaving Duluth every Friday at 5:45 p. m., via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. A popular route between the head of the lakes and lower lake ports.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

REMOVING EYE SORES

Swamp Holes at West End Are Being Filled In.

Other Lots Still Remain In an Unsanitary Condition.

Sewerage Question Presents Lively Problem at West End.

The obnoxious swamp holes below Michigan street, between Eighteenth and Twentieth avenues west, are now being filled in with the refuse that formerly went to the city dumping grounds. The unsanitary condition of the locality because of stagnant water and decaying vegetable matter will soon be remedied, and one of the things that caused a protest from West Enders and the Business Men's club will have been satisfactorily fixed.

Nothing has yet been done to remedy the unsanitary condition of the vacant lots between West Superior and West Michigan streets, adjoining the building of R. R. Forward & Co., at Twenty-first avenue west. The attention of the Business Men's club of the West End was called to it at the meeting held a few nights ago, and the impression was given that the lots could be drained by means of the Michigan street sewer. One of the West End business men who has investigated the matter says that drainage in that way will be impossible with the lots at their preesnt level, for the reason that they are lower than the sewer.

Objection has been raised to the filling in of the lots for the reason that they are good sites for business houses, and very little excavation, if any would be necessary for the basements. It is claimed, however, that no injury would be done the lots if a certain amount of filling be done now, not enough to raise them to the level of West Superior street, but high enough to permit drainage into the West Michigan street sewer. The sewer is said to be nearly on a level with the basements of the business properties on the north side of the street.

Several of the busines men of the West End, who claim to have investigated the sewerage question, say that a big mistake was made in not raising the grade of West Michigan street. They claim that had this been done in the first place, there would not be the trouble there is now at the outlet on Twenty-second avenue west, below Michigan street. The unsanitary condition caused at the sewer outlet has caused vigorous protests from people living in the vicinity, and it is claimed that there is trouble in devising a remedy for it. The only time that the outlet is said to be kept clear of sewerage is during times when there is a very low stage of water in the bay.

Unity Dramatic Club.

Saturday evening the Unity Dramatic club will present a two-act comedy by W. M. Browne, entitled "A Fool For Luck." This club has on previous occasions given similar entertainments, and they have always been delightful. This is expected to be the finest thing the club has ever undertaken, and has been arranged with much care. The stage will be under the direction of A. A. Brackinreed. A pleasing musical program will be given under the direction of Mrs. Emil Schmied.

A Great Parade.

The combined parade Saturday by Al G. Field's minstrels and the local lodge of Elks will be a very attractive affair. A large number of Duluth's prominent business men are members of the order, and will be in line, and four members will ride with Mr. Field at the head of the line.

The entertainments on Saturday afternoon and evening will be for the benefit of the building fund of the Elks. Mr. Field is one of the highest officers in the Elks.

CROSS-EXAMINATION

Will Only Strengthen the Testimony of Duluth Citizens.

The testimony which follows will stand the test of the closest investigation. Cross-examination of such evidence will strengthen it. Proof of this nature is plentiful in Duluth, and the most skeptical can hardly doubt the claims made for "The Little Conqueror," when placed face to face with the public utterances of friends, neighbors and local citizens. Read the experience given below; it may save you many hours of future trouble.

Mr. Charles Hendee, of 1811 Superior street west, night foreman at the Northern Pacific round house, says: "I was troubled on and off for years with pains through my loins and kidneys. If I caught cold or strained myself the pains became very severe. I attribute the trouble to the heavy jarring I received while a locomotive engineer in years past. If I sat or laid long in one position my back became so lame and sore that I could hardly straighten up, and in the morning on rising I felt tired and unrested. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and determined to try them. Procuring a box from W. A. Abbett's drug store, I used it and was promptly relieved of the trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

FORCE

A New Cereal
Nourishing Satisfying

Ask the Grocer

ARE HEAVY.

Shipments of Ties, Posts and Poles Are Very Large.

The movement of ties, posts and poles from Duluth is just now reaching its height. It has been going forward at a good volume all winter from rail shipping points on the iron range roads. Now, however, the cedar gotten out the past winter on the north and south shores is being scowed to Duluth and loaded on cars or vessels.

The railroads are taking out from 50 to 100 cars of cedar a day. The bulk of it is going out to roads in the West and Southwest. At least one road cannot get enough cars to handle the business. For the most part, cedar routed to points on other roads is loaded on cars belonging to the destination roads, in that way, the movement is confined to the supply of cars that are brought in loaded.

Another source of supply since the spring break up is the driving streams along the shores of which cedar has been banked during the winter, notably the Cloquet and St. Louis. This cedar is now coming down, and it is said at one point—Floodwood—thirty cars of ties a day are being taken out of the river by a steam elevator and put in cars.

Some of this cedar is going as far from Duluth as New York. One road is handling quite a lot of 60-foot poles for New York as electric and street railway companies. For the most part poles that go that distance are the very long ones, for supplies of the shorted ones can still be had nearer home.

EIGHT DEAD

As Result of Panic In Philadelphia Cigar Factory.

Philadelphia, May 1.—A majority of the twenty-eight girls and young women injured yesterday in the panic at the cigar factory of Harburger, Homan & Co., resulting in the death of eight employes, suffered principally from nervousness and shock and went to their homes after treatment at the various hospitals. There are ten victims still in the hospitals and of these three are in a critical condition. They are: Mary Horanken, aged 17, fractured skull; Mary Allrose, aged 17, concussion of the brain; Mary Messlo, aged 13, fractured skull.

Thy physicians state that while these three are in serious danger, their condition has improved slightly since yesterday. The chances of Miss Horanken's recovery, the say, are slight.

ELEVEN MEN

From University of California Start For the East.

Berkeley, Cal., May 1.—Eleven men, besides Trainer Walter Christy and Manager Decoto will go East today to represent the University of California in dual meets with the big universities, and the annual American inter-collegiate games at Mott Haven.

The eleven are the pick of the university. They are Alfred D. Plaw, hammer-thrower and shot-putter; Roy R. Service, mile and half mile runner; Francis H. Redwill, mile runner; Anthony Cadogan, 100, 220 and 400-yard dasher; Emilio R. Ibabadie, 100-yard sprinter; Edward M. Hussey, broad jumper and captain of the team; William A. Powell and Herbert C. Check, hurdlers and high jumpers; S. A. Tibbets, two mile runner; John A. Wilcox, pole vaulter; Edward Topham, broad jumper and quarter mile runner.

HIGH PRICE

Paid For Carriage Horses Under the Hammer.

New York, May 1.—At a sale of high-class carriage and saddle horses by a Chicago firm at the American horse exchange in this city thirty head were sold in less than two hours for $39,550, an average of $1320.

Daniel G. Reid, of the American Tinplate company, was the heaviest buyer. He paid for Cardiff and Wales the highest price ever given for a pair of carriage horses under the hammer. These beautiful brown geldings were struck off to his bid of $3000.

New York, May 1.—At a sale of trotters and pacers just held here the highest price paid was for the horse show trotter Clarence Fulton. He was purchased by Arthur Whitney, of Morristown, N. J., for $3000.

EPWORTH LEAGUE

Of Wisconsin Holds Annual Convention at La Crosse.

LaCrosse, Wis., May 1.—Delegates to the tenth annual convention of the Wisconsin Epworth league, which opens here this evening, began to arrive on the morning trains and the influx was continued during the day. The reception for the delegates will be the feature of the opening session. Tomorrow's program includes many interesting papers and addresses by several prominent speakers. It is expected that 500 leaguers will attend the convention.

HEAVY LOSS AT PHOENIX.

Phoenix, Ariz., May 1.—Fire started here at 12:40 this morning in the store of E. Ross, a tailor, and at daylight was still burning, though under control. No accurate estimate of damage can be made at this time, but it will amount to many thousands of dollars. Ten business houses have been burned, including S. Vanderberg's jewelry store and the store of Buxton & Co.

FAMINE IN STEEL

Continues With High Prices Paid For Occasional Lots.

Consumers of Structural Material Turn to Foreign Markets.

Consumption of Finished Iron and Steel Continues Heavy.

New York, May 1.—In its current issue the Iron Age says of the developments in the iron and steel markets during the past week: The pig iron market has been quiet during the past week simply because there is nothing offering, business being confined to covering urgent necessities. Buyers, apparently, have made up their minds to await developments on the question of supplies of distant deliveries and rely upon the assurances made that the production will be ample. So far as the next sixty days are concerned there is little chance of any change in the prevailing scarcity.

The threatened troubles with blast furnace labor in the central West over a proposed changed to three eight-hour shifts seems averted for the present, but the issue may come up on June 1. So far as the transportation of ore and fuel is concerned all troubles are now pretty well over.

The famine in steel continues and high prices are being occasionally paid for moderate lots. Some business has been done in steel sheet bars for the Pittsburg district. From Chicago comes the report of negotiations for round lots of foreign steel, coupled with advices of buyers here by naming lower prices. The figures on the other hand are certainly unchanged and which have recently reached this side.

Consumers of structural material have been finally forced to turn to the foreign market for a supply.

Consumption in all branches of finished iron and steel continues exceedingly heavy, and there is no evidence that the present range of values is curtailing it.

As indicating the situation in the steel rail trade, we may quote that one mill was forced to decline an order for 10,000 tons, on which delivery was to begin as late as December.

Some large transactions have taken place in old steel rails in the West and more are pending. Importations, it appears, cannot be put through because buyers and sellers are too far apart.

A CIDER TRUST.

New York, May 1.—A corporation in the nature of a fruit product syndicate has been formed, says a Rochester, N. Y., dispatch to the Tribune, with the object of combining manufactures of cider and vinegar. The syndicate, which will have a capital of $2,000,000, will control many of the leading plants in Central and Western New York and some in Michigan.

N. P. DIVIDEND.

New York, May 1.—A quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent on Northern Pacific stock was announced today. This is the first dividend declaration since the stock was turned over to the Northern Securities company.

Over 900,000 Men.

In the United States nearly 900,000 men are employed by the railways. This means that one man in about every eighty-five is a "railroader." The army of men required to operate our railways is equal to the standing armies of Europe. The degree of excellence reached by American roads in their development generally, and in their passenger service particularly, is today the wonder of the world. This is exemplified, perhaps, in no better way than by the perfection of the Milwaukee's Pioneer Limited train between Chicago and the Twin Cities. It is surely a paragon. The private compartment cars run on its train are in great favor with ladies traveling alone or with children and a positive boon to invalids.

Enamel Floor Finish.

The best finish made for hardwood floors. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

Salient Points About Our Prescription Department.

We doubt if there is anywhere a drug store better prepared than this one to do high grade prescription work. We have practically everything that science has suggested or money can buy in the way of equipment. We have every needed utensil, we have a stock of the finest drugs obtainable, we are adequate reference library, and the prescription department is arranged in accordance with modern ideas.

No one who has a prescription to be filled should be satisfied with anything less than our perfect service.

S. F. BOYCE,
DRUGGIST.

"Ping Pong" for sale in basement dept

$1.98 $2.50 $2.95

PALMER-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Bargain Friday and the Great Alteration and Rebuilding Sale.

Every department steps into the month of May at a lively pace, offering as snappy a bunch of bargains as you've ever found at this ALWAYS busy store. You'll get so interested in these offers tomorrow that you'll forget any little inconvenience caused by the alterations. You'll profit by an investigation and comparison of our prices and offerings.

White goods — including white lawns, striped and checked dimities, etc—all kinds of white goods remnants—all for sale on Bargain Counter 2 at less than half price—choice of the lot for **7c**

Lace Curtains.

All odd and sample pairs of Lace Curtains in Nottingham, Bobbinet, Irish Point, Brussels Net, Arabian, Renaissance, Etc., to be closed out *Friday at less than cost price.*

These are the accumulations of an extraordinary season's trade, and while some are slightly soiled, the majority are in good condition. **If you can use a single pair of a curtain do not fail to look these over.**

Royal Exeter Paper—it has that beautiful smooth kid finish, in azure and white—a box contains 50 sheets and 50 envelopes—regular price 35c a box—Bargain Friday **25c**

Toilet Mirrors—heavy plate glass —clear and perfect—with easel back—especially good for shaving—regular price 25 cents—Bargain Friday we will sell them at, each **17c**

Handkerchiefs—100 dozen ladies' and misses' white hemstitched handkerchiefs—worth 5c each—per dozen 35c—each **3c**

Ladies' Ties—15 dozen ladies' hem- stitched full length Automobile Ties; worth 25c each—Bargain Friday at **15c**

Suspenders — men's and boys' el- astic web Suspenders — patent buckles—strongly made—large assortment—worth 19 cents per pair—Bargain Friday at **10c**

50 dozen men's and boys' extra heavy cotton Sweaters—in good colors—absolutely fast—worth 75c—at **39c**

Wamsutta Muslins—36 in., wide; twilled or plain weave—sold at 12½c everywhere—Bargain Friday at **10c**

Cream Table Linens — 60 inches wide—note the width—worth 40c—limit 10 yards to each customer—Bargain Friday—per yard **25c**

Children's Colored Wash Dresses, sizes one to 4 years old—Bargain Friday at—only **19c**

Misses' and Children's Colored Gingham Dresses—sizes 6 to 14 years—Bargain Friday at **49c**

Women's Double Cross Strap San- dals, in fine kid, hand turns, half Louis XIV. heels, one of the latest and most fashionable novelties in slippers—all sizes—widths AA to E—regular price $2.25—Bargain Friday at—per pair **$1.50**

Wash Goods—7c Apron Checked Ginghams—as much as you want Bargain Friday at—per yard **4½c**

Silks—50c 19-inch Black Taffeta Silks—rich lustrous finish—Bargain Friday—per yard **35c**

Wall Paper—Realizing that the public desires a GOOD bargain, and that they are anxiously looking for one, we are offering a genuinely GOOD one for Friday:

Any 15c Paper in our stock Friday at 12c
Any 10c Paper in our stock Friday at 8c
Any 8c Paper in our stock Friday at 6c
Any 6c Paper in our stock Friday at 5c
Any 5c Paper in our stock Friday at 4c

THIS OFFER GOOD FOR FRIDAY ONLY.

Great Crockery and House Furnishing Sale.

Start the new home with a new set of dishes—Friday we offer our regular $13.95 100-piece sets of Grindley's decorated Dinner Sets, gold traced, at—only **$8.95**

Jardin'r's —Good size, in brown underglaze effect—our regular 38c value—Friday **25c**

Glass Nappy or Fruit Bowls, 8-inch size, two patterns, each—at 15c
Ironing Day Requisites—rare bargains, everyone.
Rakes—12-tooth Malleable Iron Garden Rakes—will not break, each 15c
Carpet Stretchers—save finger nails and temper—each 7c
Carpet Tacks—all sizes—blued—6 for 25c—each 5c
Tack Pullers—the kind that pull—each 5c
Tack Hammers—our regular 10c Nickel Plated Hammer—each 5c

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 1.—The low pressure areas central Wednesday morning north of Alberta and over Utah have apparently joined forces, creating a depression of decided energy over South Dakota. This "low" is accompanied by copious showers, thunder storms, warmer weather and high winds. Copious showers also fell over Oklahoma, Northeastern Texas, North and South Atlantic states and the Pacific coast. Cool and frosty temperatures prevail in the lake region and Rocky mountains.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abeline	58	Memphis	68
Bismarck	42	Miles City	32
Boston	50	Milwaukee	40
Buffalo	42	Minnedosa	30
Calgary	34	Modena	26
Charleston	66	Montgomery	66
Chicago	40	Moorhead	44
Cincinnati	56	New Orleans	68
Davenport	48	New York	50
Denver	54	North Platte	40
Detroit	38	Oklahoma	52
Dodge City	58	Omaha	42
Duluth	36	Pittsburg	48
Edmonton	34	Port Arthur	36
El Paso	58	Portland	42
Escanaba	30	Prince Albert	30
Galveston	72	Qu Appelle	30
Green Bay	32	Rapid City	30
Havre	44	San Francisco	50
Helena	38	Santa Fe	46
Houghton	32	Shreveport	68
Huron	54	Spokane	42
Jacksonville	66	St. Louis	62
Kamloops	40	St. Paul	38
Kansas City	64	Sault Ste. Marie	34
Knoxville	60	Swift Current	36
La Crosse	42	Washington	56
Los Angeles	52	Williston	38
Marquette	32	Winnemucca	38
Medicine Hat	42	Winnipeg	34

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers and probably thunder storms tonight and Friday, with brisk and high northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 1.—State and upper lakes forecasts for twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin: Threatening, with probably thunder storms tonight and Friday; warmer Friday, and west portion tonight.

Minnesota: Threatening, with thunder showers tonight and probably Friday; warmer east portions tonight.

The Dakotas: Threatening, with probably showers tonight and possibly Friday morning, followed by cooler.

Lake Superior: Brisk and high northeast winds, increasing; showers and probably thunder storms tonight and Friday. Hoist storm northeast warnings 9:3 a. m.

Lake Michigan: Brisk east to southeast winds, increasing, and probably becoming high tonight; showers and probably thunder storms tonight or Friday.

Lake Huron: Brisk northeast winds, becoming high Friday; probably showers and thunder squalls Friday.

Indifference of the Senators.

There is a great difference in the appearance of the senate, so far as attendance is concerned, during the progress of the Philippine debate from the time when the West Point scandals involving brutalities of cadets were before congress. During the discussion of the awful barbarities in the Philippines the Republican side of the senate is said to be empty. A few Democrats, courteously cluster about the one of their number who has the floor, listening intently. Two Republican senators, to be sure, are keeping a fairly close watch on the debate, and these, it happens, are Mr. Hoar and Mr. Lodge. The former listens because of his interest in the "cause," and the latter because it is his duty as chairman of the Philippine committee, which has the bill in charge, to be in readiness to press the measure forward whenever opposition oratory subsides. But brutalities against brown men are a party matter, and singularly enough, the chief advocacy of the brown man's claim to self-government after his own ideas has fallen to a group of Southern senators, whose cardinal doctrine at home is the suppression of the legal rights of black men. It is still common for Republican senators to speak of the "alleged" atrocities in the Philippines and of alleged this and that, of which the evidence is absolutely overpowering; but so long as they will not listen to the testimony it is not to be wondered that they adhere to the cautious form of expression. It is a shameful condition, but it has ever been thus in the halls of legislation, and probably always will be.

The Growth of Local Option.

It is not strange that many of the leaders of the prohibition movement throughout the United States are growing more and more in favor of the local option laws which appear on the statute books of many of the states. From a prohibitory standpoint the results are far more satisfactory than in the few states which have general laws prohibiting the sale of liquors. The movement has had a wonderful growth and is still growing. The whole of Georgia is under state prohibition or local option laws, with the exception of four cities; South Dakota, with the exception of a few cities and towns; South Carolina, with the exception of ten cities; and Iowa, with the exception of twenty-five cities. In Montana only a few counties have adopted local option or prohibition in any form; but in most of the other states there is a goodly array of towns, counties and cities which have decided to reform themselves concerning strong drink. In New York state there are some 700 cities and towns that have thus drawn the strict line of abolishing the sale of spirituous drink, and in Massachusetts, out of 353 towns and cities, 263 have fallen in line. Illinois has to her credit 650 cities and towns enjoying local option laws; Ohio, 500; Michigan, 400; Wisconsin, 300; Nebraska, 250; Minnesota, 400; New Jersey, 200; California, 175. All the other states have moved in line to a more or less extent, many of them adopting local prohibition laws according to counties rather than by towns or cities. In Alabama, 50 out of 65 counties are reported to be under prohibition laws; in Arkansas, 50 out of 75 counties; in Florida, 30 out of 45 counties; in Kentucky, 90 out of 119 counties; in Louisiana, 20 out of 59 counties; in Maryland, 15 out of 24 counties; in Mississippi, 71 out of 75 counties; in Missouri, 84 out of 115 counties; in North Carolina, 60 out of 90 counties; in Pennsylvania, 60 cities and towns and 20 counties; in Tennessee, 70 out of 96 counties; in Texas, 120 out of 246 counties; in Virginia, 65 out of 100 counties; in West Virginia, 40 out of 54 counties, and in Washington, 50 cities and towns. Little Delaware has half the state under prohibition, and little Rhode Island 20 of its cities and towns. In these numerous cities, towns and counties it is estimated that there is a total population of about 30,000,000. The movement is spreading and the results are excellent, much better than in the states where compulsory state laws are regarded as an infringement of personal rights.

THE PRIMARY LAW.

The Milwaukee Sentinel has made the discovery that the Minnesota primary election law does not work well. It sent a reporter to St. Paul and Minneapolis to find out any possible defects in the law and interview those who do not like its results. The Sentinel hates Governor La Follette, of Wisconsin, with an implacable hatred. The governor committed the serious offense of routing the old gang of machine politicians that controlled Republican politics in Wisconsin for years, of which gang the Sentinel is the chief organ. It would now defeat him for a renomination, and with this object in view it is trying to discredit him and the policies he advocates. The governor has strongly insisted on the necessity of a primary election law for Wisconsin, and he and his friends worked hard to have the last legislature enact such a law. The members controlled by the old machine had sufficient strength to prevent the passage of such a law. The primary election principle is one of the planks in the governor's platform and the fight is to be carried into the legislative campaign.

With the application of the primary election system to Wisconsin, the power of the old political gang would be ended forever. The Sentinel prints interviews with Minnesota politicians of the same stripe as those whom it represents. Of course, they do not like the idea of the people selecting the party candidates; therefore they are opposed to the law. Their occupation as professional politicians has been ruined by the new system. There are no ward caucuses to manipulate, no county conventions to control. It is not strange that they pick flaws in the law. But the Sentinel reporter could have found, if he desired, 1000 people in Minesota who favor the law to one who is opposed. The system has worked well; there may be a few minor defects, but they can be easily remedied. It has come to stay, and no man in the Minnesota legislature who values his political existence would dare to present a bill repealing the primary law.

MR. EVANS' PROMOTION.

The rumor current that Henry Clay Evans, commissioner of pensions, is to succeed the late Gen. William McKinley Osborne as consul-general at London is probably correct. President Roosevelt stated a short time ago that Mr. Evans would not leave the pension office until he should find a place for him that would be distinct promotion. In this way the president proposed to testify his appreciation of the honest and independent manner in which Mr. Evans had discharged his duties as pension commissioner and to do it in such a way that the pension sharps and the professional veterans who were chiefly responible for the attack on the pension office would have no possible excuse for congratulation.

The position of consul-general at London is worth about $30,000 a year and it a pleasant post, with comparatively little expense attached, as the ambassador does all the official entertaining. In tending the office to Mr. Evans, the president has redeemed his promise to give him a substantial promotion. He retires from the pension office with a splendid record, which the new commissioner will find it difficult to equal.

CONDITIONS IN MINDANAO.

But few people have any idea what kind of a proposition the United States has met in its dealings with the Moros of the island of Mindanao. This island is the second largest island of the group, and contains a population of nearly 700,000, divided as to religion as follows: Christians, 227,576; Moros (Mohammedans), 196,000; pagans, 269,300. The Moros are the organized military element, and able to muster an army of 20,000 men, chiefly armed with lances, but possessing 2000 rifles and a few field pieces. As fighters the Moros have the fierce Mohammedan characteristics. They are taught that to be killed in battle is a sure passport to paradise. In war they are merciless, their rule being to offer no quarter under any circumstances. The pagans also are savage fighters. One of their customs is to sacrifice human life to idols. The Christians live chiefly along the coast, and, as a matter of fact, comparatively little is known of the interior of the island. A recent book on the Philippines says the present condition of Mindanao is lamentable, with robbery and murder rampant. Piracy was one of the main difficulties in Mindanao under Spanish rule, and a constant patrol of gunboats was necessary to keep down this crime. Left to themselves, the Philippine islands would become a great nest of pirates. There are hundreds of places of refuge along the enormous coast line of the group, and the natives are more than ordinarily familiar with navigation.

A special effort has been made by the United States to preserve peace with the Mohammedan element and which was very successful until an American soldier connected with the signal service was killed. Gen. Chaffee called for a surrender of the murderers, but could get no answer and he then resorted to force to a certain degree. A large number of the Dattos or rulers have signified their desire to avoid war and it is possible that the matter may be adjusted without further bloodshed. The conditions are most peculiar in that region and the handling of the people offers one of the most vexing problems of the Philippines. It will require the best of judgment to avoid serious trouble.

A PACIFIC COAST THREAT.

A new feature in the matter of an isthmian canal is a covert threat made by the Pacific coast people that if the present Republican congress adjourns without legislation on the canal proposition, it will be hard telling where they will be found at the next election. The Pacific coast people are very much in earnest on the canal question, and failure to act would undoubtedly cost the Republican party many votes. The United States senators may be divided into three groups in relation to the canal question—those who are squarely for Nicaragua; those who are for Panama, as represented in the Spooner amendment, and those who are "open to conviction." The first group is numerically the strongest, but does not seem to contain, from the most careful inquiries, anything like a majority. If the senators who are waitng to hear the arguments turn in pretty solidly for the Spooner amendment its chances of success are good.

The completion of a treaty with Colombia greatly strengthens the hands of the Spooner people. The trouble has heretofore been that Colombia was not so anxious for the canal as the state of Panama, which was not in high favor with the general government, having only a few years ago asked for annexation to the United Sttes. Another thing that seemed to injure the chances of the Panama route was the preference of the Colombian government for an annual rental to a lump sum in payment for the rights and privileges which we desire. Congress strongly preferred the lump sum; that was the American way. Gradual payments, like funds held in trust, better suited South American conditions.

If such a thing is possible, there will be legislation on the canal. Party managers realize for one thing that there is nothing so well calculated to keep people happy as to have the wheels of industry moving rapidly, especially as a presidential election draws near. The canal will employ thousands of men, not only on the isthmus, but in the manufacture of necessary materials and supplies here at home. The president himself, independent of political considerations, has long been an ardent advocate of an isthmian canal, with no apparent preference as to route. He would not willingly see congress adjourn without doing something, especially when action is so nearly within reach. It would also be a great saving of energy if the engineers who have been over the routes for the commission could do the surveying for an actual canal.

In the matter of religious creeds there is but little difference between the divisions of the good people of Canada and of the United States. In fact they are very much alike. Recent reports show that the religious population of the Dominion of Canada aggregates 5,371,051 souls, of whom 3,142,054 are Protestants and 3,228,997 are Catholics. Canadian Protestants are subdivided into various denominational bodies as follows: Methodists, 916,862; Presbyterians, 842,301; Episcopalians, 680,316, and Baptists, 292,486, each being credited with large gains during the past decade. Universalists and Unitarians have steadily lost ground, while Congregationalists have gained only by the merest increment. Salvation Army statistics show heavy losses, having dropped from 13,949 in 1891 to 10,307 in 1901.

The re-enactment of the Geary law for the exclusion of the Chinese was undoubtedly the wisest legislation that could be had on that troublesome question. There is one thing evident and that is that the law has succeeded in keeping the Celestials from our shores while it has been in effect and that is all that is wanted. According to the census of 1900 there are only 119,050 Chinese in the United States out of a total population of 76,009,000. Of these 45,753 are in California and 25,767 in Hawaii. Thus there are only 83,283 Chinese within the limits of our continental domain. The Chinese population of California has fallen from 75,132 in 1890 to 45,753 in 1900. And since 1890 the Chinese population in the United States has fallen from 126,778 to 83,283.

While the beef trust is twisting on the stomachs of the poor, lots of ingenious devices are being suggested by which poor people can be kept alive on short diet. A speaker in one of the vegetarian societies declares that bananas are cheaper to produce than wheat even, and that one acre of banana plants would yield forty times the amount of food that an acre of wheat would produce. He himself had lived for years principally on bread made from banana flour.

The superstition among sailors about vessels sailing on Friday is about to be put to a severe test. The White Star line has decided to start one of its big ships across the Atlantic ocean every other Friday. Seamen have heretofore considered sailing on Friday tantamount to destruction, and they will shudder at the thought of the White Star experiment.

Whitelaw Reid will doubtless while at the coronation attend the dinner given to 500,000 of London's destitute, and tell them how in this rich and free and happy republic everybody has enough to eat, when the food trusts are willing.

"Peace is perhaps in sight," says Mr. Balfour, "but in the interval we are sending out men and material to carry on the war for another year or two." Evidently the Boers are not quite conquered yet.

Queen Alexandra, it is said, has chosen the duchess of Marlborough, as a special compliment to Americans, to be one of her attendants at the coronation. But how many Americans will feel specially complimented.

Philadelphia may be a corrupt city, but there is one street car conductor who has escaped contamination. He has returned to the owner a necklace worth $10,000 that was lost on his car.

The cost of the site and building of the National City bank of New York is to be more than $8,000,000. But a bank controlled by Rockefeller can afford it.

It would be interesting to know what the poor dogs, whose rations have been changed from meat to bread and vegetables, think of the beef trust.

It is said that King Edward intends to make a baron out of William Waldorf Astor. This will not increase the king's popularity with Americans.

"Printer's Ink" declares that the evening paper is supreme and is earning more laurels each day. This, at least, is the story of The Herald.

A New York church is to be pulled down to make way for a sky scraper. The New Yorkers may in that way get nearer to heaven.

With the college commencements at hand, the Philippine problem may soon be settled.

Will Attorney General Knox be able to make hash of the beef trust?

FLASHES OF FUN.

Somerville Journal: Experienced newspaper men are generally sharp—perhaps because they use the files of the paper every now and then.

Philadelphia Press: Towne—Poor fellow! He certainly does love her for all he's worth.

Browne—He loves her even more than that today.

Towne—How do you mean?

Browne—He sent her a $10 bunch of rose and borrowed the price from me.

Chicago Post: "Why is it you do not permit your boy to go fishing?'

"I want him to grow up a truthful man."

Somerville Journal: Now look up your lawn mower and get it in good running order. Your neighbors will want to borrow it pretty soon.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Bluffenheim is giving away a lot of presents with that new cigar he is just putting on the market."

"One of them ought to be a can of disinfectant."

Chicago Post: "I think," she said, "I should like to marry an imaginative man."

"Well," said her friend, speaking very sweetly, "what other kind of a man can you ever expect to marry—if he has a chance to see you in daylight?"

Baltimore American: "When people learn how much money papa has," tittered the heavy-set heiress, "they always say something about my attractive figure."

"And," inquired the foolish youth, "do they calculate it in pounds instead of dollars?"

Detroit Free Press: "I'll give you a good motto for your fish stories when you come back," said Mr. Bellefield to Mr. Bloomfield, who was arranging to open the trout season.

"Well?"

"When in doubt, tell the truth."

Philadelphia Press: Ned—No, I don't see May as much as I used to.

Fay—Why, I thought you were engaged.

Ned—That's just it. The light's always turned out in the parlor when I call now.

New York World: "No man can say this hand ever took any money," orated a senator from the boundless West, holding up a stubby right hand.

"And how about the left one?" inquired the admirer.

"My boy," said the senator, "it is the wise provision of nature that each of us has two hands."

Thoughts By Pease.

Anoka Union (Rep.): Politicians can talk until the nether regions become frigid, but the fact remains that the Republican party of Minnesota is in poor condition to go before the people. The record is not clear.

There may be something doing at the coming Republican state convention.

The postmasters in the Eighth congressional district are wondering what to do.

Is J. Adam Bede talking through his hat, or is he really the whole thing? Time must tell.

Surely St. Louis county cannot be expected to neglect to have a candidate for congress. Political hogs are like the real kind; they always want all of the swill.

The Lover Finds a Way.

I'm on a year's probation;
We're both too young, they say.
She's at her education,
And I must go away.
So here I'm on the briny,
Bound for some horrid spa,
Or burg remote and tiny,
To please Pauline's papa.
If I could drop a line each night—
But, no! He said I mustn't write.

Today we're due at Queenstown;
A short week old my vow.
I wish it were Pauline's town,
The time, a year from now!
Cheer up? I'm quite unable!
I've letters—yet just to say:
"I love you, dear," by cable,
Would drive these blues away.
But—always the obdurate sire—
I promised her I wouldn't wire.

Said she: "Be diplomatic,
And all will come out right.
My love won't grow erratic
Because you're not in sight!"
But, oh! my heart is aching!
And I must ask her aid.
How can I without breaking
The promise I've made?
Why—precious duffer that I am—
I'll send her a Marconigram!
—Town Topics.

J. Adam Bede's Mistake.

Senator H. J. Miller in the Luverne Herald: J. Adam Bede bases his appeal to the Republicans of the Eighth district for support as a candidate for the congressional nomination on the claim that he has done much for the Republican party and has received nothing in return. If J. Adam, in making his plea, desires to be taken seriously, which may always be doubted, it is hoped by his friends that the public will persist in assuming that he is joking. Mr. Bede makes a serious mistake when he asks for office as a reward for party service. When a man renders friendly assistance to another and then boasts of it or asks pay for it, the obligation is discharged. If Mr. Bede served the Republican party because he expected to be rewarded or paid, then he is entitled to no credit for the service.

"An Awful Hardship."

Washington Star: The solemnity with which the possibility that the opening of the St. Louis exposition may be postponed until 1904 is discussed is becoming amusing. Those familiar with the circumstances of the case announced more than six months ago that it would be a physical impossibility to open it next year, and that in all likelihood it would not open before 1905. Meantime it is to be hoped that the various government commissioners and other salaried officers of the exposition will not become restive under the delay.

Joy For Smoked Hams.

Philadelphia Press: Some people are not bothering so much about the price of meat since the cost of cigarettes is being reduced. All kinds of living are not dear.

True To Principle

By Angela Morgan.

Elsie Hammond was conscious of relief tonight as the applause of her act died away. She sighed thankfully when the stage manager signaled the card boy to announce the next turn.

Brushing past the loungers in the wings she made straight for her dressing room. She felt impatient to get away from the theater, to be rid of its atmosphere. Her growing distaste for the life of greasepaint and calcium seemed to be culminating in an overwhelming repugnance.

The work had been a particularly trying one. She shared her dressing room with three other girls—young women of the coarser theatrical type. During her experience Elsie had met fewer of these than she had expected. The majority with whom she came in contact were far more agreeable than she had hoped to find in this branch of the profession. These three girls, however, were an unpleasant exception.

As Miss Hammond opened the door upon them their lively chatter ceased suddenly. One paused in the act of rouging her lips to nudge her companion shyly. The latter, heating cosmetic for her eyelashes over a gas jet, had a sudden fit of giggling and succeeded in spattering the black liquid on her pretty arms.

Elsie knew that among themselves they made sport of her. Once she had overheard remarks. Her extremely quiet demeanor, her altogether correct conduct were to them themes for ridicule. They did not consider her case hopeless, however. "She'll catch on," they had prophesied, "after she's been in the business long enough."

Her lip curled at the remembrance. Ignoring her glances of rude amusement, she proceeded quietly to her dressing shelf.

The chatter began again where it had left off. Elsie detected in it a renewed defiance of her feelings, a reckless desire to shock and dismay her.

Indignation gave way to pity. Poor things—why blame them? They were ignorant of anything higher. They had no conception of the finer life.

She smiled with a yielding kindness as she bade them good-night.

The guard at the stage door called to her as she was about to pass out: "A gentleman was here to see you, Miss. Said he'd be back in ten minutes."

Even as he spoke a man came hurrying in from the street, encountering Elsie on the threshold.

"Miss Hammond—Elsie—don't you remember me?"

The sight of him brought back a throng of varied recollections.

"Frank Holmes! Is it possible! When did you get to New York?"

"Last week. But I didn't know until tonight about—about this."

"You mean——"

But she understood without further words. He knew all about those former days; he had been one of the friends of her prosperity, before the reverses came that had made it necessary for her to try her talents as a means of livelihood. His unlooked for surprise in finding her in this work was but to be expected.

"Let us get away from here," he said with rather an authoritative air of protection. He hurried her out upon Fourteenth street and across Union square.

"We'll go somewhere for supper," he remarked as they boarded an uptown Broadway car. "Then we can talk things over."

Elsie smiled her acquiescence. The tired look had left her face. There was animation in her eyes. It did seem so good to meet some one whom she had known in that cheerfully different past. And it was certainly most agreeable to be looked after in this fashion.

Yet to think that it should be Frank Holmes, of all persons! She remembered her past indifference toward him. He had been a most persistent suitor and had made every effort to win from her a warmer regard than mere friendship. But her heart had absolutely refused to respond.

She found herself musing over it as later on she sat opposite him at a cozy little table discussing, in addition to blue points, salad and sirloin, numerous topics of mutual interest.

He had changed, intrinsically, in four years. There were, of course, such superficial changes as a mustache of larger growth and a different style of parting his hair. His dress, too, showed increased prosperity. But Frank Holmes was the same man she had known in those other days.

Another fact made itself plain to her. There was no more affinity between them now than there had ever been.

"I hate to see you in this business," he said, in his direct way. "You are not suited to it. You are entirely out of place in such work."

"It isn't so terrible," she protested, rather feebly. I have met many charming people in it. Some of the best artists——

"But it is hard for you, Elsie, isn't it? I know it is. And you shouldn't be obliged to submit to the trials of such a life."

She was silent.

"You remember, I always said I'd carry out those plans of mine, Elsie. I said I'd succeed—and I have succeeded—better even than I had hoped. I want you to let me take you away from all this and give you the surroundings that are yours by right. You won't refuse me this time, Elsie?

She listened with no quickening of heart beats. His words held for her no thrill. She was fully aware of the same stolid inability to care for him. Yet, there was the comfortable, restful sense of being loved by this man, who was able to care for her and protect her against the hardships of life.

"I—I will think it over, Frank, and let you know—tomorrow."

On the following day she and her soul faced each other with candid questions:

"So you think of marrying him, after all? You have no love for him."

"I know it. I admit frankly that if I do marry him it will be simply because I am tired of this work. I want a home. I am weary of struggling."

"And is that the right motive for marriage? There was a time when you would have scorned such a false standard. Where are all your old ideals, your high conceptions of living?"

"They were but theories—not practical in actual life."

"And you abandon them as such? Think of it! Only yesterday you pitied those ignorant girls for their lack of a finer understanding. You do possess that understanding, yet you cast it aside! You are even worse than they."

"Impossible! They are low minded, vulgar——"

"And would it not be low-minded, even vulgar, to marry a man for whom you have absolutely no love whatever, simply for the sake of material comforts? Merely because you want a home?"

All day long the debate continued. When evening came she had made her decision.

"My work need not be so distasteful unless I allow the unpleasantness to master me. I shall make the best of it while I am in it. My various experiences shall be made to serve me, somehow, some time. Yes, I shall be true to principle, let follow what may. A different outlook will open up to me. I am sure of it."

So it happened that she said "No," to Frank Holmes when he asked for his answer that night.

Rural Mail Boxes Hung Up.

Philadelphia Record: Rural free delivery has a department string to it in the guise of an order compelling the ruralists to buy one out of fourteen specified mail boxes, or in default thereof to suffer exclusion from the free delivery privilege. Each jolly farmer must have an iron mail box and must buy it from one or another of the favored fourteen manufacturers. This is regarded by the department officials as a beneficent arrangement all around, but a senate amendment has upset it and the fur will fly in conference committee accordingly. Think of making the free delivery privilege contingent upon a reluctant purchase of some petty contractor's patented mail box!

A Case of Must.

Indianapolis Journal: After many statements to the contrary the commissioners of the St. Louis exposition have finally decided to postpone it till 1904. The decision is caused by the impossibility of completing all the buildings by 1903, and by the general disinclination of foreign governments to participate in the fair before 1904. The postponement ought to result in more thorough and satisfactory preparations.

ROYAL
Baking Powder
Made of Pure Grape Cream of Tartar.
Safeguards the food against alum.
ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

ART.

Give to barrows, trays and pans
Grace and glimmer of romance;
Bring the moonlight into noon
Hid in gleaming piles of stone;
On the city's paved streets
Plant gardens lined with lilacs sweet;
Let spouting fountains cool the air,
Singing in the sun-baked square;
Let stature, picture, park and hall,
Ballad, flag and festival,
The past restore, the day adorn,
And make tomorrow a new morn.
So shall the drudge in dusty frock
Spy behind the city clock
Retinues of airy kings,
Skirts of angels, starry wings,
His fathers shining in bright fables
His children fed at heavenly tables.
'Tis the privilege of Art
Thus to play its cheerful part,
Man on earth to acclimate
And bend the exile to his fate,
And, moulded of one element
With the days and firmament
Teach him on these as stairs to climb,
And live on even terms with Time;
Whilst upper life the slender rill
Of human sense doth overfill.
—EMERSON.

Old Homeric "Push" Outclassed.

Minneapolis Tribune: If there were some modern Homer to sing the physical prowess of the youth of the present generation, the chances are that Achilles, Ajax, Ulysses, Hector and all the rest of the old Homeric "push" wouldn't be in it with our college boys. The strength test being made in the educational institutions throughout the United States give some remarkable results, and indicate that the race in this country is not deteriorating.

Joys Money Cannot Command.

Saturday Evening Post: Within the past year the number of millionaires in this country has jumped over the four-thousand mark and it now in the fifth thousand. But all of them put together, with their millions piled in one big heap, cannot buy the joy of the small boy who lets down his little hook and hoists up the first fish of spring.

INNUENDO.

When woman talks of woman, then we see her at her worst—
Not the second, who is talked of, but the most loquacious first.
Itrolla NeOhfpct—ono PKommpn ,nu
When woman talks of woman, there is trouble in the air,
Uncertain in its details, but you may be sure it's there.
When man would talk of woman, or, indeed, of other men,
Why, something that is tangible will find expression then.
He may not like the person, but he lacks the art to say
A harmless thing that has a sting when said a certain way.
"Of course you've tried her cooking," with a quiet little sniff,
As if of something dreadful one had just obtined a whiff.
"You saw her with young Barker at the dance the other night?"
The tone alone would indicate it was a shameful sight.
"She's always changing servants, and I wonder why they leave!"
A meaning shrug of shoulders that must make the angels grieve.
"The manners of her children—have you noticed what they are?"
The thought expressed unspoken would do credit to a star.
However, this is nothing to the exclamation heard
When of the neighbor's husband one may chance to say a word.
It gives the chance she's seeking and accords well with her plan—
The essence of unkindliness is the way she says, "Poor man!"
—Chicago Post.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: No amount of love is sufficient to broil a beefsteak.

In the latter part of April all roads lead to the storage warehouse.

Anyway, ministers' fees to get married don't cost as much as lawyers' fees to get unmarried.

Plirting is so necessary to some girls that if there is nobody else to do it with they will pick out a picture from a photograph album and flirt with that.

The most active memories of a girl's life is just before her marriage, when she tries to figure out the percentage of presents her wedding invitations will bring.

As Good as They Build 'Em.

Philadelphia Ledger: Fast trains are indications of material progress. Prairie roads on which trains can make ninety-eight miles an hour must be composed of something more than the traditional right of way and two streaks of rust."

Foresees His Own Finish.

Chicago Post: Mr. Ware certainly takes a philosophical view of the duties he is soon to assume as pension commissioner, the fact that he expects to see us hide decorating the back yard fence would indicate that he intends to wear the sturdy footgear of Mr. Evans.

Thoughtful Friends.

Boston Globe: The Nebraska man who wrote the sermon for his own funeral knew a thing or two. The newspapers would never lack for copy if public men were allowed to write their own obituaries.

Warm Pace of Justice.

Minneapolis Journal: The dispatch with which a cold-blooded murderer in Detroit was hurried to prison for life sets an example that can well be followed in other cities. Now and then there are criminal cases in which the evidence is so nicely balanced that the accused is entitled to every delay that can possibly be wrung from the laws. But, on the other hand, there are many crimes of a flagrant nature, where the guilt of the accused is certain, that the ends of justice and public order are best attained by the utmost possible celerity.

Stirring Up the Mossbacks.

Philadelphia Record: British self-confidence has been given another severe shock in the appearance of American enterprise and capital to finance the London underground railway project. This means more than the mere floating of the undertaking financially. It means the use of American enterprise, in short, and the London newspapers are again busy trying to harmonize the situation with their claims that British commercial and financial supremacy has not been shaken very recently.

Another "Air" Line Road.

Brooklyn Eagle: A great national highway, 3000 miles long, extending from the Atlantic to the Pacific, would be a glorious achievement and a perfectly feasible one. We want one good road in this country, and that ought to be it.

STYLISH SPRING COSTUMES

Gown of Fancy Suiting and White Moire.

The material for this handsome street costume is a fancy suiting, but it will also be quite chic if developed of smooth finished cloth. Some of the newest features in tailor-mades, the basque or skirt as well as the broad-shoulder effects are combined in this smart gown. The long rolling collar and the straps over the shoulder and around the bottom of the skirt are of moire. The revers and the extension vest are of white moire stitched with several rows of Corticelli silk; small buttons are set down the center of the vest as well as on the fronts, and

clusters of buttons are placed on the shoulder straps and sleeves. The latter are quite novel, the fitted under sleeves of moire being completed with cloth oversleeves flaring at the bottom. The skirt is laid in wide tucks and spreads out into a very full flare at the hem.

As the season advances the preference for mixed and fancy suitings becomes more and more distinct, and it seems almost as if the latter would in a very short time be used entirely instead of the smooth-finished cloths; although the cloth is by far the most dressy in appearance, it is of more compact and closer weave than the mixed suitings and homespuns, which, together with Scotch tweed and covert cloth are in the lead at present.

The Maxim of Rhodes.

Chicago Chronicle: Rhodes' tombstone, as unimpassioned posterity will inscribe it, will perpetuate his only sentence now remembered: "Every man has his price and I have the price." That was the fundamental maxim of Rhodes' statesmanship.

Mighty Slow in One Thing.

Philadelphia Ledger: The British Pacific cable has reached the Fiji islands, on its way from Australia to Canada. The indications are that it will be finished talking about who shall build the one proposed for our use between the United States, Hawaii and the Philippines.

High Tide of Heroism.

Chicago Inter-Ocean: Man's chivalry toward woman has seldom been more heroically exemplified than in the case of Louis Hanck, who jumped into the Chicago river to rescue a drowning woman without waiting to get a report from the health department on the condition of the water.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Saturday, May 3—Matinee and Night.
AL. G. FIELD Greater MINSTRELS
The oldest minstrel organization in America.
50—People on the Stage—50
The big parade 11 a. m. daily.
Prices: Dress Circle and Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c; Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
MONDAY, MAY 5th.
First performance in Duluth of Augustus Thomas' Peerless Play
ARIZONA
New York production intact.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquette $1.00, Family Circle 75c, Balcony 50c.
Coming, York State Folks, May 6-7

Oil, Copper and Iron Stock
Certificates. We make them.
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Telephone 733, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

IN MICHIGAN.

Heavy License May Drive Out Brewers From Escanaba.

Escanaba—A brewary agent is authority for the statement that a number of the outside brewing companies which maintain agencies in this section will close them before May 1. The decision of Circuit Judge Stone to the effect that the outsiders are liable to the $500 license tax at every place where agencies are maintained is the reason for the impending departure. Other methods of reaching the trade will be followed.

Sault Ste. Marie—B. E. F. Rhodin, managing director of the Canadian Electro Chemical company, with works in the Canadian Soo, is in Philadelphia is in Philadelphia to attend a meeting of the directors of the American Alkali company. The result of the meeting will be the construction of alkili works in this city of about five times the capacity of those in the Canadian Soo, operated by the Canadian Electro Chemical company, which is the Canadian branch of the American Alkili company with headquarters at Philadelphia. The products of the chemical worksc are bleaching powder, caustic, soda and chloride of lime.

Orders have gone out from headquarters at the Canadian Soo that construction work be pushed with all possible speed on the Algoma Central road, the line which the Clergue syndicate is building and which is destined to tap the Hudson bay country. It is especially desired that the extension to Michipicoten harbor be ready for operation at an early day, and the forces of men at work will be increased to 4000 at once. The construction gangs are now at work about seventy-five miles from the Soo. Fifteen miles further on one of the most difficult engineering problems on the route will be encountered. This will be the construction of the bridge spanning the Montreal river. The bridge, with approaches, will be 1500 feet in length and at the center will be 130 feet above the water. It will cost $250,000 or more.

Calumet—Coal shipments are now being received freely in the Lake Superior copper district, and the receipts for the current year will probably be the largest in the history of the district. The question of coal supply is one of great importance to the mines in this district, where wood is now used to a very limited extent only the country having been pretty well cut over to the north of Portage lake. It is expected that 1,000,000 tons of bituminous and 50,000 tons of anthracite coal will be delivered to the mines of this district this summer. The Calumet & Hecla company is the heaviest consumer of soft coal, and it is understood that this year they will secure about 250,000 tons. The coal shipped to the mines in the vicinity of Calumet, with the exception of the Calumet & Hecla, Tamarack and Osceola, is delivered at Hancock and from there transported over the Mineral Range railroad.

Little Floyed Anderson, the 8-year-old son of Silvert Anderson, in his eagerness to get home from school yesterday, was crushed beneath the wheels of a wood cart, just outside of the school grounds. He rushed under the hoofs of the horses, death resulting instantly.

Iron Mountain—The village of Iron River is now wrestling with its first case of smallpox and the prospects are that many more cases will appear there. A traveling man arrived there from Atkinson, and after visiting all the stores and hotels in the place it was discovered that he was suffering from a fully developed case of smallpox. He was immediately taken to the pest house. The entire town has been exposed. He will not give his name.

SAME THING.

Tuberculosis In Man and Beast, Says Professor Behring.

Berlin, May 1.—Advance sheets of Prof. Behring's forthcoming book on tuberculosis in cattle are available. From them it is seen that in his book the professor details the results of six years' investigation ot Marburg, where he was assisted by Drs. Ruppet and Roemer.

Prof. Behring affirms that tuberculosis in man and cattle is propagated by identical baccilli and that the seeming differences between the human and cattle baccilli result from the capacity of the baccilli to accommodate themselves to the organism in which they live. The writer explains the process by which he reaches the conclusion that, chemically and physiologically, the tubercule baccilli in man and cattle are of the same species.

Prof. Behring says he has successfully infected cattle with virus from humans, producing thereby fatal animal tuberculosis. He also says that he has discovered a method to render cattle immuno against tuberculosis, which is done by vaccinating the cattle when they are young. This he declares to be his greatest discovery and says the method is in use on farms in Marburg. He alluded to his method of innoculating cattle in his speech at Stockholm when he was awarded one of the Nobel prizes.

HUSBAND WAS EXCITED.

Killed His Wife Instead of Man With Her.

St. Louis, May 1.—After hearing testimony in the case the coroner's jury rendered a verdict to the effect that Mrs. Nettie Fargo came to her death Tuesday morning through accident, being shot by her husband, Harry B. Fargo, while he was under the influence of violent excitement, caused by her conduct.

Mr. Fargo, who had unexpectedly returned to the city Monday night from Illinois, found his wife away from home. On her return shortly after midnight with another man, Fargo made an attempt to shoot her escort. In his excitement he shot his wife.

E. W. Grove
This signature is on every box of the genuine **Laxative Bromo-Quinine** Tablets
the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

MODERN.

Fire Apparatus Is All Ready to Ship to Manila.

New York, May 1.—Supplies for the new fire department that is to be organized in Manila by Hugh Bonner, this city's former fire chief, are to be shipped within ten days. The supplies indicate that the government wants an up-to-date fire department in the chief city of its new possessions.

Two steam fire engines, four chemical engines and two hook and ladder trucks and four hose carriages are the main part of the equipment. The supplies will get to Manila about the fourth of July and Chief Bonner may have his firemen drilled in readiness for an exhibition by that time.

AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Andrew Sandstrom, employed by the Cloquet Lumber company, had the misfortune of breaking his right arm yesterday.

Dell Loucks and Lillian Brocks were united in marriage by Judge Skemp Tuesday.

John Bloomberg and family are all down with scarlet fever. There are no cases reported, however, within the village limits.

County Attorney Green was a visitor in Cloquet yesterday.

The Northern company's big mill started up yesterday.

Rev. J. S. Sykes left for St. Paul Monday.

Rev. J. W. Heard is visiting his parents in Minneapolis this week. He will return for Sunday services.

Jessel & Lalonde have re-opened the pool room in the Bouchier block, lately occupied by Boyd Bros. The place has been newly painted, and a fresh stock of candies, cigars, fruit and soft drinks always on hand.

Canadian Pacific Steamers.

Leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. Sundays, Tuesdays or Fridays, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, direct connection is made with the Canadian Pacific steamers at Sault Ste. Marie for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and all points East.
M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

SAY NOTHING.

Operators and Miners Refuse to Disclose Results of Meeting.

New York, May 1.—After spending two entire days in endeavoring to arrive at a settlement of their differences, the operators and representatives of the United Mine Workers of America, who were brought together by the good offices of the National Civic Federation, have again referred their troubles to the committee on conciliation of that body. When the committee will meet for the purpose of taking the matter up had, up to a late hour last night, not been definitely settled, but the probability is that the meeting will take place either Friday or Saturday of the present week. When the committee of operators and representatives of the union adjourned sine die shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, a statement was given out which left the general public as much at sea on the proposition as before the negotiations began. Not a scrap of official or authentic information was obtainable to show what progress, if any, had been made toward a settlement.

"Our conference with the operators," said President Mitchell of the United Mine Workers of America, has been brought to a close. According to an arrangement with the National Civic Federation, by which the conference committee was appointed, we are to report to that body, the date of which has yet to be decided. Outside of this I cannot say a word for publication."

A little later a "general statement" was given out by the representatives of the big coal concerns at the conference. President George F. Baer of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal company acted as spokesman for the coal companies.

"Under the arrangement with the National Civic Federation," said he, "it was understood that the report of this committee should be made to that body. The committee on conciliation of that organization will meet Friday or Saturday. Until that body meets we cannot make a report to anybody."

In answer to a question, President Baer said that this was the arrangement whether the negotiations resulted in an agreement or disagreement.

Every effort to obtain additional information, either from the operators or the miners who have taken part in the conference, proved futile. The operators, however, seemed in a happy frame of mind. Nor did the miners seem in any degree downcast, and the concensus of opinion among the outsiders was that some progress had been made towards amicable settlment.

AN OPTION IS GIVEN

Deal Reported on For Oneota Iron Company's Properties.

Are Near Mesaba Station and Some Lie In Fine Position.

Pump Is at Work at McCumber Forty on Vermilion.

It is reported that the iron properties owned by the Oneota Iron company, one of the mining companies that flourished in the early boom days of the Mesaba range, have been optioned.

The identity of the people back of the deal is unknown. It is said that E. Falkner, a mining engineer who has lived in Duluth for some years, is the man that has given the option. Mr. Falkner was a stockholder in the Oneota company, the stock of which was originally quite largely held by the members of the Merritt family. Through some of the Merritts he obtained enough stock to give him control of the company.

The properties owned by the company have not been most highly thought of up to lately. They are near Mesaba station. In common with much other property on the Mesaba, it was suspected that it was out of range of the ore belt. This was particularly thought of the company's 160-acre tract. Now, however, it proves that the company's forty, which is the ne¼ of the sw¼ of section 12-59-14, is directly in line with the ore belt. The 160 is the sw¼ of section 13-59-14. Some contend that this is too far south to be affected by the iron formation. The Winchell belt tracing runs just along but above the northeast corner of the quarter section. According to Van Hise, however, the upper part of the quarter lies directly on top of the belt.

Mr. Falkner is said to be out of the city on a trip to Wisconsin. It is understood, however, that he declines to enlighten anybody on the subject of the option he has given. Information leaks out that it is based on a 20-cent royalty.

A pump has been started at the McCumber forty on the Vermilion range, and the water is being taken out of the shaft that was sunk during the early exploratory operations on the property. It is said that no definite course of operations has been outlined beyond determining what has been discovered in former explorations. To this end the shaft will be pumped out and those that have an option on the property will go up to look it over. Nobody seems to know just how deep the shaft was sunk, though some believe it was put down 100 feet. Others estimate the depth at sixty feet. If the showing made in the shaft is as promising as is expected, it is likely that operations to show up just what sort and extent of a deposit it is will be resumed at a very early day.

The newly organized Elizabeth Iron company is pushing exploratory work with a couple of drills an its property in section 12-57-21. Six holes were drilled before the Elizabeth company was organized to resume the explorations on a larger scale. It is understood that P. L. Kimberley, of Sharon, Pa., became associated with the original owners of the property, including J. P. Morrow, E. S. Palmer, J. T. Michaud and Charles Hunt, and that the company now has plenty of working capital and resources with which to see just what kind of a deposit it owns. The property is just to the east of the great Mahoning mine, the Penobscot, Rust and others in the Hibbing group.

Y.M.C.A. WINS.

Easily Defeats Superior Normal Team at Basket Ball.

In the last basket ball game of the season, the Y. M. C. A. won the championship of northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan.

The Superior Normal school team, which stood in the way of the championship, was put out of the running by a score of 58 to 19.

By winning this final game so decisively the Y. M. C. A. five is entitled to first honors in this part of the country and the only regret is that it is not given an opportunity to play the Minnesota University and other strong teams in the southern and central part of the state.

Last night's game was so much of a run-away that it became a little uninteresting toward the end. The line up:

Y. M. C. A.		Normals.
Ed. Smith	Guard	Clements
C. Berrini	Guard	Gillette
D. Deighton	Center	B. Clemens
Congdon	Forward	L. Charles
Peterson	Forward	Washburn

Municipal Court Jurors.

The following jurors have been summoned for municipal court duty next Tuesday morning: Edwin J. Ketchum, Joseph Trudel, Hanson Smith, Charles Winters, Christ Ottinger, I. Golez, Peter Anderson, R. O. Sweeny, Sr., P. K. Peterson, Charles Hoar, J. R. Randall, W. A. Holgate, Edward Erickson, J. C. Cook, H. D. Bullard, Peter Bohan, James D. Campbell, L. R. Bondy, G. F. Lange, Henry Brown, A. P. Anderson, Andrew Nelson, W. P. Mosher, Mitchell Lynch.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Saturday afternoon and evening Al G. Field's minstrels will hold forth at the Lyceum, and Duluthians will see as fine a minstrel show as there is on the road. The first part scene is said to be the finest thing of the line ever put before the people. The list of comedians and singers embraces some of the men best known in the line of minstrelsy, favorites everywhere. Among them are Jimmy Wall, John Blackford, Tommy Donnelly, Frank Fogarty, Doc Quigley, George Mullen, Tom Hyde, Charles Goldman, Charles Cartnell, Billy Cawley and Al G. Field, with Dan Quinlan as interlocutor.

"ARIZONA."

The coming of "Arizona" to the Lyceum Monday, May 5, is a dramatic treat long deferred. J. W. Cope, Dustin Farnum, Frazer Coulter, Grace Thorne, Frank Campeau, and all the favorites who had part in the second long run at the Academy of Music, New York, will be seen here. The scenic setting of "Arizona" is said to be particularly picturesque. The sketches for it were specially made in the Aravaipa Valley by Frederick Remington, the famous artist, who is a personal friend of Augustus Thomas, the author. Seats for "Arizona" will be placed on sale next Saturday.

WILL APPEAR.

West End Committee to Be at Library Board Meeting.

The library board will hold its regular meeting next Monday and the claims of the West End people for the re-establishment of their branch library will be presented and vigorously urged. The committee that was appointed by the West End citizens to investigate the matter and present their claims to the board, has prepared a large amount of data regarding the West End branch when it was in use and which the committee says must have weight with the board.

Alderman R. D. Haven is chairman of the committee and he feels confident that after the board fully understands the importance of the branch library to the West Enders, and the really small saving that will be accomplished by abandoning it, it will act favorably toward the West End petitioners.

The West Enders are still urging the necessity of larger representation on the library board from the western portion of the city and the Business Men's club will take the matter up at one of its meetings in the near future.

No date has been set for the next meeting of the club. President Nelson stated last evening that he will not issue a call for a meeting until after the Twentieth avenue station case, now in court, has been settled.

SHIPMENTS.

More Than Twenty Million Feet of Lumber Shipped In April.

Lumber shipments for the month of April from this port amounted to 17,200,000 feet, and shipments from Superior were about 5,000,000 feet. Last season there were no lumber shipments in April from the head of the lakes, in fact, this season is the first time there have been April lumber shipments since 1897. In that year only 1,000,000 feet cleared from Duluth in April.

This is taken to mean that lumber shipping for the season of 1902 will be very heavy this year, providing labor and other difficulties do not tie up the trade too long. Even with the start already made in the lumber movement by water last month, the vessels could be tied up for a number of days this month and the shipments would still be ahead of those of a corresponding period last season.

COUNTRY SCHOOLS.

Many of Them Close For Summer Vacation.

Some of the country schools have closed during the past two weeks and a number of others will close tomorrow. There will be very few of the rural dispesaries of learning in session after May 15. The schools in districts 7, 17, 19, 31 and 25 closed last Friday.

The past year has been marked by a steady improvement in the country school system. Nearly every rural school in St. Louis county has received state aid amounting to $100 and the two-room schools have been advanced to semi-graded schools, receiving $200 state aid.

The county school authorities claim that the educational standard of the rural schools of St. Louis county is equal to that in any of the other counties of the state for the reason that among the teachers in this county there is a larger percentage of those holding first grade certificates, graduates from the university and state normal schools.

County Superintendent A. T. Park finished his tour among the rural schools yesterday.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Dr. J. W. Taylor, grand high priest of the Grand Chapter of the Masonic order, in the United States, has granted a dispensation for a Masonic lodge in San Juan, Porto Rico, and will soon grant another for a lodge in Manila. These will be the first lodges to be instituted in the new insular possessions.

Professor R. A. Fessenden, the inventor and developer of a system of wireless telegraphy, has arranged to transmit all government business by wireless telegraphs from Roanoke island to Cape Hatteras, and thence by direct government wire to Norfolk and Washington.

Seven hundred employes of Morgan & Wright, manufacturers of bicycle tires, went on strike Wednesday to compel the reinstatement of fellowworkmen who it is claimed were discharged for joining a labor union. One hundred of the strikers are girls.

Senator Money, of Mississippi, who suffered a severe shock as a result of his difficulty with a street car conductor last week, has been confined to his apartments for several days past. It is doubtful whether he will be able to appear in court when the charges growing out of the affair are to be heard.

The proposed match between Jacob Schaefer, the champion billiard player of the world, and Maurice Vignaux, the French expert, scheduled to take place in New York, May 19, has been declared off at the Frenchman's suggestion. Schaefer will sail for Paris on Saturday for the purpose of collecting the forfeit posted by Vignaux.

CURES WEAK MEN FREE.

Insures Love and a Happy Home for All.

How any man may cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small weak organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. Knapp Medical Co., 783 Hull building, Detroit, Mich., and they will gladly send the free receipt with full directions so that any man may easily cure himself at home. This is certainly a most generous offer, and the following extracts taken from their daily mail, show what men think of their generosity.

"Dear Sirs:—Please accept by sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treatment a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

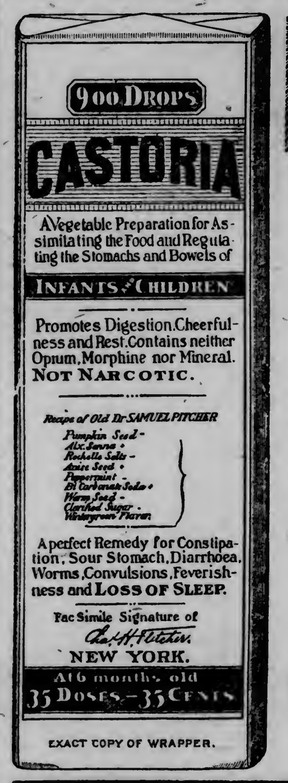
"Dear Sirs:—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sirs:—Yours was received, and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain, sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the asking and they want every man to have it.

Don't Poison Baby.

FORTY YEARS AGO almost every mother thought her child must have PAREGORIC or laudanum to make it sleep. These drugs will produce sleep, and A FEW DROPS TOO MANY will produce the SLEEP FROM WHICH THERE IS NO WAKING. Many are the children who have been killed or whose health has been ruined for life by paregoric, laudanum and morphine, each of which is a narcotic product of opium. Druggists are prohibited from selling either of the narcotics named to children at all, or to anybody without labelling them "poison." The definition of "narcotic" is: *"A medicine which relieves pain and produces sleep, but which in poisonous doses produces stupor, coma, convulsions and death."* The taste and smell of medicines containing opium are disguised, and sold under the names of "Drops," "Cordials," "Soothing Syrups," etc. You should not permit any medicine to be given to your children without you or your physician know of what it is composed. CASTORIA DOES NOT CONTAIN NARCOTICS, if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS & CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES—35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE **CASTORIA** ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE DAKOTAS.

Seven Business Houses at Fargo Destroyed By Fire.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Fargo, May 1.—Fire, which started at 1:30 Wednesday night, destroyed seven business houses before it was brought under control. At midnight the fire was still burning, but all danger of further spreading seemed over. The Masonic Temple and the new opera house block were on fire at one time, but the blazes were quickly extinguished. The loss is estimated at $30,000, partially covered by insurance.

Armour—The Republicans of Douglas county have held their county convention and elected thirteen delegates to attend the state convention at Sioux Falls. They indorsed Kittredge, Burke and Martin and passed resolutions commending Governor Herried's administration of state affairs. The convention was very unanimous and the following delegates were chosen: F. Lecocq, B. T. Bayliss, K. G. Foster, T. B. Roberts, W. E. Tipton, H. Vis, F. Van Zee, J. H. Holmes, George D. Card, R. W. Russell, Timothy Norton, C. H. C. Barrett, E. E. Edwards and William Pfiefer.

Jamestown—Alvin Clough created quite a stir by escaping from quarantine at his mother's residence and coming down town. He was rounded up before he had mingled with the people to any great extent and taken to the detention hospital. A. Jackson and Tom Flanerty were taken to the pesthouse Sunday. The latter is a transient. Dan Carney, the other patient at the detention hospital, is almost well and will be discharged this week. All the cases are mild ones.

Fargo—Professor H. L. Bolley, who has attained fame from his discoveries for treating seed grains for smut at the North Dakota agricultural college, is engaged on a new theory which promises to eclipse his former efforts. Instead of treating the seed grain with a solution of formaldehyde, the professor purposes to treat it with formaldehyde gas, which will be cheaper and also much more easily done. Several tests have been successfully made, but Mr. Bolley wishes to get some extra bad smutted.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Armour—Mrs. Oleson, housekeeper for Dave Spaulding, walked into Pike's billiard hall, where Spaulding was engaged in a quiet game of cards, and in true frontier style threw a lasso over his head and led him away from the card table to his home. Spalding protested, but his protests were of no avail. "Come along sonny," were the woman's words and she led him from the room and along the street two blocks to their home. Spaulding is a widower with several children. Mrs. Oleson is a widow, and she has been keeping house for him for about a year.

Vermillion—This city has been troubled the past week by a fire fiend. Several alarms were sounded and only the prompt work of the fire department saved serious loss. For several years the stockyards owned by Lee & Prentis and the Thompson-Lewis company have been a menace to residents of the city, but so far the authorities have never seen fit to move them from the city limits. It is in this locality that the incendiary is attempting to work. Frank Porter, a student at the university, was arrested as a suspect, having been seen at a late hour Saturday near a building which had been fired.

Woonsocket—There is much excitement over the attempt of the saloonkeepers to secure license for the next year after the city has just voted "no license." The saloonmen were caught napping on election day, and the anti-license people, by hard hustling carried the city by a majority of seventeen. The license men assert that the city had been colonized by the antis, and many illegal votes run in. The saloonkeepers will demand license again on the ground that the notice of nominations did not advertise the license question, and that the vote was not taken on a separate ballot. Public sentiment is very strong against the effort of the saloonkeepers to run saloons after having been defeated in the election.

ORIGINAL "UNCLE SAM."

Old New Hampshire Homestead Sold at Auction.

Mason, N. H., May 1.—The Wilson homestead, said to be the birthplace of the original "Uncle Sam" was sold at auction this afternoon for $1500. The purchaser was Capt. Orren A. Hamblett, of Washington. "Uncle Sam" was Samuel Wilson, the eldest of twelve children born on this farm. During the second war with England, as the story goes, he and his brother Edward were contractors for government supplies at Troy, N. Y. It was the Wilsons' idea to label their beef and pork packings "U. S." and as Samuel Wilson was generally called "Uncle Sam," the army quickly referred to the supplies as "Uncle Sam's." This title quickly was applied to the government and after the war was used everywhere in the United States.

SURGICAL OPERATIONS

How Mrs. Bruce, a Noted Opera Singer, Escaped an Operation. Proof That Many Operations for Ovarian Troubles are Unnecessary.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Travelling for years on the road, with irregular meals and sleep and damp beds, broke down my health so completely two years ago that the physician advised a complete rest, and when I had gained

MRS. G. BRUCE.

sufficient vitality, an operation for ovarian troubles. Not a very cheerful prospect, to be sure. I, however, was advised to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash;** I did so, fortunately for me. Before a month had passed I felt that my general health had improved; in three months more I was cured, and I have been in perfect health since. I did not lose an engagement or miss a meal.

"Your Vegetable Compound is certainly wonderful, and well worthy the praise your admiring friends who have been cured are ready to give you. I always speak highly of it, and you will admit I have good reason to do so."—MRS. G. BRUCE, Lansing, Mich.
$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.

The fullest counsel on this subject can be secured without cost by writing to Mrs Pinkham, Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be entirely confidential.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
At Philadelphia—New York, 6; Philadelphia, 5.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 7; St. Louis, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
At Chicago—Chicago, 4; Cleveland, 0.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 1; Detroit, 0.
At Baltimore—Baltimore, 5; Boston, 4.
At Washington—Philadelphia, 11; Washington, 7.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.
At Louisville—Louisville, 13; Milwaukee, 2.
t Toledo—Minneapolis, 2; Toledo, 1.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 13; Kansas City, 7.
At Columbus—Columbus, 8; St. Paul, 6.

WESTERN LEAGUE.
At Omaha—Peoria, 5; Omaha, 9.
At Denver—Denver, 5; Kansas City, 6.
At Des Moines—Milwaukee, 6; Des Moines, 5.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Pittsburg	10	8	2	.800
Chicago	9	6	3	.667
New York	12	7	5	.583
Philadelphia	11	6	5	.545
Boston	11	5	6	.456
Brooklyn	12	5	7	.417
Cincinnati	10	3	7	.300
St. Louis	9	2	7	.233

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Detroit	5	3	2	.600
Chicago	6	4	2	.667
Washington	7	4	3	.571
Boston	7	4	3	.571
Philadelphia	6	3	3	.500
Baltimore	6	3	3	.500
St. Louis	7	3	4	.429
Cleveland	8	3	5	.375

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Columbus	6	5	1	.834
St. Paul	5	3	2	.600
Milwaukee	6	3	3	.500
Indianapolis	5	3	2	.600
Louisville	7	4	3	.571
Kansas City	6	3	3	.500
Toledo	6	2	4	.334
Minneapolis	7	2	5	.286

FLOUR EXPORT RATES.

A More Satisfactory Condition Arranged For.

New York, May 1.—Recent protests of Northwestern millers against export rates on flour are said to be in a fair way to bring about a more satisfactory condition. This is the result of negotiations conducted by President Hill of the Great Northern, and Mellen, of the Northern Pacific, with the management of Eastern trunk lines.

An understanding has practically been reached under which it will be possible for Northwestern milling interests to have their export output carried to Duluth by the Northern Pacific or Great Northern, thence by boat to Buffalo and by rail to New York, where it is to be given to the steamships in the merger recently effected by Morgan.

BROOKLYN ARRIVES.

New York, May 1.—The armored cruiser Brooklyn arrived off Sandy Hook at 5:30 o'clock this morning. Rear Admiral Remey, commander-in-chief of the Asiatic station left Cavite, P. I., March 1 on the Brooklyn, having completed his term of service on the station.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

SPECIAL SALE

Smyrna ...RUGS...

Two Days—Friday and Saturday

Do you need a new Rug? If you do, this is your opportunity. Friday morning and continuing through Saturday we place on special sale a large and choice selection of Smyrna Rugs. These are extra heavy Rugs—rich in coloring and pleasing in design—being reversible, either side can be used. This is a money-saving opportunity for Rug seekers, and you cannot afford to let it pass. These Rugs are all in room sizes and would add much to the attractiveness of one of YOUR rooms.

6x9 size, regular $12.00 value, only **$6.75**

7-6 x 10-6 size, regular $18.00 value, for **$10.00**

9 x 12 size, regular $25.00 value, for **$13.75**

Everything Sold on Monthly Payments.

We have started many a young couple on the road to happiness and prosperity by our credit plan. What we have done for others we can do for you. Come in and talk the matter over with us—whether prepared to buy or not.

OUR TERMS.

$25.00 worth of goods	$ 5.00 a month.
$35.00 worth of goods	6.00 a month.
$50.00 worth of goods	7.00 a month.
$60.00 worth of goods	8.00 a month.
$75.00 worth of goods	9.00 a month.
$100.00 worth of goods	10.00 a month.

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

AT WEST DULUTH

The 'longshoremen who are now on a strike have taken exception to the impression said to have been given out that the business interests of the city are against them in their fight against the vesselmen. The men say that it is of the utmost importance to the business interests that they gain their point and have already been assured of the symathy of a number of business men. Said one 'longshoreman this morning:

"We signed the 50-cent scale last winter, but we did it expecting that there would be no change of conditions that ordinarily govern the opening of the lumber shipping business in the spring.

"To gain their own ends, that is, get the highest possible rate, the vesselmen kept their boats tied up for about thirty days after the ice was out and the vessels could have been loaded here. We expected that, with the large amount of business the lumber carriers claimed to have in sight for this season, shipping would begin earlier and we would have been given employment, but it seems that we were not figured in the vesselmen's calculations at all.

"We have been accused of trickery, of waiting until the season was well underway and a lot of lumber boats had been rushed up here before we struck. The idea is entirely wrong for no trickery was intended. We had to wait until the season was started to see what the rates would be, also the general conditions to see if we would be justified in asking for an advance of 10 cents per hour. The work of the lumber shover is arduous and it is irregular and 60 cents an hour for the men who must work in any kind of weather is not too much.

"The advance in wages asked is practicelly an advance of 1 cent a thousand feet of lumber, yet the vesselmen will make more of paying out this extra cent than of putting their rates up 50 cents."

HAVE NOT STRUCK.

Lumber Pilers Not Out on Strike as Rumored.

There was a rumor afloat in West Duluth this morning that some of the lumber pilers at the mills here had struck for an advance of 25 cents per day in wages. Inquiry was made at the several mill yards, but so far as can be learned there is no strike on. The mill men say that everything is running along satisfactorily and all the men are working. They say further that they do not anticipate any trouble with the pilers for the reason that the men held a meeting a few days ago and expressed themselves satisfied with the wages they are now getting, which is $2.25 per day.

It is said that no strike would be declared, anyway, until after a meeting held by the men at which the request for the raise would be made. At the beginning of last season the lumber pilers were getting but $2 per day of ten hours. They struck for $2.25, which was granted them after the local mills had been tied up for some days. While not so large an organization as the 'longshoremen's, there is a well organized union that has made a good record for itself in the past.

WATER IS LOW.

The low stage of water in the bay this spring has been noticeable at the various lumber docks, and already a number of the lumber boats have had trouble in getting away from the docks. This morning the steamer Joseph L. Hurd, owned by Leatham & Smith, went aground while trying to make the Murray & Jones dock. The steamer was still aground at noon, and will probably be pulled off by a tug this afternoon. The steamer Paisley, now loading in the Mitchell & McClure slip, is said to be resting on the bottom, and that only during a stiff northeaster will she be able to get out with a load.

TO BE FOURTEEN FEET.

The board of public works, at a meeting held yesterday afternoon, decided to build 14-foot sidewalks on either side of Central avenue, between Main and Cody streets. This will leave four feet between the new curb and road uncovered, but the old curb line will probably not be moved until the street is repaved. Now that the width of the sidewalk has been decided, a number of the property owners will go ahead and put down cement walks. The business men along Central avenue believe that the uncovered four feet strip will have much to do in hastening the repaving of the avenue.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Asbury auxiliary of the W. F. M. S. will hold its regular meeting at the home of Mrs. Swangie, of Main street and Fifty-eighth avenue west, Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

H. W. Lanners and family have moved from Fifty-seventh avenue west to 412 Fifty-third avenue west.

The store building at 218 Central avenue, formerly occupied by Erward Dormedy as a grocery, is being fitted out as a billiard hall.

A. L. Newton has moved into his new cottage, just built, near his mill, at Fortieth avenue west.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hammer, 326 Fifty-seventh avenue west.

Mrs. W. H. Sweet, of 125 Fifty-sixth avenue west, is entertaining Miss M. Heyer, her cousin.

Miss Maud Wallace and Miss Nettie Juveland will leave soon for Oregon.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

A lighter and younger feeling pervades your body. A spirit of happiness creeps into your life after taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Attention Knights Pythias.

May 5 the Northern Pacific will, on account installation of new K. P. lodge at Bemidji, sell tickets Duluth to Bemidji and return for $6.65. Good going May 5, returning May 7. Train leaves 8:40 a. m. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

Slot Machines OF ALL KINDS.

Electric Banjos, Phonographs. Put one or more in your place of business. They soon pay for themselves. Sold in Duluth by

PAGE & BATES,

Phones 980 and 1058. 413 W. Mich. St

THE FASHIONABLE "TOWN COSTUME"

It Is No Longer a Tailor Suit or a Cloth Suit, But It Is Prettier Than Either.

New York, April 26.—Have you a town costume?

It will not do to call it a tailor-made suit, nor must you classify it under the simple title of a cloth suit. You must call it a "town costume," and you should have one if you want to be in the swim—and of course you do.

There are many varieties of gowns from which one may choose in order to have the fashionable town costume. There are numerous colors, ranging from light pink to dark brown. And there are a great many samples of cloth and other material, for one can choose a black muslin and have it tailored, or one can select a cheviot and have it lightly trimmed.

It is the color that counts and the style that tells. It does not so much depend upon the goods or the color as upon the treatment.

Miss Randolph, the debutante daughter of William C. Whitney, has a town costume in pink cloth trimmed with lozenges of Havana brown velvet, each one overlaid with Brussels lace. The skirt has a fitted or graduated flounce, to give it the English name, instead of the fancy French one, and there is a little bolero of Brussels lace which fits very tightly—in fact, is applied to the tight-fitting pink cloth bodice. At the back there are little lace tails and there is a pink panne belt, which holds the tails down very tight and comes around to the front and hooks under a steel buckle.

With a street costume it is a good thing to use the side buckle, so that the beauty of this piece of jewelry is not hidden under the front of the blouse. Of course you must have a buckle to match it on the other side. The back of the belt is high, small and plain, but the front may be pulled low and uffed, or elaborated in any way one pleases.

Mrs. "Jack" Astor has a new cloth gown in bisque color. This is a shade made familiar under several names. It is called mode color. It is also known as one of the shades of tan. Again, it is imitated in a faint peach tint, but, after all, there is a delicacy in the true bisque that can not be found in the other colors that are so much like it.

Bisque suede gloves, by the way, are worn for evening with black gowns, and also with white ones—a new fad—and very nice they look. They are quite taking the place of white and lemon color, and are rivaling, if not surpassing, pearl. They are very delicate and suggest, ever so little, a light chamois color. The idea of wearing bisque and flesh-colored gloves with a white dress is fast becoming very popular.

The question of how much to pay for a tailored suit at this time of year is more than interesting to the woman with a little money to spend. The White House agitation about dressing on $300 a year called attention to the fact that $50 was not considered an exorbitant sum to pay for a tailor-made dress. And it is not. In the light of the cost of the material and the amount of work which is put on the new tailored suits, $50 is cheap, and the woman with $50 to spare for a cloth suit should not hesitate about expending it in this manner.

The tailored suits that sell for $100 are well worth the money also. They can be worn indefinitely, for they are of such high-grade goods that they do not shrink, nor lose color, and they will keep their style well. You can wear them spring and fall for several seasons, or until you can afford to get another $100 suit.

Yet it is a fact, an undeniable fact, that there live a great many very estimable women who do not feel as though they could afford to pay $100 for a single suit. There are even women who have to dress the entire spring on $100 and part of the summer.

It is no use to advise a woman with exactly $100 to go out and spend it on a bisque-colored cloth gown. For how will she buy her stitched-back gloves, and where will her tailor-made, boat-shaped hat come in, and where is she to get the fluffy boa, all of satin ribbon loops, which she is to throw around her neck?

But, doing without gloves and boa and making her old hat go, she must still consider her shoes. Colonial ties are in; and the dull finish leather shoes and the kids without gloss. Then, too, the low patent leathers, with buckles on the instep, and the shoes with the new high heels that are easy to walk in because so square—all are in. And the shell-patterned stockings in shades to match the gown.

The matter of a black silk petticoat is something, even though she be a woman who buttons a silk flounce on a muslin yoke; and she must have a tight-roll, tan-colored silk umbrella, with a gold handle—to go with her bisque suit.

The little wrist bags are so necessary these days, made of beads, with the reverse side in silk. The under side should not be beaded, because of the fact that beads tear the skirt and wear it out in spots.

The watch fob of ribbon, to match the gown, with gold trimmings, is very necessary, and the long neck chain, which is worn more than ever.

As a matter of fact, those who dress with good taste and plenty of money are buying two waists with every street suit, and two hats. Whether one has two waists or not, one should have two hats.

Suppose one owns a gown of that popular material, homespun, of lightweight. And suppose it be in that latest furore of color, brick red. A gown of this kind is tastefully trimmed with black taffeta bands and with black trimmings in the form of very narrow passementerie, and very narrow black lace, no wider than baby ribbon. The skirt is made in the prevailing mode for homespun, plain, with the foot flare.

The waist is a blouse, open all the way down the front, to show the undervaist. There are straps across it at the bust line, and half way between bust and belt. These are of homespun bands, bound with black silk.

With such a gown two hats are recommendable. One should be a black, wheel-shaped hat, raised at the side. Under the raised portion there can be a black bird's wing or two wings, both pointing back.

This hat, which is to be all black and very serviceable, is made entirely of horse-hair, to give it its plain name, and will bear all kinds of wear without tearing. It positively is not injured by the weather. A little waterproof maline is twisted around the brim and the top is in seevral varieties of the horse-hair treated so that it is very smart. Some of the finest of the Fifth avenue hats are of this material. These hats are delightful and there are few women who do not own one or two.

The other hat is a dressier one, and is a large boat-shaped hat of satin straw. The sides turn up a very little, and the hat is large. Its crown is very simply trimmed with a bunch of roses at one side. One side of the hat is lifted a trifle to show a few pink roses nestling next the hair.

The brim is trimmed with black lace, falling like a curtain over the face, and at the back there are curtain tabs. Black lace is pretty, but so is white, and one should consider one's uses for the hat before choosing. If one is deft with the needle, one can buy a hat trimmed with a white lace sash, and afterward remove it for the black lace curtain.

The part which black muslin is to play in the summer's wardrobe can be only surmised. Every modiste is making a black muslin gown, and there are numerous gowns of this material for sale.

Black muslin comes with a silky finish that makes it look like silk, and it is so lustrous that it takes the place of more expensive material. It is not always cheap, either, but it wears pretty well and does not cost as much as the mousselines and crepes and the delicate light goods which it replaces.

Pink cloth, that most delicate of all things, is being made into street gowns. The durability depends entirely upon one's ability to keep the dress clean—and upon luck. Sometimes it will happen that a lovely gown in peach cloth, trimmed, as so many of these dresses are, with black velvet bands above the flounce, and with a wide black velvet belt holding in the Louis XVI coat, will meet with misfortune at the first wearing. One unhappy breeze from an ash cart, one spattering from the muddy wheels of a passing cab, one unfortunate small boy with sooty elbows, and the gown is gone! Again, and it can be worn indefinitely; and, afternoon after afternoon it can grace the avenue as one takes one's daily promenade. It is entirely good taste this year to wear these gowns on the street.

A very fastidious woman, whose taste runs to these light gowns, for she is slender and graceful, declares that she has worn a cloud gray suede cloth every afternoon for two weeks, calling and walking, and that it positively shakes clean and clear after each wearing.

It is trimmed with turquoise, with a very little pearl panne bordering the turquoise to make it still more delicate. The hat is a great black one, with a plume eighteen inches long sweeping the brim, and the gloves which this woman wears are black suedes, while her belt and stock are also black. This is a very French costume.

The dust coats are going to help out a little when these light cloth dresses are under consideration. They are made in black taffeta, and most of them have stiff suede cuffs that turn back, and set out in the style which all the Louis kings liked. These smart flaring cuffs are appliqued with white lace lozenges as big as a silver dollar, and are very striking.

Most of the black silk dust coats have sailor collars, very wide and trimmed with white lace lozenges. They are fastened in front with a wide black silk sash that floats nearly to the floor.

The made sash should have a chapter of its own. It is of black silk, cut on the bias, with hemmed edges. At the bust, where the sash is fastened, in the case of the long coat, it is made into a big rosette, with a hook underneath that does the work of fastening. There is a black silk strap which buttons over the bust, and another strap below it.

The black silk dust coat flies open and, though it has a partly fitted back, like an English racing coat, it is a loose garment and one that is gracefully elegant. It does protect the light cloth gown a little, and for driving and traveling, is just the thing. It is pretty for evening wear, and is easily slipped off at the theater. It is graceful for walking, but will not do for the pedestrian girl, as it is so long that it requires constant holding up, it should touch the ground all the way around. In lifting this coat, lift the skirt of the dress with it. All should be carried in one big handful.

It is not the time to speak of shirt waists, when one is on the fascinating topic of full length, much tailored gowns for the street, yet how can one think of summer without them?

To say that they are varied means little; to declare that they are made of every material means a great deal. That they are fashioned of every fabric that comes from the loom is no exaggeration, and to assert that they are trimmed in a great many ways but faintly voices the numerous styles in which they are found.

Handsome shirt waists are made by strapping one's ordinary waist across the front with Princess of Wales bands. These are black velvet bands put on diagonally, with a rosette no bigger than a cherry at each end of the band. Three bands, diagonally across the front, of graduating length, the widest one at the top, will trim up an ordinary or a plain shirt waist.

They are taking shirt waists that have shirt sleeves, and wearing muslin sleeves under them, with the muslin draped heavily around the hand. To do this is not difficult. The foundation of it all is the puffed undersleeve, which is gathered into a little band at the wrist. But, instead of puffing the under sleeve, one can take it and lay it in side plaits in the cuff, and this gives the draped effect, as a shirred or gathered puff will not do Sometimes the back of the sleeve is laid in plaits, three inches wide, so that the puff appears as though it were laid in big folds.

It is odd to note the tightness of the upper part of the sleeves and the great baggy draped lower part. But that is the style and the summer girl must bow to it, and not only that, but she must embrace and imitate it, and follow it out, as though she loved it.

There are a few slender souls to whom the tight shoulders and the little tight upper sleeves are not becoming, and for these, there are Gibsonian shoulders which are made by plaiting the front of the waist and turning the plaits back toward the shoulders.

All the cloth gowns, it is safe to say every one of them, are made so that a shirt waist can be worn beneath. Many of them really demand a shirt waist, for the neck of the dress shows, and the vest.

There come little false vests to be slipped in and necks that are like berthas. But, after all, it is better to have a shirt waist beneath the little cloth coat so that the latter can be slipped off.

This is the almost universal custom, and the woman who is getting a cloth suit better have it fitted over a taffeta shirt waist which may be ever so plain, yet can have a pretty lace stock and a little strip of ribbon for a belt.

Such a waist is no more than a corset cover in matter of thickness, and is so very comfortable when it comes to the convenience of being able to slip off one's waist or coat.

To make the figure slender they are fluting wide ribbons to a stiff band. The band is hooked around the waist and the ribbons hang down. Just above the knees they are attached to a flounce, which acts as a petticoat. Thus one wears a skirt that is only a skeleton above the knees.

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP

Keeps Lady and Baby Sweet as Roses.

Makes the skin soft as velvet, improves any complexion, keeps the skin free from pimples, wrinkles and all facial blemishes. Keep your digestion and blood in good order by using Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure. It makes good, rich blood, enables you to eat what you like and all you like. Cures dizziness, constipation and all stomach troubles.

SHOWING THE NEW SLEEVES.

Dainty white lawn waist with the new sleeves, close at the upper part and expanding below into balloon like proportions. Every detail of this little waist is the very newest. Note the short yoke, and the blouse richly embroidered on black. From the West End.

THE NEW MOUSQUETAIRE HAT.

This picturesque new model of tan straw. It has a very high crown and a band of black folded velvet. Three rosettes with steel cabochouh are set at the side. Three long black plumes fill the raised side of the brim.

The Ends Of Justice

By Frank H. Sweet.

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That an officer of the law could be wholly an instrument of execution was exemplified by Sheriff Turner. During twenty years of rounding up criminals of all sorts he had never once allowed personal feelings to interfere with duty. With him an order was not to be tampered with, even in the mode of executing; and if he was susceptible of such unofficial weakness as sympathy or indecision, they never appeared upon the surface. Moreover, he was a keen reader of faces and had a memory that was far-reaching and relentless.

So it came about that the man who had Sheriff Turner on his trail had cause to fear, and if there were opportunities for doubling or twisting among the labyrinth of city buildings or fastnesses of deep forests, he took advantage of it to the uttermost, and then counted himself a lucky man if he escaped.

The sheriff was in a river town working up an important case, when the levee gave way and allowed the overcrowded waters of the Mississippi to leap forth in a wild, resistless flood. It did not matter that he was almost upon his quarry or that a few minutes would have ended a long three months' chase. The flood was not a respector of the law, or of shrewdness and determination, and he was forced back and the black waters rushed in between and bore away his success as easily as they had torn the mighty levee from its foundations and scattered it over the fertile fields of the sugar plantations.

But more disastrous than flooded fields or thwarted law were the objects which the mad flood bore upon its surface, or drew down from time to time into its turbulent depths. The fragment of a negro cabin, with perhaps half a dozen frightened faces peering from its unsubmurged angles, would whirl and eddy with the conflicting currents until some obstructing rock or tree would give it a violent jar, when one or all of the faces would disappear. Floating bits of wreckage of all kinds had their unwilling passengers; cats with big eyes and humped backs, domestic fowls craning their necks to keep above the surging water, and even occasional farm animals whose frantic struggles had gained them this temporary point of vantage. Sometimes a violent upheaval of this water would throw an object toward the surface which would cause one to turn away with a shudder; even the tossing bit of roof or whirling timber could offer no succor to that inanimate hand-clinched thing now.

Sheriff Turner saw one of these objects for a brief second as it was borne past him on the flood, and the sight drove away all self-consciousness. He was a strong man in other ways than his profession, and what was transpiring before his eyes made him hurl himself far out into the mad rush of waters and wreckage.

As he struggled back again toward land with his first prize from the flood he was conscious of another man battling near him, on the same errand. Several times during the afternoon he noticed him taking women and children from rafts and tossing debris plunging into seething whirlpools after exhausted unfortunates who had been torn from their hold, and clambering up banks or upon secure masses of wreckage to leave his burdens in places of safety, staggering with weakness, but strong enough to plunge in again to the rescue of someone weaker than himself. Sheriff Turner only noticed him as their work brought them together. He was too busy himself for watching. But as the afternoon wore away, disclosing the man again and again, always risking his life always steady, mechanical, self-controlled, he began to wonder and admire, as one brave man will wonder at and admire another.

And with this admiration there presently began to mingle a curious sense of recognition. He only caught momentary glimpses of the strong, bearded face as the man rose from the waters with someone he had rescued, or plunged back again to continue his work. He never forgot a face and this man had crossed his memory somewhere. He could not remember how or when, or whether for good or bad, but it did not matter. It would all come to him when he had leisure to turn his mind back upon the past.

And it did. That night as he was lying on a cot in a small building on the very edge of the flood, he sprang suddenly to his feet with a low exclamation of relief. He had lain down exhausted, but not to sleep. Now he was strong, with eyes flashing, but steady, and with lips close shut and stern. He was no longer the heroic man whose life was a free offering for others, but a Nemesis of the law, mechanical, implacable, just. It had come to him with a rush, as he had believed it would; and though the strong, bearded face had crossed his memory half a decade before, and then only as one incident of a busy day, the scene returned to him now as clear cut and vivid as though he had but just come from the courtroom. There was a white-haired judge upon the bench, and the arguing lawyers, and the prisoner, calm, collected, pleading guilty in a voice as clear, and triumphant as though acknowledged a deed of duty or valor. The beard had been black and glossy then, and the figure slighter, but the man was the same, he was as sure of it as he was that the sun would rise in the east and set in the west. And here he was in the same building sleeping off the exhaustion of the day's battling with the flood. It was strange.

Sheriff Turnir was a man of action. Ten years before he had had a warrant for this man's arrest; now he would take him officially as an escaped prisoner. Leaving his room he walked three doors down the hall and then rapped sharply. A wondering voice called "Come in."

A dim light was burning and as he crossed the room to the bedside Sheriff Turner looked at the man sharply. Yes, he had not been mistaken. A strong face like that was not often seen, and certainly was not to be forgotten.

"You are Clifford Waite," he said.

The man started, but did not answer.

"Of Orange county, New York," the sheriff went on quickly. "I arrest you for the murder of Pete Bolly, eleven years ago."

For a moment the man shivered, as though struck by an icy blast, then his face grew calm and strong again as before.

"Yes; I am Clifford Waite, of Orange county, New York," he answered, raising himself to a sitting posture, "and I executed the miscreant Pete Bolly, whom a bribed jury turned loose upon the community eleven years ago. And, moreover, looking the sheriff calmly in the face, "I consider it was a good gift to the state. People tell me I have done good work—I was told that yesterday—but none of it has been of such real benefit as ridding the country of such a villain as Pete Bolly. The law itself would have done it long before had it not been for his money. You know that. But, of course," breaking off suddenly, "that does not affect my case."

"No; it does not affect your case," the sheriff said, coldly, "you will please get ready as quickly and quietly as possible. A train leaves here at midnight. I do not wish to make a disturbance."

"I understand," he answered dryly. "And fear I have so many friends here it might be difficult to take me away. I think you are right. However, we will go quietly. Now, I am discovered, it would only be a question of a few weeks at most. I have often had a desire to go back and try to clear myself at home. If it were not for my wife—"

"Yes; I came here without a dollar, and one of the merchants gave me a position as bookkeeper without even asking for references. Later, I bought him out and put up a brick block. Five years ago I married his daughter. It will be hard on her," a slight break coming into his voice, in spite of his self-control, "she believes in me thoroughly, and—and—" He turned abruptly, and Sheriff Turner, remembering the scenes of the turbulent flood, stretched out his hands under a sudden impulse, then remembered his office and was himself again.

"Come, we have no time to spare," he said harshly. "You must hurry."

As they passed down the corridor there came a sudden dull roar which caused them to exchange hurried glances. Then followed a hoarse cry from somewhere outside.

"The levee is down at Viteau! Fly! Fly! for your lives! The flood is on us again."

"It is a pity you recognized me," the man said, regretfully. "You and I could do more here."

"Yes; we are needed here," the sheriff assented. He looked at his companion and a flush of conscious shame mantled his face. Through all his years of office he could not remember such irresolution as had been his during the last half hour. Then he threw out his hands with a sudden gesture, as though flinging consequences to the wind.

"Will you give me your word to come back when the flood subsides?" he demanded.

"Yes; if I am alive."

"Then we will go and do what we can. If we get through it all right, we will meet here and go to Orange county together. Now, come."

The work was more dangerous than they had experienced during the day, for now it was too dark to see the black masses of wreckage until it was too late to avoid them. And the flood lasted longer. All through the night they battled with the currents, and all through the next day, and when at last the water began to subside it left Sheriff Turner bruised and helpless upon one of the banks, and beside him was the man he had recognized, his strong, bearded face now upturned to the sky, white and inanimate.

Presently came the sound of carriage wheels, and a woman hurried forward, clasping and unclasping her hands and sobbing to herself.

"He was so good to me," she moaned, as she flung herself on her knees beside the silent form, "so good to me and to everybody." Then she raised her head and a new light came into her eyes. "He is dead," she said softly, "but it has been good for me to have known him—good to have been his wife."

"And it has been good for me to have known him," said a voice near her. "He was a brave man."

She turned quickly, and then came forward and held out her hand.

"Yes, he was a brave man," she said simply, "and you were with him. You are a brave woman, too. I am glad to meet you." He took her hand almost reluctantly, and as he gazed up into her eyes and saw the great sorrow there he felt thankful it was the flood that was responsible.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunette tints). 25c.

The Detroit and Cleveland Steamers

Are now running between St. Ignace, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace, leaving Duluth every Friday at 5:45 p. m., via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. A popular route between the head of the lakes and lower lake ports.

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BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.

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VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

M'ARTHUR

Continues His Testimony Before Committee Concerning Philippines.

Washington, April 30.—Maj. Gen. MacArthur today gave further testimony before the senate committee on the Philippines. He explained his statement made yesterday that absolute chaos would result should independence be given the Filipinos and the United States forces be withdrawn, by saying that the unaided efforts of the people of the Philippines to accomplish self-regeneration would in all probability prove abortive, they being less prepared for self-government and administration than any of the Latin-American republics at the time of their emancipation from Spain.

The people of the Philippines, he said, have rudimentary ideas and aspirations and are therefore in an essentially plastic condition which, under the tutelonary control of the United States would, in his opinion, admit of a rapid molding of the body politic into a consistent, self-supporting commonwealth. Even the best thinkers among the Filipinos, he said, have no conception whatever of the practical mechanical efforts whereby the results they are all anxious to attain can be successfully accomplished. American withdrawal from the islands would, in his opinion, result in the permanent failure of republican institutions in the East and a fratricidal war which would continue until suppressed by some exterior force. The broad generalization, he said, is reached that the United States must retain the archipelago for commercial supremacy and, perhaps, combat for political supremacy to overcome the inherent difficulties of the situation which will require the most profound efforts of constructive statesmanship.

Senator Patterson asked if he would apply the same views with respect to Japan and Gen. MacArthur said that if Japan should come into our hands in a clean manner with a clean conscience

With a clean conscience, pure morals and with the same definite purpose we have in the Philippines, we should by all means keep it. He gave as his conscientious belief that the presence of the United States in the island is an unmitigated benefaction to the Filipino people.

"Do you mean the Filipino people that are left alive after they have been subjugated?" inquired Senator Patterson.

Gen. MacArthur declared that he did not mean that there has been any unusual destruction of life in the islands. "The destruction," said he, "is simply incident to war and, of course, embraces a very small percentage of the total population, which is dense.

Thirty-three and a third per cent in one province, remarked Senator Patterson.

Replying to this statement, Gen. MacArthur informed Senator Patterson that if he preferred to believe that he (MacArthur) could not help it.

"We have as much right to believe that from an American officer who is the governor, and who is there in the province, as we have to believe you," replied Senator Patterson, which brought the retort from Gen. MacArthur: "You can believe what you wish and I will believe what I wish."

The committee, by a strict party vote, refused to subpoena Maj. Cornelius Gardner, Aguinaldo, Sixto Lopez and Mabini.

RECIPROCITY

Treaties With Several Countries Will Be Reported Favorably.

Washington, April 30.—The senate committee on foreign relations agreed today to report favorably all the reciprocity treaties except the treaty with Argentine and the treaty with Great Britain, which the committee decided to report adversely.

The treaties on which favorable reports were recommended were those with France, Nicaragua, Ecuador and the Dominican government and four with Great Britain, covering Bermuda, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Turks and Caicos islands. All the treaties upon which favorable reports are to be made are to be amended in accordance with a previous agreement by adding the provision:

"This treaty shall not take effect until the same shall have been approved by congress."

The effect of this amendment is to require the house of representatives, as well as the senate, to act upon the treaties before they can become effective. The defeat of the treaty with the Argentine Republic was due largely to the fact that large quantities of wool are produced in that country, while the opposition to the Jamaica treaty was largely on account of citrus fruits and sugar.

The treaties with Nicaragua and Ecuador have expired, but the committee proceeded on the theory that favorable action would have the effect of renewing them so far as this country is concerned.

FIRST STEP

To Provide Funds For Diplomatic Service In Cuba.

Washington, April 30.—The first legislative step looking to the establishing of diplomatic relations between the United States and Cuba was taken today by the senate committee on foreign relations. That committee took up and considered the president's recommendation on the subject and agreed to report an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill providing the necessary funds for the proper representation of this country in Cuba.

A salary of $12,000 or $3000 more than the president recommended is provided for a minister to Cuba and provision is made for three consulates instead of two, the addition being Matanzas with a consul at $3500 per annum. The other two are at Cienfuegos and Santiago, at $3000 each. There is to be a consul general at Havana with a salary of $5000, also a secretary and an assistant secretary of legation at salaries of $3000 and $1500 respectively. Two thousand dollars also is allowed for rent of legation buildings.

SECRETARY SHAW

Now Takes a Horseback Ride Every Afternoon.

Washington, April 30.—Following the example of his distinguished chief, Secretary of the Treasury Shaw goes horseback riding every afternoon at 4 o'clock. But Mr. Shaw does not get half the amount of physical exercise out of this afternoon pastime that President Roosevelt does. The latter rides a horse that gallops and trots, while Mr. Shaw's gives the rider about as much exercise as swinging in a hammock.

Whoever selected the secretary's horse for him must have known that he wanted an easy thing. The animal is what is known as a single footer and glides along at an ordinary dog trot without lifting his hoofs more than two inches above the pavement.

The secretary uses a deep Mexican saddle and looks as though he was glued to his horse. He does not ride with the president, but is generally alone, and as he goes skipping along looks like a man doing his duty instead of out for pleasure.

Senator Beveridge also is a daily horseback rider nowadays, and something of an expert. He and Secretary Shaw both wear soft black hats just like the president, but neither has a soldier orderly in his train.

NO OPPOSITION

Is Expected to Changes In Golf Rules.

New York, April 30.—R. H. Robertson, president of the United States Golf association, is, according to the Tribune, inclined to the view that no radical opposition will be offered to the changes proposed at the special meeting of the association to be held at Delmonicos on May 6. The stated object of the meeting is to discuss the new by-laws recently proposed by the executive committee, and to adopt them for the coming championship. Walter J. Travis has already declared his opposition to the plan of pairing for the first match play round, and believes it will be voted down.

Regarding the date of the championship, which has met with such universal disapproval, no action is likely. While no one can be found to commend the choice, it is felt that the season is too well advanced, and that too many plans have been made to permit a change.

Note the sleepy tired look in your eyes. The fire of youth no longer burns. Take Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back forgotten joys. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

MRS. TIFFANY GETS DIVORCE.

New York, April 30.—Announcement was made today that Mrs. Marie H. Tiffany had been granted an absolute divorce from Perry Tiffany yesterday at Riverhead, L. I.

LETTERS BY CRANKS

Protests Are Made Against Alterations In White House.

Bags Full of Letters Received By Mrs. Roosevelt.

The President's Family Badly Cramped For Living Room.

Washington, May 1.—Mrs. Roosevelt is learning by experience that the cranks of the United States resent any change sin the White House. Several days ago it was announced that it was the intention of Mrs. Roosevelt to remodel the great East Room, change the fireplaces and make it practically a state dining room, although it would retain its characteristic as a show parlor when it was not required for dining purposes. By this shift Mrs. Roosevelt will be enabled to trun the present state dining room into a family dining room and use the present family dining room for a sitting room, an apartment she has not under the present arrangement of the White House.

The changes contemplated in the East Room will not change its character except to make it more beautiful. The famous portraits will remain on the walls. There will be a magnificent rug, especially made, instead of the present velvet carpet.

Still, as soon as it became known that any change was in contemplation, the letter writers began. This week Mrs. Roosevelt has been inundated by letters from eccentric persons in all parts of the country, protesting against any change whatever in the character of the rooms. These writers say they are "patriots," and are most vigorous in their statements. They tell Mrs. Roosevelt that she is a mere temporary occupant of the White House, and that she has no right to do anything to the White House, which belongs to the people.

At first Mrs. Roosevelt was disposed to laugh at these letters, but they are so numerous, filling several mail bags every day, and are so forcible in expression, that she is now somewhat annoyed. She has no desire, of course, to change in any way the interior of the White House except for its betterment. At the same time she must have more room. It has been many years since a president with five healthy, growing children and one young lady daughter occupied the place, and there has been much squeezing and arranging to get the brood all in and not have them sleep on cots in the hallways.

As a matter of fact, Mrs. Roosevelt has less room in the mansion for housekeeping operations, so far as private sitting, dining and sleeping rooms are concerned, than the woman who occupies a nine-room flat in New York. The first lady of the land recently confided to friends that she dreaded making the smallest change in the mansion. She had an unhappy time last autumn, when she removed some handsome old mahogany furniture from the boys' room and substituted some white iron bedsteads and oak chiffoniers. She gave as her reason that boys would be boys, and she feared the old mahogany might be injured by their frolics. The old furniture she had carefully wrapped and stored in the basement.

When this alteration became known to the public letters came pouring in by the hundreds. The mail was almost congested and Mrs. Roosevelt's correspondence was that she had no right to remove the historic belongings of the White House and substitute "trash." Already Mrs. Roosevelt has received criticisms because she desires a new set of china and some glassware and silver. The shades of the departed mistresses of the White House are invoked against relegating their treasures to the background. While Mrs. Roosevelt does not take these protests seriously, nevertheless they annoy her and discourage her earnest efforts to improve the somewhat antiquated presidential dwelling. She has already bought a complete outfit of linen, and her next step will be to modernize the table service.

At present the White House can make a showing with only one of a dozen or more private homes. The British and German embassies have magnificent china and silver, while the multi-millionaires who make their winter home at the capitol can surpass the president's possessions in every way. The French and Italian embassies are getting elegant ware for their new homes, and it is a matter of pride with Mrs. Roosevelt that the White House table should be furnished in a manner suitable to the dignity and importance of the nation.

The question of room in the White House has become so serious that congress has been debating all this session whether it would be best to build a building for the executive or business offices of the president, or a mansion for the president somewhere in the city and reserve the White House exclusively for business and official functions. A plan evolved was to build a building near the White House, connected with it by a tunnel, which should contain the executive offices of the president, the state department and the department of justice. Plans for an imposing building on the lines of the congressional library have been prepared, but there is objection in congress to putting up such a building near the White House to dwarf it.

"Love lightens labor," the saying runs, and in a sense it is true. But even love cannot lighten labor or make it easy for the woman who is in constant suffering from inflammation, bearing-down pains or other womanly diseases. The one thing that can make work easy for women is sound health, and Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the thing that will give sound health to sick women. It cures womanly diseases which cause weakness, and cures the backache, sideache, nervousness and other ills which are the result of womanly diseases.

"I suffered from female weakness for five months," writes Miss Belle Hedrick, of Nye, Putnam Co., W. Va. "I was treated by a good physician but he never seemed to do me any good. I wrote to Dr. R. V. Pierce for advice, which I received, telling me to take his 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery.' When I had used the medicines a month, my health was much improved. It has continued to improve until now I can work at almost all kinds of housework. I had scarcely any appetite, but it is all right now. Have gained several pounds in weight. Dr. Pierce's medicines have done wonderfully well here. I would advise all who suffer from chronic diseases to write to Dr. Pierce."

"Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong, sick women well. Accept no substitute for the medicine which works wonders for weak women.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper-covered book, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

AT CASS LAKE.

Scanlon-Gipson Company Sells Large Amount of Pine.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—During the past week, a deal has been closed whereby the J. Nells Lumber company become the owners of about 80,000,000 feet of standing pine and logs, formerly the property of the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company. Since the burning of the Glenmont mill, rumors have been rife as to the intentions of the parties interested as to the rebuilding of the mill. The Glenmont company did the sawing for the Scanlon-Gipson company, the latter firm owning the logs, and also the smaller mill. It now appears that the Scanlon-Gipson company has disposed of all its standing timber tributary to Cass Lake, and most of which is in the vicinity of Turtle lake, and all the logs which it has in the water near here. It is also intimated that the Scanlon-Gibson company will pull all of its interests out of Cass Lake, but this rumor has not been verified. Should the company move from here, no mill would probably be built to replace the destroyed Glenmont mill.

GREAT INCREASE

Is Shown In New Members of Cathoiic Church.

New York, April 30.—At the fourth annual meeting, in this city, of the Maynooth Alumni association of the Unnited States, Dr. McCready, of New York, was elected president; Dr. Toner, of St. Paul, vice president; Father Coyne, of Winona, Minn., member of the council.

Speaking on the progress of the Catholic church in the United States, Father Sheedy, of this city, said: "Taking the religious census for the past year, as compiled by Dr. H. K. Carroll, a Protestant clergyman, it is found that of the 653,009 new members that were added to the various denominations, 468,083 were added to the Catholic church. The increase in population was 2.18 per cent, while the Catholic increase for the year was 5.4 per cent. Of the 20,000,000 church members in the United States, Dr. Carrol set down 9,000,000, or nearly one-half, as Catholics."

Enamel Floor Finish.

The best finish made for hardwood floors. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

GOLF IN ENGLAND.

Amateur Championship Contests Continued at Hoy Lake.

London, April 30.—The amateur golf championship contests, which opened yesterday at Hoy Lake under perfect weather conditions, were continued today. There was a complete change in weather, however, the third round being played under a steady rain and with a cold wind blowing, but it improved later.

Of the thirty-four players who started this morning the principal winners were T. W. Robb, F. T. Hutchings, R. Maxwell, W. Graham, J. E. Laidlay and H. H. Hilton. The outcome is considered an open thing, but Maxwell, Graham, Hutchings and Hilton appear to be the favorites, in the order named.

ENDORSED BY FUNSTON.

Windy General Says MacArthur Told the Truth.

Denver, April 30.—When Gen. Funston's attention was called to the declaration of Gen. MacArthur that he (MacArthur) was responsible for methods used in the capture of Aguinaldo he said: "That is right. Gen. MacArthur made a similar statement several months ago. This is simply a repetition of his former utterances when he said he was responsible for the methods in the capture of Aguinaldo. I got up the plan and submitted it to Gen. MacArthur. The whole plan was submitted to him and he endorsed it. Then the expedition was entered upon and carried out, resulting in the capture of Aguinaldo. Gen. MacArthur is perfectly right in what he says."

HORRIBLE ENDING

To Life of a Man Bitten By a Mad Dog.

Medical Science Could Do Nothing to Save His Life.

Was Three Weeks Too Late For Successful Treatment.

Atlanta, Ga., May 1.—George Jenkins, of Bryan, Tex., died from a violent attack of hydrophobia at 38 Auburn avenue. He had been brought to Atlanta the day before for treatment at the Pasteur institute, but the dread disease had progressed too far for any treatment to stay its course.

The unfortunate man died in a convulsion, and the last hours of his life were marked with all the violent symptome of the rabies. He tore the bed clothes into rags and clutched at his flesh in a wild delirium.

As he lay upon the bed with the glare of a mad animal turning green his staring eyes, he would, in his rational moments, beg those about him to be careful and not let him bite them.

Jenkins, who belongs to one of the foremost families of Bryan, Tex., was bitten by a mad dog six weeks ago. The story was read and inquiries led to his being brought to Atlanta for treatment.

The dog that bit him was a small animal and a household pet. The animal first became nervous and had a few convulsions. He refused his food, and then became paralyzed. There was a green and glassy stare out of his eyes, and his joints began to stiffen with partial paralysis.

The Jenkins family believed the pet dog had been poisoned, and they began to treat him. While George Jenkins held the dog to administer medicine the animal snapped at him and bit him on a finger on the right hand. It was scarcely more than a scratch, and at first gave no trouble.

Many who had seen the dog said he was mad, but the Jenkins family would not believe it. The dog finally died.

A few days later the wound on George Jenkins' hand began to give him pain, and he called to see Dr. J. W. Cabitt, the family physician. Dr. Cabitt believed the wound had been made by an animal with hydrophobia. A message making inquiries about the Pasteur institute resulted in Jenkins leaving for Atlanta with his brother, Edward, and Dr. Cabitt.

Dr. James N. Branwater, of the Pasteur institute, received a telegram to meet the party at New Orleans. The doctor, not knowing that the patient was ill, replied, telling him to come at once to Atlanta. A second telegram requested Dr. Brawner to meet the party at Montgomery, and he did so.

Dr. Brawner found Jenkins with all the symptoms of a well-marked case of the rabies, and he told Dr. Cabitt that the Pasteur treatment would be of no use, as the case had not been taken in hand in time. Dr. Cabitt insisted upon coming on to Atlanta, however.

Jenkins was taken to a boarding house at 38 Auburn avenue, which adjoins the Pasteur institute. He walked quietly to the cab and showed no signs of violence. In the railroad train he had been carefully guarded in a private compartment in a sleeper.

Dr. Brawner administered the first course of the Pasteur treatment, but he did so only upon the insistence of the physician from Texas. During the evening the patient began to show signs of great nervousness, and he was placed under the influence of morphine. The narcotic had but little effect. He asked Dr. Brawner several times if there was any chance for him to recover, and when told that he would pull through, he replied:

"That's right, go on and lie to me. You know you only say that to keep up my spirits." Which was true.

He said he did not suffer the least pain.

As the night wore on the symptoms of hydrophobia became more and more pronounced and toward daylight the patient raved in delirium. When at himself he would turn to those at his bedside and exclaim:

"For God's sake be careful and don't let me bite any of you."

At 6 o'clock he had a severe convulsion, and in a few minutes he was dead.

Dr. Brawner stated that if Jenkins had been brought to Atlanta three weeks ago, his life would have been saved. Fully five weeks were allowed to elapse before the trip to Atlanta was decided upon.

Jenkins body was taken back to his home in Texas. He was 3 5years of age, and leaves a wife.

A Boarding House 2798 Years Old

is the "motif" of the story of "The Prophet's Chamber" in The Four Track News for May.

This little story will prove intensely interesting to every farmer, and particularly to every farmer's wife, in New York and New England.

The Four-Track News will be mailed free to any address in the United States on receipt of 5 cents in stamps, or it will be mailed for a year for 50 cents, by Geo. H. Daniels, General Passenger Agent, Grand Central Station, New York.

Renewal of Fishing Excursion Rates.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railway will put in effect the following rates:

Deerwood and return, going Friday and Saturday, return Monday	$2 85
Deerwood and return, going any day, return thirty days	3 80
Sturgeon Lake and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	1 50
Pine City and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	2 00

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed in a plant as clean as the cleanest home kitchen—always open to your inspection—58,971 visitors last year.

"A HANDFUL OF DIRT MAY BE A HOUSEFUL OF SHAME." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

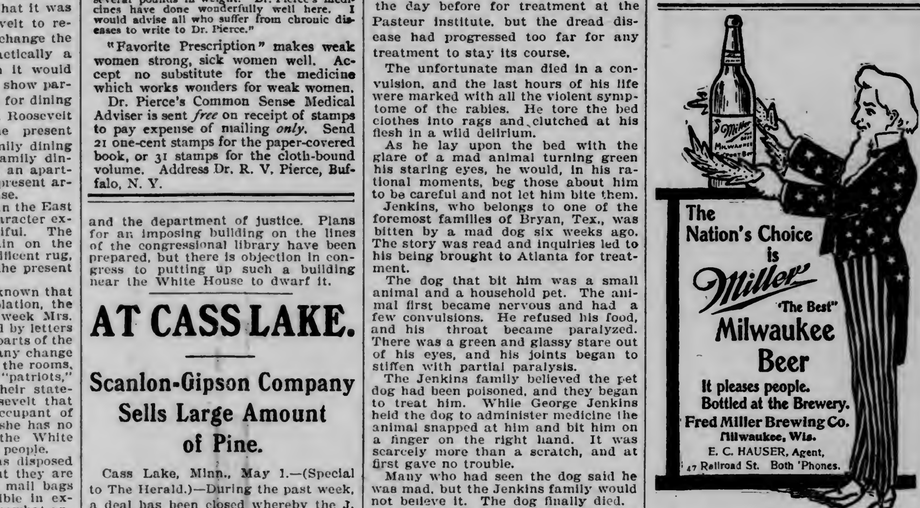
SAPOLIO

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Energy, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Quickness of Discharge; Stops Nervous Twitching or Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Imparts vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent. A cure is at hand. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

50 CENTS

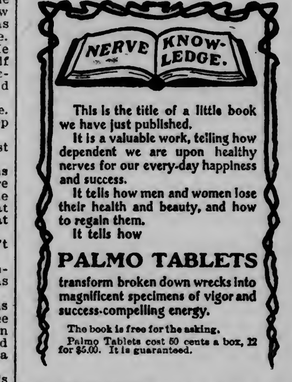
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.



THE GREAT **REVIVO** RESTORES VITALITY — Made a Well Man of Me. — **FRENCH REMEDY**

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.



This is the title of a little book we have just published.

It is a valuable work, telling how dependent we are upon healthy nerves for our every-day happiness and success.

It tells how men and women lose their health and beauty, and how to regain them.

It tells how

PALMO TABLETS

transform broken down wrecks into magnificent specimens of vigor and success-compelling energy.

The book is free for the asking.

Palmo Tablets cost 50 cents a box, 22 for $5.00. It is guaranteed.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, fatline manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 326 West Superior st., Duluth.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Easiest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 935, Times Bldg., New York.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE ON FILING PETITION TO SELL LAND.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 16th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emma C. Gilbert, Deceased;

On reading and filing the petition of Carl B. Gilbert, administrator, setting forth the amount of personal estate that has come into his hands, the disposition thereof, and how much remains undisposed of; the amount of debts outstanding against said deceased, as far as the same can be ascertained; the legacies unpaid, and a description of all the real estate, excepting the homestead, of which said deceased died seized, and the condition and value of the respective portions or lots thereof; the persons interested in said estate, with their residences; and praying that license be to him granted to sell lot one, block 4, First Addition to Proctorknott, and block 12, of the townsite of Proctorknott, St. Louis County, Minnesota. And it appearing, by said petition, it is for the best interests of said estate to sell all of said real estate;

It is therefore ordered, that all persons interested in said estate, appear before this court on the 9th day of May, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the court house in Duluth, in said county, then and there to show cause (if any there be) why license should not be granted to said administrator to sell the above described real estate of said deceased.

And it is further ordered, that this order shall be published once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., the 16th day of April, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, April-17-24-May-1-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, April 14th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of William Loulan, Deceased:

Letters testamentary on the estate of William Loulan, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to Francis Loulan.

It is ordered, that three months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 15th day of July, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated Duluth, this 14th day of April, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 17-24, May 1, 1902.

CONTEST NOTICE.—

Department of the Interior, United States Land Office, Duluth, Minn., April 15, 1902.

A sufficient contest affidavit having been filed in this office by Harry Collins, contestant, against homestead entry No. 7450, made October 8, 1898, for se¼ ne¼, e½ se¼, section 12; ne¼ ne¼, section 13, township 60 N, range 18 W., by William S. Robbins, contestee, in which it is alleged that said William S. Robbins has wholly abandoned said tract; never cultivated or improved any part of the same at any time; that said tract still remains in its wild, natural state, and that said alleged abandonment was not due to his employment in the army, navy or marine corps of the United States during any war; said parties are hereby notified to appear, respond and offer evidence touching said allegation at 10 o'clock a. m. on June 5, 1902, before the register and receiver at the United States land office in Duluth, Minn.

The said contestant having, in a proper affidavit, filed April 14, 1902, set forth facts which show that after due diligence personal service of this notice can not be made, it is hereby ordered and directed that such notice be given by due and proper publication.

WM. E. CULKIN,
Register.

JOHN MAGINNIS,
Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-24-May-1-8-15-1902.

Only Safe Medicine for Babies.

The insides of babes-in-arms and little children are very delicate and tender. Mothers must not be reckless in the use of physics. There is only one gentle, perfect, safe medicine for babies:

"Cascarets are fine for ladies with infants, as they keep both mother and child from becoming bilious. I use them daily in my practice."—Dr. A. E. Grihn, Stubblefield, Tex.

"I found Cascarets, in the case of my baby who is not very strong, the very best medicine I ever used. They do just what you recommend."—Mrs. S. M. Chapman, Stephens Mills, N. Y.

"I have become a firm believer in the efficacy of Cascarets. Even my baby boy likes them."—Mrs. Lida Cermak, Jersey City.

"I think Cascarets splendid. They have benefited me greatly. My baby was afflicted with croup, and Cascarets afforded instant relief."—Mrs. Ella Ziegler, Delta, Ohio.

"Mamma has used Cascarets and received great benefit. She thinks they are wonderful, and gave them to our baby before he was three years old."—Alice Sewell, 691 Eighth St., So. Boston.

"Our baby was sick and we were advised to try Cascarets. He was entirely cured. We cannot say too much in praise of Cascarets."—Mrs. Mollie Bowman, Metropolis, Ill.

"Cascarets are indispensable for young children and always bring best results."—Henry Joyat, P. M., Wesley, S. D.

"Cascarets work easy and without pain. I have given them to my babies with splendid results."—Mrs. K. Bettag, St. Louis, Mo.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

HAS MUCH STRENGTH

Wheat Is Buoyant and Closes With Sharp Advance.

Unfavorable Crop Reports, Large Clearances, Fine Cash Demand.

May Deliveries In All Markets---No Trades In Flax.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 1.—The wheat market was very strong today although it started out rather easy owing to lower cables and reports of rains in the Southwest and other parts of the wheat belt. The strength was due to renewed reports of unfavorable condition of Kansas and Nebraska wheat, large clearances and the strong cash demand. In Minneapolis the deliveries were about 2,000,000 bus and the wheat was practically all taken by millers. Chicago reported deliveries of about 2,000,000 bus and in Duluth they aggregated about 1,000,000 bus.

The Liverpool market closed ½@¾d lower. Antwerp, Berlin and Paris were unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 284,000 bus, last year 342,000 bus. Shipments 220,000 bus, last year 377,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 1,113,000 bus. There was an advance of 1-4c in the price of July corn at Chicago and ¾c in the price of oats. Primary receipts of corn were 253,000 bus, last year 420,000 bus. Shipments were 341,000 bus, last year 452,000 bus. Clearances were 18,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 208 cars, and at Chicago, 50, a total of 258 cars, against 198 last week and 301 last year.

The wheat market was fairly active on the Duluth board and stronger. July opened unchanged at 76¾c, sold up to 76⅞c at 9:40, reacted to 76⅝-45c at 10:30 and advanced again to 77c at 11:22. This advance was continued up to 77⅝c at 1:07 and then the market settled back and closed at 77½c. This was an advance of 1¾c. Chicago advanced 1¼-¾c and Minneapolis ¾-1c.

Cash prices were unchanged at May price for No. 1 northern, 2¼c under for No. 2 and 4½c under for No. 3. Sales were 5000 bus.

There was not a trade in flax and the May option closed 2c off at $1.75 although $1.76½ was bid for it shortly before the close. Deliveries were 800,000 bus. Cash and to arrive seed closed 2c off and the September option ½c off. Corn advanced 1½c. Oats gain 1¾c and the September option in oats ⅞c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 80¼c; No. 1 northern, 77⅝c; No. 2 northern, 75½c; No. 3 spring, 73¾c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 80¼c; No. 1 northern, 77⅝c; May, 77¾c; July, 77½c; September, 31¾c; September, 28⅝c; Minitoba, No. 1 northern, cash, 76⅝c; May, 75⅝c; No. 2 northern, 74⅝c. Oats, 43¾c; rye, 64½c; flax, to arrive, cash, $1.75; May, $1.75; September, $1.38; October, $1.34½; corn, 61½c.

Cars Inspected—Wheat, 29; last year, 34; oats, 2; rye, 1; flax, 2.

Receipts—Wheat, 15,969; oats, 3479; flax, 7833.

Shipments—Wheat, 87,017; flax, 961.

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THE CHICAGO MARKET.

May First Brought Uneventful Trading In Grains.

Chicago, May 1.—Delivery day for May options brought uneventful early trading in grains. July wheat opened ¼c lower to unchanged at 75½c to 75¾c on lower cables and light rains in the Southwest and Northwest. There were some fair early offerings, but these were readily taken in, and prices advanced. Deliveries were about 2,000,000 bushels—put out mostly by elevators and taken in by shippers and carriers. Reports from one or two Kansas points said the chinch bugs were dying, but these were largely discredited. July gradually worked up to 76c and held steady near that figure. Local receipts were 50 cars, none of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 260 cars, making a total for the three points of 250 cars, against 198 last week and 301 a year ago.

Heavy seaboard clearances (1,112,000 bus) and cash sales here of 300,000 bus, together with strength at Minneapolis easily bulled wheat. July advanced to 77¼ and closed strong, 1¼@⅝c up at 76⅝@77c.

July corn opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 63¼@ to 63⅝c on rather steady cables. Trade was quiet and of the delivery day sort. Deliveries were about 1,500,000 bus, let out by elevators in the main. The supposition that the stuff was taken in by the leading bull house brokers gave a light bull impulse market, and July sold to 63½c. There was still some changing from May for July. Receipts, 125 cars.

Corn was heavy the greater part of the session. Wheat added it to a bullish position and July touched 63¾c, closing firm ¼c up at 63½@⅝c.

Early trade in oats was quiet. Deliveries were about 500,000 bus and were taken in by the leading May bull. July opened ¼c up at 36½c and on a fair demand advanced to 36⅝c. Receipts were 157 cars.

Provisions met with another slump early today, which, considered with yesterday's decline, set traders to talking again about the probable effect the agitation against the packers would have. Hogs' prices at the yards were 10c lower today, and the crowd was inclined to sell in the pit. July pork opened 5c to 10c lower at $16.75 to $16.70; July lard, 5@7½c down at $9.92½, and July ribs 5@2½c lower at $9.35 to $9.37½.

Close—Wheat, May, 75¼@7⅝c; July, 76⅞@77c; September, 76¼c; December, 77⅝c. Corn, May, 62@62¼c; July, 63⅛@⅜c; September, 62⅝@⅝c; December, 48¾c. May, (1902), 48¾c. Oats, May, 42⅜c; July, 35⅝c; new, 87¼c; September, 30⅝c; new, 32½c; December, 30⅝c; new, 32⅛@⅜c. Pork, May, $16.75; July, $16.97½; September, $17.07½. Lard, May, $10.02½; July, $10.10; September, $10.17½. Ribs, May, $9.47½; July, $9.50; September, $9.57½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.97; Southwestern, $1.67; May, $1.69; September, $1.38. Rye, May, 55¼@55½c; July, 56¼@56¾c. Barley, cash, 66@71c. Timothy, September, $5.02. Clover, cash, $8.30@8.35. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 83¾@84¾c; No. 3 red, 81¾@83¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 76¾@77¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 76¾@77¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 76¾@77¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 76@76¾c. No. 3 spring, 70@74½c. Corn, No. 3, 61¾@62c. Oats, No. 2, 42½@43c; No. 3, 42¼@42½c.

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GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—There were quite liberal deliveries of wheat on May trades this morning, and on wheat in quays (railroad and canal depots not included): Wheat, 1,488,000 centals; corn, 404,000 centals.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, May 1.—There was a large and active trade in wheat today and the market ruled strong owing to too much wet weather in the Northwest, delaying seeding, continued dry weather in Kansas, small receipts at primary points and very good cash demand. The close was within a fraction of the highest point of the day. May and July 1⅝c and September 1½c higher than last night. Foreign markets were generally quiet, Liverpool closed ¼@½d lower for the day. Continental markets were steady. There was a good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, also for export and sales aggregating 300,000 bus of No. 1 northern spring wheat were reported. Stocks in country elevators in the Northwest during April decreased 834,000 bus, and the total now is only 1,465,000 bus.

The cash situation all over the country is decidedly strong and warrants higher prices, outside of weather, which is decidedly unfavorable in the Northwest and unfavorable in the Southwest. The next government report, in our opinion, will show a drop of 6 to 7 points in the condition of winter wheat from a month ago. We think the situation is ripe for a bull market if we get any increase in outside speculation. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 50 cars.

Trade in corn was very light today and the market ruled quiet within a narrow range and no special feature beyond the changing of May contracts into July. The recent manipulation tactics of the bull crowd has killed the trade and one cannot blame the outsiders for leaving the market alone. The market closed quiet, May ⅝c and July and September ¼c higher than yesterday. Foreign markets were quiet. Liverpool closed ¼d lower. Country offerings were moderate. Cash demand very quiet. The weather was generally favorable for the crop. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 200 cars.

There was a large and active trade in oats today and the market generally ruled strong on unfavorable crop reports and in sympathy with the strength in wheat and closed firm. May 1⅛c July and September ⅜c higher than last night. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand very good with no oats arriving. A premium of a cent per bus over May. The situation looks strong and we expect higher prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 240 cars.

Provisions opened very weak on large receipts of hogs and another material decline at the yards, estimated 40,000 as sold freely and the offerings were absorbed by the brokers supposed to represent the leading bulls and after a dull spell they came back and the market rapidly by very aggressive work and closed the market with good advances over yesterday. With all the wild fluctuations the trade was not large. The market is in such a nervous state that bids and offers are wide and orders almost impossible to execute at the market. Receipts of hogs continue large and they are offset by good cash demand. The local crowd are all bulls, but outsiders seem content to take profits on long stuff. Packers own their own stocks and maintain they can merchandise the product to the people and the people are boycotting the meat. It is a bewildering condition of affairs. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 24,000 hogs.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover case count, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints....	29	@	30
Creamery, tubs	28		
Daisies, fancy	25	@	28
Packing stock	20		
EGGS.			
Fresh	17		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream.....	14		
Twins, full cream, old.....	10	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1.....	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1.....	14		
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover...	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb.....	12½@		13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	1		
Maple syrup, per gal.....	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@	2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus..	1 80	@	2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus..	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb..	13		
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	60
Soft shell almonds, per lb..	12		
Brazils, per lb	11		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb..	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl.....	5 50	@	6 50
Apples, per box	2 25		
Aples, N. Y. varieties	5 50	@	6 50
California figs, per box..	1 10	@	1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	4 00		
California lemons	3 00	@	3 50
Bananas	1 25	@	2 25
Messina lemons, per box..	3 75	@	4 00
Dates, Ford, per box.....	1 00		
Sugar walnut dates	1 25		
Navel oranges	3 75	@	4 00
Cranberries, bus boxes....	2 50	@	2 60
Strawberries, Florida, qts..	45		
Strawberries, Louisiana, pts per case	2 90	@	3 00
VEGETABLES.			
Mushrooms	45		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs.....	3 50		
Beets, per 100.....	1 40		
Carrots, per 100	1 35		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	3 00		
Potatoes, per bus	90	@	95
Sweet potatoes, per bus....	2 65	@	2 75
Bermuda onions, per crate.	3 50		
Spanish onions, per crate.	2 00		
Turnips, per bbl	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Oyster plant, per doz.....	55	@	65
FRESH VEGETABLES.			
California celery, per bunch	75		
Lettuce	90		
Green onions, per doz.....	25		
Hothouse cucumbers, doz..	1 25		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	50	@	60
Cal. tomatoes, basket.....	50	@	60
Parsley, per doz	30		
Pie plant, per pound.....	6		
New beets, doz bunches....	85		
New carrots, doz bunches..	85		
Shallots, doz bunches	65		
Water cress, doz bunches ..	65		
Spinach, per doz	1 00		
Asparagus, doz bunches....	1 10		
New potatoes	2 75	@	3 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl.....	3 50		
Fruit juices	4 00		
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½@		4
Choice, per lb	3½@		4
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens	12½@		13
Spring chickens	13		
Geese	10		
Turkeys	14	@	15
Ducks	10		
MEATS.			
Mutton	11		
Lamb	12		
Veal, good	7½		
Veal, fancy	8		
Dressed beef	9	@	10
Hogs	9		
Pork joins	12		
Lard	10¾		
Lard, compound	8¾		

Chicago, May 1.—Butter—Steady; creamery, 18@22c; dairies, 17@20c. Eggs—Steady; twins, 12½c; daisies, 13c; young Americas, 13½c. Eggs—Steady; at mark, cases included, 15½c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 1.—Butter, receipts 8754 packages. Firm. State dairy, 19@22c; state creamery, 20@23c; renovated, 18@21c; factory, 17@20c; imitation creamery, 18@21c. Cheese, receipts, 2065 packages. Firm. State full cream small early make fancy colored and white, 13@¼c; do large, 12@¼c. Eggs, receipts, 21,184 packages. Market steady to firm. State and Pennsylvania, 17@¼c. Western at mark, 16¾@17¼c; Southern at mark, 15¾@16¾c.

FEVERISH TRADING

International Power Is Again the Feature of Stock Market.

Its Violent Fluctuations Caused Other Stocks to Fall.

Inquiry Into Condition of the Company to Be Made.

New York, May 1.—Shares of International Power company, which closed yesterday at 120, a net loss of 78 points, opened today at 135 for a 100-share lot. The next quotation was 110, then there was a sale at 100, one at 125, then 120 and the fifth lot of 100 shares was quoted at 110. In the second hour the stock sold down to 101. P. L. Fisk, of the banking house of Harvey Fisk & Sons, has been requested by President Houdley of the International Power company to make an examination of the company's condition.

Following such an examination a statement will be made public. The resignation of Cyrus H. McCormick from the International Power directorate was announced today.

New York, May 1.—There were some striking gains amongst important stocks at the opening sales, but enough prominent stocks showed fractional declines to give an irregular tone to the opening. St. Paul, Illinois Central, Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred, Delaware & Hudson, American Linseed and Colorado Fuel rose from 1 to 2 points. Colorado Fuel immediately reacted a point. There was a sale of 10 shares of International Power preferred with the 135, compared with the last sale yesterday at 120. The stock was next quoted at 106 bid and 145 asked. United States Steel declined 1¼ on a sale of 2100 shares and the preferred fell ½ on the sale of 1500 shares.

The market showed some feverishness resulting on the wide fluctuations in International Power and nervousness of other industrials. St. Paul, Illinois Central, Louisville, Northwestern, Pennsylvania and Reading were strong, all other leaders moved narrowly. Illinois Central reached 155, a gain of 3, and Northwestern advanced 6½. Railway Steel Spring, American Locomotive and Colorado Fuel moved a point either way frequently, the first named ruling above yesterday's close. New York, Ontario & Western and Hartford dropped 3 points and rallied a point and New York Air Brake dropped 13¾. A sale of International Power was made at 110 following the reaction at 135. The price then jumped to 125 on the next transaction and then fell off to 120. Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis rose 2 points, Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis 1¾ and Sugar over a point.

Baltimore & Ohio, People's Gas, Linseed preferred, Distilling preferred, St. Paul preferred, Rock Island, Minneapolis & St. Louis, Missouri Pacific, Wheeling & Lake Erie second preferred were lifted a point or more. Profit-taking was effective in St. Paul, Sugar, Union Pacific and Reading. Illinois Central reached 155⅝ before reacting to 154. International Power continued to move sensationally. A break to 101 was followed by a rally to 111, with variations of 9 to 10 points between sales. Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis got up 3¾, while Keokuk & Des Moines fell 5¼. Before noon prices gave way all around and many active stocks fell below last night. The reaction ran between 1 and 2 points for the more important stocks. Northwestern lost 3, and Colorado Fuel fell to a point under last night. Bonds were irregular at noon.

Pressure against the market relaxed and there were some strong upward movements. The recoveries generally were moderate and the market became dull. Louisville & Nashville rose 3, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, 2½, and the preferred 1¾. Later there was a heavy absorption of Pennsylvania up to 153¾. New York Central rose 1¼ and Baltimore & Ohio and St. Paul recovered to the top. New York Air Brake rallied 2 and reacted 4 and International Silver dropped 4⅜ on a few sales.

The demand was centralized into a few stocks, but these made notable progress upwards. The rise reached 5⅜ in Louisville & Nashville and 2¾ in Pennsylvania. Southern Railway was also taken in large blocks at an improvement of 1 point and Long Island rose 1¼. New York, New Hampshire & Hartford recovered its 3-point decline and Brooklyn Union Gas rallied 3¾ from the lowest. There were a few transactions in International Power between 106 and 110. The market was below the best at 2 o'clock and was little more active.

There were reactions of 1 to 1½ in the principal active stocks. New York Air Brake extended its loss to 20¾. New York Central fell 1⅞, American Telephone, 1¾, and Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Tennessee Coal a point. International Power fell back to 101. Smelting and Locomotive preferred gained a point each and Detroit Southern 1¾. There was some recovery of prices, but the closing was active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	66¼	65¾	66
Atchison, T. & S. F.....	81	80	80¼
do pfd	99	98¾	99
Baltimore & Ohio.....	109	107¾	108½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit..	70	69	69½
Chesapeake & Ohio.....	48	47¾	47¾
Chicago & Alton	37¼	37¼	37¼
Col. F. & I.....	108⅞	106¼	106
Chi. Great Western com.	28¼	27¾	27⅞
Erie com.....	39½	39	39¼
do 1st pfd	70½	69¾	69¾
Louisville & Nashville....	128¾	128	132¾
Leather	14	13½	13½
do pfd	85¼	84½	85⅝
Manhattan Con	135⅜	135	135
M. St. P. & S. Ste. M. pfd	125	124⅝	124⅞
Missouri Pacific	101⅜	100¾	100⅞
New York Central.....	161⅜	160¼	161
Norfolk & Western	58¾	58½	58¾
do pfd	90½	90¼	90¼
Ontario & Western	34⅝	34¼	34½
Pennsylvania Ry	154⅜	153⅞	153⅞
Pacific Mail	42¼	42	42½
People's Gas	103⅜	104½	105
Republic Iron and Steel..	19½	19	19
do pfd	75¾	74½	74½
Reading	58¾	58¼	58¾
do 1st pfd	86⅝	86	86
do 2d pfd	72⅜	72¼	72½
Rock Island	173¾	173½	179
Southern Railway	37½	36⅝	37⅜
do pfd	96½	96¼	96¼
Southern Pacific	67⅝	66⅞	66⅞
Smelter	44½	43⅝	44½
do pfd	96	95¾	95¾
Sugar	127½	126	127⅜
St. Paul	175	173⅜	174
T. C. and I.....	71	70	70
Texas Pacific	43	42¼	42½
Union Pacific	105½	104¼	104½
do pfd	88¾	87⅞	88⅞
U. S. Steel	42¼	41⅝	41⅞
do pfd	92⅜	91¾	92⅛
Wabash	27⅜	26⅞	27
do pfd	46¾	46⅜	46¾
Western Union	92	91⅞	91⅞
Wisconsin Central	27⅜	26¼	26⅝
do pfd	49⅝	49⅜	49⅝
American Ice	19¼	18⅝	19⅜
Metropolitan	152¾	162	152

The total sales were 808,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The big men are loaded with stocks, but it is my opinion they are worried. However, I have it on the highest authority that it is entirely safe to buy stocks on the reactions, but I think it best to lighten you load on the bulges and take no chances. Apparently they were putting up St. Paul while selling the other stocks. Brooklyn Rapid Transit has reacted enough and should be bought around 69. Penna, Baltimore & Ohio, St. Paul and People's Gas are tallers and are safe purchases at present price. I understand there will be no coal strike.

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Town Topics: Stocks should open materially higher today, as the labor troubles in the anthracite regions seem to be settled. Good stocks should be bought on reactions, but traders should not at present wait for large profits. Prices in general are high. Reading is to rise materially. Vanderbilt and Gould stocks are safe for an advance. The pool in Colorado Fuel is not done. Hold American Locomotive, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, Manhattan, People's Gas and Canadian Pacific.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22	22½
Arcadian	5½	6
Allouez	3½	4
Atlantic	28	30
Anaconda	27½	28
Amalgamated	65¾	66
Calumet and Hecla.....	535	540
Centennial	19	19½
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	13½	13¾
Bingham	35	36
Mass	18	18¼
May Flower	2½	3
National	1½	2
Mohawk	35½	36
Michigan	10	10½
Old Colony	3½	4
Old Dominion	18	18½
Osceola	62½	63
Parrot	24½	25
Phoenix	3½	4
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2¼	3
Tennessee Copper	11½	12
Santa Fe	2¾	3
Tamarack	173	178
Tecumseh	1¼	2
Tri-Mountain	96	100
Utah	22½	23
Victoria	4¾	5
Winona	2	2¼
Wolverine	64	..
Wyandot	1	1¼
Bim River	3¼	3½
Trinity	12¾	13
Dominion Coal	..	140
U. S. M.	20⅞	21
Copper Range Con.....	57½	58
Calumet and Arizona	..	60¾

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The annual meeting of the Tamarack Mining company proved to be a very tame affair. No excitement developed, no questions were put to President Bigelow, and no lawyers disturbed the proceedings. Two hundred and fifty people were in attendance. Lawson was not at the meeting. President Bigelow had not remained to count the votes while the tellers were counting the proxies, but this is contrary to the custom. Not one of the stockholders was called upon to offer any criticism or give opinion of the management of the company during the past year. The directors were re-elected by a vote of 40,077 shares except J. Henry Brooks, who received 39,400 votes. The meeting thereupon adjourned having been in session but thirty-five minutes.

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Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The diamond drill at the Globe mine has been removed to a point from which the Baltic lode will again be attacked at much greater depth. During the 700 foot section the drill was pointed to a depth of 700 feet.

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Boston, to Paine, Webber & Co.: There was practically made no further realizing pressure in the coppers today and prices held firm. There are lots of bull traders here, but they are waiting at the moment, hoping for a decline of 2 points. Pittsburg, C. C. & St. Louis 1¾ and Sugar over a point.

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The visible supply of copper on April 30, 1902, was 27,011 tons, a decrease of 16 tons since April 1.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 1.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balances, $180,739,833; gold, $92,946,286; silver, $19,388,261; United States notes, $8,827,902; treasury notes of 1890, $35,427; national bank notes, $8,982,718; total receipts this day, $1,658,001; total receipts this month, $1,658,001; total receipts this year, $165,876,270. Total expenditures this day, $1,600,000; total expenditures this month, $1,600,000; total expenditures this year, $400,224,999; deposits in national banks, $120,441,691.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 1.—The cotton market point blank higher, despite very bullish Liverpool cables and firm Southern spot market news. Nor was this all, for soon after the call, "pyramid" cotton came out in large blocks and broke the market badly. Not until July reached 9.37 and August 9.20 was there a lull in the pressure to sell, and even then a reaction of only 7 points followed. The Liverpool market was up 1 to 2 points, whereas little change had been expected. Later the English market broke 4½ points under a few transactions in International Power between 106 and 110. The market was below the best at 2 o'clock and was little more active.

There were reactions of 1 to 1½ in the principal active stocks. New York Air Brake extended its loss to 20¾. New York Central fell 1⅞, American Telephone, 1¾, and Virginia-Carolina Chemical and Tennessee Coal a point. International Power fell back to 101. Smelting and Locomotive preferred gained a point each and Detroit Southern 1¾. There was some recovery of prices, but the closing was active and irregular.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 1.—Money on call strong at 6@15 per cent; closing offered at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4 @4¾ per cent; sterling exchange, easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅞ for demand, and at $4.85¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86½@¾ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.84¾@4.85¾; bar silver, 50¾c; Mexican dollars, 41c. Government bonds, easy; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the outlet to North Dakota very small while the inquiry from various points of this state is keeping up satisfactorily. The local trade is of a large volume with an exceptionally strong demand for team horses and delivery horses.

Drafters, extra	$155@215
Drafters, choice	140@165
Drafters, common to good.....	125@140
Farm mares, extra	120@140
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good.....	75@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 1.—Cattle, receipts, 6000; including 200 Texans. Dull. Good to prime steers, $6.70@7.30; poor to medium, $4.50@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.00; sows, $1.30@6.00; heifers, $2.50@6.35; canners, $1.25 @2.30; bulls, $2.50@5.50; calves, $2.00@5.35; Texas steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs, receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 14,000; left over, 5916. 10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.70@7.10; good to choice heavy, $7.05@7.30; rough heavy, $6.75@7.00; light, $6.60@6.70; bulk of sales, $6.70@7.00. Sheep, receipts, 9000. Sheep, steady. Lambs 10c lower. Good to choice wethers, $5.60@6.10; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $5.25@6.10; native lambs, $4.75@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.50. Yesterday. Receipts—Cattle, 19,639; hogs, 34,531; sheep, 15,434. Shipments—Cattle, 3136; hogs, 4883; sheep, 954.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis wheat—
Puts, July wheat, 76¼c asked.
Calls, July wheat, 78¼-⅜c bid.
Curb, July wheat, 76¾-77c.

NURSES IN SESSION.

Chicago, May 1.—Several hundred members of the Nurses' Associated alliance of the United States began the three-day session of their fifth annual convention here today. Dr. J. B. Murphy held a special clinic for the nurses in the morning at Mercy hospital. The afternoon was taken up in the presentation of credentials and general arrangements. Miss Julia C. Lathrop welcomed the delegates to Chicago.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Tampa Is Released and Arrives Under Her Own Steam.

Is Leaking, But Her Own Pumps Keep Her Afloat.

Extent of Injuries Will Be Determined In Dry Dock.

The steamer Tampa was released this morning in the teeth of a steadily freshening northeast gale, and brought into port under her own steam.

The release occurred just in the nick of time, for the wind was blowing strongly and the sea was rising. A few hours more of it, in the position in which the steamer was stranded, would have resulted in very serious injury, as it would have pounded the vessel on the rocks.

Her hull is of wood, and it would not have taken a long time in the sort of weather that prevailed later in the day to have pounded her up badly. The northeaster started last night, but it did not get very strong until about 3 o'clock this morning, and it was some time after that before much sea arose. At 7:45 o'clock this morning the steamer was released, 750 tons of her coal having been lightered. Three hundred and fifty tons of the Aurora's cargo were lightered before she was released.

The Tampa's forefoot is shattered to some extent, and she leaked considerably when she was brought in, but her pumps kept her afloat easily. She went to Northwestern dock No. 1 and when the remainder of her cargo is unloaded she will go into dry dock, until which time the full extent of her injuries will not be known.

The wrecking job was performed with dispatch, and it is considered to have been well handled. The salvage bill for both boats being reduced to a minimum.

SCHOONER WRECKED.

North Fairhaven, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The schooner Van Straubenhie was badly wrecked in a squall on Lake Ontario west of Fairhaven yesterday and when the schooner was towed into port today she presented a sorry appearance. Her masts and all her sails were gone by the board, the hull was damaged a good deal. No lives were lost, however. The schooner was bound from Hamilton without cargo when struck by the storm.

BETTER CALL FOR BOATS.

Chicago, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—There was a better call for boats in the grain trade and vesselmen were somewhat encouraged to hear shippers talk about taking boats. The principal movement of grain seemed to be in wheat. Rates were based on what vessel owners could be induced to accept.

A NUMBER OF MISHAPS.

Amherstburg, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer John Plankinton was released from Southeast shoal early today and passed up at noon, apparently uninjured. Some unknown lumber barge, down bound, struck the South Lime Kilns lightship during the night, but fortunately the lightship was not put out of service by the collision. The steamer Rappahannock broke her wheel coming out of Ashtabula yesterday. She passed here last night going to Detroit for a new wheel.

STORM SIGNALS ORDERED.

Chicago, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—The weather bureau today ordered storm signals displayed at Lake Michigan ports. The forecast is for high southeast winds, with squalls tonight.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Castle, 9:40 last night; Forest City, McGregor, 9:50; Blazer and dredge, Vulcan, 1:15 a. m.; Manistique and barges, 3; Thomas Wilson, Manda, Wilkensen, Robert Mills, 3:40; Northern Light, 3:50; Kennebec, 5:40; Wolvin and whaleback, 6; North Wind, 7; Mesaba, 8; Maytham, Flagg, Warriner, D. M. Whitney, 8:15; Corona, Corliss, Emboru, 8:20; Meida, Carmona, and whaleback, 10; Gilchrist (steel), 10:20. Down: C. W. Chamberlain and barges, 10 last night; Rockefeller, Whitworth and whaleback, 11:40; Marshall and consorts, Oscoda and consorts, 3 a. m.; Ericsson and whaleback, 4; Lincoln, Rollinson, Lackawanna, 5:20; Schoolcraft, Nesbet, 6:30; Watt, Italia, Amazon, 7:30; Superior City, 7:50; Pringle and consort, 8:20; Glidden, 8:40; Leuty and barges, Linerla, 9:20; Bessemer, Ganske, Heffelfinger, 9:15; Admiral, 9:30; Parnell, 9:40; Maruba, Penobscot, 10.

Up yesterday: Gratwick, 2:30 p. m.; McWilliams, 2:50; Syracuse, 3:30;

Houses, Lots, Acreage, Farms

Many opportunities for those who would buy, sell, exchange or rent any kind of Real Estate offered on this page.

DISPUTE SETTLED

Negotiations Between Iron Range Road and Employes Over.

Everybody Professes to Be Satisfied With the Result.

Effect of Agreement Is General Advance In Wages.

The negotiations between the Duluth & Iron Range road and its enginemen, trainmen and yard crews over a revision of their pay schedules were concluded today. The negotiations have resulted satisfactorily to both the road and committees representing the employes, and it is expected that the reports of the various committees will be accepted by the organizations of employes themselves.

"It was a foregone conclusion that the remuneration of our operating department employes would be raised," said President House this afternoon. "Wage schedules have been advanced on railways all over the country, and there was no reason why we should not do the same. In fact, we voluntarily proposed an advance at the outset of the negotiations, which has been made the basis of the scale. In view of the somewhat radical change in the system of making up ore trains, many matters of detail came up for adjustment. Naturally, we both looked at this as our interests lay, the employes sometimes a little differently than we did. The result was that we had to get together and discuss the questions, get one another's ideas and give and take in an effort to be just to both sides."

To print the details of the new schedules or explain the changes in detail would require more space than is possible to give to the matter or the general reader would wade through.

One of the chief changes is in the advance of the pay of engineers on the big 12-wheel freight locomotives from $4.25 to $4.50 per 100 miles. A hundred miles is supposed to be equal to ten hours' work, and under the new terms the engineers are paid whichever is the best money for them—mileage or overtime at the rate of 45 cents an hour. Firemen on this class of locomotives have been raised from $2.60 to $2.75 a day, the same conditions applying as to engineers on overtime. In the case of special runs or runs involving special delays, extra allowance is made.

Engineers on the much discussed "pusher" engines, which are stationed at the big grades to help the long ore trains over the hills, are to receive $4.25 for ten hours on the 12-wheel engines, and $4 for locomotives of other classes. The "pusher" firemen are raised from $2.50 to $2.60 a day.

Local way freight conductors get an advance of ½-cent per mile—from 3 cents last year. Brakemen are raised from 2½ to 2¾ cents a mile. The same advances are made in the wages of work trainmen.

The conductors and brakemen on ordinary ore trains receive the same basing pay as last year, except that there are special provisions by which, in certain cases, additional pay is earned.

In a general way the schedule of the yard crews is unchanged. The chief change is that yard crews employed in switching around stock piles or steam shovels are paid on the same basis as the regular yard crews.

COME HIGH.

Large Sums Are Asked In Personal Injury Cases.

This is bargain term in district court. Here are some of the bargains that are offered defendants in personal injury cases:

For one eye, $15,000.

For three fingers, $10,100.

For miscellaneous injuries, a small job lot consisting of a sprained wrist, a lacerated chin and numerous bruises, $515.

Samuel Thompson lost the eye, and he wants John Runquist, a construction contractor on the Duluth & Iron Range railroad, to pay him $15,000 for it. He says that on Jan. 16, 1900, he was directed to take his pick and pick at the ground in a spot that was pointed out to him. Greatly to his surprise and chagrin his pick struck a forgotten blast, and it went off. His left eye was missing when the smoke cleared away, and he was badly injured in other ways, he says. William R. Spencer is his attorney.

Charles F. Blackberg lost the fingers. He says he was working in the Hubbard & Vincent mill Feb. 16, 1902, fixing a link belt, when something happened, and the next thing he knew he was shy three fingers. He values them at $366.66 2-3 each, and he asks the court to make Hubbard & Vincent pay the bill. John Jenswold, Jr., is the attorney.

John Hedberg is suing the Duluth-Superior Traction company for $515. He says that on Dec. 21, 1901, he was driving a load of coal at Nineteenth avenue west and Superior street when a car ran into him and threw him to the ground. A sprained wrist, a cut chin and a number of bruises fell to his lot. He alleges that the motorman was incompetent, and that the company is liable for the injuries because it hired such a man. Alexander Marshall is the attorney.

Storm Signals Out.

The storm signals are flying over the local weather bureau today and a regular northeaster prevails from the lake. The forecast indicates a continuation of the storm tonight and tomorrow with probable thunderstorms. The wind is expected to reach a velocity of forty miles per hour before the change takes place. The temperature will continue low so long as the wind remains in the northeast.

A LETTER

Written By Labor Organizer Expected to Convict Him.

St. Paul, May 1.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: W. H. Hamilton of Watertown, N. Y., organizer for Brotherhood of Papermakers, pleaded guilty this morning to a charge of conspiracy. The bail was fixed at $400 and the case adjourned to May 6. It develops that Hamilton, who had been shadowed, was writing a letter at a local hotel yesterday when he was called to the telephone and while he was absent from the writing desk a detective took the letter. This letter contains threats of violence to non-union men and is relied on to corroborate the charge of conspiracy. Hamilton expects to give bail.

DRIVEN OUT.

Frank Quinn Tells Harrowing Tale In a Complaint.

Frank Quinn tells a fearful hard luck story in a suit begun in district court this morning against Anna M. Willard and Lane McGregor, to recover $500 damages for a case of eviction.

He says he rented a flat on the second floor of a building at 622 West Superior street for $10 per month, and he claims to have had a lease. He sublet part of the flat to others, and made $50 a month that way, and he claims also to have worked up a trade there in a certain patent medicine that brought him in a profit of $10 a month.

The defendants started in their assaults upon his peace and calmness of mind by removing half of the building, taking away the stairs that led to his domicile, and incidentally the walls of some of the rooms, leaving their contents bare to the gaze of the world and destroying the fortifications against the chill winds and rain.

Then the defendants set off an explosion under the building, which forced he and his family to fly for their lives, he says. They sought other apartments, but maintained their residence in the old quarters. Later, while he and his family were away, he claims they came in and finished the job by throwing out their possessions and tearing down the remainder of the building. He wants $500 damages for all this. Alexander Marshall is his attorney.

A Large Calendar.

The May term of the district court will be a large one.

Ninety cases have been noted for the term, and the calendar will have more than that, as usually a few are added by agreement at the opening day of the term.

There is an unusually large percentage of divorce cases, as twenty-two out of the ninety are for divorce.

Twenty-two of the ninety were continued from last term, and sixty-eight are new cases. Forty-two are court cases and forty-eight are for trial by the jury.

FORESTERS

Elect Officers For the Next Three Years.

Los Angeles, May 1.—At this morning's session of the triennial conference of the supreme court of the Independent Order of Foresters the election of officers for the next three years took place. But one contest for high offices developed, that for supreme xlec chief ranger. The Eastern delegation supported J. H. Cameron, of Ohio, and he was elected by a small majority over the opposition of the Western members, who backed H. G. McElfresh, high chief ranger of the California jurisdiction.

PARDONED BY KING.

Officers of the Chicago Have Been Released.

Rome, May 1.—The king has pardoned the officers of the cruiser Chicago, who have been imprisoned at Venice. They will be immediately handed over to the United States consul, from whose charge they will be transferred to the Chicago, which is ready to sail.

Venice, May 1.—The imprisoned American naval officers this afternoon, generously indemnified the parties claiming damages for injury, and the public prosecutor telegraphed to Rome that all legal impediments to the prisoners' parlion were removed. It is therefore expected that the petition to King Victor Emmanuel for pardon, signed by officers of the Chicago and forwarded to Rome, will be granted, and that the officers in custody will be released without delay.

The claimants for damages had telegraphed to the minister of justice, Signor Cocco-Ortu, asking him not to accede to the petition unless their claims were adjusted. This objection has now been removed and the public prosecutor has so notified the minister of justice.

ANOTHER STOP.

Ferry Landing at Fifth Avenue Is Asked.

Residents of Park Point are getting up a petition to the city council asking that the Park Point ferry stop at Fifth avenue west. If it cannot make that point every trip, they ask that stops be made there during a couple of hours every morning and the same time every evening. They say that for many people the Fifth avenue west landing is a very much easier one, and they add that there are so many boats landing at the Lake avenue dock now that it is hard for passengers to get aboard.

PATTERSON FOUND GUILTY.

Decatur, Ill., May 1.—Fletcher Patterson, on trial at Sullivan for the murder of John Thomason last August, was today found guilty and the penalty was fixed at fifteen years' imprisonment. The two men were friends, but Patterson ordered Thomason to stay away from his home, and a few minutes later shot him dead. The defense was that the gun was accidentally discharged in a scuffle.

WOMEN IN SESSION

Five Thousand Gathered at City of Los Angeles.

The Annual Convention of Federation of Women's Clubs.

Address of Welcome By State President, Mrs. Bulkley.

Los Angeles, May 1.—The opening day of the Federation of Women's Club convention registered 5000 visitors with more to follow, the local committee having prepared for 8000.

The arrival of leaders has crystalized the presidential situation. Mrs. Dimies Denison, of New York, this morning said: "I have not declared myself a candidate for the reason that unless I am the choice of the convention, I do not want to push my claims. If the honor comes to me, however, I shall appreciate it."

Mrs. Robert Burdette, of Pasadena, who has a wide following throughout the state, took precisely the same neutral position when she made this statement: "Whoever the women of the United States want to further this great federation work, that is the woman I want."

Mrs. Platt-Decker, of Denver, said she would not run if Mrs. Denison were a candidate.

At the opening session of the convention the delegates were welcomed by Mrs. Kate A. Bulkley, state president of the California Women's clubs, who said in part:

In the name of California club women, I bid you welcome. We have looked forward for two years with pleasant anticipations to your coming, and now that you are here, happiness is ours. We are glad that you have accomplished the weary journey across the plains and deserts and over mountains and have come to the land of promise and plenty, of sunshine and summer—our California.

The doors of our homes stand open and when you enter you may be surprised to find greetings awaiting you, not alone from California but from your own home states as well and even from countries beyond the sea. For this state stands as a federation of people from all places and sojourners of to the Mecca are sure to find old friends to welcome them.

Our needs seem to reach out in endless ramifications and our experiences to be very limited, so we shall therefore set at your feet and listen and we shall learn much that is valuable and much that will be helpful in our small effort for the advancement and general well being of our clubs.

That is what your coming means to us. To you we offer only our most open hearted hospitality. You will gain in the coming far more than it is within our power to give. It is from association with each other that your most beautiful harvest will be gathered. For from natural interchange of thought, from observation of another's experience, from comparison of working plans, a great good may be inspired. To plan for the future is the obvious duty of the present. What, then, could be more appropriate than such a convention of intelligent women brought together to compare and devise methods of helpfulness for mutual improvement and for the advancement of education.

It would seem, however, that the advancement of education need no longer be a source of anxiety, when the generous, public and over the world, by their munificent gifts, are placing it within the reach of all. In the history of mankind education has never been so general. To all fields of learning are free and their gifted leaders untiring and unselfish in giving their garnered wisdom to all who have leisure to accept it.

But education to us means more than book learning. It means a practical application of such knowledge as will insure growth of power that shall enable it to draw the best from life. The dissemination of this kind of knowledge seems to be the inevitable work of women's organizations.

The interests of this convention will naturally center around the reports of the committees where we shall learn the best methods for the betterment of the surroundings of the poor who are too busy in the struggle for existence to help themselves, for the improvement of industrial conditions, for the encouragement of good government and, above all for better home making and a more intelligent care and development of children, in short, the best methods of raising the standard of living, both for ourselves and for others and making us more worthy of this beautiful world in which God has placed us to grow.

Mrs. Emma Fox, recording secretary of the general federation, made her report, of which the following is an abstract:

The report of Mrs. Fox tells of several meetings of the board of directors, held during the past two years, and says that one question remains to be settled in connection with the office of federation secretary, and that is whether the secretary is ex-officio entitled to a vote in the convention. An explicit by-law defining the duties and privileges of that office is necessary. The report recounts the history of the case growing out of the application of the New Era club of Boston, a club composed largely of negro women for membership in the federation. The application was presented at the fifth biennial convention and the president of the club was present expecting to be seated. A motion at a meeting of the board of directors that the New Era club's application be granted was tabled. The club was not refused admission. No hardship was imposed upon the delegate of the club as she was entitled to a seat in the convention in another capacity. Reference is made to the usefulness of the Club Woman, the official organ of the federation, as a means of disseminating information concerning federation affairs.

Mrs. Fox emphasizes the recommendation of her predecessor that provision be made for the safe keeping of the records of the federation.

IN FAVOR OF STATE.

Judge Brown Decides Y Case as Jasper.

St. Paul, May 1.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Brown, of the district court of Rock county, has decided the contested Y case at Jasper in favor of the state. The commissioner ordered the Burlington and the Willmar & Sioux Falls to connect their lines at that point, and the roads contested the order on the ground that the law under the Jacobson bill, did not apply to the case. A spur track of the Willmar & Sioux Falls crossed the main track of the Burlington at Jasper.

This is the first judicial ruling on the law, and the case will probably be taken to the supreme court.

SEMI-ANNUAL DIVIDEND.

Philadelphia, May 1.—The board of directors of the Pennsylvania railroad today declared a semi-annual dividend of 3 per cent.

TEN THOUSAND ACRES

Of Flowers Went Into Twelve Drops of Perfume.

Six drops of perfume have disturbed English society, driven the chemists of the great perfumers at Grasse, in France, nearly distracted, caused business upheavals in the great distilleries of the town, started a new fad and, generally speaking, have been responsible for more jealousies and quarrels than even the announcement of the list of the men King Edward proposed to make birthday knights. Incidentally these six drops of perfume have conferred a decided benefit on the little town of Grasse, for they have caused the employment of several hundred people, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

The six drops of perfume responsible for all this curious activity have a strange history, involving England, the United States and India. Additional romance is lent to the six drops of perfume by the personalities of the people concerned—the queen of England, the viceroy of India, the maharajah of Udaipur. And also a girl from Chicago.

The viceroy of Indian is Lord Curzon, whose wife, now generally known as Lady Curzon of Kedleston, was the daughter of Levi Z. Leiter, of Chicago. Lady Curzon went to India soon after her marriage and, as the vicereine, became exceedingly popular with Indian society and especially with the native princes. Lately, with her husband, she visited Udaipur, one of the cities of Rajputana, and was magnificently entertained by the Maharajah.

The bestowal of costly presents upon guests is an ancient Indian custom and much ingenuity is often displayed in the selection of such present as will interest people usually wealthy enough to be themselves able to indulge every taste. When the maharajah, at the leavetaking, bestowed upon Lady Curzon a tiny flask of crystal and precious stones, the viceroy knew that she had been made the recipient of something unusual, but she expected to have to wait until later to satisfy her curiosity as to its identity and use. She was spared that necessity, however, for the maharajah said to her:

"That little flask contains twelve drops of an essence so rare that the half of my kingdom could not procure its match. I have named it the Vicereine, after my guest. The flowers of 10,000 acres of my country pay tribute to you in this vial."

When Lady Curzon found an opportunity to examine her treasure she found it to be utterly unlike any perfume previously known. The odor was that of roses, of lilies, of heliotrope, of ambergris, of chypre, of violet, of oleander, of carnation, of—well, of every flower, gum or herb known to perfumers. But in addition there was a subtle something, an indescribable effect of sweetness that was, apparently, the own peculiar property of the perfume. Lady Curzon, herself an expert amateur judge of perfume, as are many modern women, recognized the value of the maharajah's gift. She found that a slip of the native kous-kous grass, if dipped into the perfume bottle so that just the end of the straw was wet with the liquid, would perfume a whole great room, so that it smelled like a perfume factory. By merely holding the unstoppered vial near her laces and robes they absorbed the wonderful perfume and held it for months.

A beautiful flask was made to hold the gift, and then Lady Curzon placed in it six precious drops of the maharapah's present, the priceless "Vicereine" perfume. Those were the six drops that have stirred all Europe.

Ladies in waiting and other intimates of the queen learned of the secret of the precious six drops. So did others, for no one could be long near the queen of England without becoming perfumed by the magic liquid. Handkerchiefs that had merely been in the presence of the queen were treasured like diamonds. Robes that had absorbed the perfume were laid away carefully, that they might impart their scent to other fabrics. The whole court became infatuated with the "Vicereine" perfume and discussed nothing else but perfumery.

Fabrics permeated with the wonderful perfume were carried by their possessors to the great perfumers. The trained senses of Rimmel, of Atkinson, of Van Leuve, in London, and of Pinaud, and Roger & Gallet, in Paris, exhausted themselves upon the perfume. It was taken to Grasse, to Cologne, to every city, town or hamlet, where dwelt either a chemist or a skilled compounder of perfumes.

"We do not know what it is," they all said.

Women and even men intrigued for a chance to inhale the original perfume. Lady Curzon was importuned for a drop—half a drop, the misroscopical part of a drop—for anything, in fact, which would give the chemists something to work upon. The requests were all in vain. The value of a perfume, to its owner, depends upon its exclusiveness. Once its composition becomes known it is morally maunfactured by the barrel and becomes common and valueless from the point of view of the expert in perfumes. Both the queen and Lady Curzon wished to keep the composition of the "Vicereine" perfume a secret, and so they guarded the precious drops like diamonds.

The inevitable happened. Denied the possession of the perfume, all those who could afford the quest set themselves the task of hunting it down. A scandal was caused by the imprudence of a certain personage—not a mere person, mind you, who tried to, well—borrow, some of the liquid. Those who possessed a handkerchief which was perfumed with the marvelous scent were envied by those not so fortunate. Those who had not been privileged to smell the perfume were jealous of those who had been so favored. Every woman of fashion began to dabble with drugs, with odorous gums and essential oils. Fashionable houses took upon themselves the odor of scent factories. Perfumers were flooded with orders for this, that and the other perfumes or combination of perfumes, which it was thought might possibly resemble the "Vicereine" perfume.

And then, suddenly, Grasse became the center of attraction. The whisper passed that some one, by the exercise of unheard of dexterity, had managed to "annex" a tiny spatter of the precious perfume. Hastily—so the story went—the droplet had been carried to a famous French chemist. He had analyzed it and thereby obtained the mystic formula. The chemist, so it was said, was employed by a certain great manufacturer at Grasse, who, for a fabulous sum, had purchased the secret. Now, as it was said, the perfume was to be manufactured in sufficient quantities to enable those who were rich enough to buy it to enjoy the pleasure of possessing the wonderful "Vicereine" perfume. It was added that the price of the sacred perfume would be above rubies; that it was indeed such a precious substance that even a drop represented wealth. It would be made for the chosen few—they were told, and the chosen few had better be quick about making application or there would be not enough to go around.

The initiated saw that there was more than a chance of this story being absolutely true. Grasse is a town of about 14,000 inhabitants, situated less than twenty miles from Nice, in the Maritime Alps. For more than a century it has been celebrated above all other places for its manufacture of wonderful perfumes. Its specialties have always been attar of roses and orange flower water. The curious remembered two things that were of no small interest to them. One was that skilled perfumers had said that the mystic Vicerine perfume possessed the odor of roses, blended with orange flowers and many other things. The second interesting fact which they remembered was that Grasse had been a favorite resort of the late Queen Victoria and of her family. It occurred to them that the present queen of England, wishing, perhaps, to secure an additional supply of the precious perfume, had herself sent a drop of it to the chemists of Grasse so that it might be duplicated for her. And they knew that even chemists were human.

The result has been that the eyes of fashionable Europe are turned to Grasse and that a steady stream of visitors has set in toward the beautiful little town. Usually this is a dull season in the perfume factories, but this year two of them are working to their fullest capacity and hundreds of extra workers have found employment. Some of the visitors have set themselves the task of questioning these work people in the hope of learning the secret of the "Vicereine" perfume—if the secret is there—but they have not had much good fortune. The work of these people is divided in such a way that nothing of value can be learned from the individual. At the last the perfume is always compounded by the head of the factory, the work people elaborating nothing but the separate ingredients.

The pilgrimage to Grasse of the indefatigable perfume hunters has developed the interest in odors to such an extent that there has sprung up a decided fad for fine perfumes, a fad which has already resulted in making good amateur perfumers of many society women. The fad is for a personal, exclusive perfume, and large sums are being expended at Grasse by those who can afford to indulge in this whim.

It is essentially an amusement of the wealthy, for the more refined perfumes are of great cost. Those who know say that the maharajah of Udaipur was probably not exaggerating much when he said that the essence of flowers from 10,000 acres had passed into the twelve drops of perfume which he named Vicerieine. There is evidence of this at Grasse. In the rose gardens of one firm—that of Antoine Chris, which has been making perfumes since 1705—7000 plants are grown upon each acre. These produce for the firm about 50,000 pounds of roses, and it is said that no less than the produce of one entire acre of roses is needed to make a single ounce of ordinarily pure perfume.

In making such perfumes as that of the maharajah it is probable that the usual Grasse method will be followed. Only one method is known there—that of distillation. The blossoms are gathered in the early morning, just as the dew leaves them, and before the sun is up. Great care is used to select only perfect blossoms if fine perfume is to be made. The blossoms are then carried into the still room and poured into great copper vats, where they are boiled. The result is a rose water, which, in its turn, is placed in stills. The distillate comes over as water, upon which floats a very few drops of an essential oil. This is the precious oil of roses. It is gathered more carefully than gold dust and treated with even more respect.

Often, in the modern perfume distilleries, this oil is again distilled, so that a still higher concentration may be obtained. This, in the opinion of experts, is the way in which the intensely powerful "Vicereine" perfume was made, but they admit that they do not know what else besides rose attar was used in it. The chemists of Grasse are trying to find that out.

CROSBY'S BARGAINS.

Lakeside and Lester Park.

Corner lot, 50x140, on graded street $400
Double corner, 100x140, on grade- street $750
Single lot, 50x140, on graded street $300
Good lot, 50x140, on car line $250
Two lots, 100x140, on car line $500
Corner on good street, near park $200
House and lot on good street, near car line; $250 cash, balance easy $1000
Cosy cottage on corner lot, 50x140, on street car line $1000
Elegant modern house, nine rooms, hot water heat, a beautiful home, near car line; corner lot; barn $4000
Good five-room house, lot 70x100; on easy terms or monthly payment $1100

East End and Central.

Two modern six-room houses, central location, in good condition; both for $3000
Nine-room modern house, corner; in central location; fine view $3000
Six-room house with water and sewer; central location. $2000
Seven-room house, near court house, on Second St... $2000
Eight-room house on Jefferson street; modern; monthly payments; cash payment only $400
7-room house on East Third street, all modern and new; monthly payments, a bargain at $3500
Corner house, East End, modern, at $2800

We have a number of cheap homes in East End, West End, Lakeside and on the Heights of four to eight rooms without modern conveniences, but well located, that can be bought for from $600 to $1500 on small cash payment and balance monthly payments. We would be pleased to go with you and show you through them any time.

Duluth is prospering now and will continue to prosper, and the working man who has a hundred dollars or so can make no safer or better investment than in a home for his wife and little ones and such homes will never be cheaper than now. Buy before the prices and terms are raised. We make a specialty of this class of property.

We Write Fire Insurance.

GEO. H. CROSBY
106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

These Are Cheap!

Eleven-room house on First avenue east, with water and sewer $3200
Twelve-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $2250
Eight-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $1600
Seven-room house on Seventeenth avenue east, with water and sewer $1500

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

For Sale.

$2200 100x140 feet on East Second street.
$1200 Corner lot on London Road.
$550 Lot near Normal school; water and sewer connections.
$3500 Double house and corner lot on Third avenue west.
$3500 Flat building paying good income. Easy terms.
$1300 No. 1926 Piedmont avenue west. Nine-room house.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.
Real Estate and Mortgage Loans

FARM LANDS

Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Street.

Look at the Lots Near the Normal School.

That locality is now as beautiful as a city park. It has water and sewer. Some fine houses are already assured. A limited number of lots will be sold cheap for building purposes only. The houses must be good ones, suitable to the best residence district.

Some choice Endion lots:
Upper side Third street, west of Nineteenth avenue east $900
Lower side Second street, west of Nineteenth avenue east $1000
Upper side Superior street, east of Twentieth avenue east $1600
Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue $650
London Road, near Sixteenth avenue $1100

FOR RENT —No. 14 Nineteenth Ave. East—10-room house .. $35

Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

FOR SALE!
$1200
Eight-room house, Second avenue east—good well.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

LONDON.
6-room house—electric light—$1365—$500 cash.
ROSS L. MAHON,
414 First National Bank Building.

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

$4500

Will buy No. 1627 East Superior Street, eight rooms, bath electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house. In first-class condition throughout. $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent.

Size of lot, 50x150 feet, all improvements, including new concrete sidewalk, made and paid for.

At the price offered is the biggest bargain in the East End. Let us show you this house.

FOR SALE EXCLUSIVELY BY

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
REAL ESTATE, LOANS, INSURANCE,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

Established 1869.

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY,
INSURANCE AND BONDS.
You want the best—We furnish it.
Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

VAUGHAN'S LIST.

$1550 Good six-room house; city water; lot 28x100 feet; above Superior street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenues west.
$1500 Splendid six-room house, city water; on Fourth street, West End. Genuine bargain.
$1200 New house, corner lot; Seventh street east.
$1200 Good farm of 80 acres, near city, nearly all under cultivation.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building
Telephone 789.

FOR RENT.

Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.

Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building

FOR SALE!
Desirable Dwellings—
No. 1207 East Superior street.
No. 1215 East First street.
No. 2107 East First street.
No. 121 East Second street.
No. 1217 East Second street.
No. 316 East Third street.
No. 414 East Third street.

R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

4½ per cent 5 per cent 5½ per cent
Money to Loan.
Building Loans.
Insurance and Bonds.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
209-210 Exchange Bldg.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursday's at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.		Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.		Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m		Ar. Iron Jctn.Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.		Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.		Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.		Ar.. Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.		Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.		Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.		Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.		Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:35	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave			Arrive	
† 1:25	p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55	p.m.
† 11:10	p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30	p.m.
* 7:55	a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast. Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range	* 6:45	p.m.
† 3:00	p.m.		† 11:55	a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	6:55 p m
b 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:40 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily, b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 398 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:25 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.

*Daily. † Except Sunday

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and Building Loans. **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg **5½%**

FORGY & JACOBY.

$2000 Takes eight-room house, East End. Near London road.
$1250 Takes eight-room house, East End. Near London road.
$1250 Takes 7-room house on Fifth avenue west and Fifth street. Farm lands in St. Louis and Itasca counties.

200 Trust Building.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE

The property at present occupied by St. Luke's hospital at the corner of Fourth street and Second avenue East, 100 by 140 feet. This will make a good boarding hotel, or can be arranged into flats or apartments. Apply to

J. H. Dight,
Treasurer.

Stop Paying Rent!

And buy a good 9-room house centrally located, water, sewer, bath, 50-foot lot—very easy terms, great bargain at.. **$2700**
205 LYCEUM BLDG.
If you will rent—we have houses and flats for rent.

$3750 Takes ten-room thoroughly modern house in fine location. East End.
$5000 Takes 8-room modern house, corner; hot water heat. East End.
$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner. East End.
$2100 Takes fine 7-room house in good location. East End.
$6300 Takes 9-room modern house in good location. East End.
$6000 Takes fine 10-room modern house and barn in East End. Very good and cheap.
$1500 Takes 7-room house on West Fourth street. Water in house.
$5000 Takes 50 feet on Second street, near Lake avenue.
$3000 Takes good rental property on West First. Fine location.
$3000 Takes 9-room modern residence, with large lot, on London road.

Call and see our list of properties. We have what you want.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palladio Bldg.

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.
$10,000 For a first class modern double house, ten rooms each; best location in East End.
$500 Each for two full 50-foot lots on West Fourth street, near Ninth avenue. They are cheap.
$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.
$350 For full 50-foot lots, Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.

Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota

D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

FOR SALE.

Good 80-acre tract at Maple Ridge, near Bemidji, Minn., for sale. Black loam soil. Five acres cleared and buildings. Price..... **$440**

Large tract 32,000 acres north of Cass Lake—$3 per acre. Easy terms.

Surveyor General's Scrip for offered government lands. Give immediate title.

J. H. SHARP,
406 Palladio Building, Duluth.
Zenith Telephone No. 750.

FOR SALE.

Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—

$7500.

R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

Best Bargain in Town.

$775 For eight-room house in good condition, 25-foot lot, good clean barn, coal and wood shed. On small payment down and easy monthly payments.

CALL 518 MANHATTAN BUILDING.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Nine-room house in the West End; arranged for two families; house and lot can be bought for less than house cost to build. Price..... **$1300**

The best vacant corner lot on Third street, centrally located, can be bought below its market value.
Lot on upper side of Superior street, near Fifth Ave. E., for. **$2000**
50-foot lot on South street, near Endion depot, for..... **$400**
Lot on Thirty-first avenue west and First street, for..... **$175**
50-foot lot on Fifth street near Twentieth avenue east, water and sewer in the street. Price..... **$450**

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values

A. R. MACFARLANE & OO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

I have option on a tract of 3500 acres choice farming land in Douglas county, Wis., at $3 per acre if taken before May 1. This includes timber.

A. W. Hepworth,
212 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE

$3800 —9-room house, East End.
$7000 —9-room steam heat, &c., East End.
$1250 —8-rooms centrally located.

Farm Lands in Northern Minnesota Cheap.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.,
305 Providence Building.

Buy Lands

now while they are cheap. They are sure to advance and will prove a most profitable investment. I have them in all directions and at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

Don't Take Chances

In having your **Fire Insurance** written in some unknown company when you can have your business taken care of in one of the **millionaire companies** represented by

John A. Stephenson,
Providence Building.
Telephone 406.

$2000 Will buy 50x140 feet on the upper side of First street, near Tenth avenue east. This is a snap.
$2250 Will buy a beautiful corner on Fifteenth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent.
$800 Will buy 100x140 feet corner on Sixth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent.
$300 Will buy 50x140 feet corner on Fifth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance at 6 per cent.
$540 Will buy 120-acre farm 2½ miles from railroad station; 18 acres cleared, good barn and root house. Dwelling house is not very good. Land has $150 worth of spruce and tamarack on it. Terms, half cash; balance, one year at 7 per cent.

W. L. Jackson
513 Burrows Bldg.,
New 'Phone 140.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1000 Buys seven-room house, good condition; corner lot, 25 by 140. Near Twenty-eighth avenue west. Very easy terms.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$2000 Buys 200 by 140 feet, southeast corner Fourth street and Eighth avenue west.

$1200 Buys six-room house on East Seventh street; $200 cash and $15 per month.

$1600 Buys six-room house, city water, sewer; lot 25 by 140, on Third street, near Fourteenth avenue east.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.	
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest

$765 Will buy six-room house, fine mantel and grate, on corner lot on Duluth Heights; $45 cash and $12 per month. No interest.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET. West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 721 W. Superior St.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — BOYS' BICYCLE. PROVIdence building barber shop.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co., Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in' ads should appear often in The Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, cheap. 5613 Eighth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—LARGE-SIZE LETTERpress, cheap. Address C 93, Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SALOON, FIXtures and lease on building; good location. Inquire 224 Lake avenue south. Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street and Fifth avenue east. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

PIANO $275 BUYS IT; COST $750; right; almost new; can be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

ANCHOR LUNCH COUNTER AND tables. Cheap. S. Selleck.

FOR SALE — MR. AND MRS. G. L. Perreault, of the Perreault hotel, Laurium, Mich., after having been in the hotel business for twenty years, have decided to go out of the business, and offer their nice, new and well equipped $2 per day hotel for sale.

FOR SALE—AN 18-FOOT GASOLINE yacht with modern improvements. P. O. Two Harbors, Minn., Box 3.

FOR RENT OR SALE — COMPLETE camping outfit on Park Point. Inquire 203 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR fresh milch cows, will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

FOR SALE—SNAP. $160 WILL BUY 4-room house on Thirty-second avenue west and Fifth street. Inquire at 2401 West Fourth.

FOR SALE FOR A FEW DAYS only—a desirable 6-room dwelling. No. 406 East Fifth street, at $2750. F. I. SALTER, 302 Lonsdale Building.

PIANO $125 UPRIGHT, MAHOGany case, fine tone; to be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

FOR SALE—20 SINGLE SPRINGS, 50 cents each; 11 single beds, $1 each; 1 table, $3; 16 chairs, 15 cents each; 8 wash stands, 75 cents each. Address 217 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—$40 EAGLE BICYCLES FOR $25; a wheel with a good reputation. We do all kinds of repair work. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHICK FEED, CYPHERS incubators, brooders, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS for sale by Ernest Miller, 1325 London road.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN MILCH COOWS and young heifers. Call or address Spider Lake Sawmill and Lumber company, Spider, Wis.

The Northwest's Greatest Horse Dealers.

Barrett & Zimmerman, the foremost horse dealers in this country, have on sale at all times at their mammoth stables opposite the postoffice, Duluth, a complete assortment of all kinds of horses, consisting of drivers, farm horses, drafters and general purpose horses. If in need of anything in the horse line this is the place to come and buy and save money.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; forty beds. 531 West Superior street.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale building.

DRESSMAKING.

AND PLAIN SEWING: FIT AND STYLE guaranteed. 616 E. 4th St. Basement flat.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker 201 W. Superior St.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BICYCLE & GUN REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS REPAIR WORK. PRICES reasonable; guarantee satisfaction. F. R. Holmberg, with J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—WOMAN TO CLEAN HOUSE at once. 320 West Second street.

WANTED—SCRUB GIRLS. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; best wages; small family. 2320 East First street.

WANTED — A GOOD MILLINER, AT 1817 West Superior street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; good home; no children. Send address to B 87, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Family of three. Call before 11 a. m. 301 East Fifth.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. Call mornings, 1407 East Third street.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be a good cook. Only two in the family; $20 per month. Call evenings. 431 East Second street.

WANTED—TWO GIRL DISHWASHERS at once. Criterion restaurant, 206 West Superior street.

WANTED—LADY OF GOOD ADDRESS to canvass best houses for household staple. No samples. Address, Z, Duluth Herald.

WANTED—GIRL TO COOK AND serve short orders in small restaurant. Good pay. 2532 West Superior street.

WANTED—AT 2321 East First street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED — LADY, FIRST CLASS double entry bookkeeper. No other need apply. Address, "W. B.," care Herald, stating salary wanted.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 317 Fourteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; small family. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes, Hunter's Park.

WANTED—COOK. 2020 EAST SUPErior street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 1107 East Third.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework; good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings. 629 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE MAID. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED — BOOKKEEPER, OHIO Coal company, Providence building.

WANTED — TWO BRIGHT YOUNG men, one as examiner and one to pack china and glassware. Experienced preferred. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White Co.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED—IMMEDIATELY, MAN TO deliver milk and do chores; must be good milker. R. Hodgson, Fifty-fourth avenue east.

WANTED HARDWOOD WORKERS! Good wages to right men year round — none but good men need apply

PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

WANTED—BRIGHT, ACTIVE YOUNG men to work in shop. Experience not necessary. Chicago Bridge and Iron company, 105th and Throop streets, Washington Heights station, Chicago, Ill.

PATTERNMAKER WANTED. WOOD. Also templetmaker. State experience and wages expected. Chicago Bridge and Iron company, 105th and Throop streets, Washington Heights station, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — BOY TO DO PORTER work. Address Hotel McKay.

WANTED — COMPETENT BOOKkeeper; state age, experience and salary expected. Address J. E. L., Spalding hotel.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PAPERhanger. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED — ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPer, who will also do collecting. Boxman, Herald.

WANTED — AN ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper in wholesale house. Address giving experience and references to S 11, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special offer May 1 to 15. Board, room, scholarship and outfit of tools. Term not limited. Steady practice, expert instructions, positions plentiful. Write today, Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—DRY LUMBER GRADERS at once. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters, will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing Co., 22 East Michigan street.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SAW REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS SKILLFULLY repaired. New ones for sale. Duluth Saw Works, 1631 West Superior street.

MILLINERY.

LADIES FOR STYLE AND PRICES GO to Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

ENGRAVING

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SMALL FOUR-ROOM house, with water, 427 East Fifth street. Cooley & Underhill, 207-8 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—ELEGANT THOROUGHLY modern 7-room house; first-class repair; choice location. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—SIX ROOM HOUSE, 1020½ East Fourth street. City water, etc. Apply at 120 First avenue west. Rent $15.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET. THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be resodded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 403.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

SUITE OF ROOMS, FURNISHED, SUITable for light housekeeping. 202 West Second street.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms for housekeeping; family without children. 626 West Third street.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS repair; bath, city water; choice location; $15. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FOR RENT — TWO FURNISHED rooms. Apply at 324 Lake avenue north.

FOR RENT — LARGE FURNISHED front room for two gentlemen, $7 per month. 819 West Superior street. Call after 6 p. m.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED MODERN room. 1428 Jefferson street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, also rooms for light housekeeping. 226 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT — LARGE FRONT ROOM, nicely furnished, suitable for man and wife or two gentlemen. Call room 208 Lowell block.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. 32 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street, first floor.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED room with bath. 1805 West Superior street, flat 9.

FOR RENT—UNFURNISHED ROOMS; all conveniences. 110 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. ALL conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — SPACE IN STORE FOR cigars and soft drinks, periodicals, etc. Waterman's Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD AT 118 WEST SECond street. Gentlemen only.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 317 West Fourth street.

BOARDERS WANTED — THREE OR four boarders can procure excellent table board for the summer at 514 Fifty-eight avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—TO RENT

YOUNG LADY EMPLOYED DURING the day wishes to rent a good room. Address X 84, Herald.

WANTED — FOR THREE OR FOUR months from about June 1, a well furnished modern house, of nine or twelve rooms, in good locality, not over one block from car line. Small family of adults. W. M. Prindle & Co., Lonsdale building.

WANTED—BY MAN AND WIFE, TWO or three furnished rooms for light housekeeping. Address, U 4, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

COMPETENT FIREMAN WANTS EMployment; sober and reliable; license and references. Address N. E. E., 210 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—SITUATION AS ASSISTANT bandsaw filer. 1823 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKER WOULD LIKE SEWing in families. L 33, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS COLORED COOK wants position; can cook any fancy dish and furnish the very best of references. Address X 82, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY MAN AND wife in hotel, boarding house or camp, in or out of the city. Would take full charge of kitchen in country hotel. Address, X 81, Herald.

EXPERIENCED TYPEWRITER AND stenographer would like position. Will leave town if necessary. Address, B 60, Herald.

ENGINEER — TWENTY-FIVE YEARS in last two employs, first class testimonials for locomotive, compound or high pressure engine, holding first class license. Apply to P 74, Herald.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 743-3.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING, CARriage trimming. E. Ott, 123 First ave. W.

OPTICIAN.

GLASSES MADE TO ORDER. LATEST improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey Bldg.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LOST.

A BLACK COLLARETTE WAS LOST near Jackson school. If found, return to 710 West Superior street or Jackson school.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

H. POPKIN, 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and relaid. Address 316 West Second street. J. W. Roberts. 'Phone 291.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1709-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FORTUNES EASILY MADE BY SMALL but wise investments. The small capitalists' and money-savers' opportunity. Write for our "Guide to Wealth," Traiso & Co., 224 Unity building, Chicago.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5th, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 12, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 14, 1902. Work M. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave May 6, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second, Tuesday evening, April 29. REFRESHMENTS. C. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.

PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN.

WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P. meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

16 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD

16 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, MAY 2, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

STOKERS HORRIFIED

Dead Bodies Slide Down Chute to Furnaces.

Tragic Death of Stowaways On Freight Ship.

New York, May 2.—When the British freight steamship Sir Richard Grenville, from the West Indies, arrived in port, Capt. Jones reported the tragic death of two West Indian stowaways.

The vessel stopped at half a dozen West Indian ports, among them being St. Lucia, where she coaled. It is at this port Capt. Jones believes the stowawnys, who were negroes, managed to get aboard the vessel by letting themselves down to coal bunkers through the coal chutes. The men had evidently miscalculated the time that the steamship was going to remain at St. Lucia and did not know the vessel was to coal up. After they had reached the coal bunkers many tons of coal were taken on board, and the two stowaways were literally buried alive.

Nothing was known to the captain or crew of the tragic death of the men until the morning of April 18, after the vessel had left Guantanamo, loaded with sugar for New York, when one of the bodies slid through the coal chute into the furnace room. At the time the stokers were piling coal into the furnaces, while the vessel was making a hard fight against a heavy gale. The sight sent a shiver through the stokers and caused them to temporarily quit work. Capt. Jones was notified of the discovery and after making sure the stowaway was dead, ordered the body buried in the sea.

Six days later, the stokers were again horrified by another body which came through the coal chute into the furnace room.

A search was then made of the coal bunkers, but no more bodies were found.

OFFICIAL WAS CROOKED

Disbursing Clerk In the United States Census Office Summarily Removed as the Result of Discovery of Shortage.

Washington, May 2.—H. A. Barrows, the disbursing clerk of the United States census office, has been summarily removed as the result of the discovery of a shortage in the accounts of his office.

Two experts from the treasury department have begun an investigation and as soon as their report is made the exact amount of the shortage will be made known. Mr. Barrows was subjected to igid examinations today by Director Merriam and Chief Clerk McCauley and in the course of them, he gave the amount of his discrepancy as $7400 and credited the trouble to speculation. The government is amply secured from loss by bonds aggregating almost $300,000 so that there will be no loss to the United States. One of the experts who is going over the accounts said it might take two weeks before the exact situation is known.

CULBERSON IS IRONICAL

Washington, May 2.—Gen. MacArthur was interrogated today by Senator Culberson, of Texas, in rather an ironical vein at the hearing before the Philippines committee. The general had referred to the advantage of implanting republican institutions in the islands. Mr. Culberson asked if the declaration of independence and the constitution were not the foundation of our republican institutions.

Gen. MacArthur answered that the whole constitutional history of the country, with the preceding English history, together with the declaration of independence and the constitution, had to be considered. Mr. Culberson took up each of the principles of republican institutions, free speech, free press, self-government, trial by jury, etc., and asked how far these had been implanted in the islands.

As to free speech, Gen. MacArthur said he told the Filipinos that if they would give him their guns they could have a mass meeting on ever corner. He said soldiers were quartered on private houses, as an incident to war.

This led to a discussion as to whether war was in existence. Gen. MacArthur insisted that there had been a great upheaval and the ground swell was still apparent, some of the incidents of war continuing even after the pacification of a locality.

Senator Culberson went through most of the bill of rights, his questions seeking to develop that the fundamental right had not been implanted in the islands. Gen. MacArthur maintained, however, that all the fundamental rights, except trial by jury and the right to bear arms, were in operation as far as circumstances would permit. He read a proclamation he had issued specifying most of the constitutional rights.

BEEF INJUNCTION DELAYED

Chicago, May 2.—Official announcement was made today that the bill for injunction against the Chicago packing corporations would not be filed by the United States government until next week. A. W. Day, special attorney of the department of justice, will leave Chicago for Washington tonight, and will take with him a copy of the bill in order that it may be reviewed by Attorney General Knox.

BILL TO POSTPONE THE FAIR

Washington, May 2.—Secretary Hay today sent to the senate a letter stating the necessity for postponing the Louisiana purchase exposition from 1903 to 1904. Enclosed with it was a letter from Chairman Carter of the government committee, and a telegram from President Francis of the exposition, showing the necessity for the postponement.

Senator Cockrell had the letter read in the senate and then offered an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill now pending in the senate, providing for the postponement of the exposition in accordance with the requests.

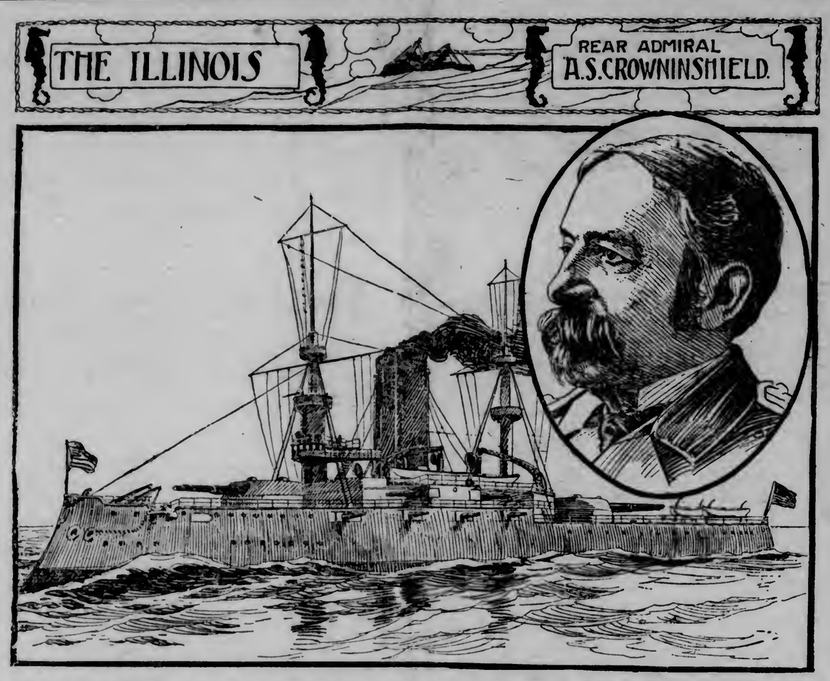
FITZ READY FOR TRIP WEST

New York, May 2.—Fitzsimmons, the pugilist, has completed arrangements for his trip West and will leave tomorrow for San Francisco, where he expects to fight Jeffries for the world's heavyweight championship some time in June. The former champion will be accompanied by his wife and "Tom" Wilson. The latter will act as sparring partner and will assist the former champion to get into shape.

Fitz has asked Jeffries not to take any action in regard to the club offers until he shall have reached the coast.

FOUND DEAD IN THE WOODS

Perry, Iowa, May 2.—The dead body of George Kolomoskas, a Greek fruit vender, who went hunting two days ago, was found in the woods, three miles from here, today. There was a bullet hole in the head, and his gun had been broken to pieces and was lying nearly 100 feet away. It is believed he was attacked, and, after a desperate fight, was murdered. His hunting dog came to town and searchers followed the animal back to where the body was found. Kolomoskas had relatives in Chicago.



REAR ADMIRAL A. S. CROWNINSHIELD, HIS NEW FLAGSHIP AND HER PART IN KING EDWARD'S CORONATION.

Rear Admiral Arent Schuyler Crowninshield, former chief of the bureau of navigation at Washington, has just hoisted his flag on the battleship Illinois at New York and will soon assume command of the European station. The Illinois is fitted up with palatial quarters for the flag officer. It is one of the newest, biggest and most formidable of the fighting machines of the navy. The rear admiral has been given the pick of the ships, and he is to take a conspicuous part in the naval demonstration in English waters incident to the coronation of King Edward.

CHANGES

In Passenger Schedules Between St. Paul and Coast.

St. Paul, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Sunday, May 4, important changes go into effect in passenger schedules of the trains between St. Paul and the North Pacific coast. From Billings west a triple daily through service east and west-bound is to be maintained.

One of the most important features of the summer schedules is that the Burlington through trains between Chicago and Billings, which have transferred a through sleeping car to the Northern Pacific to be carried to Portland, will run through as solid trains without change. This will give an uninterrupted through service between Chicago and Portland, and will relieve the Northern Pacific of the pressure of local business west of Helena and Butte.

The Pacific express, out of St. Paul, will shorten its through time two hours between St. Paul and Spokane.

Heavy summer traffic to Yellowstone National Park is expected over both the Northern Pacific and Burlington, and additional equipment has been provided for it.

ORE TRADE

Sales In Small Lots Are Being Made Almost Daily.

Cleveland, May 2.—The Iron Trade Review says: Additional ore sales are made almost daily, chiefly in lots running from 500 to 20,000 tons; yet there are furnace companies who have not yet bought sufficient ore to cover pig iron actually sold. There is no evidence in the current buying that furnaces are planning to shift from Bessemer to foundry iron or vice versa, and for some time the relation between the various lines of output promises to be maintained substantially as it is. No change in ore prices has come since the opening sale. A considerable tonnage of ore is yet to be sold, but each week is adding a good aggregate to the sales books of the local firms. Some of the early estimates of production on the Mesaba range were in excess of what now promises to come to market. There is no doubt of the ability of the mines to produce the tonnages talked of, but the machinery of transportation, except with a material improvement over conditions as they existed last season, would not be adequate to handling such a tonnage in furnace yards in a single season. Lower lake docompanies are not in as good shape for the opening of the season as they could wish, though the movement of ore to furnaces has been fairly good in the past two weeks.

MORTON'S ESTATE

Divided Equally Between His Four Sons.

Nebraska City, Neb., May .—The will of the late Sterling Morton was opened yesterday in the presence of the heirs and their representatives. The estate is estimated to be worth in the neighborhood of $100,000. The will provides for an annuity to be paid to Miss Emma Morton, the sister of the deceased, during the balance of her life. The estate is then divided into four equal parts, one part each for his four sons or their heirs by representation. The homestead, Arbor Lodge, goes to the oldest son, Joy Morton.

JUSTICES APPOINTED.

Washington, May 2.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Joseph Reed, Iowa, chief justice, and Henry C. Sluss, Kansas; William Murray, Tennessee; Wilbur F. Stone, Colorado, and Frank I. Osborne, North Carolina, associate justices of the court of private land claims.

AUTOS STOP QUICKLY

Test Shows That Motor Vehicles Can Be Stopped Quicker Than Bicycles or Coaches Drawn By Horses.

New York, May 2.—In a test before the law committee of the board of aldermen of automobiles and the facility with which they may be stopped, given on Riverside drive, machines were tried at varying speeds and were stopped at a signal without previous notice.

A machine weighing 2000 pounds, running 18.9 miles an hour, was stopped within 35 feet, while those running over 20 miles an hour were halted in from 45 to 75 feet. A four-in-hand owned by Harry Payne Whitney and drawing a heavy coach at the rate of 18.9 miles, ran 90 feet ten inches.

Bicycle policemen were also tested, and one riding at the rate of 27.6 miles stopped at 131 feet 2 inches.

At full speed the automobiles showed even better in comparison with other vehicles. One heavy machine, going 20 miles an hour, was stopped within 125 feet 8 inches, while another at 32.5 miles ran 139 feet. The tests by the automobilists were made with the view of securing permission for faster running in the city streets.

HELD POLICE AT BAY

Wilkesbarre Man Shoots Sexton of Russian Church and Then Defies Arrest By Posse For Over Two Hours.

New York, May 2.—After shooting a man twice, Peter Wanett held the police and a posse at bay for nearly two hours, says a Wilkesbarre, Pa., special to the Herald. Wanett fired many shots at the crowd, but finally was brought to earth by a boy, who knocked him senseless with a stone.

Wanett was first noticed parading before the Russian Catholic church, twirling a revolver and making remarks about the church. Sexton Russinit came out of the church and Wanett began shooting at him. One bullet went through Russinit's arm and another struck his thigh. Several persons tried to overpower the infuriated man, but were shaken off, and he ran, shooting at those who pursued.

When the police arrived he was on top of a steep bluff, and they could not reach him without exposing themselves. They called upon citizens for aid and the bluff was surrounded. For more than an hour police and citizens tried to reach Wanett, but each time they approached he fired. Finally, just as the police had secured rifles, Wanett dashed through the line, shooting right and left, and got away.

He was brought to bay a mile distant. This time the crowd, having no other weapons, began throwing stones, and finally a boy brought the man down. Wanett was then taken to jail.

ENGINEER BLUFFED ROBBERS

Eureka Springs, Ark., May 2.—An attempt to hold up the St. Louis-Frisco express was made near eSligman, the first station north of here. Two men boarded the train there and, under cover of darkness, crept over the tender, and leveling their revolvers at the engineer, ordered him to reverse his engine. He told them that to stop his train before arriving at the next siding meant certain destruction, as he was closely followed by an extra. When the train slowed up at Washburn the robbers became frightened and fled into the timber. Two suspects have been arrested at Seligman.

AN OVATION FOR SCHLEY

Meridian, Miss., May 2.—Admiral Schley and party arrived here this morning at 3:30, but remained in their sleeper until 8 o'clock, when they were met by a committee of the board of trade and 4000 school children and escorted to the city hall amid a roar of whistles and music and the cheers of thousands of visitors. It was almost impossible for the admiral and his party to get through the crowd, many old soldiers insisting on stopping the carriage and shaking Schley's hand. During the morning the admiral and Mrs. Schley met the school children, were given a drive through the city, attended the formal opening of the board of trade and were guests at a reception and luncheon.

MURDERER AGAIN ESCAPES

Marietta, O., May 2.—Harry Cooper, murderer, who escaped from jail here Fem. 12 is again at large. He was captured at Beaumont two weeks ago, and Sheriff Morrow of Marietta was bringing him back. Near Little Rock, Ark., Cooper asked Sheriff Morrow to enter the closet. The latter removed the handcuffs. Cooper raised the window in the closet and jumped out. Sheriff Morrow paid Beaumont authorities $122, all that remained of the reward. The county commissioners will not reimburse the sheriff.

REGULAR TWISTER

Strikes Iowa Towns With Disastrous Results.

Path Was Narrow But Much Damage Was Done.

Des Moines, May 2.—Six persons injured and $50,000 in damages to property was the result of the work of the tornadoes that struck the state of Iowa last night. The storms were 150 miles apart, one striking at Bayard, a town of 500, in Guthrie county, and others striking the towns of Weldon, Lohrville and Van Wert, wealthy farming communities. The injured are: David Harden, of Bayard, about the face and hands, serious; Hazel Williams, of Weldon, internal injuries, will die; Louise Williams, of Weldon, internally, will die; Mrs. O'Hara, Weldon, not serious; two O'Hara children, will recover.

The Bayard storm seems to have left the ground after passing through the town and traveled fifteen miles without doing further damage, when it struck a farming neighborhood north of Rippey and there demolished a school house and many barns.

Des Moines, May 2.—A tornado struck Bayard, fifty miles northwest of here, at 7.45 last night and demolished property to the value of $20,000. The storm path was 100 yards in width, and a dozen houses were badly damaged, the smaller ones being badly broken up and the larger ones wrecked and twisted. The C., M. & St. P. depot was destroyed and two large elevators standing alongside the Milwaukee tracks were unroofed.

At Coon Rapids, ten miles west, there was no wind. The storm seemed to swoop down on Bayard, where it spent its force, there being no reports of damage east of that point.

David Hardin was caught in the path of the storm, and fifteen minutes after it had passed was hanging to a tree.

He was unconscious all night, and this morning cannot recall what happened to him. It is thought that he was struck with flying debris.

Eye-witnesses say that the tornado did not occupy more than one minute in passing through the town. The direction was from west to east. Wires of all kinds are down in the neighborhood of Bayard, and communication with the town is almost impossible. Another severe wind storm is reported to have taken place five miles north of Rippey, Green county, and fifteen miles from Bayard. At this point the school house and three barns were completely destroyed.

Additional particulars from the cyclone that visited Decatur county last night state that it started six miles south of Van Wert and moved in a northwesterly direction, passing one mile east of the town. A dozen farm houses in its path of 100 yards wide, were wrecked and three members of one family, residing east of Van Wert, sustained broken limbs. Three sons of J. H. Williams, a farmer residing northwest of Weldon, are reported missing this morning. The storm blew with terrific force, and had it struck a more thickly settled neighborhood would have wrought great havoc.

David Harden, who was injured at Bayard, was whirled around a tree until made unconscious, and is still in a precarious condition.

Five people were hurt in houses wrecked by a tornado between Van Wert and Weldon, fifty miles south of here at 5 o'clock last evening. The storm struck a mile east of Van Wert and traveled in a northeasterly direction, just missing Weldon. The injured people were members of farmers' families. Two houses are reported blown to pieces. In one of these Louise and Hazel Williams were pinned in the wreckage and were hurt by flying timbers. They will probably die. Two women and a child by the name of O'Hara were hurt in a similar manner in another house, a short distance from the Williams home, but the destruction of the building was not so complete and the occupants escaped with less serious injuries. From Weldon the storm continued in a northeasterly direction and struck Woodburn, a small town on the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy railroad, where five houses were blown down or off their foundations. No lives were lost at this place and no one was injured.

Six were injured, one fatally, in a cyclone that struck near Lohrville, 100 miles northwest of here, last evening—the third cyclone thus far known to have taken place within an hour in as many different sections of the state. The residence of a farmer, J. W. Munirni, was in the path of the storm at Lohrville, and the father, mother and four children sustained serious injuries. The mother's skull was fractured and she will die.

The house and out buildings were completely demolished.

A school house was torn to pieces and other buildings in the neighborhood were wrecked. The cyclone was followed by a terrific hail storm that broke windows in many houses.

Coon Rapids, Iowa, May 2.—The tornado which struck Bayard last night swept across the country and did a great amount of damage to crops, farm buildings and agricultural interests. Following the wind storm there was a deluge of rain, which in some places reached nearly the proportions of a water spout. The wind at this place reached a velocity of seventy miles an hour and blew down signs and a number of small buildings were seriously damaged.

All the wires along the St. Paul road are down and a number of poles were broken off. No person was injured, so far as learned, except a Mr. Hardy, at Bayard, who was not seriously hurt.

ACTED IN SELF DEFENSE

Officer of the Cruiser Chicago Who Was Imprisoned at Venice Explains the Circumstances of the Arrest.

Venice, May 2.—In an interview with a repreesntative of the Associated Press the imprisoned officers warmly repudiated the reports from Rome that they were under the influence of wine at the time of the trouble, and said that on the contrary, they were absolutely sober.

Lieut. John S. Doddridge remarked: "After the accidental upsetting of a table in a cafe by myself and a companion, at 11 o'clock at night, we were followed and attacked by a mob, and two municipal policemen appeared on the scene. I, with my open hand, motioned to the crowd to keep off. The police then seized us, but the mob continued so threatening that our brother officers and a marine, who happened to be on the plaza, ran to our rescue. We acted only in self defense and against a large, hostile crowd. We did not strike the police. Doubtless misunderstanding of the two languages had something to do with the trouble. We have been allowed to remain together in prison, but the room in which we have been confined swarmed with insects."

NOT A HEAD OF CATTLE SOLD

Denver, May 2.—Not a single head of cattle was sold in the Denver market yesterday and the commission men, almost without exception, wired to their customers in all parts of the West not to ship a single head of cattle, hogs, or sheep to the markets in this city, Kansas City, Omaha or Chicago. Commission men in other cities are understood to have taken similar action. Many thousands of head are on the way to market, and three or four days will pass before the effect of the order is felt, but at the beginning of next week it is thought little or no stock will be offered at the packing centers.

STRIKERS ARE INFURIATED

New York, May 2.—Deputy sheriffs in pursuit of striping silk dyers in the village of Lodi, N. J., surrounded the house of Frederick Behne and called on him and his friends to surrender. As Mrs. Behne, carrying her child in her arms, ran from the house, the deputies opened fired and a bullet struck the woman in the arm. The shooting has infuriated the strikers, who marched through the usualy quiet village streets threatening to make trouble. Several clashes ensued in which a number of persons were beaten.

FALL OF JIMINEZ EXPECTED

Cape Haytien, Hayti, May .—Vice President Vasquez of Santo Domingo, leader of the revolution against President Jiminez, has arrived at Guara, near Santo Domingo, the capital. The fall of the Jiminez government is expected today or tomorrow.

Porto Plata, the principal port of Santo Domingo, is quiet. Large numbers of government troops have been concentrated there and they are supported by Dominican war vessels. The governor of Porto Plata, Gen. Deschamps, has decided to defend the place.

STEIN - BLOCH COMPANY'S

Spring Suits and Top Coats—equal to custom-made at half the price.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

Rain Coats

Rain or shine these coats are equally becoming and serviceable — a spring overcoat and a waterproof in one.

M. S. BURROWS.

Leader Since 1890.

Nobby, Snappy Top Coats, as good as they look, and worth $15 and $16, for..... $10

Not over 100 coats in the lot; but another such chance to buy has not been presented this season. They bear the Burrows label and are worthy to do so. All sizes—short and medium cut.

Three Great Values In Men's Suits For Saturday...

CROMWELL

Every one is a Burrows Suit—Burrows-made and Burrows guaranteed. There isn't a Duluth man who doesn't feel security in such authorship. It answers the question of perfection at once. They are sold below their actual value because we have been able to secure them for less than usual. It's another of those mill concessions—and the saving to us is made the saving to you. But in the making, all the points of fineness that characterize the Burrows Suits have been incorporated. They are "Form-Fitting" cut—they are made by our expert force of tailors—they are fashioned in the latest styles; some extremes and some the conservative. We couldn't make better for selling at any price. We couldn't sell at these prices except for the underprice of the fabrics—

In the first lot are single-breasted Sack Suits, in Plain Black Cheviot and Fancy Cheviot and Fancy Cheviot effects; military cut and perfect fitting. Not a suit among them that could not be easily marked for selling at $12.50. But the price is **$7.50**

In the second lot are single-breasted and double-breasted Sack Suits—both the two and three-button styles; in Plain Black and Blue Cheviots and Serges and Fancy patterned Cheviots and Homespuns. They all have actual value at $15.00. But the price is to be..... **$10**

In the third lot are Norfolks. Single-breasted Sacks and two and three-button Double-breasted Sacks; made up in Plain Thibets, Serges and Cheviots and Fancy Homespuns and Scotchy Cheviots. Most of the patterns are exclusive and not duplicated even in our regular stock. Every one of these Suits is worth $20. But the price is..... **$15**

Every Saturday Has Its PANTS SPECIAL.

It has been a feature ever since we opened in Duluth — and always a worthy one. Tomorrow will be quite the biggest of any of them—About 500 pairs of Men's Fine Worsted Stripe Pants, new effects and correctly cut and union made. They are $4 and $5 Pants and you may have the choice of them for—

$3.50 Per Pair.

This is to be a sale for Saturday only—because all three of the lots are small; otherwise they would have been included in the regular stock. All together there are not over 250 suits—so you can see the imperativeness of giving this offer immediate attention.

Note these prices on Boys' Wear

Every one of these items quoted here are important to the buyers of Boys' clothing. They represent the lowest prices in each case on strictly reliable and stylish juvenile apparel. Not only this—buyers may choose from more styles, fresh from the leading designers of Boys' Clothing than ever before spread under one roof.

200 Boys' Suits—In 2-piece double-breasted and sailor styles—in plain and fancy colorings—made of strictly all-wool materials—3 to 16 years—worth $3.00—tomorrow **$2.00**

300 Boys' 2-piece Double Breasted and Sailor Suits—in correct styles and shapes—classed as strictly $5.00 Suits—Tomorrow at **$3.50**

100 Boys' 3-piece Knee-Pant Suits 10 to 16 years, made from thoroughly all-wool cheviots and cassimeres, well made and finished, worth up to $7.50—tomorrow **$5.00**

Young Men's Long-Pant Suits 15 to 20 years (31 to 36 breast) single or double breasted styles—plain blue black or fancy mixed cheviots, serges, homespun, Thibet or Worsteds..... **$12.50**

Spring Overcoats—for young Men and Boys—3 to 20 yrs—Coverts, Oxfords and Cheviots—Tan, Gray or Green colorings—made in short or long styles at ..... **$5 to $18**

Boys' Blouses and Waists—5 to 14 years—Oxford, Madras, Cheviot and Flannel, beautifully made, some with collars attached—at..... **$1 to $2**

SPECIAL — Boys' Waists and Blouses—sizes 12, 13, 14, 15 years—sold last year from 50c to $1; Saturday... **25c**

Jersey Sweaters—sizes 24 to 34—all colors of styles as well as plain blue and red —at..... **50c to $2**

Suspenders, 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c.
Belts, 25c and 50c.
Neckwear, 25c and 50c.
Shirts, 50c to $1.50.
Hats and Caps, 20c to $2.00.

WITHOUT RESULT

Vesselmen and 'Longshoremen Fail to Agree at Conference.

Meeting to Be Held With All Members of Union.

Vesselmen Determined to Pay No More Than Fifty Cents.

A conference between the vesselmen and delegates from the 'Longshoremen's unions in Duluth and Superior was held at the Spalding hotel last evening. After several hours of discussion the 'longshoremen withdrew, no agreement having been reached. It was said after the meeting last evening that the vesselmen wished to appear before a meeting of the unions and address the men on the present issue.

This was taken under consideration by the 'longshoremen representatives, and later, before they left the hotel, Vice President Gordon O'Neill of the International organization announced that a special meeting of the 'longshoremen would be held in Kalamazoo hall this afternoon at 2 o'clock.

D. J. Keefe, president of the International Union of 'Longshoremen, who arrived in the city yesterday, was present at the meeting last evening. He says that his visit here has nothing to do with the local trouble, and that he will probably leave the city today.

Other 'longshoremen representatives at the conference last evening were: T. J. Uitlean, Gavin Sim, of local No. 12, and James Carroll, Thomas Nicholson and Edward Daugherty, of the Superior union. It was developed at the meeting last evening that the lumber shovers at three Lake Superior ports have asked for 60 cents. Those ports are Duluth, Superior, and Port Wing. The lumber shovers at Grand Marais are already getting 60 cents. There are about sixty men belonging to the 'Longshoremen's union at Port Wing.

No compromise was talked of at the meeting last evening. The vesselmen urged that 50 cents was all they could pay, and the 'longshoremen hung out firmly for 60 cents.

ADVANCING.

Wages For Common Labor Moving Upward--- Active Demand.

John Halverson, of Minneapolis, member of the large contracting firm of Halvorsen & Richards, was in the city last evening on his way to the range, where the company has some large stripping and railroad contracts this season. Mr. Halvorsen while here announced that owing to the large amount of work now underway over the Northwest and the demand for men, his firm has raised the wages on the work at Hibbing from $1.75 to $2 per day. This raise went into effect yesterday in all of the Halvorsen & Richards' camps.

Other contractors are compelled to protect their interests and to hold their men as well as get new supplies, have come up to the new mark. John Runquist, who is doing a great deal of contract work for the Duluth, Missabe & Northern Railroad company, has advanced wages so that, by working twelve hours a day, or two hours overtime, the men may earn $2.25. Runquist's camps are near Eveleth and Virginia.

The advance in wages had its effect on the labor market yesterday, and there was a great rush to fill the orders for the range work. Over forty men were sent out yesterday on one contract job, and up to last night fifty had been booked to leave the city today. Mr. Halvorsen says that there has not been a season for years past when there was so large an amount of contract work in sight in the Northwest. Some of the contractors have already all that they can safely handle, and depend on the labor market. The amount of railroad spur building, as well as the stripping, is exceptionally large this year. There are five or six new contracts for this kind of work that will be let this week, some of them by the Eastern Minnesota company.

It is expected that the advance in wages offered already by some of the concerns will result in an advance by other operators in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin, who have been liberal patrons of the local labor market this spring. The employment offices never had a better trade than they are getting at the present time. The orders are coming in steadily and there seems to be a man for every job. Business with the employment agents has been very good for some weeks past.

FAREWELL RECEPTION.

Leader of Swedish Corps of Salvation Army to Leave.

After about a year's work as leader of the Salvation Army corps at Seventeenth avenue west, Annie Lindberg is soon to leave the city for San Francisco, Cal. A farewell reception has been arranged to be held tomorrow evening at the hall in her honor. Ensign Berg, of Superior, will be present and also Adjt. Olson, of Chicago, secretary of the work among the children in the western division. Rev. O. H. Wilson of the Norwegian M. E. church and Rev. John A. Anderson of the Swedish M. E. church will be present and give short addresses. A duet will be rendered by Miss Hanson and Miss Olson and musical numbers by the army band.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY

For Term of Court at the Zenith City.

The list of jurors summoned for the May term of the United States court which will open in Duluth next week, with Judge Shiras, of Iowa, presiding, is as follows:

Stephen Newell, Hastings; Michael McGuffin, St. Paul; Frank Withrow, Stillwater; J. J. Hayes, Austin; M. Foye, Winona; O. H. Homes, St. James; A. G. Zetterstrom, Minneapolis; B. W. How, Sauk Center; C. C. Harding, Eden Valley; J. J. Brennan, St. Paul; Henry Bueler, Faribault; Edgar F. Whitney, Warren; A. H. Freeman, St. Peter; A. W. Mowbray, St. Charles; George L. Nichols, Fergus Falls; Donald McLean, Sandstone; Perley B. Rhoades, Minneapolis; George Zanger, Carver; John V. Lewis, St. Paul; Robert C. Wight, St. Paul; John Kuhlmann, Lester Prairie; Harry T. Black, St. Paul; John Prebs, White Bear.

DEFEND THEMSELVES.

Street Railway Men Respond to Labor's Criticisms.

Some of the former street railway employes that have received appointments to the city police and fire departments claim that an injustice has been done them, to some extent, by the allegations made that they came here to take the places of strikers on the street car line over two years ago. Efforts are being made by organized labor to keep them off the police force and out of the fire department on this ground. The men claim that not one of them came here during the strike, nor for several months afterward; that they did not take the places of union men, nor have they opposed organized labor in any way since they have resided in Duluth.

Burns, cuts and other wounds often become troublesome sores. Even where delay has aggravated such injuries DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Max Wirth.

NOW IT IS POTATOES

Have Been Seized With Ambition to Reach Meat Prices.

Meat Shows Some Slight Reductions and No Advances.

Butter Down But Not Yet to Twin City Price.

Down on Michigan street all the fruits and vegetables and meats and dairy products are standing back in amazement, watching with wide-open mouths the soaring of potatoes.

Potatoes are taking the lead in the high-price movement, and following the example of many of their brawny consumers among the workingmen, they went on strike on May day for higher wages. In spite of last fall's scarcity, they sold all winter at about 80 cents a bushel, wholesale, but this spring they have taken the bit in their teeth and started off. Today they are bringing $1 to $1.10 per bushel on Michigan street, and there are not very many of them at that. Just a few days ago they were as low as 95 cents, but they have been strong for several weeks, and they probably will continue to be high-priced until the new stock comes in such quantities as to crowd out the old ones.

Meat and potatoes—just a short time ago that phrase was the embodiment of plain, wholesome fare, such as might be found on the table of every plain family that pretended not and sought to put on no frills. Now, how changed the situation! Meat and potatoes are the embodiment of wealth and affluence. None but the extremely rich can have them as a steady diet, while the poor are forced to content themselves with a coarse diet of strawberry shortcake, planked shad, terrapin, pate de foie gras and kindred absurdities.

The meat situation is no worse this week, however. The only changes are reductions. Lamb has dropped from 12 cents per pound to 11 cents, and pork loins have declined from 13 cents to 12 cents. All the other meats are holding their own. Lard is higher, having increased from 10⅝ cents to 10⅞ cents, while lard compound has increased from 8¼ to 8½ cents.

Butter is regaining its hold in the affections of the plain people. It has come down off its high horse, and while this market has not felt the same reductions as the Twin City market, the price of butter is getting fairly decent. Creamery is down to 25 cents a pound, 8 cents below its high point; dairies are down to 23 cents for the best grades, and packing stock is quoted at 18 cents.

The hens are working overtime this fair spring-time, and the energy of the cold storage buyer is not able to keep the price up. It is easier this week, having gone off from 17 to 16 cents the dozen.

Bananas, which many men are holding forth as the best thing in the food line that grows, are feeling their oats and advancing in price. The statement has been made that bananas have twenty-five times as much nourishment in the same weight as wheat, forty-five times as much as potatoes, and thirty times as much as rice, the three great food products of the world. Just when people begin to talk about this, by a curious coincidence the price begins to go up. From $1.75 and $2.25 per bunch they have gone up to $2.25 and $2.75. Pineapples are easier at $2.50 per dozen; navel oranges are firmer at $4 to $4.25, an advance of 25 cents a box; strawberries are cheaper at $3.50 to $3.75 for quarts and $2 to $2.25 for pints. The first carload lot of strawberries arrived on the market yesterday, coming by express from Mississippi. Strawberries are still coming from the slave states only.

Dry onions are 50 cents higher per 100 pounds, and California celery is 25 cents higher per dozen bunches. New Beets and carrots are 10 cents per dozen bunches cheaper, and asparagus is 25 to 35 cents per dozen bunches cheaper.

REMARKABLE.

Copeland Boy But Little the Worse For His Terrible Fall.

Edward Copeland, the 3-year-old child that blew off the fire escape at the fourth floor of the Lowell block yesterday afternoon, is celebrating his birthday today as if nothing had happened.

It is one of the most remarkable cases on record. The gale off Lake Superior struck around the Lowell block with such terrific force that the child was carried up in the air several feet before he began to fall, and the supposition is that the wind checked the fall to a certain extent.

The child struck fairly on his head on the brick pile in the alley below the building, but the most thorough examination fails to reveal the slightest concussion or fracture. The scalp wound at the base of the skull is not as serious as at first supposed.

It was expected that the child would pass a delirious night with probably a hemorrhage, but the youngster fooled the physicians by enjoying a sound and refreshing sleep. This morning he was playing around as if nothing had happened, but it was noticed that he did not seek the fire escape as a play ground again.

Another boy was fortunate in misfortune yesterday. He was Frank Thibadeau, of 640½ Garfield avenue. While playing on that thoroughfare he was struck by an interstate car. The motorman showed considerable presence of mind in handling him with the fender, and the youngster escaped with but a scalp wound and a severe shaking up.

Enamel Floor Finish.

The best finish made for hardwood floors. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

The Best Shine in the City at 5c.

Sale of Fashionable SHOES...

Saturday— Prices —Saturday

Don't overlook these Special Bargains of up-to-date Footwear. No old shoes—all new goods.

Ladies'

Ladies' Enamel Swell Shoes, welt sole, just in..... $2.69
Ladies' kid tip welt, extension sole, swell..... $2.69
Ladies' pat. leather tip, extension sole (Marvill last)..... $2.69
Ladies' patent leather bals, double sole..... $2.69

Men's

Men's double deck sole, box calf $4.00 shoe..... $2.98
Men's patent leather bal swell last..... $2.98
Men's Vici Kid light sole, $3.50 shoe..... $2.98
Men's Box Calf light sole, $3.50 Shoe..... $2.98

COLONIAL and OXFORDS

of the latest patterns at

$2 to $5.00.

the swellest and best.

Walk-Over Shoes for ladies **$3.50.**

Princess Shoes for ladies—the leader, **$3.50.**

Imperial Shoes for young ladies. Swell **$3.00.**

Child's Shoes from

69c to $3.00.

All kinds of styles—special bargains on Saturday.

Foot Form Shoes a specialty.

Phillips & Co.

ARRESTED.

Two Baker Orphanage Solicitors Taken Into Custody In Wisconsin.

Word was received here last night that two agents of the Baker orphanage were arrested in New Richmond, Wis. The names given are Mrs. Freel and Miss Maggie Murphy.

The former is a sister of Mrs. Baker and has been identified with the "orphanage" since it started. The Murphy woman has been soliciting for the Bakers for some time past.

The New Richmond authorities expect to prosecute the two agents for obtaining money under false pretenses, according to the dispatches, but they may have considerable trouble in doing so. The Baker orphanage is a pretty smooth scheme, and if the case should come up in court, could prove that it was caring for at least one or two orphans free of charge.

The Bakers are said to do this as a protection against the local authorities, and would probably bring it up in connection with any prosecution that might be started in Wisconsin.

It is said that the two agents collected $29 in the vicinity of New Richmond yesterday before they were arrested.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

WILL FINISH THIS WEEK.

Approach to Missabe Dock Is Nearly Completed.

MacLeod & Smith, the contractors that have been making the repairs on the approach to the Missabe ore docks, will complete their work this week. During the past winter it was designed to rebuild several sections of the trestle and timber was ordered from the Pacific coast of sufficient length to get a ground foundation for the uprights. The trestle was torn down at these points when the timber began to arrive, but the shipments were interrupted by the blockades and washouts on the north coast roads.

The Missabe has been obliged to handle what ore traffic it has hauled over the dock very carefully, and as a result at times the movement of ore has been somewhat restricted. If the vessel tonnage supply had been regular and the frost had been out of the open pit mines as early as was anticipated, the handicap would have proved a serious one.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Tomorrow afternoon and evening Al G. Field's minstrels will be seen at the Lyceum. One of the brightest features of this show is said to be the work of Wall and Fogarty. In song and jest they fairly bubble with scintillant wit and snappy repartee. This merry act sends audiences into ecstacies of laughter, and with prolonged applause they endeavor to hold the act beyond its allotted time. These talented comedians have been before the public for many years and bring to their work that maturity, finish and completeness, which long experience alone grants to the painstaking entertainers. The localism, the impromptu verse making of Fogarty is a feature of the big bill.

"ARIZONA."

"Arizona," which will be seen at the Lyceum Monday, will be given with all the elaborate investiture which made the production in New York notable in the opinion of eminent critics. The scenery, painted by Walter Burridge and Charles H. Ritter, is taken from the sketches of Frederick Remington, the artist, who beyond any other living most ably pictures scenes, men, and horses of the great Southwest. "Arizona," as the name implies, has for its locale the picturesque territory which bids fair to soon become the youngest in the sisterhood of states. The characters of the play are ranch folk, Mexicans, cowboys, and the officers and soldiers of the Eleventh United States cavalry, stationed at Fort Grant in the Aravalpa valley. The play cannot properly be called a melodrama nor yet a comedy drama. Dainty light comedy there is in abundance, and as pretty a love story as was ever penned interwinds with the crimson thread of another which but narrowly escapes a tragic ending.

"YORK STATE FOLKS."

"York State Folks," Arthur Sidman's much-talked-of comedy of village life, comes to the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday with a matinee Wednesday, with the original metropolitan company and production. This realistic reflection of life in a country town, by reason of its truthfulness in detail—scenically, historically and histrionically—has met with a remarkable reception from press and public, and has been called the "legitimate successor" to "The Old Homestead," and "Shore Acres." It abounds in comedy of a quaint sort and is said to have strong dramatic moments in its cleverly-told story. The company numbers fifty people, including such well-known character astors as James Lackaye, Ray Royce, Ernest Lamson and Arthur Gregory. The scenic investiture, by Voegtlin, is said to be the most elaborate ever given a play of this sort.

APRIL WEATHER.

Month One Degree Warmer Than the Average.

The temperature at Duluth during the month of April was one degree higher than the normal being 39 degrees. The warmest day in the month was April 27 when the thermometer reached 66 degrees above. The lowest point touched was 12 degrees above on April 7.

The prevailing winds have been from the northeast and the maximum velocity was forty-eight miles from the northeast on April 22. The total movement was 8181 miles.

The month was deficient in rainfall, the total precipitation being 1.69 inches as compared with an average of 2.18 inches. There has been a deficiency since Jan. 1 of 2.48 inches.

There were only seven clear days in the month, while twelve were partly cloudy and eleven cloudy.

Attention Knights Pythias.

May 5 the Northern Pacific will, on account installation of new K. P. lodge at Bemidji, sell tickets Duluth to Bemidji and return for $6.65. Good going May 5, returning May 7. Train leaves 8:40 a. m. For tickets and full information call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

NEITHER YIELDING

Vesselmen and Longshoremen Apparently Firm As Ever.

Longshoremen In Conference With Two Hundred Present.

Some Talk of a General Strike Along the Lakes.

There has been no new developments in the longshoremen's strike today, pending this afternoon's meeting of the longshoremen. The vesselmen have remained at their headquarters at the Spalding hotel, where they have been receiving numerous telegrams from members of the Lumber Carriers' association along the lakes. While the contents of none of the telegrams have been divulged, it is understood that the executive committee has received assurance from members of the association that the vesselmen will stand firm against any advance in wages.

Capt. Gilchrist, president of the association, who was expected last evening or today, has not arrived, and some of the vesselmen say it is very doubtful if he will come to Duluth at all.

The vesselmen claim that it is now up to the longshoremen and it is for the latter to decide at the meeting this afternoon whether they will accept or turn down the ultimatum of the vesselmen, or give the loading committee of the Lumber Carriers' association an opportunity to present its argument before the union why there should be no advance in longshoremen's wages.

Until the longshoremen state their position at this special meeting, the vesselmen would have nothing to say as to what course they will pursue in the event the men refuse to go back to work at the old wages.

The longshoremen began their special meeting this afternoon shortly after 2 o'clock with 200 in attendance, and an hour later the indications were that the session would not be finished much before 5 or 6 o'clock. There is said to be little doubt but that the union will agree to give the loading committee of the Lumber Carriers' association a hearing, providing a written request, which was promised last evening at the conference, is presented this afternoon. Up to 3 o'clock it was said that no communication had been received from Edward Hines, chairman of the committee.

It is also understood that the men are holding out firmly for the 10-cent advance per hour in wages, and that at this afternoon's meeting delegates will be elected to confer with delegates from every longshoremen's union along the lakes looking to a general demand for 50 cents per hour, both here and on the lower lakes. The meeting of the delegates, it is said, will be arranged later.

FLOUR RATE.

Another Cut In the Tariff That Will Cause Trouble.

The lake and rail lines are in trouble again over the east bound tariff from Minneapolis on export flour. Beginning tomorrow the tariff will be cut from 23 to 20½ cents per hundred weight.

According to the best information that can be obtained in Duluth, the Milwaukee is accused of starting the slashing. It is said that the Minneapolis-Duluth lines have mercy showed said and are protecting themselves against the Milwaukee's action.

The 23-cent tariff will have been maintained just four days, if it has been maintained at all. The season opened almost a month earlier than usual by the Northern Steamship line shipping four carloads of flour from Duluth. At 11½ cent rate from Duluth and 13½ cent rate from Minneapolis had been freely quoted while the western interests in the lake and rail line business had been vainly trying to induce the trunk lines and lake lines to fix the season's tariff on that basis. Finally, the trunk and lake lines declared that if the Minneapolis roads wanted to publish a tariff on that basis they could do so, but they would have to pay the lake and trunk end of the route 18 cents from Duluth.

It seemed for a time as if the Minneapolis-Duluth and Minneapolis-Chicago lines had been cornered. The new tariff, effective April 14 was issued on the 18 and 22-cent basis. About the 20th, it was announced that the Milwaukee had given notice of a tariff on the 13½-cent basis from Minneapolis, effective until April 30, and with the design of protecting the shippers with which it had previously made contracts on the old basis. At first it was announced that the lake and trunk lines would not protect the rate. Then the other initial lines published a restoration of the first tariff until April 30, and it was the going rate until Wednesday.

It had been supposed here that the higher tariff was being maintained, though shippers have claimed that it would not be adhered to long, and the announcement from Minneapolis that all lines between that city and Duluth had followed the lead of the Milwaukee was news to everybody here.

Nobody here knows whether the rail lines are shrinking their proposition of the through rate in order to put in the lower tariff or not. The Milwaukee is handling the business via Lake Michigan, of course, and has a longer haul and greater proportion from Minneapolis in which to shrink. If the lake and trunk lines are not protecting the new rate, the Minneapolis-Duluth lines are hauling the business for 2½ cents per hundredweight, or one-half their normal proportion.

Some of the rail lines terminating here report a brisk business in flour. The lake lines, however, which would be able to better summarize the whole situation, report the movement as not very large. Millers say the demand for export flour the past two weeks has been quiet.

FIRST GRAND

EXCURSION

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

On new palatial steel

STEAMER

AMERICA

SUNDAY, MAY 4.

Leave Booth's dock 10 a. m., returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m. on Str. Argo.

Fare 50c Round Trip.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Barn and Contents Burned at Eau Claire.

St. Paul, May 2.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Lightning struck the barn of Charles Leonard near the western city limits at 11:15 last night, burning the building, three horses, two cows, fifteen tons of hay and all other contents. The total damage was $3500, partly insured. Leonard was severely burned while trying to save the animals.

COLUMBUS CHOSEN

As Meeting Place of Amalgamated Association.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 2.—The amalgamated convention came to a close today after electing its vice presidents and choosing Columbus as the next convention city.

President Shaffer, Secretary Williams and J. P. Sheridan, of Cleveland, were elected delegates to the American Federation conference.

FOR THREE YEARS.

Arthur Young Is Sent to State Prison.

St. Paul, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—Judge Brill sentenced Arthur Young to state prison for three years. Defendant is the man convicted of the crime of abducting Clara Swanson, a girl less than 16 years of age, for the purpose of leading an immoral life. The maximum penalty is five years.

CONVENTION CALL ISSUED.

St. Paul, May 2.—A Washburn, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The call for the congressional convention of the Eleventh district is being issued here today by Chairman H. C. McRae and Secretary J. E. Jones, to be held at Chippewa Falls, Thursday, May 29. The members of the committee state that Congressman John Jenkins will most probably be renominated. The only other candidate is understood to be Graham L. Rice, of West Superior.

SWAPPING STORIES

Under the Palms Is Club Women's Principal Occupation.

Color Question and Presidency Will Be Mild Issues.

Neither Candidate Is Making Much of a Campaign.

Los Angeles, May 2.—The second day of the club women's convention emphasizes two important points in that the race for the presidency and the color question promise to be mild issues. The biennial fiesta prevails, in fact, and delegates instead of being serious all the time, are content to sit under the palms and swap stories.

Neither candidate for the first office is making an active campaign, but it looks today as if Mrs. Denison would get the presidency with Mrs. Burdette, of California, and Mrs. Buchwalter, of Ohio, the first and second vice presidents. After two years of agitation, the color question is quiescent. Some of the leaders expressed the belief that it would not come before the convention at all. It is not scheduled, though it is likely some delegate will attempt to introduce it at the first business session on Monday. The Massachusetts crowd is not aggressive on the subject, and, of course, the South is glad enough that it be left alone. This decision has precipitated a report that Mrs. Ruffin, of Boston, being apprised of the color apathy, is sending on a representative.

"If it is so," said Mrs. Anna D. West, a prominent Boston delegate, "Massachusetts knows nothing about it and has nothing to do with it." The business session at Simpson Auditorium this morning opened with a brilliant array of women on the rostrum, including Mrs. Alice Bradford Wiles, of Chicago, who has figured so conspicuously in the recent unpleasantness in the Chicago Woman's club and whom Mrs. Low has honored by asking her to sit on the platform during the convention. This meeting was given to important reports and greetings from foreign clubs.

Mrs. Denison, first vice president, called the convention to order today, with most of the delegates present. The first report presented was that of the biennial local board by Mrs. Josiah Evans Cowles. This was followed by the reports of the recording secretary, Mrs. Fox; corresponding secretary, Mrs. Kendrick; treasurer, Mrs. Van Vechten, and auditors, Mrs. Noyes. Various committee reports and reports of foreign clubs were read in rapid order, and at 11 o'clock the convention adjourned to witness the floral parade. At this afternoon's session reports of state presidents were read.

STRIKE AT ONTONAGON.

The Miners at Mass Mine Quit Work.

St. Paul, May 2.—A Calumet, Mich., special to the Dispatch says: The entire force of miners at the Mass mine in Ontonagon county is out on a strike demanding increased wages. No trouble will result unless outside labor is imported. As soon as rock already mined is hoisted and milled the mine will close down, laying off 300 men.

SCEPTER AGAIN WINNER.

London, May 2.—At the Newmarket races today, Scepter, the winner of the two thousand guineas stakes last Wednesday, won the one thousand guineas stakes. St. Windeline was second and Black Fancy, third. Fourteen horses ran.

JORNSEN IS ILL.

Christiania, Norway, May 2.—Bjornstjerne Jornsen, the Norwegian poet, dramatist and novelist, is seriously ill.

Lovers

Of fine china. F. D. Day & Co. will take import orders for fine china this afternoon from 3 until 6.

An importer's elegant sample line will be here this afternoon. An opportunity for those wanting fine china.

CHARTERS ARE VALID

If Accepted Either at General Or Special Elections.

Court Holds That Home Rule Act Is Constitutional.

Will Settle An Important Question For Some Cities.

St. Paul, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court says that under the home rule act city or village charters adopted at earlier general or special elections are valid.

Chief Justice Start today quashed the write of quo warranto in the case of J. A. Nichols, as a taxpayer, against George A. Klewell, the mayor, and the members of the city council of Little Falls. The writ was procured in a friendly suit to test the validity of the Little Falls charter, which had been adopted under the home rule act at a special election. The court holds that the provision of the home rule act allowing the submission of a proposed new charter to the citizens at either a special or general election, is constitutional as is the law in its entirety. The city of Little Falls has issued bonds to build a bridge over the Mississippi under the new charter, and it was necessary to make sure of the legality of the charter's adoption. The decision will settle an important question for many small cities of the state, which adopted charters under the amended home rule law of 1901.

The chief justice also rendered a decision affirming the judgment of the Mower county court in convicting Chris Johnson of selling liquor at Lyle after the adoption of a prohobition ordinance by the voters of the village. Johnson contended that the law under which he was convicted is void as class legislation, but the court holds otherwise.

The order of the Washington county court is affirmed by the chief justice in the matter of the guardianship of Flora Hendrl, minor, respondent, vs. D. M. Sabin, guardian, appellant, a dispute over matters in the guardian's account.

Thomas B. Janney and his associates, who purchased the Minneapolis exposition property after the failure of the exposition company, will be allowed to retain it.

Justice Collins, of the supreme court, today filed a decision affirming the order of the Hennepin county district court which awarded the property to Janney and declared that the city had no interest in the property.

BURGLARS CAPTURED.

They Had Robbed Postoffice at Keeler, Mich.

Pawpaw, Mich., May 2.—Early today thieves entered A. C. Duncombe & Co.'s store and postoffice at Keeler, this county, and blew the safe. They secured $300 worth om stamps and considerable currency besides a number of bonds, mortgages and other papers.

The explosion awakened Mr. Duncombe and his family, who lived over the store and a large posse started in pursuit of the thieves. Near Watervliet the pursuers overtook the burglars and a pitched battle ensued. Two of the burglars were wounded, one seriously, and the gang was captured. The officers are now driving into this city with the prisoners.

CUMMINGS WEAKER.

Slight Hopes of the Congressional Man's Recovery.

Baltimore, May 2.—The physicians in attendance upon Congressman Amos J. Cummings at 11 o'clock this forenoon, made public the following bulletin:

"Mr. Cummings had a bad night and he is not so well this morning. He experiences considerable difficulty in taking nourishment and his temperature is higher than yesterday."

At 2:30 p. m. one of the attendants at Congressman Cummings' side reported that the patient was growing gradually weaker. He has not taken nourishment of any kind during the day.

IN CONGRESS.

Resignation of Mr. Moody Received By the House.

Washington, May 2.—At the opening of the session of the house today the speaker laid before the house a letter from Secretary Moody, notifying him that he had sent his resignation as a representative from the Sixth Massachusetts district to the governor of Massachusetts. The letter required no action. The house then resumed the consideration of the District of Columbia bill. The amendment to provide for personal taxation in the district was offered by Mr. McCleary (Minn.), who was in charge of the bill. It provides that beginning July 1, 1902, the personal tax law of 1878 should be operative and created the machinery for the assessment and collection of the taxes.

In the course of the extended debate which followed on the amendment, Mr. Belleamy (N. C.) said that Washington was becoming the Mecca for tax dodgers. He said that millions of dollars worth of property outside of Washington escaped taxation because the owner claimed residence in Washington. The amendment was finally dopted without division.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, May 2.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today the resolution offered by Mr. Patterson (Col.) requesting the president to cause the secretary of war to cable to Maj. Gardener in the Philippines to come to Washington immediately to appear as a witness before the Philippines committee, was laid before the senate but as the matter is pending before the Philippines committee of the senate, the resolution went to it. The bill to ratify an agreement with the Sioux Indians of the Rose Bud reservation in South Dakota was then taken up.

The discussion was interrupted by Mr. Stewart with the conference report on the Indian appropriation bill. The report was agreed to. The letter from the secretary of state was read suggesting a postponement of the opening of the St. Louis exposition from 1903 to 1904. In this connection Mr. Cockrell (Mo.) offered an amendment to the sundry civil appropriation bill providing that the exposition should be opened to visitors on May 1, 1904, although the dedication of the government building should be held not later than the 30th of April, 1905. The papers and amendment were referred to the committee on appropriations.

Mr. Platt's amendment to the Rosebud bill to strike out the free homestead provision, was defeated, 19 to 38. The Philippine bill was then taken up and Mr. Pritchard (N. C.) spoke in favor of the measure.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

"Which nobody can deny!"

A well-dressed woman is "an object of admiration" to herself, her family, her friends—and others!

"Which nobody can deny!"

To be well dressed a woman must wear handsome, stylish, perfect-fitting clothes!

"Which nobody can deny!"

Such clothes are not to be had at any and every place, either ready-made or made-to-order!

"Which nobody can deny!"

If there be a store that sells such clothes, at fair prices, that store is certain to be well patronized!

"Which nobody can deny!"

"The Silberstein-Bondy" is the place," and the Silberstein & Bondy Co.'s Spring Tailored Suits, Costumes, Jackets of cloth or silk, Long Coats of cloth or silk, separate Skirts, Silk Waists, and Wraps of every sort are all that can be desired.

We Sell Splendidly Tailored Suits

In a variety of fine cloths—in the season's most popular colors—that fit perfectly and are trimmed in good taste—

For $10.50

That are not equaled in value by any other house at the head of the lakes at from $15 to $20. In fact, these are from our regular higher-priced lines, reduced because of sizes being broken.

At $18.50

We offer an assortment of Tailored Suits, taken from lines that have sold at $22.50, $25, $27.50 and $29.50—one of this or two of that, but complete sizes in the lot, although of no one kind.

If you care to pay more, get one of our high-class Tailored Suits at $25, $27.50, $32.50 or up to $75—novelties that are not found at any other house at the head of the lakes—late arrivals from the East

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

CHARGES

Against Railroads Immigration Bureau Are Being Investigated.

New York, May 2.—The interstate commerce commission met here today to investigate charges that the immigrant bureau, maintained in New York city by trunk line roads, is operated in violation of the United States laws.

Edward E. McLeod, chairman of the Western Traffic association, was asked to give a copy of the agreement constituting that association, with the names of the officers who signed it. He said he would procure a copy and send it to the commission in Washington. Mr. McLeod explained that the establishment of the bureau in this city had benefited the emigrant as well as the railroads. He said that previous to the organization of the bureau the middle man made large profits at the expense of the immigrants.

"Rates are cheaper since the establishment of the bureau in 1894 than before. In 1893 the fare to San Francisco from New York was $64.25. Today it is $47.45."

"The association was formed to maintain rates, was it not?" Mr. McLeod was asked.

"One of its purposes."

"And you maintain rates by destroying competition?"

"Well, I would not say that. Before the organization by the bureau there was much demoralization and cutting of rates."

"If the immigrant bureau was dissolved, would it result in a cutting of rates among the Western roads?"

"I think it would result in demoralization."

OFFICERS ON BOARD AGAIN.

Washington, May 2.—Secretary Moody has received the following cablegram from Capt. Dayton, of the Chicago, dated Venice today: "Party released on pardon from king and are on board."

GREAT MINE FIRE OUT.

The fire in the mine at Summit Hill, Carbon county, is out, after furnishing a spectacle for fifty years. The mine caught fire before the civil war. The fire could not be controlled, and it was decided to let it burn itself out, writes the Wilkesbarre correspondent of the New York Sun.

There was much speculation at that time as to how long it would take. The hill over the mine fire rose to a height of sixty or seventy feet, and the veins outcropped at the top. It was therefore apparent that the coal would have to be burned from the very heart of the hill before the fire could eat itself out.

Many mining men believed that the fire would burn out in ten years, and none gave it more than twenty years, but its life proved to be fifty-three years. For many years there were no outward signs of fire except the smoke and gas which escaped from some natural ventholes, but of late years the fire has so eaten upward into the hill that at night the flames were plainly visible and could be seen for miles.

The final act of this fire was witnessed by only one man, a miner who was on his way home from work last Sunday morning about 2 o'clock. He was passing within half a mile of the hill when he heard a rumbling, evidently caused by the accumulation and explosion of gas in the interior of the hill.

These explosions grew in force until there was a very loud report and a gush of flames and smoke from the top. Then the peak of the hill sank in it, filling up the hollows in the veins below, long ago eaten out by the flames.

Showers of sparks and great gushes of smoke burst forth and the heavens were lighted by the flames as the hill sank. The whole time consumed in this final work of destruction was not more than half an hour, and when it was over the hill was like the crushed-in top of a pie, and the fire which had burned for fifty-three years was slowly dying out for want of fuel to feed upon. It had eaten out the hill until there was nothing left but a crust.

NO FAMILY PRAYERS.

It was a a certain church meeting, and the good bishop was calling for reports. He had a rather stern, sharp manner which sometimes jarred a little on the nerves of the more timid, says Harper's Weekly. By-and-by he came to Brother B., a lay delegate.

"Brother B., what is the spiritual condition of your church?" demanded the bishop, briskly.

"I consider it good," said the brother.

"What makes you think it is good?" went on the bishop.

"Well, the people are religious. That's what makes me think so."

"What do you call religious? Do they have family prayer?"

"Some of them do and some do not."

"Do you mean to say that a man may be a Christian and not hold family prayer?"

"Yes, sir; I think so."

"Do you hold family prayer?"

"Yes, sir," returned the brother, quietly.

"And yet you think a man may be a Christian and not hold family prayer?"

"I have a brother who is a better man than I am who does not hold family prayer."

"What makes you think he is a better man than you are?"

"Everybody says so, and I know he is."

"Why does not your brother, if he is such a good man, hold family prayer?" thundered the bishop.

"He has no family," meekly answered the brother.

UNIQUE GAME OF POKER.

"The traveling men I have met along the line during the last few weeks have adopted a new and unique gambling device," remarked William N. Nelson, of Detroit, Mich., to the Galveston News. "It is really a game of poker, combined with the old matching game, except that one-dollar bills are use. If two men desire to gamble they take out their rolls. Each peels off a turtle-green one-spot and lays it, face downward, on some smooth, broad surface, like a table or a bar. Then they turn the bills over and figure out poker hands from the number on each. Each man is allowed to select any five figures he desires. The best hand, of course wins. The first time, perhaps one man will have aces up and the other three fives. The next time one fellow will select three sixes and a pair of sevens, but will lose when his opponent finds he has four eights. Of course, to play the game for any length of time one must have a large number of bills, because none can be used more than once. If they were, one would remember which bore the good hands and use them every time. To make the game good, neither man must know the figures on his money, and must use new money each time. Yes, it is a fast game, but you get a good run for your coin."

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in" ads should appear often in The Herald.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

On account of the extremely unpleasant weather of the past few days we shall continue the following exceptional values—(previously advertised) for tomorrow.

Two Lots of Silk Blouse Jackets As Follows:

At $9.75—

Of heavy Taffeta with white vesting front—lined with rich heavy satin—blouse effect—value $12.50.

At $10.75—

Of heavy Taffeta with white and black vesting front—lined with heavy satin—blouse effect and with imported lace collar—value $15.00.

$7.50 and $6.75 Silk Waists $5.00!

Two lines of colored Silk Waists, made in the Gibson style and plaits. Some prettily trimmed, others tucked and then stitched—they are new goods in the latest colors—all sizes—our regular $6.75 and $7.50 lines—tomorrow at $5.00.

$1.50 White Waists at $1.00!

A limited number of fine white Shirt Waists—in the very latest styles—with the new button cuff; some are trimmed with lace insertion and some hemstitched all over—at $1.00 each—value $1.50.

At 15c—Sheer Dimities.

In stripes and small figures, both dark and light colors, suitable for Summer Dresses, value 20c.

At 12½c—Fine Dimity Batiste.

In all of the desirable colors and pretty patterns, consisting of Bow Knots, Persian and Conventional figures—the correct thing for Summer Dresses.

White Waist Patterns.

(At White Goods Dept.—First Floor, Right Aisle.)

At 59c for the Waist Patterns.

Of imported Cambrics, Madras, Batiste, plain and fancy Piques, Mousselines, Mercerized Madras, Dotted Swisses and New Ecru Linens.

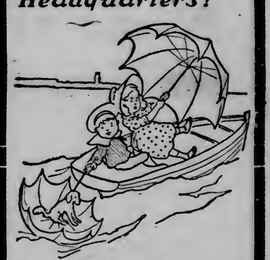
At 85c for the Waist Patterns.

Of imported Oxfords, plain and fancy Batistes, imported Mesh—white, ecru and tan Linens, fancy striped Madras, New Cordettes, plain and fancy Piques, and Imported Dotted Swisses and Lawns.

Silberstein & Bondy Corning

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Umbrella Headquarters!



Splendid values at—

$1.75, $2.50, $3.90

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

GOVERNMENT APPEALS.

Manila, May 2.—The government is dissatisfied with the sentence imposed upon the editor of Volcano and has appealed to the supreme court in an endeavor to obtain a heavier sentence.

RELIC OF ROYAL GEORGE.

A superb relic of the ill-fated English man-of-war, the Royal George, is shortly to be hung in the rooms of the Columbia Yacht club, says the Chicago Record-Herald. It is a large carved wooden representation of the coat of arms of England, which once was displayed on the stern of the Royal George. It was subsequently rescued from the waters, and is the property of George C. Peare, a member of the Columbia club.

Mr. Peare is an enthusiastic yachtsman, and in odd moments a collector of quaint and valuable things. Some time ago, while in England purchasing Chippendale furniture and other rarieties, he met a friend, who called his attention to this ancient sternpiece. It had been in the possession of his family for more than a century.

The Royal George was a British man-of-war of 108 guns, a wooden ship of eighteenth century type. She sank in Portsmouth harbor Aug. 29, 1782, or 120 years ago this coming summer. The vessel was the principal one of Lord Howe's fleet, and had been engaged in operations on the Atlantic coast, off this country. On her return to England repairs to her keel were ordered, and while these were going on the ship was heeled over too much, water rushed in through the port holes of the depressed side, the hold filled and the vessel went down with a rush.

At the time there were 1100 people on board, of whom 900 lost their lives. Admiral Kempenfelt, the captain, officers and crew and about 300 women and children, who were visiting the ship, were drowned. A small vessel near the Royal George was drawn into the vortex caused by her descent, and also sank with all on board. Capt. Waghorn, who was saved, was court-martialed for negligence and carelessness in the heeling work, but was acquitted. The calamity, which brought sorrow to all parts of England, was celebrated in an elegy written by Cowper.

Most of the guns of the Royal George weer recovered soon after the disaster, but the ship was never raised. In 1839 the mass was blown to pieces by the explosion of large metal cases filled with gunpowder. The guns recovered served to defray the cost of the operation. Just how the coat of arms was brought out of the water is not known, but the decoration was probably not under water more than a few years. After its recovery a house painted colored it up, but did not place his colors accurately or well.

The Greatest Trade Event of the Year.

Our Annual Housecleaning Sale

Begins tomorrow with startling price revelations. It's the most helpful sale at a most needy time—magnetic, matchless, marvelous value giving—so far-reaching, so startling in money saving as to almost stagger belief. We are famed for bargain giving but never before have we offered such values as these.

Lace Curtains	$2.00 to $24.00
Chenille and Tapestry Curtains	$3.50 to $15.00
Morris Rockers	$11.00
Morris Chairs, with footstool	$11.00
Bed Room Suites	$15.00 to $60.00
Sofas	$12.00 to $30.00
Sideboards	$8.00 to $32.00
Rockers—up from	$1.50
Combination Book Case	$10.00 to $30.00

Everything on our easy payment plan. A little money down and then the Gately graduated scale of payments that enables you to refurnish your house without any trouble.

If you have never patronized us now is an opportune time.

GATELY SUPPLY CO., 8 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

CANNOT EXPLAIN

Difference Between Havemeyer's Statement and Department Figures.

Sugar Committee Gets But Little Satisfaction From Trust.

No Money Has Been Advanced to Cuban Planters.

Washington, May 2.—Arthur Donner, treasurer of the American Sugar Refining company, testified before the senate committee on Cuban relations concerning American holdings of Cuban sugar. He said that Mr. Havemeyer's statement to the effect that his company has purchased 85,000 tons of sugar since the first of June last, was correct. More Cuban sugar could not have been bought as none could have been purchased without his knowledge or that of the company. He promised Senator Platt to send to the committee a memorandum of the sugar purchases and the dates purchased.

One of the members of the committee called attention to the discrepancy between Mr. Havemeyer's statement of purchases of 85,000 tons and the statement made by the war department placing the American company's option at 3,825,000 tons up to March 25, but Mr. Donner was not able to explain it.

Responding to questions put by Senator Teller, Mr. Donner confirmed Mr. Havemeyer's statement that of the trust's purchases of Cuban sugar, 45,000 tons still remain in Cuba. He said also that his company dealt entirely with brokers, principally with Zaldo & Co., Francko & Co. and Zamarkow & Co., of Havana, and did not know the names of the producers. The American company had made no advances to the Cuban banks for the planters. While he did not know, he said, he presumed there were other purchasers of Cuban sugar besides his own company in the field. Asked as to realty holdings in Cuba he said that the trust had none there. He knew nothing of the private holdings of stockholders of the trust.

"You have taken some interest in securing a reduction of sugar duties by congress, have you not?" asked Mr. Teller.

"I have not," was the reply.

Senator Platt asked: "So far as you know, has the American Sugar Refining company taken any interest whatever in forwarding or opposing the reduction of duty on Cuban sugar?"

"No sir, I don't think it has."

Senator Teller: "You speak of it as a corporation?"

"Yes."

"Do you know whether the stockholders have taken any interest as such in reduction?"

"I do not. I know nothing about it."

Henry C. Mott, purchaser of raw sugars for the trust, was the next witness. He said he had acted in that capacity for the past five years and that he buys all the raw sugar for the company, except the Louisiana sugars. He confirmed previous statements that the trust had bought 85,000 tons of Cuban sugar since Jan. 1.

Mr. Mott said also that in the course of the year the American company probably purchases 50 per cent of the Cuban sugar product and that he supposed the other 50 per cent is secured by other sugar refiners in the United States.

ONE OF THE PARTY.

Winnipeg Man Who Was at Sam Harstone's Drowning.

J. Cleland, of Winnipeg, who has just become a member of the clerical force in the office of J. A. Stephenson & Co., was in the accident that caused Sam G. Harstone, the well-known Winnipeg curler, to lose his life by drowning.

"The accident occurred aboard the private launch in the river," said Mr. Cleland this morning. "We were members of a party of guests. Stretched across the river is a wire cable that is used for guiding a scow ferry. Our launch approached this cable and gave the customary whistle as a signal for the cable to be loosened so it would drop to the bottom of the river and allow the steamer to pass. The cable did not drop, and the boat had so much momentum that, added to the strong current in the river, the launch ran up against the cable with some force, careened and sank. Mr. Harstone was on the upper deck and I was in the lower cabin, so had little chance to see how his death occurred. Moreover, I was so busy getting out that I probably wouldn't have seen much of what was going on anyway. Some say he was a good swimmer, and others insist that he could swim little, and that, moreover, he had heart trouble and that that may have caused his death."

Mr. Cleland forced his way through a window of the launch in order to save himself, cutting his face so badly that he will wear the scars for some time.

EXPENSIVE.

Shipping of Chicago Flax to Duluth Proved to Be Costly.

The movement of flax from Chicago to Duluth is a thing of the past. The two markets have narrowed to about 6 cents difference in favor of Duluth, which is not sufficient margin for working Chicago flax to Duluth. The jug that was worked was sold when the markets were spread about 10 cents.

It is said that the speculation was a disastrous one for its maker. Instead of the Southwestern flax grading No. 1, as everybody expected it would, there was so much dockage for the foreign seeds and dirt that the inspectors found in it that it did not come up to grade weight, and it is estimated that two-thirds of the receipts from Chicago passed as rejected. That wiped out all dreams that had been indulged in of any profit on the transaction.

Something New

in picture mouldings. Large assortment to select from. Our prices are the lowest. Decker's, 16 2nd Ave. W.

Even the man who says he don't read advertisements goes to a well-advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in' ads should appear often in The Herald.

Mme. Yale's

Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty. They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

PALMER-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

AT THE HOTELS

"Gilhooly" is the pet name under the weight of wi... Thomas F. Fitzgibbons, a St. Paul traveling man, is going about the country. He is attending to the distribution of samples of a union label tobacco among organized labor members.

* * *

Former Senator W. S. Dedon, of Taylors Falls, is at the St. Louis.

* * *

A. T. Naugle, of Gladstone, is at the McKay to look after Naugle, Holcomb & Co. cedar shipments from this point.

* * *

An old suit case, badly battered from long travel, and bearing what is apparently one of those foreign pastes that returned European travelers are so proud to leave on their luggage has been knocking about the Spalding lobby for several days. Sometimes it has been left just at the entrance to the lobby. Again it was with the unchecked baggage near the check room window. At other times it stood near the cigar stand, as if the owners had stopped to get a cigar and had dropped his baggage and forgotten to pick it up again. But it was always in plain sight, though apparently set down carelessly, and the foreign-looking label has always been in plain sight. It has become a goo deal of an eyesore to everybody, particularly to guests of a nervous turn of mind.

"Well, why don't that man get his baggage checked?" has been the inevitable remark that has been commonly made. A second glance at closer range would reveal that the label gave a clue to Eddie Foy's long lost pants, or some other pants that the case was represented to contain. It is a clever advertising dodge.

* * *

Alex McLaren, a well known pine man from Chippewa Falls, arrived at the St. Louis this morning.

* * *

R. E. Bush, an extensive dealer in cut over lands in the upper peninsula, arrived from Ewen last evening and is at the McKay.

* * *

Joseph L. Martin, who has had charge of the cigar stand at the Spalding for the past four years, has left to accept a place on the road with E. A. Kline & Co., a large New York cigar manufacturing and jobbing firm. His territory will be west of Milwaukee, including Duluth and the Twin Cities. Mr. Martin has been exceptionally popular at the Spalding, and has been looked upon as a rattling good cigar man. It is confidently expected that he will make a great success on the road.

* * *

Late arrivals at the St. Louis include: James Primrose Brown, New York; H. L. Snell, Canby; D. Posner, New York; Ira A. Metcalf, New York; Mrs. C. A. Salisbury, Le Sueur; A. H. Price, Chicago; A. W. Smith, Cleveland; J. J. Murphy and wife, Crystal Falls, and George E. Trent, Long Prairie.

* * *

Morning arrivals at the Spalding were again heavy. They included: M. J. O'Shaughnessy, Jr., St. Paul; Ernest Grant, S. M. Hauser, J. E. Meyers, Minneapolis; C. R. Davis, E. P. Dunning, H. L. Barliwell, Chicago; C. A. Elwell, Walter S. Bigelow, Boston, and K. M. Neely, St. Paul.

* * *

At the McKay are: John Gallagher, Hancock; H. E. Toiman, St. Cloud; H. R. Reif, Charles Watson, St. Paul; M. R. Edmunds, Washington; N. S. Kidder, Terre Haute; Arthur D. Kidder, Washington; Ned Condon, Baltimore; W. C. Warren, Minneapolis.

The Detroit and Cleveland Steamers

Are now running between St. Ignace, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace, leaving Duluth every Friday at 5:45 p. m., via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. A popular route between the head of the lakes and lower lake ports.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

MURDER CHARGE

Made Against Nine-Year-Old Boy In Pennsylvania.

Accused of Pushing Little Girl Into a Fire.

He Says That Her Clothes Caught Fire Accidentally.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., May 2.—The youngest person ever arrested on the charge of murder is now in the custody of the United charities of this city. He is Vincenzo Davino, a little Italian boy of 9 years, and he is accused of the murder of 12-year-old Annie Sastaldi.

The charge is made by the father of the girl, who alleges that little Vincenzo pushed his daughter into a fire, which was burning in Davino's yard, after having quarreled with her. This was on Friday last. The boy was arrested that night and Monday morning brought to this city. Instead of being sent to jail he was placed in the custody of the United charities.

There, called from his play with the other tots in the yard, he posed for his picture and told his story.

"Me killa Annie?" he queried with a laugh in the depths of his little black eyes. "Na, na, na; me no killa her. She my frienda. We playa toged. Biga fire burn in my yard. We dance around it. Me, I go off to getta more wood. Annie, she stay by fire. Pretta soon me heard scream. She cry to me. Her dressa alla blaze; fire caught it. I run for house. 'Mom! mom!' I shouta louda. Mom come; boarders come. They taka Annie; rolla on the ground. Puta the fire alla out. But Annie she go dead."

He answered other questions rapidly. He grew excited as he told about it. He wept when he expressed his sorrow.

"Me no fighta with Annie!" he exclaimed with emphasis. "Me lika her; she lika me. Gooda frienda alla time. Me no pusha Annie in fire. For what me do thata, say? We playa toged. Her fadda say I pusha her in fire? Her fadda, he bada man. He tella lie."

The little fellow does not realize his position, but he exclaimed tearfully: "Why polic'ma taka me from mom! Why mom she crya? I wanta go home! I wanta my mom! Why she no coma here?"

AT WEST DULUTH

Sylvester Van, a trimmer; Joseph St. Charles and John Osborn, carriage riders at the St. Louis mill, were injured late yesterday afternoon by an accident that happened as they were changing band saws. The carriage had been run back, chained and the lever locked, while the men were working in front of it. In some manner that is not understood the lock was thrown off the lever, and when Van, slipped in walking across a plank over the saw pit, he grasped the lever, which was thrown over and the carriage released. The heavy vehicle, propelled forward under a pressure of 105 pounds of steam, broke the heavy chain holding it and caught the three men. Van had his left leg severely cut on the saw, St. Clair had portions of his clothing torn off and received a few scratches, and Osborne sprained his ankle. None of the men are hurt seriously and will soon recover. The damage to the machinery was slight, the repairing being accomplished this morning and the mill started at noon.

THIRTY-DAYS' NOTICE.

There have been a number of inquiries made by Central avenue business regarding the rebuilding of the walk on that avenue since the board of public works has decided on its width. It is very likely that notices will be issued within a few days by the board of public works to the property owners along the avenue notifying them that they must build the walk. Under the charter each property owner must be given a thirty-days' notice to build a new walk. If, at the end of thirty days the owner does not build it, the city will build it and the cost will be assessed against the property. There are a number of the property owners that will do their own sidewalk building as soon as notices are received from the board of public works. The thirty-day notice, while it may delay some of the new walk, will give opportunity to some of the owners to arrange for cement walks, which they intend to put down.

CHANGE OF BUSINESS.

There was a well defined rumor about Duluth this morning that Moses La Falvre, the popular vice president of the 'Longshoremen's local, No. 12, is about to enter the office of one of the prominent legal firms of this city. Mr. La Faivre denied the rumor, but he did it in such a way as to leave a doubt as to his sincerity. Mr. La Falvre has had the benefit of a college education, coming to West Duluth from the University of Michigan. He joined the 'Longshoremen's union several years ago, and has always been an influential member of the organization. The 'longshoremen will regret any change of occupation on his part that will take him out of the union.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A chimney fire at the residence of W. B. Anderson, 17 Sixtieth avenue west, caused slight damage yesterday afternoon.

Tonight the Commercial club will meet and take up the special order of business, which is street railway routes in West Duluth. There has been a great deal of discussion outside of the club, and it is considered doubtful if any agreement is reached.

The regular meeting of the Republican club will be held tomorrow evening, at which time the date of the annual banquet may be announced. The date will depend largely on the time most convenient for the majority of outside guests and speakers to be present.

Charles West, who is employed as a machinist at Hibbing, arrived yesterday to visit friends here for a few days.

Joseph Gibson and family have taken up residence in West Duluth. Mr. Gibson travels for a barber's supply house.

Miss Celia Murphy is down from Drummond to spend a few days visiting relatives.

Arthur Hazeltine and James Hai... have returned from a week's vis... the copper country.

Miss Kate Knox has returned from a visit with friends at New Duluth.

Peter Emett has gone to Eveleth to stay for the summer.

J. D. Park and family expect to leave soon for the Pacific coast.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

PAID FOR SWEARING.

"Fifteen dollars a month for the privilege of swearing is a pretty good price to pay for it," said a citizen who lives uptown to the New Orleans Times-Democrat, "and yet this is what a man of my acquaintance did, and there is a rather singular story connected with the fact. In the upper portion of the Sixth district there is an old seafaring man who has a penchant for using bad language. He is at this time engaged in a profitable business, and ordinarily would pass current as a good fellow. When he is in the city he is at home, and he manages to keep loaded all the time while he is here. When he is at work he does not drink, and is noted for attending strictly to his own business. There is a cottage next door to where he lives, but the owner has experienced trouble in getting a tenant who would remain for any length of time in the house. This has been true for the reason that as soon as the old seafaring man would return home for a short stay he began to use such foul language that the next door neighbor in the cottage aforesaid cannot stand it, and he simply moves out. Some time ago the owner, who was very much annoyed by the condition, sought legal advice. He was told that the only thing he could do was to make the swearing man pay the amount the cottage rented for. He was getting $15 a month for it. He would simply have to make the swearer pay this amount as damages for driving the tenants out. Actually the man is paying this sum now for the privilege of swearing. The swearer evidently thought the proposition was a good one, for he accepted it and is paying this amount when the month is up, and exactly here is the point of this story. There is a minister of the gospel who resides in the rear. He wrote to the man who uses the bad language and asked him to desist, and told him that if he did not he would at once take steps to make him bridle his tongue and quit blaspheming. As soon as the swearing man got the note he walked out into the back yard of his home and began to deliver an address which cannot be produced in polite type. The preacher was horrified. The seafarer walked back into his house and went to the bathroom. He slipped, fell and broke his leg in two places near the ankle. He has been in bed since that time, and the pretty part of the story is in the fact that his good wife, whom he had often abused in unmentionable language, is constantly by his side, and he will allow no other person to attend to his wants. And, strangely enough, he has not sworn an oath since he coaxed the preached and broke his leg. I suppose he will not be paying $15 a month for the privilege of swearing after this."

THEIR MODEST REQUEST.

Not long ago two young colored women from Alabama appeared at the office of Mr. de Castro, the United States consul general in Rome, and asked for information concerning the steamers to the Holy Land, writes the Rome correspondent of the Chicago Record-Herald. They were dressed in the typical plantation style, with bright colored calico dresses and bandana turbans, and both were "shouting Methodists," they said, when questioned as to their religious belief. They were on their way to Palestine "to see the place where the Lord was crucified," and seemed to have plenty of money, which they claimed to have earned by doing laundry work at home. They asked no favors, paid their own bills, and, although neither of them could read or write or speak any language but the negro dialect of Alabama, they had met with no difficulties during their journey; everybody had treated them kindly and they had enjoyed every moment of their experience. When Mr. de Castro asked them if he could do anything for them, they whispered together for a moment and then modestly requested him to read aloud to them that portion of the thirteenth chapter of Isaiah which begins: "Howl ye, for the day of the Lord is at hand."

The Detroit and Cleveland Steamers

Are now running between St. Ignace, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace, leaving Duluth every Friday at 5:45 p. m., via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. A popular route between the head of the lakes and lower lake ports.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Enamel Floor Finish.

The best finish made for hardwood floors. J. H. Edwards & Co., 12-14 Second avenue west.

Fine Gloves.

Ladies' two-clasp and four-button Kid Gloves—in black, brown and tan—regular $1.00 and $1.25 qualities—a few sizes missing—tomorrow a bargain at..... **59c**

Women's two-clasp Kid Glove, made of very fine selected skins—Paris point stitched back. All the new spring shades, all sizes—the equal of the usual $1.50 glove—Saturday, our price, pair.. **$1.00**

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

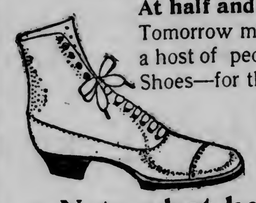
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candy Specials.

Those delicious Butterscotch Wafers—so popular just now—sold everywhere for 25c, price tomorrow **15c**

Cream Caramels—fresh and fine—a delight to the young and old—regular price 15c. Our special Saturday price, per pound..... **10c**

Reliable Footwear



At half and less than Regular Price.

Tomorrow means an extraordinary day to a host of people who are going to buy Shoes—for the shoe man has sliced the prices of two lines he desires to close out just **⅓ to ½** from the regular selling prices.

Note what he proposes to do:

The famous Jenness Miller Shoe for Women—so well known—made of best Vici Kid with stock or patent tip—hand-turned sole—opera heel—a standard $3.50 shoe all over the land. Our price tomorrow..... **$2.50**

Also a lot of Ladies' high-grade Vici Kid Shoes—lace or button—patent or stock tip—hand turn or welt sole—opera heel—made by Wright & Peters—regular price $3.50 to $5.00. Tomorrow, your choice, per pair..... **$2.50**

A table filled with Children's Sample Shoes—all styles and sizes—extra good stock in every shoe—sizes 8½ to 12—regular prices $1.25 and $1.50—Saturday's special price.. **75c**

Misses' Dongola Kid Shoes—button or lace with light or heavy sole—a good chance to pick out a pleasing shoe—regularly sold at $1.75—Saturday **$1.25**

Boys' Box Calf Lace Shoes—A well-made, heavy shoe, suitable for school wear—$1.25 value—tomorrow.. **89c**

Pretty Shoes for Baby—Pink, Red, Blue and tan—with soft easy soles—a sample lot—made to sell at 50c—Saturday half price..... **25c**

Ladies' Fine Vici Kid Oxfords—extension sole—pretty heel—late and comfortable last—a very handsome shoe—regular $2.50—tomorrow only..... **$2.00**

Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' fine gauge, medium weight Hose—made of good quality cotton, in solid black, or with Maco split foot—fast color—double sole, heels and toes—a splendid value for 35c—very low at..... **23c**

Women's Stockings—made of fast black cotton—full length, with elastic top—all sizes—regular 19c value—at..... **15c**

Children's fine ribbed gray Cotton Underwear, medium weight—long sleeve vests and ankle length pants—made of excellent quality cotton. Price for Saturday—

Sizes 18-20..... **12½c**
Sizes 22-24..... **18c**
Sizes 26-28-30..... **25c**
Sizes 32-34..... **30c**

Boys' heavy ribbed Hose, made for spring and rough wear, with double knees and heels and toes—regular price 19c—Saturday.... **15c**

Children's fine ribbed hose—very elastic made, from strong cotton, good value at 18c—Saturday..... **12½c**

Ribbons.

Pretty Taffeta Wash Ribbons, 4½-in. wide, in all new spring shades, make stylish Neck Ribbon; regular price 25c; tomorrow..... **15c**

Fancy Neck Ribbons in pretty stripes and floral and bow-knot effects; 5-in. wide; regular price 32c. Price tomorrow..... **23c**

Toilet Articles.

Witch Hazel Extract, large 8 oz. bottle, extra strong, regular price 15c—Saturday **10c**

Goldman Hair Shampoo, regular price 25c—Saturday—..... **19c**

Tippon Bay Rum, double distilled, 83 oz. bottle, regular price 35c—Saturday..... **23c**

Cosmo Buttermilk Soap, regular price 10c a cake—Saturday price—per cake **6c**

1000 Tooth Brushes, consisting of fine French and Japanese bristles, worth from 15c to 35c each—choice tomorrow **10c**

One more day of our great $14.50 and $18.00 Suit Sale.

Ladies' Tailored Suits—made of very good quality venetian and etamine cloths, prettily trimmed with silk or mohair braid bands; silk lined Eton or blouse jackets; all up-to-date styles; colors, brown, blue, grey and castor, suits that were selling from $18.50 to $22.50; choice of the lot tomorrow at **$14.50**

Ladies' Highly Tailored Suits—made from high grade venetian, etamine, cheviot and broadcloth; in black, brown, castor, navy and grey; Gibson, blouse or Eton style jackets with plain or fancy vests; beautifully trimmed with mohair silk and mohair braid—jackets all lined with good grade silk taffeta—skirts partly lined with silk and partly with mercerized lining—they are all models of the dressmaker's art and range in price from $25 to $27.50—your choice at **$18.00**

Attractive Suits for Children; made from all wool cheviot—in tans and blues—Bolero style jacket with sailor collar—entire suit tastefully trimmed with fancy buttons and silk braid—sizes 8 to 12 years—our regular $10.00 suit—tomorrow **$6.98**

Handsome Dress Skirts at one-third off regular prices

They are manufacturer's samples made as samples, usually all made with more care than ordinary goods would be—they are all high grade skirts—made from the finest materials—beautifully trimmed—the very latest of styles—there are no duplicates—only one of a kind; no worry that your next door neighbor will wear the same style skirt as you—prices range from $10.00 to $18.00. You can take just one-third off from these prices—

$10.00 Skirts at $6.67
$12.00 Skirts at $8.00
$15.00 Skirts at $10.00
$18.00 Skirts at $12.00

Walking Skirts At Greatly Reduced Prices!

Ladies' Walking Skirts—made from good quality melton cloth; in brown, tan, blue and grey; has ten rows of stitching on bottom of flounce; regularly sold at $3.50—price tomorrow..... **$2.48**

Walking and Rainy Day Skirts, of all wool melton and kersey cloth—in black, oxford grey, blue, brown and tan, ruffle set on flounce; very properly tucked and corded; a $6 value, at..... **$4.75**

Stylish Millinery.

Ladies' Tailored Walking Hats—stylish and nobby shapes; very becomingly trimmed, made from flexible light weight braids in pretty color combinations, regular price $4.50 to $5.50—choice at..... **$3.75**

Ladies' Stylishly Trimmed Dress Hats in a great variety of shapes—very prettily trimmed—most becoming and dressy—regularly sold at $4 and $4.50—choice tomorrow at **$2.98**

Nobby Walking Hats for ladies and misses, at, each..... **$1.50 and $1.98**

Children's Hats of Milan Braid, Sailor Shape with plain or cone crowns—nicely trimmed with silk bands and rosettes, a pretty girlish hat, very serviceable; regular price 75c; tomorrow..... **48c**

Men's Wear.

Our $1.00 Negligee Shirts are the best on earth for the price. The line includes Madras, Oxfords and Cheviots in a large variety of stripes and solid colors. Every shirt is a beauty and all are the latest spring styles. It is the kind you would pay $1.50 for most places. Here you can chose almost any style and the price always..... **$1.00**

For 50c we are showing a line of Negligee Shirts of good quality Percale—well made, in the latest style—an assortment of colors in very pretty stripes—75c is a very low price. Tomorrow, our price..... **50c**

See our new line of Men's Collars—the most nobby ideas for summer.

Wall Paper.

Welcome prices from our up-to-date Wall Paper Department:

Parlor and Dining Room Paper—35 handsome designs in the newest colorings—with 18-inch borders to match—papers similar to them are sold elsewhere for 20c and 25c—our price per roll, only..... **15c**

50 different patterns in Glimmers and Flats—all pretty and novel colorings—equal of any 15c paper on the market—your choice of the entire lot..... **10c**

House and Kitchen Furnishings

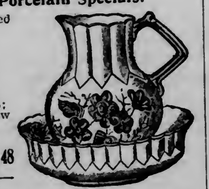
At Little Prices in the Daylight Basement.

Glassware Reduced.

Glass Fruit Bowls, Butter Dishes, Pickle and Olive Dishes, Cheese Plates, Rose Bowls, Vases—and many other articles—all on one table—your choice..... **10c**

Thin blown Water Tumblers, regular prize $1 per doz—each..... **4c**

Porcelain Specials.



Decorated Toilet Sets—pretty enough for any room—regular price $15; tomorrow per set only—**$10.48**

Combinette Slop Jars with bale and cover; regular $1.25 value, at—each..... **89c**

100-piece Dinner Sets, nicely decorated—our regular price $10.50—special, per set, only **$7.98**

Decorated Porcelain Cuspidors—regular price 25c—at, each— **15c**

Royal Blue Porcelain Cups and Saucers, Plates, Bowls, Fruit Dishes, etc., regularly priced at 15c to 20c—tomorrow, each..... **10c**

Blue Flemish Stone Water Jugs, the 39c kind—at, each..... **25c**

Blue Flemish Stone Beer Mugs, always 15c—tomorrow at, each..... **10c**

Decorated Porcelain Oat Meal Bowls, regular price 15c—tomorrow **8c**

Little Things—Little Prices.

4c Toothpicks, each..... **2½c**
5c Comb and Brush Boxes, each... **3c**
15c Polishing Mitts, each..... **9c**
5c box Matches, each..... **3c**
5c Pot Scrapers, each..... **3c**
5c Tin Cups, each..... **2½c**
12c Fiber Lunch Boxes..... **8c**
10c Wire Sponge Holders..... **7c**
3c Egg Whips, each..... **1c**
15c Butcher Knives, each..... **10c**

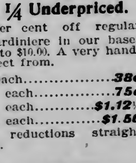
Jardinieres, ¼ Underpriced.

Twenty-five per cent off regular price on any Jardiniere in our basement, worth up to $10.00. A very handsome line to select from.

50c Jardinieres, each..... **38c**
$1.00 Jardinieres, each..... **75c**
$1.50 Jardinieres, each..... **$1.12½**
$2.00 Jardinieres, each..... **$1.50**

And similar reductions straight through the line.

Wooden Ware.



15c Chopping Bowls—each..... **9c**
10c Potato Mashers..... **5c**
18c Wash Boards..... **12½c**
15c Towel Rollers..... **10c**
$1.25 Folding Ironing Boards..... **89c**
39c Polished Maple Rolling Pins... **29c**
25c polished maple Potato Mashers **21c**

First Grade Seeds.

The Saltzer Seed Co.'s Northern grown seeds—the best for this climate, Vegetable Seeds, Flower Seeds—full size packages—at..... **4c**

Our own mixed Bird Seed, at—per pound **5c**

Hemp Seed, per pound **8c**

Canary Seed, per pound **8c**

Rape Seed—per pound **8c**

Stimulating Wash Goods Values for Saturday

60c Etamine Waist Cloths, special at— **49c**

35c Scotch Ginghams, special at— **25c**

20c Lawns and Dimities, special at— **15c**

15c Lawns and Dimities, special at— **12½c**

PANTON-WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Stimulating Wash Goods Values for Saturday

25c Persian Percales, special at— **15c**

25c Scotch Zephyr Ginghams, special at— **15c**

12½c Fancy Zephyr Ginghams, special at— **10c**

10c Plain and Fancy Ginghams, special at— **7c**

Spring Shoes.

Style, quality, service—the three vital features essential to good shoes—are found in the shoes sold here. We sell nothing but meritorious goods, and are now enjoying a remarkable increase in business in our higher grade footwear.

Misses' and Children's Oxford Ties or Low Shoes and Slippers, in patent kid, black glace kid chocolates, red, blue, pink, white and several combinations of colors such as patent leather trimmed with red. The above are carried in one or two strap, with or without fancy bows and ornaments. Prices—

50c, 75c, 85c, 98c, $1.25 $1.50 to $2.50.

Boys', Youths' and Little Men's Shoes, for any and all occasions. We are displaying a wonderful assortment, in all the old reliable as well as the newest leathers and lasts. Do not fail to see the latest novelties in patent kid, extension sole dress shoes. Prices—

98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 to $3.00.

Our Four Great Specialties in Women's Fine Boots.

Vassars, 30 styles..... $2.98
Colonials, 20 styles..... $3.50
Roxana, 10 styles..... $2.50
Wright & Peter's, 15 styles.. $5.00

Saturday Specials.

Women's Kid lace Shoes, several latest spring styles, all sizes, very special at..... **$1.79**

Women's Oxfords, several neat designs that are certain to please, very special at..... **$1.45**

Misses' spring heel kid school shoes, lace or button, patent or kid tips, neat round toes, special... **$1.23**

Boys' Box Calf Mannish lace shoes, sizes to 6, on sale Saturday only at..... **$1.33**

Boys' Clothing at Half Prices.

Mothers have yet another chance of buying Boys' Fine Clothing at—

Exactly Half Price

Suits from $1.25 up—the lot can't last long—come early.

Women's Garments at the Lowest Prices Ever Quoted.

Every intelligent shopper in this city who visits the cloak department will have the facts indelibly impressed upon them that the Panton & White Company's garments are of the very highest excellence—that Panton & White Company's prices are absolutely the lowest at all times—that Panton & White Company's advertisements are not overstated, nor values exaggerated—that the greatest possible satisfaction is only obtainable by trading at this store. On the following garments we are quoting the lowest prices ever known, WITHOUT EXCEPTION.

$5.00 Silk Waists on sale Saturday at..... **$3.49**

$7.50 Silk Waists on sale Saturday at..... **$4.98**

We will indulge in no descriptions—we simply say that the reductions are bona fide.

89c Fine Colored Gingham Waists —both plain and striped — new goods just received—offered Saturday at..... **69c**

Special Wrapper Sale, 5000 Wrappers—all colors—all styles—best of wrapper materials prices, 98c, $1.25, $1.49 and..... **$1.98**

500 Children's fine colored gingham Wash Dresses—an assortment conceded to be the most complete ever brought to Duluth—only a few of each style—prices, 29c 39c, 49c, 98c and..... **$1.49**

Suit Sale—our $11.95 suits by actual comparison are found to be the greatest values in town for the money. They are selected from our $19.50 grades—a very complete assortment offered tomorrow—all colors **$11.95**

Suits at $19.50—exquisitely trimmed and finished—Gibson Blouse, Eton and Single Coat effects—all nobby styles—they are not undesirable nor refused samples—they look like $35.00 values—our special sale price for tomorrow..... **$19.50**

Ladies $7.50 Cloth Jackets, in black and colors—several styles, all sizes **$4.98**

Bargain Counter 1.

Sale Extraordinary of Embroideries and Ribbons.

Pretty new Ribbons and Embroideries—remnants from the most desirable lots that are now in great demand—usable lengths—at irresistible prices.

1000 remnants embroidery edges and insertions —worth 6c and 7c a yard, at..... **3c**

1000 remnants embroidery edges and insertions —worth 10c a yard, for..... **5c**

5000 remnants embroidery edges and insertions —worth 25c a yard, for..... **10c**

3000 remnants of Silk Ribbons, 1 to 2½ yards long—plaids stripes—Satin Taffetas, Satin Liberty, Satin and Gros Grains, etc., for hair, neck and sash ribbons—divided into four lots—

Lot 1—worth up to 12½ yd. *5c* | Lot 3—worth up to 50c yd. *25c*
Lot 2—worth up to 25c a yd. *10c* | Lot 4—worth up to $1 a yd. *39c*

Bargain Counter 2.

Special Sale of fine, fresh, delicious Candies.

Absolutely pure, wholesome and delicious—received fresh from our New York makers. More costly and finer goods than you can possibly purchase elsewhere for the prices.

At 20c per pound—Cream Dates, Cocoa Bon Bons, Cocoa Cream Kisses, Ice Cream Kisses, Chocolate Covered Dates, Chocolate Drops, Cream Peanuts.

At 15c per pound—Fresh Marshmallows, Chocolate Drops, Salted Peanuts.

At 10c per pound—Mixed Candies, Pink and White Beauties, Chocolate Peanuts, Cream Eggs.

Porch Pillows—filled with feathers and cotton down, covered with a handsome, durable quality of satin, edged with ruffle, all colors—extra special sale tomorrow..... **49c**

Bargain Counter 3.

Three Extraordinary Muslin Underwear Bargains.

It's almost giving them away at these prices—after you've bought what you want from this bargain counter, it will pay you to visit the regular muslin underwear department on the second floor and see the wonderful varieties of dainty undermuslins we are offering for the May sale of muslin underwear.

Women's 60c gowns—made of fine muslin—neatly tucked and trimmed—well finished—full widths—good sewing—we expect a rush all day for these at..... **39c**

Women's 30c drawers—made of fine muslin with several tucks and yoke band—they are cheap at even 30c—every size offered tomorrow at..... **19c**

Misses' 25c drawers—made of fine muslin with several tucks; well made; sizes 1 year to 14 years—worth every cent of 25c; to be sold Saturday at..... **10c**

Armour's Fine Art Toilet Soap.

Dainty Souvenir with Every Box.

We are introducing in this city Armour's Fine Art Toilet Soap—a soap noted for its absolute purity and delightful fragrance. It is an irresistible combination of the science of soap making and the art of perfuming.

Fine Art Soap is made in oval cakes, each cake enclosed in an artistic paper wrapper, sealed with a gold stamp and packed three cakes in a box. The quality and appearance of the box is in keeping with the character of the contents.

A Lovely Souvenir FREE.

With each box of Fine Art Soap we present a beautiful souvenir calendar. The calendar contains blotting paper and a page of information valuable to all correspondents, inserted between a handsome embossed cover, decorated with violets and tied with ribbon. Calendar alone worth the price of soap.

Price—per cake..... **10c** Per box—three cakes..... **25c**

We call your attention to the window display of Fine Art Toilet Soap.

Millinery Unusually Low.

Your new summer costume will not appear to the best advantage without a Glass Block hat. Duluth's fashionable dressers recognize in our millinery the most correct and exquisite interpretations of fashion's fancies. Every hat has a style character that reflects individuality, exclusiveness and stunning effects. Tomorrow's showing will consist of a great many new modes, carrying out the very latest ideas, and the prices are very reasonable. We invite all visitors to our millinery department tomorrow to inspect the following:

New Shirt Waist Hats— A hundred in the lot, every hat trimmed by our own millinery artists. The shapes and styles are entirely new and exclusive. We have taken extreme care in selecting materials of good quality. Made of plain and fancy straws, draped with silk and trimmed with ornaments and quills. Best hats to be found at these prices—

$1.95 $2.25 $2.50 $3.50

Pattern Hats—must be sold.—We offer about 50 of our Pattern Hats—in white and color combinations—trimmed in fine Chiffon, flowers and ornaments—many of these hats worth as high as $12.00. Choice from from the lot tomorrow **$6.75**

Exquisite Trimm'd Hats —A large lot of nearly 50 styles—our own excellent productions. We've seen a great many $7 and $8 Hats sold elsewhere this season no better than these at **$4.95**

Children's and Misses' Trimmed Hats.—We show a wonderful selection of 200 Children's and Misses' Trimmed Hats—unquestionably the largest and most reasonably priced assortment in Duluth. Now is the time to purchase while the assortments are the largest of the season. Almost every conceivable correct design, in all the fashionable materials, colors and trimmings—prices **from $1.25, $1.50 $1.75, up to $5.00**

Kayser's Fabric Gloves.

The best fabric glove that's made, in all the fashionable styles and colors.

Kayser's extra taffeta gloves, black, white, grey and mode, at per pair.. **25c**

Kayser's Milanese Suede Lisle Gloves, fit and look like a suede glove—per pair..... **50c**

Kayser's double tipped finger gloves, silk, all colors per pair..... *50c, 75c, $1.00*

Ladies' lace silk gloves and mitts, elbow lengths, at..... **$1.19**

Hosiery and Underwear.

500 dozen Women's black, cardinal and royal blue hose, dainty lace open-work, lisle thread finish; very superior article, worth 25c—now..... **12½c**

Five cases Ladies' Swiss ribbed Vests, in long and short sleeves, also low neck and sleeveless—extra large sizes included—per pair..... **17c** *3 for 50c*

1000 doz Women's and Children's fast black Cotton Stockings, double heels and toes, worth 19c a pair; at..... **10c**

Boys' and Girls' spring weight natural and balbriggan Vests, Pants and Drawers, all sizes at..... **25c**

Goods for Men's Wear.

Men's finest quality Cheviot and Madras Negligee Shirts, with and without pleats, with separate and attached cuffs, a genuine $1.50 Shirt—Saturday at..... **$1.00**

Two cases Men's and Boys' Overalls, Jumpers and Brownies, with all the new improvements—cut full and in any size—price..... **50c**

Ten cases Men's Socks, just received, comprising heavy weight cotton, cashmere, merino and fancy lisle thread hose—prices 25c, 15c, 12½c and... **10c**

CHANCE FOR WAR

New York Passenger Rate May Yet Make Trouble.

Cloquet Lumber Rate Brings Out Burlington's Merger Position.

Frank E. Otis of Milwaukee Road Transferred to St. Paul.

The Duluth-New York rate war cloud will be subjected to the hynotic influences of the Western Passenger association at a meting to be held in Chicago today. At least, it is supposed that Chairman McLeod of that association will appear as a peace dispenser.

The Omaha road threatens, if the South Shore persists in putting in its regular summer first class rate of $24 from Duluth to New York to apply the same rate via its Duluth-Chicago line, instead, it is understood, of adhering to its differential due to its being a standard line.

The Great Northern and Northern Pacific threaten to follow suit, routing the business via St. Paul and the St. Paul-Chicago line. As the rate agreed upon from the Twin Cities is $27.50, that action would simply mean that the Duluth man passing through the Twin Cities on his way to New York could make the trip from this city for $5.50 less each way than the same roads would carry the Minneapolis or St. Paul man from his own town.

The Soo threatens to enter the game at this stage, however, and declares that if the other lines cut rates as they intimate, it will name the same rate from the Twin Cities as the lowest figure named from Duluth. That would be a blow at the lines that are after the pelt of the South Shore, and if all this came to pass, it is difficult to see where the war would end. It might be that within thirty days the roads would be paying people to travel over their lines.

The position of the South Shore is that it must meet water competition during the season navigation on Eastern passenger business or lose it altogether and run empty trains. The other roads, it holds, are not placed in the same position because they are not directly placed in competition with water routes. For instance, it claims the Omaha has an inherent natural claim on traffic through the fact that it passes through Chicago and Milwaukee, while its connections pass through other cities that are difficult to reach by water from Duluth.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

RESULT OF MERGER.

Burlington Indicates Domination By Northern Lines.

The Milwaukee road people claim that they are not the pioneers in the movement to place Cloquet on the same basis on eastbound lumber freights as that enjoyed by Duluth. They declare that the Burlington, in conjunction with the Northern Pacific and Great Northern roads, published this tariff some time ago. Furthermore, they say that on the strength of official information at hand to date, the local office of the Milwaukee road has not the authority to apply the 10-cent rate to Cloquet. The tariff was printed by mimeograph from a typewritten copy, and, it is thought through some error, it is provided that the tariff is a "proportional tariff." A "proportional tariff" is interpreted by railway men to be the proportion of the road issuing it of a through rate joined in by several roads. In this case that definition would mean that the Milwaukee was to charge 10 cents for its share of hauling lumber shipments originating on and west of Cloquet, or even east of Cloquet. Such an application in this case would be considered absurd.

It is believed that the Milwaukee road is simply following the course of the Burlington road in giving Cloquet the 10-cent rate to Chicago, and that the obvious clerical error will soon be straightened out. This action of the Burlington road in taking the lead in the Cloquet rate matter, is said to be the first particularly notable action it has taken to indicate the effect of domination by the northern lines' traffic influence. In other words, it is the first striking result of the merger. Ordinarily, under the Milwaukee's traffic tonnage contract with the Northern Pacific road, the Milwaukee would be the first to put in through tariffs to Chicago. The Milwaukee's traffic contract with the Northern Pacific is said to be on a ton-mile basis. Just what is the basis of the Burlington's traffic relations with the two northern lines is not known, but it is supposed that it is a proportional arbitrary—that is, so many cents per hundred whether the traffic is hauled twenty miles or 150.

As strange as it may seem, it is said that one Duluth road would rather make the 160-mile haul from Duluth to Minnesota Transfer than a seventy-six-mile haul east to connections on business destined for the East. To the uninitiated it looks as if the road would rather burn twice as much coal, subject itself to twice as much wear on equipment and pay twice as much labor cost for the sake of routing the business the longest way around. But that is one of the peculiarities of modern railway science that can be explained by those on the inside. The St. Paul-Chicago lines would not get a throw at the business unless they got it around by Minnesota Transfer and one Duluth-St. Paul line would be in the same position.

While the South Shore is said to do some stunts in rate making on through business to the sea coast, it is particularly stiff on its proportions of rates on business originating on its line and routed via a Chicago line. Consequently, there is no great competition on Chicago-bound traffic routed first east instead of first south.

The competition seems to be all between the Duluth-St. Paul lines on one hand and the Omaha on the other. The latter, having the short line, can afford sometimes to give the differential routes a little run for their money. Here occurs another peculiar anomaly in railroading. The road with the longest line, and subject to the most expense, is willing always to cut the largest piece off the rate in order to get the business. The theory on which it is done is the same theory on which modern retail merchandizing is coming to be conducted—give the people the largest bundle for their money, and so build up an immense business on small margins. Small profits and a large business are held to net more than large profits and a small business, and it is not to be denied that department store methods have had some influence in shaping modern traffic department conditions and usages.

The department store traffic man is sometimes spoken of as the man that does business on a tonnage basis instead of on a revenue basis. Sometimes, it has to be admitted, the tonnage basis traffic man is the one that actually nets the most revenue in the long run.

IS TRANSFERRED.

Frank E. Otis of Milwaukee Road Goes to St. Paul.

Frank E. Otis will leave Duluth, May 5, to become commercial agent of the Milwaukee road at St. Paul. He will be succeeded by C. L. Kennedy, assistant chief clerk in the general freight office at Chicago, who will come on at once to prepare to take up his new duties.

Mr. Otis' promotion is sequent to other promotions in the Northwestern field of the Milwaukee's service. E. D. Sewall, who, as general Northwestern agent, has renewed in Duluth the acquaintances he made here years ago when he was a member of the engineering party that laid out part of the Northern Pacific—or what was then the St. Paul & Duluth—is promoted to be assistant general superintendent of the system, with headquarters at Minneapolis. He succeeds C. A. Cosgrave, who retired recently to enjoy his later years in rest. Mr. Sewall is one of the most popular men in the service of the Milwaukee, and many friends will rejoice over his promotion.

Col. J. T. Conley, another very popular young Milwaukee road man, who has been stationed at St. Paul, moves to Minneapolis to replace Mr. Sewall, with the title of assistant general freight agent. Mr. Otis succeeds Col. Conley at St. Paul.

Mr. Otis came to Duluth a little over a year ago, before the Milwaukee through its traffic alliance with the Northern Pacific cast about for offices here. He had been traveling freight agent for the road, and before that had worked up to be chief clerk in the general Northwestern agent's office at Minneapolis. He has been with the Milwaukee road, but prior to that was with the Chicago Great Western. In fact, he began at the foot of the ladder with the Stickney road before its name was changed from the Minnesota & Northwestern back in 1886. He has made an exceptionally good record here, not only as a railroad man, but among shippers and socially. Many friends he has made here will mingle with their congratulations their regret that his success necessitates his removal from Duluth, something that Mr. Otis says he especially regrets.

Mr. Otis returned yesterday from Chicago, where he had been called to consult with his superiors concerning the contemplated change.

"I have used DeWitt's Little Early Risers for constipation. I am glad to indorse them," writes Alfred Heinze, Quincy, Ill. Max Wirth.

ARE VERY ACTIVE

Farm Lands Have Shown No Greater Activity Than Now.

Prices Continually Rising and Speculators Are Making Money.

Large Lots Handled But Greatest Activity Is In Retailing.

Men that are in the business of selling farm lands say that there has never been such great activity as there is now. For a few weeks during the unsettled part of the spring season, the demand lessened materially, and business was actually dull. Since then, however, the demand has become very large, and many people are coming here to look over cut-over lands.

Prices are continually growing higher, and the market situation is, of course, strengthening. Land of this character is selling for $1.50 an acre higher as a general thing than it was a year ago now. Some may be obtained for unchanged prices, perhaps, but the location and accessibility are so much less desirable that there is considered fully the money difference in the actual value.

Fortunes are being made in the handling of these cut-over lands. More properly speaking, perhaps, the money has been made in speculation than in handling. There is a distinction in the terms. The speculator buys a large tract, holds it a short time and has been able in the interim to find nobody that values it more highly than he does himself. Or, perhaps he sells a part of it for enough to pay for the whole tract, holds the balance a while and realizes another advance on that. Some speculate on enough of their purchase to play even on the money put into it and then farm out the rest in retail tracts.

Land has been bought for $2 to $3 an acre and sold for twice that price within sixty or ninety days of the first purchase. Some times even greater profits have been made. But that was before most of the large tracts were picked up at low prices and split up. As a general thing the man that buys a large parcel and holds it intends to divide it up, as soon as there appears to be a demand for it at a price that will net him a good thing. The man that buys for speculation as a general thing wants to turn his money quickly, for quite likely he knows of another good tract that can be put through the quick-profit making process in the same way.

Most of the men that have made these quick riches in speculation in cut-over lands are old hands at the land business. Some of them have been dealing in lands in the older farming countries in a small way, take an inclination to "reach out and lead" and astonish themselves by the nerve they show in going into big deals.

As a general thing, however, it is the man that has grown up in the land company business. He has had his finger on the pulse of the farmer in the older settled country, and knows just how anxious he is to get a cheaper land region. The speculator also probably knows where he can find some tracts of land up North that seem promising. He looks them up, takes an option probably from a railroad company or large lumbering interests, goes out and enlists capital with him, closes the deal, and perhaps within thirty days has sold out again at a profit of half as much to the full amount of his investment.

Still, the great activity nowadays is in retailing it out to men that intend to settle up. Some people are buying moderate-sized tracts for speculative purposes, probably as many as at any time, but the cut-over land Napoleon is coming to be a scarce article, because it is becoming necessary for him to merge, instead of cut up tracts, in order to go into the Napoleon business.

"Why are so many of us coming up here to buy these lands," asked a farmer from Iowa. "Well, I'll tell you. Take it down in our part of Iowa. Land is worth from $5 to $100 or even $150 an acre down there. Of course part of this high price is represented by the improvements that have been put on the land, both in the form of buildings and in bringing it up to a high state of cultivation. Why do people pay so much for those Iowa lands? Well, it is true that it is hard to make interests on such an investment in ordinary times, though we do well even on a $150 an acre farm with corn and grains and stock at their present prices. But the people that come in to buy at that price are men that have made some little money and want a home. They want also a place that will afford them a good living income or perhaps a little better. They are old fellows who don't want to go out and rough it in a new country. But, we've got boys that we want to see settled properly and with a start. We figure that if we give them a farm, the stock to work it with and to begin realizing on it right away, they ought to be able to work out their own salvation pretty well. It's a better chance than most of us had fifty years ago. I wouldn't give much for a boy that wouldn't seize upon such a chance.

"I think you are going to have a good class of hardy young farmers up here. They will be men of better property than most new settlers in a virgin country, and for that reason they ought to get along faster. They haven't got the uphill row to hoe that most of us old fellows had when we came West and half starved until we got things coming our way."

TO IRONWOOD.

High School Baseball Team Goes to Michigan Team.

The high school baseball team left for Ironwood this afternoon at 4 o'clock. Ten men went, besides the manager, Harvey Dash, assistant secretary of the board of education, and Professor F. L. Barker, who goes along as a sort of chaperon—at least it will be his business to see that the men behave themselves properly.

The team is in good condition, although their practice has been a little irregular during the last week. If they play half the game that they did last Saturday when they defeated the Nelson-Dewey high school, of Superior, by a score of 57 to 1, they will have little trouble in giving the Michigan men a sound drubbing.

The men who went are: Capt. Cummings, pitcher; Potter, catcher; Congdon, first base; Staacke, second; Scoble, short; Winters, third; Clayton, left field; Dash, center; Summers, right field, and substitute pitcher. Two of the regulars were unable to go because of a delinquency in their studies.

Special interest now attaches to the high school team, since it is known that the regular Duluth aggregation will not do business this season. They certainly have opened their season auspiciously and will doubtless prove worthy of all the support that Duluth can give them.

Ironwood plays a return game here on May 24. A week from tomorrow, at the Oneota driving park, one of the most important games of the season will be played, when the local high school crosses bats with the central high school of Minneapolis. Great preparations are being made for this game; it bids fair to be of equal interest to some of the big football contests of the fall.

Rumor Unfounded.

There was a rumor afloat last evening that the machinists in the Eastern Minnesota shops in West Superior had gone out on a strike. The report was untrue, as the men are all working this morning, and they say they have had no intention of striking. It is believed the rumor started through a confusion of names, and that it was the machinists or spinners at the new grass twine factory in West Superior that were meant.

WHEN THE CLOCK STRIKES 9 SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 3rd,

YOU CAN BUY ANY ARTICLE OF

Clothing or Furnishings

IN OUR $40,000 STOCK AT A DISCOUNT OF FROM

A Fair, Honest Discount.

25 TO 50 PER CENT

Money Cheerfully Refunded.

From our regular prices in order to convert our Clothing into cash. There is not a man in Duluth or Superior who can afford to miss this sale, and we think there are hardly any who will. Don't stop to look in your pocketbook as you won't need much money to participate in this sale. Some goods will be almost given away, and the early buyers will get the plums. What we say we'll do, so come and get your share of the good things. Get your money ready for Saturday. Remember, a $40,000 stock of clean, new merchandise to pick from, consisting of

MEN'S FINE CLOTHING, SHOES, UNDERWEAR, SHIRTS, HOSIERY, NECKWEAR, ETC., ETC.

Read the Prices and Take Advantage of This Opportunity

Men's Furnishings.

Extraordinary Bargains.

COLLARS—Choice of our 15c Linen Collars, all new and popular styles—each—Three to each customer. **7c**

HOSIERY—50 dozen fast black and brown seamless Half Hose, regular price 15c; per pair **7c**

50 dozen Men's fancy absolutely stainless Half Hose, in a great variety of colors, regular price 25c—per pair **9c**

SHIRTS—20 dozen Men's Laundered Soft Shirts, with detached or attached collars, clean stock, all sizes; regular price 75c, now **34c**

10 doz Men's Stiff Colored and White Shirts, the Majestic and Monarch makes, broken sizes; regular price $1 and $1.25, at—each **49c**

HATS — 20 doz of the very latest style Standard $2.50 and $3.00 Hats — your choice at **$1.74**

MEN'S SUITS—Wonderful Values!

The values here will excel the most sanguine expectations. We will return the money to any unsatisfied purchaser. Over 2000 Suits to select from. In order to make everything as convenient as possible we have arranged our Suits on different tables according to price.

$10.00 for $5.65—Men's all-wool Business Suits, durably made of medium weight Cassimeres and Tweeds, in checks and stripes and dark mixtures; sizes 35 to 44, and always sold for $10.00—choice **$5.65**

$12.00 for $7.50—$7.50 gives you your choice of over 300 all-wool $12 Suits, including black Clay Worsteds, and a great variety of stripes, checks and plaids; now at **$7.50**

$15.00 for $9.50—Men's finest and handsomest pure wool Suits—an immense selection—in Worsteds, Cassimeres and Serges, in stylish light and dark colorings; other stores ask $18 and $20; choice **$9.50**

$18.00, now $12.00—This price gives you your pick of a magnificent assortment of the best $18.00 suits in the world; your choice **$12.00**

$22.50 for $14 75—This price gives you your choice of the very best Suits possible to be produced—Men's highest grade suits—clothing of the highest excellence, union made, superb fitting and guaranteed to give satisfaction to the wearer; other stores get $20 to $25 for poorer ones; choice **$14.75**

MEN'S OVERALLL—We have a limited supply of Men's 50c Overalls — first buyers will get them at, per pair **19c**

Underwear.

20 dozen Men's Balbriggan and Mixed Wool—worth 35c, 50c and 75c, at **9½c**

25 dozen Medium Weight Camel's Hair Underwear and a mixed lot of Wool Underwear, worth $1, $1.25 and $1.50—at, per garment **34c**

All our High Grade Underwear will be sold at correspondingly low prices.

50 dozen Men's Derby Ribbed Shirts and Drawers—blue stripe and tan colors, worth 75c—all sizes, each **39c**

A Shoe Opportunity.

200 pairs Men's Best Grain Leather Working Shoes, $2 quality, all sizes, per pair **93c**

200 pairs Men's Kangaroo Calf Shoes, regular prize $2.25—at, per pair **$1.24**

Men's $3.00 Vici Kid Shoes—our price, per pair **$1.89**

Men's $3.50 and $4.00 latest style Shoes, plain or extension soles, per pair **$2.49**

Do you want to save money? If so don't fail to attend this Sacrifice Sale of Men's Good Clothing

A $15.00 SUIT FREE TO FIRST PERSON ENTERING OUR DOOR AFTER NINE O'CLOCK SATURDAY MONING

EAGLE CLOTHING COMPANY

Store Open Until 10:30 o'Clock Saturday Evening.

321 West Superior Street.

Store Open Until 10:30 o'Clock Saturday Evening.

MAGNATES WILL FISH

Distinguished Party to Visit Put-in-Bay on Lake Erie.

The Best Bass Fishing Grounds on the Great Lakes.

Cleveland, Hanna, Evans, Herrick and Others In the Party.

Toledo, Ohio, May 2.—Although carefully guarded under the veil of secrecy it has leaked out here that one of the most notable parties of fishermen that was ever organized to tempt the finny inhabitants of the blue waters of Lake Erie, in the vicinity of Put-in Bay, Kelly's Island and other islands adjacent thereto, which comprise the best bass fishing grounds on the great chain of lakes, will sally forth with rod and line to try their luck for two weeks.

The party will consist of fifty-five members of the Bass Fishermen's club, and the beautiful steel steamer Lakeside has been chartered for their exclusive use from May 4 to 20, inclusive. The fact is the Bass Fishermen's club includes in its membership more millionaires, statesmen, notables and men who shape the commercial, industrial and political destinies of a nation than any other outing club in the world.

Its roster includes the names of Grover Cleveland, Senator M. A. Hanna, Fighting Bob Evans, W. C. Whitney, Don Dickinson, A. W. Machem, M. T. Herrick, of Cleveland; John Cummings, S. C. Reynolds, W. A. Gosline, S. C. Shenck and a few more Toledoans, and scores of others over the country.

While it is impossible to get hold of the names of those who will make up the party, it is stated that the most conspicuous among them will be Grover Cleveland, Senator Hanna, Bob Evans, August W. Machem, M. T. Herricks, John Cummings and W. A. Gosline, of Toledo, and perhaps a few more from this city who are members of the club.

This will make the fourth visit to these waters for Grover Cleveland. He declares they are the best black bass fishing grounds in the world, and Grover knows. It is stated that there is no politics or any secret motive behind this notable gathering of millionaire fishermen.

It is simply a pleasure trip for rest and recreation, and to get away completely from the cares and worries of the busy whirl of politics and financial affairs for a couple of weeks. The men used to catching millions in a single deal on Wall street will be satisfied to hook a 30-cent bass and boast of their prowess.

The steamer Lakeside is being fitted up in magnificent style. The party will assemble at Sandusky next Saturday night and Sunday, and will sail away from that port Sunday afternoon for the Lake Erie Islands, according to the present program.

Railroad men here say track room has been engaged at Sandusky for a long string of private cars, which will hemain there while their owners and occupants are off fishing.

The Bass Fishermen's club has also chartered a fast steam yacht, which will be used as a dispatch boat to carry mail, newspapers and telegrams between Sandusky and Marblehead to the steamer Lakeside, for the members of the distinguished fishing party during their outing on Lake Erie.

REVEALS A GREAT SECRET.

It is often asked how such startling cures, that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ-infected mucous, and lets the life-giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all Throat and Lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbott's drug store.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 365 boxes contain 100 Pills, 365 boxes contain 40 Pills, 60 boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 423 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

TO POSTPONE.

St. Louis Fair Directors Ask Congress to Take Action.

St. Louis, May 2.—The following statement was given out last evening by President David R. Francis of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition company: "The sundry civil bill, which passed the house several weeks ago and is now going through the senate contains an appropriation of $1,040,000 to provide for a government exhibit, a special Indian exhibition and the additional cost of the government building at the exposition. It was deemed advisable to have the date of the fair definitely fixed in that bill in the event any change from 1903 should be decided upon. For many months past the fair has virtually been postponed for one year. A decided majority of the management preferred 1904 and have for six months or over. The repeated request of both domestic and foreign exhibitors for postponement; advices from foreign governments to the effect that they had not sufficient time in which to make preparation for a representative exhibition in 1903; the statement of Governor Taft that the Philippines would not be able to install their exhibits in a creditable manner if the exposition should not be postponed until 1904; the expressed opinion of the government architect that he could not secure material for a government building before 1903 and the fact that the general public has for some months past considered postponement a foregone conclusion, are among the reasons that induced the executive committee to instruct me to inform the national commission that any action of congress changing the time of the exposition from 1903 to 1904 would be acceptable. The telegram from President Carter of the national commission, was received at 3:30 o'clock yesterday afternoon. Senator Cockrell wired us that the sundry civil bill would pass the senate on Saturday and that if a change of date was to be incorporated therein congress should be immediately advised of the wishes of the local corporation. There was not sufficient time in which to call a meeting of the board of directors to take action on the subject, consequently the executive committee authorized me to express their wishes to the effect that a postponement should be sanctioned by congress.

"Immediately upon receipt of Mr. Carter's telegram I framed a reply setting forth the conclusion of the executive committee, but before sending the message made an effor to get the views of every director in the city. Up to this hour over fifty of them have been consulted and without an exception every one favored a postponement. I have therefore replied to President Carter of the national commission to that effect and have asked that our conclusions be submitted to congress and to the president. Think there is no doubt as to the action congress will take and that it will be in favor of postponement."

COLLISION

Between Engine and Milwaukee Street Car Injures Six.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 2.—Six persons were injured in a collision last night between a street car on the Vliet street line and a switch engine at the Clinton street crossing of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road.

The injured: Fred Hosche, 205 Brady street, right arm and right leg broken. Miss Cora Cox, 24 years old, 283 Milwaukee street, left leg and hip injured. Frank Berg, 16 years old, 213 Graham street, left arm and back injured. Hattie Ulrich, 1045 Kinnickinnic avenue, not serious. Elizabeth Dempsey, 914 Winchester street, not serious.

The accident occurred shortly after 7 o'clock. There is a curve at the railroad where the accident ocurred. The gates at the rossing were open and the conductor of the street car supposed the crossing was clear. Just as the street car was near the middle of one of the tracks, a switch engine with a train of passenger coaches going at a medium speed crashed into the car, knocking it off the track and demolishing one side of it. The momentum also forced the switch engine off the track quite a distance without overturning it. The street car was crowded and it was only a miracle that many of the passengers were not killed. The conductor and motorman of the street car jumped and escaped injury.

DUNDONALD

Is to Take the Command of the Canadian Militia.

London, May 2.—One of Great Britain's most popular heroes will be lost to the mother country when the earl of Dundonald sails away to Canada to assume command of the Canada militia. He is in every sense the preux chevalier. Tall and handsome, with curling hair and soft hazel eyes, this ultra-fashionable was the darling of the drawing room before the South African campaign crowned his splendid soldierly abilities with the meed of marked distinction.

His career in the Second Life Guards, which he commanded until 1899, was by no means uneventful. He and his regiment figured in Egypt in 1884-85 with credit and later the earl won attention of military experts by his inventions for equipments, of which the chief was the Dundonald gun carriage.

With Buller in the Boer war, however, he brought himself before the world with his dash into Ladysmith at the head of the head of the Imperial light horse and carbiners, the first of the relieving force to reach the unfortunate town, was the crowning achievement of a long list. His promotion to major general followed.

Lord Dundonald, who is 50 years old, has a personal hold upon his men, which, perhaps, even more than his conceded qualities as a leader, has contributed to his success.

His wife, who was a Welsh heiress, inherited beauty as well as broad acres from her family, the Hesketh, with the addition of a very pretty will of her own. When the district council of Abergele, near her seat, Gwyrich Castle, tried to popularize the place as a seaside resort and set on foot compulsory parlimentary measures to force desired improvements, she cut down a beautiful avenue of trees that had stood for centuries, thereby destroying its principal beauty.

Canada will welcome the earl, who succeeds Maj. Gen. O'Grady Haly. He will have the satisfaction of commanding some of the finest men the British lion boasts. The minister of militia and staff will wait his arrival at Halifax, where he is expected the later part of July, though it is reported in London he will not sail until July.

Lord Dundonald will make his headquarters in Ottawa.

Renewal of Fishing Excursion Rates.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railway will put in effect the following rates:

Deerwood and return, going Friday and Saturday, return Monday	$2 85
Deerwood and return, going any day, return thirty days	3 80
Sturgeon Lake and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	1 50
Pine City and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	2 00

HAS WON A BRIDE

Van Schaick Failed to Pass West Point Examination.

Became a Soldier Anyhow and Gained His Straps.

To Be Wedded to Miss Mabel Crownse of Altamont, N. Y.

Washington, May 2.—Doubly wounded is Lieut. Joseph Van Schaick, Fourth infantry, U. S. A., renowned for the brilliancy of his record in the Philippines. First a boloman injured him so in a hand-to-hand combat that for weeks the skillful surgeons at the Washington barracks hospital despaired of saving his left arm. Now it is disclosed that he has been pierced entirely through the heart, and that he had this wound long before the boloman so nearly made him a dead hero.

The young lieutenant does not mind the damage to his heart at all, which is readily understood when it is made known that the dart that did the work was sent by Cupid. The truth is that Lieut. Van Schaick is to be married. Having whipped nearly all the senior class at West Point, when a plebe there and having fought single-handed, armed only with a revolver, 25 savage bolomen, killing several of them and putting the others to rout, the lieutenant will go like a lamb to the altar, led by a cobweb thread in the hands of a pretty girl—one not in the last afraid of the fierce warrior who gave such a fright to the bolomen.

She is Miss Mabel Crounse, of Altamount, N. Y., who has won the devotion of the brave young soldier, and the marriage is to be celebrated on May 15. The bride-elect is the daughter of Dr. Jesse Crounse, and is a prominent member of the society of the state capital, near which is Altamount, and is noted for her grace and beauty.

Lieut. Van Schaick's home is at Cobleskill, N. Y. His father is John Van Schaick, former state senator, and he is a brother to the Rev. John Van Schaick, Jr., pastor of the Church of Our Father, in Washington. He went as a cadet to West Point in 1896, but after nearly three years of study failed in mathematics at an examination and was compelled to relinquish his chances for a regular army commission.

Van Schaick's ignorance of mathematics may have appeared lamentable at West Point, but it proved of immense value when it did not allow him to count the 225 bolomen who attacked a small part of his command in the jungle. A first-class mathematician might have concluded that there were too many savages for one man, and thus one of the most splendid achievements of the war would have been lost from the pages of history.

If Van Schaick wolloped nearly a whole class of West Point seniors when its members tried to haze him, that circumstance did not interfere with his popularity at the academy. It was Van Schaick's intention to be a soldier because he felt the call within him that to bear arms was his vocation. He had failed at the examinations of January, 1899. There was war and then, and the young man concluded that he would be a soldier even if he went to war without the sanction of the military academy. Having been downed by mathematics, he sought to be saved by politics. Senator Thomas C. Platt became interested in him and secured his appointment as a second lieutenant. A few months later he was made a first lieutenant for bravery on the field of battle.

At the time that he was named for a second lieutenancy there was some objection to the appointment on the ground that, in going into active service, he might be advanced over members of his class who successfully completed their studies. To meet this obstacle the members of his class signed a petition asking that the commission be given to him, declaring that while he had failed in mathematics, they felt sure that he would make a good officer. He fulfilled the fears of those who opposed his appointment, and he also "made good" the celebration of his classmen at West Point.

After he won advancement and a medal of honor in the Philippines, fate again appeared to have cast the cards wrong for the young soldier and he was once more confronted with the threat that his career as a soldier was at an end. In his terrible fight with the horde of bolomen his left wrist was nearly severed. The highest surgical skill was necessary to save the arm, since the tendons, nerves and muscles were cut, and an arm without tendons is worse than no arm at all. It was doubtful if any of the contract surgeons would be able to save the arm, and at any rate there were not to be had in the tropics the many things that conduce to the proper treatment of a serious wound.

So the Fourth infantry sent its young lieutenant home to be mended at Washington, where he arrived in the latter part of March. For some time it seemed that he must lose his hand, since the wound proved stubborn, and little hope was held out that the tendons and other ligaments would knit together. Within the last two weeks the arm has greatly improved, and several days ago Lieut. Van Schaick was assured that he would eventually be able to rejoin his regiment.

Miss Crounse was informed of the happy prospect and agreed to become the wife of the soldier, setting May 15 as the date. The lieutenant applied for a leave of absence, which was readily granted, and he is now at his father's home at Cobleskill preparing for his wedding.

Brief as his active service in the field has been, Lieut. Van Schaick's name has twice been sent in for the award of the army medal of honor, the greatest prize that can come to a soldier, one that is the dream of the man with knapsack or shoulder straps.

The episode of the war in the tropical jungles that first brought Lieut. Van Schaick to public notice happened in November last, when the Fourth infantry was in barracks at Nasaghu, in the province of Batangas, where the brave men of the Ninth infantry were afterward slaughtered by bolomen. One morning a runner, breathless and excited, came into the village with the announcement that a band of rebels had attacked the town of Lian. He said that the insurgents had slain the natives friendly to the Americans, had made captives of the presidente or mayor and the entire police force and had concluded the onslaught by taking away with them the wives and daughters of the more prominent citizens, together with sixty head of carabou and thirty ponies.

Capt. G. H. B. Smith and sixteen men were sent after the insurgents. In the little party were Lieut. Van Schaick, then a second lieutenant, and Dr. James E. Meade, a contract surgeon. The detail was from a thick jungle, but the small band of avengers started at a merry clip, bent on punishing the savage insurgents.

If Van Schaick was a trifle short on figures he was long an linguistic ability, for although he had been in the Philippines only a brief time, he had mastered the Tagalog language and he knew the country well. As he had previously traveled over the part of the archipelago across which his company was bent he was sent ahead, accompanied by the runner who had brought in the direful tidings. After being led along the tortuous trail for many hours and so far ahead that he could see nothing of the other soldiers, the guide suddenly turned to one side. Following his abrupt turn Lieut. Van Schaick was much astonished to find himself abreast of a body of bolomen numbering, it was afterward learned, 225, but without significance as to numbers to the lieutenant, who, notoriously, could not count. Now let Van Schaick tell his own story of the encounter.

"I could see that the insurrectos were carrying rifles and bolos. I was only about forty yards from them and I knew that if I waited they would scurry into the brush and get away without a fight. Shouting back to the men to charge when they got up I rode into the insurrectos. The first man of the rear I killed with my revolver and then the second and third. The fourth I rode up to, but when I pulled the trigger my pistol failed to shoot. Then I remembered how I had fired three shots over my guide's head because he had refused to answer my questions.

"I was less than two feet from the man when he raised his rifle, and, poking the muzzle into my face, pulled the trigger. The cartridge was defective and did not explode. Spurring my horse, I rode him down. When he was knocked down I dismounted to kill him with the butt of my pistol. Before I regained my balance he was on his feet swinging his bolo. I threw my pistol in his face, but this did not stop him. He kept coming, swinging his knife. He struck and I threw up my arm. The bolo caught me on the wrist.

"By this time the insurrectos had discovered that, apparently, they were attacked by only one man, and the whole tribe came after me, while the riflemen began popping away. I was more afraid of the bolos than the rifles.

"Then began, perhaps, the most rapid retreat ever made in the Philippines. I started back on the run for where I believed our men were. I had seen none of them up to that time. The boloman was about four paces behind me, and it was nip and tuck.

"The first man I met was Dr. Meade, who saw that I was wounded. I yelled to him:

"'Kill the ——low behind me!'

"Meade shot him dead."

There was not the least suggestion of brag in the voice or manner as the story of the wonderful fight was recounted. It was told in a grateful way, as if the teller felt that his life had been saved through divine intervention, and not by his own prowess.

For saving the life of the chief actor in the affair Dr. Meade was promoted to be captain and surgeon of volunteers.

The affair that was witnessed by Col. Baldwin and that brought forth a recommendation that the medal of honor be given to the New York boy is told in the army records. Lieut. Van Schaick, having told one story of his prowess, has evidently forgotten of the other matter and begged off.

Returning from a scout, Lieut. Van Schaick and a small party were going to camp by a new trail to test its practicability. The party struck the River Barac, which ran, swollen, through a deep canyon. Van Schaick and his men started to ford the stream. He and the trumpeter and one man got across safely. Private Hewison, who was riding a mule, was nowhere to be seen. His mule had stopped swimming. Tearing off his blouse and revolver, Lieut. Van Schaick plunged into the stream.

He could see Hewison forty rods away, and he struck out for him. Hewison could not swim a stroke, but was being carried with great speed by the strong current. Again Hewison came up, twenty-five yards distant, and for the third time he disappeared, still ten yards away from Lieut Van Schaick. Both were exhausted, but in going down with the current Lieut. Van Schaick's hand touched Hewison's head. He grabbed Hewison by the hair and drew his head to the surface. The drowning man seized him and came near drowning both.

As they were swiftly carried along Van Schaick managed to grasp a branch of bamboo which projected over the river bank. There he hung on, waiting for his men to rescue him. He kept Hewison's head above water. A soldier attempted to swim out from land, but so strong was the current that he was thrown back on shore almost senseless. Bamboo poles were swept from the hands of the rescuing party, but finally one reached Van Schaick, who then passed Hewison along. The corporal rescued Van Schaick.

Hewison had not expected to be saved, and when he was actually out on the bank, where he lay half conscious, he still believed that ...s end had come. He pointed to the stream from which he had just been dragged and said:

"There is my grave."

Then looking at the trumpeter, who bent over him, he murmured:

"Sound taps."

For the dangers he has passed and for other reasons, since Lieut. Van Schaick is a handsome, manly looking fellow, a pretty girl has lost her heart to the hero of the tropical jungle and the swollen stream. Looking backward, the soldier sees the savage bolomen, his mangled arm, and recalls the long hours of pain in the hospital. Looking forward, his vision is of the altar, with its priest and its flowers, and at his side the girl who has been made his wife.

FOR GIRL'S SMILES

Rival Lovers Fight and One May Die.

New York, May 2.—Stripped to the waist, John Turner and Henry Clark fought for two hours in a gravel pit near Berlin, N. J., for the hand of Sadie Martin, a 19-year-old girl. Both men were in love with the girl, and it is said they agreed to fight for her with the understanding that the loser was to relinquish all claims to her as the penalty for defeat. The bout ended when Turner knocked Clark down and kicked him into insensibility. Clark is so badly injured that he may die. Two hundred farmers saw the fight.

KING'S PARDON ARRIVES.

Venice, May 2.—The pardon granted by King Victor Emmanuel to the officers of the United States cruiser Chicago, who have been imprisoned here, arrived this morning, and the prisoners will be released without delay.

PYTHIAN KNIGHTS

National Biennial Gathering to Be Held At San Francisco.

People of Coast to Give Them a Splendid Reception.

Fifteen Thousand Knights Expected In Uniform Rank Parade.

San Francisco, May 8.—The national biennial gathering of the Knights of Pythias, which is to be held in San Francisco, August 10th to 20th, is probably destined to become memorable as the greatest fraternal gathering in the history of this country, in point of numbers as well as in splendor. The people of San Francisco and of California are determined that it shall eclipse all similar conventions ever held in the United States. Never before was there such unanimity of action among all the people of the coast. It is not the members of the order alone who take such a lively interest in the coming gathering of the hosts, but merchants, manufacturers, farmers and miners, all are interested to make the affair a glorious one for California and the most pleasant for the visitors. It will be made the occasion for showing the famed beauties of this wonderland of the West. Every county and section of the state will bring its choicest products, and place them on exhibition. The city is to be transformed into a fairy land, and the night will be turned into day. Carloads of the choicest fruits will be sent each day from different sections for free distribution. The famous gardens of Santa Clara, Marin and Somona counties are to furnish the material for the greatest floral display ever seen. The giants of California's famous forests will be planted at convenient points for visitors to gaze at. Bearing trees from the citrus belt will be brought by the thousands and set along the curbs. Quartz and hydraulic mining will be in full operation as an object lesson to visitors, and oil wells will be bored to show the operation to those who cannot visit every section of the state to behold its wonders and glories. Fifteen thousand knights of the uniform rank will be in the parade, escorted by the National Guard of California and the troops of the United States army stationed at the government reservation and the forts near the city. Trophies made of California gold and silver, the most valuable ever offered will be given by the citizens for the competitive drill. The temperature in August is mild, from 65 to 70 degrees, with a mild breeze from the ocean. The climate is the most agreeable that can be imagined. There is ample accommodation in the city for 200,000 visitors—that has been demonstrated on two recent occasions, when fully that number of strangers visited this city at one time, and all were comfortably housed. Beside this, congress has authorized the secretary of war to issue 100 wall tents for use during the encampment, and as many more tents will be issued as may be required. These and the 5000 bunks to be placed in the great pavilion, will be at the disposal of members of the uniform rank, who prefer outdoor life during the camp. Living in San Francisco that is, good living—is cheaper than in any other large city in the Union. Fruit and vegetables grow in abundance the year round; there is no hot, nor cold, nor an off season. Meat is plentiful and cheap, and it is of the very best quality. Good rooms may be had at 50 cents a night, or at $3 a week, in the residence part. In August fruit enough can be had from any street vender for 5 cents to feed a family.

Now, as to the rates of transportation. The Trans-Continental Passenger association has agreed upon the following excursion rates for the round trip to San Francisco and Los Angeles, good from Aug. 2 to Sept. 30, for the return; from Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis, Duluth, Superior and all adjacent points, $50; Peoria, $48; Hannibal, St. Louis, Cairo, Memphis, New Orleans, Shreveport, $47.50; Missouri river points, Mineola, Houston and San Antonio, $45; Colorado common points, $40; Salt Lake, $36.50; Albuquerque, El Paso and Ogden, $35. The same rates govern all points and stations of the same distance. First class trains and accommodations will be run during the entire excursion season. The rates for side trips are lower than ever in the history of coast travel, affording visitors an opportunity to see the whole coast and interior during their stay.

ONE HOUR

After Bridegroom Left to Prepare Home, Bride Disappeared.

Springfield, Ohio, May 2.—Edward Valandingham, a prominent young business man of Berry Station, Ky., is in the city searching for his wife. To the police he said that they were married five months ago, and that he left her at the home of her parents while he went to Berry Station to secure a home and furnish it. He was accompanied by his father-in-law, and when all arrangements had been completed he telegraphed for his wife to join him. He waited in vain. Then he returned to the home of her parents and made the discovery that she had disappeared. She had left an hour after he took the train for Berry Station, and no trace of her has been found. Her sister telegraphed him that his wife had come to Springfield, Ohio, and Valandingham came here in search of her. He is inclined to believe that he is on a false trail.

STYLISH SPRING COSTUMES

Waist of Crepe de Chine—Trimming of Lace Straps.

A very novel waist is here illustrated made of folds of crepe de chine in tuck effect and trimmed with lace straps and a deep lace yoke. Black chiffon bands are very artistically disposed and a large rosette of the same is

placed at the left side. The sleeves are remarkable for their novelty and oddity. All the stitching is done with Corticelli silk.

For shirt waists pongee is especially recommended, and it is very fetching made up with bands of ecru embroidery, or over a color with a heavy lace yoke. This material is particularly suitable for the Gibson and Duchess waists, the former giving the broad-shouldered effect so much sought after just now, in the shape of folds or tucks extending over the shoulder, the latter fastening under a double fly and showing fronts richly embroidered with Corticelli wash embroidery silk. The favored color in pongee is the natural ecru tint, although it can also be procured in different shades. Mercerized fabrics of all kinds will be extensively worn, the process having been vastly improved since it was first brought upon the market, and all sorts of silk and linen mixtures are greatly in vogue.

TALES

Of Her Husband's Deeds Caused Mrs. Barthel to Faint.

New Orleans, La., May 2.—Among the passengers on the steamship Breakwater, which reached New Orleans from Central America, was Thomas Steward, of New York, who is with the United States Loan and Deposit company, and who is on his way home ater a trip to Guatemala City, where he accidentally witnessed the scene which resulted in the abrupt flight of William Godfrey Hunter, Jr., son of the United States minister, from the land in which his father is supposed to stand for the dignity of the American people.

"It was in the public park of Guatemala City," said Mr. Seward, "that the affair occurred. Mrs. Richard Barthel, the beautiful wife of Richard Barthel, of New Orleans, secretary of the Central American Improvement company, which is completing the Guatemala Northern railroad, was a guest at the Hunter home. Her husband was out on the line of road and she had accepted the Hunters' escort to the park to attend a concert which was to take place there. I was sitting not thirty feet from the party. Young Hunter came up and sat down by Mrs. Barthel. Suddenly I saw that something was wrong and Mrs. Barthel fell over in a faint. The affair created tremendous excitement.

"I learned that young Hunter, annoyed at the failure of Mrs. Barthel to appreciate his attentions, had challenged the fidelity of her husband, telling her that she need not think he was a good man and going into details which were as false as they were cruel.

"Mr. Barthel was promptly informed of what had occurred, and the next day he was in Guatemala City hunting for young Hunter with a gun. In the meantime the United States minister, fearing for his son's safety, had hurried him out of town and into hiding."

Mr. Seward said that so far as he knew no edict of banishment had been issued against young Hunter by President Cabrera. It had not been made public at any rate.

"I never saw a man so unpopular as Minister Hunter," said Mr. Seward. "Why, no American ever thinks of applying to him for assistance. They all go to the American consul there, James C. McNally, who is really the American representative in Guatemala."

Asked about the charge that Minister Hunter, after asking the widow of President Barrios to his house immediately after the death of her husband, had seized all her household effects under the pretense that she owed him board. Mr. Seward said that there could be no question that Hunter now held the furniture. He understood that a photograph of the receipt Hunter had given Mrs. Barrios had been sent on to Washington to be used as evidence against him.

HENDREN & TALLANT CO

The New Store — The Peoples' Store. — The New Store

All Children Need Shoes.

Nothing new in that assertion, but mothers with a family to buy shoes for, find that they need new shoes less frequent when they buy them of the Hendren & Tallant Co. Every advantage is offered as regards style and low price.

School Shoes at 98c—for boys or girls— 98c made for everyday wear—sizes 11 to 5½—surprising good qualities 98c

Boys' Shoes—box calf, velour calf and vici 98c kid—latest styles and shapes—$2, $1.50, $1.25 and 98c

Children's hand turned Shoes—fine kid 49c tops—sizes 4 to 8—possessing style and quality 49c

Ladies' Strap Sandals with bows—soft kid 75c tops; new spring styles; splendid values at 75c

Misses' Children's and Infants' Strap 59c Slippers—all colors and styles—see the splendid lines at 98c and 59c

Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes—heavy or light $1.98 soles, patent leather or kid tips; button or lace; a $2.50 shoe at $1.98

Knit Underwear.

Some things may be high priced in Duluth but it is not our Underwear.

Ladies' pure white medium weight Vests— 35c long sleeves—knee pants to match—35c and 25c

Ladies' shaped mercerized lisle Vests— 75c pure white, light blue and pink—sleeveless 75c

Ladies' light weight Union Suits — closed, 25c knee or umbrella style, high neck and long sleeves, or low neck or sleeveless—ankle or knee lengths $1.25 to 25c

Ladies' white gauze Pants—umbrella style; 50c lace trimmed, side button or laps over band—two qualities, 50c and 25c

Hosiery Bargains.

The qualities are much better than the price would indicate.

Ladies' fast black cotton Hose—white foot 12½c and elastic tops—a pair only 12½c

Ladies' black cotton extra size Hose—high 35c spliced heel and maco split foot—per pair 35c

Ladies' fancy lace Hosiery — beautiful lace 50c patterns—the swellest hosiery for 1902; colors, black, red, blue and brown 50c

Boys' and Children's fast black Hosiery— 10c that resist hard wear—splendid for school wear—double knee and soles; fine and heavy ribbed 25c, 20c, 15c and 10c

Saturday's Suit Room Special Prices.

Do not pass these items by as being only "ordinary offerings." They are the characteristic prices which always show the Hendren & Tallant Co. to be the place for the economical buyer. We defy anyone to show better styles.

A splendid assortment Silk Waists in black or colors, a splendid quality of taffeta, selling regularly at $3.98 $5.00—Saturday we offer this line at the special price of $3.98

Moire and Peau de Soie Silk Waists, black and colors, Du Barry, Gibson and other desirable styles—$4.98 a line selling regularly at $6.50—special low prices for Saturday $4.98

Jackets in the popular Gibson, Blouse, Eton and the 20-inch jacket in fly or double breasted fronts—colors, black, mode, tan, blue and grey; no garment but $4.98 that we can guarantee and priced as low as $4.98

It is our superb line of stylish Skirts that we dote on. Walking or Dress Skirts, lined or unlined; $3.98 every wanted color; we have every good quality at $3.98

GOT MARRIED

To His Stepmother But the Marriage May Be Illegal.

Tifton, Fa., May 2.—A marriage with unusual and embarrassing complications recently took place here in the union of L. L. McAllister and Mrs. Amy G. McAllister. They were both married in this town and took a train for their home at Fitzgerald, where they immediately separated, on being told that their marriage was illegal.

Mr. McAllister is almost 22 years old and his bride 27. She was the groom's step-mother, being his father's fifth wife. She has two interesting children, who are now her husband's half brother and half sister.

In early girlhood Mrs. McAllister married the father of her present husband, a man then advanced in years. They came to Georgia with the Fitzgerald colony and two years ago she obtained a divorce from her aged husband in Irwin superior court, the court giving her the care of their two young children.

Some time after the divorce L. L. McAllister came to Fitzgerald and there met the young woman, who was an expert photographer, at which profession she earned her living. A feeling of mutual esteem sprang up between the young man and woman and they became business partners. Esteem ripened into love.

Mrs. McAllister returned from Thomasville, where she had been doing some work, and was met here by her fiance with a license, from the same court house in which her divorce was procured. The services of Pastor Dillworth were secured and the two united. They took the next train for Fitzgerald, and upon their arrival were told that the marriage was illegal and at once separated, pending an inquiry into their legal status, an inquiry in which the community is taking a deep interest.

A lighter and younger feeling pervades your body. A spirit of happiness creeps into your life after taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

ORATORS

Of Inter-State Association Meet at St. Paul.

St. Paul, May 2.—The business meeting of the Interstate Oratorical association took place yesterday afternoon at the Ryan hotel.

The places on the program and the officers of the association rotate among the ten states which compose the body. This year Kansas will get the presidency, Ohio the vice presidency, and Colorado the secretaryship.

George Leach, of Topeka college, Topeka, Kan., was elected president of the association, and Josiah Kramer, of Lawrence college, Kan., was a close second. The next contest goes to Ohio, and Hiram college, at Hiram, was chosen to entertain the delegates in 1903. Most of the session was devoted to the reading of reports by the officers and delegates from each college.

The contest was held at the Central Presbyterian church last night, ten states being represented.

The orators did not finish until a very late hour. The judges announced the winners as follows:

First—Oscar E. Maurer, Beloit college, Beloit, Wis., subject, "The Genius of the Reformation."

Second—Frank Brown, Knox college, Galesburg, Ill., subject, "The Patriotism of Stephen A. Douglass."

Third—C. A. Culver, Carleton college, Northfield, Minn., subject, "The Trend of the Age."

Note the sleepy tired look in your eyes. The fire of youth no longer burns. Take Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back forgotten joys. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

The examination of Frank C. and Henry R. Andrews, former officers of the defunct City Savings bank, which has been in progress before Justice Whelan, was adjourned until May 10, at the conclusion of Thursday's session.

Detective Patrick Duffy of the Chicago Stock Yards station, was shot and killed Thursday by one of two young men who had been creating a disturbance and whom he had attempted to quiet. His assailant escaped.

Fire Thursday evening destroyed the main portion of the plant of the Bettendorf Steel Axle company at Davenport. The loss is estimated at $250,000. The company suffered a $200,000 loss by fire last November.

The fourth anniversary of the battle of Manila bay was celebrated at Washington Thursday night by a dinner at the Raleigh hotel by those officers now in the city who participated in the engagement.

Arthur Moyer, a 19-year-old Lowell, Ind., lad, has confessed that he killed his employer, Douglas Craft, a farmer, on April 18.

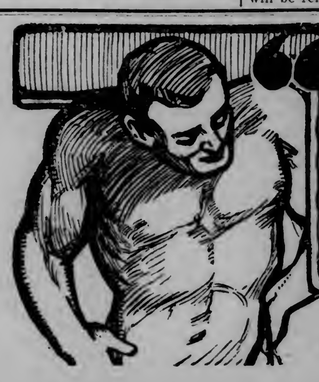
The 20-round bout at the West End Athletic club at St. Louis Thursday night for the bantamweight championship of the world between Harry Forbes, of Chicago, the recent holder of the title, and Johnny Reagan, of Brooklyn, N. Y., was declared a draw by Referee Siler. The decision was unpopular, the majority of the large body of spectators being of the opinion that the New Yorker was entitled to the verdict by more than a fair margin.

A warrant alleging violation of the liquor law in selling intoxicants without a license was issued against Theodore L. Page, who conducts the restaurant on the senate side of the capitol at Washington. It is alleged that the law has been violated at the capitol since January last.

Excursions to Western Canada

On May the 6th I will leave Duluth for Western Canada with a large party of settlers All those wishing to locate on 160 acres of the choicest free government lands had better join me on this cheap excursion. I will have a through tourist car from Duluth. Join this excursion and I will personally show you the country.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building.



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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 2—The South Dakota "low" has moved to Colorado. Pressures are high over Atlantic and Pacific coast districts. Light to heavy rains fell over the Western lake region, upper Mississippi valley and Northwest, and rain or snow over Montana and Alberta. Warmer weather prevails in the southern lake region, Ohio and Upper Mississippi valleys and cooler throughout the Northwest with freezing temperatures over portions of the Rocky mountains. The winds in the lake region are fresh to brisk, easterly on Superior and southerly elsewhere.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	50	Memphis	68
Battleford	40	Miles City	42
Bismarck	36	Milwaukee	44
Boston	48	Minnedosa	36
Buffalo	42	Modena	32
Calgary	32	Montgomery	66
Charleston	66	Moorhead	38
Chicago	52	New Orleans	68
Cincinnati	62	New York	46
Davenport	00	North Platte	48
Denver	32	Oklahoma	60
Detroit	44	Omaha	58
Dodge City	58	Pittsburg	52
Duluth	36	Port Arthur	30
Edmonton	42	Portland	44
El Paso	64	Prince Albert	36
Escanaba	40	Qu' Appelle	32
Galveston	74	Rapid City	42
Green Bay	44	San Francisco	46
Havre	36	Santa Fe	44
Helena	36	Shreveport	68
Houghton	36	Spokane	40
Huron	44	St. Louis	64
Jacksonville	68	St. Paul	50
Kansas City	68	Sault Ste. Marie	44
Knoxville	58	Swift Current	34
La Crosse	46	Washington	50
Los Angeles	48	Williston	34
Marquette	40	Winnemucca	24
Medicine Hat	62	Winnipeg	38

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers tonight and Saturday; continued cool; fresh and brisk northerly and easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 2.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with probably showers and thunderstorms tonight and Saturday. Minnesota—Showers tonight and Saturday; cooler west portion tonight. The Dakotas—Showers tonight; probably fair Saturday; cooler. Upper lakes—Winds mostly brisk southerly except easterly on Western Superior; unsettled with scattered showers and thunder squalls.

Altogether Too Much Moving.

In these moving times the story told by Mrs. Anna Dew in a court at Kansas City is of peculiar interest. Mrs. Dew applied for a divorce and one of her charges against her husband was that he was a chronic mover. He could not be satisfied to remain long in any one place. Twenty-seven times in five years did he change his abode contrary to the wishes and pleadings of his wife. "The result has been," said Mrs. Dew in court, "that during all that time we have had no real home. We have never lived long enough in one place to become settled." Judge Henry, before whom the case was being tried, looked thoughtful. Evidently he was deeply touched. He knew how it was himself. "Divorce granted," he ordered. "We moved last week." Let restless husbands and wives beware. The worm will turn.

The Private Pension Bills.

Private pension legislation in the house of representatives has reached enormous proportions and the number of bills passed by congress affecting cases that have been rejected by the pension bureau will reach large proportions at the end of the session. This legislation seems to have reached a sort of a quota basis in the house. A member cannot walk up at the opening of the session and take the number of pensions that belong to him, to be sure, for that would be too transparent, and would make trouble among his constituents who were not selected for the honor; instead, each Northern member is allowed by the committee to have one pension, and after these bills have been disposed on the Fridays assigned for this purpose another private bill for each man is passed around, and so on. At the last session each member had three, and the number will not be smaller this time. The members of the pensions committees, particularly that on invalids' pensions, get for their constituents a little more. It may be counted one of the prequisites of congressional life to have the privilege of picking out three or four worthy persons each year for the pension roll at rates in excess of those granted by general law or where they would not by law be pensionable at all. It belongs with the free seed distribution, the postoffice distribution and similar favors. Perhaps, for pensions, it is about as equitable as any way, since a man knows among his constituents, from neighborhood gossip the cases in which private pension legislation is most urgently needed. A peculiar claim came up a few days ago, showing some of the complexities of civil war legislation. On March 3, 1863, congress passed an act abolishing supernumerary second lieutenants. One of these, the claimant in this case, was in the hospital at the time, but returned to duty on the 6th of September. He professes to have contracted the disease upon which he asks a pension in July, while in the hospital. The pension office rejects his claim on the ground that he was not at that time in the service, congress having abolished on March 3 the supernumerary second lieutenants, and that without the office there could be no officer. But the auditor of the department paid his salary as such an officer up to the 8th of September, and therefore it would be difficult to prove that he was anything else. Of course he got his pension. There are hundreds of peculiar cases and there probably will be for a long time to come. Such legislation seems to be a necessary evil with no way of stopping it.

THE LABOR STRIKES.

Thousands of men throughout the United States struck yesterday for the purpose, if possible, of bettering their conditions in the way of wages, shorter hours, and the adjustment of minor matters of interest to different localities. Many different kinds of trades were represented and various sections of the country. In but few cases was there any specific grievance among the employes, but a general desire to better themselves. It is a question whether this method is the best that could be adopted. Strikes create heavy claims on the resources of wage earners, create bad feeling and do not accomplish the result desired in fully half the cases. The Herald recently published a paper by F. W. Fitzpatrick, of the treasury department, on the cost of strikes, has been prepared by the treasury department, in which he said: "The figures are enormous, and we can give but a few of the more direct, immediate losses to employed and employers. To attempt to give the total and absolute loss, direct and indirect, of all our labor troubles, the loss of assured gains, the stoppage of contemplated work for fear of strikes and all those thousand and one losse is simply beyond the power of man and absolutely incalculable." The paper took the period of thirteen years, ending with 1894, during which there were 69,166 strikes and 6067 lock-outs in the United States, most of which were in the building trades. Both strikes and lock-outs were unsuccessful in more than half the cases. The number of men involved was 3,712,561. Wages were lost to the extent of $190,493,173, and the loss to employers was $94,495,237. Labor organizations, in addition, paid $10,000,000 for the support of strikers. It is estimated that the direct loss from strikes in the United States between 1881 and 1894 was $23,000,000 a year. Indirect loses would add imensely to the total.

Some other method than strikes should be adopted, by which just and reasonable demands could be adjusted without industrial war. Arbitration seems to be the best remedy at present, and should always be tried before radical measures are adopted.

A DISAPPOINTING RECORD.

When President Roosevelt entered the White House he had the reputation of being in favor of reform in the civil service, and its friends expected great things of him. He has not only lost that reputation but is severely condemned by the friends of civil service reform for his juggling of the rules to provide places for his friends and the friends of his friends. It is stated that the president has ordered more places taken out of the classified service during his short term than President McKinley did in his term of five years. The records of the civil service commission show a surprisingly large number of exceptions that have been ordered in the last six months. The latest compilation of the rules of the civil service shows that President Roosevelt has not hesitated to exercise his right to take places out of the classified list in order to make certain appointments. In a number of instances the positions thus filled have been restored to the protection of the civil service rules immediately after the appointment of the individual for whom the exception was made. This policy is being especially criticised by the stanch adherents of civil service reform, by whom it is regarded as more harmful than if the positions were taken permanently out of the classified service.

For instance, when the president made up his mind to remove Deputy Commissioner of Immigration McSweeney he decided to appoint his so-called political discoverer Murray to the vacancy, Murray at that time desiring to get on the government pay rolls. It was found that the position of deputy commissioner of immigration was under the protection of the civil service, whereupon the president issued a special rule taking it out, and named Murray to fill the vacancy. It was stipulated, as in the other cases, that the position should revert to the classified list after the appointment of the new man.

A number of other instances of appointments to office without the usual formality of passing an examination are reported, advantage being taken of clause C of rule IV. This rule was established by the late president, and was intended to permit the appointment of experts to technical positions without passing examinations. It is stated, however, that three times as many appointments have been made under it by the present administration as were made under the administration of the late president. The rule in question says that the heads of the various executive departments may fill positions requiring special and peculiar qualifications, or scientific attainments, without reference to the eligible register. It is said that this provision has been taken advantage of in a great many cases recently, and one instance is reported by which a messenger got on to the pay rolls through clause C of rule IV. In acting thus the president has caused great disappointment to those who expected much from him in this line, and it will not make him any stronger with that class of voters.

With the approach of summer the mosquito question bulks large again in New Jersey. Experiments to extripate the pest have, in recent years, been so promising that the governor will aid the work of the mosquito expert, Professor Smith, from the executive contingent fund during the coming season. The legislature almost reached the point of making an appropriation for mosquito killing. Public feeling along the coast is decidedly anti-mosquito, and the governor feels that it would be a popular act officially to declare war against New Jersey's celebrated nuisance.

THE ORGANS' TROUBLES.

The sensibilities of the organs are much disturbed by the senate investigation into the conduct of the war in the Philippines, and the speeches by several senators denouncing the cruelties practiced and the infamous policy of extermination directed by Gen. Jacob Smith, late commander in Samar.

When it was charged that the general had ordered Waller to kill everything over 10 and do other desperate things the organs tied themselves up in a frenzy.

They said that such orders were necessary in war against savages.

Then they shouted that the man who made such charges was a liar.

After thinking it over they solemnly declared that the men who told such stories were copperheads or sentimentalists or discredited army officers; that the stories were fakes; that the Filipinos were savages anyhow and deserved the water cure; that there was no water cure; that in short it was highly unpatriotic to say such things and all lovers of their country should support Gen. Smith heartily and talk about something else.

But Gen. Smith has now admitted that he did issue the kill and burn order, and the organs are striving in vain to find a soft spot to alight on.

It is a dreadful story that is told by Gen. Smith. But, according to the program which the organs have been carrying out, he must be a discredited army officer, a copperhead, a faker, an enemy of his country. If he is not these things, what is he

On the sky sign question, Corporation Counsel Rives, of New York city, has changed his mind as to the privilege of owners of property to disfigure it in any manner they may desire. He now agrees that the aldermen have power to restrict such signs in hight, to specify the materials of which they shall be constructed, and to provide for their firm and secure support, so as to prevent their blowing down." And he quotes the ordinance proposed, approving it in all its provisions. In fact, Rives has backed down from his opinion that nothing could be done.

The report that Czar Nicholas will shortly issue a rescript granting a constitution recalls the fact that his grandfather, Alexander II, set up some local representative assemblies and had matured a constitution for the empire when killed by the nihilists in 1881. The consequence of this catastrophe was a withdrawal of the proposed grant, the abandonment of all attempt at progress and a reactionary policy covering the entire reign of Alexander III—a period of thirteen years. The mad crime of the nihilist fanatics put Russia back a generation.

New York city has a bank with deposits of over $120,000,000, and consolidations are now to given Chicago an institution boasting of deposits aggregating about $100,000,000. But the New York city bank in question is planning an increase of its capital from $10,000,000 to $25,000,000, which indicates that the limits of its bigness are regarded as far from having been reached.

Some one at Washington has proposed to so amend the constitution as to provide for the election of three vice presidents. But some people think one is quite useless? If this be correct, what would we do with three?

Why should the American flag stay up in the Philippines and be hauled down in Cuba, since both the Filipinos and the Cubans were our allies in the war with Spain?

The story that a railroad is to be built from Duluth to Dawson City, Alaska, may be true, but there are many who will doubt it. They will want to be shown.

Is it not rather absurd for the American people, as a republic, to speak of the Philippine war for independence as a rebellion?

Two Ohio manufacturers have increased the wages of their employes. This was probably done in order that they might buy meat.

The Washington Post finds cause for considerable merriment in what it is pleased to term the "occulation of Funston."

The oleomargarine bill went through congress, but it may not slip so easily through the courts.

Funston is not famed for wit, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, but his tongue is a noted wag.

Frank R. Stockton died without answering the question, was it the lady or the tiger?

The high price of meat is giving the fish business a boom. And fish never was cheaper.

The grain trade is having a hard time trying to follow the weather.

A Groundless Contention.

Portland Oregonian: Depew follows the lead of Senator Hoar in the groundless contention that to elect senators by popular vote will unfavorably affect the character of the senate and is therefore an obnoxious innovation. There is no more danger in electing senators by popular vote in states with limited franchise than there is in electing representatives. Whatever change the amendment would make in the character of the senate would be for the better.

Wasting the President's Time.

Philadelphia North American: Nearly three-fourths of the president's working time is worse than wasted in receiving people who have no business with him, merely idle intruders, sightseers, congressmen introducing constituents and applicants for petty places. Public affairs demanding the personal attention of the president have so increased in number and importance as to require all the energy of a robust man, and it is impossible for any man to carry that burden and devote many hours a day to the crowd without breaking down.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Injustice is always what the other man does to you.

A pretty woman leads a man furthest; a good one longest.

A few good women go a long ways to make amends for many bad men.

The next hardest thing to getting up in the world is to keep from getting down.

The trouble with the rewards which we don't get is that we are not allowed to appraise them for ourselves.

A Condition Precedent.

Chicago Tribune: Col. Watterson is willing to enuure "the man on horseback," provided he will ride a Kentucky horse.

MINA

By Frank Gassaway.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

In the Bowery, not far from Union square, is the shop of a young German theatrical shoemaker, who is doing a thriving business, and who has every reason to be content with his lot. Among the treasures he had brought from the Fatherland on his arrival here, some three years ago, was a pert little bullfinch, whose merry pipings—for bullfinches can be taught to whistle almost any tune—kept time to the young cordwainer's hammer. A more intelligent and companionable bullfinch never lived, and this one's aptness was the wonder of all Heinrich's customers and neighbors. It was his companion, his encourager, his "bird of luck," and his only friend.

But there is no rose without its thorn, and it was Heinrich's one grief that, among all its accomplishments, the bird positively refused to learn the one air dearest to all German hearts—"The Watch on the Rhine." Day after day, and hour after hour, the shoemaker would patiently whistle and hammer out the tune, but without success. Either from inability to master this strain or from some peculiar ornithological perverseness of its own, the finch remained provokingly cullar ornithological perverseness of its food did not bend the stubborn little will of the saucy pet, and Heinrich was about giving up his efforts in despair when something occurred that engrossed his whole attention.

The hearts of shoemakers are not quite so tough as the leather they handle, and this one fell in love. His sweetheart was a pretty and shapely young girl, who was a member of the chorus at one of the great spectacular houses, where her fine figure and pretty face entitled her to a place in the very first row. Her gorgeous stage shoes were made by Heinrich, and her symmetrical No. 1½ last he has professionally fa...en in love with from the first.

A month or two rolled by, and, as poor people have no time for long courthships, Heinrich's wedding day came round and the handsome and hearty young couple were married amid the good wishes of everybody, the bridegroom's wedding gift being a pair of white satin shoes, whose perfection of workmanship filled his rivals in the trade with envy and despair.

The brital trip lasted just a week and was quite a journey through fairyland to the simple minded and oblivionsly happy couple. As the train that brought them back again to the city entered the depot, however, a sudden change came over the groom's face.

"Mein Gott, Katie!" he exclaimed in an agonized voice, clapping his hands over his white face.

"What is the matter, man?" asked his wife, terrified at his emotion.

"The curse of heaven will follow me for a heartless wretch! I forgot about Mina!"

It was, indeed, true. Absorbed by his happiness, and in the hurry of departure, he had left the bullfinch locked up in the dark shop with only one day's seed in his cage. Leaving his wife to look after the baggage, Heinrich sprang from the scarcely stopped train and tore through the streets like a madman. The elevated road bore him all too slowly to the station nearest his little shop. He dashed into the corner store where the shop key had been left, snatched it from its nail and hurried to his door. As he placed the key in the lock his trembling hand refused to turn it, and sick with dread of what he was about to see, he leaned for a moment against the door frame.

Hark! Faintly, from within, came a weak, quavering chirrup, painfully striving to form a familiar tune.

It was "The Watch on the Rhine!"

After exhausting all its small repertoire to lure its cruel master back to its gloomy prison, the little starved thing bethought itself of one last means to bring what it considered its punishment to an end, and bravely it whistle the disputed air.

The succor, so pitifully pleaded for, came too late. It gave one feeble, feathery fluff of joy as the door opened, and the next instant the master, as he knelt beside the cage, saw, through the tears that wet his cheek, the sunken eyes grow dim and filmy, the little head droop slowly over as the song and singer died together.

SPRING-TIME CHEER.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "They are going to start a French magazine, devoted to aeronauts."

"Printed on fly paper, of course."

Somerville Journal: If some men were as impolite all the time as they are over the telephone, they would get thrashed every other week.

Philadelphia Press: Waiter—W'at yer goin' ter have?

Customer (undecidedly)—Oh, I don't know.

Waiter (calling back to the kitchen)—One hash.

Chicago Tribune: Grindstone—I really believe there is something in the theory that the wearing of tight-fitting hats causes baldness.

Kiljordan—That isn't what's making you bald, old chap. It's the brick you carry in your hat.

Tid-Bits: "You should get your ears lopped, O'Brien," said a "smart" tourist to an Irish peasant whom he was quizzing; "they're too large for a man."

"An' bedad," replied the Hibernian, "I was just thinkin' yours would want to be made larger; sure, they're too small for an ass."

Richmond Dispatch: "I am sorry, doctor, you were not able to attend the church supper last night; it would have done you good to be there."

"It has already done me good, madam; I have just prescribed for three of the participants."

Baltimore American: "Let me have men about me that are fat," said Hon. J. Caesar.

Here the courtiers and nobles looked at each other with eyes that calculated avoirdupois.

"Why?" asked the envious Casca, "are you going in the coal business, Julie?"

Washington Star: "What do you think of the isthmian canal?

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "I must confess that I have not given the subject the consideration which its magnitude and significance deserve. But I am inclined to think that as a means of disbursing cash it ought to beat the ordinary river and harbor transaction all hollow."

One Thing He Forgot.

Red Wing Argus: Were Bill Nye alive he would renounce the humorist business upon reading Page Morris' letter announcing his withdrawal from the congressional race. Brother Morris, with his customary modesty, remarks that it was not only at the urgent request of his party in the Sixth district, but at the call of the entire country that he consented to enter the race in 1896. Well, that is so long ago that we do not remember whether there was a universal clamor for Page Morris or not. But Morris has forgotten, it seems, to call attention to the fact that before he could answer this world-wide call to duty, he demanded that $7000 be placed in a Duluth bank to his credit to reimburse him in case he was whipped. But then our definitions of patriotism are constantly changing as Mr. Roosevelt confided to Mr. Miles.

Railroad Betterments.

New York Tribune: One of the best known railroad presidents in the United States, a veteran of long experience, makes public an estimate that the railroads of this country will spend $100,000,000 this year for improvements, extensions and equipment, a larger total than these companies have ever laid out in any year before in enlarging their traffic facilities. When it is considered that an extremely generous percentage of this imposing aggregate must be paid for labor is it not plain that the outlook for wage earners is highly encouraging?

Sentiment Shot Away.

Detroit Free Press: Great Britain has almost entirely recovered from that unconditional surrender feeling.

Letting Well Enough Alone.

Boston Transcript: If the beef trust is undone, whether by official action or popular abstention, it will be one of the finest demonstrations beheld by the public for many a day of the folly of not letting well enough alone in business.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, except Saturday at 10:30.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

Williamson & Mendenhall.

Store Closed Every Day at 6, except Saturday at 10:30.

Men's Fine Suits AND Spring Overco'ts $15

For Gentlemen's Suits and Spring Overcoats, that are as stylish as any high-grade custom tailor would ask you $25 to $40 for. All the swell new materials and colorings in an immense assortment of beautiful styles and facrics.

Desirable Clothing For Boys Nowhere in the West can be found such an excellent stock of handsomely tailored garments for young men, boys and children. All our boys' clothing is made upon the same principle as our men's clothing. Perfectness of style, quality and fit is paramount. Our line of novelty suits will delight mothers who are looking for new and stylish effects for their little ones.

Boys' Suits at.....$1.95, $2.95, $3.95, $4.95, $6.95, $8.50 and $10
Boys' Top Coats and Reefers.....$3.95, $4.95 and $5.95

Men's Spring Hats
You can always come to the Big Duluth with the assurance of finding just the hat you want—correct and up-to-date in style and the price just what you want to pay. Here's—
The Zenith Hat at.....$2.50
The W. & M. Hat at.....$3
The Gordon Hat at.....$3
The Guyer Hat at.....$4
The Stetson Hat at.....$4
The W. & M. Special at.....$5
NEW SOFT HATS AT—
$1, $1.50, $2, $2.20, $3, $3.50, $5
New Spring Caps.....50c, 75c and $1.00

The Bostonian Shoe—
A $5 Shoe for $3.50.
The price of the Bostonian Shoe is not what gives them their phenomenal popularity. They fit the feet and are at the same time beautiful, stylish and serviceable—they combine fashion and comfort—fast color eyelets used exclusively—never grow brassy—price—per pair.....$3.50
New lot of Men's vici tans received for Saturday—price.....$3.00
We're selling more and more boys' and children's shoes every day. Our shoe department is where you get the best values for the least money.

JUST WE TWO.

What pleasant pictures recollection calls
back to my view.
Of Scenes where you and I have, wondering, stood
Beside some mirrored lake or mazy wood,
Or on some ancient ruin's crumbling walls—
Alone, we two.

Fair scenes where autumn's glories revel held
And nature threw,
With all her loveliness of tint and shade,
Of sunlit stream or verdant, sweeping glade.
A spe.. of silent reverence, awe-compelled,
About us two.

There friendship, born in happy, youthful hour,
Still dearer grew;
Where naught but perfect harmony prevailed,
Where naught of sordid thought or wish assailed
To mar that potent spell that threw its power
Around us two.

And often, too, does fancy bring to mind
A scene, anew,
Where, when the lamplight's ruddy glow dispelled,
At eve, the deep'ning gloom, we sat and held
Kind converse of the things that ever bind
Such as we two.

Together, heart and soul, in lasting love—
May ever true
Those bonds of friendship, firm, to us remain,
Through sorrow, joy; through grief and tears and pain,
And may, at last, they still in heaven above
Unite us two.

—Boston Globe.

"Another Think Coming."

Indianapolis News: Attorney General Knox is after the trusts with a sharp stick. Those critics that opposed his nomination on the ground that he was in close touch with corporations have another think coming.

SOCIALISTS

Cannot Have Candidate's Name on the Ticket.

St. Paul, May 2.—Chief Justice Start, in the state supreme court, yesterday handed down an order discharging the writ requiring the city clerk to show cause why the Socialist candidate for mayor should not be accorded a place on the city election ballot. The decision is based upon the recent law prohibiting the use by one party of any portion of the name of another party already in existence. The Socialist-Labor party already has a candidate for mayor on the city ticket.

THE FULTON PROCEEDS.

Philadelphia, May 2.—The submarine boat Fulton, upon which an explosion occurred on Tuesday last, passed to sea from the Delaware breakwater yesterday afternoon in tow of the tug Storm King. The yacht Landora, which acted as a convoy to the Fulton on her voyage from Brooklyn to the breakwater, also passed seaward. The vessels are bound for New Suffolk, Long Island. The Fulton has all of her original crew on board.

A COMBINE

Of German Industries For Defense Against American Invasion.

New York, May 2.—German cast iron works and foundries are preparing to form a giant combination, which will embrace all the leading plants of the empire, says a Berlin dispatch to the Herald.

The negotiations have progressed so far that an agreement already has been drawn up and signed by most of the concerns, with the exception of the Union foundry and several other large works, which will, however, be obliged to enter the combination. There will be no transfer of capital, but the main purpose will be to do away with competition and defend the industry against the "American invasion" and other rivalling interests and to increase exports.

The reichstag tariff commission will in a few days take up the debate on the increased tariff for machinery, agricultural implements, tools and half finished industrial products, which will strike more closely at American trade than that of any other country.

Raw material interests are demanding a high protective tariff to stop the progress of the United Steel, iron, copper, coal and raw imports, while manufacturers again are in favor of a low tariff, so as to admit cheap American material. American tools and agricultural implements have revolutionized the farming and factory methods of Germany, and any attempt of the agrarians and raw material men to exclude them will meet with bitter resistance.

POLITICAL

Organization of Liquor Interests Will Soon Be Perfected.

Louisville, May 2.—The political organization which is now being formed throughout the United States by the allied branches of the liquor industry will be formally launched at a meeting which will be held in Pittsburg on June 6. It is expected that this meeting will be the largest gathering of representatives of the liquor interests ever held in the United States.

Angelo Meyers, of Philadelphia, general manager of the Distilling Company of America, says: "At the Pittsburg meeting the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' association, the National Distillers' association, the Retailers' association, the National Association of Brewers and any number of kindred organizations will be united under a common head. Officers will be elected and an organization will be kept intact after the methods of the big political parties."

BATTLE BETWEEN CHIEFS.

Constantinople, May 2.—The disputes of two rival Albanian chiefs, Riza Bey and Bairam Surah, resulted in a battle between their partisans at Diakova on April 30. The two parties ultimately withdrew to their towers, whence they bombarded each other. The inhabitants of Diakova were panic-stricken.

STEADILY GAINING.

New York, May 2.—Dr. E. L. Keyes, Archbishop Corrigan's physician, said today that the archbishop had passed a good night, had slept well, and was steadily gaining strength.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Saturday, May 3—Matinee and Night.
AL. G. FIELD Greater MINSTRELS
The oldest minstrel organization in America.
50—People on the Stage—50
The big parade 11 a. m. daily.
Prices: Dress Circle and Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
MONDAY, MAY 5th,
First performance in Duluth of Augustus Thomas' Peerless Play
ARIZONA
New York production intact.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquette $1.00, Family Circle 75c, Balcony 50c.
Coming, York State Folks, May 6-7

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Two Nights and Wednesday Matinee, Commencing
TUESDAY, MAY 6th
The best of all rural plays
York State Folks
With the original cast and scenery.
Note—This is the No. 1 company—C. A. Marshall.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle 75c, Parquette 50c, Family Circle and Balcony 25c.
On Saturday Evening, May 3,
The Unity Dramatic Club..... In Laughable two-act Farce Comedy "A FOOL FOR LUCK"
At the First Unitarian Church, corner of 8th Ave. E. and First St. Musical program directed by Mrs. Emil Schmied. Admission 50 cents.

BROCKTON SHOE CO.

Everyone Knows Best

Where

His Own Shoe Pinches.

This fine velour calf, foot-form Oxford is one of several styles which we are selling for spring wear. The price is $3.50. You should see our line of $2.50 shoes. The style, fit and quality is unexcelled. An up-to-date repair dept. just added.

SHOES FOR MEN ONLY

THE BROCKTON SHOE CO.
311 West Superior St. DULUTH.

Call and Be Convinced

that we can give you first-class dental work at reasonable prices. We will make you a set of the BEST ARTIFICIAL TEETH for $10 and no extra charge for extracting.

Gold Crowns	$7.00
White Crowns	$5.00
White Filling	75c
Gold filling up from	$1.50
Silver filling up from	75c
Painless extracting	50c

Zenith Telephone. Open Sundays—10 to 12.

JOHNSON & KAAKE, Dentists.
Mesaba Block, 409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

WITNESS WHIPPED

Because of Testimony He Gave In a Divorce Case.

Mrs. Edith Bowersock Seeks Revenge on William H. Cade.

She Slapped His Face and He Bruised Her Cheek.

Chicago, May 2.—Enraged by the testimony of her husband's friend, William H. Cade, 331 East Chicago avenue, in a divorce suit that was decided against her, Mrs. Edith Bowersock called at Mr. Cade's residence and struck him across the face with her open hand. A horse whip that she had carried concealed in her skirts was unused.

Cade answered the blow with another which left a red bruise across the woman's cheek.

Brokaw Howard, nephew of Mrs. Bowersock, an 18-year-old cripple, who had accompanied her, struck Cade when he saw him hit his aunt, and was kicked from the entrance down the steps.

Policeman Fitzgerald heard the screams of the young woman and took her and the young man to the East Chicago Avenue station, where they were booked on a charge of assault with intent to commit bodily injury and also of threats to kill. Cade's injuries were attended by Dr. J. D. Bradley.

The divorce suit was decided on Tuesday. Cade said that he swore he had noticed Mrs. Bowersock several times on the street with various men. He also testified to other facts against the character of the defendant.

All of this Mrs. Bowersock swore was entirely untrue. Her husband, C. C. Bowersock, is an attorney. They had lived for many years at 55 North Rodney street. Since the estrangement between her and Mr. Bowersock she has lived with her mother and nephew in the Nordica apartments, Fullerton avenue and North Clark street.

After the case had been heard and decided against her, Mrs. Bowersock went to her home and passed a sleepless night. She says, she could not endure the strain no longer, and with her nephew went to Cade's residence. The ring at the door was answered by a maid.

"I wish to see Mr. Cade," was the message she gave the girl as she stepped into the hallway. Cade soon came to the door.

Without a word, Mrs. Bowersock stepped in front of him and struck him a blow across the face. Cade's fist, according to the story that she told Inspector Campbell at the station, flew out, hitting her under the right eye. Mrs. Bowersock staggered and fell. Seeing his aunt thus attacked, Howard, who walks with a cane, struck Cade across the head, breaking the stick and causing the blood to flow. Cade rushed at the nephew and kicked him down the stoop. Mrs. Bowersock soon recovered and started after the young man.

The affair had attracted the attention of many persons. Fitzgerald, who was a block away, heard the screams and rushed to the scene. Some of Cade's friends took him to Dr. Bradley's office, Chicago avenue and State street, while Mrs. Bowersock and Howard were taken to the station.

With his head bandaged to his eyes, Cade soon followed to the station and made the complaints against the young man and woman. Friends of the two were notified and they were detained in the inspector's office until bondsmen arrived. Bail amounting to $800 in each case was accepted and they were released.

CAPITAL

Authorized In Month of April Was Very Large.

New York, May 2.—With the single exception of February, the amount of the new capital stock authorized in April was the largest for any month this year. The total for the Eastern states of companies capitalized at $1,000,000 or over, reached $231,575,000, which compares with $158,150,000 in March, $294,850,000 in February and $146,950,000 in January. The heavy April total, however, makes a very slim showing with that of April last year, which was a record breaker in the matter of new incorporations and capital authorizations, the total rising to the enormous sum of $1,619,650,000. This was due in considerable measure to the United States Steel corporation. Leaving the United States Steel corporation out of consideration, April this year makes a much better exhibit than last.

BANQUET FOR FUNSTON.

Occasion Was the Celebration of "Dewey Day."

Denver, May 2.—Gen. Funston was tendered a banquet last night at the Windsor hotel by the officers of the First Infantry, National Guard of Colorado. The occasion was the celebration of "Dewey day." A message was received from President Roosevelt expressing his regrets at his inability to be present.

Gen. Funston responded to the toast, "The Eighth Army Corps."

"Five years ago dyspepsia took such hold of me I could scarcely go," writes George S. Marsh, Nocona, Tex. "I took quantities of medicine but nothing helped me. As a drowning man grabs at a straw I grabbed at Kodol. Dieting is unnecessary. After a few bottles I am sound and well." Kodol digests any good food and cures any form of stomach trouble. Max Wirth.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured, by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

THOUSAND MURDERED

Stories of Cruelty to Filipinos Told By Returned Soldiers.

Men Were Killed Outright Under a Flag of Truce.

Wife of An Insurgent Leader Hanged By the Arms.

Detroit, Mich., May 2.—Private F. F. Newell, of Granby, Mass., of Company G, Nineteenth United States regulars, estimates that more than 1000 men have been killed in cold blood, and says he has seen men killed outright and then burned, even under a flag of truce.

He especially accuses Lieut. Fitters, Company D, Nineteenth infantry, of cruelty. At Cebu, he says, Fitters boasted that he regarded it as his duty to kill at least 45 natives in each town visited.

"Lieut. Fitters," said Newell, "went into a house and asked a wife where her husband was. She said he had gone away. The officer did not believe her statement, and, after searching the house, found the man secreted in a closet and shot him. The lieutenant then shot the woman for lying to him. Nearly all the soldiers who have been hurt by the natives had ill-treated the wives and families of the Filipinos first. I was there two and one-half years and never had a word with the natives."

Knoxville, Tenn., May 2.—Private C. C. Brewer, of Hawkins county, returning home from service in the island of Samar, Philippines, served in a company of the Ninth infantry, directly under Gen. Smith, for six months, and was on the island when Gen. Smith issued the order to kill all horses and cows, burn all houses and kill all men, women and children who ran from the soldiers.

"Of course, this was about the same as ordering the soldiers to kill every one, as there were very few, especially women and children, who would not run," said Private Brewer. "The order caused considerable dissatisfaction among the men, as it made them feel like murderers to shoot down defenseless women and children, but after the massacre of the men of Company C, Ninth regiment, the boys became revengeful. Forty-six soldiers were killed in that massacre and 180 insurgents. The cook of the company killed sixteen with a cleaver, and one fellow killed nine with a baseball bat. He came back on the same vessel with me, and still had his bloody bat as a souvenir."

In answer to a question, Private Brewer said he saw many cases of the "water cure" punishment, and said it was extremely brutal.

Private Brewer declared that the practice was exceedingly common, and was more terrible than the old practice of hanging by the thumbs. He saw a woman, the wife of an insurgent leader, hung by the arms all night to make her tell where her husband was. She was suspended six hours, and then given time to rest. Finally after hours of suffering she told where her husband was, and was released.

"I was glad to get away," said Private Brewer. "I would not take anything for my experience, but I don't want to try it again."

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 9; Cincinnati, 0. Game called at end of twelfth inning on account of darkness.
At Boston—Boston, 5; Brooklyn, 0.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 18; St. Louis, 6.
At New York—New York, 3; Philadelphia, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Baltimore—Boston, 6; Baltimore, 4.
At Detroit—Detroit, 4; Cleveland, 1.
At Washington—Philadelphia, 6; Washington, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 7; Indianapolis, 4.
At Columbus—Kansas City, 6; Columbus, 2.
At Louisville—Louisville, 14; Minneapolis, 13.
At Toledo—Milwaukee, 12; Toledo, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Pittsburg	11	9	2	.819
Chicago	9	6	3	.667
New York	13	8	5	.615
Philadelphia	12	6	6	.500
Boston	12	6	6	.500
Brooklyn	13	5	8	.385
Cincinnati	10	3	7	.300
St. Louis	10	2	8	.200

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Detroit	6	4	2	.667
Washington	8	4	4	.500
Chicago	6	4	2	.667
Boston	8	5	3	.625
Cleveland	9	3	6	.333
Philadelphia	7	3	4	.429
Baltimore	7	3	4	.333
St. Louis	7	3	4	.429

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Columbus	7	5	2	.715
St. Paul	6	4	2	.667
Milwaukee	7	4	3	.556
Indianapolis	6	3	3	.500
Louisville	8	5	3	.625
Kansas City	7	4	3	.556
Toledo	7	3	4	.429
Minneapolis	8	2	6	.250

Resumes Summer Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, April 27th, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, will resume their summer schedule. Train No. 8, the Boston and New York Limited, for all points East, will leave Duluth daily, 6:45 p. m., and will arrive at Duluth from the East 8:30 a. m.

Train No. 6, the Marquette and Copper Country Local, will leave Duluth rally, except Sunday, at 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Duluth, 7:15 p. m.

Wisconsin Centra Tra ns

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 420 West Superior street, Duluth.

DULUTH'S NEW CLOTHING STORE.

KENNEY, ANKER & DENNY

409-411 West Superior Street.

A BIG CLOTHING PURCHASE!

Men's Spring Clothing at Less Than Cost to Manufacture.

Our Archie Kenney makes purchase in Chicago of America's Foremost manufacturers.

500 Men's Spring and Summer Suits

In all the fashionable materials made to sell at $12.00, $13.50, $15.00 and $16.00—

Choice tomorrow at

$9.75

200 Men's Spring Top Coats

The new fashionable coats in long or short lengths—just the coats for all summer wear in Duluth—made to sell at $12.00, $13.50 and $15.00—

Choice tomorrow at

$9.75

We sell the famous Hart, Schaffner & Marx Suits and Overco'ts

Boys' and Youth's Spring Clothing

Bought at a sacrifice for spot cash. Prices that never before were quoted in Duluth for fashionable, well made Boys' Clothing.

$1.55 For Boys' 7 to 15 years 2-piece Suits, regular price $2.25.

$1.65 For Boys' 7 to 15 years 2-piece Suits, regular price $2 50.

$1.95 For Boys' 7 to 15 years 2-piece Suits, regular price $2.75.

90c For Boys' 7 to 15 years 2-piece Suits, regular price $1.50.

$1.15 For Boys' 7 to 15 years 2-piece Suits, regular price $1.75.

$1.30 For Boys' 3 to 10 years Vestee Suits, regular price $1.65,

$1.15 For Boys' 3 to 10 years Vestee Suits, regular price $1.50.

50c Boys' Waists and Blouses — regularly 75c to $1.00.

Boys' Underwear and Waists—Boys' Hosiery, Collars—Boys' Shirts, Belts and Suspenders, Boys' Knee Caps makes their Hose wear twice as long, Boys' Neckwear, Boys' Overalls 25c, Caps and Gloves.

Men's Stylish Hats

All the best makes at a saving of 50c to $1.00—try one tomorrow at—

$2.50

Men's Best Shoes

At prices much below all competitors—come and see our shoes tomorrow at—

$2.50, $3.50

SHAFFER

Was Re-Elected as President of the Amalgamated Association.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 2.—The Amalgamated association this morning is engaging in the electing of the district vice presidents and other minor officers and it is expected adjournment will occur during the day. The re-election of President Theodore Shaffer can be considered the greatest victory ever gained by an amalgamated executive. When the convention opened there was much opposition to him. His scheme of signing the scales in advance and the settlement of the strike caused much feeling against him, and when the delegates came many were instructed to compel him to give reasons for every one of his acts. That Mr. Shaffer was amply supplied with reasons is proved by the result of the election.

The position of organizer, at present held by John Pierce, is an appointive one, at the gift of the president. The incumbent will be re-appointed.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 2.—The election which resulted in a victory for all the present officers—was the principal business of the Amalgamated association yesterday. The opposition to President Shaffer centered their hopes in Thomas Williams, of Zanesville, Ohio, who was the only opposing candidate. Shaffer was triumphantly elected, receiving 148 votes to Williams' 56. When the result was announced the executive received a great ovation. It is his fourth term.

Secretary John Williams and Editor Ben. L. Davis, of the Amalgamated Journal, were re-elected to their respective positions without opposition.

The most interesting contest was that over the position of M. F. Tighe. After taking advantage of some feeling that had been stirred up against Mr. Tighe on account of the prominence he had been given as a possible candidate against President Shaffer, the names of two men were placed in nomination, Ben Jones, of Carnegie, Pa., and Harry Griffiths, of Elwood City, Pa. Tighe was re-elected by a handsome majority, as follows: Tighe, 117; Griffiths, 49; Jones, 34.

The socialists who have been trying to remove the bars against the discussion of political and economic questions in the lodges, gained a partial victory. The constitution as it formerly stood prohibited the discussion of "political or economic questions." The word economic has been striken from this rule.

GAMBLING RESORT

To Be Started at Tiffany Country Place.

New York, May 2.—The estate of the late Charles J. Tiffany at Irvington, N. Y., consisting of a residence and forty acres of ground, has been sold to R. H. Jones, a real estate dealer of New York, for a figure near $300,000. Mr. Jones bought the property for a syndicate which is to back Richard Canfield, the well known gambler. The sale of the place was announced by Bernard Tiffany, a son of Mr. Tiffany.

The Tiffany estate is beautifully situated just at the north of the village of Irvington, and is one of the choicest pieces of ground along the Hudson. The syndicate's intention is to buy all the property from the Tiffany land north to Sunnyside Lane, where Washington Irving's home stands. It is negotiating for the purchase of the F. O. Matheissen estate and the McCormack property. The plan, according to people who ought to know, is to build a large club house and to have golf links and other sports on the grounds.

There are several other residences on the place and they cannot be touched until the lease expires. It is said that the syndicate is backed by some of the wealthiest sporting men in New York, and the club house will be one of the finest in the country. Canfield probably will have entire charge of the scheme and make the club house a small Monte Carlo. The people of Irvington and vicinity are much exercised over the plans.

EVERY WORD FALSE.

Denial of Le Roux Story About Dreyfus.

Paris, May 2.—A call was made at the residence of M. Zola to interview him regarding the statement of M. Hughes Le Roux in Chicago that M. Zola had seen a paper signed by ex-Capt. Dreyfus in which the latter admitted all the charges made against him, and that M. Zola and Dreyfus are no longer friends.

M. Zola sent word that he no longer occupied himself with the Dreyfus affair. He added that he knew nothing of M. Le Loux's statement and would say nothing about it.

A lawyer who appeared in the Dreyfus case and who is qualified to speak in Dreyfus' name, authorizes the fullest denial of M. Le Roux's statement, which he declared was false in every word.

WIDOW JILTED HIM.

Farmer Wants Damages For Breach of Promise.

Willmar, Minn., May 2.—Henry Schenck, a farmer, 25 years old, living in the town of Green Lake, yesterday took steps to institute a damage suit against Mrs. Amanda Hoglund, a widow with a family of eight children, a resident of Dovertown, about 40 years old, and reputed to be worth in the neighborhood of $7000. Amanda, it is set up, promised to marry him last June. All preparations for the wedding day were made, when she suddenly announced that she could never be his wife. She gave various reasons, but the chief one was that the health of Henry was bad. She is not handsome, and Schenck is a mild-mannered, blue-eyed little man, with all the indications of sentimental youth.

Finest In the World.

A writer in the Oregonian, of Portland, Feb. 12, describing a trip across the continent, says: "From St. Paul to Chicago no road receives greater recognition from the traveling public than the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul. The Pioneer Limited of this line is one of the finest trains in America. It is vestibuled solid and 'a thing of beauty' throughout. It was the C., M. & St. P. management which first made the innovation of lighting its trains throughout by electricity. An ingenious device on its sleeping cars is the incandescent lamps at the head of the bed rests in each section or compartment. Passengers, on these cars have the benefit of this perfect light for reading while resting in their seats, or after retiring at night. The limited trains throughout are as brilliantly lighted after nightfall as the rotunda of the Hotel Portland, or the business office of the Oregonian, and for models of elegance and comfort they are not surpassed by any trains in the world. Dining cars are run on all of these trains, and the service on these cars is not behind that of any of the best hotels on the continent."

IN JOKING HUMOR.

Carnegie Talks of Buying Lot of Newspapers.

New York, May 2.—Just before Andrew Carnegie started for Europe on the American liner St. Louis, he said to the newspaper men clustering about him that he had serious intentions of buying several newspapers in this country.

"Of course," he added, "there is nothing certain about it, but as it looks now I may some day buy up a lot of newspapers and give you boys an interest in them. I do not know any harder working men than those connected with the press. I have had the matter of purchasing newspapers in my mind for some time and I am much interested in journalism."

A photographer for a magazine appeared on the scene at this time and asked permission to "snap" the millionaire.

"I want to be photographed with the boys," said Mr. Carnegie, and turning to several interviewers whom he had known for years, he said: "Stand here close to me and we'll all get in the same picture."

The announcement of Mr. Carnegie's public library plan was made two days after he left on his last trip abroad. When this fact was brought to his attention he said:

"Well, there was no surprise this time."

A friend who was at the pier said that Mr. Carnegie intended to go direct to Skibo castle, his Scottish seat, and might not even see the coronation ceremonies.

Mr. Carnegie had a long conference with Mr. Schwab before the ship left, but the president of the United States Steel corporation would not say anything about it.

IOWA STEEL RANGES

If you need a Stove or Range, we want you to call and see the many different styles ond sizes of the IOWA. There are many good reasons for preferring this Range to others on the market.

It has all the good points—Pouch Feed, Poker Door, Sectional Top heavy steel plate, protected with asbestos board—and then our price is right. When you can buy a No. 8-15 complete with warming closet for $29 cash, or by paying $5.00 down and the balance in payments of $1.25; you surely can afford to get rid of your old stove that has been so much bother, and, besides, if your old stove is worth anything at all we will take it in part payment on the new Range.

Always remember that buying from us you run no risk, for we absolutely guarantee to give satisfaction; if not, your money will be refunded.

Will you not at least call and see us.

Kelley Hardware Co.

THE DAKOTAS.

Family Are Driven From Their Home By Prairie Fire.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Langdon—Trier township, in the southwestern part of this county, experienced a prairie fire during the high wind of Wednesday that destroyed over three-fourths of the fodder that farmers had put up. The most serious loss reported is that of James Townsend, the fire reaching his place before dawn. His family were compelled to escape from the windows of the burning house in their night clothes.

Fargo—The early marriage of Cashier J. W. Von Nieda, of the Red River Valley National bank, and Mrs. Stith, was somewhat of a surprise to the friends of the banker. Mrs. Stith was a principal in the divorce case of Stith vs. Stith, in which the husband secured the decree and Mrs. Stith the custody of a 6-year-old child. The laws of North Dakota prohibit marriages of divorced persons within three months, but it was evaded by Mr. and Mrs. Von Nieda, who went to West Superior, Wis., and were wed. They are residing in Moorhead till the expiration of the three months from the date of filing the decree.

Bismarck—The disbarment case against M. C. Freerks, of Wahpeton, brought by a committee appointed by Judge Lauder, was argued by the defendant Thursday before the supreme court. There was no appearance for the prosecution, which has merely filed formal charges and affidavits. William Moore, of Bismarck, and G. F. Dullam, of Waterville, Minn., were admitted to practice on certificates granted by the supreme court of Minnesota.

Jamestown—William Wilson, who victimized several Jamestown business men with worthless checks, was arrested in Carrington and will be brought to Jamestown. He bought a watch and chain from Picard & Moss, giving a check on a Courtenay bank for $58. He bought two buggies from Kirk & Allen, paying with a check. He ordered a bill of goods amounting to $104.75 from the Beck Clothing company. He also closed a deal for a team of horses and gave his check. The checks amounted to over $600. Before shipping the goods the Beck company telegraphed the Courtenay bank as to Wilson's standing and found he had no account in the bank.

Ellendale—The bodies of Richard Korpura and Harvey Purrs, who were drowned in the James river on March 28, have been found. The remains were discovered in tall weeds on the river's bank, after the high water subsided. The burial took place in Savo cemetery.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Lead—Two deaths occurred in Lead as the result of surgical operations. Mrs. H. W. Baird, of Spearfish, underwent an abdominal operation, surviving it only two days. Charles Dillon, editor and publisher of the Recorder at Keystone, died after an operation for intestinal trouble.

Evarts—The Star, from Forest City, was caught in last week's storm and her barge, loaded with wire for C. L. Mellett, of Fort Pierre, S. D., sunk. The Star will endeavor to save the wire. The Bismarck left for Fort Yates loaded with fencing material.

Pierre—Governor Herreid, on recommendation of the board of pardons, the trial judge and the jury in the case, has granted a pardon to Otto Bauske, sentenced from Day county on a charge of perjury.

Sioux Falls—Joseph Klyukan, a noble red man, whose home is on the Yankton reservation, appeared before Judge Carland and pleaded guilty to an indictment charging him with the larceny of a horse belonging to an Indian woman. He was sentenced to four months in jail at Tyndall.

Hudson—The drug and jewelry store of Piggitt & Co. was burglarized. Entrance was effected through a broken rear window and the thieves secured jewels and watches worth about $200.

Watertown—For many months the gambling houses of this city have been permitted to run unmolested. Dice boxes and nickel-in-the-slot machines have flourished. The mayor and council, however, have decided to put a stop to public gambling, and all keepers of houses and games of chance have been notified to close.

Deadwood—John Morvee, who was arrested on a charge of deserting his wife in Harrison county, Iowa, has returned to her and the case against him has been dismissed. The charge was preferred by his wife's father, S. M. Micham, who traced the young man from Iowa.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

Is your ailment Catarrh?—"I had Catarrh for 1 year." "I had Catarrh for 5 years." "I had Catarrh for 20 years." "I had Catarrh for 50 years" and Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cured me. These are sentences from the volumes and volumes of testimony for this great catarrh cure, words from men and women all over the continent who have been cured. It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—20.

MORGAN'S FITNESS

For Promotion Is Being Opposed By His Wife.

Marital Troubles Defer His Elevation to Naval Position.

For Second Time Is Ordered Before Examining Board.

Newport, R. I., May 2.—Pennsylvania and Rhode Island members of congress are having a lively fight at Washington over the fitness of Gunner Charles Morgan, U. S. N., for promotion. The first engagement has been fought and the Pennsylvanians, who are representing Mrs. Morgan, of Erie, Pa., from whom the gunner is separated and would be divorced, have gained a distinct advantage. The engagement is now being fought over again in Washington.

The question at issue is whether or not Gunner Morgan shall be promoted to the rank of chief gunner. Mrs. Morgan is standing between the gunner and his much desired elevation. Which party is right will be determined by the issue of the divorce proceedings now pending between Mr. and Mrs. Morgan, in which the latter is charged with desertion. The suit will be tried at the May term of the supreme court for this county.

Gunner Morgan has twice sued his wife for divorce. The first petition, which was filed a year ago, was withdrawn. The second is the one now pending. After the first suit was quashed, Mrs. Morgan having opposed it with a formidable array of counsel, an agreement was entered into between husband and wife by the terms of which, it is understood, Mr. Morgan would allow his wife a certain sum of money for her support.

The details of the settlement were, however, not carried out, and it was not long before Mrs. Morgan had made a complaint to the Pennsylvania congressmen. They promptly communicated with the navy department, and three weeks ago, while Mr. Morgan was being examined for promotion, this trouble with his wife was the rock upon which his hopes of becoming a chief gunner were dashed to pieces.

The examining board, whether acting under advice of superiors or independently is not known, put the matter of his relations with his wife directly to the gunner, and as a result the board advised the department that while Mr. Morgan was fit in every other way, he was morally unfit for promotion. Mr. Morgan's friend, Representative Melville Bull, at once went to work for him, with the result that he was ordered before another board and is now in Washington undergoing a second examination.

GIGANTIC

Bluff By Chicago Man Too Much For the Broker.

New York, May 2.—With a silver half-dollar held between his thumb and forefinger, John A. Drake, of Chicago, offered to flip the coin in the air, let the ownership of $500,000 depend upon its turn. It may have been stupendous bluff, but the wager was not accepted. It was Jacob Fields, a stock broker, who was tempted by Mr. Drake. The incident occurred in one of the brokerage offices in the Hoffman house.

Mr. Fields is known to his friends as "Jakie." He would rather deal in large affairs than small, and is generally willing to speculate on almost anything and to any amount. There have been differences of opinion between him and Mr. Drake, and more than once Mr. Drake has been told he could have action for any sum, from $1 to $100,000.

Perhaps it grew tiresome. May be Mr. Drake felt the need of a stimulant. To one of his friends he said he had a dream that he had won $250,000 from "Jakie" Fields. There had been one of their customary disputes in the Hoffman house, and the usual banter to bet had been made by Mr. Fields. Mr. Drake refused. Then there was a remark about timid persons that seemed to annoy Mr. Drake. Down into a pocket he reached, and, bringing out a half dollar, he asked Fields if he was willing to bet on the toss of the coin.

"Surest thing you ever knew," said Mr. Fields. "A thousand if it turns heads. More if you like."

"Now, let's not fritter away our time like that," Mr. Drake is said to have responded. "I will toss you just once for $250,000 a side. What do you say—heads or tails"

There was a minute of suspense. Mr. Drake stood with the coin ready. Fields gazed at him, unable to tell whether the offer was made in jest or in earnest. Then he shook his head and walked away.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Woods's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds, down to the very verge of consumption.

Resumes Summer Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, April 27th, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, will resume their summer schedule. Train No. 8, the Boston and New York Limited, for all points East, will leave Duluth daily, 6:45 p. m., and will arrive at Duluth from the East 8:30 a. m.

Train No. 6, the Marquette and Copper Country Local, will leave Duluth rally, except Sunday, at 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Duluth, 7:15 p. m.

Canadian Pacific Steamers.

Leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. Sundays, Tuesdays or Fridays, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, direct connection is made with the Canadian Pacific steamers at Sault Ste. Marie for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and all points East.

M. ABSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

The Greatest Shoe Sale Duluth has ever known.

BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

The FAMOUS

111 West Superior Street.

Every pair of Shoes in the house reduced in price.

Our loss falls with a heavy thud; we can not complain. Our lease expires tomorrow night. This sale must expire with it.

JOIN THE CROWDS TOMORROW

Don't let the enormous Bargains get away from you. If the contractors had not disappointed us these prices would not have been made tomorrow.

MEN'S SHOES.

$2.48
Men's $3.00 and $3.50 Box Calf, Vici or Enamel Shoes, new styles—removal price $2.48.

$1.69
Men's $2.50 Satin Calf or Vici Kid Shoes, good styles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.48
Men's $2.00 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes, two different styles—removal price $1.48.

$1.98
Men's $2.50 and $3.00 Box, Chrome or Satin Calf Shoes, heavy or light soles—removal price $1.98.

$2.98
Men's $3.50 and $4.00 Shoes, new styles, all the latest leathers—removal price $2.98.

98 cents
Men's $1.50 Satin Calf and Grain Working Shoes, large sizes—removal price 98c.

$2.98
Men's $5.00 Russia and Leather-Lined Blucher Shoes, also English enamel double sole, good styles—removal price $2.98.

Boys' and Youths' Shoes

89 cents
100 pairs Little Gents' $1.25 Box Calf Shoes, sizes 8 to 13—removal price 89c.

98 cents
Little Gents' $1.25 Steel Shod Shoes, 10 to 13—removal price 98c.

$1.19
Boys' and Youths' $1.50 Satin Calf Shoes, all sizes—removal price $1.19.

$1.39
Boys' and Youths' Calf Shoes, worth $1.75 and $2.00—removal price $1.39.

$1.48
Boys' Keith Calf Shoes, broken sizes. Removal price $1.48.

89 cents
Boys' and Youths' $1.25 and $1.50 Satin Calf, broken lots—removal price 89c.

LADIES' SHOES.

$2.48
100 pairs Ladies' $3.50 and $4.00 hand-turned shoes, new styles and nearly all sizes. Removal price, $2.48.

49 cents
50 pairs Ladies' $2.00 and $3.00 Shoes, odd kinds and small sizes—removal price 49c.

50c
Colonial Slippers for evening and Oxfords for street. The new Colonial attachment for Oxfords makes an evening slipper of your Oxfords. Price only 50c.

$1.69
100 pairs Ladies' $2.50 Kid Shoes, patent tips, new extension soles, all sizes—removal price $1.69.

$1.98
Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 shoes, vici, box and velour calf, light or heavy extension soles. All sizes. Removal price, $1.98.

59 cents
Ladies' 90c 3-point House Slippers, all sizes. Removal price, 59c.

98c
Ladies' $1.25 and $1.35 House Slippers, Oxford or one-strap style; all sizes. Removal price, 98c.

$1.48
Ladies' $2.00 Lace Shoes, kid or box calf, heavy soles—removal price $1.48.

98c
200 pairs Ladies' $1.50 extension sole, fair stitch, patent tip, lace shoes. Removal price, 98c.

19c
Ladies' small sized House Sloppers. Removal price, 19c.

Misses' and Children's Shoes.

59 cents
Misses' $1.00 Goat Button Shoes, sizes 9 to 2—removal price 59c.

98 cents
Misses' $1.25 and $1.50 Kid Shoes, lace or button, kid or patent tip, all sizes—removal price 98c.

39 cents
Child's Goat Shoes, in button only, sizes 5 to 8—removal price 39c.

23c
Infants' 40c soft sole shoes, button or lace, in colors. Removal price, 23c.

49 cents
Child's 75c Kid Shoes, button or lace, sizes 2 to 6—Removal price 49c.

79 cents
Child's $1.00 Dongola button Shoes, sizes 8½ to 11—removal sale 79c.

Last Day Tomorrow.

TROUBLE

Ahead For a Chicago Woman Who Shifted Her Affections.

Chicago, May 2.—A woman whose love was so intense that it induced melancholia, resolved on a cure so radical that Benjamin Simon, a clothing merchant of Rochester, N. Y., is in Chicago to prosecute her. Simon alleges that the young woman promised to become his wife, but, after he had bestowed many presents on her, love and melancholia took flight together and his adored one married another.

The defendant in the case is Mrs. Sarah Perlberg, who was Miss Sarah Lane till her marriage a short time ago. She lives at 650 North Artesan avenue.

Aside from various presents, Simon declares that his store of wealth was sadly depleted by Miss Lane's habit of calling him up by long distance phone and having the charges "reversed." At the time he thought this high-priced love-making was an astonishing bargain. Now he thinks it would have been extortion at half the cost.

Simon avers that he was happy and contented until the letters from his sweetheart began to decrease in number. Then he became frightened, and finally suspicious. He wrote the young woman and demanded to know, he says, why her love had grown cold and why she no longer cared to call him up by 'phone. The answer he received startled him.

"You would not want me to marry you when I do not love you," she is quoted as having written, "and I appeal to you, as a man, to release me."

Simon came straightway to Chicago, secured a lawyer, and went before Justice Dooley. A warrant was issued for Mrs. Perlberg's arrest on the charge of obtaining property by false pretenses. In his complaint Simon alleges that the following articles were secured from him under the pretense that Miss Lane loved him, and him alone:

One ring set with diamonds	$100
One solitaire diamond pin	125
One gold bracelet	25
One fur boa	25
Five yards of black cloth	5
One silk blouse	25

"When Miss Lane visited my parents in Rochester, N. Y., last year she was taken suddenly ill with melancholia," said Mr. Simon. "She said her love was so deep that it affected her in that way. I sent her to a sanitarium and footed all the bills."

Mr. Simon declares he will remain in Chicago and "see the case to a final end."

FIDDLING A FAILURE.

George Greenup Retires From the Congressional Race.

Paducah, Ky., May 2.—Miss Lotta Greenup has decided not to fiddle her father into congress, as the odds are too great, even for a pretty girl who plays "Dixie" on the violin like one inspired. Today her father, George W. Greenup, announced his retirement from the race for the Democratic nomination for congress from the First Kentucky district.

A few weeks ago when he introduced music into politics and took his daughter, Lotta, on his speaking tour to play the violin before and after his addresses, the innovation created a sensation. Great crowds flocked to hear the pair, and the little campaigner was cheered at every stopping point.

But lately it became apparent that Greenup, despite the novelty of his daughter's playing, was being distanced. Accordingly he withdrew from the canvass, announcing at the same time that he would be in the fight two years hence.

JESSUP RE-ELECTED.

New York, May 2.—At the one hundred thirty-fourth annual meeting of the Chamber of Commerce, Morris K. Jessup was re-elected president. Other officers elected include Whitelaw Reid, Clement A. Griscom and Charles Langrave, vice presidents; James Cannon, treasurer, and George Wilson, secretary.

IN MICHIGAN.

Upper Peninsula People Getting Even With Beef Trust.

Marquette—Reports from various portions of the upper peninsula show that the consumption of meat has fallen off from 20 to 50 per cent in consequence of the increase in prices, which, in this section, averages about 3 cents a pound. The price of board and meals at restaurants has been materially raised.

A government fish car sent out from the federal hatchery at Duluth has just planted 7,60,000 whitefish fry in Lake Superior at this point. Last week 150 cans of lake trout were planted by the same crew, and next week the car will be here with a similar consignment.

Ironwood—During the night some unknown person opened the throttle of one of the engines in the Northwestern road's round house here. In consequence, when the fire under the boiler was started in the morning and the engine registered a few pounds of steam, the locomotive suddenly darted forward and did not stop until it had tumbled into the turn tawe pit. It took until nightfall to get it out.

Manistique—After having been missing for a couple of months, a car loaded with oats has just been returned here. The car was received here last February and delivered in the yards. Before it could be uncoupled it was switched out with other cars by mistake and shipped over the Soo line. The car was finally traced to Toledo and returned from there.

Gladstone—Burglars broke into the Brampton station on the Chicago & Northwestern road Tuesday night, blew up the safe and escaped with $350; $250 of this belonged to W. E. Devereil, the agent and the remainder consisted of express, postoffice and railroad funds. No trace has as yet been found of the thieves.

Sault Ste. Marie—A will filed in 1849 has been unearthed by the heirs of the late Alexander Cadotte which, among other property, bequeaths ten acres of land, on a portion of which the court house and county jail stands. The present titles to the property, which is now very valuable, are declared invalid, and expensive lawsuits are threatened.

Escanaba—Joseph E. Reinger, manager of the Escanaba Lumber company, was arrested Wednesday morning for allowing three of his men to go to work who had been quarantined by the health officers at Masonville.

CROP REPORT

Compiled By Traffic Department of the Northern Pacific.

St. Paul, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The first of the annual series of weekly crop reports, compiled by the traffic department of the Northern Pacific under the direction of Vice President Hannaford, indicates that wheat acreage will be decreased this year in Minnesota and North Dakota, but that there will be an increased acreage of corn and oats.

Seeding is generally reported from a week to ten days earlier than last season, an advantage brought to nothing by the dry weather and lack of spring rains. Crops at present are not more advanced than a year ago at this time in Northwestern Minnesota. Fifty per cent of the wheat crop is in the ground. During the past few days there has been plenty of moisture and conditions are very promising.

High prices last fall have produced an increased potato acreage in the country between St. Paul and Duluth, which for a time last year supplied the markets of the United States because of crop failures elsewhere. Plenty of rain has fallen and farmers are hopeful of heavy yields.

Across the line in Manitoba heavy rains have retarded the sowing of grain. Wheat has been sown, but little is above the ground. Throughout the Pacific Northwest, Montana and adjacent states the conditions are excellent. Crops are being planted with all the moisture that is needed, except for the Bitter Root valley, where cool weather has delayed operations, with excellent weather conditions.

LEFT TO DIE

Because He Was Taken Sick on Friday.

Brenham, Tex., May 2.—A remarkable instance of faith in a popular superstition is related by Dr. E. R. Young.

While visiting a patient in the county several days ago cries of distress emanating from a house he was passing attracted his attention. A white family occupied the house, and as no one was noticed about the place, the front door being open, he ventured to dismount to learn the cause of distress. When he stepped in the room he noticed a boy 10 years old, perhaps, out of bed with a burning fever and trying to walt on himself. The doctor administered to the boy's wants and inquired where his parents and other members of the family were. He was told they were at work in the field. He left the sick child, rode over where the mother and father were and told them their little boy was very ill and that some one ought to be with him constantly, as he needed attention. They manifested no kind of concern in the boy's comfort, and dismissed the matter by remarking with exceeding indifference:

"Well, we have been raised to believe that when a person is taken sick on Friday they are sure to die and there is no use in trying to do anything for them."

Dr. Young told these misguided parents that they must have a physician or nurse, and if they persisted in not having either he would volunteer to treat the boy as a charity patient. They were unmoved in their belief, and so he put the boy on a course of treatment and he is recovering rapidly. His recovery, it is hoped, will remove the foolish delusion and senseless superstition that all who take sick on Friday will die.

WHEN SMITH MEETS SMITH.

"Smith," said the Smith who had an office in Room 408, "will you do me a favor?" writes Elliot Flower in the Brooklyn Eagle.

"With pleasure," replied the Smith who had an office in Room 610.

"Well," said the 408 Smith, "I wish you'd pay that old laundry bill. I'm tired of getting reminders about it that are intended for you."

Now this, to say the least, was pretty raw, and the 610 Smith was mightily put out about it. Of course, it is a well known fact that there never is any love lost between men who are so named and so situated that their mail gets mixed. Each one always suspects the other of getting the expected check that does not arrive, and each one invariably feels that the other is an impostor and an interloper, who has no business to be in the building, and is probably there with some sinister design. But the laundry bill reference was an inexcusably hard rub. Retaliation was necessary.

"Smith," said the 610 Smith a week or so later, "will you do me a favor?"

"Certainly," replied the 408 Smith.

"Then, for heaven's sake, marry that girl," said the 610 Smith. "I'm sick of reading her love letters, and nothing else will stop them."

One or the other of the Smiths may move. If not, there is every prospect of a fight in that building before long.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

WILL RETURN.

Fugitive Kratz In Mexico Will Be Brought Back.

St. Louis, May 2.—The return of Charles Kratz, member of the St. Louis municipal assembly, who is a fugitive in Mexico, to stand trial on the charge of bribery, is now assured.

Circuit Attorney Fold today received a telegram from Senator F. M. Cockrell, notifying him that the delivery of Charles Kratz to Chief of Detectives Desmond would be formally requested from the Mexican government by Secretary Hay.

Mr. Folk has also received a telegram from the governor of the state of Sanlisco, Mex., in which Guadalajara, the place where Kratz is in prison, stating that he had Kratz in readiness to be delivered to the St. Louis officers, but that he desired a formal request to be made by the United States government for his return.

WOULD CONTROL FRUIT.

San Francisco, May 2.—The fruit growers of this state have organized under the name of the California distributors, with Frank H. Buck as president and Alden Anderson, secretary and general manager. These already in the association represent 8 per cent of the business done last year and an effort is being made to induce the other 12 per cent to join, with a view of absolutely controlling Eastern shipments.

HOLDS UP A CONGRESSMAN.

"At the end of the campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. I seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters made me all right. It's the best all-around medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by W. A. Abbett.

CONDITION SATISFACTORY.

The Hague, May 2.—The bulletin posted at Castle Loo this morning announced that Queen Wilhelmina slept quietly last night and that her condition continues to be satisfactory.

Don't start the summer with a cold. One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

The BEST and only practica optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 665.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

"Complete Satisfaction"

For Our Customers is Always Our Watchword.

WE ARE more particular to please one customer perfectly than to make twenty sales that are likely to prove in any way unsatisfactory.

Men's Fashionable Suits and Topcoats $8.50, $10, $15, $20, $25

Waterproof Cravenette Coats— $12.50, $15, $20, $25.00

Men's Hats.

Stetson, Gordon and other makes, in all the new shapes and colors—

$1.00, $1.50, $2, $2.50 $3, $3.50, $5

Floan, Leveroos & Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Neckwear Sale...

$1.00, 75c, and 50c Four-in-hands, Tecks, Shields and Batwings - -

35c EACH.

3 for $1.00.

50c Tecks at 25c EACH.

FLOAN, LEVEROOS & Company.

RAISING DEER.

O. A. Seward, of this city, has presented the fire department with a pair of deer which the firemen will place in their beautiful park, says the Galveston News. Mr. Seward has a private park in connection with his residence, and has been successful in raising deer for several years. He at present has nine head, all fat and healthy.

He stated to the correspondent that deer were as little trouble to raise as sheep, and with proper provision and attention could be raised for the market just as successfully and as extensively. He feeds his on common prairie hay, and a little shelled corn once a day. He further stated that they ate no grass unless forced to eat it, and he found them useful in keeping down all kinds of weeds and shrubs around his lot. Mr. Seward says further that the prevailing opinion that a fence ten or twelve feet high is required around an inclosure to keep deer is a mistake.

When captured half-grown and wild, they will jump a high fence, but when they are raised on the place, a fence four or five feet high is entirely sufficient. More, they become strongly attached to their native heath, and it is hard to make them leave it. Supporting this assertion he said sometimes his would escape from his park through a gate accidentally left open, and in a few hours would become so anxious to return that they would leap the fence to get back, if the opening through which they made their escape happened to be closed.

The only trouble he has ever had in all the years he has been raising deer was with the old stags. In their old age they become vicious, not only toward people, but with each other as well. Several years ago one of his old stags became so refractory that it was unsafe to keep him. He, therefore, made hunters around Brenham a present of him. He was carried to the woods three or four miles north of town, turned loose, given a good start, and twenty or thirty hounds put on his track. For several hours the woods around town resounded with the cry of hounds and the sound of horns, and made the old Texan feel as if the wheel of time had revolved backward, and that the country in respect to game was what it used to be sixty years ago.

GIRL GETS VERDICT

Rachel Hirschfeldt Is Awarded $1,500 For Breach of Promise.

Morris Miller Backed Out After a Betrothal Ceremony.

Was Made Before Rabbi According to Jewish Rites.

Milwaukee, May 2.—Miss Rachel Hirschfeldt, an exceedingly comely and prepossessing young lady of 20 years, was awarded a verdict of $1500 damages for breach of promise of marriage by a jury in Judge Ludwig's court this morning. Morris Miller, the young man accused of failing to carry out his promise, after he had won the affections of Miss Hirschfeldt, and against whom the verdict was rendered, did not appear in person during the trial and no one present seemed to know of his whereabouts, not even his attorney, who appeared and conducted the defense.

After filing an answer denying that he promised to wed, Miller disappeared, according to his attorney. He had taken the precaution, however, to leave a considerable sum of money in the hands of the lawyer so that there was no alternative but to appear and defend, even though the young man himself was delinquent; fully as much so as Miss Hirschfeld claimed he was concerning their marriage.

Mr. Miller's assertion contained in the answer that he did not promise to marry was not supported by numerous witnesses who were present at the betrothal that was conducted with all the formalities that Jewish custom prescribes. It was on the night of Nov. 17, 1899, they said, that Miller appeared with Miss Hirschfeldt before the rabbi. The ceremony was made as binding as it is possible to make it. There was the usual knotting of the handkerchief, the breaking of plates, the plighting of troth and the presentation of gifts. Then the contract was signed and the celebration was continued on Sunday evening.

Isaac Hirschfeldt, father of the young lady, said that after the plighting of the troth he did not see Miller for three or four weeks and then he wanted to know why he did not call upon his bride-to-be. He replied that he did not want to marry. The young people met for the first time fourteen days before the betrothal ceremony.

The jury deliberated less than half an hour in reaching the verdict. They were unanimous upon the first ballot that there had been a promise to marry, the principal discussion being concerning the amount of damage which should be awarded. Miss Hirschfeldt, in the complaint, asked for $5000. When the verdict was rendered Miller's attorney moved for a new trial. Miller is a peddler.

TAB ON CAR FARES.

"How do I know what passengers haven't paid their fares?" said the street car conductor to the New York Press. "To tell the truth, I don't know; but conductors are on to a few little tricks.

"While we glance at the passengers as they get on, it is not true that we depend upon our memory for faces to pick out the right ones. Conductors are just like any other persons, and have no better memories for faces. Still, we are able to tell pretty nearly who hasn't paid his fare. I don't know whether I am giving away a trade secret, but this is how we manage to get almost all the fares coming to us.

"It's easiest on a light snowy day, but a rainy day is just as good, or even a windy day in summer. The worst kind of weather in which to pick out a man or woman who owes you a nickel is on a calm, still night in summer. I know this sounds as if I were talking of some peculiar kind of game that needed to be stalked in certain kinds of weather, and that isn't a bad guess, for some of them do need stalking.

"It's easy enough, though. For instance, when there's a light snow falling, the latest person to get on a car, or the last half dozen for that matter, have snow on their hats, clothes or shoes, haven't they, where it has melted into little drops of moisture on other passengers who had been sitting in a warm car. Then the men will stamp their feet every time, and the floor shows it. The women won't do that, but the snowdrops on her hat give her away. The man may shake them off his, but she won't take off her hat, so we have a sure thing either way.

"On a rainy day it's the same way, except we can't tell exactly who is the latest in, as on a snowy day, but we can get close enough to make a guess and a bluff that usually produces the nickel. Still, an umbrella is always a sure indication. No matter how hard or how little it is raining, all the water seems to run off an umbrella in, say, two minutes, so we get a good line on them too.

"On a dusty day a new passenger flecks the dust off his coat or hat, while a woman does no such thing. I don't know why she doesn't, but she doesn't. Usually, though, she has her veil half raised, and is either using a handkerchief on her little nose, or to remove the dust from her eyes. Then she may be smoothing her hair, which has been ruffled by the wind, so it's all easy guessing if you are only observant.

"Only on very calm days, with no snow, rain or dust, are we completely at sea. Then we must depend on memory or the quick glance a passenger may give to another who hasn't paid, when we say 'Fare!' sort of sharp like.

"But you don't suppose we go to all this trouble only to prevent passengers from beating their way, do you? That is the least of our troubles, because there isn't one out of a hundred that isn't willing to pay. The reason that we must watch so carefully is that it's a bad break to ask a passenger for his fare when he has paid once.

"Both men and women resent this instantly. The men make some insulting remark and the women stare until we fade away to the rear platform. The secret of being a good and poular conductor is in never asking the wrong person for a nickel, and not in preventing a passenger from beating a ride once in a long time. The dead beat doesn't write to the company telling all about it, but the person who thinks he has been insulted does."

A LUCKY MAN.

"The luckiest man I know," said a woman who has just returned from New York to the Washington Post, "is a man whose house was robbed of $5000 worth of jewelry one day last week. He is John Dillon, the eldest son of Judge Dillon, of New York. He was making preparations to remove to his country house somewhere in New Jersey, and the most valuable jewels of his wife had already been sent to a safety deposit company. On the morning of the robbery, as Mr. Dillon was at breakfast in his town house, he remarked to Mrs. Dillon, as he had often said before, that their house seemed to him an especially easy one to rob and he wondered burglars had never attempted it. Then Mrs. Dillon set out for the country house, and Mr. Dillon happening to pass the office of a company which insures against burglary, went in and had a policy drawn and signed, promising him $5000 redress in case his house was robbed. He had scarcely reached his office when a telephone message came, informing him that the robbery had occurred probably not half an hour after the policy had been made out. There's luck for you, and luck of the kind only the wealthy can afford."

Bemidji and Return $6.65.

Via Eastern Minnesota railway, account K. P. celebration. Good going May 4th and 5th, returning May 7th. City Ticket Office, corner Spalding hotel.

Homeseekers' Excursion Via Great Northern Ry.

One fare plus $2.00 for the round trip points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and California. Good leaving May 6th, returning limit twenty-one days. City Ticket Office, corner Spalding hotel.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

NOT OUT OF WHEAT

Chief Inspector Marshall Thinks Farmers Have Considerable.

Light Receipts Due to Late Spring In His Opinion.

Delay In Seeding and Bad Roads Retarding Movement.

Chief Grain Inspector L. D. Marshall, who arrived at the McKay this morning from St. Paul, does not believe that the wheat is all out of the country yet, in spite of the fact that day before yesterday no wheat was received in Duluth. The complete absence of arrivals was an almost unprecedented occurrence in the history of Duluth since it attained proportions as a primary wheat market. Several times last month the track inspection was pretty light. For a little while the grain men rubbed their eyes and wondered what had happened to such a large yield as was harvested last fall.

"I think there is still considerable wheat in farmers' hands," said Mr. Marshall this noon. "In fact, there may be more than the trade generally believes, though with me it is more a matter of conjecture than facts to base the supposition on. Just now I think the light receipts are due to the backward spring out West. The farmers are trying to get their delayed seeding done, and roads have been bad as well. I believe that as soon as seeding is finished you will find a much larger movement to market than is now going on.

"The general conditions of prosperity have contributed to the holding back of some wheat on the part of the farmers. They have realized a big price for their large flax crops—almost twice as much as used to be paid for it. Their profits from this source would tide them over the period they might wish to delay selling their wheat. Then feed grains have been in big demand also, and they have found it cheaper to feed wheat and more profitable to sell their oats. That has made away with a lot of the wheat that otherwise would have swelled spring receipts."

Baseball Team Formed.

At a meeting held at the Duluth Business university last evening a baseball team was organized by the pupils of that institution and the members expect to take all their opponents into camp and be a credit to the institution. The following officers were elected by the students: George A. Smith, manager; Victor I. Fraser, captain; John McPhee, secretary and treasurer.

At a practice game held Wednesday afternoon the boys showed up particularly strong and as these practice games are to be held regularly hereafter, it is expected that within two weeks they will be ready to meet all comers. The team is in good financial circumstances and has the loyal support of all the students of the institution.

Charged With Trespass.

George E. Robinson, a homsteader residing at Deer River, was arrested yesterday and brought to Duluth last evening by Deputy United States Marshal G. J. Mallory. He was arraigned before United States Commissioner Pressnell at 10 o'clock last evening on the charge of trespassing on government land in Itasca county.

Robinson entered a plea of not guilty and his hearing was set for May 7 at 10 o'clock in the morning. He furnished bonds in the amount of $200 and was released from custody.

Suit of Clothes Free.

The Eagle Clothing company offer a $15 suit absolutely free to the first person entering their store after 9 o'clock tomorrow morning. It is a novel offer and one well worth trying for. The Eagle commences tomorrow a discount sale on their entire stock of clothing.

HIS ONE EXPERIENCE.

He sat on a log with a cigarette in his mouth, watching them make their preparations for an early start the next morning, says the Brooklyn Eagle.

"Better come along," one of them suggested.

He shook his head.

"Ever do any hunting?"

"Once," he replied sententiously.

"Lots of fun!"

"So they told me when we got back."

"Didn't you have any of it?"

"How could I, when I was the one who furnished most of it?" he inquired with a sadly reminiscent air. Then, after a little, he was moved to tell the tale.

"I never was much of a hunter," he said, "I always preferred a tete-a-tete or a cigar on the hotel veranda to wallowing in a marsh with a gun. But I was taken off my guard once, and was induced by a friend to go out after ducks. I never considered him a friend again. He told me there would be some great sport and I guess he was right, but he neglected to tell me who was going to have the sport. It was simply an inference on my part that I was to have some of it; I didn't understand that I was merely to furnish it.

"Well, he supplied me with a gun. I don't remember its weight, but it was a very light one. He said it wouldn't tire me, as I recollect it now, and then he supplied me with cartridges, but he made no claim that the cartridges would not weary me. That is where he was guilty of a breach of confidence. The shells were made for my gun, but they were loaded for a Krupp cannon. This was a distinct surprise to me and I never did like surprises. You see, it is my custom to remove my clothes before bathing, and this time I didn't. I had no inkling of what was expected of me until the gun went off; then I knew, but I had no time to prepare for it. Still I didn't complain—not then. I thought very likely it was part of the game, and I just laughed when I was pulled back into the boat. But when he asked me why I didn't leave the gun in the boat if I wanted to go swimming and added that 'any blamed fool ought to know that a gun is of no use for fishing,' I began to be suspicious of him.

"There were some things about the boat that didn't impress me very favorably, either, although I understand it was much like the majority of boats men get on such occasions. The fellow from whom we rented it told us we needn't worry about the boat—we'd be just as dry in it as we were out of it. And he was right about that, I stepped out, as I have mentioned, and I know it was no dryer outside than it was in—and no wetter. Still, we didn't have much water in the boat, but that was because the boat was small.

Then he wandered away, humming that touching refrain:

Once was enough for him!
Once was enough for him!
And when bright, Phoebus rose
He went back to change his clothes—
Oh, once was enough for him!

"Famous for Low Prices."

Stack & Co

The busiest Skirt and Waist Department in Duluth continues to offer big inducements in ready-made garments, our offerings for Saturday are unmatchable

Extraordinary Bargains in Ladies' Dress and Walking Skirts, Silk Waists and wash Waists.....

SPECIAL $2.98

Silk Waist, in black and colors, corded, tucked, Taffeca silk, all lined and well made waists, that fit and look well and give satisfaction, worth $4.00.

SPECIAL $7.98

Taffeta Silk Skirt, made of good quality Taffeta, elegantly made and lined throughout with best lining, made with graduating flounce and trimmed with ruching ribbon—worth $10.00.

SHIRT WAISTS—In fancy madras and gingham, very pretty designs, splendid value at $1.00— special..... **75c**

LADIES' WHITE AND COLORED WAISTS—Made of the finest India Linons, Chambreys, Madras cloths and fancy tucked and white pique—stock collar and tie, special at— **$1.25, $1.50, $1.75.**

PEAU DE SOIE SILK WAISTS—Gibson effects, in pretty pink, blue and red, worth $7.50, for..... **$4.98**

$15 Skirt for $10.

Elegant Broadcloth and Venetian, made with flare flounce, trimmed with satin and velvet and finished with best linings, worth $15, for..... **$10.00**

$2.48 for Walking Skirt— made of heavy black suiting, separate flounce—especially priced for tomorrow's sale, worth $4—price..... **$2.48**

DRESS SKIRTS $3.75—A splendid quality black finished cheviot, trimmed with silk and made with flare flounce—at..... **$3.75**

$6.75 FOR DRESS SKIRTS—At this price we are offering an elegant black dress skirt, made with flounce, and elegantly finished with tucking and velvet trimming—at..... **$6.75**

Mercerized Sateen Underskirts, some made with deep flounce and pleated ruffle, others with 9-inch ruffle—worth $1.39—special price for tomorrow..... **$1.00**

MERCERIZED UNDERSKIRTS—Made with deep flounce and trimmed with two rows pleated ruffles—made extra full—good value at $2.50—price.... **$1.75**

$5.00 for Wool Dress Skirts.

Special assortment of cheviots and Venetians in Brown, Tan, Gray and Black, made with flounce—and trimmed, worth regularly $7.50, for..... **$5.00**

$4.75 for WALKING SKIRTS—fine hair stripes—colors Blue and Green—qualities than cannot be matched elsewhere for $6.00—our price..... **$4.75**

$12 for SILK SKIRT—special lot of Peau de Soie and Taffeta silk Skirts, worth $15, $18 and $20..... **$12.00**

Annual May Sale of Lace and Ruffled Curtains

A wonderfully attractive line of choice patterns at remarkably low prices.

Nottingham and Ruffled Muslin Curtains, three yards long, full width, deep ruffle, worth 75c— **50c**

Nottingham and Ruffled Curtain in very pretty designs, extra wide, muslin of sheer quality, worth regularly per pair 95c— **69c**

Fine net Curtains, with pretty open borders, three yards long, fifty inches wide and fine Muslin Curtains, with deep ruffle—worth $1.39..... **$1.00**

Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, 60 inches wide, with deep borders and handsome florian center; the biggest and best curtain in the market; worth $3.50 per pair—our special price..... **$1.98**

Fine Nottingham Curtains, of fine quality net—a choice lot of styles and worth $3.00 and $4.00 per pair—our closing price only, per pair..... **$2.50**

Choice lot of Irish Point and Cable Net Curtains, in the newest designs, full size, worth up to $7.00 per pair—your choice only—per pair..... **$4.48**

MONEY SAVERS

3¾c for light Percales, 27-inch wide, in fancy stripes and figures; worth 6c.

6½c yard for dark Dress Percales, 32 inches wide, the regular 12½c quality.

25c for fancy Denim Covers, 4-4 size, tied fringe, embroidered, worth 50c.

$1.00 for Smyrna Rug, size 30x60, assorted styles, absolutely worth $1.00

10c yard for Table Oil Cloth, full width; the regular 20c quality.

5c yard Bleached Muslin, yard wide, the regular standard 8c quality.

48c for Bed Spread, full size, crochet patterns, worth regularly 69c.

48c for Bed Pillows, feather, six pounds to pair, best covering, worth $1.25 per pair.

25c for fancy Ruffled Pillows, full size, worth regularly 50c.

20c for Bleached Table Damask, 60 inches wide, good value at 29c.

WASH GOODS DEPT.

Zephyr Ginghams, in pretty stripes and checks, suitable for Waists and Children's Dresses—the 10c quality for..... **7c**

Corded Batistes in stripes and neat figures, worth 8c—for one day only—..... **5c**

New Satin stripe Lawns and Batistes—handsome patterns—per yard—..... **15c**

Novelty Waistings, an excellent selection to choose from—would be a bargain at 25c—sale price..... **15c**

Mercerized Sateens, 36 inches wide, in pink, blue, tan, red and cream—our regular 35c quality at..... **25c**

White goods—A large assortment of Novelty Waistings, including lace stripe Madras, pleaded lawns and Organdies—per yard..... **12½c to $1.50**

House-Cleaning Hints at Bargain Prices

Window Shade Brackets—per set..... **1c**

8 and 10 oz. Tacks—per package..... **1c**

5c Ball Bluing, per package..... **2½c**

10 yards of Lace Shelf Paper, all colors..... **2½c**

5c perforated Toilet Paper..... **3½c**

10c Sisel Clothes Line, like cut..... **5c**

Brass Molding Hooks, per doz..... **5c**

10c Tack Pullers, best made, for..... **5c**

10c Tack Hammers, with claw..... **4c**

10c Garden Trowels, large size..... **5c**

25 yards of Picture Wire, per package..... **10c**

Six-hook Clothing Racks, like cut..... **8c**

Wire Folding Picture Racks..... **10c**

10 bars Happy Day Laundry Soap—special tomorrow..... **25c**

Wash Boards.

Fine zinc Washboards, like cut—worth 20c, for..... **14c**

House Brooms.

25c House Brooms, 4 tiings, well made and good corn... **17½c**

Granite Ware Bargains.

18c Granite Milk Pans—for..... **12c**

20c Granite Milk Pans—for..... **14c**

25c Granite Milk Pans, 6-quart, for..... **19c**

Handled Stew Kettles, in granite, like cut, only..... **10c**

65c Granite Chambers, porcelain lined..... **49c**

65c Granite Dish Pans, for..... **45c**

39c Tea and Coffee Pots, in granite..... **25c**

$1.25 set of Madame Potts' Sad Irons, like cut, special..... **89c**

Wood Ware Bargains.

60 Clothes Pins, best made, for..... **5c**

Large Rattan Carpet Beaters for..... **10c**

25c Clothes Brushes for..... **15c**

19c Shoe Brushes with dauber..... **12½c**

65c Nursery Chairs, special..... **45c**

$2.25 Curtain Stretchers, with movable pins—Saturday, special for..... **$1.85**

Tinware Bargains.

Good size Pie Pans only..... **2c**

8c stamped Water Dippers for..... **5c**

19c nickel-plated Cuspidores for..... **10c**

12½c tubed Cake Molds for..... **5c**

12-quart Dish Pans, 19c kind, only..... **12½c**

10-quart Water Pails, worth 19c—for..... **12½c**

89c nickel plated Tea Kettles for..... **65c**

75c Copper Rim Tea Kettles at..... **55c**

25c wire flower hanging baskets.. **19c**

Galvanized Wash Boilers, like cut, worth $1.10 for— only..... **79c**

Glass and China Bargains.

Good heavy Table Tumblers only..... **2½c**

20c Fruit Dishes, 9-inch size **12½c**

$1.20 China Slop Jars.. **85c**

Bowls and Pitchers, like cut special **65c**

DEFECTIVE PAGE

TO HAVE A NEW BANK

Federal National Bank Will Be Started Here Soon.

The Men Interested Are Bankers Controlling $50,000,000 Deposits.

Organizers Look Upon Duluth as an Excellent Opening.

Duluth is to have a strong new national bank within a short time.

It is announced that a number of prominent bankers of Wisconsin and Michigan have been working upon the plan for some time, and that they have gone so far with their plans that application has been made and approved by the comptroller of the currency for the Federal National bank, which will be the style of the new bank, with a capital of $500,000.

So far as could be learned here, nobody in Duluth is financially interested in the new enterprise, and it is not known what quarters the bank will occupy, though it has been intimated that it may have quarters in the new Wolvin building. The men who are interested in the new concern are all bankers of long experience and high standing, and they are active in the control of banks, having more than $50,000,000 in deposits.

These men are as follows: Peter White, president of the First National bank of Marquette, Mich.; F. G. Higgelow, of the First National bank of Milwaukee; Charles Schrieber, cashier of the Bank of Oshkosh, Wis.; Henry D. Smith, president of the First National bank of Appleton, Wis.; E. D. Nelson, president First National bank of Ironwood, Mich., and Fred Braastod, president Miners' National bank, Ishpeming, Mich.

The organizers of the bank expect to make this relation a potent force in the new institution. They see in Duluth a most inviting opening for another good bank, and they hope to participate in the rapid growth of the city that they foresee.

E. D. Nelson, president of the First National Bank of Ironwood, who will be at the head of the new bank, either as president or otherwise, is said to enjoy very intimate relations with many Eastern men engaged in the iron and steel business. He was formerly a resident of Cleveland, but has been living in Ironwood for sixteen or seven teen years. If iron and steel men are interested in the new project, it is believed that they are men engaged independently of the steel corporation. Mr. Nelson, besides controlling the Ironwood bank, which has $50,000 capital and very large deposits, controls one street railway and lighting systems at Ironwood.

It is intimated that Peter White, the veteran Marquette banker, may intend to take an active interest in the new institution. While retaining the presidency of the First National bank of Marquette, at the especial request of the new dominant interest in the bank —the Kaufmans—Mr. White has sold out his control and has retired from active business life there. As for the rest of the bankers mentioned as the incorporators, it is said that they form a syndicate that owns a bank at Houghton, one at Ishpeming and formerly one at Negaunee.

Mr. Nelson has visited Duluth several times the past winter, and was here a couple of weeks ago, but was reticent even to old friends as to the object of his visit. It is concluded, therefore, that the capital of the new bank will be almost entirely money from the outside.

CHANGES.

St. Louis County Tax Assessments Will Show Many.

County Auditor Halden had had more than the usual amount of trouble this year in getting the work of assessment of property throughout the country under way. In a number of localities the people neglected, for one reason or another, to elect assessors, and Mr. Halden has had to arrange to have somebody fill the vacancies. There are usually a few cases like this, but there are more than common this year.

The assessment of the county generally will show considerable changes this year. Of course the iron mines will be raised, and the increase will be a considerable amount. It is yet too early to guess anywhere near what it will be, but it is pretty certain, from the expressions of County Auditor Halden and other members of the board of equalization, that it will be a case of multiplying the present valuations rather than one of adding a percentage to them, which has been the custom in the past.

The wide sweep of the woodsman's ax, which is laying more acre after acre, adds more timber lands to the cut-over list each year, and that is making a large difference in assessments.

Then, too, the demand that is constantly increasing for the cut-over lands for farming purposes is bringing their value up, and this must be figured in making the assessments as well. The influx of settlers in many parts of the county is creating farms where yesterday was a wilderness, and the assessor will be confronted by many evidences of this in his rounds.

The growth in population of the cities, towns and villages of the county, while affecting real estate assessments indirectly, affects personal property assessments directly. Each year the number of persons called upon to pay personal property taxes is growing, and it is certain that the increase this year will be the biggest in the history of the county. Not only has Duluth had many families added to her population, but the range towns, especially toward the western end of the iron country, have shown remarkable growth. Perhaps the largest percentage of increase will be found in the town of Stuntz, on the Western Mesaba range, which includes the village of Hibbing and the new village of Chisholm.

REMOVED

Our Workshop to 333 West Michigan Street

Corner 4th Avenue West.

This is the right place to get your jewelry repairing done promptly.

M. Henricksen
JEWELRY CO.

NOW, THEN!

Here Is a Chance For All the Duluth Bachelors.

Bachelors of Duluth, you are now confronted with the opportunity of your checkered celibate careers.

When the sky is gray above you,
And when no one seems to love you;
When all the world, in fact, is dark and drear:
When people hurry by you,
And when troubles come to try you,
There are still some happy words that you may hear.

The Journal of Health, a bona fide medical publication of Cleveland, Ohio, has written to the city officers in an effort to interest the unmarried men of Duluth in handsome young women that are wearing their lives out in the factories of the East, and particularly the Cleveland district.

Not long ago many bachelors in this city professed to have heart bleedings when they read about the poor ladies of Sulu shut up in a seraglio with their samplers and spafter work, beating their little wings against their prison bars and wondering why they could not travel and junket to the Los Angeles convention to enjoy themselves and ameliorate their wretched condition of political and other servitude.

They are now likely to have another cardiac hemorrhage when they read the following circular from the Cleveland Medical association:

"The recent United States census reveals a great deficiency of females in your state and city as compared to males, and a great excess of the same in the East.

"This unequal distribution of the sexes constitutes a social evil at both ends of the country and a great obstacle to the development and prosperity of the West, while in the East there is a congestion of worthy and handsome young women wearing out their lives in factories at low wages, who would make the happiness of men as housewives, a position for which they are better fitted and naturally destined.

"To remedy this odd situation the Journal company has undertaken to publish a book-album in which will be printed the photographs and particulars of all men in your city and state willing to marry Eastern ladies and who can offer them homes. This book is to circulate in the East, so that the ladies intent on matrimony may make themselves known to the Western gentlemen by correspondence. Very numerous are the spinsters and young widows of various classes with and without means who for a good husband will go anywhere in the United States. If you are interested in this plan to correct the disparity of sexes in your region, please have this notice published."

ELKS

Parade leaves Lyceum Theater tomorrow at 11 a. m. Be on hand and bring your Elk Umbrella.

JOHN L. FULLER, Secretary.

MAY EXTEND IT.

Board of Health May Enlarge Cattle Inspection.

It is possible that the board of health may inaugurate a municipal inspection of all cattle shipped into Duluth, except those unloaded for feed in transit.

The municipal inspection of dairies inaugurated last winter has resulted in bettering the conditions of Duluth cows and milk, but new cattle are constantly coming in and making the local inspection much more difficult than if all cattle were inspected on arrival.

During the month of April the meat inspector condemned 70 pounds of veal, 200 pounds of onions, 30 pounds of celery and 100 pounds of carrots.

The deputy healthy inspectors quarantined forty-one houses during the month. Ten of these were for smallpox, nineteen for scarlet fever and twelve for diphtheria. Two hundred and twenty-one rooms were fumigated.

IRON WILL ARRIVE SOON.

Building of Tenth Street Viaduct Is In Sight.

City Engineer Patton has return from Minneapolis and St. Paul where he has been on city business. He made special investigation of the delay of the Northern Pacific road in building the Tenth avenue west foot viaduct and was informed that the structural steel for this bridge was ready and the first consignment would be received in Duluth within five days. The delay was caused by the overcrowded condition of the structural steel mills.

URGED TO PARTICIPATE.

St. Paul, May 2.—A Madison, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Members of the National Guard are urged in a circular sent out by Adjut. Gen. Boardman today to participate as a body in Memorial day exercises, May 30, and comply with requests to assist in carrying out the exercises.

CHOLERA SPREADS.

Manila, May 2.—The ports of Batangas and Laguna province have again been opened to trade subject to the cholera regulations. The cholera statistics show a further increase in the spread of the disease. The record to date is as follows: Manila 703 cases, 554 deaths; provinces 2000 cases, 1473 deaths.

DULUTH STRIKES

Tinners Win Over Two Shops to Their New Schedules.

Molders' Trouble Likely to Be Amicably Adjusted Very Soon.

Freight Handlers' Union Annual Meeting Large and Warm.

There is very little change in the strikes of the iron molders and sheet metal workers today.

Two shops signed the scale of the tinners this morning, giving the union men $3 for an 8-hour working day, as against $2.75 for a 9-hour day. The two shops were those of Forward & Co. and Joseph Glockle.

Non-union tinners were put at work on the new Haley restaurant building, but Mr. Haley notified the contractor that only union men were desired.

* * *

The molders are still out, but the indications now are that the strike will be peacefully settled in the near future. There is a great deal of work in the local shops that is being hung up by this strike.

* * *

The annual meeting of Freight Handlers' union No. 64 was held last evening in Kalamazoo hall. It was a large and enthusiastic meeting, addressed by President Keefe of the International Longshoremen's association, and by Gordon O'Neil, president of the local Longshoremen's union.

Their talk was along the lines of organization and thorough unionism.

The union elected the following officers: A. M. Brandon, president; O. Ness, vice president; G. F. McMaster, recording secretary; L. Merritt, financial secretary; D. Wright, marshal, and L. Bye, stevedore.

* * *

There is some talk of a sort of civic federation or arbitration committee of prominent business men and workingmen, for the purpose of adjusting labor difficulties.

As yet there has been nothing but talk, but this seems to be of a very sincere and enthusiastic nature.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken. 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

Parlor theater—delightful crowds nightly.

Judge J. B. Millicoff has moved his law offices from the Providence building into suite 200 Torrey building.

The business of the Duluth land office for the month of April indicates a continued activity in the sale of public lands. The total amount of public land sold during April was 6,858.94 acres and the total receipts were $18,191.53.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

Dr. Homer Cummins has removed his office to 202-204 New Jersey building.

The Al G. Fields minstrels will give a ladies' and children's matinee at the Lyceum tomorrow afternoon for the benefit of the Duluth lodge of Elks.

Little Jake, the popular saloonkeeper has reopened at 527 West Michigan street. Housekeepers will consult their own interest by carefully going over the grocery advertisements on page 15.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Charles Cronon and Joseph Cleary, formerly subjects of the king of Great Britain, and to Israel Larson, formerly a subject of the king of Norway and Sweden.

Professor Ourat will give the season's closing party Wednesday, May 7.

Parlor theater—great program tonight.

There were sixty-six building permits issued by the building inspector during the month of April. The aggregate amount was $207,307, as compared with $259,787 for the preceding month. A permit was taken out today for the improvement to the Panton & Wolf building. The preliminary estimate is $85,416.

Camille Shambo, the young man recently arrested with Grace Ridgeway, was given his examination in police court this afternoon and held to await the action of the grand jury.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

The Mesaba Central Land and Exploration company has begun suit in district court against the Swedish-American Iron company to clear title to lands in sections 14, 22, 25, 26 and 29-58-18. Phelps & McManus are the attorneys.

Band Concert

AT THE ARMORY.

Sunday Afternoon At 3 O'Clock, by— **FLAATEN'S THIRD REG'T BAND.**

Admission, 25 cents

PERSONALS.

Mrs. B. Silberstein and Mrs. A. Bondy, who have been East for the last three months, arrived home this morning. They had a most enjoyable visit, being entertained royally by friends in New York, Philadelphia, Syracuse, Buffalo, Detroit and Chicago.

Mrs. J. M. Gunn left today for Montrose, Mich., to attend the funeral of her sister.

Miss Jennie S. Moody, of the office of the clerk of the district court, left this afternoon for a visit of several days in St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Marble arrived this morning from Chicago. Mrs. Marble has been absent for a month, spending the spring vacation with Miss Marble, who is attending school in the East.

C. L. King was an arrival at the Spalding this noon from Saginaw. Mr. King is one of the chief owners of stock in the Merrill & Ring Lumber company.

Rev. T. H. Cleland returned this morning from Chicago, where he has been to attend a meeting of the directors of the McCormick Theological seminary.

Mrs. F. M. Crouch arrived this morning from Marquette to join Mr. Crouch at the Spalding.

W. C. McClure came up from Saginaw this morning to attend the lumbermen's and vesselmen's conference.

President S. A. Harris of the National Bank of Commerce, was on change this morning. Mr. Harris is interested in the Peavey elevators.

Alex Schuetz and John Gonska left today over the Omaha for Glenwood Springs, Col., to spend several months.

Dr. and Mrs. Boyer have returned from a three weeks' visit in Pennsylvania and New York.

Manager A. L. Searle of the Peavey elevator interests, is in the city today.

Mrs. G. C. Stone left last night over the Northern Pacific for a visit at La Crosse and Chicago.

L. N. McPhee, of Two Harbors, and James Smith, of Ely, are guests at the St. Louis.

W. C. Agnew went to St. Paul last night via the Eastern.

SPIRITS

Have Guided the Fortune of Two San Jose Editors.

Have Amassed Wealth By Following Occult Manifestations.

Two former Wisconsin men, E. A. and J. O. Hayes, are the editors and owners of the two papers published in this city, says the San Jose correspondent of the Chicago Inter-Ocean. The Hayes' came here from the vicinity of Ashland, Wis., where they were born and brought up. They are millionaires, but that is nothing remarkable in California. In the case of the Hayes brothers, however, it is, as from a condition of absolute poverty they have suddenly attained to vast wealth. This wealth, they assert, was acquired through the revelations of the spirits, and its expenditure is also dictated by them. The spirits told them to buy two papers and they did so. The spirits tell them how to run the papers, and they follow the advice. There is not a move made in the management of these journals that is not first ordered by the shades of the departed. As a general thing, one is not apt to associate "spooks" and daily papers together. That they are thus linked in San Jose shows that the "spooks" are becoming progressive, and have become educated up to the value of publicity.

To all outward seeming, however, the newspaper offices of the Hayes brothers are as other newspaper offices. Real men sit at the editorial desks; live reporters bustle about the street and police courts for news. There is not a ghost in sight when the man with a grievance comes to stop his paper, and advertising contracts are chased as persistently as though there were no spiritual director behind it all. But far from the noise of the rattling typesetting machines, away from the grinding chug-chug of the press sits an old woman with snow white hair. In her eyes is the light of the other world, and her soul is in communion with the souls of the dead. She it is who directs the policies of two great daily papers,—the moral direction. Back of her uttered words are the spiritual wishes of one known to her as the "Germ Man," the spook of the twentieth century, the ghost of the newspaper office.

The Hayes brothers own the Mercury and the Herald, the two daily papers of this city, and through their columns have begun fierce war against conditions political in the county of Santa Clara. They are fighting the organization which has dominated politics for twenty years, and has become in that time almost invincible. They are battling to down what they believe are the results of wickedness and corruption. They are working out the instructions of their mother, Mrs. Hayes-Caynowith, who in turn is guided daily and hourly by the "Germ Man."

The San Jose Mercury and Herald are modern daily newspapers, with plants fully equipped for the business. The two papers represent an investment of $250,000. With such an opposition as will undoubtedly be made by the political organization, which will put rival papers in the field and back them with capital, the city and county patronage, and all the advertising they can influence, there seems small chance of financial returns.

But the Hayes brothers are not looking for gain. Their money was handed them by fingers from the spirit land. It was given with conditions, and these conditions they are carrying out. There will be plenty of gold for any emergency so long as they use it under the "Germ Man's" advice. And they have good reasons for this belief. They have been poor, and had fortune thrown in their laps. They have seen it taken from them as rapidly, and been poor again; and they have been given another change and another chance. During two daily papers is not a business with them; it is a calling, a commission placed in their hands to execute.

Near the city of Ashland, in Wisconsin, E. A. and J. O. Hayes grew up to manhood. Their father had been a circuit-riding minister of the gospel, with more of the godly attributes than even this hard-working, poorly paid class of men have ordinarily. Every man, any man who could, was his debtor, and he gave as Christ gave, without hope of repayment, not what he could afford, but what he had. When he died his family was left in poverty, but with much of the father's spirit.

Mrs. Atwood was a sister of Mrs. Hayes, living with her, oddly enough, the first message to the Hayes family from the spirit world came to her. For seven days she lay in a trance, and when at last she returned from her visit to the margin her story was regarded by the others of the family as a dream.

"We shall have money in great amount," she said. "Back in the hills, in a scrub pine wood, we are to dig and find wealth. Then we must go away and make a new home. In a valley, shut in by green trees, where the sun shines warm, and there are no winter snows, we will find a place called Eden. Here we must use our money to do good for all humanity. It is the condition of the gift and I have promised for you all. We must help the poor and the sick, the afflicted and oppressed. Money we shall have in plenty so long as we keep our faith with the spirits who guide us, and other power, too, will be given us."

So firm was Mrs. Atwood's belief in the truth of these revelations that she impressed the others and a search for treasure among the scrub pines was begun. She died and encouraged and would not give up. It seemed impossible that there could be wealth hidden in the barren hillside, as incredible as a tale of the Arabian Nights. But one day she found the place of her vision and pointed out to the Hayes boys where they should dig. An excavation of a few feet brought to light not the anticipated chest of gold or sack of diamonds, but a rich lead of iron ore. E. A. Hayes was mineralogist enough to realize the value of this strike and the boys had business acumen sufficient to secure options for purchase on the surrounding acres of land at a very low figure.

Capital was easily interested when the prospects were shown and in a comparative short time the Hayes mines were worth millions and the Hayes family was rich.

The fulfillment of the first part of the promise of the spirits caused the Hayes family to begin a quest for the new Eden. It was a more difficult task than locating the iron ledge in the scrub pines. Nearly half of the United States was a possible field for the valley of sunshine and perpetual summer. Florida, Georgia, Tennessee, Louisiana were visited in turn. Maps were carefully studied and wherever the name Eden appeared in connection with a possible town or city the place was either looked up or visited. Finally California was toured and the Santa Clara valley, answering the conditions, was driven through. On the Monterey road, about six miles from San Jose, Mrs. Atwood ordered the carriage to be stopped.

"Here is our Eden!" she cried, "the place of my vision, rock for rock and tree for tree the same. There our house was placed and on yonder spot was a chapel. The mountains surrounded it, as here, and this grove of trees is identical."

They went carefully over the ground. Mrs. Atwood pointing out remembered places of which she had told the others. When they returned to the team, they asked the driver if the locality had a name. "Yes," he replied, "they call the land Aeroboute Edenvale." No doubts were possible after this confirmation of the vision-message.

About 600 acres of beautifully timbered land at Edenvale were purchased and the erection begun of a magnificent mansion. It was more than a home—it was the working place of a colony. It was built with sixty rooms, accommodations for the family, for clerks, stenographers, printers and workmen, for servants and for guests. It contained shops, school-rooms, hospitals. A printing plant was a part of its paraphernalia and a monthly paper, the New Life, spread the doctrines of the founders. A little distance from the house a stone chapel with seating capacity of 500 was erected. The grove was made a park, and hundreds of acres set out in prune trees resulted in beautiful orchards. Edenvale was on the railroad, and a station was erected by the Hayeses. The colony became a postoffice town and was placed on the map.

The religion taught by Mrs. Hayes and her sister and sons was sincere if not orthodox. Spiritualism was an absolute belief and the neophytes, perceiving the results of an unseen guidance in the great mansion and its accompanying evidences of wealth, were prone to accept the doctrine. In the hospitals the healing powers of Christian Science were used, and many wonderful cures were reported.

For several years Edenvale and its colony were a part of the life of Santa Clara county and one of the sociological marvels of the state. The great house and its inhabitants furnished material for many a newspaper and magazine article, and the weird story of its founding crept into print.

Edenvale became a Mecca and many a pilgrim and footsore sought its hospitable roof. No one was ever turned away hungry or fatigued, and every day scores of sixty strangers were fed and sheltered. The Weary Willies and Hungry Hawkinses of California had "Spookville," as they termed it, prominently starred on their itineries and willingly suffered the chapel lecture for the sake of the filling dinners.

The causes for the fall of Edenvale, the withdrawal of spiritual protection, and the loss of the Hayes fortune, can only be conjectured. There was a quarrel and legal difficulties between Mrs. Hayes and relatives. One of the brothers became ambitious politically and sought nomination as state senator at the hands of the organization. Either of these, or other causes known only to the Hayses and the spirits, may have been considered as a breaking of the promise. The facts known are these:

In the business depression of 1894, when fears of a change in the tariff schedule so vitally affecting iron ore were causing many mills and mines to close down, the Hayses became financially involved and nearly every dollar of their fortune was swept away. Bit by bit the Wisconsin mining properties were taken by the creditors, and the Edenvale ranch and mansion became an object for numerous liens. Suit after suit was brought, and even the workmen and servants at the big house sought through the courts for money they claimed was their due.

Then fire was likened to the ground. In one night property valued at over $200,000 was destroyed. Most of the insurance had expired a few weeks previously. Mrs. Hayes was in San Jose at the time.

"Is any one hurt?" she inquired, when the news was brought her by a rapidly galloping horseman.

"No," was the answer.

"The Lord be praised!" she said, and returned to her bed and her sleep. Only the chapel was left of the fine and costly structures.

For two years or more the Hayes family was heard of only in court cases and as a reminiscence. They were poor and regarded as a part of the past. No one ventured a prophecy that they could recover their fortunes or even hold on to what little was left. Then, suddenly, they were up again. Quietly and cautiously they began paying off their debts and taking up their paper. E. A. Hayes, who had disappeared without any one noting or caring, was reported to be in Wisconsin and again in control of the mines.

In less than two months over $100,000 indebtedness in Santa Clara county was paid by the Hayeses. Suits were dismissed and mortgages released day by day. The Herald, the evening paper in San Jose, owned by Senator Charles M. Shortridge, was purchased and J. O. Hayes's name went up as its editor. Negotiations were commenced for the San Jose Mercury, one of the best known and most valuable newspaper properties in the state. A month later it was purchased. The same day the announcement of the change of ownership appeared there came the first ominous growl of the coming political battle.

For this change in the Hayes family's financial condition those spiritual advisers, who previously had given and taken away, were responsible. During all the time of prosperity and poverty Mrs. Hayes had kept in touch with these ghastly shapes, and knew the reasons for their anger and the loss of her wealth and power. Her repentence and sorrow were deep and sincere. One night a message came to her from the Germ Man.

"Hold Shaft 6 of the mines," was the advice.

On this E. A. Hayes went to Wisconsin. Shaft 6, which had been sunk a short distance and abandoned, was in the possession of one of the former creditors of the mines. He considered it, and his experts considered it, valueless. He smiled and sold when Hayes offered him $5000 for its reconveyance. It was a hole in the hillside, and barren of iron ore to their unseeing eyes. Shaft 6 is now the most famous of the Hayes group of mines.

Money is now more plentiful than ever before in the Hayes family. Edenvale is to be rebuilt of stone, and its size increased to accommodate a greater colony than before. A 5-story home for the two newspapers is contemplated, and an architect is at work on the plans. Every move is directed by Mrs. Hayes, the interpreter of the spiritual wishes. She is the builder, the editor, the politician. Her word is her sons' law, and back of her word is the immortal brain of the "Germ Man."

GIVING THEM NAMES.

A scientist who discovers a new chemical element, a planet that has managed to elude the searching telescope or a plant or animal unknown to the world, has the right to name the object discovered, says the Scientific American. To be sure, the privilege is merited, but what lacking of brains it often entails was recently proved by the difficulty which Charlois, of Nice, experienced in baptizing the thirty-four planetoids which he had discovered. When Piazzi, on New Year's day of the nineteenth century, saw the first of these small planets, it was easy enough to follow the old rule of giving to celestial bodies the names of the Greek and Roman deities. For a long time the catalogue of mythical personages was quite capable of supplying the necessary names. But when celestial photography relieved the astronomer of much of the labor of telescopic observation, and the planetoids began to be numbered by hundreds, the list of mythological names was soon exhausted. Following the example of the Romans, Charlois personified the virtues, and thus created Amacitia, Fidelia, Modestia and Patientia. When he had no more virtues to fall back upon, he started with the city gods of those towns in which observatores are located, and was finally compelled to adopt proper names, such as Ursula, Cornelia, Malusina. Charlois did not even shrink from giving some of his astronomical children the names of Charybdis, Industria and Geometria. Not so long ago Dr. Schwassmann, of Heidelberg, who in conjunction with Professor Wolf discovered six planets, used the names Ella, Patricia, Photographia, Aeternitas, Harmburga and Mathesis.

At one time it was suggested that the planetoids be simply designated by number. Had that suggestion been followed, everyone would immediately know the order of discovery.

When the spectroscope revealed the existence of a host of new chemical elements, some patriotic but ill-advised chemist found it necessary to nationalize the new bodies, with the result that our chemical nomenclature has been enlarged by the names Gallium, Germanium, Skandium and Polonium.

When we enter the field of botany, the baptismal task becomes positively appalling. The efforts expended by Linnaeus or Ehrenburg in finding names for thousands of new organisms must have been enormous. Even Haeckel had to coin names for a few thousand organisms which he was the first to describe.

When it became necessary to re-christen a botanical species which has been divided into several new species because later research proves it to be heterogeneous, and which bears the name of its discoverer, baptizing becomes a rather puzzling matter. Out of scientific piety the later investigator must give the first discoverer credit and yet he must do himself justice. In such a case anagrams are sometimes formed. From the species Hermannia, for example, discovered by Paul Hermann, a small group is separated and called Mahernia; and the species Malpighi, named for a famous old botanist, supplied the species Calphimia—a name which would deceive the most skilled etymologist who tried to trace its derivation without knowing its antecedents. Often by some capricious accident an anagram receives a Greek tone. Urobenus, for example, conceals the name of the botanist Bourne (Bournerus).

Cassini used the anagrammatic method, not for reasons of scientific piety, but merely because he liked it. From the old species of Filago he created four new species which he called Logfia, Gifola, Igiofa and Ogilfa. Adanson is said to have resorted to the method of throwing dice to coin a new name. No doubt each die bore at least two vowels; otherwise the names would have been charged with consonants to such an extent that only a Russian or Hungarian could pronounce them.

BUY A BURIAL LOT.

They were chatting of investments. One was a broker and the other a well-known business man, says the Philadelphia Telegraph.

Of course the broker favored stocks.

"My suggestion to a young man just married who is making his first investment would probably stagger him until he thought of it dispassionately. But, nevertheless, I think it is good business sense."

"What is it? Buy a house?" asked the broker.

"No. I would advise him to buy a lot in some good cemetery."

"Great Scott! Do you think marriage is going to do him up so quick as that?"

"Don't be a fool. But really, it is one of the best investments a man can make. When there is a death in the family—which is surer to come some time even than the tax collector—there is very little time to select a lot. If the weather is bad it is the most trying thing to go to the cemetery for that purpose under the circumstances. Then, too, one is in a hurry, and a bad selection is apt to be made. If a lot is bought at a convenient time and in a desirable place, it naturally increases in value, and then when a death occurs it is a source of great satisfaction to know that you have prepared a resting place for the departed one."

JEFFERSON'S CHAIR.

One of the most interesting relics in the possession of the American Philosophical society, in its rooms at Fifth and Chestnut streets, is the chair in which Thomas Jefferson wrote the Declaration of Independence. It is a low, substantially made, spindle backed affair of walnut, seemingly, and almost in as good condition as the day on which it was made. It is fitted with a slide for convenience in writing. Its history is well authenticated. It is known to have been owned by Jefferson and was used in his lodgings at the southwest corner of Seventh and Market streets, where the Declaration of Independence was drafted. The presumption is almost indisputable that Jefferson sat in it while he drafted the charter of American liberty.

INSURANCE CONTRACTS.

In every department of business the past decade has witnessed wonderful changes, all in the line of improvement. Ten years ago life insurance policies contained severe restrictions regarding the residence and the settled limits of travel of the insured, says Leslie's Weekly. A policy limited the holder's occupations to those which were the safest. It forbade service in the military, naval or fire departments, without the company's consent, and the use of intoxicants or narcotics. It contained many other restrictive qualifying clauses. One by one, as the outgrowth both of competition and of greater liberality on the part of the companies, these restrictions have been eliminated, and of new some of our greatest companies issue policies absolutely free from conditions as to habits of life, travel, occupation or residence. In fact, some policies are incontestable from the date of issue. In former times it was difficult for a man to understand the terms of his life insurance contract or policy. Now they are as simple as a note of hand and in some instances much more easily understood.

BIRTHS.

GRAHAM—A daughter has been born to Dr. and Mrs. Robert Graham, of Buffalo flats.

RIDGEWELL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. D. Ridgewell, 2621 Railroad street.

JOHNSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Johnson, 1923 West Superior street.

SWENSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Swenson, 431 Nineteen-and-one-half avenue west.

OTTUM—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Ottum, 2808 West Third street.

PETERSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Peterson, of 1909 West Third street.

BROADBRIDGE—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Broadbridge, 426 Piedmont avenue.

ANDERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. L. Anderson, of 311 Eighteen-and-One-Half avenue west.

CLARY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. J. Clary, of 201 Vernon street.

JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Johnson, 330 West Second street.

PATRIEGKA—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Patriegka, of 2011 West Third street.

DEATHS.

FOBEAR—Albert Clements Fobear, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Fobear, of 1013½ Garfield avenue, died May 1. The funeral service will be held at 9 o'clock Sunday morning in the Saint Jean de Baptiste church. Interment at Calvary cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WINDBURN SMARTS, BESIDES TAN isn't pretty. Have a fair face, satin skin using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

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Men's Shoes at **$1.50, $2, $2.50, $3,** Every shoe good value.

Boys' Shoes—a large assortment $1.50 to $3.00.
Little Gents'——$1.00 to $2.25

FREE—Phonograph top with every $2 Boys' Shoes or over.

SOROSIS

The best Shoe for Women!

$3.50 a pair

Dress Boots and Shaes for all occasions.

Sorosis models supply the demand most effectually.

For evening and visiting Sorosis Slippers and Oxfords are dainty, perfectly shaped and finished.

Young Ladies' Shoes with new, low flat heels—patent leather tips, extension soles, or light Dress Shoes—kid and patent leather—prices—

$2.00 to $3.00

LADIES' $3.00 SHOES light or heavy extension soles—— **$3.00**

QUO VADIS $2.50 SHOES for ladies are the best at the price light or heavy extension soles—— **$2.50**

LADIES' $2.00 SHOES light or heavy sole extra value at—— **$2.00**

LADIES' SPECIAL $1.48 Ladies' patent leather tip, new extension sole—special price—— **$1.48**

MISSES' SHOES.

The new and popular styles—heavy or light soles, at—— **$2.00**

Misses' Kid Patent Tip, new styles—— **$1.50**

Child's sizes——75c to $1.50
Infants' Shoes——25c to $1.00

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123 West Superior Street.

The HARVARD SACK

ART and skill characterize this stylish leader of sack suits. A man who values correctness and quality will find them in K. N. & F. suits.

The saving is well worth considering, too. No better suits are made than those bearing this label—

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K AND F

INTENSE RIVALRY

Between Regulars And Volunteers At Bottom of a Suit.

Case of Capt. Deining Awaits Decision By Supreme Court.

Many Others Have Been Convicted Under Similar Circumstances.

Washington, May 2.—Officers of the regular and volunteer forces of the United States will watch with interest for the decision of the supreme court in the case of Capt. Peter C. Deming, in which arguments were heard by the court this week. The great point at issue is the validity of the findings of a court-martial where the court is composed of regular army officers trying a volunteer officer. The decision of the court in this case will affect, it is estimated, some 200 or 300 officers and men convicted under circumstances similar to those in the Deming case.

The findings of the court-martial declared Deming to be guilty of misappropriation of government funds, and, in addition to dismissal from the army, imposed a sentence of three years at hard labor in the military prison at Fort Leavenworth, Kans. This was in June, 1900, and last February Deming was released on a writ of habeas corpus granted by Judge Sanborn, of the United States circuit court of appeals, sitting then in the city of St. Louis, after a writ had been refused by the circuit court.

Deming furnished bail in the sum of $2000 and returned to his home in Buffalo, N. Y. Deming's arrest, conviction and imprisonment are said to be the result of the intense bitterness with which officers of the regular army regard those in the volunteer service, who acquire rank through political influence. Deming was commissioned assistant commissary of subsistence in the United States volunteers in May, 1898, with staff rank of captain, and in March, 1900, while stationed at San Francisco, was court-martialed for the offense alleged.

The court-martial, called by Gen. Shafter, was composed entirely of officers of the regular army, and, taking this into consideration, Deming's counsel very foolishly, as subsequent events proved, advised him to plead guilty and throw himself on the mercy of the court, the lawyer arguing that he stood absolutely no show of acquittal from a court composed of West Point graduates.

Judge Sanborn, in releasing Deming, held that the court-martial was illegally constituted and that the insuperable objection to the jurisdiction of this court and to the validity of its sentence was that the officer who called it, Gen. Shafter, was not only unauthorized, but positively prohibited by act of congress to constitute it of officers of the regular army.

From this decision the war department appealed to the supreme court of the United States, and was represented before that tribunal by Col. Enoch Crowder, James H. Hayden, of the law firm of McCammon & Hayden, of Washington, appearing for Capt. Deming. Mr. Hayden's argument was clear, forcible and very conclusive in its reasoning. Mr. Hayden argued that under the provisions of the act of 1882 the retirement of Gen. Shafter on Oct. 16, 1899, was compulsory and that the provisions of these acts were alike applicable to service in the regular and volunteer force. "After his retirement," argued Mr. Hayden, "Gen. Shafter's employment on active duty would have been lawful only in time of war if war had existed. His employment in time of peace was prohibited, and peace reigned in March, 1900. I am not, of course," added Mr. Hayden, bowing to the court, "considering that a state of war exists in the Philippines." At this remark several of the justices smiled, and Chief Justice Fuller whispered something to Justice Harlan which made the latter laugh.

"Congress," said Mr. Hayden, emphatically, 'appreciating the dislike and jealousy that exists against volunteers by regulars, and fearing that these emotions would warp the judgment of regular army officers and lead them to acts of injustice, prohibited them from trying volunteers.'

Counsel claimed that several months before he ordered Deming's trial Gen. Shafter had reached the age when his retirement from active service became compulsory, but contrary to law was still presuming to perform active duty in command of troops and in time of peace.

Col. Crowder answered Mr. Hayden briefly, quoting from a number of authorities to sustain Gen. Shafter's position and the validity of the court-martial, and contending that under an order issued by the judge advocate general of the army, regular officers were perfectly eligible to sit on court-martials and try volunteers.

The unfortunate position Deming finds himself in today is said to be the result of carelessness on his part, devoid of criminal intent. A great number of papers and requisitions requiring his signature were brought to him and he signed them without knowing their contents. His record hertofore has been a stainless one. He comes of an old family in Buffalo, N. Y., where he was born 35 years ago, and at the time of his entrance into the army was superintendent of the Buffalo Street Railway company. He is related to a congressman from New York and is a cousin of Commander Cowles, brother-in-law of the president.

Solicitor General Richards, of the department of justice, was in the supreme court, but did not take any active part in the case, and it leaked out through an authoritative source that the department is not interested in the final disposition of Capt. Deming. One of the officials of the department is reported to have said that in the Deming case the war department is entirely at fault and without a leg to stand on, and in such a condition calls on the department of justice to help it out. The supreme court is not likely to render a decision before June 1.

CANDY AND NUTS

For Boy Convict In the Ohio Penitentiary.

Columbus, Ohio, May 2.—Danny Rosenbecker, the 12-year-old murderer from Toledo, was has arrived at the Ohio penitentiary, is to receive a private schooling in the penitentiary. Danny will not be allowed to attend the regular pen school, but instead will be taught in the office of the institution by competent instructors. The boy is already becoming a prime favorite with the attaches about the office, where he is a runner, he being treated to candies, nuts, etc., by the other prisoners who are in the outside office.

Danny was bright and apparently cheerful after his first night behind the grim walls where he will remain about twenty years, unless sooner pardoned. His old shoes have been replaced with a pair of heavy kind that the prisoners wear. His measurement has been taken and is about as small as the Bertillion officer ever recorded, although there have been other boys in the prison as young as Danny.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c. Leading stores.

Renewal of Fishing Excursion Rates.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railway will put in effect the following rates:

Deerwood and return, going Friday and Saturday, return Monday	$2 85
Deerwood and return, going any day, return thirty days	3 80
Sturgeon Lake and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	1 50
Pine City and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	2 00

Eczema, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum, Tetter and Acne

Belong to that class of inflammatory and disfiguring skin eruptions that cause more genuine bodily discomfort and worry than all other known diseases. The impurities or sediments which collect in the system because of poor digestion, inactive Kidneys and other organs of elimination are taken up by the blood, saturating the system with acid poisons and fluids that ooze out through the glands and pores of the skin, producing an indescribable itching and burning, and the yellow, watery discharge forms into crusts and sores or little brown and white scabs that drop off, leaving the skin tender and raw. The effect of the poison may cause the skin to crack and bleed, or give it a scaly, fishy appearance; again the eruptions may consist of innumerable blackheads and pimples or hard, red bumps upon the face. Purification of the blood is the only remedy for these vicious skin diseases. Washes and powders can only hide for a time the glaring blemishes. S. S. S. eradicates all poisonous accumulations, antidotes the Uric and other acids, and restores the blood to its wonted purity, and stimulates and revitalizes the sluggish organs, and the impurities pass off through the natural channels and relieve the skin. S. S. S. is the only guaranteed purely vegetable blood purifier. It contains no Arsenic, Potash or other harmful mineral.

SSS

"I can cheerfully endorse your S. S. S. as a cure for Eczema. I was troubled with it for 25 years and tried many remedies with no good effects, but after using a few bottles of S. S. S. was entirely relieved. Wm. Campbell, 313 W. Central St., Wichita, Kan.

Write us about your case and our physicians will advise without charge. We have a handsomely illustrated book on skin diseases, which will be sent free to all who wish it. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS

THE CHURCH AT ANTIOCH IN SYRIA

International Sunday School Lesson For May 4, 1902.

Acts 11:19-30: "They therefore that were scattered abroad upon the tribulation that arose about Stephen traveled as far as the Phoenicia, and Cyprus, and Antioch, speaking the word to none save only to Jews. But there were some of them, men of Cyprus and Cyrene, who, when they were come to Antioch, spake unto the Greeks also, preaching the Lord Jesus Christ. And the hand of the Lord was with them; and a great number that believed turned unto the Lord. And the report concerning them came to the ears of the church which was in Jerusalem; and they sent forth Barnabas as far as Antioch; who, when he was come, and had seen the grace of God, was glad; and he exhorted them all, that with purpose of heart they would cleave unto the Lord; for he was a good man, and full of the Holy Ghost and of faith, and much people was added unto the Lord. And he went forth to Tarsus to seek for Saul; and when he had found him, he brought him unto Antioch. And it came to pass, that even for a whole year they were gathered together with the church, and taught much people; and that the disciples were called Christians first at Antioch.

"Now in these days there came down prophets from Jerusalem unto Antioch. And there stood up one of them named Agabus, and signified by the Spirit that there should be a great famine over all the world; which came to pass in the days of Claudius. And the disciples, every man according to his ability, determined to send relief unto the brethren that dwelt in Judea; which also they did, sending it to the elders by the hand of Barnabas and Saul."

Golden Text:—"The hand of the Lord was with them; and a great number believed and turned unto the Lord."—Acts 11:21.

PREACHING THE LORD JESUS.

After Stephen had been stoned to death, there followed a severe persecution of those who believed in Jesus as the Christ. Most of them except the apostles fled from Jerusalem and found refuge in going from place to place. They were not idle, however, for they occupied themselves in preaching the gospel. They went up into Phoenicia and over the short stretch of sea to the island of Cyprus, as well as to other parts.

Phoenicia has a long and varied history. It passed successively under the domination of Egypt, Babylonia, Assyria, Persia and Greece. Tradition says that the Phoenicians furnished the world with its first alphabet. The land lies in a narrow strip to the north of Mount Carmel, and consists of the fertile country along the shore, and of the mountain range that rises abruptly in the rear. It has a number of small rivers that empty into the Mediterranean, and there are several cities along the coast, some of which were of great importance in the ancient world. The inhabitants were merchants, and only became warriors to defend their commercial interests, and, in response to the needs of the Persians for a navy, when they turned their ability at navigation to warlike purposes in the interest of their rulers.

Through its chief city this country was destined to take a place of leadership in the spiritual as well as commercial welfare of the world. The disciples who were scattered from Jerusalem went even as far as Antioch in their zealous efforts to proclaim the gospel; but they limited their efforts to preaching to Jews. Certain men of Cyprus and Cyrene, however, overleaped the exclusiveness that characterized the work of the Jerusalemites. They boldly preached the gospel to the gentiles. Perhaps the men who did this were proselytes to Juraism, and did not feel the exclusiveness that characterized the born and bred Jews. At any rate, it seems very fortunate that they, so early in the history of the faith, saw that Christ's salvation is sufficient for all people of whatever race or nationality. Antioch was a place where the representatives of all manner of peoples had congregated, and they needed the moral influence that the gospel could give them.

In the first ceutnry Antioch was accounted the third city in the world, Rome being first and Alexandria second. It was a beautiful city, rendered so by the natural scenery as well as by the artificial decorations. The street of Herod was four and a half miles long and had an arcade on either side under which one could walk the entire distance. Its water supply was as fine as that of any modern city, and its streets were lighted with public lamps. It was a city of great wealth, and also of congested wickedness, for the vices of the whole world seem to have found this metropolis a common breeding place. In dilating upon the wickedness of Rome, Juvenal satirically remarked that the Orontes had flowed into the Tiber, meaning that the vices of the city upon the Orontes had been poured into the city upon the Tiber. The very religion of Antioch had ministered to increase its wickedness. The groves of Daphne, celebrated in all the world for their luxury and beauty, were really the resort of licentiousness and the womb of unnamable evils. Among the many elements of social degradation to be found there, there was one strong element of social purity, and that was the large, Jewish population, which everywhere conserved the best traditions of a race notable through all its history for the strength of its moral and social character.

To this Jewish population came the representatives of the new religion sect that had so stirred the city of Jerusalem. The synagague became the center for the dissemination of the gospel to all who would receive it. To both Jew and Gentile Jesus was preached with great earnestness. No doubt these heralds followed the example that had been previously set for them, and proclaimed Jesus to be Lord of all and Savior for all. The preaching was greatly blessed by the Father, whose hand is said to have been with them. Success in spiritual work is a sign of the Lord's approval. Any prosperity looking toward the service of the kingdom of God is to be accounted a sign of the Lord's favor. It is said of the child John, who became the famous baptist, that the hand of the Lord was with him. The Lord's approval was in this instance set unmistakably upon people to accept the gospel.

CLEAVE UNTO THE LORD.

The Jerusalem church was interested in every step of progress made by the early church. Whenever anything unusual occurred in the exnerience of the rapidly spreading adherents of the faith, that fact was usually reported to the brethren at Jerusalem, and they assumed a sort of directive oversight to guaratnee the proper development of the new converts and communities. Accordingly, a delegation was sent to Antioch to ascertain the genuineness and orderliness of the reported triumphs of the gospel. The selection of Barnabas to perform this mission indicates the existence of a sympathetic spirit toward the new believers. He was himself a Cypriote and belonged to the liberal element in the church. It is worthy of note that an apostle was not sent on this mission. Perhaps the action to send some one was taken by the church itself rather than by the apostles, and it may be that Barnabas was an officer of the church.

Barnabas was glad to find that the reports that had come to Jerusalem about the work in Antioch had not been exaggerated, but that a really splendid work had been done by the volunteer workers that had gone there. The form of expression that describes the pleasure of Barnabas at what he found sugggests that he had been in some doubt whether the conversions reported were genuine or not. His pleasure was that which every earnest Christian takes in the prosperity of the Lord's work.

Barnabas took up the work earnestly, exhorting the believers that with thorough consecration they should cleave unto the Lord. The expression "purpose of heart" indicated the idea that their hearts were to be set before the Lord even as in the old temple the shew bread was set before the Lord as an offering to him. The idea in the word "cleave" is the same that we find in two other familiar expressions, namely, in John 15:4, where Jesus said "Abide in me," and in Matthew 15:32, where Jesus declared that he had compassion on the multitude because they continued with him three days without anything to eat. It indicates a close and constant companionship with Jesus and the inner spiritual fellowship with him that Paul signifies by his expression to "live in Christ."

The fact that Barnabas was a good man and full of the Holy Ghost and of faith is given as a reason why he appreciated the work of the Lord and was so successful in doing his part to carry it forward. True goodness is essential to success in the Lord's work, no difference what part of the work one may be doing. Sometimes a person of improper character has a sort of success for a time, but the revelation of his true character is sure to affect the permanence of the work already done and to ruin all hope for future success. Genuine spiritual character makes an appeal to the human heart that nothing else can possibly make. In such character love is always an impelling factor. It sees the chance of goodness in others and has a remarkable faculty of calling it into actual exercise. It does not nag one with criticism, but inspires with its sweet helpfulness.

A new center of Christian propagandism was thus established. The evangelization of the Gentiles demanded this, because, from its association with Judaism Jerusalem was too conservative to intiate the necessary movement for the world's evangelization. The strength of the Jerusalem church was in its adherence to the higher spiritual truths of the Jewish faith; but this very strength led easily to a weakness, for it was but a step from devotion to the real spirituality of the old faith to the requirement that all who desired entrance into the new church should observe the forms of Judaism. But Jesus had found a new faith, and it was destined to be independent of the faith that had prepared the way for it.

A NEW NAME.

In the Providence of God, not only a new center, but also a new man had been provided for the express purpose of furthering the interests of the faith. Barnabas knew who this man was. It was Barnabas who had been the first in Jerusalem to welcome Saul to the disciples' company after the conversion of that arch-persecutor. He had done this when all the others were afraid to have anything to do with him. Perhaps at that time, or in the course of the subsequent friendship, Saul had told him what the Lord had said to Ananias when he bade him go and confer with the stricken Saul, "For he is a chosen vessel unto me, to bear my name before the Gentiles and kings, and the children of Israel." Perhaps he had also been told how Saul had been made to give up his plans to preach to the Jews by the persecution of his fellow countrymen and by the Lord's voice, saying, "Depart, for I will send thee forth far hence unto the Gentiles." The man who had a passionate desire to try to convert his own fellow countrymen was destined to turn that same passion to the evangelization of the Gentile world. Barnabas, realizing the superior fitness of Saul, started for Tarsus to bring him to his great task. It is a high privilege for any man to be able to call another to his life work.

Saul and Barnabas spent an entire year in their efforts at Antioch. Their work was eminently successful, and at that place and time the name "Christian" was first applied to the followers of Jesus. They had previously been called "Nazarenes" or "Those of the way," and had called themselves "Disciples," "Believers" and "Brethren." They did not call themselves "Christians," because they assumed that their fellow countrymen of the Jews were looking for a Christ and in the prophetic sense they were as truly Christians as were the believers in Jesus. It was only when the church had gotten clearly beyond the Jewish stage that its members were called Christians to designate them as the followers of Jesus Christ. In Antioch it is doubtful if even a majority of the believers were Jews, and it is probable that the new name was bestowed by the Gentiles because they heard the word "Christ" used so many times in the services and conversation of the believers. Agrippa later on used the word "Christian" in this same sense, and, before the Neronian persecution it was the common name in Rome to designate the believers. It also quickly became the current designation for them in Asia Minor. The first church called out of Paganism was the first to bear it. Julian, the apostate, later on forbade the use of the word and commanded that believers be called "Galileans," but his order availed nothing. The name was born to live and could not be crushed out by any dictatorial flat.

There seems to have been no intimation in this first year's ministry of Barnabas and Saul at Antioch that Gentiles had to become Jews in order to become good Christians. Without making themselves amenable to Jewish law, the Antiochan Christians, however, manifested the true spirit of Christ by their ready response to the needs of the Christians at Jerusalem. A company of voluntary visitors from Jerusalem came to the Antioch church, and one of them prophecied a famine that would be very extensive and affect Judea. At once the new converts gave the best possible evidence of faith and consecration by making a contribution, according to the several ability of each member, to support their brethren in Jerusalem, who were about to be in such distress. "By their fruits ye shall know them" is a maxim of Scripture that was fully exemplified at Antioch.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

FOUND A FATHER

Not Heard From In Thirty-Two Years.

Tahlequah, I. T., May 2.—Up at Pryor Creek a few days ago a story came to light which is unusually interesting, wherein Mrs. Minnie Hern, a lady of that town, finds her father after a separation of thirty-two years. James B. Mulligan, of New York, was a colonel of a regiment of United States troops stationed at Fort Smith, Ark., soon after the civil war. In a short time after Col. Mulligan's arrival at his new post he became infatuated with a comely maiden thereabouts and wooed and won her. They were married and happiness was their lot. A sweet little girl came into their household to gladden and brighten their hearts, but when the little one was about 2 years old her father was ordered East and his regiment. This caused him in some manner unknown to lose sight of his wife and child. Mrs. Mulligan waited long and patiently for her husband's return, but her hopes and anticipations were in vain; the happiest desires of her heart were never realized. Several years afterwards she received a letter from Governor Stone of Arkansa stating that her husband was dead, and with this news her last ray of hope fled forever. She married Louis Roberts, who acquitted himself with honor by his asistance in rearing little Minnie into a sweet and modest young womanhood. She assumed the name of her stepfather, and was known to the whole Cherokee Nation as Minnie Roberts, and was loved and admired by all who knew her. She married and was soon separated from her stepfather and mother, who afterwards died.

A short time ago she was discussing the probable fate of her father with an old-time friend, John C. Duncan, of Tahlequah, and requested him to make such investigation as he deemed expedient to develop the fact whether or not her father left an estate in New York. On receipt of a letter, in reply to one written to Mayor Seth Low, of New York city, to the delightful surprise of all interested, James B. Mulligan proved to be alive and residing at No. 201 East Thirteenth street, borough of Manhattan.

Mrs. Hern, who is now 34 years old, the mother of three bright little girls, and living with her second husband, is overjoyed with the good news of her father's existence, and steps will be taken at once to effect a happy reunion of father and daughter.

DEEDED THEIR BOY.

Divorced Couple Made Him Over to Uncle.

Henderson, Ky., May 2.—An unusual document has been filed for record in the county clerk's office, whereby a boy is transferred just as if he were a piece of realty.

The boy in question is the son of former Paducahans, who were divorced here several years ago.

The peculiar document is worded as follows:

"Whereas, W. A. Tibbs and Florence Walters were at one time husband and wife, and had born to them a child named George, now 13 years old, on the 26th of April, 1902, and, whereas, above named parents were divorced from each other by a decree of the McCracken circuit court several years ago, and said child has lived with, been controlled and cared for by his uncle, George W. Tibbs, of the city of Henderson, who still desires to keep, raise and educate said child and qualify him for the duties of life and good citizenship, and to accomplish said object the said W. A. Tibbs and Mrs. Florence Walters, parties of the first part, do hereby relinquish all right in and to said child, George Tibbs, to keep, control, raise and educate said child in moral and religious and useful courses until he, the said child shall have attained his majority, free from the possession, care or control of said parties of first part, and said G. W. Tibbs binds himself to treat said child kindly and humanely as though said child was his son.

"Given under our hands this 27th day of March, 1902."

Canadian Pacific Steamers.

Leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. Sundays, Tuesdays or Fridays, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, direct connection is made with the Canadian Pacific steamers at Sault Ste. Marie for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and all points East.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price all Cents | Purely Vegetable

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

Jap Rose (TRADE MARK) Soap

one-sixth pure glycerin-- the best for the toilet that human skill can produce.

A better is impossible tho' you pay a dollar a cake for it.

Use it for toilet and bath.

Use it on the hair.

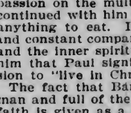
Skin and hair will be as soft and smooth as silk.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

Kirk's Rain Water Maker—Softens the Hardest Water
Send ten cents postage for free sample

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Dullness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked, leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P.O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

OLD SEA DOG

Is Appointed a Road Viewer In Indiana.

Indianapolis, May 2.—Rear Admiral Brown, U. S. A., retired, is now posing as a road viewer, and is a good one. Recently he wandered into the county auditor's office, where he met Commissioner McGregor, who remarked: "Out of work?"

"Yes," responded the rear admiral, "and looking for a job."

"Then I'll have you appointed a road viewer," and the commissioner was as good as his word, and the rear admiral soon found himself a member of a road viewing board, with Archibald Hanna and Peter Blank, horny-handed farmers, as his compatriots.

This week the board acted upon an extension of a roadway in Decatur township, which had arqused considerable bitterness among owners of adjacent farms, because a question of drainage was involved.

"I'm glad I was appointed," said the rear admiral. "You see, there is a question of water involved, and I ought to know something about water. Besides, there is a little friction and we ought to settle that. I think these road questions of grave importance, because they involve friendships. They ought to be settlmently, and that's what we're trying to do."

The old sea dog is said to show admirable tact in dealing with the vexatious question, and is adding to his reputation as a seaman, diplomat and story-teller additional honors by his services in road-making.

RETICENT.

Admiral Remey Will Say But Little About Philippines.

New York, May 2.—Rear Admiral Remey, who arrived here yesterday on the Brooklyn after a tour of sea duty in the far East, was interviewed on the conditions in the Philippines. He said: "I have no actual news to bring from the Philippines. Of the stories of alleged cruelties and the injection of the natives to the so-called 'water cure,' I have no personal knowledge. What I may have heard I should not care to give for publication because of the possibility of being called before the committee of the senate now investigating the charges.

"Concerning general conditions in the islands, Gen. Chaffee told me before I left that things were progressing satisfactorily—slowly, but surely—and that pacification was only a matter of time. Talk of the withdrawal of the United States from the Philippines is based on an inaccurate and incomplete knowledge of the conditions out there. This country could not withdraw. Chaos would be the result. My observations have convinced me that the natives are not capable of self-government yet. They need a guiding hand and now that we have undertaken the task we cannot for the sake of humanity withdraw until the work is completed."

NO DEFINITE RESULTS.

Copenhagen, May 1.—The secret session of the landsthing today was not productive of definite action regarding the Danish West Indies treaty, but a vote taken at the close of the sitting, indicated a determination on the part of the majority, to postpone ratification of the treaty till after a plebiscite of the islands has been taken.

MARTINELLI RECALLED.

Philadelphia, May 1.—Cardinal Martinelli, apostolic delgate to the United States, stated today that he had been recalled to Rome by Pope Leo XIII.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

NOTICE.—
To All Whom it May Concern:

Take notice that the Granite Savings Bank and Trust Company, a corporation, has made application to the undersigned Judge of the district court of the Eleventh judicial district, under the provisions of Chapter 42, "1894, General Statutes of Minnesota," and acts amendatory thereof, for a deed of so much of lots 52 and 54, on East Clifton street, in that part of Duluth formerly called Portland, as lies within lots one (1) and two (2), in block nineteen (19), Portland Division of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, acording to the recorded plat thereof; and all persons claiming any right, title or interest in said lots are hereby summoned and required to be and appear before the undersigned judge of said district court, at the special term of said court to be held at the court room in the city of Duluth, Minn., on the 17th day of May, 1902, at the opening of said court on said day, at which time and place, said petition will be heard, to then and there be heard in reference to their claim, title, interest and right in and to said lots above described, and any objection which they may have why a deed should not be granted to said petitioner as prayed in its petition.

It is further ordered, that this notice be published in The Evening Herald, one in each week for three successive weeks prior to the date of hearing said petition.

Dated Duluth, Minn., this 25th day of April, 1902.

HOMER B. DIBELL,
Judge of the District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-25-May-2-9-1902.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

A Perfect Food Drink

"Figprune" made from the choicest fruits and cereals grown in California.

Possesses a delicate flavor

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no oder. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

WHEAT IS WEAKER

Market Is Erratic, Moving Up and Down Throughout Session.

Cables Higher and the Crop News Generally Bullish.

Cash Situation at Duluth Very Strong---Flax Has Bulge.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 2.—The wheat market was a good scalping one this morning for those who were lucky enough to hit it right, but it was erratic enough to keep one guessing. It was inclined to weakness after the opening, but steadied later, and then moved up and down, finally closing weak.

The cash situation in the Duluth market was very strong. No. 1 northern advancing to July price, as compared with a close of 3c under yesterday and 5c under the day before. No. 2 northern also stiffened to 2c under No. 1 northern, an advance of 1c. No. 3 was 1c stronger at 2c under.

The news of the day was rather bullish. The Liverpool market was 1½@2d higher, and Antwerp was 1c higher. The weather in the spring wheat country was very unfavorable to seeding and from the winter wheat country there was a continuance of damage reports.

Primary receipts of wheat were 336,000 bus, last year 383,000 bus. Shipments, 225,000 bus; last year 963,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 447,000 bus. Bradstreet reports exports of the week as 5,368,155 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market was very weak, declining 1½c. Oats also declined, dropping 3c. Primary receipts of corn were 221,000 bus, last year, 501,000 bus. Shipments, 377,000 bus, last year, 405,000 bus. Clearances were 460 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of 128,679 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 248 cars, and at Chicago 41, a total of 292 cars, against 154 last week and 260 last year.

Trading in wheat was fairly active and the market inclined to sag, although it stiffened to yesterday's close several times. The opening of July was unchanged at 77¼c. It sold at 77⅝c at 9:33, fell to 77¼c at 10:20, sold at 77⅛c at 10:47, dropped again to 77⅛c at 11:03 and then rallied to 77⅜c at 11:12.

From that point there was a reaction to 77⅛c at 11:30, and then it jumped to 77⅝c at 12:25, falling back to 77¼c within fifteen minutes and closing at 77c, a decline of 1c. Chicago declined ⅜c and Minneapolis, ⅝c.

Cash sales were 5000 bus.

There was no trading in May flax, but the close was at an advance of 2c. The full price was strong. September closing 1c up and October 3½c up. Cash oats and the September option both declined 2⅛c.

Following are the closing prices:

The close: Wheat, cash, 1 hard, 80c; 1 northern, 77c; 2 northern, 75c; 3 spring, 73c. To arrive—1 hard, 80c; 1 northern, 77c; May, 77¼c; July, 77c; September, 75c. Minneapolis: 1 northern, cash, 76c; May, 76c; 2 northern, 73½c. Oats, 43¼c; September, 30½c. Rye, 54½c. Flax to arrive, $1.77; cash, $1.77; May, $1.77; September, $1.42; October, $1.38. Corn, 61½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 19; last year, 4; corn, 1; oats, 2; flax, 7. Receipts—Wheat, 6257 bus; oats, 1343 bus; flax, 7795 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 53,081 bus; oats, 2029 bus; barley, 1000 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.
No. 1 northern wheat, 2,000 bus $0.78⅛
No. 1 northern, 809 bus 77½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Varying Weather Sets Wheat Bulls Buying Again.

Chicago, May 2.—Too much rain in the spring wheat country, too little in Kansas and strong English cables sent wheat bulls to buying again at the opening today. July started a shade to ⅛@¼c higher at 77c to 77¼c and touched 77¼c. One of the principal bull arguments, however, (that of the unwonted strength yesterday at Minneapolis) was absent and as the outside markets began to decline prices here followed. Trade was fairly active, with commission houses best buyers. Liquidation soon brought July down to 76¾c. Local receipts 41 cars, 2 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth were much improved at 248 cars, making a total for the three points of 292 cars, against 124 last week and 290 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 1,042,000 bus, compared to 920,000 bus last year.

Wheat pursued a very erratic course after the first hour. Gossip of a possible decrease to 25 per cent of a Kansas crop and a good cash business pulled July prices up to 77¼c, after they had touched 76¾c. The corn slump, however, had a depressing influence and liquidation pushed July down again to a weak close, ⅜c lower at 76½@76¾c.

July corn opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 63¼c to 63⅝@63¾c on unresponsive cables and reports of seasonable weather for corn growth. Trade was not large but prices slid off rapidly under the influence of the bearish sentiment and freer country offerings. July soon sold at 62⅜@63c. Receipts were improved at 184 cars.

Liberal country offerings, warm weather and a continued dull trade pressed hard on corn. Wheat buoyed it up for a time and July rallied to 63⅝c but the close was weak, 1⅜c lower at 62⅛@62½c.

Oats were easier on the corn influence and fair selling. Trade was light. July opened ⅛c lower at 37⅛c and declined to 36⅝c. Receipts were 184 cars.

Provisions showed considerable strength on a light run of hogs at the yards and consequently higher prices. In view of the fact that many livestock commission men have feared a possible break in the livestock market because of trust agitation, shippers have been advised not to send in stocks. This is thought to account for the light runs. Provision stocks also were much lighter than had been expected. Trade was light but advances were made. July pork opened 7½c to 12½c up at $17.05 to $17.10 and sold at $17.30, easing later to $17.15; July lard 2½c to 5c up at $10.12½ to $10.15 and touched $10.22½, and July ribs 7½c higher at $9.57½.

Close, wheat, May, 75¾@77½c; July, 76½@76¾c; September, 73¾@74¾c; December, 77¼c. Corn, May, 60¾c; July, 62½@62¼c; September, 61⅜c; December, 47¾c; May, 1903, 48½c. Oats, May, 43¼c; July, 34⅝c; new, 36⅜c; September, 29¾c; new, 31⅝@31¾c; December, 29¾c; new, 32¼c. Pork, May, $16.80; July, $17.02½. Lard, May, $10.07½; July, $10.15; September, $10.22½@10.25; October, $10.25. Ribs, May, $9.42½; July, $9.30; September, $9.27½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.79; Southwestern, $1.67; May, $1.69; September, $1.40; October, $1.36. Rye, May, 53½c; July, 53¼c. Barley, 44@51c. Timothy seed, prime, $3.40. Timothy, September, $3.00. Cash, wheat, No. 2 red, 81½@83½c; No. 3 red, 81½@83½c; No. 2 hard winter, 77½@78½c; No. 3 hard winter, 76½c; No. 1 northern spring, 77½@78½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75½@76½c; No. 3 spring, 73½@75½c. Corn, No. 3, 61¼@61¾c. Oats, No. 2, 42½@43c; No. 3, 42@42½c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: This market is fairly active, but unsatisfactory. Reports of importance have yet fallen in Kansas, although showers there are predicted during the present twenty-four hours. Our advices from that state are growing steadily worse and at present juncture do not seem to indicate half a crop. Rain is also needed in Nebraska. In the Northwest, heavy rains have fallen in the past twenty-four hours, still further delaying seeding in an important area. Snow's report says that with the exception of Oklahoma, every state of importance east of the Rockies, shows from two to ten points lower than April 1. Bradstreet makes the clearances for the week 2,900,000. The indications for a fair cash business for the day. The above conditions would seem to indicate a bullish government report ahead of us and with a healthy position in respect to supply and demand we see nothing to make materially lower prices, and materially higher prices seem not unlikely. It does not seem as though the next crop of wheat could in any event be a bumper crop.

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Snow's weekly crop report says: Recent rains have checked wheat deteriorating cast of the Missouri river, and present conditions of growth are fairly satisfactory. Kansas has not yet received sufficient rainfall and the outlook is not improving. With the exception of Oklahoma every state of importance east of the Rocky mountains shows a condition from 2 to 10 points lower than on April 1. California maintains its promise and Oregon and Washington have improved. Spring wheat seeding is delayed in the Red River valley, but elsewhere conditions are generally satisfactory. The acreage is likely to be smaller than last year. Corn land is in excellent shape and the crop is being planted and is starting under good conditions, with the acreage materially increased.

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The following comes from Fargo, N. D.: The situation in the valley is certainly very discouraging. With a large amount of plowing to be done and the continued wet weather. It will be impossible to commence work for ten days, and it will be nearer two weeks before seeding can be general. The ground is soft and it will take good spell of spring weather to put it into condition, wheat acreage will be very materially reduced and there will be a large acreage that will not be seeded to anything. I regard the situation as very serious.

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Modern Miller.—Most of the winter wheat territory east of the Rocky mountains has been favored with bountiful rains, except the state of Kansas, where the rainfall continues deficient. The crop prospects generally have improved in the sections where the moisture was plentiful. The condition of crops is worse in Kansas and the Southeast. The movement of wheat to market is small and the supplies in sight are rapidly being reduced.

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Ryeroff, of Chicago.—Foreign markets are very firm and continue to bid for cash wheat. Our limits are raised again today and are right in line with the market. There is decidedly too much rain in the Northwest where dry weather is needed for seeding and there is no moisture in Kansas where crop is suffering from drouth. The general situation looks healthy and I believe in buying on all weak spots.

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Broomhall cables: The present visible supply of wheat in the chief ports of Argentine today is 700,000 bus, a year ago, 2,244,000 bus; corn, today, 184,000 bus; last year 1,064,000 bus. The Argentine wheat markets continue firm in tone with good demand for export. Arrivals from interior are small and the quality continues satisfactory. The tone of the corn market is easy, with small export demand. Arrivals from the interior are small and satisfactory as regarding condition.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 2.—Wheat, May, 81¼c; July, 82c. Corn, May, 67⅝c; July, 67¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 2.—Close: Wheat, May, 75⅝c; July, 76¾c. On track, No. 1 hard, 79c; No. 1 northern, 63⅝@77c; No. 2 northern, 75¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77¼B	76¼	75⅝-¾	82A
High	77⅜B	76¾	76¼	82⅜-½
Low	76½B	75⅝	75⅜	81⅝
Close	77B	75⅝	75⅜-½	81¾A
July—				
Open	77½B	76⅞	77-⅛	82¼
High	77⅝	77¼-⅝	77½	82⅜
Low	77B	76⅝	76⅝-½	81⅞
Close	77B	76½	76½-⅝	82A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	...35	63½@⅝	$17.07
High	...35⅛-¼	63½	17.10
Low	...34⅝	62¾-¼	17.00
Close	...34⅜	62½-¾	17.02

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 2.—Wheat, spot No. 1 northern spring, steady, 6s 5d; No. 1 California, quiet, 6s 4½d. Futures, quiet, May, 6s 2d; July, 6s 1½d; September, 6s 3½d. Corn, spot steady. American mixed new, 5s 8d; American mixed old, 5s 9d. Futures quiet. July, 5s 2½d; October, 5s 1¾d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 191,000 centals, including 80,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days 30,600 centals.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 2.—Cattle, receipts 1000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $6.75@7.20; poor to medium, $4.50@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.00; cows, $1.40@5.75; heifers, $2.25@6.40; canners, $1.40@2.40; bulls, $2.25@5.40; calves, $2.00@5.00; Texas steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs, receipts, 18,000; tomorrow, 12,000; left over, 5150. 10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.15; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.30; rough heavy, $6.85@7.05; light, $6.60@6.85; bulk of sales, $6.90@7.10. Sheep, receipts, 4000. Sheep, steady. Lambs, lower. Good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.10; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $5.00@6.10; native lambs, $4.75@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.50. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 7139; hogs, 27,935; sheep, 7929. Shipments—Cattle, 2973; hogs, 4099; sheep, 3125.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report an immense outlet of the better grades of horses. Heavy drafters and delivery horses had the best run. Farm mares and the inferior grades being greatly neglected. Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@225
Drafters, choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	...@...5
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	85@100

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.	
Creamery, fresh prints	25
Creamery, tubs	25
Dairies, fancy	20
Packing stock	18
EGGS.	
Fresh	16
CHEESE.	
Twins, full cream	15
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 11
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger, full cr m, choice	13
Primos	7
HONEY.	
New fancy white clover, Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	15 @ 16
Golden rod	12½@ 13
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14
MAPLE SUGAR.	
Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	11
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10
PEAS AND BEANS.	
Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90 @ 2 10
NUTS.	
Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13 13
Cocoanuts, per doz	60 @ 90
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8
FRUITS.	
Apples, per bbl	5 50 @ 6 50
Apples, per box	2 25
Aples, N. Y. varieties	6 50 @ 8 50
California pears, per box	50 @ 1 40
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	2 50
California lemons	3 00 @ 3 50
Bananas	2 25 @ 2 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	4 00 @ 4 25
Cranberries, bus boxes	2 50 @ 2 60
Strawberries, bus boxes	3 50 @ 3 75
per case	2 00 @ 2 25
VEGETABLES.	
Mushrooms	45
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	4 00
Beets, per 100	1 40
Carrots, per 100	1 35
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	3 00
Potatoes, per bus	1 00 @ 1 10
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 50 @ 2 75
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00
Turnips, per 100	70 @ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Oyster plant, per doz	55 @ 65
FRESH VEGETABLES.	
California celery, per bunch	1 00
Lettuce	90
Green onions, per doz	25
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 25
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	50 @ 60
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50 @ 60
Parsley, per doz	30
Pie plant, box	1 50 @ 1 75
New beets, dozen bunches	75
New carrots, dozen bunches	75
Shallots, doz bunches	65
Water cress, doz bunches	65
Spinach, per doz	1 00
Asparagus, per bunches	75 @ 85
New potatoes	2 75 @ 3 00
CIDER.	
Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00
POPCORN.	
Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3½@ 4
LIVE POULTRY.	
Hens	12½@ 13
Spring chickens	13
Geese	10
Turkeys	14 @ 15
Ducks	10
MEATS.	
Mutton	11
Lamb	11
Veal, good	7½
Veal, fancy	8
Dressed beef	6 @ 10
Hogs	6
Pork loins	12
Lard	10⅞
Lard, compound	8½

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 2.—Butter, steady. Creameries, 18@21½c; dairies, 17@20c. Cheese, steady. Twins, 12½@13c; daisies, 13c; young Americas, 13½c. Eggs, easy. At mark, cases included, 15c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 2.—Butter, receipts, 8402 packages. Firm. State dairy, 19@22c; state creamery, 20@22c; renovated, 18@21c; factory, 17@20c; imitation creamery, 18@21c. Cheese, receipts, 21,352 packages. Steady. State full creamery small early made fancy colored and white, 13½@13¾c; do large, 12¾@13c. Eggs, receipts, 9088 packages. Steady to firm. State and Pennsylvania, 17@19½c; Western at mark, 16¾@17¼c; Southern at mark, 15¾@16¾c.

THIS COOK DRIVES A MOOSE.

The game commissioners of this state are considering an interesting proposition at this time as a result of the discovery made by Warden Pollard, of Foxcroft, on a recent trip to Chesuncook lake, writes the Bangor correspondent of the New York Sun.

The warden visited the lumber camp of W. H. Emery, of Gardiner. There he found that the camp cookee had the strangest draft animal in all Maine, which he used to take the dinners of the crew from the camp to the scene of their labors a mile or more away.

It was a big bull moose, which had been captured by the crew and which he had broken to harness. The game law of Maine makes it illegal to have moose in one's possession during the close time, which begins on Dec. 1 and close son Oct. 15.

The question troubling the commissioners and the warden is this: Does the law contemplate live as well as dead moose? The commissioners have not yet settled the matter to their own satisfaction, but are inclined to believe that the law includes live moose.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it. advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is

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DECLINE IN STOCKS

Buying of Specialties Early But Trend Was Downward.

Selling Became Urgent Later and Decline Was Rapid.

Closing Unsettled and at About Lowest Figures.

New York, May 2.—There were some striking declines in the opening dealings including a number of important stocks but the majority of prices were higher. Louisville was listed 3 points. Detroit Southern rose 1⅝. Pennsylvania was active, 4800 shares selling at 154¼ to 154⅝, compared with 153⅞ last night. The dealings were of only moderate proportions.

There was aggressive buying of a few specialties but the general trend was downward. Colorado Fuel declined below 30 and there were losses of 1 to 1½ in Northwestern preferred, New York, New Haven & Hartford and Chicago Terminal preferred. Illinois Central advanced 1¼ and the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville shares gained 2⅝@3 with some reactions. Louisville & Nashville fell back over a point and Detroit Southern more than lost its opening gain. Chicago & Eastern Illinois rose 2 and Keokuk & Des Moines 4 points. New ork Air Brake lost 4¾ to 161, rallied to 166 and yielded 2 points again. International Power opened 3 points lower at par, fell to 85 on the next sale and rallied to 90. Towards 11 o'clock Sugar was bid 125⅞ and there was an improvement in St. Paul which benefited active stocks somewhat.

The market gave way under a heavy selling movement all around which put sugar, Illinois Central and Pennsylvania under yesterday's control. Louisville & Nashville lost all but ¼ per cent of its 1 point gain but rallied 1⅝, and many prominent stocks suffered large losses. The selling was largely directed against St. Paul, Colorado Fuel and the coalers, which fell between 1 and 2¾ points. Many other stocks in various departments lost 1 to 2 points. Pullman dropped 5 and New Haven 4. Anaconda improved 1. American District Telegraph and International Silver 3⅞. Bonds were easier at noon.

Louisville & Nashville rose buoyantly to 158, which was 5½ over last night. The rally reached 1 to 1½ in St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Brooklyn Transit, Sugar and Colorado Fuel, but was not well held. The market became dull and then sagged again, Louisville & Nashville reacting 1½. Long Island advanced 2¾ and the Locomotive stocks 1 and 2 points. The market was intensely dull and the movements unimportant outside of Louisville & Nashville which rose anew to 159¾. The stock money rates current dampened bull speculation. Tennessee Coal sold off 1½ and the Pacifics were under pressure again. At 2 International Power sold up to 1-2, compared with 85, the lowest of the morning and 103 yesterday's close.

The selling became urgent and the decline once was precipitated. The range of the declines extending to 2 and 3 points in many important stocks. There were a few spasmodic recoveries, but the closing was decidedly unsettled and weak at about the lowest.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Copper	66⅝	65	65⅜
Am. Car & Foundry	30	29	29
Atchison, T. & S. F.	83⅝	78	78⅜
do pfd	98¾	97½	97½
Baltimore & Ohio	103½	102	102⅛
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	69¾	67½	67⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	47⅝	46⅝	46¾
Chicago & Alton	37⅞	36½	36½
Col. F. & I.	106⅝	102¾	102¾
Chi. Great Western, com	28¾	26⅜	27
Erie, com	39⅝	37½	37½
do 1st pfd	69⅝	69	69
do 2nd pfd	53¼	53¼	53¼
Great Northern, pfd	186	185½	185½
Louisville & Nashville	139¾	132⅝	134
Leather	13⅝	13	13
do pfd	85¼	84⅛	84½
Manhattan Con.	135¼	132¼	132½
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	60	57½	57½
do pfd	121⅞	121½	121½
Missouri Pacific	101¼	98¾	98⅞
New York Central	161¼	158	158½
Norfolk & Western	68¾	67¼	67¼
Ontario & Western	34¼	33¼	33⅝
Pennsylvania Ry	154⅞	152¾	153¾
Pacific Mail	42	41¼	41¼
People's Gas	105¾	103¾	103¾
Republic Iron and Steel.	19⅛	18¾	18¾
do pfd	74½	74	74
Reading	67¼	64½	65¼
do 1st pfd	86⅛	84½	84½
do 2nd pfd	72⅜	70	70½
Rock Island	179	175	175
Southern Ry	37⅞	36	36¾
do pfd	96¼	95¼	95½
Southern Pacific	67¼	65⅝	66⅛
Smelter	45⅛	44	44
do pfd	95¾	95¾	95¾
Sugar Refinery	125⅞	125½	125⅝
St. Paul	174½	170	171
T. C. & I.	70⅜	66½	67
Texas Pacific	42⅝	41¾	41½
Union Pacific	104⅞	101⅝	102⅝
do pfd	87⅞	87⅛	87⅝
U. S. Steel	42	41	41
do pfd	94	92¾	93⅜
Wabash	27	26	26¼
do pfd	45¾	43½	43½
Western Union	91⅞	91⅜	91⅝
Wisconsin Central	26⅝	25½	25⅝
do pfd	49	47¾	47¾
American Ice	19⅛	18¾	18¾
Metropolitan	151⅜	150¾	150¾

The total sales were 997,200 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

W. H. Laidley & Co.—The feeling that the outlook is for higher prices is stronger tonight than at any time since the bull movement started. It is pointed out that stocks have been sold for both long and short account on events and anticipations which have proved poor bear material such as stringency in money which the bankers say is not over; the action of clearing houses compelling trust companies to make statements is something which applies only to the future, and the threatened strike in the coal region which according to the well informed people will not occur. The action of Pennsylvania directors in increasing the dividends is important. Operators noted for their sagacity are a unit in saying that in a sense this is the most important thing that has happened in over a year. It knocks on the head the theory of many speculators that the decline of prosperity is over, that a period of depression is near. The Pennsylvania directors have a better knowledge of industrial conditions and prospects than any like body of men in the country. That they increased their dividend is taken as the best evidence of their confidence in the future of railroad and general business. The Gates crowd talk of much higher prices for People's Gas, which they have bought freely. The Gould interests is bullish on Missouri Pacific. Friends of Morgan and Keene advocate purchase of Readings and Heinz followers say that despite advance criticism, United Copper will sell before long above 40.

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Falk to Paine, Webber & Co.—The high rates for money will undoubtedly attract large out of town offerings and the rates will ease off considerably by Monday, unless the manipulation in the market is clearly in the hands of powerful interests favoring lower prices.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 2.—Close, money on call firm at 6@30 per cent; closed offered at 6 per cent; prime mercantile paper 4 @4¾ per cent; sterling exchange easier with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝ for demand and $4.83½@¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86@4½ and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85¾. Bar silver, 50¾c; Mexican dollars, 41c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds weak.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 305 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21½	22
Arcadian	4	4½
Allouez	3	3½
Atlantic	28	...
Anaconda	26½	27½
Amalgamated	65	65¾
Calumet and Hecla	535	540
Centennial	17	17¾
Copper Range	54	54½
Franklin	10½	11
Isle Royale	14	14½
Bingham	34½	35
Mass	17	17½
Mayflower	2	2½
National	...	1
Mohawk	34½	35
Michigan	9	9½
Old Colony	3	3½
Old Dominion	17	18
Osceola	61½	62
Parrot	24	24½
Phoenix	3	3½
Quincy	125	...
Rhode Island	2	2½
Santa Fe	3	3½
Tamarack	170	175
Tecumseh	1½	2
Trimountain	95	100
Utah	22	22½
Victoria	4½	5
Winona	2	2½
Wolverine	53	54
Wyandot	1	1¼
Elm River	3	3½
Trinity	12½	13
Dominion Coal	138	139
U. S. M.	20	21
Calumet and Arizona	...	60

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 2.—Cotton opened barely steady with prices unchanged to 5 points lower and sold off after the call under pressure from long cotton and bear efforts promoted by weak Liverpool cables and heavy port receipts. The recent severe declines appear to have undermined the confidence of the bull element. The New Orleans market did not respond to the weakness here and around 9.28 for July was a liberal buyer. Europe, too, bought cotton in New York on the break. Generally favorable crop and weather reports helped the bears here. All the early session 2 points was a regular and feverish. A light estimate for tomorrow's "Houston receipts" sent the shorts to cover and rallied July to 9.34, but the general selling forced the whole list off again.

Cotton spot closed quiet 1-16 lower; middling uplands, 9 11-16; middling gulf, 9 15-16; sales, none. Cotton futures closed steady; May, 935; June, 935; July, 933; August, 916; September, 856; October, 830; November, 821; December, 819; January, 919.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 2.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $158,812,670; gold, $93,914,696; silver, $19,295,066; United States notes, $8,840,401; treasury notes of 1890, $59,850; national bank notes, $8,935,218; total receipts this day, $1,755,778; total receipts this month, $3,433,779; total receipts this year, $467,662,049; total expenditures this day, $1,750,000; total expenditures this month, $3,370,000; total expenditures this year, $401,994,999; deposits in national banks, $121,430,189.

POSTAL JAWBRAKERS.

"We have some odd names for towns in this country," said a postal clerk at the Washington city postoffice to the Washington Post, "and I've heard them, and here are just a few: A. B. C., Bugg, Tug, Toy, Topsy, Ono, Catfish, Sunfish, Vim, Uz, Vox, Ivy, Tonga, Towns, Sweetlips, Xenophon, Reclamation, Blood, Toule, Log and Turtle.

"There may be pronounced without disclosing the voice was precipitated. The range of the declines extending to 2 and 3 points in many important stocks. There were a few spasmodic recoveries, but the closing was decidedly unsettled and weak at about the lowest.

"Llanfairpwilligwlngyle, Anglesey."

"No, this is not a lot of letters thrown promiscuously together, but is really the name of a town in Wales. Here are two more equally bewildering:

"'Llanflhanhel Talyllyn, Bwich, Breconshire.

"'Llanlnuwchllyn Bala, Merlonethshire.'

"They say that the Welsh language is about as hard as Russian, and it would appear that the assertion is not far out of the way, especially when it is remembered that the following words are the names of towns in the country from which the heir-apparent to the British throne derives his royal title:

"'Langwyllog,' 'Llwyndafydd,' 'Llandrillo-yn-Rhos,' 'Llansaintffraid,' and 'Llanymynech.'

"They do pretty well in Scotland, as the following two names will show: 'Tynholm Kirkcubbrightshire' and 'Tigh-na-bruich.'

"Now that Hawaii is a part of the United States, just try to pronounce these names of towns in the far-away islands: 'Honuaulaau,' 'Keanokeku,' 'Waiohinu,' 'Nalanae,' 'Honoululli,' and 'Laupahoehoe.

"Here are a few twisters in New Zealand:

"'Kaiwarauara,' 'Kaukapakapa,' 'Waimangaroa,' and 'Waiorougomai.'

"Some Australian names to the scratch cour-sgeously with these:

"'Yachandandah,' 'Wandiigong,' 'Yarramyarram' and 'Coonguimerang.'

"In South Africa may be found 'Ororoo' and 'Oodlawirra,' and in Cape Colony we have 'Teyatayaneng,' 'Umzimkulu' and 'Zubbrask.'

"In the Transvaal they have towns named 'Vrijlied,' and 'Piet Potgieters Rust;' in Natal, 'Izopo;' in Queensland, 'Bogantungun' and 'Goondiwindi,' and in British Guiana, 'Betervergawting' and 'Metenmeerzorg.'"

SIR JOHN KNEW POLITICS.

The recent death of the marquis of Dufferin and Ava has recalled to an old attache of McGill university, Montreal, an incident which happened when that nobleman was governor general of Canada, says the New York Times. His excellency, who was ex-officio visitor to McGill, gave an address to the university in Greek. Upon the platform were the late Sir John A. Macdonald and his right-hand man, Sir Hector Langevin. At the conclusion of Lord Dufferin's address, Sir John beckoned to the reporter of the leading daily paper present and said:

"Tell the people that his excellency spoke the most perfect Attic Greek."

"Why," interjected Sir Hector, who overheard the remark, "what do you know about Greek?"

"I don't know anything about Greek," was Sir John's rejoinder, "but I do know something about politics." And a few months afterward Sir John again became premier of Canada.

EQUAL TO THE ISSUE.

Booker T. Washington tells an amusing story of an old colored preacher who was endeavoring to explain to his congregation how it was that the children of Israel passed over the Red sea safely, while the Egyptians, who came after them, were drowned, says the Galveston News. The old man said: "My brethren, it was this way: When the Israelites passed over, it was early in the morning, while it was cold, and the ice was strong enough so that they went over all right; but when the Egyptians came along it was in the middle of the day, and the sun had thawed the ice so that it gave way under them and they were drowned." At this, a young man in the congregation, who had been away to school and had come home, rose and said: "I don't see how that explanation can be right, parson. The geography that I've been studying tells us that ice never forms under the equator, and the Red sea is nearly under the equator." "There, now," said the old preacher, "that's all right. I've been 'spectin' some of you smart Alecks would be askin' jest some such fool question. The time I was talkin' about was before they had any jogafries or 'quators, either."

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NEWS OF THE LAKES

Constitution Collides With Barge Jenney at the Sault.

Barge Considerably Injured But Will Proceed to Duluth.

Lake Built Steamer Minnetonka Passes Down St. Lawrence.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Constitution, up bound without cargo collided with the barge Jenney in leaving the canal this morning. Considerable damage was done to the plates on the port side of the Jenney and the vessel is leaking a good deal. She will proceed to Duluth, however, after making temporary repairs here.

GOING DOWN IN SECTIONS.

Cape Vincent, N. Y., May 2.—(Special to The Herald.)—The rear section of the lake built steamer Minnetonka bound for the Atlantic in two parts passed down the St. Lawrence today in tow of the tugs Escorst and Ariel

PRESIDENT TO CADETS

Executive Presents Diplomas to Graduating Class at Annapolis.

Extols the Navy In Address to the Graduates.

Various Annual Prizes Were Awarded to Winners.

Washington, May 2—President Roosevelt and party left here at 9 o'clock this morning for the United States Naval academy at Annapolis, where the president will deliver diplomas to the graduating class today. The party traveled in a special train over the Pennsylvania road, comprising the cars Olympia and Theodore. The train is scheduled to arrive at Annapolis shortly before 10 o'clock, and is due back about 5:30 o'clock this evening. With the president were Miss Roosevelt, Commander and Mrs. Cowles, Secretary Cortelyou, Representative Foss of Illinois, chairman of the house committee on naval affairs; Representative Burton of Ohio, Lieut. Commander De Faramond De La Fajole, the naval attache of the French embassy, and Dr. John F. Urie, the president's physician.

Annapolis, Md., May 2.—The special train conveying President Roosevelt and party to Annapolis to attend the graduating exercises at the naval academy arrived here at 9:45 o'clock this morning, over the Pennsylvania railroad. As the president alighted from the train he was received by Superintendent Wainwright and his aide, Lieut. H. J. Ziegemier. A battalion of marines, under command of Capt. Lucas, was drawn up at the station. The party proceeded in carriages to the academy grounds, the president going directly to the president's house, where there was a short wait to permit the assembling of the cadet battalion at the chapel. The day was most propitious, and the cadets in their uniforms presented a fine appearance.

The president walked across the campus to where the cadets were lined up, and passing down the line looked each cadet squarely in the face. He was then presented to the officers of the academy by Commander Wainwright. While this was going on the shore batteries fired the president's salute of twenty-one guns. At the sound of a bugle blast the cadets stacked guns and marched by fours to the chapel, where benediction was pronounced by the chaplain. In the meantime the president was shown to his seat on the platform, the battalion of cadets, the officers and others receiving the president standing. Commander Wainwright introduced Dr. George T. Winston, a member of the board of visitors, who delivered a short address, in which he spoke of the navy as being the most important factor in the country's history. He was loudly applauded when he referred to Dewey as the hero of Manila and Sampson the hero of Santiago, and at the conclusion of his remarks was congratulated by the president. A great crowd gathered around the grand stand where the cadets were to receive at the hands of the president the diplomas which would make them officers in the United States navy.

The graduating class discarded their guns and accoutrements and advanced close to the platform. President Roosevelt then addressed them, his remarks being frequently interrupted by applause. He said:

In receiving these diplomas you become men who above almost any others of the entire Union are to carry henceforth the ever-present sense of responsibility which must come with the knowledge that on some tremendous day it may depend upon your courage, your preparedness, your keen intelligence and knowledge of your profession whether or not the nation is again to write her name on the world's roll of honor or to know the black shame of defeat. We all of us earnestly hope that the occasion for war may never come, but if it has to come then this nation must win and the prime factor in securing victory over any foreign foe must of necessity be the United States navy. If the navy fails us then we are doomed to defeat no matter what may be our material wealth or the high average of our citizenship. It should, therefore, be an object of prime importance for every patriotic American to see that the navy is constantly built up and above all that it is kept to the highest point of efficiency both in material and in personnel. It cannot be too often repeated that in modern war and especially in modern naval war, the chief factor in achieving triumph is what has been done in the way of thorough preparation and training before the beginning of the war. It is what has been done before the outbreak of war that is all important. After the outbreak, all that can be done is to use to best advantage the great war engines, and the seamanship, marksmanship and general practical efficiency which have already been provided by the forethought of the national legislature and by the administrative ability through a course of years of the navy department. A battleship cannot be improvised. It takes years to build, and the skill of the officers and crew in handling it aright can likewise never be improvised, but must spring from use and actual sea service and from the most careful, zealous and systematic training. You, to whom I give these diplomas now join the ranks of the officers of the United States navy. You enter a glorious service, proud of its memories of renown. You must keep ever in your minds the thought of the supreme hour which may come when what you do will forever add to or detract from this renown. Some of you will have to do your part in helping construct the ships and the guns which you use. You need to bend every energy toward making these ships and guns in all their details the most perfect of their kind throughout the world. The ship must be seaworthy, the armament fitted for the best protection to guns and men, the guns in all their mechanism fit to do the greatest possible execution in the shortest possible time. Every detail, whether of protection to the gun crews, of rapidity and sureness in handling the ammunition and working the elevating and revolving gear or of quickness and accuracy in sighting, must be thought out far in advance and the thought carefully executed in the actual work. The best ships and guns and the most costly mechanism are utterly valueless if the men are not trained to use them to the utmost possible advantage. From now on throughout your lives there can be no slackness on your part. Your duty must be present with you, waking and sleeping. You have got to train yourselves and you have got to train those under you, in the actual work of seamanship, in the actual work of gunnery. If the day for battle comes you will need all that you possess of boldness, skill, determination, ability to bear punishment and instant readiness in an emergency. But though without these qualities you can do nothing, yet even with them you can do but little if you have not had the forethought and set purpose to train yourselves and the enlisted men under you aright. Officers and men alike must have the sea habit; officers and men alike must realize that in battle the only shots that count are the shots that hit and that normally the victory will lie with the side whose shots hit oftenest.

Seamanship and marksmanship—these must be the two prime objects of your training, both for yourselves and for the men under you."

At the conclusion of his address and distribution of the diplomas, the president requested that he be taken to the hospital where Cadet Emory S. Long, of Wyoming, a member of the graduating class, was lying ill. Sitting up in bed, the sick boy received his diploma from the president, who made a few appropriate remarks, in which he expressed the hope that he would soon be out. The president was then given an opportunity of witnessing the customary prank of the plebes throwing the graduation class out of quarters, which afforded a great deal of amusement.

Prizes were awarded to cadets as follows: For excellence in target practice with great guns: Frank D. Hall, Illinois, first prize, gold medal; Frank C. Martin, Illinois, second prize, silver medal; Clayton M. Zimmers, Pennsylvania, fourth prize, bronze medal; J. H. Blackburn, Massachusetts, third prize, silver medal; Walter G. Diamond, Massachusetts, fifth prize, bronze medal.

Niel E. Nichols, Michigan, captain and full back of last year's football team, and this year stroke of the academy crew, was accorded the honor of having his name engraved on the Thomas silver trophy cup for having done the best athletic work during the year at the academy; Emory S. Land, Wyoming, handsome sword for having done the most for athletics in the past year; Semmes Read, West Virginia, a special sword, as a testimonial of the athletics committee's appreciation of his excellence and personal influence in athletics; Francis S. Whitten, New Mexico, gold medal for being one of the champion fencers of the intercollegiate fencing tournament held in New York last March, and also a gold medal for being the champion cadet small swordsman; Gilbert J. Rowcliff, Illinois, silver madel, for being the best cadet cane fencer; Earl P. Finney, Winnebago, Wis., pair of binoculars as second prize for handling boat under sail.

CONCLUDED.

Twentieth Avenue Station Case Submitted to Judge Cant.

The hearing on the Twentieth avenue station matter took all day in district court yesterday, and was not finished until shortly after 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon.

At that time, when the evidence was all in and the attorneys had told the court their respective views on the question of whether or not the Northern Pacific must reopen its station at Twentieth avenue west, Judge Cant took the matter under advisement, and later he will tell which side is right.

The state relies both on the contract made by the Northern Pacific in consideration of the dismissal of the suit brought by the state to annul the road's purchase of the old St. Paul & Duluth, and on the charter of the old Lake Superior & Mississippi railroad, the predecessor of the St. Paul & Duluth and the Northern Pacific to sustain its claim that the road must reopen the station. The road agreed to maintain its terminal facilities in Duluth unimpaired, and to always have them as good as they were at the time of the contract. The state claims that the closing of the Twentieth avenue station is a volation of this contract, while the road claims that it has put a lot of money into improvements in the Duluth service, and that in the face of this the closing of a small sub-station cannot be considered as a violation of the contract.

The other strong point of the state's case is that the charter of the old Lake Superior & Mississippi, which the Northern Pacific assumed, required it to forever maintain direct service from Duluth to the Twin Cities, and that the present system, which cuts out the West End, is a violation of that charter. The trains now go to Superior, and make an angle back to the Minnesota side again, touching the corporate limits of the city again in the West End. The regular trains do not run straight through from Duluth to the West End station, but the company claims that the Fond du Lac line fills that gap and makes the system continuous from the Union station in Duluth to the Twin Cities.

A RUSHING BUSINESS.

Clerk of Court Johnson's Office Has Large Receipts.

The office of Clerk of District Court J. P. Johnson did a large business last month, the largest in some time, the fees received amounting to $1658.25. His report was filed this morning in the office of the county auditor, and it shows the receipts divided as follows: Certificates, $131.60; sundries, $182.80; civil cases, $1025.70; criminal cases, $35.15; naturalization papers, $149; marriage licenses, $134. Of the fees earned $907.37 was for work performed for St. Louis county, for which, of course, no collection is made. A balance of $750.90 was turned over to the county treasurer.

Judge of Probate Bonham received $14.90 in fees last month, which he has turned over to the county treasurer. He filed a report and receipt for the money with the county auditor this morning.

ITALIANS STRIKE.

Men at Fond-du-Lac Lime Plants Go Out.

Fond du Lac, Wis., May 2.—The plants of the Western Lime and Cement company, at Hamilton, the Marblehead Lime company and the Nast Bros.' concern at Marblehead, were forced to cease operations today because of a determined strike among their employes. The men ask an increase of from $1.50 to $1.75 per day. The majority of the employes are Italians and trouble is feared. The sheriff and deputies of Winnebago county are ready for an emergency call, which is expected almost any time. Over 100 men are employed in the plants.

A PARTIAL CURE.

A young friend of Rev. Dr. Ezra S. Tipple, of this city, having been promised a very desirable position, feared his ability to fill it because of serious impediment in his speech, says the New York Times. He consulted the clergyman, who advised a visit to a physician noted for success in curing stammering. A call was made, and the young man discovered that the terms asked were beyond his means. Discouraged but not entirely despairing, he said:

"C-c-c-can't y-you give me a p-p-p-partial cure?"

"What do you consider a partial cure?" the professor asked.

"W-w-w-hy," replied his caller, "I shall c-c-c-consider you have p-p-p-perfected a p-p-p-partial cure when you f-fix me so that I can go to a f-f-florist's and g-g-get out an order f-f-f-or c-c-c-chrysanthemums be-b-before the f-f-flowers w-w-w-ilt."

NEATLY CAUGHT

Arthur Cox and Irvine Bronger Captured While Stealing Flax.

Detectives Lying In Wait, Watched Them Steal Eight Bushels.

Large Amount Has Been Stolen In Past Few Months.

The police have dealt another blow to the Rice's Point grain stealing trust.

For four hours and a half last night Detective Mork and Officer Woods laid out in the storm in the railroad yards, and were rewarded in making the arrest of Arthur Cox and Irvine Bronger.

These two men broke into a car of flax standing on the Northern Pacific tracks and put thirty-two bushels in sacks.

The officers allowed them to carry eight bushels to their place of rendezvous before interfering. Finally, as the men were preparing for their fifth trip, the officers rose up out of the darkness and placed them under arrest.

Cox showed considerable fight, but Detective Mork ended his belligerency by throwing him to the ground and putting the handcuffs on him.

The flax they had sacked up was worth about $10. During the past few months several thousand dollars' worth of flax has been stolen, and recently the stealing became of such proportions and so clever that the railroad and elevator companies called on Chief Troyer for protection.

Detective Mork was detailed on the case, and for some time past has had Arthur Cox under suspicion. Bronger, however, was a stranger to the detective, and it now develops that he did not join the grain-stealing gang till yesterday, and he was caught on his first job.

The two men were taken into police court just before noon today and arraigned for trespassing on private property, and each was sentenced to sixty days in the county jail.

This was done in order to avoid the expense and trouble of a preliminary police court examination, and the charges of grand larceny against them will be taken up direct with the grand jury next week.

Almost every one has heard the story about Rev. H. R. and Mrs. Hawels, who, while being royally entertained in Boston, went about saying: "But, oh, it is so dreadful to come to Boston now, when all the interesting people are dead," says the New York Times.

Mrs. "Jack" Gardner was alluding to this the other day, and added: "Yes, when we used to give a dinner we had Mr. Lowell, Mr. Emerson, Mr. Longfellow, Dr. Holmes, and so on. Now we can simply have the so and so ons."

RATHBUN'S,

29 East Superior St.

GASSER'S MARKET

Public opinion has been wrought up to such a high pitch on the question of the present unwarranted high prices of meats that the big six packers have become somewhat frightened and have agreed to use their influence in restoring normal prices. Let us hope the time is near at hand. For Saturday's trade we will show some Lake Superior white fish, fresh shrimp, spring chickens, spring ducks, turkeys and a complete assortment of all kinds of fresh meats.

Grocery Department.

When you attend a circus you see cards stuck up everywhere, "Beware of Pickpockets." In buying your groceries you should beware of a class of transient grocers who are here today and away tomorrow, but stick to the big show, and trade with those who sell reliable goods at a living profit.

When you think of groceries, think of Gasser.

209-211 W. Superior St

RATHBUN'S

20 East Superior St.

Both phones 686. Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials

Which are eye-openers and represent values extraordinary!

Best quality Creamery Butter, in bulk— **24 cents**

Best quality Creamery Butter, prints— **25 cents**

Best Dairy Butter, per lb— **22 cents**

Dry mealy Potatoes, from Deerwood, Minn., per bushel— **95 cents**

Strawberries direct from growers. Also full line Fresh Vegetables at sweeping reductions in prices.

Special Tea and Coffee Sale.

Purchase freely at prices quoted below and you will own your teas and coffees as low as any grocer in the city.

Our 60c grade Japan, per lb.....45c
Our 50c grade Japan, per lb.....35c
Our 40c grade Japan, per lb.....30c
Japan Tea Dust, per lb.....20c
Ten different brands Ceylon Teas, regular 75c to 60c grades, per lb for tomorrow.....50c
English Breakfast Tea, 50c grade, per lb.....35c
40c Java and Mocha, per lb.....33c
30c Java and Mocha, per lb.....25c
20c Java and Mocha, flavored, 3 lbs.50c
Santos Coffee, 4 lbs.....50c
Rio Coffee, 3 lbs.....25c
All above coffees are roasted, not ground.

Sundries At Away-Down Prices.

3 lbs barley, Split Peas or Tapioca...10c
Picnic Hams, per lb.....9c
Honey-cured Hams, a perfect treat, per lb.....13c
Fresh Eggs from farmers at lowest prices.
Rumford's Baking Powder, per lb...21c
Large bars White Cloud Soap, 6 for..25c
Large bars White Lily Soap, 6 for...25c
Silver Leaf Lard, per lb.....11c

Everybody should eat Strawberries. Sunday's price is away down and quality is perfect.

Corn, Peas and Beans, extra fine quality, 3 cans.....25c

OSTBY'S GROCERY.

32 East Fourth St.

The Best Goods at Right Prices!

BEST LARD— per lb **11c**
H. M. GINGER SNAPS— per lb **6c**
CORN, PEAS AND TOMATOES—3 cans **25c**
FRESH EGGS— per doz **15½c**
1-LB. PACKAGE SALERATUS **5c**
FANCY JAP RICE— 4 lbs for **25c**
FRESH PRINT CREAMERY BUTTER—per lb..... **25c**
AUNT JEMIMA'S PANCAKE FLOUR—per pkg **7c**
VELVET STARCH— per lb pkg **7c**
SNIDER'S CATSUP— per pint bottle..... **20c**
KINGSFORD'S STARCH— per gallon **45c**
GOOD SWEET CORN— per case **$1.50**
SMALL DILL PICKLES— per gallon **25c**
STRAWBERRIES and all kinds of FRESH VEGETABLES AT LOWEST PRICES.

A Home Product Churned Every Day.

SEPARATOR CREAMERY

Primus

TRADE MARK

MANUFACTURED BY,

BRIDGEMAN & RUSSELL, - DULUTH, MINN.

16 West First Street.

VIKING

LEADS THEM ALL. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of milling products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and **best quality wheat** makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN

401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Saturday's Market Basket

THE NEW GROCERY AND MARKET.

Ten Minutes Of your time cannot be spent more profitably to yourself than at OUR CASH STORE, comparing the prices charged by YOUR CREDIT GROCER with OUR CASH PRICES. Hundreds of families of this city and vicinity have discontinued the pass book and slip system of their credit grocer and are now buying for cash at our store, where they can get **100 cents** worth for **$1.00.** The verdict of the intelligent public is the best evidence that our methods of merchandising is appreciated. In response to their approbation we have inaugurated another— **Great Sale of High Grade Food Supplies** which in magnitude overshadows our opening sale. WE QUOTE THE FOLLOWING CASH PRICES

FOR TOMORROW, SATURDAY, ONLY.

Fresh Strawberries, per quart box....12 cents

Butter and Eggs.

Fresh eggs, direct from farmers per dozen **15c**
Fresh Creamery Butter, 1-lb prints direct from creamery... **25c**
Fresh Dairy Butter— per lb **23c**
Walter Baker Premium Chocolate, per lb package..... **29c**
Royal Baking Powder, 1 lb, full weight **38c**
Rumford's Baking Powder, 1 lb. full weight..... **24c**

Teas.

Best uncolored Japan Tea (60c value) this sale, per lb..... **47c**
Uncolored Japan Tea (50c value) this sale, per lb..... **39c**
English Breakfast Tea, 50c value; this sale, per lb..... **39c**
Cox's Gelatine— per package **15c**
Plymouth Rock Gelatine, white or pink, per package... **11½c**

Pickles.

Cross & Blackwell's Gerkins mixed pickles and chow chow, in pint bottles ..... **34c** (Quarts, 52c.)

National Biscuit Co.'s Crackers.

Graham Crackers (by the box) per lb **8c**
F. A. K. Soda Crackers (by the box) per lb **6¾c**
Farina Oyster Crackers (by the box) per lb **6¾c**
Ginger Snaps (by the box) per lb **6½c**
Athena, Romona, Nabisco and Champagne Wafers This sale—per package **21c**

Coffees.

Best Mocha and Java Coffee (38c value) per lb..... **34c** Three lbs for $1.00.
Our Banquet Mocha and Java (35c value) per lb..... **31c** 3½ lbs for $1.00.
Combination Mocha and Java— per lb ..... **23c** 4½ lbs for $1.00.
Best Santos Coffee— per lb ..... **15c** 8 lbs for $1.00.

Bread.

Gold Leaf and Gold Coin Bread will be sold at wholesale prices during this sale—per loaf..... **4c**
Kingsford's Oswego Silver Gloss Starch—6-lb. box..... **48c**

Hams and Lard.

California Hams— per lb **9¼c**
Sugar Cured Hams— **13c**
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard 3-lb. pail **39c**
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard 5-lb. pail **64c**
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard—10-lb pail **$1.25**

Cereals.

5-lb. Best Carolina Head Rice **37c**
5 lbs Best Japan Head Rice **28c**
5 lbs No. 2 Rice— **15c**
5 lbs Pearl Tapioca— **21c**
10 lbs Rolled Oats— **26c**
10 lbs Akron Rolled Avena **32c**
10 lbs Pail Jelly, assorted flavors **27c**
Gallon can Apples— per can ..... **27c** Per dozen cans, $3.20.
Hand-pick Beans— per quart ..... **6c** Per peck, 47c.
English Walnuts, A1 quality, per lb **12c**
Search-light Matches— per box ..... **3½c** Per dozen boxes, 37½c.

☞ When Visiting Our Store, Please Inspect Our Meats. ☜

OUR BEST VALUES DURING THIS SALE ARE NOT TOLD IN PRINT

EPPLING & OSMAN,

GROCERIES AND MEATS,

Masonic Temple Building. 203-205 East Superior Street.

Duluth 'Phone 660. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Bargain Day!

SATURDAY, MAY 3,

We Will Sell

Our Challenge Java Blend

COFFEE

Regular 25c quality— per pound **22c**
Regular 35c Old Government Java and Mocha, per lb..... **33c**

This is the best drinking Coffee money can buy.

SURE TO PLEASE YOU. TRY IT.

TEAS

Our best Japan Tea, the finest on the market, per lb.. **45c**
Malcomson best Cream Tartar Baking Powder, lb.... **25c**
Malcomson Superlative Baking Powder, per lb..... **23c**

These Baking Powders are warranted pure and are not excelled by any on the market.

20 lbs best Granulated Sugar **$1.00**

This we limit. Only $1.00 worth to each customer.

Malcomson Tea Store,

No. 8 First Avenue West.

Phone 1098.

Yellow front, first door from West Superior street.

SHE WASN'T AWARE.

"Mr. Blank," said a young woman, "is a millionaire, and you would think he'd have nice books, wouldn't you? Well, I thought so, at any rate, and I was surprised at what I saw the other day, when I sat in his library waiting for Miss Blank to come down, says the young woman to the Galveston News. Among the thousands of splendid bindings there I noticed a set of Dickens, and I went over to it. There were a great many thick volumes in black and gold, and I took one from its shelf. Do you know, it wasn't a book at all! It was just a leather box, marked 'Dombey & Son.' Inside this box was the novel, to be sure, but it was the meanest got-up thing you ever saw. It was in three or four little volumes, printed on cheap paper and bound in cheap reddish cloth. And that was the way with that whole set of Dickens. It looked very fine from the outside, but examine it, and it was just a lot of leather boxes containing a lot of cheap, old-fashioned books. And Mr. Blank is a millionaire, too." "You are very innocent," the young woman's companion rejoined with a laugh. "Those cheap little books are the first edition of Dickens, and they are worth I don't know how many dollars apiece. The elaborate and costly leather boxes are their protection, their sheath. Mr. Blank's Dickens is noted all over the world for its perfect condition. It is, perhaps, the chief pride of his library. All fine first editions are kept in leather boxes, in the way you complain of."

O'LEARY'S CASH GROCERY,

The Old Reliable Store.

17 East Superior St

With us high quality does not indicate high price, our groceries are always of the first grade, but are also priced as low as the inferior goods of other dealers.

Strawberries—Fancy pints—3 boxes..... **25c**
Strawberries, Per case 24 pints..... **$1.65**
Strawberries, Quart boxes..... **15c**
(Seconds at Lower Prices.)

It is a well-known fact that we always sell Fruit and Vegetables at Lower Prices than elsewhere.

Butter, Fresh creamery, per lb **25c**
Butter, Fancy Dairy, per lb **22c**
Eggs, Strictly Fresh, per dozen **16c**
Cheese, Full Cream, per lb **15c**
Asparagus, Fresh, large bunches, 3 bunches **10c**
Tomatoes, Fancy, per lb **10c**
Pie Plant, Per lb **3c**
Sour Pickles, Per gallon **25c**
Lettuce, Large—4 for **10c**
Green Onions, Per bunch **2c**
Radishes, Per bunch **2c**
Coffee—If you want a cup of delicious Coffee, buy our 3-lb can for **85c**
Green Peas, Fresh—3 quarts **15c**

Johnson & Moe

Special Offerings In Our

Model Cash Grocery Department

For Saturday and Monday, May 3rd and 5th.

Fancy Separator Creamery Butter, per lb **25c**
Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz **16c**
Fancy Patent Flour, 98-lb. sack **$1.95**
North Star White Rye Flour, 49-lb sack **75c**
21 lbs Brown Sugar for **$1.00**
20 lbs White Sugar, not granulated **$1.00**
100 lbs Granulated Sugar **$5.00**
Fancy Lemons, per doz **15c**
Coffee, in bulk, per lb **10c**

Chocolate and Cocanut.

Baking Chocolate, ½-lb cake **16c**
Baking Chocolate, ¼-lb cake **8c**
Cocoanut, in bulk, per lb **15c**

Soaps and Washing Powders.

10 bars good Laundry Soap **25c**
9 bars Kirk's Dome Soap **25c**
Kirkaline and Gold Dust, 25c package for..... **20c**
8 packages E. O. S. Washing Powder **25c**
Buttermilk Toilet Soap, 3 bars to the box, per box..... **8c**
Orchis Flower Toilet Soap, 3 bars to the box, regular price 15c— for this sale **11c**

We will have a full line of fresh Bakery goods, also Green Vegetables and Strawberries.

If possible bring your orders early, especially Saturday.

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box..... **25c**
Assorted Nongates per pound..... **25c**
Assorted Buttercups, per pound..... **25c**
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb..... **25c**
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor made to order, a specialty— per lb **25c**

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz..... **25c**
Lady Locks—per doz..... **25c**
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen..... **10c**

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Good eight-room house, lot 50x140, on Jefferson street, hardwood floor. A great bargain **$2100**
Five-room cottage on Twelfth avenue east **$1100**
Good eight-room house, lot 50x140; $500 cash, balance to suit. **$1800**
Houses and lots in all parts of the city. Have some great bargains in acre property.

Forgy & Jacoby, 200 Trust Bldg.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-17 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE

The property at present occupied by St. Luke's hospital at the corner of Fourth street and Second avenue East, 100 by 140 feet. This will make a good boarding hotel, or can be arranged into flats or apartments. Apply to

J. H. Dight,
Treasurer.

Stop Paying Rent!

And buy a good 9-room house centrally located, water, sewer, bath, 50-foot lot—very easy terms, great bargain at.. **$2700**
205 LYCEUM BLDG.
If you will rent—we have houses and flats for rent.

$3750 Takes ten-room thoroughly modern house in fine location. East End.
$5000 Takes 8-room modern house, corner; hot water heat. East End.
$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner. East End.
$2100 Takes fine 7-room house in good location. East End.
$6300 Takes 9-room modern house in good location. East End.
$6000 Takes fine 10-room modern house and barn in East End. Very good and cheap.
$1500 Takes 7-room house on West Fourth street. Water in house.
$5000 Takes 50 feet on Second street, near Lake avenue.
$3000 Takes good rental property on West First. Fine location.
$3000 Takes 9-room modern residence, with large lot, on London road.

Call and see our list of properties. We have what you want.

A. C. VOLK & CO.
202-203 Palladio Bldg.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursday's at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf .. Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia .. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar. Eveleth .. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik .. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron .. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing .. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:35	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast	* 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.	Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	a 11:45 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 5:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

† Daily. ‡ Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

18:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. 17:15 p. m
Marquette & Cooper Country.

*Daily. † Except Sunday

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

First-class lots from $225 to $300 within one block of Third street car line and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

Nine-room house in West End; arranged for two families; can be bought for less than house cost to build. **$1300**
Price .....

100 feet square on the corner of Third avenue east—lays good— **$650**
Price .....

House within five blocks of postoffice, up in first-class shape; lot 25 by 100; can be bought on monthly payments **$1200**
Price .....

70 by 100, the best corner on Fifth street, centrally located; cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$2000 Will buy 50x140 feet on the upper side of First street, near Tenth avenue east. This is a snap.

$2250 Will buy a beautiful corner on Fifteenth avenue east. One fourth cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent.

$800 Will buy 100x140 feet corner on Sixth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent.

$300 Will buy 50x140 feet corner on Fifth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance at 6 per cent.

$540 Will buy 120-acre farm 2½ miles from railroad station; 18 acres cleared, good barn and root house. Dwelling house is not very good. Land has $150 worth of spruce and tamarack on it. Terms, half cash; balance, one year at 7 per cent.

W. L. Jackson
513 Burrows Bldg.,
New 'Phone 140.

LONDON.
6-room house—electric light—$1365—$900 cash.
ROSS L. MAHON,
414 First National Bank Building.

Your Rent is Going To Be Higher!

Why? Because the present rents paid does not cause any one to build to supply you with equal accommodations for the rent you are paying. The rent that caused the house to be built that you live in was considerably higher than you are paying now.

More people are coming to the city who will be willing to pay more than you are and the first thing you know you will be moving further from the center of the city than you are at present living.

Houses and lots are still being offered at less than it cost to build the house. It is not too late to buy at low figures.

We have about thirty houses and lots for sale which have been practically rebuilt in the last four years, taxes and assessments all paid, which we offer to sell for $100 to $150 down and the balance to be paid on terms that are as easy to pay as rent and you are in the way of getting a home. We refer you to those who have bought of us and are getting homes of their own. We have a list of over fifty at the office, at

No. 100 Torrey Building,
First Floor, Near Elevator,
Chan Smith, Secretary.

FARM LANDS

Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to— **Guaranty Farm Land Co.,**
428 West Superior Street.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

OLD CLOTHING.

WANTED—TO BUY, OLD CLOTHING. I will pay the highest respectable prices for old clothing. Address J. S., Herald.

Reliable Men and Women
For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...

HERALD WANTS.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$1000 Buys seven-room house, good condition; corner lot, 25 by 140. Near Twenty-eighth avenue west. Very easy terms.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$2000 Buys 200 by 140 feet, southeast corner Fourth street and Eighth avenue west.

$1200 Buys six-room house on East Seventh street; $200 cash and $10 per month.

$1600 Buys six-room house, city water, sewer; lot 25 by 140, on Third street, near Fourteenth avenue east.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payment.	Monthly Payments.	
5-room house..	$500	$50	$ 8.00	no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50	no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00	no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00	no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00	no interest

$765 Will buy six-room house, fine mantel and grate, on corner lot on Duluth Heights; $15 cash and $12 per month. No interest.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A dime social Tuesday evening at Normana hall, room 1, Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory, 220 West Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 211 E. Superior St.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — BOYS' BICYCLE. PROVIdence building barber shop.

WE ARE IN THE MARKET FOR horses and will pay best prices. L. Hammel Co. Third avenue east and First street, Duluth.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—SMALL SHOE STOCK. Good location, reasonable rent. Reason for selling is owner has other business. Address 6. 73, Herald.

FOR SALE—$25 BABY CARRIAGE, $5. Almost new. 16 Mason flats.

FOR SALE—STEAM LAUNDRY IN A flourishing town of 500. Doing good paying business. Must be sold to settle an estate. If interested address B. 89, care Herald.

FOR SALE — CAN FURNISH FIFTEEN to thirty gallons buttermilk weekly during the summer. Address Box 27, Cambridge, Minn.

FOR SALE— CHEAP, A LARGE COTtage on Park Point, or will rent for the season. Address T 73, Herald.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, cheap. 5613 Eighth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—LARGE-SIZE LETTERpress, cheap. Address C 93, Herald.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SALOON, FIXtures and lease on building; good location. Inquire 224 Lake avenue south. Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street and Fifth avenue east. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

PIANO $275 BUYS IT; COST $750; Steinway & Son's Upright; almost new; can be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

ANCHOR LUNCH COUNTER AND tables. Cheap. S. Selleck.

FOR SALE — MR. AND MRS. G. L. Perreault, of the Perreault hotel, Laurium, Mich., after having been in the hotel business for twenty years, have decided to go out of the business, and offer their nice, new and well equipped $2 per day hotel for sale.

FOR SALE—AN 18-FOOT GASOLINE yacht with modern improvements. P. O. Two Harbors, Minn., Box 3.

FOR RENT OR SALE — COMPLETE camping outfit on Park Point. Inquire 202 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR fresh milch cows, will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

FOR SALE—SNAP, $160 WILL BUY 4-room house on Thirty-second avenue west and Fifth street. Inquire at 2101 West Fourth.

FOR SALE FOR A FEW DAYS only—a desirable 6-room dwelling. No. 106 East Fifth street, at $2750. F. I. SALTER, 102 Lonsdale Building.

PIANO $125 UPRIGHT, MAHOGany case, fine tone; to be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

FOR SALE—$40 EAGLE BICYCLES FOR $25; a wheel with a good reputation. We do all kinds of repair work. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHICK FEED, CYPHERS incubators, brooders, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS for sale by Ernest Miller, 1325 London road.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN MILCH COOWS and young heifers. Call or address Spider Lake Sawmill and Lumber company, Spider, Wis.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 15, at Evan Johnson's, 2098 Helm street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; forty beds. 531 West Superior street.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

DRESSMAKING.

MRS. J. M. STANLEY, ROOM 6, OVER Suffel's.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE. CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bld.
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

BICYCLE & GUN REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS REPAIR WORK. PRICES reasonable; guarantee satisfaction. F. R. Holmberg, with J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

MILLINERY.

LADIES FOR STYLE AND PRICES GO to Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COOK—wages $30 per month. 329 West Second street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East First street.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS. 1722 EAST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, Lewis street, Glen Avon. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK FOR boarding house. 117 West Second street.

WANTED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No washing. 313 West Third street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 119 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 1426 East First street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. Call 1123 East First street.

WANTED—WAIST AND SLEEVE MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 124 East Third street; good wages to right party.

WANTED—SCRUB GIRLS. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework; best wages; small family. 2320 East First street.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; good home; no children. Send address to B 87, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. Call mornings, 1107 East Third street.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be a good cook. Only two in the family; $30 per month. Call evenings. 421 East Second street.

WANTED—LADY OF GOOD ADDRESS to canvass best houses for household staple. No samples. Address, Z, Duluth Herald.

WANTED—AT 2321 East First street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED — LADY, FIRST CLASS double entry bookkeeper. No other need apply. Address, "W. B.," care Herald, stating salary wanted.

WANTED—COOK. 2020 EAST SUPErior street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 1107 East Third.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework; good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings. 629 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE MAID. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Lundberg, 118 East Third street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—WATCH AND CLOCK REpairer at M. Henricksen Jewelry company, 524 West Superior street.

WANTED—STRONG YOUNG MAN. Apply at 226 West First street.

WANTED — TWO GOOD SETTERS, wages $2.75 per day. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

WANTED — BOOKKEEPER. OHIO Coal company, Providence building.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED—BRIGHT, ACTIVE YOUNG men to work in shop. Experience not necessary. Chicago Bridge and Iron company, 105th and Throop streets, Washington Heights station, Chicago, Ill.

PATTERNMAKER WANTED. WOOD. Also templetmaker. State experience and wages expected. Chicago Bridge and Iron company, 105th and Throop streets, Washington Heights station, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED — BOY TO DO PORTER work. Address Hotel McKay.

WANTED — COMPETENT BOOKkeeper; state age, experience and salary expected. Address J. E. L., Spalding hotel.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED PAPERhanger. Apply 104 Providence building.

WANTED — AN ASSISTANT BOOKkeeper in wholesale house. Address giving experience and references to S 11, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special offer May 1 to 15. Board, room, scholarship and outfit of tools. Term not limited. Steady practice, expert instructions, positions plentiful. Write today. Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—DRY LUMBER GRADERS at once. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters, will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing Co., 22 East Michigan street.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

SAW REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS SKILLFULLY repaired. New ones for sale. Duluth Saw Works, 1631 West Superior street.

ENGRAVING

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, one of the best in the city, for the summer. Address A 86, Herald.

FOR RENT—SMALL FOUR-ROOM house, with water. 427 East Fifth street. Cooley & Underhill, 207-8 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—ELEGANT THOROUGHLY modern 7-room house; first-class repair; choice location. T. W. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange building.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be resodded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 403.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; unfurnished, finest view in city; bath and fireplace. 31 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. All modern conveniences. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room. Men only. C. W. Weeks, 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with steam heat and bath. Gentlemen preferred. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS AT 510 Twenty-fifth avenue west; city water and electric light. Inquire upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 18 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS. 1223 West Fourth street.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS repair; bath, city water; choice location; $15. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED MODERN room, 1428 Jefferson street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM, COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM, also rooms for light housekeeping. 226 Mesaba avenue.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. 32 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street, first floor.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED room with bath. 1805 West Superior street, flat 9.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. ALL conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — HALF OF STORE ON Third avenue west, near Kitchi Gami club; $40. Inquire 20 Third avenue west.

FOR RENT - SPACE IN STORE FOR cigars and soft drinks, periodicals, etc. Waterman's Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD AT 118 EAST SECond street. Gentlemen only.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family. 317 West Fourth street.

BOARDERS WANTED — THREE OR four boarders can procure excellent table board for the summer at 514 Fifty-eight avenue west, West Duluth.

WANTED—TO RENT

YOUNG LADY EMPLOYED DURING the day wishes to rent a good room. Address X 84, Herald.

TEAMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT — HEAVY HORSE. SEVEral teams. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WOULD LIKE POSITION AS BOOKkeeper, permanent position; place to work up; can furnish good references. X. Y. Z., Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man of 18; has knowledge of photography. Can furnish references. Address P 8, Herald.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND IN store by intelligent man, talking English, Swedish and Finnish languages. Address C. G., Herald.

COMPETENT FIREMAN WANTS EMployment; sober and reliable; license and references. Address N. E., 210 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—SITUATION AS ASSISTANT bandsaw filer. 1823 West Superior street.

DRESSMAKER WOULD LIKE SEWing in families. L 33, Herald.

FIRST-CLASS COLORED COOK wants position; can cook any fancy dish and furnish the very best of references. Address X 82, Herald.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E Superior St. Old Tel. 748-5.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING, CARriage trimming. E. Ott, 123 First ave. W

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

MADE AND REPAIRED. 209 W. Sup. St.

H. POPKIN, 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and relaid. Address A. T. Wear, 2804½ Third avenue east.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and relaid. Address 316 West Second street. J. W. Roberts. 'Phone 391.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

AUCTION SALES.

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SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5th, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 12, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 14, 1902. Work M. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave May 6, 1902. Work, Drill. William H. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second, Tuesday evening, April 29. REDFIREMEN'S DEGREE. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 49, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 17½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. St. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-MP-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P. meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

20 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 12

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

HONOR FOR CUMMINGS

Funeral to Be Held In Hall of Representatives.

House Adjourns as Mark of Respect to Dead.

Washington, May 3.—The death of Representative Amos J. Cummings, of New York, in Baltimore last night caused general regret and sorrow in the house today. Above the hall the flag fluttered at half mast, and on the floor the familiar desk on the center aisle near the front row, which Mr. Cummings occupied for many years was draped in black and covered with a profusion of purple orchids and spring flowers. Mr. Cummings was one of the most universally popular members of the house.

The blind chaplain, Rev. Mr. Cowden, in his invocation, made a touching reference to Mr. Cummings' death, his great service to his country as a journalist and statesman. An order was made to give a day to claims after the disposition of the statehood bill, and then Mr. Payne (N. Y.), the dean of the delegation and the floor leader of the majority, arose and in simple but fitting words made the announcement of Mr. Cummings' death. He then offered the following resolution:

Resolved, that the house has heard with deep regret and profound sorrow of the death of the Hon. Amos J. Cummings, late a representative from the state of New York.

Resolved (in recognition of the long and distinguished term of service rendered in this body by Mr. Cummings), that appropriate services be held in the hall of the house on Sunday, May 4, 1902, at 3 p. m.

Resolved, that a committee of fourteen members of the house, with such members of the senate as may join, be appointed to take order concerning the funeral.

Resolved, that the clerk communicate these resolutions to the senate, and transmit a copy of the same to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, that as a further mark of respect to the memory of the deceased, the house do now adjourn.

The resolutions were unanimously adopted, and in accordance with their terms the speaker announced the appointment of the following committee to attend the funeral:

Messrs. McClellan, Wadsworth, Sulzer, Ray, Fitzgerald, Sherman and Ryan, all of New York; Ryan (Pa.), Clark (Mo.), Foss (Ill.), Williams (Miss.), McCleary (Minn.), Tate (Ga.), and Otey (Va.).

At 12:15 p. m. the speaker, as a further mark of respect, declared the house adjourned.

The public funeral ceremony in the hall of the house of representatives is an unusual tribute to the deceased member, and has been given in recent years only in the cases of Representative Dingley of Maine and Representative Kelly of Pennsylvania, both veterans of congressional service. The ceremony tomorrow will be entirely of a religious character, without eulogies or remarks from members. It is expected that the chaplain of the house, Rev. Mr. Cowden, will officiate. Both branches of congress will be present, the senate assembling prior to the ceremony in the senate chamber and proceeding in a body to the house.

KING VICTOR EMMANUEL III. CAPTAIN ROBERT F. WYNNE.

THE KING OF ITALY AND OUR GAY CAPTAIN OF MARINES.

It has been decided in Venice that Captain Robert F. Wynne, commanding the marine guard of the United States cruiser Chicago; Robert E. Ledbetter, assistant surgeon of the Chicago; Lieutenant John S. Doddridge of the Chicago and a marine named Wilfred Langley must pay $2000 for their recent disorderly lark in a cafe. Their sentences to imprisonment has been quashed by King Victor Emmanuel.

MORO FORTS ARE TAKEN

Active Warfare Begins On Island of Mindanao.

American Outposts First Fired on By Natives.

Manila, May 3.—Gen. Davis, in command of the American forces in the island of Mindanao, cables that his ultimatum has not been answered, that his messenger has not returned and that the American outposts were fired upon this morning. The troops advanced and shelled Moro fort, but did not capture it until the infantry reached the ditch. This fort was strong and well defended by 300 men. Fort Panda Padio was then surrounded and heavily shelled.

Heavy firing continued as the dispatch was sent.

Gen. Davis also reports that Lieut. Henry S. Wagner, of the Fourteenth infantry, has been seriously wounded, that two other officers were slightly wounded and that twenty enlisted men were wounded.

This is the substance of a brief cable message from the field.

TERRIFIC TORNADO

Swept Over the Country North of Beresford, S. D.

Beresford, S. D., May 3.—A tornado swept over the country to the north of this town just after dark last night, doing a greta deal of damage to farm houses and stock. Victor Anderson's barn and houses were wrecked, and Mr. and Mrs. Anderson and three children were badly injured. Much hail accompanied the storm.

At Centerville, ten miles west, a terrific wind and hail storm raged for three hours. The public school building was completely wrecked, and almost every house in the town suffered from broken glass and detached roofs and shingles.

After damaging the country to the north of Beresford, the storm swept o in the direction of Lenox, ten miles to the north. All telegraph and telephone wires are down at the latter place, and rumors among the railroad offices say the town was badly damaged by the wind.

WANTS OLEO BILL VETOED

Denver, May 3.—President J. W. Springer of the National Livestock association has sent a telegram to President Roosevelt asking him to veto the oleomargarine bill. The telegram sets forth the reasons why the livestock men are opposed to the measure, and Mr. Springer also took advantage of the opportunity to call the attention of the president to a wrong to the West which he declares is being perpetrated by representatives of gigantic Eastern trusts.

ABSTAIN FROM TRUST MEAT

Amsterdam, N. Y., May 3.—The Amsterdam Central Labor union, composed of twenty-five subordinate unions, with a total membership of 5000, has adopted a resolution to abstain from the use of meat handled by the so-called meat trust for the next thirty days.

ENCOUNTERED A HURRICANE

Plymouth, Eng., May 3.—The Hamburg-American liner Pennsylvania, Capt. Spliedt, from New York April 22 for Hamburg, via Cherbourg and Plymouth, arrived this morning and reported having had a stormy passage. She encountered a hurricane April 27 and 28 and a huge wave swept her deck, carrying off her motor launch and thirty feet of her rail. Several of the cabins were flooded.

A TYPICAL MORO WARRIOR OF MINDANAO.

The Moros having hoisted the red flag of war in Mindanao, there is danger that the revolt will spread to other nearby islands occupied by these savage Mohammedan fighters. Brigadier General Davis and Lieutenant Colonel Frank D. Baldwin are conspicuous in the operations in Mindanao.

WAS A HIGH-PRICED MAN

Executors of Estate of William Leys Sue New York Central For $250,000 For the Loss of His Life.

New York, May 3.—Suit has been brought for $250,000 against the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad company by the executors of the estate of William Leys, of New Rochelle, who was killed in the Park avenue tunnel wreck.

The executors say they expect to collect the money, because Mr. Leys' salary was $50,000 a year. This he earned, according to the lawyer, as superintendent of a large dry goods house of this city, and since he was still in his '40s they think he might have continued to earn this salary for ten years or more.

Mr. Leys was one of those instantly killed in the collision. He was a member of the chamber of commerce and of St. Andrew's society.

SILVER FROM THE COLON

Used In Making a Magnificent Service to Be Presented to Admiral Schley By His Many Friends.

Baltimore, May 3.—The magnificent silver service made from silver coins taken from the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon, to be presented to Admiral Winfield Scott Schley by his friends in this state and in Washington, has been completed and is on exhibition in the show windows of the manufacturers in this city. The service consists of one center piece, one soup toureen and ladle, four vegetable dishes with covers, one gravy bowl and ladle, one roast platter, one game platter, one fish platter, nineteen desert plates. Upon each piece is engraved Admiral Schley's initials in monogram, and each bears this inscription:

"Made of Spanish silver taken from the Spanish cruiser Cristobal Colon, destroyed in the naval battle off Santiago De Cuba, July, 1898."

The fineness of the silver used was not interfered with, and the metal, therefore, has almost the hardness of steel. The weight of the coin used was about 1500 ounces, and the present price of silver represents a value of $600, but nearly six times that amount was required to purchase the coin from the government.

The presentation of the service will be made next Wednesday at the home of Theodore Marburg in this city, who, with former Postmaster General James A. Garry and Ives Cobb, of Washington, comprise the commission in charge of its manufacture.

A DISASTROUS MIXTURE

Compound of Kerosene and Lard Explodes Causing Death of Mother and Serious Injury to Seven Others.

Eau Claire, Wis., May 3.—Mrs. Perley W. Hill and son, of Waterville, Ripon county, were burned to death and her husband and six children all more or less burned by a fire which destroyed a farm house yesterday.

Hill had made a compound of kerosene and lard and was heating it on the kitchen stove. The mixture exploded and set the house on fire. Hill sought to save his family, but the flames prevented him from rescuing his wife and son. A 4-weeks'-old baby was saved by the heroic work of a 9-year-old sister, who was burned severely. Mr. Hill's hands were scorched and he was otherwise injured, and the six children who escaped with their lives had narrow escapes, all being injured. The house was destroyed and the charred bodies of Mrs. Hill and her son were found in the ruins.

A SENSATIONAL SUICIDE

Chicago, May 3.—Thomas Gregor, a real estate dealer, committed suicide in a sensational manner. He was one of a crowd at the Wrightwood avenue station of the Northwestern Elevated road. When the train approached he jumped from the platform and fell across the rails. By a desperate effort the motorman succeeded in stopping the train. Gregor was hoisted back to the platform, but no sooner were his arms released than he stabbed himself several times in the neck. The jugular vein was severed and he died within a few minutes. No cause for the act is known.

POLICEMAN SHOOTS TO KILL

Chicago, May 3.—John Beckelhusen, a saloonkeeper, was shot and fatally wounded today in a fight between himself and two policemen. Policeman John Ryan was reading a warrant for the arrest of Beckelhusen, when the latter, according to the story of the policeman, attacked him after firing a shot at another policeman named McSwigen. McSwigen sustained a trifling wound. Ryan was hurled across the bar room, but drew his revolver. He claims the saloonkeeper was about to fire at him when he shot.

KILLED BY JEALOUS HUSBAND

St. Paul, May 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Winona, Minn., says: Arthur Pabst, who on Thursday evening was shot by Henry Nussloch, Jr., when found at his home at Lewiston alone with his (Nussloch's) wife, died this morning from the wound then received. County Attorney Simpson went to Lewiston last evening and secured the ante-motem statement of Pabst, which will be used at the trial.

Simpson refuses to make this public now, except to state that Pabst strongly denied having been in any compromising position with Mrs. Nussloch. Coroner Tweedy will go to Lewiston this afternoon to hold a coroner's inquest.

HURRICANE AT STILLWATER

St. Paul, May 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Stillwater, Minn., says: A wind of hurricane force visited this city at 1:30 this morning. The tin roof over part of the Simonet furniture store was blown off and a plate glass window in the Kenneman store was broken. George Walter, a policeman, was hit by flying debris, but not seriously hurt. A hard rain fell for twenty minutes.

RECORD BROKEN.

Thousands of Immigrants Arrive From Europe.

New York, May 3.—Reports from Ellis Island indicate that by 6 o'clock this evening 12,000 immigrants will have arrived in this city from Europe since Friday morning. This breaks all previous two-day records in the history of the immigration bureau.

STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

St. Paul, May 3.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: A barn on the farm of Mrs. Stephen Williams was struck by lightning and burned with contents early this morning.

CABINET MEETING.

Washington, May 3.—The cabinet meeting scheduled for yesterday, but which was postponed owing to the president's absence at Annapolis, was held today. Secretary Root told of conditions as he found them in Cuba. No business of public interest was transacted.

LONG SAYS

He Does Not Expect Any More Changes In Cabinet.

New York, May 3.—John D. Long, former secretary of the navy, who is in this city, says he does not anticipate an immediate changes in the president's cabinet.

"There has been more or less gossip," he said, "about Secretary Hay and Secretary Root retiring. I think they will remain. Secretary Hay has been very successful. His services to the country have been extraordinary and his administration of the state department has been marked with many brilliant achievements. Secretary Root is a man of unusual ability and force."

"How is the navy getting along, as compared with the navies of other nations?" he was asked.

"First rate. The appropriation bill for the navy contemplates the building of two battleships and two armored cruisers." The cruisers really are battleships. This is not so great a number as some of the nations are building, but it is keeping us along with Germany. First comes Great Britain, then France and then the United States or Germany. Russia and Italy have fine navies, too. Our ships are all in good shape and can give a good account of themselves."

As to his plans for the future, Mr. Long said: "I'm going back to Boston to resume the practice of law. I do not expect to travel extensively for some time. This is about the first time in forty years that I could feel that there is no demand upon my time."

SLAUGHTER

At Taking of Ching Chang Fui Was Awful.

Victoria, B. C., May 3.—News has been brought by the steamer Olympia, from the Orient, of further successes by the Kwang Si rebels, whose ever-growing armies were besieging Nan-king, on the West river, at last reports. Fugitives who were flying to Canton from the scenes of bloodshed and pilage reported that the slaughter at Ching Shang Fui, when that city fell, was awful. More than 1000 persons were killed and their bodies left lying unburied in the streets, while the rebels burned and looted the stores and house. Tersrible slaughter is also reported from other captured towns. Several thousand of the imperial army are said to have deserted.

WHY SHE SHOOK MARCONI

Chicago, May 3.—Friends of Miss Josephine Holman, formerly of Indianapolis, who was once engaged to marry Signor Marconi, of wireless telegraphy fame, have received the announcement of her coming marriage to Eugene Boross, of Budapest, Hungary, says an Indianapolis dispatch to the Tribune. The event will take place at St. Margaret's chapel, London, on May 22.

Mr. Boross crossed the Atlantic on the same steamer with Miss Holman, and was so attracted by the young woman that, after reaching Paris, he sought an opportunity through mutual friends of making her acquaintance, says the Tribune's correspondent.

Miss Holman and her mother have just returned to Paris after a visit to Budapest and at the home of Mr. Boross parents. Mrs. Holman will return to New York at the end of this month.

OLD MAID TAKES MORPHINE

New York, May 3.—In the Sleepy Hollow cemetery, on the graves of her father and mother, and not far from the tomb of Washington Irving, whom she had known in her youth, and whose works had always fascinated her, Miss Maria Hoffman, 70 years old, has ended her life with morphine.

Miss Hoffman's mother belonged to an old Southern family. Her means had gradually dwindled away and she ended her life rather than seek aid from friends.

THE RIVERMEN ARE JOYFUL

La Crosse, Wis., May 3.—The heavy rains of early this morning in La Crosse and along the Mississipi above here brought joy to the hearts of steamboat men, for the rain will raise the water in the river to a navigable stage again. The river has been so low up to a week ago that navigation was practically suspended, and the outlook for the season extremely blue. During the past week, however, it has gone up nearly a foot and a half, and the rains of last night will cause it to go still higher. No Diamond Jo packets have made a trip up river yet this year owing to the poor stage of the water.

BEEF TRUST MUST ANSWER

Kansas City, May 3.—R. E. See, marshal of the state supreme court, has just served papers on two packing house employes and four meat dealers of this city, commanding them to appear in the supreme court in Jefferson City, May 6, to answer questions in the beef trust inquiry instituted by Attorney General Crow. The persons subpoenaed are charged with being members of the beef trust and with conspiring to limit the supply of meats and maintain prices on the same. Charles W. Armour and J. C. Dold were served with papers several days ago. Marshal See will summon thirty witnesses in St. Joseph, six in St. Louis and two in Springfield.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PRICES ALWAYS RIGHT.

FISHING TACKLE
OIL STOVES
BICYCLES
NORTHERN HDW CO

CASE OF GARDENER

Is Thoroughly Aired In Discussion In the Senate.

Board Appointed In Philippines to Investigate His Charges.

Senator Rawlins Objects to Investigation at Unfriendly Hands.

Washington, May 3.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today the resolution previously offered by Mr. Patterson (Col.) requesting the president to cause the secretary of war to cable Maj. Gardener, in the Philippines, to come to Washington to appear as a witness before the Philippines committee, was laid before the senate.

Mr. Lodge (Mass.), chairman of the Philippine committee, explained that when it had been learned that Maj. Gardener's regiment would not leave the islands until about June 15, the committee on Philippines had decided to secure Maj. Gardener's presence as soon as possible. Later it was found that Maj. Gardener had filed no specifications of the charges he has made to the Philippine commission. The committee had then rescinded its action calling for Maj. Gardener. Yesterday, he said, the war department was notified that Maj. Gardener had filed a few specifications, very indefinite in character, and mentioning the name of only one officer. When an investigation was ordered, Maj. Gardener complained that the investigation had developed into an attack upon him, and he asked for counsel. A board was appointed to investigate Gardener's charges, and some time would probably elapse before the board could make its report. Under the circumstances the Philippine committee had thought it well to permit Maj. Gardener an opportunity to prove to the satisfaction of the Philippine authorities the truthfulness of his charges—an opportunity which he would have full and fair.

Mr. Rawlins (Utah) said that it was evident that Maj. Gardener thought the investigation to be made of his charges was in unfriendly hands. He said the bias of Gen. Chaffee, as shown in his cablegram, indicated that Maj. Gardener was reluctant to submit himself to an investigation by officers who had been the subject of his criticism. Now, Mr. Rawlins said, it is proposed to go through the farce of awaiting the specification file by Maj. Gardener and the result of an inquirer made by the board. He sympathized with the motives of the Washington officials that the charges should be fully investigated, but he held that some tribunal ought to be selected to make the investigation without possibility of the charge of partiality. He believed that the committee ought not to refuse to send for Maj. Gardener, as his testimony was extremely important.

Mr. Spooner (Wis.) said the observations of Mr. Rawlins were quite characteristic of the action of the Democrats in the course of this debate. He had read carefully the telegram from Gen. Chaffee, and had discovered nothing indicating a bias on his part. "The senator from Utah," continued Mr. Spooner, "seems to be blinded with suspicion of the army, and of almost everybody charged with any responsibility in the Philippines." It seemed to him that there was a too great willingness on the part of the minority to impeach the whole American army. Mr. Rawlins seemed to think no army board could be constituted which would investigate searchingly the case of Maj. Gardener. He denied emphatically that the officers constituting the board of inquiry were those who had served in the province of which Maj. Gardener was governor.

The charge of Mr. Rawlins, he said, was that as Gardener had made a general impeachment of military officers in the Philippines, no board could be constituted which would give him an impartial trial.

"The American people," he declared, "will not believe that charge, because they will know that it is not true of the army in the islands or any other American army. Referring to Gen. Funston, Mr. Spooner said he may have talked too much, but if he had done no more than some others who are not in military life had done about this war in the Philippines. The charge had been made, said he, that Funston had fought his way to fame with the jawbone of an ass. That was unjust and unworthy of those who made it. Funston had won fame as a soldier by leading the bravest of men in battle, and had won at the same time the condemnation of President McKinley, one of the most beautiful characters in the life of our nation. Funston had not won his fame with the jawbone of an ass, but with his sword. In the senate of the United States of all places, said he, the effort ought not to be made to besmirch the reputation and the honor of the army. Outrages had probably been committed in isolated instances in the Philippines. He condoned no outrage of any kind. All charges officially made of such outrages would be investigated thoroughly, and undoubtedly the guilty would be punished.

At 2:45 p. m. the senate adjourned out of respect to the late Representative Amos J. Cummings.

SURRENDER

Of Many Filipinos Is Reported By Gen. Chaffee.

Washington, May 3.—Adjt. Gen. Corbin today received the following cablegram from Gen. Chaffee, dated Manila, today:

"April 16, Rufio surrendered at Isio Negros, forty-three men and nine guns. April 22, Marello Luyo surrendered at Isabella Negros, forty-four men, one rifle, forty-four bolos and seven daggers. April 18, Rufino Deloso, chief of force, Mizamis province, Mindanao, surrendered Oroqueta, fourteen officers, 200 men, nineteen rifles and 275 bolos.

"Since the surrender of Malva April 16, Col. Hernadez, thirty-nine officers, fifty-six non-commissioned officers, 200 men and 110 guns surrendered. April 21 Santo Tomas (and) Batangas). Other surrenders in smaller numbers have been made at many points in Laguna and Batangas provinces. Guerrera as colonel, three lieutenant colonels, five majors, fourteen captains, forty-two lieutenants, twelve civilian officers, 241 riflemen and 496 bolomen surrendered at Cathalagon, Samar, April 26 and 27, turning in 155 Krags, seventy-nine Remingtons, thirty-one Mausers, fourteen miscellaneous and 8000 rounds of ammunition, of which 7500 were Krags. Prisoners being sent to their homes.

"So far as at present known to me, the largest number of armed men now opposed to the government in the provinces are in Leyte, the number being about 100 rifles. This report delayed to secure figures from Samar.

"The ports of Batangas and Laguna provinces and Island of Mindoro opened for resumption of trade at noon May 1. The ports of Samar will be opened in the course of a few days. I deem it best to give some days' warning because of the presence of cholera."

BABY KILLED.

Mother Fatally Injured In Tornado Near Centerville, S. D.

St. Paul, May 3.—A Centerville, S. D., special to the dispatch says: A tornado which passed five miles east of here last evening destroyed Victor Anderson's hog and barns, his baby was killed, his wife probably fatally injured, and his mother also hurt. Two horses were killed. Anderson was away from and lost his reason when he returned. Peter Haverberg's barns and sheds were destroyed, the kitchen wing torn from the house and small shed. John M. Sundstrom's large new barns were destroyed and his new house blown from the foundation. Erick Sundstrom's large new barns were destroyed and his new house blown from the foundation. Erick Sundstrom's house, and barn were destroyed. Several other farmers lost barns and many trees and wind mills.

WIT REBUKES VANITY.

Father Monsabre, the famous preacher of Notre Dame, Paris, whose fiftieth anniversary as priest has lately been celebrated, is known for his wit and humor. The Gaulois tells the following anecdote of him:

One day, at a most inconvenient moment, just as he was preparing to enter the pulpit, a lady came to him, and, with many airs and graces, told him that her conscience troubled her greatly because she had that morning admired herself in the looking glass more than usual, thinking how very pretty she was. Whereupon he answered:

"Go in peace, my child, a mistake is not a sin."

HELD UP AND ROBBED.

St. Paul, May 3.—A special to the Dispatch from Appleton, Wis., says: James Kippie, a paper mill employe, was held up and robbed last night of $90. He was passing Miller's lumber yards when he was knocked down by an unknown assailant who escaped.

RIFLE, COLO., SCORCHED.

Denver, May 3.—The business portion of Rifle, Colo., on the Denver & Rio Grande railroad, 36 miles west of Glenwood Springs, was almost destroyed by fire early today. The loss is estimated at $100,000; insurance about $50,000.

ARRESTS IN SIGHT

Board of Health Threatens Prosecution For Rental Agents.

Have Not Cleaned Property In Their Care, Although Notified.

Mrs. Emma Baldwin Is Appointed a Health Inspector.

At a meeting of the board of health yesterday afternoon it was decided to arrest two of the most prominent rental agents in the city unless property under their control is not celaned up by Monday morning.

In fact, the board has decided to do a stunt in the continuous strenuous efforts and offers a reward of $5 to any ersons that will give information leading to the arrest and conviction of persons that throw garbage any place but in the city dumps.

Duluth must be put in a sanitary condition, according to the health authorities, even if it becomes incumbent to arrest prominent citizens as a last resort.

Some time ago the rental agents were notified that they would be held responsible for the uncleanliness of property under thir care. Many of the agents joined in the civic pride movement that did so much to clean the city on April 19.

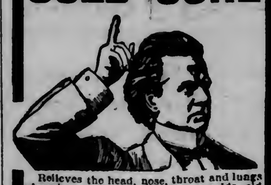
However, there were two agencies that did not swing in line and have overlooked subsequent repeated notices from the office of the board of health to clean up. If the ultimatum from the board of health, served early this morning is not heeded, the arrests will be made on Monday.

Many complaints have been made about people dumping garbage in unauthorized places. In the future, the persons making these complaints can make $5 per by giving reliable information, for the board offers that reward in good faith and intends to prosecute any person that offends against the ordinances in this respect.

Mrs. Emma Baldwin was yesterday appointed deputy health inspector for one month, subject to the confirmation of the council. She will not be detailed with the inspectors that are looking after the general cleaning up of the city, but her work will largely be of a persunsive nature among the realty offices.

Besides Mrs. Baldwin the board seeks to add three additional inspectors to the health department force, in order that the cleaning up movement may proceed without taking any of the other inspectors away from their campaign against contagious diseases. J. A. Murray was appointed to look after West Duluth; Martin Sorenson, for the central Duluth district, and a Mr. Barnes for Lakeside. All these appointments, however, are subject to confirmation by the council.

MUNYON'S
COLD CURE



Relieves the head, nose, throat and lungs almost immediately. Cures new colds, old colds and obstinate colds. It breaks up any kind of a cold in a few hours, and prevents Pneumonia, Bronchitis, Grippe or other disease of throat or lungs.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet. 15c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 21 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater—delightful crowds nightly.

The Crown Lumber company has begun suit in district court against William McKinley and a large number of other defendants to clear title to lot 44, Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth. M. Douglas is the attorney.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to William Stewart and Patrick Mahoney, who renounce allegiance to the king of Great Britain.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

The Duluth Brewing and Malting company has begun suit in district court against Dennie Logenisse to recover $371.20. It is alleged that $26 is due for beer, $250 on a note, and $95.30 on an assigned claim of the Sattler Liquor company. Baldwin & Baldwin are the attorneys.

Information of insanity was filed in probate court this morning against Mary Nibbi by Police Officer Norman Terry. The woman, who is 60 years of age, is in the county jail, and she will be examined for insanity Monday morning.

Dr. Homer Collins has removed his office to 302-304 New Jersey building.

Mary W. Henderson, of Alleghany county, Pa., has sold to Francis L. Shipley, of Washington, D. C., a part of lots 11 and 12, block 5, Portland division, forming a tract 50 feet by 100 feet, for $5250. The deed was filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds.

Parlor theater—great program tonight.

Yesterday one of the large Stone-Ordean-Wells company wagons sank several feet into a hole on East Superior street in front of the Hunter residence at Ninth avenue. It was no easy matter to get it out, but it was finally accomplished.

Professor Ourat will give the season's closing party Wednesday, May 7.

On another page will be found an Ad. calling attention to the excursion to Two Harbors on the America, Sunday, but at a late hour this afternoon the Booth company decided, owing to the weather conditions, best to postpone it.

Charles A. Stark & Co. will be at 213 Palladio building after Monday, May 5, 1902.

The Duluth Ministerial association will meet at the Y. M. C. A. rooms Monday morning at 10:30 a. m. The speaker will be Dr. T. H. Cleland of the First Presbyterian church and his subject is "The Holy Spirit and the Ministry." The West End Civic Federation will present an important matter for the club's consideration.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Little Jake, the popular saloonkeeper has reopened at 527 West Michigan street.

John Williams, a merchant of Oak Park, Benton county, Minn., has filed a petition of voluntary bankruptcy. His total liabilities are given as $1474.64. The total assets are $1955, of which $2105 is claimed to be exempt.

SMITH WILL BE ACQUITTED.

Manila, May 3.—The trial by court-martial of Gen. Jacob Smith ended today. The findings of the court will be forwarded to Washington. The general impression here is that he will be acquitted.

FINE OIL PAINTINGS.

We have just received a few very beautiful landscapes and fruit pieces, the work of the celebrated artist, B. S. Hays, formerly of Paris, which we have instructions to close out at about one-half of the actual value. A chance not to be missed.

ENGELS' ART STORE
THIRD AVENUE WEST.

NO HOPE.

William Johnson Dying of Injury Received In Railroad Yard.

William Johnson was reported in a dying condition at St. Mary's hospital this afternoon, as a result of an accident on the Northern Pacific tracks late yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Johnson is a switchman and was working in the yards at the foot of Third avenue west when the accident occurred. He noticed a little boy trying to jump on a Duluth & Iron Range train, and started to prevent the boy from jumping.

He stepped on a track in front of another train and was knocked down. One leg was terribly crushed near the thigh and was later amputated.

The injured man was about 27 years old and has a wife and 3-year-old son.

At the hospital today it was announced that all hope of Mr. Johnson's recovery had been given up.

Register's Receipts.

The activity in the movement of real estate is indicated by the receipts of fees in the office of the register of deeds, which for April amounted to $994.49. This is the largest month's receipts in some time, the register's report for April was filed this afternoon with the county auditor for the consideration of the board of county commissioners.

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

Pile Cure.
Sample Mailed Free.
One Application Gives Relief

The continued use of Humphreys' Witch Hazel Oil permanently cures Piles or Hemorrhoids— external or internal. Sample mailed free.

At Druggists; or mailed for 25 cts.
Humphreys' Med. Co., 111 William St., N. Y.

SUCCESSFUL.

Rectal Disease Cured Without Knife or Drugs.

The Branch Minneapolis Institute of Osteopathy at 512-14 Torrey building, in this city, has had such great success in curing piles and rectal disease that the doctors are becoming famous as experts in such troubles. We have recently heard of some very bad cases cured by them without drugs or knife. Call at their offices for information and references.

CITY DEMURS.

Claims Facts In R. S. Lerch's Suit Are Insufficient.

The city says R. S. Lerch's complaint in his damage suit against the city does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action.

Therefore the city has demurred to the complaint, and the case came up in special term of district court this morning before Judge Cant, with City Attorney Mitchell representing the city and John Jenswold, jr., appearing for the plaintiff.

Mr. Lerch is suing the city for $10,000 because of his troubles and loss through the extensive perambulations that were forced upon his livery barn some time ago. He claims that the city is liable because the authorities gave him permission to move from his old site to a place across First street, and then, when he had started, revoked that permission. The train of troubles that followed that incident is familiar, and Mr. Lerch's story is full of hard luck. The city, however, claims that there is nothing in the complaint to show that it is in any way responsible for the difficulty.

The argument on the demurrer began this morning before Judge Cant, was still in progress late in the afternoon. City Attorney Mitchell took up most of the forenoon, and Mr. Jenswold started to tell Mr. Lerch's side of the matter just before noon.

NOT YET THROUGH

West End Civic Federation's Campaign Is Only Started.

Sunday Baseball Episode Only Whettled Its Enthusiasm.

Announces Its Intentions to All Whom It May Concern.

The Civic Federation of West End churches and business men is not through with its campaign. Instead of retiring upon its laurels, after having prevented the playing of baseball at the West End on Sunday, it has only had its enthusiasm aroused. They are going after other things which, in their opinion, should not be. The following letter to The Herald indicates that it has other things in view:

"We are requested by the West End Civic Federation to convey to you and your confrere the thanks of the federation for your frank and fair courtesy in the late contest between us and the candidates for baseball. Whatever future contingency may arise we shall remember your impartial permission to both sides in the fight.

"We are also requested to notify our opponents that we are intending to carry out more fully perhaps than they wish their advice to see that all other forms of lawlessness be honored with our attention. It is remarkable how eager these gentlemen are that we should not fall into the error of aiding the saloon and the cigar stands, etc., by opposing them. Indeed, they were almost pathetic in assuring us that we should begin our reform with these named sources of Sunday depravity, and now, at least, interfere with pure baseball enterprises. Our reply was, and is, 'one thing at a time, gentlemen.' And the most pressing case first. We have had, that is, the West End has had, twelve years of the 'orderly and legitimate baseball experiences.'

"In order, and at the proper time, we intend to care for disorderly saloons, gambling, and the saddest institution of all, the dive. Will all who are partners to these ways that are dark and depraved take notice of our intention? It is rumored that certain speculators in vice are about to invest in real estate in the West End and put up suitable buildings for their nefarious business. We give fair warning that the West End Federation is not a thing of an hour, and that so long as there is need to protect the morals of this end of the city the forces are given as the picket line, alert and pitiless. That is, it will not respect persons nor parties. Our methods will be honorable, but the game will not know when our hounds are on their trail. They will not give tongue till the coon is treed. And then it must come down or be shot—according to law. The West End business men are solidly pledged to stand by us in the fight.

"Again, for your impartial courtesy, we thank you in the name of the West End Federation.

H. W. KNOWLES, Chairman.
L. I. BELDEN, Secretary.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.

Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

PERSONALS.

William J. Bettingen, of Minneapolis, who is in the grain business in that city, and maintains an office in Duluth, was in the city today. He formerly made his home in this city.

F. W. Maynard, of Chicago, formerly of Duluth, was in the city this morning and left this afternoon for Minneapolis. He represents George H. Daggett & Co., of Minneapolis, on the Chicago board of trade.

F. W. Edwards, manager of the Gately Supply Co., has returned from the East.

Dr. and Mrs. Lane, of Billings, Minn., are guests of Mrs. P. J. Gilbert, of 625 West Third street. They are here on their way to North Dakota.

Dr. and Mrs. P. J. Naughton, of Boston, Mass., are the guests of Dr. Naughton's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Coleman Naughton, 120 East Third street.

Mrs. J. D. Gunn, of 511 East Third street, left yesterday afternoon for Montrose, Pa., to attend the funeral of her sister, Mrs. William Elliott, Sunday.

J. D. DeWolfe, business manager of "The Way Down East" company, is here today arranging for the appearance of his company at the Lyceum next Saturday afternoon and evening.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Rufus H. Dreyer has been very ill for a week with bronchial pneumonia. A couple of days ago all that could be done for him in the way of medical aid had been exhausted and there was nothing left but to await nature's course. Today he is considerably improved and, while not yet past the danger point, the prospect for recovery is much brighter.

S. W. Richardson and family have vacated their former home in the Buffalo flats, and are temporarily at the Ralston. They expect to occupy their home at Lester Park the latter part of next week.

Mrs. James McAlpine, of Milwaukee, Wis., Mrs. Martin Redding, of Frederick, S. D., and Mrs. Robert McConnell, of Madison, Wis., are visiting their sister, Mrs. J. B. Richards, at 2321 East First street, and their mother, Mrs. C. P. Root, who is very ill.

Miss Marguerite Melvin, of Holidaysburg, Pa., is the guest of her brother, J. Thayer Melvin, of East Fifth street.

George Wilkinson, an Ashland logging contractor, is at the St. Louis.

Chester A. Rionedon will go East on the Omaha this afternoon.

Thomas Griffiths will leave on the South Shore this evening for Hancock.

Edward Hines, the lumberman, expects to return to Chicago on the fast mail today.

Ed Eden, Northwestern agent of the Lackawanna line, is in town today. He says that reports of his brother John C. Eden, assistant general traffic manager of the Great Northern system, are to the effect that he likes his coast territory very much.

S. H. Hughn, general agent of the Milwaukee road, at Calumet, is in the city today. He will go back on the South Shore this evening.

A. H. Comstock will go to Deerwood tomorrow morning to spend Sunday and put his cottage in order. Already F. A. Patrick and Dr. Collins have gone out for the season. It is said that just now the trip is like going from one climate to another. There are fifteen cottages on both lakes.

A party of Houghton people who came over on the new steamer Iroquois on her first trip was composed of Mrs. H. W. Jones, Miss Leon Jones, J. R. Goodell and Mr. and Mrs. H. L. Goodell. They are registered at the Spalding.

WAS UNDER CHALLENGE

When Attacked By Friend of Antagonist.

Dueling has practically died out in America, and is in disrepute in nearly every other part of the world," said a noted Southerner to a Washington Post reporter the other day. "One thing that gave a jar to the code of honor in the South was the assault on Governor Warmouth along in the seventies. Warmouth was under challenge at the time, and under the circumstances his person should have been held sacred. The whole story constitutes one of the most stirring chapters in the history of Louisiana.

"In many respects the ablest Republican governor who ever presided over Louisiana in reconstruction days was Henry Clay Warmouth. He was a native of Missouri, who, when the war commenced, took the Union instead of the Confederate side, and such was his talents that very soon he was a lieutenant on Maj. Gen. John A. McClelland's staff. At the siege of Vicksburg Col. Warmouth had a very sharp difference with Gen. Grant, which ended in the Missouri colonel tendering his resignation.

"It made Warmouth a bitter personal and political opponent of Gen. Grant for all time, and Grant refused to help Warmouth in his election of 1868, when he himself was running for the presidency. After the acceptance of his resignation Warmouth went to New Orleans, and very shortly after was appointed governor of Louisiana under the acts of reconstruction, and in 1868, was elected governor with Grant on the ticket as president.

"Warmouth was a good governor. He came to Washington in 1865, immediately after the surrender, and got congress to make a very handsome appropriation for the levees of Louisiana that the federal army had well-nigh destroyed. Then he called a special session of the legislature, which likewise made as large an appropriation for the same purpose as the finances of the state would bear. By means of these two funds the levees were put into pretty good order and the planters felt safe in planting a very fair acreage in cotton, sugar and rice.

"Though Governor Warmouth was fairly popular with the white people of the state, there were a few irreconcilables. They were generally, with some distinguished exceptions, men whose service to the late Confederate army had been brief and not especially valuable. The greater number were exempt from duty by reason of some physical disability. The leader of the faction was a man named Edward L. Jewell. He came from a good family in the parish of Pointe Coupee, but had lived in New Orleans since childhood. He was a little man and was afflicted with a physical malformation that rendered walking laborious and difficult for him. He spoke and wrote fairly well. He had been attached to the staff of the New Orleans Crescent, a journal that had some vogue under Col. J. O. Nixon, but was of brief existence.

"Jewel was the leader who aspired to take the people of Louisiana from under the rule of their politicat taskmakers. Ninety-five per cent of the whites were Democrats and opposed in toto to Warmouth's politics, but they did not mean to be led by Jewell. However, that gentleman proposed to take the head of the column, and as the first step in that direction he established on the ruins of the Crescent, and with its plant and good-will, a newspaper called the Bulletin. As a business manager he associated himself with a man named Briarly, known among his intimates better by the name of 'Dan.' He had some money, and this he invested against Jewell's talent. Thus the new enterprise was set afloat.

"As has been said, while the white people of the state did not like Governor Warmouth's politics, yet he had recently succeeded in getting the levees repaired so that it was a reasonable risk to plant a crop. He had also advised the negroes to leave the towns and hire themselves out, the Freedmen's bureau meanwhile making reasonable contracts for them and seeing that they were duly paid according to contract.

"But this did not accord with the views of the Bulletin. Its chief tenet was an unprovoked, but terribly bitter, personal hatred of Governor Warmouth. Every issue contained the most virulent abuse of him. No story to Warmouth's detriment was too bad to be printed. Finally it became personally vindictive. It said in an issue that Caesar had his Brutus and Warmouth ought to find his among a liberty-loving people. If the manhood of the state had not been capped by the bribes of the Radicals in the shape of beneficiaries like levee building.

"Friends told Governor Warmouth that the thing had gone far enough. 'What can I do?' he replied. 'I can't fight Jewell, for he is a cripple.'

"One day two gentlemen called on Warmouth and asked him if he would fight if Jewell challenged him. Warmouth knew that Jewell did not care for a duel. He himself was not afraid of one. He therefore replied very diplomatically that he could not say what he would do if he were challenged; that etiquette forbade his stating his position, as he had nothing on which to base it. Jewell took this as a sign that Warmouth would show the white feather. He therefore challenged Warmouth. The governor promptly accepted, and Jewell and his friends were in a pretty bad fix, for their bluff had been called.

"As the day for the duel approached it was quite evident that Jewell and Brairly were badly worried. They felt that they had to make good their pretensions, but when the fact leaked out that Warmouth was a good shot, as well as an expert with the foils, it was seen that Jewell had no chance in combat with the governor.

"Brairly therefore decided to find a way out of the difficulty. He was braced up with more whisky than was good for him and went out in search of Warmouth. He met the governor, who was walking along Canal street. Briarly jostled against Warmouth and struck him a terrific blow over the head with an orange wood walking stick, which was completely shattered by the force of the impact.

"Half dazed by the brutal assault, Warmouth turned and saw that his assailant was Briarly. Rapidly recovering his faculties, he reached in his pocket for a knife which a friend had given him just before starting out on his walk. It was what he called a 'gimlet knife,' a weapon with a handle like a corkscrew, the blade projecting from where the corkscrew should be. This blade is usually four or five inches long, an inch broad, double-edged and keen.

"After Briarly had struck Warmouth he clinched with him. As he was down on one knee, Briarly loomed threateningly above him. Warmouth thought of the gimlet knife. He did not doubt that Briarly meant to kill him, and was ready then and there to act. He drew his knife, and as he arose and Briarly tried to clinch with him again, he began using it. He drove it into Briarly until Briarly was literally cut to pieces. In a moment the two men were separated. Briarly was carried into a near-by house, where in a few minutes he died. At the inquest Dr. Folwell, the coroner, said that Briarly had thirty-two knife wounds in him, any two of which would have killed him.

"Briarly's death caused a tremendous sensation. There was an attempt made to arouse a vindictive feeling against Warmouth that should look to summary measures, but it utterly failed. Warmouth was not even tried. To the only person the governor ever spoke about the affair, so far as the writer has knowledge, he said no one could more deeply regret the circumstances than himself. He had not sought the difficulty; he never hunted a fight nor ran away from one.

"For over thirty years Governor Warmouth has lived in Louisiana, and he is one of the most enterprising and best citizens. He owns 5000 acres of land, on which is established one of the finest sugar plantations in the South, and undoubtedly the largest and most valuable orange grove this side of the Pacific coast.

"Of course, the duel with Jewell never came off. The better class of people were up in arms against his conduct, especially since it was believed that Brirly was going to attack Warmouth. Jewell never regained caste in the Crescent City."

MAIL BY WHEELBARROW.

Four times daily for twenty-one years, summer and winter, in fair weather and foul, Lucinda Annie Robertson has trundled a wheelbarrow bearing the United States mail from the postoffice at Pleasantville, Iowa, to the railroad a mile away, says the New York Sun. She took the job when her husband, who had the contract to carry the mail, fell ill and because she couldn't carry the load she introduced the wheelbarrow.

When her husband became a confirmed invalid she kept the contract for him and nursed him, too, and at his death the government wouldn't take the job away from her. It is worth just $100 a year, and it is almost all her living.

She is now 71, but she vows she will carry the mail till she dies.

"But some days," she says, "it seems as though I could never drag myself and that old barrow another step."

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Nichols A. Holmer and Mamie Potvin.

Ed Z. Arrance and Emma Lord, of Douglas county, Wis.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LADIES DOING FINE SEWING OR fancy work recommend Satin-Skin to keep hands soft, supple and white. 25c.

Thomson & Dunlop
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
PAINTS,
Oils and Varnishes.
226-228 West Michigan Street.

Art Nouveau In WALL PAPER

Never before has Art been so handsomely exemplified in Wall Papers as in designs we are receiving for the present season.

Our designs and colorings are exclusively OUR OWN and our aim is to DECORATE your home.

We should be pleased to furnish you designs for INTERIOR FITMENTS of any style and with workmen to execute the same.

We are prepared to furnish workmen for Fresco, Relief and Wall Paper, Decorating, Hardwood and Floor Finishers.

Interior and Exterior Painting and Enamel Work. We guarantee all material furnished by us to be the best.

H. A. HALL & CO.
16 E. Superior St. 'Phone 534. DECORATORS.

WARNING!

The Malcomson Tea Store has been given to understand that an unscrupulous agent is taking orders in their name for a very cheap and inferior grade of tea and coffee. Be sure to see that the name and address—

Malcomson Tea Co.,
8 First Avenue West,

is on every package you buy and thus protect yourself from imitations and frauds.

G. F. AMBORN, Manager.

Wall Paper

Have you seen our new and popular patterns? They are beauties—and the price—so low—that you can't help buying. Paper for a whole room at 50c.

SUTTON'S,
14 West Superior Street.

Monuments!

A Card Will Bring Us to Your Door With Samples.

P. N. PETERSON GRANITE CO.
217 Manhattan Building.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

ARE STILL FAR APART

Vesselmen and Longshoremen Have Not Yet Agreed.

Are Again In Session Endeavoring to Get Together.

Both Sides Apparently Determined Not to Yield.

It has been intimated that a settlement of the longshoremen's strike might be effected at the meeting which is being held at the Spalding hotel this afternoon between the executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association and the committee appointed at the special meeting of the striking longshoremen yesterday afternoon.

The meeting began shortly after 2 o'clock and at 3 o'clock was still in session, but no word had come from the inside to indicate the progress being made.

The longshoremen's committee is comprised of Gordon O'Neill, T. J. Ultican, Gavin Sim, Peter Nelson and Alphonse St. James. President Keefe, of the International Longshoremen's union, also went into the meeting.

Judging from the attitude of the longshoremen this noon, if any settlement is made at all, it will be an unconditional surrender on the part of the vesselmen.

After the meeting held yesterday afternoon telegrams were sent to every longshoremen's union at all of the lumber loading points along the lakes asking the unions to make the demand for 60 cents. Among the places to which telegrams were sent were Ashland, Port Wing, Grand Marais, Mich., Marquette, Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., and St. Ignace.

Up to this afternoon no word had been received from any of those ports, though it was rumored that the Ashland local made a demand for 60 cents this morning. The rumor is emphatically denied by one of the vesselmen, who was talking with Ashland over the long distance 'phone this morning. He says that the lumber boats are being loaded there today. The vesselmen further stated that the Ashland union would not go out, anyway, until after it has held a meeting and no meeting is likely to be held before next Tuesday or Wednesday. He says the Ashland longshoremen are awaiting the result of the fight at this port.

One of the members of the executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association said this noon:

"The meeting this afternoon is being held with the view of reaching an amicable settlement of the present difficulty. The vesselmen have been ready at all times to meet with this end in view. We are not looking for or trying to stir up trouble. Personally, I am willing to settle on any fair basis, but if such a settlement cannot be effected, I am ready to fight."

The executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association appeared before the longshoremen at the meeting of yesterday afternoon and urged that the vesselmen could not afford to pay more than 50 cents an hour. The longshoremen were as firm in holding out for 60 cents, and the vesselmen withdrew, having brought the matter no nearer settlement.

CUT THE TIME

Omaha Twilight Limited Reduces Running Time to Five Hours.

The Omaha will next week Sunday reduce the running time of the Twilight Limited between Duluth and St. Paul to five hours and by setting back the leaving time of its Omaha express, make direct connection with that train as well as with the Overland limited for the coast and with service through to Kansas City.

By this change, the Omaha takes a traveler from Duluth and lays him down in San Francisco in three days one hour and a half. One can take the Twilight at 4 p. m., arrive in St. Paul at 9 p. m., made connection there at 9:05 and arrive at Omaha at 8:40 the next morning. One can also reach Kansas City, with direct connections, at 4 p. m., twenty-four hours' ride. Over the same route, Cheyenne can be reached at 11 p. m. of the second day.

It is quite generally believed by passenger men here that all the East-bound roads will join in the South Shore summer tariff regardless of the reports of action otherwise which come from Chicago and St. Paul. The situation here created to the lake passenger season is such, it is held, as to practically prevent any of the roads from raising rates above $24 or $25 in the summer. It is expected that the Omaha will name one or the other of these rates for the summer season.

There is considered to be a possibility that the proposed advance may be effected from Minneapolis.

DROWNED.

Charles Johnson Lost His Life, Falling From Scow.

Charles Johnson was drowned by an overturning scow in Lake Superior last night.

The accident occurred about a mile southeast of the canal at 10:30 o'clock.

A heavy sea was running at the time, and as the tug Gilien was turning the scow around at the dumping ground, a wave turned it completely over.

Johnson was under the scow and managed to hang on for nearly fifteen minutes while the crew of the Gilien made desperate efforts to rescue him.

The unfortunate man had only worked one day on the scows. He was employed on the Barker dredge Menominee.

At a late hour today the body had not been recovered, and owing to the short time he was on dredging duty his associates of yesterday could tell very little regarding him.

IS BITTER.

Former Governor Peck Speaks of Wisconsin Political Fight.

Former Governor George W. Peck, of Milwaukee arrived in the city today to visit his son, Roy Peck, who is connected with the general offices of the Oliver Iron Mining company. The governor was the Democrat who after being idolized as mayor of Milwaukee, wrested the state from Republican control after many years of continuous rule, and in the face of a very heavy standing majority.

"The principal fight in Wisconsin, in a political way at least, just now," said Governor Peck in the Spalding lobby this noon "is not between the two political parties. There is more feeling and more fight between the two factions of the Republican party in our state than there usually is between the two parties. The forces of Governor La Follette are seeking to resist the effort of the friends of Senator Whitehead, of Whitewater, to get the Republican nomination for governor. La Follette has a remarkably strong organization throughout the country districts of the state, while the Whitehead faction, back of which are supposed to be the Pfister party, is as notably strong in the large cities.

"It is too early as yet to make a prediction as to what the result will be. The feeling is very bitter, and a very strong campaign will be made by both sides. As to Democratic chances in Wisconsin, this fall, that is a pretty difficult question to discuss in view of the unsettled condition in the Republican organization itself. Moreover, to carry Wisconsin, we would have a good 100,000 majority to overcome."

Governor Peck was the founder of Peck's Sun and the author of the famous humorous Peck's "Bad Boy" papers.

IS NEEDED.

Commissioner Berdie Thinks New Courthouse Is Necessary.

County Commissioner R. F. Berdie came down from the range yesterday afternoon to attend the meeting next week of the county board.

"I believe a strong sentiment has developed in behalf of a new court house since the discussion started by Commissioner Kugler's resolution providing for a bond issue for that purpose," said Mr. Berdie last night. "This is true, not only of the ranges but of Duluth, itself where I have had many opportunities to discuss the matter and get at public sentiment on my visits here. In fact, I believe the sentiment is much stronger for a new court house now than it was when Mr. Kugler's resolution was defeated.

The results of my investigations on the subject have convinced me that the people are in favor of a new county building provided it be built near the business center of the city, where it can be reached without waiting to transfer from one of the down town car lines or to take a car from down town. In fact, it seems to me that the need of moving the court house to a central location is quite as great as the need of more and better room."

FINE NEW STORE.

Eppling & Osman In the Masonic Temple.

Within a week a new grocery and meat market has been added to the Duluth list by Eppling & Osman, who have established a handsome store in the Masonic Temple, and already it is cutting a swath in the trade. The store is admirably appointed and stocked, and the enterprise of its proprietors is shown by the many excellent burgains that are advertised regularly. Mr. Eppling, who has charge of the shop, was formerly in the grocery business in this city, and has had much experience. Both groceries and meats are included in the stock.

ELKS IN THE PARADE.

They Take Part With the Field Minstrels.

The Field minstrels and the Duluth Elks paraded this noon, and they were witnessed by a large and admiring crowd.

Al G. Field and John L. Fuller, chairman of the Elks' committee on reception, occupied the carriage at the head. Then came the minstrel band and the company, and following the company was a body of Duluth Elks, all decked out with purple umbrellas.

Mr. Field is next to the highest officer of the Elks in this country, and his performance tonight will give the fund that is to provide a new building for the local lodge a start.

VERY GRAVE

Is the Situation Throughout Portuguese Frontier Becoming.

Madrid, May 3.—Advices received here from the Portugal frontier, indicate that the situation in Portugal is becoming extremely grave, in consequence of the excitement caused by the bill which passed the chamber of deputies, approving the calling of a convention of Portugal's foreign creditors for the purpose of converting the foreign debt. Members of the Portuguese army and navy are commencing to join in the popular protests. Two hundred naval officers who petitioned King Charles against the convention, have refused to withdraw the protest.

The students of Coimbra, capital of Beira province, who attacked the police recently and all the students not natives of Coimbra have been expelled from that town.

The students of polytechnic school at Lisbon have made frequent demonstrations in the street, shouting "Down with the priests," "Down with the convention of foreign creditors."

Unconfirmed reports are in circulation that troops at Oporto have mutinied. All telegrams from Portugal are censored.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, May 3.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch, says: Hugh McQuaid dropped dead of heart disease in the lobby of the Cosmopolitan hotel at 6 o'clock this morning. McQuaid was an early settler and reported the Custer massacre for the Associated Press. For many years he was editor of the Helena Independent. He was also a well-known mining man. He was a civil war veteran and had just been appointed custodian of the new state house.

Danville, Ill., May 3.—William P. Cannon, brother of Congressman J. G. Cannon, died today from injuries received from a fall. He was president of the Second National bank, president of the street car and electric light plant and a leading Republican politician. Congressman Cannon arrived from Washington today, to attend the funeral.

Baltimore, May 3.—Robert J. ("Doc.") Slater, for many years prominent in Democratic politics in this city, died here today. He attained a national reputation as the proprietor of the famous Ocean club at Long Branch, N. J., which was closed by the authorities several years ago.

Alexandria, Va., May 3.—Rev. Dr. Joseph Packard, a dean of the faculty of the Episcopal theological seminary at Alexandria, died here today, aged 89 years.

HOUSE CLEANING

MEANS MUCH HARD WORK FOR WOMEN AT THIS TIME OF THE YEAR.

Precaution Should Be Taken That the Unusual Exertion Does Not Result In a Breaking Down of the Health.

In the enervating weather of spring, when the system is at its lowest state of vitality, most women clean house. This means much hard work and, unless proper precautions are taken, a breaking down of the health is inevitable. Mrs. Mary Lee, of No. 226 Water street, Eau Claire, Wis., had an experience of this nature and what she says is of interest to every woman.

"In the spring of 1899," she says, "the effects of overwork, which had been telling upon me for some time, caused a general breaking down of my health. I became very nervous, with severe headaches and dizzy spells and had such agonizing pains across the chest that I could not raise my arms without undergoing horrible tortures. I could not sleep for more than an hour at a time, I felt worn out and all my ambition was gone.

"After I had been in this condition for five years, my mother, who lives in Allenford, Ont., recommended that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. I began taking them and, although my case was a stubborn one, in a short time I was better, and in four months I was entirely cured. It always gives me pleasure to recommend Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People to any who suffer as I did, for I know this medicine will help them."

The best medicine to tone up and strengthen the system so that hard work will not result in sickness or debility is one that will act directly on the blood and nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People do this as no other preparation can, and what these wonderful vegetable pills have accomplished is shown in thousands of instances as remarkable as the one above.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold in boxes (never in bulk) at fifty cents a box or six boxes for two dollars and fifty cents, and may be had of all druggists or direct by mail from Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y. Be sure to get the genuine; substitutes never cured anybody.

FATAL

To Frank Smith Was Boxing Bout With Hartranft.

Allentown, Pa., May 3.—Frank Smith died at the Allentown hospital today from injuries received last night in a boxing bout with Hans Hartranft in the Keystone A. C. The boys were scheduled to fight eight rounds. In the seventh Hartranft landed a hard blow on Smith's chin, felling him heavily to the floor. Smith became unconscious and remained in that condition until death resulted. The physicians say Smith died from a fractured skull or clot of blood on the brain. Hartranft is under arrest. All persons connected with the fight will be arrested.

WATER CURE

Further Explained to Senate Committee By Boston Soldier.

Washington, May 3.—L. E. Hallock, of Boston, Mass., formerly, a sergeant and then a private in Company I, Twenty-sixth volunteer infantry, testified today before the senate committee on the Philippines concerning the practice of the "water cure" in the islands.

Mr. Hallock told of the infliction of the water cure upon a dozen natives of Leon, province of Panay. He said they were captured and tortured in order to secure information of the murder of Private O'Herne of Company I, who had been not only killed, but roasted and otherwise tortured before death ensued. Capt. Glenn, in charge of a scouting party, had first secured a confession of participation in this crime by one native, who had implicated twelve others. These were, the witness said, taken to Leon, where his company, under command of Capt. Green, was stationed. There, on the 21st and again on the 23rd of August, 1900, the cure was given.

"Who inflicted the cure?"

"Members of Company I."

"Were they ordered to do so?"

"They were, by First Sergt. Jarius Manning, who now is in Boston."

Hallock added that he had witnessed the torture, but had not participated in it.

IN A HURRY.

Live Stock Association Wants Beef Investigation Rushed.

Chicago, May 3.—The executive committee of the National Live Stock exchange met today and passed resolutions requesting the government officials to make the proposed investigation of the so-called beef trust as promptly and as thoroughly as possible, and calling upon the different live stock exchanges to take action to endeavor to bring the live stock trade back to its normal channels and restore confidence. The resolutions deprecate sensational statements about the alleged beef trust as both the producer and consumer have been placed in very unenviable position. The resolutions also declare that a trust in fresh beef is an impossibility, owing to the volume of the business the number of people engaged in it and the perishable nature of the commodity.

GAMES POSTPONED.

New York, May 3.—The New York-Philadelphia and the Brooklyn-Boston baseball games today were postponed on account of rain.

WILLING TO SUBSIDIZE.

London, May 3.—It is reported in Liverpool shipping circles that the British government has intimated its willingness to subsidize British shipping in the event of the Atlantic shipping combine proving really harmful to the mercantile marine of Great Britain.

SILVER IS FOUND

Sheriff's Sargents' Valuable Plate Has Been Recovered Intact.

Thieves Evidently Afraid to Offer It For Sale.

Left On London Road and Found By An Officer.

The bold thieves that robbed Sheriff Sargent's residence on April 13 finally discovered that the valuable silverware they stole could not be sold without endangering their freedom.

They left the silverware on the sidewalk at London road and Eleventh avenue east last night, where it was found at 4 o'clock this morning by Officer Louis Johnson.

Everything that was stolen was recovered. The silverware was very valuable, consisting of coffee and tea services and other large pieces that had been in the family for the past thirty years.

On the night of the 13th of last month the thieves opened a dining room window of the sheriff's residence, which is attached to the county jail.

To open this window they must have worked for some time in the glare of an electric light on Third street, close by. They visited the cellar only for the purpose of securing a sack to put their booty in. They emptied a sack of beans, and when Officer Johnson found the silverware this morning it was still in this sack.

Returning to the dining room after securing the sack; the silverware was taken, and the thieves apparently left without trying to enter any other part of the house. The robbery was not discovered till the next morning, when Mrs. Sargent went down to breakfast.

The theory is that the robbery was the work of former prisoners that had been the sheriff's guests in the county jail. Suspicion pointed strongly to one of these men that later turned up in Sioux City, but there was nothing tangible to connect him with it.

Chief Troyer and his detectives had been watching every pawnshop in the city, as well as other cities in the Northwest and had the thieves turned up to sell any of the silverware they would probably have been apprehended. They seem to have realized this in giving up their booty without revealing their identity.

* * *

A smashing, dashing, slashing soubrette brunette named Mamie Humphreys made an informal call on a Miss Wood, an other brunette living at 126 West Second street.

Miss Humphreys murmured something in Miss Woods' shell-like ear, which sounded like an explosion in a boiler factory to other people in the immediate neighborhood.

When arrested this morning for creating a disturbance Miss Humphreys had quieted down considerably and only talked like a seltzer siphon with a case of hysterics.

* * *

Three men drew twenty-day sentences in police court this morning. Olaf Lundberg got it for drunkenness and William Riley and Peter Daley for dabbling in the art pugilistique.

Lundberg had been sleeping in a Bowery saloon prior to his arrest, and the strollers painted stripes of red and green all over his face.

NOTICE

Freight Handlers Local No. 64.

Special meeting Monday night May 5. All members are requested to be present. Important business. Kalamazoo Hall. A. M. BRANDON, Pres.

OSBORNE'S FUNERAL.

London, May 3.—A funeral service over the remains of Gen. William McKinley Osborne, the United States consul general here, who died at Wimbledon, Tuesday last, was conducted at St. Mary's church, Morton, near Wimbledon, today. The United States ambassador, Mr. Choate, and the other members of the embassy were preesnt.

RECEIVED BY LOUBET.

Paris, May 3.—President Loubet this evening received in audience the Rochambeau mission, previous to its departure for the United States, and made a speech, during the course of which he said: "You are going to a country where energy is a religion, and I wish you the good welcome which that enthusiastic, mighty people beyond the sea has ever reserved for those who have gone there to represent France."

Attention Woodmen!

All members of Duluth Camp No. 2341, M. W. A., are requested to be present at the meeting Wednesday evening, May 7th, 1902. A number of our state officers will be with us then. By order of the Camp.

M. L. FRASER, Clerk.

REHEARING

Granted In Case of Wisconsin Oneida Indians.

St. Paul, May 3.—A Madison, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: A rehearing has been granted by the interior department on the claim of the Wisconsin Oneida Indians for about $2,000,000 from the government for Kansas lands ceded to them in 1838, but which they never occupied. Assistant Attorney General Buell, who returned today from Washington, where he has been looking after the matter is confident of securing a reversal of the ruling and the allowance of the claim.

VOLCANO ACTIVE.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., May 3.—Advices received here today from the island of Martinique, announce that the volcano on Mont Pelee, which has been inactive since 1851, has within the last week been alarmingly active. On Thursday it belched forth smoke, ashes and flames. The town of St. Pierre was covered with ashes to the depth of a quarter of an inch and appears to be enveloped in fog. Great consternation prevails there and business is suspended.

EPWORTH LEAGUE

Of Wisconsin Elects Officers For Ensuing Year.

LaCrosse, May 3.—A resolution was adopted by the State Epworth League today condemning the government for the immorality in the Philippines. President Roosevelt's attitude on it was commended, however. The following officers were elected:

President, H. A. Larson, Waupaca; first vice president, Mrs. Laura Porhm, Durand; second vice president, M. E. Bogdon, Mill Center; third vice president, Alice Stearns, La Farge; fourth vice president, George Gohike, Madison; secretary, C. G. Goodsell, Racine; treasurer, Irving Ruggles, LaCrosse; junior superintendent, Miss Cora Wells, Milwaukee.

UNDER ANTI-TRUST LAW.

Suit Is Brought Againt Ohio Coal Combine.

Columbus, Ohio, May 3.—Elizabeth Brothers brought suit against the Essex Coal company, President M. Montsarrat of the Hocking Valley and the Sunday Creek Coal company for $30,500 damages under the penalty clause of the anti-trust law. The petition claims that the Sunday Creek Coal company and other defendants conspired with the Essex Coal company to combine and to control the trade, fixing the minimum prices for coal. By reason of the advance of prices to the retail trade, the plaintiff's claim their business was destroyed.

LOG THIEVES ARRESTED.

La Crosse, Wis., May 3.—Five alleged log thieves, believed to be part of a large gang, which has been systematically robbing loggers of thousands of logs every summer, were arrested early today near Brownsville, Minn. They pleaded not guilty and the case was adjourned until Thursday next.

FEVER ALL GONE.

The Hague, May 3.—The bulletin posted this morning at Castle Loo says Queen Wilhelmina passed a quiet night, that she has not had any fever for several days and that her strength is increasing.

AT MORRIS PARK.

New York, May 3.—The weather was cloudy and threatening for the opening of the racing season at Morris Park. The first great stake of the East is to be run this afternoon, the Metropolitan handicap for 3-year-olds and upwards over the withers mile. The Juvenile stake for 2-year-olds also is to be run.

SAMARITANS.

Beta Council No. 2, Modern Samaritans, will meet at Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday evening at 8 o'clock, and will leave there to meet with the West Duluth Council. All are invited.

J. HULTQUIST, G. S.

CRANK INVENTORS.

"I represent a big chemical concern in New York," said a well-known patent attorney to the Washington Post, "and that concern is always on the lookout for improvements in their specialties. Their president said to me some years ago: 'If any fellow comes to you and claims to have a chemical process which is an improvement on any of our specialties, don't let him get away for want of a few dollars. No matter if he is drunk and in rags, find out what he knows and help him along if there is any chance of his making an improvement. He may be the undiscovered genius with a million-dollar prize in his head.'

"So I always act on that principle, and welcome the crank inventor with open arms. It has been a success, too. I have had experiences which make me repeat as a daily prayer what Herbert Spencer wrote: 'The vital knowledge which underlies our whole existence is a knowledge that has got itself taught in nooks and corners, while the ordained agencies for teachings have been mumbling little else but dead formulas.'

"I hope this great Carnegie institute will put that sentence over its lintel as the motto and moving spirit of its life. If it does, it will be a greater instrument for the advancement of the human race than any university in the world."

WHEN ALGER SAT STILL.

While the navy was planning months in advance for the conflict with Spain the army sat still, even though Secretary Alger was, with Roosevelt and Leonard Wood, certain that war was coming, and eager for it to begin, says the Atlantic Monthly. Nobody ascertained how many or what ships were available for transports; nobody inquired what the best port was from which troops could sail for Cuba, and what its railroad connections; nobody cared where the volunteer armies should camp, or even wondered where arms and clothing should be got from to make the levies soldiers so far as outward appearances were concerned. Nor did anyone dream of drawing up in advance a list of worthy National Guard officers to be given rank in the volunteers, or one of worthy civilians, or even picked out the names of the regular officers to be appointed to generalcies at the outbreak of hostilities. These and a thousand and one things were left to be done after the war was pending or declared, and then had to be done in a hurried and slipshod manner.

If Gen. Alger is able to make out something of a case for himself in his recently published defense of his administration of the war department, it is not because of any foresight on his part.

LOAF CENTURIES OLD.

A notable recent contribution to the archaeological museum of the University of Arizona is a loaf of bread found in a cave dwelling in the Superstition mountains of Central Arizona in 1879, and since that time in the possession of Herbert Brown, superintendent of the territorial prison, writes the Tucson correspondent of the New York Sun.

The loaf is undeniably bread, and without a doubt is of great age. It was found imbedded in the ashes wherein it was baked probably hundreds or perhaps thousands of years ago. It had very plainly been wrapped in a cloth or mat, and the marks of the fiber of the cloth are visible in the dark, brick-like mass. Mr. Brown is of the opinion that the bread was made of mesquite beans, roughly ground in metates by the aboriginal housewives of centuries ago.

With it was found a store of ancient sacrificial implements, stone axes and arrow heads. The loaf has been sterilized by the curator of the museum, and has been seated within a glass jar.

PORCELAIN VIOLINS.

A well-known manufacturer of musical instruments in Germany—Max Freyer—has introduced a new process for making violins from clay, says Chamber's Journal. These fiddles are of the ordinary pattern, but are cast in molds, so that each instrument is an exac tcounterpart of its fellow. It is said—but it is somewhat hard to believe—that the porcelain body acts as a better resonator than one of wood, and that the tone of the instrument is therefore singularly pure and full. The same inventor is also making mandolins of china clay, and it seems that they are much appreciated in Southern countries, where the instrument is regarded more seriously than it is in Britain. The obvious disadvantage of a musical instrument being made of china clay is the brittleness of the material, as well as its weight, but both these drawbacks seem to have been forgotten. For some time we have heard rumors of most excellent violins being made of aluminum, and this metal, from its extreme lightness and other qualities, would seem to be admirably adapted to such a purpose.

WILD HORSE

May Be Trained to Appear on the Turf.

Was Captured By Strategy After Many Vain Attempts.

Crack long-distance race horses that have already made a name may have a rival next year that if he does not beat them will scare them off the track. The new racer has never seen a race track, but he has the speed of the wind and is about to be put in training now, says the New York Sun.

In the southeastern part of Colorado is a large ranch owned by an Englishman, H. C. Allaway. He makes a business of raising cattle and horses. As a means of diversion and incidental profit he and his cowboys spend at least one day every month in capturing some of the many wild horses that roam the adjacent plains. These horses have run wild for generations. It is a rough section of country and the horses at large are those that escaped the annual round-ups. The climate is balmy, and as the grass grows the year round the wild horses are sleek and fat.

It is two years now since Allaway and his men on one of their periodical chases after the wild horses noticed a big blue stallion that was the leader of his herd. They set out after him, but he left them behind without any trouble and soon disappeared. After that they were anxious to capture "the Blue Streak," as they called him, and many were the futile efforts they made to take him. His speed became proverbial. Whenever any difficult undertaking was mentioned it was said to be as hard as the capture of "the Blue Streak." This state of things became particularly exasperating to Allaway and secretly he made careful plans for the capture of the speedy stallion.

Whenever the horse had been chased he had always disappeared in the northwest, so Allaway called one of his boys and bade him station himself on a swift mount in a secluded place and lie in wait for the quarry. Allaway himself then set out in quest of the stallion, riding a horse that had never been beaten in a race. Secretly he cherished a hope that the might overtake "the Blue Streak" and have the glory of capturing him single-handed. This was discouraged by former experiences, however, and Allaway soon learned how absurd the attempt was. Riding over a knoll against the wind he ran right on to his quest. The sense of smell is wonderfully developed in the wild horse and for that reason as well as the fact the horse can see a long way, antelope often range with wild horses. Upon this occasion "the Blue Streak" had a number of antelope and mares with him, but most ungallantly left them.

Allaway's racer, confident in his ability to outrun anything on earth, set out after the herd which was scattered out behind the leader. Gradually Allaway passed one of the wild mares after another and was soon running neck and neck with the antelope. The stallion, however, was 100 yards in the lead, his long tail streaming out straight behind. He was running with a machine-like stride that Allaway had learned to associate with defeat, and although it provoked him he could not help admiring the wonderful action of the beautiful animal. Allaway's mount needed no spurs. He had never had a fair chance to pit his abilities against the wild racer before and he was not made to realize that he had a match at last. His master knew he was outfooted, but he hoped that the moral support of having a man on his back might enable his horse to gain the victory. The effect of this moral support imparted by a rider applies with especial force to a slight down-hill slope and Allaway when he reached a hill of that sort of ground, knew that then or never if he was to catch "the Blue Streak." He did not have the heart to put spurs to his horse for the splendid animal was as interested as his rider and was making the race of his life.

Down the gentle slope they swept like the wind. The stallion looked back every few seconds and then and whenever the ocean seemed to require it he added a few feet to those marvelous jumps, rising and falling as regularly as a pendulum's swing.

The antelope and the mares had been distanced and had scattered in various directions, some of them watching the chase and some resuming their grazing.

At the end of two miles, more or less, Allaway's horse began breathing heavily and when he staggered slightly his owner with difficulty pulled him up, for he knew he was made of the stuff that would make him sacrifice his life rather than acknowledge defeat. Just as he brought him down to a gentle lope he was gratified to see his man on a big bony racer that could run down a wolf shoot out from a gully like an arrow from a bow. The cowboy was within fifty yards of the blue racer and had taken him completely by surprise. Although the pursued stallion had already covered three miles at a breakneck speed, he merely swerved off in a slightly different direction and settled down to real racing. The change, of course, would have been unnoticed through the naked eye, but the Englishman through his glasses to observe the progress made.

For the first quarter neither gained perceptible advantage, but then the blue stallion seemed to let out a link or two and gradually drew away from the cowboy on the fresh mount. As a matter of fact, in the two miles the man chased him the blue horse gained almost a half mile.

Amazed at such a remarkable result Allaway was more desirous than ever of capturing the wonderful animal. It had rained two days before and the hoof marks of the blue horse were easily distinguishable. He concluded to spend the rest of the day in finding the animal's retreat.

They followed the tracks for about seven miles, when they came upon the stallion quietly grazing. This time he was not in such a hurry about making off, for he looked back at them as much as to say he knew what he could do and was not going to waste his best speed upon an occasion that did not require it. They followed him for a couple of miles and had the satisfaction of seeing him disappear into a gateway in the mountain range.

The opening to the canyon was only seventy-five feet wide and Allaway made up his mind he could accomplish by strategy what he could not by fair contest. Riding up to the gateway, they found as they had expected that it was the only entrance to a plat of ground about seven miles in circumference and something like two miles wide, being almost a circular inclosure. After carefully looking over the contour of the ground to make sure their plans would carry they left the blue stallion quietly grazing away down at the other end of his retreat. They were too wise to chase him in his refuge and thus demonstrate to him that a place where he had always been safe was dangerous now that it was discovered. One thing the race had made plain. The big blue liked muddy going. The speed he made on that memorable day Allaway believes was faster than any horse has gone before or since.

A week afterward, one sunny morning, the ranchman and six of his men got up early and gave their horses extra attention. This was the memorable date set for the capture of the big blue. Four men rode away in different directions to their various rendezvous along the route which they supposed Big Blue would take in going to his mountain home, while Allaway and a man set out to start the quarry. It was 10 o'clock in the morning before he had been sighted. Greatly to their delight he set off in a bee line for his place of refuge and in a direction that would take him by the stations where the men were waiting for him. Allaway, mounted on another horse than the one on which he made his memorable chase after him a few days before, pushed him as hard as he could, hoping to wear him out in time to enable the second or third rider to get close enough to rope him.

Although hard-headed, practical men there were times during that seven-mile chase across gently undulating mesa that they thought they were in pursuit of a phantom horse. Allaway managed to keep within a few hundred yards of the blue stallion until he had got close to the station of the first relay rider. Firing his revolver at frequent intervals he had warned the waiting cowboy that he was coming. So when the blue horse was swinging by a clump of pine trees he was surprised to see a new foe coming for him at a great rate of speed.

The surprise seemed only to put him on his mettle and within the two miles he had almost distanced his pursuer. Warned by this experience he kept away from the next little grove, so the next pursuer did not get such a good chance as the second one had. The fourth man pushed him as hard as he could and could see that the stallion was tired. His sides were white with foam and once when he swerved he saw the big palpitating nostrils red and almost bursting. Into his corral the big blue sped while the pursuers waited at the mouth for their entire party to arrive.

Knowing full well that it would be impossible to stretch ropes across the mouth of the canyon they decided to build a barrier of fire. It was two days before the preparations for this had been completed and the torch was applied. Notwithstanding this precaution two men remained near the entrance to head off their prey should he try to dash through the flames.

Then a single rider set off to flush the wild horse. Presently with a tremendous thump of hoof beats the big blue and his pursuer came flying along. The stallion was making a bee line for the opening, but when he got within 100 yards of it he saw the fire and veered off, one of the horsemen who had been left to guard the entrance taking up the chase and the original pursuer taking the place made vacant. Thus with relay changes as often as conveniently they chased the bewildered stallion for nearly an hour. During the pursuit the wonderful racing abilities of the wild horse were demonstrated. Excited and desperate as the poor brute was his every movement was as regular as a machine. Time and again they cornered him, but he broke through the cordon by valiant rushes.

In a straightaway race after he had become almost exhausted, a lariat was thrown over his neck and within ten seconds afterward another rope encircled his forelegs. When he had been thrown, Allaway gave orders not to touch him at first, for the movement of his heart could be seen and the horse was so terrified that it was feared he might die of fright. A rope was tied with a knot that could not slip, and the blue stallion was hitched to a tree to deliberate upon his changed condition of life.

The next morning when they went back for him he was far from tractable, but so stiff and sore from the previous day's race that he did not resist being led. When he was turned loose in the big corral at the ranch he took in his new surroundings kindly. Oats were a mystery to him, but he soon learned to like them. Under kind treatment and constant attention he gradually became quite docile. When the time came to put a saddle on him he paid far more attention to getting the bit of sugar his master had for him than he did to the process of fastening the girths. For a few hours with the saddle on his back he was led among the horses that had riders and then a "bronco buster" mounted him.

There was a few preliminary pitches and then he settled down to the business of overtaking the other horses ahead of him. A month after he had been caught he was one of the most tractable horses on the ranch.

The blue streak has aristocratic lineage. The lines of the Kentucky thoroughbred are easily traceable. Already he has beat in a fair race every horse on a ranch famed for its good horses, and now Bren. Hammond, a trainer, has gone there to fit him for the race track. Allaway will give out no figures as to the time made, because he says no one will believe what the horse can really do until they see him do it. Unless some untoward event prevents, it is Allaway's intention to race The Blue Streak in the East during the coming season.

ROBBERY IN NECKTIES.

"There is a great deal of talk about the profits in read-made clothing," said one of the proprietors of a large department store, to the Philadelphia Record, "and, of course, there is a pretty good profit in that line of work, but do you know what goods, of all that we handle here, are the most profitable to both manufacturers and retailers? You couldn't guess. They seem so unimportant. It's neckties I'm speaking of. The price of neckties and, consequently, their money-making properties, have multiplied four times in the past ten years. A decade ago it was easy to get a respectable-looking tie for 25 cents, but if you start out to look for one today you will find that only by the merest chance can you get a pretty tie for 50 cents. Unless there's a reduction sale going on the only ties which a dressy man would think of wearing cost $1, and the least bit of finery upon one raises its price to at least $1.50. Yet the $1 ties are just the sort which you used to get for 25 cents, and, as the price of materials and workmanship haven't risen at all, you can see where the profit comes in. Look at this heap of scarfs. Their prices run from $1 to $1.50, and not one of them has cost the manufacturer a bit over 15 cents."

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look," replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c.

Paine's Celery Compound

Thousands of Physicians, Men and Women of Note and Position, and People in Humbler Circumstances Say It is Unequaled As a Spring Medicine.

A Prominent Business Man Saved From Nervous Prostration.

It is by true merit and true merit alone that Paine's Celery Compound has won its wondrous popularity in every part of the civilized world.

When all other medicines fail, when the best directed efforts of physicians accomplish but little for the banishing of desperate diseases, Paine's Celery Compound saves life and restores health.

It is natural, therefore, that men and women saved from the perils and dangers of nervous diseases, rheumatism, neuralgia, and blood troubles, should acquaint their friends—the sick and well—of what was accomplished for them by Paine's Celery Compound. In this way the glad tidings of prompt and effectual cures have been spread from day to day to the remotest towns and villages, and the blessed work of life saving progresses in every direction.

One of the most remarkable cures of recent years effected by Paine's Celery Compound, is the case of Mr. Wyan Nelson, president of the Nelson Grain company, of Kansas City, Mo. With intense gratitude and thankfulness, Mr. Nelson writes as follows:

"I was nervous, despondent, irritable, had no appetite, could not sleep, and had night sweats. My physicians said I was threatened with nervous prostration, and advised a rest from business. However, on the recommendation of my partner, I commenced using Paine's Celery Compound, and today I am as sound as a dollar, eat well, sleep well, and am not at all nervous."

DIAMOND DYES give faster and brighter colors than any other dyes.

SLOT MACHINES

A little money invested in MILLS COIN OPERATING MACHINES will pay you phenomenal profits. We are the largest manufacturers of coin operating machinery in the world. Get our catalogue.

MILLS NOVELTY CO., Chicago. 11 to 23 South Jefferson Street.

COFFEE HARMLESS

The Reason Why So Many Cannot Drink This Stimulating Beverage.

In speaking with Dr. Reisland on the subject of coffee, he said: "Drink all the coffee you wish; coffee never yet hurt anybody. How many people we see who have drunk coffee all their lives, and still have ripened into a good old age. There are some people who cannot even eat bread and butter without being distressed; others have cabbage as their particular poison, and so on. You may speak to a thousand persons, and one-half of them will tell you of some particular food that does not agree with them. Then, why do we quit or condemn coffee when it is a beverage one enjoys so thoroughly, and also one of the best stimulants our stomach can have?

"Why is it so many people find different foods which do not agree with them? One man can eat biscuits which are half baked without distressing him, while his neighbor cannot even eat bread and butter. Now, what is the cause of this difference? It is on the same basis as Jack and Jim, who were out in a rain storm. They both were thoroughly wet, but one caught cold while the other remained in perfect health. Why is this so? Well, it is this way: Jack's system was out of order, while Jim was in perfect condition, consequently when Jack became chilled, the outer surface becoming cold, contracted and forced the blood inward, and the weak parts became strained to their utmost and set up the inflammation. In Jim there were no weak parts, and the pressure was evenly divided. Just so with our weak stomachs; we cannot digest a pure and simple diet. Nature is shut off from our stomachs by pressure on the nerves, consequently that organ is neglected and becomes deranged. The liver and spleen may also be in like condition, how then can a crippled stomach digest its food without the assistance of the liver and other organs? Do you still wonder why you are in such agony after enjoying a simple meal? Have the pressure removed from the nerves and give nature a chance to rebuild the crippled organ, and you will then find that you can not only drink coffee, but eat anything you may wish to eat and grow healthy and strong. There is simply no use in dieting or trying to starve your stomach into submission, as it will not improve its condition. A stove must have fuel, an engine must have steam, so must the stomach have food, or you will be like the engine run short of steam—helpless. If you have any trouble with your digestive organs, or in fact any other organ, call and see Dr. Riesland at 206 East First street and he will at once show you where your trouble is located. He makes no charge for consultation.

TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER AND ZINC WORK.

UNION SHOP LEONARD'S HARDWARE STORE.

1910 West Superior Street. New 'Phone 424—"Hello."

AT WEST DULUTH

The vote taken in the Commercial club last evening on the street railway extension showed that the sentiment of the club is pretty evenly divided as to the Grand avenue route or the Norton avenue route on the hillside. The vote was a tie, forty-six ballots being cast and was taken on a substitute motion offered by Dr. I. T. Burnside to the effect that the matter be left as the court has ordered, namely, an extension of the line on Grand avenue.

The hillsiders claim that the vote is a victory for them in that the Grand avenue extension proposition is defeated by the tie vote. The original motion made by M. M. Clark, that the route be on Fortieth avenue west and Norton avenue, still stands as a matter of unfinished business for the club to take up at the next meeting.

While the attendance at the meeting last evening was large, the outlook is good for a still larger attendance at the next meeting for the reason that the discussion and vote has aroused a great deal of feeling in West Duluth.

Among the speakers that urged the change in the plan of the extension for a hillside service was H. H. Phelps, who became a member of the club last evening. One of his arguments was that the Grand avenue extension would not mean the erection of half a dozen new buildings in West Duluth, while a hillside line would cause the erection of many dwelling houses in one of the finest residence districts in the city.

Dr. Burnside championed the Grand avenue extension and urged that the order of the court should not be interfered with. He expressed the belief that the street railway company would appeal, rather than build the hillside line. He spoke for the Grand avenue route as the most feasible and the quickest.

Among the others that spoke on the subject were George F. Davis, M. Jacoby, M. M. Clark and C. H. Martz.

RUMOR NOT TRUE.

There were rumors afloat in West Duluth yesterday that one of the boats at the lumber docks was being loaded by non-union men. There was nothing in the rumor, in fact, there would hardly be a possibility of such a move being made until the present issue between the longshoremen and vesselmen is settled. If the boats should be loaded by non-union labor here, the men below would refuse to unload them.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Owing to illness in his family, Rev. James Earl, the newly-chosen pastor of the West Duluth Congregational church, will not be able to reach the city to occupy the pulpit tomorrow. He will arrive some time next week and the regular services will begin a week from Sunday.

At the Asbury M. E. church, at West Duluth, there will be preaching at 10:30 tomorrow morning. Rev. W. E. Loomis, the pastor, will preach on "The Work and Influence of the Holy Spirit." At 7:30 p. m. he will preach on the theme "Man Beholding His Natural Face in a Glass." Sunday school at 11:45 a. m. Epworth league at 6:30 p. m.

The morning service at the Westminster Presbyterian church will be conducted by Rev. Robert Horne, of Morgan, Minn. Judge William D. Edson, of Duluth, will conduct the evening service.

The West Duluth shirt factory, on Central avenue, will be moved about June 1 into larger quarters on Grand avenue. New machinery will also be established and the output of the factory will be largely increased. The factory was started by M. S. Shore & Co. about four years ago. A force of thirty employes is kept busy the year round.

Mrs. H. R. Patterson is on the sick list.

M. Mogilner, who resided on Grand avenue, has removed with his family to New York city.

A. Ferguson has returned from a business trip to St. Paul.

Special sale on butter at the Butter Store.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Filiatrault, undertaker. West Duluth.

ACQUITTED.

Mrs. German's Charge of Assault Is Not Sustained.

The two Lakeside street car men recently arrested on a charge of assault, alleged to have occurred in putting Mrs. Sophie German off their car, were acquitted in police court this morning.

Owing to the unsafe condition of the Lester River bridge the street railway company has issued an order that their employes shall not carry passengers over the bridge.

Last Thursday Mrs. German was carried past the street where she lived and insisted on riding around the Lester Park loop and getting off at the proper place on the return trip.

It developed in the testimony that the conductor told her if she would get off on the west side of the bridge and wait till the car made the loop and was coming back, he would carry her to the street they had passed, but that it was against the rules of the company to allow any passenger to remain on the car as it passed over the bridge.

It became necessary for the motorman and conductor—J. E. McEllane and J. C. Sutherland—to put Mrs. German off the car. She held that they used more force than was necessary, but the court held that the conduct of the street car men did not mean an assault even in a technical sense.

Talented Young Lady.

Dr. W. A. McClaran returned today from Minneapolis, where he had been attending a recital given by his daughter, Miss Adele McClaran. Miss McClaran graduated from the Johnson school of oratory Thursday evening; giving as her evening's work the revolutionary drama, "Nathan Hale," and made a very decided impression on the large and fashionable audience present as a dramatic reader of splendid promise. She has just passed her 17th birthday.

The Detroit and Cleveland Steamers

Are now running between St. Ignace, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace, leaving Duluth every Friday at 5:45 p. m., via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. A popular route between the head of the lakes and lower lake ports.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

COMING IN MAY

DR. CHAS. A. HOAG,

the eminent Chicago specialist, has visited the head of the lakes regularly each month for the past ten years. His warmest friends and patients are among the business and professional people. Treats with phenomenal success all diseases of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bladder, weakness of the heart and those secret, hidden ailments peculiar to the sexes. No charge is made for consultation or examination and he is kept busy upon each visit. On May 8th he will be at Ashland, Wis., Hotel Atherean, and May 9th and 10th, West Superior, Wis., Hotel West Superior. Those unable to see him may write to Dr. Chas. A. Hoag, 6263 Minirva avenue, Chicago, Ill., for home treatment by mail or express.

WILL NOT CHANGE

Duluth-New York Passenger Rate Will Remain Unchanged.

General Passenger Agent Hibbard Maintains His Position.

Export Flour Rate Is Important to Northwestern Mills.

Passenger rates from Duluth to New York over all-rail lines will remain just as they have been. The standard lines will not attempt to make the contemplated advance, nor will the South Shore after its determination to install its regular summer tariff to New York, Boston and Montreal. The differential of $2.50 which obtains in the winter will be increased as usual this summer to $3.50 in favor of the South Shore road, which is considered in the light of a differential line.

The telegrams sent out from St. Paul and Chicago on this subject misstate the position of the South Shore road. They make it appear that that road intends to cut the New York rate. As a matter of fact, which is not contradicted by any of the lines, the South Shore is only naming the same rates that obtained last year and every summer. It figures that, passing through practically the same territory as is tributary to the lake route, it is necessary to name the same rates as the lake lines in order to get any of the through business. General Passenger Agent Hibbard is said to feel that his forced position in the matter is a misfortune to his road in the summer time, as well as to the other lines, but he insists that in self-defense he must maintain it.

The Omaha and the other routes to the East via St. Paul had gained the impression, from the willingness of the Soo to join in an advance of $4, that the South Shore would join in the movement, instead of installing its regular summer reduction of $1. The standard lines wanted to quote $31.50 first-class to New York instead of $27, as at present. They wanted the South Shore to name $29.50 first-class.

What will be done this fall remains to be seen, but for the summer months at least the standard lines will be forced to keep their tariff where it is, and Mr. Hibbard wins his fight.

MEANS MUCH TO MILLS.

Reduction In Export Flour Rate Is Important.

Traffic men learn from today's advices from St. Paul that there is a broader phase to the 2½ cent reduction in the export flour freight rate from Minneapolis to the seaboard than a mere cutting of the tariff that had just taken effect.

"In a large degree, the life of the Northwestern flour mills is at stake in the present rates," said a local railroad man this morning. "The situation has been aggravated by the action of the British government in levying a discriminating tax on flour in favor of wheat. That is equal to a differential of from 4 to 12 cents a barrel. Then it is possible for the English miller at this time to get his Northwestern wheat laid down at New York for a freight cost of 10 cents per hundred, while the Northwestern miller, in order to lay down his product in the same place must pay under the old tariff from Minneapolis 23 cents for the same transportation. It practically means that the Northwestern miller cannot do business while the Eastern miller and the English miller have any grinding capacity to spare. He has simply to take the leavings, which means that he had better close down his mill and lock his office. The attitude of the lines in the past would be more favorable just now to English millers than to Eastern millers owing to war tax differential. The effect of both differentials is now practically prohibitive against the Western miller.

"We have held right along that the Northwestern miller could not be discriminated against so largely, and the new tariff on export flour signifies that we are putting our convictions into practice."

It is said that offers made by Northwestern millers on the basis of the new 18-cent tariff from Duluth and 23 cents from Minneapolis have been away out of line for business abroad. It has also been impossible for millers here to accept cable bids, because the differential enjoyed by wheat could not be overcome. The result has been obvious—that the heavy traffic formerly enjoyed by the Minneapolis-Duluth roads as a result of the great business done by the Minneapolis and other interior Northwestern mills would be lost to them—in the form of flour at least. Naturally, they might haul it in the form of wheat, but their general traffic would suffer by the decline of the milling business.

The lake lines are said to be placed in a position no more enviable. With the wheat rate at 1½ cents or less, flour would be much better for them to carry, even at 20½ cents or less per cwt. The trunk lines apply their arbitrary, so aside from their interest in keeping their lake lines supplied with traffic, they are in a position to be quite indifferent, though in the form of wheat a good part of the traffic would go from Buffalo via the Erie canal. What interest they have in the matter is said to be influenced toward the Northwestern point of view, though they are naturally anxious to protect Eastern milling interests.

It is understood that the reinstated 14½-cent tariff from Duluth to New York was protected by all the lake and trunk lines up to April 30.

Resumes Summer Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, April 27th, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, will resume their summer schedule. Train No. 8, the Boston and New York Limited, for all points East, will leave Duluth daily, 6:45 p. m., and will arrive at Duluth from the East 8:30 a. m.

Train No. 6, the Marquette and Copper Country Local, will leave Duluth rally, except Sunday, at 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Duluth, 7:15 p. m.

If you want Credit, remember our terms are easiest; our prices lowest.

The G. C. Steele Co.

226-228 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

Complete House Furnishings of every description. Credit to all.

CARPETS AND RUGS.

The most complete line ever shown in Duluth—new designs—new colors and effects.

All kinds of carpets. All sizes and all qualities of Rugs—Prices lowest.

Drapery Department

Another Dept. worthy of special notice. We are taking particular pains with special order work. Estimates furnished free. We show the latest novelties in these lines.

Columbia and Imperial

Wheels—the highest of high grade. Prices reduced 25 per cent. See the new models and compare our prices with those of other dealers—That's all we ask.

Advance Sale on new Dinner Sets and Toilet Sets

Our Crockery Department is full to overflowing with new purchases in these lines. The newest shapes and decorations.

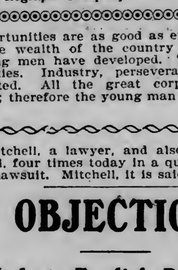
$ 4.50 Toilet Sets for $ 3.00.
$ 6.50 Toilet Sets for $ 4.32.
$10.00 Toilet Sets for $ 6.67.
$15.00 Toilet Sets for $10.00.

100-piece Dinner Sets—
$ 9.50 values for $ 6.34.
$15.00 values for $10.00.
$18.00 values for $12.00.
$19.50 values for $13.00.
$23.50 values for $15.67.

A new spring line of Furniture for Children offers special inducements. Oak and ash high chairs.

Regular $2.25, $2.50 and $2.75 values for $1.80
Children's Arm Rockers, $1.25 values for..... 90c
Children's Rockers, 95c values for..... 75c

The Celebrated Stewart Steel Range—



As fuel savers and quick bakers can't be equalled. Neat housekeepers appreciate the improved features: Sectional top flues, asbestos lined oven, door on on springs (no weights to get out of order), cast iron linings, oven plate bolted down. Instead of supporting a cheap range, as so many others do, we offer the Stewart at very low prices, with high warming closet—they cost from—

$26.50 up.

Odd Dressers, Chiffoniers, and Commodes—

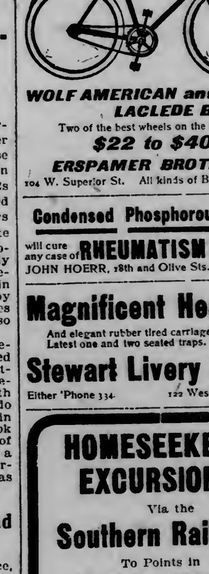
Magnificent lines of medium-priced articles are now open to you:

Solid oak Dresser, beautifully finished, has large beveled plate glass mirror. Price— $9.98
Chiffonier to match, five drawers..... $6.70
Handsome piece beveled mirror $9.40
Commodes to match above pieces $4.10

A MODEL WORKSHOP

That's what we're employing, only the most skilled hands. We guarantee to do the best furniture repairing, the best upholstering and the best mattress making that can possibly be done. The crowded condition of our shop is the surest proof that our prices are lowest.

We make over hair mattresses—as good as new. The very best materials used. We invite your inspection at any time.



Beauties—all of them. That's what everyone says, and such a large line. A profusion of CARTS AND CARRIAGES that can't be equalled. The celebrated Rimley make, each on a guarantee—and equipped with the latest 1902 improvements.

Go-Carts ..... $4.25 to $47.50
Folding Carts $2.35
Carriages ..... $4.95 to $45.00

FINISHED.

Piedmont Avenue Rock Cut Completed---Fifteen Feet Wider.

The Piedmont avenue rock cut was finished today. Forty-one thousand cubic yards of rock has been removed, and the avenue is now fifteen feet wider than it was, between Michigan and Superior streets. The improvement cost between $6000 and $7000.

With the completion of the work the street car company will resume its double track service on that part of Piedmont avenue. The single track system, which has been in operation for the past two months, has occasioned much delay in the West Duluth service.

This morning, about 8 o'clock, a West Duluth car went off the track at this point and tied up traffic to all western parts of the city except on the interstate line for about half an hour.

As soon as the cedar block paving is in on the Garfield avenue viaduct, the interstate cars will run on Piedmont avenue and Superior street to Garfield avenue, instead of Piedmont avenue and Michigan street.

BOSS BAKERS

Of Minneapolis Offer Dissatisfied Employes a Compromise.

Minneapolis, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The boss bakers held a largely-attended meeting last evening at 246 Hennepin avenue and discussed the question of the threatened strike of the employes. It was voted to offer the men the following compromise:

1. That ten hours shall constitute a day's work, and six days shall constitute a week's work.
2. That the employers reserve the right to employ any employes they want.
3. That the scale of wages be paid as follows: Foremen, no less than $15 per week; second hand, no less than $12 per week; third hand, no less than $10 per week.
4. That employers who have night work will pay $2.50 per week over the foregoing scale to all who work at night.
5. That all difficulties arising between employers and employes shall be settled by a board of arbitration consisting of five persons, two to be elected by the employers, two to be elected by the Bakers' union No. 222, and these four to choose a fifth person.

All the other clauses of the original agreement, as asked for by the journeymen bakers, are acceded to.

BOARD OF VISITORS REPORT.

Annapolis, Md., May 3.—It is announced that the board of visitors to the academy completed its report today. The three chief recommendations will be: 1—To commission cadets as ensigns as soon as they graduate. 2—To change the name cadet to midshipman. 3—To equalize the pay of naval officers putting it on the same basis as the army officers.

TRYING TO BREAK RECORD.

Philadelphia, May 3.—Capt. Barclay H. Warburton left here at 6:35 o'clock this morning in an effort to break the automobile record from Philadelphia to New York and return. He is traveling in a racing machine, and expects to reach New York in about six hours.

HAS PAPAL BLESSING.

New York, May 3.—A cablegram betowing the papal blessing upon Archbishop Corrigan reached here last night from Rome. It was transmitted by Bishop McDonnell of Brooklyn, now at the Italian capital on pilgrimage, and also contained an inquiry as to the health of the archbishop. Archbishop Corrigan continues to improve.

Opportunity Still Knocks at the Young Man's Door.

By Colonel R. T. CLOWRY, the Messenger Boy Who Rose to Be President of the Western Union Telegraph Company.

I am convinced that a young man's opportunities are as good as ever they were. It all depends on the young man. The wealth of the country has increased faster than the right kind of young men have developed. This expansion of business has unlimited opportunities. Industry, perseverance, integrity and intelligence are what is wanted. All the great corporations keep in touch with the capacity of theirmen; therefore the young man who has the stuff in him is bound to get ahead.

BOILERS

Of Transport Grant Fail to Stand Required Test.

San Francisco, May 3.—The Examiner says that the transport Grant will not be able to make the trip to Manila that she was scheduled for on the 10th of this month. The Grant's boilers have failed to stand the test to which they were subjected by Inspector of Boilers John Buiger, and her hull is so weak it will take a good many new plates and a whole lot of general structure strengthening before she will be ready to serve as a transport again.

The Grant has been in commission since January, 1899, and has met with no mishap, though she has been laid off five times for repairs.

The department purposes curtailing the transport fleet, and it has been decided to lay off the Meade, Sherman, Hancock and Warren. The Egbert and Rosecrans have been put up at auction already. This will leave eight vessels plying between San Francisco and Manila—the Buford, Crook, Kilpatrick, Sheridan, Lawton, Logan, Grant and the Thomas.

MUST NOT ACCEPT.

Chicago, May 3.—Ticket agents of roads in the Trans-Continental Passenger association have been notified not to accept commissions offered by the Pacific Coast company, which owns and operates the Pacific Coast Steamship company. A circular of this company offers 5 per cent commissions on Alaska tourist business.

CUT RATES TO COAST.

Chicago, May 3.—The Great Northern, the Northern Pacific and the Soo line have given notice that they will give a round-trip rate to North Pacific coast points of $45 and of $40 to Spokane and Montana common points July 11-21. The Union Pacific has given notice that this rate will be met from Missouri river points.

Homeseekers' Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stop-over privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

PLUMBER SHOT LAWYER.

Chicago, May 3.—Robert Bremmer, a plumber, 60 years old, shot Lewis Mitchell, a lawyer, and also 60 years old, four times today in a quarrel over a lawsuit. Mitchell, it is said, will die.

OBJECTION

Made to English Proposition to Raise Price of Seats.

London, May 3.—English theatergoers are mightily worked up over George Edward's suggestion to raise the price of admission to the stalls in London play houses from 10s 6d to 12s 6d. He holds that the increased amounts paid to musical comedy stars and the cost of producing up-to-date pieces of that nature are quite disproportionate to the receipts. To remedy this Mr. Edwards advocates an agreement between the London managers in correcting the price of the best seats by 2 shillings. Beerbohm Tree disagrees with Mr. Edwards, and in doing so sounds a thoroughly American note.

"I would like to see the prices reduced instead of raised," he is quoted as saying, "the idea being that the latter course will tend to paralyze the theaters. Personally, I am contented with a moderate competency, but if do want people to attend the theater in even larger numbers than now. Look at America. The whole ground floor of the theater is given up to stalls at a uniform price of $1.50, though in America theater-going is as much a duty as golf and football is with us."

The Detroit and Cleveland Steamers

Are now running between St. Ignace, Port Huron, Detroit, Toledo and Cleveland. Direct connection is made at St. Ignace, leaving Duluth every Friday at 5:45 p. m., via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway. A popular route between the head of the lakes and lower lake ports.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

PLENTY OF PRUNES.

San Jose, Cal., May 3.—Judging from inquiries received by the fruit men of this city from dealers in New York city, some one has circulated the news that the prune crop of this county and considerable of the state had been partially, if not entirely destroyed by frost. There is absolutely no truth in the report, no damage whatever having been done by frosts. The outlook is for a heavy crop.

WILL POSTPONE FAIR.

Washington, May 3.—The senate appropriations committee today decided to report favorably the amendment postponing the St. Louis exposition introduced by Senator Cockrell.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

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PATENTS!

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Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.

Successors to McMARTIN & CO.

METAL CEILING,
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Steel Brick Siding, Etc.
Pitch and Gravel Roofing,
Cornices and Skylights,
Fireproof Shutters,
Sheet, Iron and Tin Work.
Telephone, call or write for prices.
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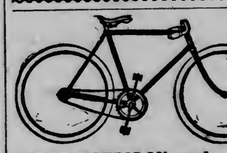


WOLF AMERICAN and LACLEDE BICYCLES

Two of the best wheels on the market—

$22 to $40.

ERSPAMER BROTHERS,

104 W. Superior St. All kinds of Bicycle repairing

Condensed Phosphorous Water

will cure any case of RHEUMATISM by removing the cause. Apply to JOHN HOERR, 18th and Olive Sts., St. Louis, Mo

Magnificent Hearse....

And elegant rubber tired carriages for funerals. Latest one and two seated traps.

Stewart Livery Co.,

Either 'Phone 334. 122 West Second Street

HOMESEEKERS' EXCURSIONS.

Via the

Southern Railway

To Points in

ALABAMA, GEORGIA, FLORIDA, NORTH and SOUTH CAROLINA, KENTUCKY, MISSISSIPPI, TENNESSEE and VIRGINIA.

on

TUESDAYS,

May 20th, June 3rd, and 17th, July 1st and 15th, August 15th and 19th, September 2nd and 16th, October 7th and 21st.

At the very low rate of

ONE FARE FOR THE ROUND TRIP—PLUS $2.00.

Tickets good going fifteen days, and for stop-over south of the Ohio river, with final limit for return of twenty-one days from date of sale.

For information about rates, etc., call on your nearest ticket agent, or write

J. S. McCULLOUGH,
N. W. P. A., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For information about Farm Lands, Business locations, etc., write J. F. OLSEN,
Agent Land and Industrial Dept., 225 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

G. B. ALLEN, A. G. P. A., St. Louis, Mo.

A RATIONAL CURE FOR RHEUMATISM.

SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR cures Rheumatism in the only effective way—by removing the cause.

READ THIS AND SEE IF YOU DON'T AGREE WITH US.

If you are a sufferer from rheumatism, you must agree with us, if you think the matter over a little, that you cannot hope to cure it unless you remove the cause of it.

External appliances and medicines which only give temporary relief can be of no permanent use to you.

What you want to do is to get rid of the cause and the rest will take care for itself. Clean up your system and get a new supply of blood, and you will soon be all right. We have the medicine you need.

The way to get rid of the trouble is to take **Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.** You won't have to take it very long, but you want to take a good course of it in order to make sure that you are completely cured and haven't the slightest trace of blood impurity left.

This famous medicine has cured thousands of people and it can cure you.

Cuyahoga Falls, O., Mar. 4, '01.

ST. ALBANS REMEDY CO.,
St. Albans, Vt.

GENTLEMEN:—I am very thankful I have at last discovered a remedy to cure my rheumatism. I have had rheumatism for twenty years, and for the past fourteen years I have suffered pain constantly from the top of my head to the tip of my toes, and for the past three years I had been unable to sleep very much and would be more tired when I would get up in the morning than when I would retire. After taking SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR three weeks the pain entirely disappeared and I can now sleep well and feel like a new man. I am very glad to recommend it to others and give all the information any one desires.

(Signed) CHAS. E. OSTRANDER.

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator has enjoyed a large sale for many years, although it has not been advertised until recently. It is a Vermont medicine—known to all Vermonters—made of the roots and herbs of the Green Mountain State. It was formerly the property of a man who had neither the experience nor the ambition to introduce it throughout the country, but was satisfied with its great success in his own vicinity.

Now it is within everybody's reach.

It is not only the sure cure for rheumatism, but the best thing in the world for anything due to bad blood or not enough blood. It also cures liver and kidney troubles and the long list of dangerous diseases which follow troubles in those organs.

This medicine is better than anything else for the reason that it is a compound of roots and herbs whose curative properties are absolutely known.

Drugs soothe and seem to be beneficial.

Nature's own vegetable remedies really cure.

That is the difference, and a very important difference it is.

If anybody in your family is weak, sickly or ailing, dragging around in a half dead condition all the time and not seeming to get any better, you can't be too quick in getting hold of **Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.** It will do for you what it never fails to do for other people.

We absolutely guarantee this medicine. This is something we can't do for anything else; that is to say, if you stand in need of a medicine of this character, come in and buy **Smith's Green Mountain Renovator,** and if it fails to benefit you, you can have your money back.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent.

IN MICHIGAN.

Old Man at Menominee Nearly Dead From Starvation.

Menominee—John C. Metzler, an old maid and a cripple, was found in a little room back of L. Loewenstein's jewelry store in a starving condition. The bones almost protruded from his body, and he had but a single garment. For almost four years Metzler has lived in the quarters where he was found. His condition became so bad that he fell to the floor and was unable to rise. He could neither speak nor move. He was taken to the almshouse.

After ten years of total blindness, Miss Charlotte Bokelund, a well-known resident of this city, has recovered her sight after a difficult operation. She is 65 years old.

Marquette—An important change has been made in the proposed plan of manufacturing charcoal at the million dollar blast furnace the Pioneer Iron company is constructing here. It had been contemplated by the plans that forty steel ovens turn out the charcoal, but instead eighty old-fashioned kilns will do the work. The ovens would have cost $40,000, but it was in the method of their operation that objection arose. In a district where natural gas is the fuel used, the ovens are a great success, but in this section there was doubt whether the temperature could be maintained as it should be. The long lines of kilns to be erected here will be so connected with the chemical works that the smoke will not be allowed to escape, but will do its share in the manufacture of the wood alcohol which is to be a by-product of the plant.

Extensive experiments in the culture of sugar beets are to be made in the Upper Peninsula this year. The soil is peculiarly adapted to the raising of sugar beets and as a result of the present campaign it is expected that several factories will be in operation in Northern Michigan in another year.

Calumet—The Isle Royale Land company of England, which owns the greater part of the island from which the corporation derives its name, has determined to systematically explore the island for copper this season. Much of the metal has already been found, and there are evidences that the mound builders have dug up copper on the island, but as yet no important continuous veins have been encountered. The theory is that Isle Royale was once part of the mainland of what is now Michigan, but that by some great glacial action the separation took place, the depression now being a wide part of Lake Superior. This theory is supported by the dip of the copper veins which have made Houghton county famous and which apparently shoot beneath the lake to later appear on Isle Royale. It is believed the company's decision will result in the discovery of more rich copper mines.

Spring Humors

Come to most people and cause many troubles,—pimples, boils and other eruptions, besides loss of appetite, that tired feeling, fits of biliousness, indigestion and headache.

The sooner one gets rid of them the better, and the way to get rid of them and to build up the system that has suffered from them is to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Forming in combination the Spring Medicine *par excellence*, of unequalled strength in purifying the blood as shown by unequalled, radical and permanent cures of

Scrofula	**Salt Rheum**
Scald Head	**Boils, Pimples**
All Kinds of Humor	**Psoriasis**
Blood Poisoning	**Rheumatism**
Catarrh	**Dyspepsia, Etc**

Accept no substitute, but be sure to get Hood's, and get it today.

The Cleaning of the Vatican.

The Vatican has recently been overhauled for the first time in 400 years, and out of the 11,000 rooms, including the pope's private apartments, the picture galleries, the library, the museums of sculpture and archaeology, the casino, the Sistine and other chapels, and the barracks of the Swiss guards, over ten tons of dirt were taken every day for the first twelve or thirteen weeks, and in large proportions also during the remaining five months.

This will seem incredible no doubt to many persons who have visited a portion of these premises. Indeed, it was not until the pope began to study bacteriology, that he appreciated that there was any dirt whatever there.

In this great undertaking over 5000 people were employed, and 1000 loaves of bread a day were consumed in the cleaning of wall paper alone. Eight thousand brooms, 2000 scrubbing brushes, and 5000 pounds of soap went in a week.

The bread was used in such quantities that to economize a private bakery was established. The overseer of this work might have economized still more if, for the Italian product, they had substituted Fairbank's Gold Dust washing powder and Fairy Soap. That is wherein American housekeepers have the advantage. "Let the Gold Dust twins do your work."

ONE-FIFTH LESS

Is the Lumber Cut of Minneapolis District.

Minneapolis, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—A. R. Robbins, surveyor general of logs for this district, says that the cut of this year will fall about 20 per cent short of what it was last year.

The cut a year ago amounted to 800,000,000 feet and this year it will approximate 650,000,000 feet. There is still some cutting being done around Aitkin, and the logs are being transported by rail. All the sawmills in the city are running full time.

Canadian Pacific Steamers.

Leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. Sundays, Tuesdays or Fridays, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, direct connection is made with the Canadian Pacific steamers at Sault Ste. Marie for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and all points East.

M. ADSON, General Agent,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

RECEIVES DESIGNS

High School Board Gets Plans For Manual Training Building.

The High School Building Is Becoming Considerably Crowded.

President Milne Ill and Chairman Pro Tem Is Elected.

The board of education at its regular monthly meeting last night, crowded the routine work at hand in a short half-hour, and then hurried upstairs to attend the drill exhibition of the public schools over whose fortunes the board presides.

Chairman Milne has been very ill lately, and has only partially recovered, so he has gone to Dakota for a rest that may last from two to six weeks, depending upon the time needed to acquire the desired improvement. At his request a chairman pro tem was elected, Dr. W. H. Salter being selected.

Plans for the proposed manual training building on the high school grounds were submitted, but no action was taken. The building is to take care of the manual training department and the chemical and physical laboratories, all of which add to the fire insurance rate on the High School building. Besides, if the building is erected, there will be provided space for a high school gymnasium, which the plans presented last night give a floor space of 53 by 86 feet, with a running track eighteen laps to the mile.

While it has not yet been determined whether the building will be constructed or not, the high school building is becoming very badly crowded. While the high school itself is growing and crowding out the graded schools that are in that building, the grades are constantly increasing in attendance, and the room that the removal of the manual training department and the laboratories is very badly needed. There was no discussion of the matter last night, but it was put over to another meeting.

Treasurer LeTourneau reported that the board has $29,460.40 on hand to run the schools until the June apportionment is at hand. Ordinary that apportionment is not available until about the middle of July, but the board will be able to secure advances from the county treasurer after June 1 if they are needed. Of the amount on hand, $49,067.67 is in the general fund, $2467.37 in the building fund and $17,985.45 in the sinking fund.

The committee on buildings and grounds reported, counseling the retention of most of the janitors and engineers, with a few changes. Two were given increases of $5 per month and two others got $2.50 per month more.

At the last meeting, Chairman Codding, of the buildings and grounds committee, reported that a man who applied for a place as janitor had told him that if the committee recommended his appointment an envelope would be handed to the chairman of the committee, the contents of which would surprise him very much. The committee reported, succinctly and somewhat sarcastically, that it "could not find a use" for his application.

Olaf A. Lundberg, C. A. Wilson and Fred W. Erickson, a committee appointed for the purpose at a meeting of the Swedish Mission church of the West End, put in a communication asking to buy or borrow some desks for use in the church. At the meeting it was decided to employ a competent teacher to teach such children as desired it the Swedish language, and the desks were wanted for that purpose.

Director Washburn said that if the desks were available he would be willing to lend them twice the number asked if they would teach the English language. The matter was referred to the committee on buildings and grounds with power to act.

The committee on schools and teachers recommended that the salary schedule for second-year teachers be increased from $47.50 to $50 per month in order to give latitude for recognizing the services of teachers who did exceptionally good work. The recommendation was adopted. Seventeen more teachers were employed for next year, as follows: Jessie Ashley, Olent Anderson, Edith Briggs, Elizabeth Clarke, Jessie Crocker, May Carey, Luella Tyler, Ella Van Cleve, Nellie M. Young, May Wyman, Louise Bingham, Ida Evans, Mary L. Fink, Lizzie M. Hess, Mary E. Hallock, Gertrude Harding and Maude Culver.

County Superintendent Park asked the use of rooms in the High School for the summer school, which was granted.

LADYBUGS

Will Be Utilized to Fight the San Jose Scale.

Washington, May 3.—The department of agriculture is preparing to fight the ravages of the San Jose scale throughout the country with its natural enemy, the ladybug, brought from the interior of China. Assistant Botanist Mariatt has just returned from the Orient, where he sought the original home of the dreaded scale. Far in the interior of the latter country, where European plants had not penetrated, he found the scales, and also the ladybugs, which kept the scales in subjection and permitted the native plants to flourish. Mr. Mariatt started home with a good supply of these ladybugs, but only sixteen survived on arrival in this country, and fourteen of these subsequently died. The two remaining, however, were nursed carefully by the government with a view to fighting the scale in the same manner as China. There now are fifty of them, requiring the constant gathering of scales from the department grounds for food. While not expecting the scales to be exterminated from this country, experts are planning to attack them with the increasing breed of their natural enemies.

HAS MANY MEMBERS.

New Organization of Chicago Street Car Employes.

Chicago, May 3.—The new Chicago organization of street car employes numbers 2500 members, according to an announcement made today by President Mahon of the Amalgamated Association of Street Car Employes. The meetings held last night were not concluded until 5 a. m. today. About 1500 street car men attended and fixed their names to the rolls, adding also the names of about 1000 of their comrades who were unable to attend.

GEORGE A. GRAY.

Duluth young man who died at naval hospital at Cavite, Philippine Islands, April 18, aged 21 years. He enlisted in the

navy five years ago. He was a son of George Gray, of Duluth, and was at one time prior to his enlistment, one of the most popular of The Duluth Evening Herald newsboys.

AT THE HOTELS

"Seeding in the Red River valley is over two weeks behind time," said Earl D. Fleming, who arrived at the Spalding this morning from Fargo for a few days' visit. "The cause is the wet weather we have had. Of course, there is plenty of time as yet for even wheat seeding to be finished. As yet, I would think the area already seeded represents about 10 per cent of the whole."

• • •

"William J. Bryan" is registered at the McKay. But he is not the gentleman of silver tongue who hails from Lincoln, Neb., the recent Democratic presidential candidate. This Mr. Bryan came from Albany, N. Y.

• • •

T. H. Appold, buyer for Oshkosh lumbermen, arrived at the St. Louis last evening.

• • •

Attorney John D. O'Brien, of St. Paul, is at the Spalding today.

• • •

W. E. Smith, of Marshfield, Wis., who is connected with the Sturgeon River Logging company, is at the McKay.

• • •

James Smith, of Elk, arrived at the St. Louis this morning from a trip to St. Paul.

• • •

Traffic Manager Broughton of the Eastern Minnesota is at the Spalding.

• • •

Postmaster C. A. Nilson, of Lutsen, is a guest at the St. Louis.

• • •

Eight or ten ladies from the iron range towns are stopping at the McKay while here on shopping trips.

• • •

The Spalding's list of morning arrivals includes: James C. Griffin, Erie, Pa.; W. E. Kenyon, R. B. Coates, F. K. Sheets, Chicago; G. A. Mowny, Milwaukee; G. J. Boussard, New York; J. M. Johnson, John Dillon, Marquette; W. R. Howell, Philadelphia, and John Walker, t. Paul.

• • •

At the St. Louis late arrivals are: W. H. Sguier, Minneapolis; T. J. MacMahon, New York; H. G. Van Nordstrand, Brockton, Mass.; J. G. Holmberg, Shafer, Minn.; Charles Peterson, Eveleth; C. E. Little, Mount Clemens, Mich.; J. B. Mason, Marquette; A. P. White, Bemidji; W. Roux, Rotterdam, Holland, and Jay Campbell, Iron River.

At the McKay are: R. E. Strik, Minneapolis; Mrs. E. O. Loveland, Mrs. G. W. Beckcom, Tower; Mrs. J. F. Culbert, Sandstone; Miss H. E. Becom, A. G. Wood, Tower; M. H. Townsend, Minneapolis; C. H. Bean, Chicago, and Charles Deming, St. Paul.

Business University Happenings.

The following young people left the college during the past week to accept the following positions:

Tressie Proff, bookkeeper for the Duluth Corrugating Co.

Jessie Knapp, stenographer for the U. S. Installment & Realty Assn.

Thos. E. Slattery, bookkeeper and stenographer for the N. Y. Life Ins. Co., Virginia, Minn.

M. M. Hanna, stenographer for the D. & I. R. R., Two Harbors, Minn.

Axel Ness, billing clerk for Marshall-Wells Hardware Co.

Mamie Shaw, stenographer for the Y. M. C. A.

H. E. Skelton, telegraph operator for the D. & I. R. R., Barnum, Minn.

Edith Gustafson, stenographer for Western Union Tel. Co.

The demand for young men stenographers continues to far exceed the supply. No less than six good positions were offered during the past week that we could not fill.

The college will have a much larger number in attendance during the summer months this year than ever before. There will be no vacation.

HIGH PRAISE

Accorded United States By President-Elect Palma.

New York, May 3.—President-Elect Palma has made a thorough inspection of the civil hospital, says a Santiago, Cuba, dispatch to the Tribune. Gen. Joaquin Castillo, who was the sub-delegate of the Cuba in New York, is the medical director of the hospital and he acted as a guide to the president-elect. Gen. Whiteside accompanied them. This hospital has been made a model and modern institution by the United States and is a good example of the excellent work done for Cuba during the American occupation. In the scrupulously clean streets and the sanitation of Santiago are found the causes of the disappearance of yellow fever and the reduced mortality rate.

Gen. Palma was keenly appreciative of the enormous task performed by the sanitary department. He was warm in praise of the United States for the healthy condition of the island. The general visited every department and asked many questions. He spoke pleasantly with the patients and addressed the American and Cuban nurses, thanking the former for their co-operation.

At a dinner given by the Chamber of Commerce, Industry and Navigation, Gen. Palma reiterated his good will and admiration for the United States. Senor Quesada spoke of the necessity for fostering trade relations with the world in general. Gen. White side wished the new republic Godspeed and said that no one would like more than the American nation to see Cuba prosperous and peaceful. Others at the table were Governor Demetrius Castillo, General Joaquin Castillo, Mayor Becardi and Senor Miguel Morales. Gen. Palma has laid the corner stone at Plaza del Martyres for a monument to be erected in memory of revolutionary heroes.

WOMEN SAY OF PERUNA:

"I Will Never Be Without It."

"Pe-ru-na Saved me From the Grave."

A Heart to Heart Talk with Women
S. B. Hartman, M. D.

IF ALL the sick mothers, invalid daughters and diseased sisters in this broad land would take the following ladies' simple and direct testimony to heart and do as they have done, no pen could describe the benefit that would follow.

There are so many women, especially married women, who drag themselves wearily around from year to year without any particular disease, and yet miserable beyond description.

They ache and tremble and throb, growing more nervous, tired and debilitated every day.

For this class of sufferers Peruna is the most perfect remedy in existence. It relieves, it soothes, it quiets, it strengthens, and no tired, overworked woman in the land should be without Peruna in the house for a single day.

Peruna Brings Health.

Miss Inez Henderson, 554 Adelaide street, Toronto, Ont., financial secretary of the Royal Templars, writes:

"There is nothing so good in life as health, and the one who brings you health should be your friend, and this is how I consider Peruna.

"For years I have been in delicate health; and while not exactly sick in bed I have been unable to enjoy life. Frequent headache, earache, and a drumming in my ears made me realize that there was something decidedly wrong with me. My physician said it was deep-seated catarrh and that to be cured I must seek a different climate. I felt pretty blue until reading of the cures performed by Peruna and I decided to try it. I took four bottles, which brought me great relief, so that I kept on taking it for four months, when I found that my head was clear and all the unpleasant symptoms gone. INEZ HENDERSON."

Saved From the Grave.

Mrs. Sophia Hartful, of Spencer Brook, Minn., writes:

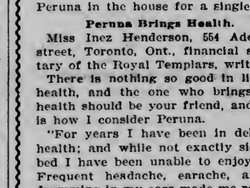
"I was very seriously sick last spring—sick enough to die and I did not know what to do. I was looking over one of your almanacs and found that Dr. Hartman was the best one for my trouble. I suffered from systemic catarrh. I described my sickness to Dr. Hartman and he wrote me that I should use Peruna. I did, and now I am a healthy woman.

I would now be in my grave, but Dr. Hartman, of Ohio, saved me from death."

SOPHIA HARTFUL.

A Prominent Club Woman of New Orleans Recommends Peruna to Worn-out Women.

Mrs. M. Van Vrancken, chairlady of sick committee of Lady Standard Mutual Benevolent association, of New



MRS. M. VAN VRANCKEN.

Orleans, 821 Fourth street, New Orleans, writes:

"In connection with my official work I have repeatedly found Peruna a most reliable remedy. In cases of catarrh of the system there is nothing which will cure any quicker, and as a remedy for worn out women it is superior to anything I know.

"It restores a mother after severe confinement, and prevents pains and irregularities in a very short time. I have found it of much value, both as a preventative of colds and as a tonic when I have been feeling badly, and although I never give a testimonial for anything, I make an exception in favor of Peruna, as I consider it of exceptional value.

"Mrs. M. VAN VRANCKEN."

Peruna Woman's Friend.

Miss Nellie Lindsay, 30 Hattie court, Marinette, Wis., writes:

"My experience with Peruna has been such that I am very glad indeed to be able to recommend it. About two years ago my health began to fail. I lost my appetite, had backache most of the time, and any over-exertion would keep me in bed for a week or more. I needed a good tonic to bring me back to health and strength; but did not know which would be of benefit. Peruna was recommended as woman's friend and such it proved to me, for when six bottles had been used I was restored to health.

"NELLIE LINDSAY."

Catarrh Sixteen Years.

Mrs. Elizabeth Scherer, Moute Vista, Colo., writes:

"For 16 years I suffered with catarrh and stomach trouble. I doctored and took patent medicines without benefit. I read in one of your almanacs about Peruna and thought it would perhaps help me. I have used nothing at all in the way of remedies except Peruna for about two years, and my health could not be better than I now enjoy. This remedy is also good for coughs and colds.

"I shall never be without it in my house."

ELIZABETH SCHERER.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case, and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

THE DEDUCTIVE BARBER.

A certain barber has a way of astonishing a customer once in a while, says the Galveston News. "You're left-handed," he remarked to a man whose head he was shampooing. "Yes," replied the other. "You probably saw me hang up my hat." "No," said the barber, "I have other ways of finding out such things. In addition to knowing that you are a bookkeeper by profession." "Explain," demanded the customer, after admitting that the barber was right. "It's easy," went on the barber. "In shampooing your head I noticed ink on your hair at the left temple. This ink, I deduced, must have got there from a pen resting on your left ear, which indicated that you were a person who used a pen a great deal, as only such persons use their ears as penracks. That didn't convince me that you were a bookkeeper, however, because a literary man might stick his pen behind his ear for convenience. I learned of your profession when I applied the lather. This made the ink on your hair wash out, and I discovered two shades of ink—red and black. Nobody but bookkeepers use red and black ink in their quilldriving, so it was easy to class you as a bookkeeper. I knew you were left-handed because the ink was on the left side—the side that a left-handed writer would involuntarily use when sticking his pen back of his ear." "Wonderful, wonderful," remarked the customer, "but suppose you shave me instead of talking so much."

GOT IT OUT OF HIS SYSTEM.

The late Dr. Ducachet, who was once rector of St. Stephen's Protestant Episcopal church, in Philadelphia, had a colored servant, who enjoyed the friendship of his master to a degree not common between employer and employe, says the Brooklyn Eagle. The old darky was privileged to speak his mind upon any and all occasions and never permitted opportunities of this sort to go unimproved. One morning Dr. Ducachet felt too ill to preach, so he called his servant to his bedside and said to him:

"Sam, go and tell the sexton to post up a notice on the church door, saying that I am too ill to preach today."

"Now, Massa," answered Sam, "don' yo' gib up. Jes' yo' go ter chu'ch an' do de bes' yo' know how."

There was a protracted argument, but Sam finally carried his point. Dr. Ducachet preached. On his way home Sam greeted him with: "How yo' feel Massa?"

"Better, much better, Sam. I'm glad I took your advice."

"Dat's good, dat's good," returned Sam, with a satisfied grin. "I know'd yo' feel better jes' so soon as yo' got dat sermon out o' yer system."

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best, because adhesive, invisible, harmless; flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

Widow's Mite and the Rhodes Bequests.

By Professor GOLDWIN SMITH, Educator

Any friend of human independence and of the rights of small communities who accepts with rapture the bequests of Mr. Cecil Rhodes must apparently be acting on the principle of the utilitarian emperor who thought that the scent of gain, from whatever source it came, was always sweet, for there can be no doubt that Mr. Cecil Rhodes was the prime author of the conspiracy against the lives of the two South African republics. Were I now engaged in administering the affairs of Oxford university I might find myself in a moral dilemma.

Are we not altogether rather too gushing in our glorification of testamentary benefactors?

They give what they can no longer enjoy, while they gain the satisfaction of posthumous honor and of having a part of the fruits of human labor perpetually devoted to the fulfillment of their intentions, sometimes, perhaps, of their whims. When their designs are wise and good, they are benefactors of society, but, as they sacrifice nothing except possibly the expectations of their heirs, they can hardly be called munificent.

Mr. Rhodes' paramount design seems plainly to be political, his educational policy is subsidiary to his policy of painting the world red, of which he presents himself as the hero by his directions for his unspeakable tomb. He aims at drawing Great Britain and the United States into a league for the purpose of imposing peace, as it is phrased, upon the world, which, as the world does not want to have anything imposed upon it by any league, is not unlikely in the end to lead to an Armageddon.

The direct effect, however, of Mr. Rhodes' legacies will be to estrange more or less a number of promising American youths from their country.

My opinion has been sometimes asked as to the expediency of sending young Americans or Canadians to be educated in England. I have always given it in the negative, holding it to be best for a youth to be brought up and to have his ideas and sympathies formed in the social and political elements in which life is to be spent. My opinion would be the same even if I believed that the education now given at Oxford or Cambridge were superior to that which is given at a first-class American university. But this I do not believe.

In our somewhat ecstatic thanksgiving for the bounty of multi-millionaires who give their immense superfluities or or part with that which they can no longer keep we seem to need sometimes to be reminded of the widow and her mite. I heard the mother day of a domestic servant who had given half her year's wages for the relief of a sufferer who was personally unknown to her, but the tale of whose misery had touched her heart.

CONVENTION CALLED.

St. Paul, May 3.—A New Richmond, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Chairman H. G. McRae of the Eleventh district Republican committee, announces that the Republican nominating convention will be held in Chippewa Falls, May 29.

ELECTRICITY CAUSED FIRE.

Minneapolis, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—An electric wire is believed to have caused a fire between the ceiling and second floor of the building occupied by the Great Western Printing company, Fourth avenue south and Third street, last night. The damage, which was largely due to water, will not exceed $1000.

FOREST FIRES RAGING.

Monument, Col., May 3.—A forest fire has been raging on the government reserve about fourteen miles to the west of Monument for two days. It has extended for a distance of eight or ten miles and is still burning fiercely.

Florrisant, Col., May 3.—A forest fire is burning at the head of Turkey creek, about fourteen miles northeast of here. A large tract has been burned over. Several prospectors' cabins have been destroyed.

E. W. Grove this signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
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Six months	.50
Three months	.25

Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), May 3.—Light to copious showers fell over North Atlantic states, the Ohio valley, lake region and Upper Mississippi valley, and rain or snow over the greater portion of the Northwest. The temperature changes during the past twenty-four hours have generally been slight. Freezing temperatures prevail in the middle Rocky mountain region. The barometer is high over Lake Superior and North Pacific states, and low over Kansas, Nebraska and Western Assiniaboia. The winds in the lake region are mostly northeasterly and fresh to brisk in force.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	58	Memphis	72
Bismarck	44	Miles City	34
Boston	46	Milwaukee	46
Buffalo	44	Minnedosa	38
Calgary	30	Modena	32
Charleston	68	Montgomery	68
Chicago	50	Moorhead	44
Cincinnati	64	New Orleans	68
Davenport	46	New York	50
Denver	40	North Platte	52
Detroit	52	Oklahoma	70
Dodge City	64	Omaha	54
Duluth	36	Pittsburg	54
Edmonton	34	Port Arthur	36
El Paso	62	Portland	42
Escanaba	42	Qu'Appelle	34
Galveston	74	Rapid City	42
Green Bay	44	San Francisco	48
Havre	34	Santa Fe	44
Helena	28	Shreveport	66
Houghton	38	Spokane	38
Huron	46	St. Louis	68
Jacksonville	68	St. Paul	54
Kamloops	46	Sault Ste. Marie	44
Kansas City	50	Swift Current	34
Knoxville	64	Washington	54
La Crosse	54	Winnipeg	32
Los Angeles	48	Winnemucca	18
Marquette	38	Winnipeg	38

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time, today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Showers and continued cool weather tonight and Sunday, with brisk and possibly . . . northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 3.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Probably showers tonight and Sunday; warmer east portion. Minnesota—Showers tonight and Sunday. The Dakotas—Showers and cooler tonight; Sunday probably fair. Upper lakes—Winds mostly brisk easterly but probably shifting to southerly on Southern Michigan; showers.

Shabby Treatment of Capt. Clark.

It hardly seems as though justice has been done to Capt. Clark, whose splendid service in bringing the Oregon around from the Pacific and putting up a magnificent fight at Santiago, was the subject of much favorable comment at the time. It was the intention of the president to honor Capt. Clark by sending him as special representative to the coronation of King Edward but the captain fe.. that he could not afford the necessary expense and declined. As there is no legal way of providing entertainment funds from Uncle Sam's strong box his decision is necessarily final and the president accordingly selected Admiral Watson instead. Capt. Clark's personal expenses might have been allowed, but not those of his wife, whom Clark naturally wanted to accompany him. As a matter of fact Capt. Clark has been poorly rewarded in every way. While not only the commanders of every ship in Sampson's fleet, but the executive officers as well, whether or not the vessels had any part in the Santiago fight, were advanced more or less on the naval list, Capt. Clark was promoted just two numbers higher on the list. This has been, so far as the government is concerned, his sole reward. Some naval officers express the opinion that Clark should have been advanced to the next grade, rear-admiral, and sent to the coronation ceremonies. But as he is one of the most modest of men and a stranger to the ways of influence, he remains a captain, and will remain such until promoted by seniority in 1903. He goes on the retired list in I.. And he will not have much love for the administration which has so shamefully neglected him.

Second Class Postal Abuses.

Much depends on the decision of Judge Bradley, of the district supreme court at Washington as to whether the postoffice department will be successful in ridding the mails of certain periodicals which have long been carried as second-class matter, and placing them in the class to which they belong. There came up this week the cases of fifteen newspapers and periodicals which the postmaster general has threatened with the suspension of their second-class postage privilege on account of their not complying with the law restricting that privilege. They have already obtained temporary restraining orders, and are now trying to have a permanent injunction issued against their further deprivation. This will be met by a counter motion in behalf of the department that the restraining order be so modified as to permit the department to collect third-class rates and give a receipt agreeing to refund the surplus in case the court issues a permanent injunction. There were originally nineteen newspapers in this combination, which is merely a "round-up" made by certain interested parties and their attorneys. Four of the original plaintiffs who consented to go into the combination before they really understood what was expected of them withdrew, as they learned that their names were to appear publicly in the proceedings. This is a fair illustration of how much ground the intelligent publishers believe they have for resisting the efforts of the government to enforce the second-class postage law honestly. The department has now a list of about one hundred periodicals belonging in the same class with the fifteen who make the test case. If the government is upheld, or if the desired modification of the restraining order is granted, the whole batch will have their second-class privilege suspended to await the final settlement of the whole controversy by the supreme court of the United States in case an appeal is carried so high, if not the whole batch will enjoy the same temporary immunity as the fifteen. The judgment therefore means a considerable sum of money paid out or saved by one side or the other.

A TOURISTS' PARADISE.

It is a pity that Duluth cannot have freer water communication with the lower lakes the coming season. It is particularly regrettable in view of the splendid facilities that have been provided by the north shore lake routes for carrying tourist business to points in that paradise of nature. Nowhere in the world is there such a wealth of primitive and picturesque nature so easy of access as lies in this wilderness along the mountain side that forms the north shore of Lake Superior. To find a similar condition in the Adirondacks, the Catskills, or in the Rockies, it is necessary to ride days' distance from the cities and then straddle a horse for several days. It is doubtful if even then the invasion of man for many years has not robbed nature of just a little of that primitive color that remains down the north shore practically undisturbed since before the whites found foothold there.

There will be no excuse for the lover of nature this summer if he be in Duluth and fail to take the north shore trip. Heretofore, perhaps, the accommodations were not of that class that would appeal to the person who during a vacation seeks comfort and ease as well as expedition. All of these conveniences, will night to the point of luxury, are to be afforded by the north shore lines this season. No better accommodations will be found in the passenger business on any of the great lakes than can be obtained on this route. The speed of the vessels in the limited through service will rival, if not exceed, that of the fastest vessels on the lower lakes. The voyage to and from one's Mecca, whether it be Isle Royale, Grand Marais or Port Arthur, will be a delight.

The inauguration of service of this class should hasten the general appreciation of this region by the tourist. Lower Michigan is overcrowded with pleasureseekers from Chicago and the South; Wisconsin lakes are hemmed in by them and Northern Michigan is becoming popularly sought. There is room for a less over-run tourists' paradise and now nature has had splendid co-operation here. With a well conducted summer hotel at Duluth, there is little doubt but that it would be an easy matter to obtain a restoration of the Northern Steamship service here. But at any rate, the north shore and its new avenues are sure to attract many more people here this year than last.

RECIPROCITY TREATIES.

The favorable report by the foreign relations committee of the senate on eight of the ten reciprocity treaties, which was reported in the news columns of The Herald on Wednesday was considerable of a surprise. These treaties had been before the committee for months and it was not expected that any action would be taken on them. There was an agreement among the senators that nothing should be given out as to the vote in committee. It is learned, however, that the votes on the treaties which were reported favorably were practically unanimous. The French treaty was the one which attracted the most interest, because of its effect on cheap jewelry and some other manufactured articles of the East. Senator Aldrich and other Eastern senators opposed it strongly. The vote on this treaty, it is learned, was 6 to 5. Those senators who favored it were Cullom, Foraker, Bacon, Spooner, Money and Rawlins. Those who opposed the treaty were Morgan, Lodge, Frye, Clark and Kean. Senator Fairbanks did not enter the committee room until after the vote had been taken on the French treaty Senators Rawlins and Money were, in fact, absent, but by unanimous consent they were counted as present and voting in favor of the treaty. Senator Bailey was also present, but, as he has participated in none of the meetings and has, apparently, taken no interest in the treaty discussion, he not recorded.

The results of the committee's work are a triumph for Senator Cullom, of Illinois, chairman of the committee. Early in the present session he declared that he would get the treaties out of the committee stage, whether he had to report the treaties adversely or even without recommendation. There is little prospect of action on the treaties at the present session of congress. The experience with the Cuban reciprocity proposition and the storm of protest which it has aroused from the industry most affected leads senators to believe that any efforts in the direction of tariff changes at the present session can not be successful. The treaties on which favorable reports were recommended are those between the United States and France, Nicaragua, Ecuador and the Dominican republic, and four with Great Britain, covering Bermuda, Barbadoes, British Guiana, Turks and Colcos islands.

Two of the treaties, one with the Argentine Republic and the other with Great Britain, covering products of Jamaica, the committee reported unfavorably. The Argentine treaty was opposed in a number of states because of its proposition to reduce the duty on hides and wool. The treaty pertaining to Jamaica was opposed on account of citrus fruits and sugar. There is no question but what these treaties would be a benefit to the United States and their suppression was a vicious partisan movement. Markets must be had for our surplus products and every method that serves to advance them is to be commended, and the treaties should be promptly ratified.

MR. MORGAN'S PROFITS.

The success of J. P. Morgan as a promoter has been wonderful and his profits therefrom enormous. He has made a fabulous fortune by his handiwork. In fact, there is scarcely one of his many deals but what has brought him millions; a colossal fortune even in this day, when so many men compute their holdings with seven figures. Cable dispatches announced that Mr. Morgan would receive $12,500,000 in stock of the new shipping combine in return for his services in organizing and financing it, and no one has denied the correctness of the report. And still this immense fortune is not nearly as much as he is said to have received for the organization of the steel trust and other combines effected by him.

According to a competent authority, Mr. Morgan received $100,000,000 in stocks in the United States Steel corporation, which was regarded at the time as equivalent to $50,000,000 in cash. In the formation of the American Bridge company he is accredited with having received $15,000,000 in common stock. In the promotion of North Pacific deals which went to the formation of the Northern Securities company the organizers are credited with having received $25,000,000 in cash, but Mr. Morgan did not get all of this. In the formation of the Metropolitan Securities company, the more recent traction trust, Mr. Morgan is credited with having been given $30,000,000 of the stock as compensation for organizing the corporation and consolidating the interests absorbed. Therefore the amounts received by Mr. Morgan for a few of his great financial operations are as follows: United States Steel corporation, $100,000,000; Metropolitan Securities company, $30,000,000; American Bridge company, $15,000,000; ship combine, $12,500,000; Northern Securities company, $15,000,000; total, $172,500,000.

It is not only the ability of Mr. Morgan to form the combines but to protect them that make them a success. He is paid in stock, but that, in a Morgan corporation, is practically so much cash, because he protects the stock and makes the company a success. Mr. Morgan is a wonderful man, but how about a stock that can stand such enormous expense with no material equivalent returned?

AMERICAN SCIENTISTS.

In an address on the occasion of a reception recently given to Lord Kelvin, who is now visiting the United States, that eminent English scientist bestowed high praise upon American scientists. He took issue with those who have been asserting that in thoroughness as well as in creative force the American scientists do not match those of England or those of the continent of Europe. After referring to the achievements of the engineers who worked out the problem of the deposit on the ocean's bed of a trans-Atlantic cable, Lord Kelvin came to recent achievements and spoke of the triumphs of Edison and of Tesla. He referred to the latter's share in the development of Niagara's power so that it would be of commercial utility and then paid tribute to Edison, emphatically acknowledging his claim to distinction as the inventor of apparatus that made of commercial utility for lighting purposes the electric current. He also spoke of the revolutionary invention of Bell, who gave to the world the marvelous and extremely useful telephone.

Here were three American achievements in the most beneficial way revolutionary, observes the New York correspondent of the Philadelphia Press, which had created millions of new wealth and had been of inestimable service in the advancement of comfort and prosperity, whose pre-eminent importance the eminent English scientist sketched. In a subsequent interview Lord Kelvin said that the most wonderful progress made in this country has been in the practical use of electricity, stating that in this respect we are much in advance of England. In the use of electricity as an illuminating power, he said, London is still very far behind New York, while electric lighting is not used on the English railroads except in the Pullman cars.

There is doubtless some truth in the assertion that American scientists as a whole are somewhat less thorough than those of Europe, but it will not be admitted that they are inferior to the Europeans in creative force, while as to thoroughness, certainly some of our scientists are excelled by those of no other country. Unquestionably American scientists can learn much of Europeans, but it is also true that the latter are acquiring knowledge from the Americans. Upon their achievements in respect to the telegraph, the telephone and the electric light, American scientists can safely rest their cause and challenge comparison with the scientists of the old world.

IMPORTANCE OF ALASKA.

While the story has not been confirmed that the company organized in New Jersey for the ostensible purpose of building a railroad from Duluth to Dawson City, Alaska, is backed by men of capital or railroad men of acknowledged ability, the talk of such a direct line has caused considerable discussion in the newspapers throughout the country. Some take the report seriously and believe that the road may be constructed in the near future, while others look upon it as an idle dream. Some of the comments have poohpoohed the idea of there being sufficient traffic to make such a line a paying investment, claiming that, outside of the gold output, there is little in Alaska to furnish business for the road. This claim is due to ignorance of the wonderful resources of Alaska.

Harrington Emerson presents, in the Engineering Magazine for May, some facts about Alaska that will no doubt be surprising to many people. He points out that since 1896 five events have occurred that wholly change conditions in Alaska for the better. These events are:

(1) In the last year the Klondike gold discoveries were made and in 1897 and 1898 a great rush to and through Alaska began, resulting in a doubling of the population and in an output of gold from the Yukon region to date of $75,000,000.

(2) In 1898 the Philippine islands were acquired by the United States, giving importance to the direct route along the Alaskan coast between North America and the new possessions.

(3) In 1899 gold was discovered on the beach at Nome, and this carried 30,000 people to this part of Alaska and resulted in an output of $5,000,000 in gold annually, or more than twice as much as all Alaska had previously yielded.

(4) The Alaskan salmon fisheries, in their infancy in 1896, have grown in 1902 to great companies, capitalized for $20,000,000 and with net earnings last year of more than $2,000,000, and employing 10,000 men.

(5) Two railroads have been constructed in Alaska, one of which in the extreme southeast, costing $4,000,000, earned last year over $3,000,000 net, and the other, in the extreme Northwest, near Nome, a little road five miles long, which earned $80,000 net.

(6) Coal fields formerly superficially known, have been explored and investigated, while new ones of great value have been discovered.

It is evident that a country with such wonderfully rich resources must continue to grow in population, trade and wealth, and that in the not distant future there will be a very large traffic for a railroad connecting directly with the United States.

ASPHALT A FAILURE.

Two years ago The Herald, in common with many people who thought that the best pavement obtainable should be laid in the business section of Superior street—the principal thoroughfare of the city—was of opinion that the asphalt pavement excelled all others in beauty, durability, cleanliness and other desirable qualities. Since that time it has learned by the experience of other cities where asphalt has been thoroughly tested that it is not the best pavement. The News Tribune is now busily engaged republishing articles two years old from The Herald advocating asphalt, but the only effect is to show that The Herald, as well as many Duluth people, have changed their views on the subject. It is possible that some time in the future the News Tribune may also conclude that the product of the asphalt trust is not desirable for Duluth's streets.

Indianapolis is frequently instanced by the asphalt trust as a city where asphalt paving has proven a success. The following testimony is from the Indianapolis Sun, contained in an editorial published this week:

"If there are any good, substantial asphalt pavements, where are they located? If a substantial asphalt pavement can be constructed, why can't we have one or two in Indianapolis?

"Indianapolis has many miles of asphalt street at present. They were constructed within the past ten or twelve years. Many of them have been repaired every year and some have been recoated. There is not one among them that is not seriously defective today.

"Hence, we are naturally led to the conclusion that there is no such thing as a substantial asphalt pavement, or, if there is, we are not permitted to have even one."

This is the testimony of every city that has experimented with asphalt. Why, then, should Duluth pay an enormous price for a pavement that has been a failure in practically every city that has tried it?

UNRULY SCHOOL BOYS.

School teachers become responsible for assault and battery when they administer corporeal punishment, according to a decision just rendered by one of the higher courts of the state of New York. The doctrine laid down by the court is that when a boy pays his tuition fee at a school he enters into a contract relation and may not be expelled by his teachers when his conduct appears to them prejudicial to the welfare of the school, nor has the teacher the right to punish the boy for misbehavior or disobedience. This is all very well for the boy who pays his tuition fee, but how about the boy who misbehaves in a free public school? Does the payment of tuition exempt the rich man's boy by buying him immunity from punishment for misbehavior, while the poor man's boy is liable to such punishment with redress?

Another point suggested by the New York Tribune is, does the schoolmaster or the court keep school? Is the power of discipline so far handed over to the judges that the teacher, like the police commissioner, cannot expel an unruly or untrustworthy person from the body under his control without the commission of a crime? If so, the bad boy has reason to rejoice. If he keeps within the letter of previously established rules and does not tell lies than can be proved against him in a court of justice he is safe. Even if he is finally brought to books he can for weeks shake an injunction in the schoolmaster's face and pose as a hero before the other boys.

It would seem proper that the power to administer corporeal punishment to a limited extent should be vested in the teacher or in the principal of the school. It is the only way in which some unruly boys can be controlled. If this power be not granted, then the authority to expel is a necessity, otherwise there can be no discipline maintained.

The recent paragraph in the Washington Star concerning Gen. Miles may be accepted as authoritative: "There will be no further consideration by the president of the subject of retiring Lieut. Gen. Miles so long as the commander of the army maintains his present attitude of reserve. The president has reached this conclusion without waiting to discuss the matter with Secretary Root, who will shortly return to Washington from his visit to Cuba." The compulsory retirement of the general had, of course, been rendered politically impossible; yet it is due the president to say that he had acumen enough and self-restraint enough to retreat from his advanced line of attack upon the general as soon as he saw that the position had become untenable. It is a victory for Miles, and still it is a victory for the president in swallowing his pride.

Governor Taft can hardly complain if the opponents of the administration's Philippine policy decline to accept him as a witness without political bias. In his Yale address last Tuesday night, after presenting a defense, or apology, for the methods of warfare employed by the army in the islands, he advanced the plea that whatever had happened should not "cause the defeat of the party, which I think should remain in power." Thus he appeared in the role of a party man, while speaking as a specialist in Philippine affairs. Partyism is responsible for the continuation of the wretched war in the Philippines. The personal inclination of many Republicans is to grant independence to the Filipinos, but the party policy opposes that idea and they stick to the party.

A visitor to Porto Rico tells the Philadelphia Record that the schools are doing well, and that the intelligence of the pupils is as remarkable as their thirst after knowledge. He tells of a girl of 17 who walks twenty miles to and from school daily, and is so poor that she sleeps on a bare floor and begs most of her food. There's no truant officers down there, says this Mr. Preston. He went to a night school, where the men bring their own candles and sit on the schoolroom floor in groups of three, one candle to each group. There has been no alienation through the hell of war in Porto Rico.

On the principle that if one says "the horse is twelve feet high, stick to it," the Kansas City Journal, having stated that Zaccheus was the rich young man who came to the Master to know what good thing he should do, sticks to it. To a correspondent who seeks to correct the statement it says: "How does the correspondent know?" Unless he can show that the young man's name was something else we shall hold to Zaccheus. It was just as likely to be Zaccheus as Lazarus or Nebuchadnezzer."

Meteorological statistics show that Chicago blew 145,193 miles of wind in 1901—most of it filled with lung-destroying dust. Block island, off the Rhode Island coast, is one of the two places in the United States that are windier, but the Block Island wind is pure.

"The man who is going wrong is not nearly so dangerous as the man who is not going at all," said John D. Rockefeller, Jr., Sunday to his Bible class. It sounds well at first hearing, but is it really true?

The story that Kermit Roosevelt stalked on stilts into the room where a session of the cabinet was being held was not given out by the president to the correspondents with the other cabinet news.

And now Rev. Dr. Tompkins, an Episcopal rector in Philadelphia, declares that society women drink and smoke. He must be looking for trouble.

The Boston Globe says there are no figures to show how many people unable to buy soda in Boston on Sunday have been led to drink beer instead.

Senator Clark advises young men not to engage in mining because it is too hazardous. And yet that is the way the senator made his millions.

And now the rubber trust will probably stretch prices.

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Philadelphia Press: She—Why, I would not marry you if you were the last man on earth.

He—Quite so. I could get a handsome wife then.

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New York Sun: Mrs. Hoyle—My husband says that I am one woman in a thousand.

Mrs. Doyle—Aren't you jealous of the nine hundred and ninety-nine?

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Somerville Journal: She—Sometimes I think you don't love me any more.

He (reproachfully)—How could I love you any more?

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Detroit Free Press: McCorkle—Before you married Miss Dumplin you used to say she had great questioning eyes.

McCrackle—Yes, but now she questions me with her vocal organs.

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Ohio State Journal: "I am going to marry your daughter, sir," said the positive young man to the father.

"Well, you don't need to come to me for sympathy," replied the father; "I have troubles of my own.

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Chicago Post: "I still hope," he announced when she refused him for the third time.

"So do I," she returned.

"What do you hope?" he asked.

"I hope you'll get tired," she answered.

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Washington Star: "Is your wife one of those women who look at their husbands and say, 'I have made a man of him?'" asked the impertinent friend.

"No," answered Mr. Meekton. "Henrietta is very unassuming. She merely says she has done her best."

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Chicago Post: "Does it offend you, dear," he whispered, "to be told that we are descended from a race of barbarians and are barbarians to some extent ourselves?"

"Not at all, Harold," she said.

And he promptly slipped a relic of barbarism on her waiting finger.

THE VALLEY OF UNREST.

I.

This is the valley of sweet unrest,
Where we dream the dreams that we love the best,
'Neath a dying sun in a darkening west,
And after the dreams
We wake in pain,
And pray to God
To dream again
In the dim, deep valley of sweet unrest.

II.

This is the valley of sweet unrest;
The child, in a dream, seeks the mother's breast,
And the lips of love to our lips are pressed.
And we wake and weep
That the dreams are vain,
And cry to God
To dream again
In the desolate valley of sweet unrest!

III.

Alas, for the valley of sweet unrest!
To live for a dream in a dream unblest—
The locks of Love by a dream caressed!
Never the dew
Of the bloom to drain,
Famished for sunlight
And starved for rain,
With that sigh of eternity—"God knows best!"

—FRANK L. STANTON in Atlanta Constitution.

Dr PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

For a third of a century American housewives have found Dr. Price's Baking Powder invariably a guarantee of pure, delicious and wholesome food.

Always makes the perfect biscuit, cake and bread.

Price Baking Powder Co., Chicago.

Note.—Baking powders made from alum and other harsh, caustic acids are lower in price, but inferior in work and injurious to the stomach.

Certain Marriages Are a Crime Against Society

By MAX NORDAU.

If a man does not possess a healthy body and mind, he should abstain from marriage. I am of the belief that it should be made compulsory by the state to bar all who are not perfectly healthy from marriage.

A man must have stamina. He must have self reliance. He must have the courage, which is only born of a sound body, to undertake the marriage contract.

It is a crime for a man who is not of sound body and mind to marry a woman and bring into the world offspring who are of necessity dwarfed in intellect and physique. It is a crime against society and against nature. Should a dwarf or a person with an undeveloped brain marry a strong girl, both physically and mentally, her blood would ameliorate the condition of the offspring, such a couple might bring into the world, but in a case of this nature there is a poor outlook for the wife and mother.

If, on the other hand, a man is mentally and physically strong, the question of money is of little consequence. Whether he has a dollar or ten thousand has little bearing on his success or failure. There may be trials and hardships, but if the man has stamina—and stamina comes chiefly from a sound stomach—he surmounts his troubles and wins success.

There may be lots of ups and downs, as the Americans say, but success comes to a man who has a good body and brain and a healthy, sensible woman for a helpmate.

In higher civilization like that of the United States a sound man mentally and physically can earn plenty to marry on, all the way from a dollar a day to a million dollars a year.

Scientists in considering the marriage question say: "Follow sympathy." If a man is absolutely healthy, then I say let him follow his sympathy, but otherwise not. Psychologically, the sympathies are no guide to marriage.

If marriage is badly managed, it is an absolute handicap, and the fault lies with the man and not with the woman. If marriage is well managed, it is a great help.

An ill-chosen wife is a millstone around a man's neck.

A suitable wife, a woman of common sense and a sound body, promotes steadiness of purpose and tenacity of performance in the man who has wed her.

Why the Chinese Should Go---and Stay.

By Senator CHARLES W. FAIRBANKS of Indiana.

Competition between American labor and Chinese labor is unequal. The two start in the contest upon an entirely different plane. The American laborer must have better clothes, better houses, better food. His wants are more—thank God for that!—and they must be supplied. He is to live and labor, educate his children, and his ashes are to repose here among his kindred. What he earns is to be spent here among his own countrymen and not in some foreign land. The Chinese laborers are not without points of merit. They are docile, patient and have remarkable power of endurance, but their necessities are few and easily satisfied. They are but human machines of the lowest order. They may, if need be, subsist upon what the American laborer throws away, upon what we would be ashamed to see him obliged to live upon.

Can it be possible that American labor and Chinese labor can work side by side, the one receiving less than the other in wages and subsisting upon much less than the other? It follows as night the day that the lower paid and lower fed will cause his higher paid and better fed competitor to come down to his unfortunate condition.

Again we enter our protest. We do it from no ungenerous motive toward the Chinese empire. We do it out of national self respect and in our national self interest, and no one can justly challenge the wisdom of our policy.

The immigrants who have so materially added to our national strength have come mainly from those countries where the home and family relations are sacred, and they have built among us frugal and virtuous homes, whence wholesome influences have permeated the entire community. The home is indeed the nation's supreme defense. Can any one conceive that the Chinese would erect homes throughout the country, as has been done by the immigrants from the United Kingdom, France, Germany, Scandinavia and other European countries?

We have an absolute right to enact such laws as will safeguard our citizenship against contaminating influences from any quarter of the globe. The duty to preserve the purity of the currents which vitally affect the standard of our citizenship is plain and imperative.

There is nothing immoral in our exclusion of those who do not tend to elevate our civilization.

The Growth of Socialism and Anarchism.

By POPE LEO XIII.

Never has humanity found itself in a more miserable condition than it is at present. There is disorder in all social relations, and especially in family relations. Excessive liberality has fostered socialism and anarchism.

Unjust wars are waged by strong nations against weak peoples, and exaggerated armaments among great nations produce an effect which is even more disastrous than war and creates a worldwide inquietude.

There are two unceasing troubles and misery among the people, provoking them to an anarchism which henceforth promises to constitute a formidable party of malefactors working against all emperors, kings and presidents —indeed, against all governments, and these governments must adopt decisive measures to defend genuine liberty and must enforce the teaching of religion.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Two people married can live on less than the same two people engaged.

It takes genius to explain to a woman for the 999th time how you surely know that you love her.

No matter how many kisses a pretty girl gives away she can always afford it, because she can get plenty more.

There are two occasions which always elevate women to sublime ecstasy—the possession of a new baby and the possession of a new hat.

The reason women like the street car transfer system is that they can go way past their street to finish saying good-bye to some other woman riding in the same car with them, and then work their way home again on transfers.

Strenuous Life on Railroads.

New York Tribune: Recent experiments on important railroad lines in this country encourage the hope that, with the abolition of grade crossings, the laying down of the heaviest and strongest of steel rails and the improvement of signals and of rolling stock, express trains in the United States will reach an average speed of at least seventy-five miles an hour long before the last quarter of this century is ended. What a welcome saving of valuable time will then be accomplished.

THE WHIRL OF POLITICS

The congressional situation is just about where it was last week, except that J. Adam Bede has been working steadily ever since nailing himself down to the situation. O. D. Kinney has not yet returned to be tendered the support of his friends for the congressional nomination, and he will not be back until next week. Until then the situation will be in doubt as to his candidacy, for while it is generally agreed that it will be uphill work, strong pressure will be brought to bear to induce him to make the run, and many of his friends are hopeful that they will be able to put the situation so temptingly before him that he will consent to lend the use of his name for this purpose.

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Meanwhile Mr. Bede is flitting here and there and everywhere, leaving a wake of merriment and good feeling behind him that is steadily adding strength to the Bede column. His friends said that he has brought most of the leaders of the district into his camp, and that anybody else that expects to get along will have to create new leaders. Senator McCarthy is saying nothing until he finds out about O. D. Kinney, and after that he will inquire whether or not there is to be any other distinctly Duluth candidate, according to his statement.

During the week Judge Morris, who seems to be after Bob Dunn's record for denying his candidacy, gave out another statement in Washington, to the effect that under no circumstances would he be a candidate again. It was stated that this declaration was called forth by the "earnest solicitation of the Hon. Frank E. Searle, of Duluth, that the congressman recall his withdrawal from the race." The article from Washington further stated that it was "understood that Mr. Searle, in behalf of himself and other friends of Judge Morris, made an especially strong plea, but he was utterly unable to prevail upon the Duluth man to change his mind."

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The state auditorship contest has become triangular, J. F. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, having entered the race. This would indicate that the Minneapolis newspaper that announced semi-officially that he would not be a candidate had what the vulgar call a "bum steer." "Jake" will make considerable noise as a candidate in certain quarters, but it is believed that he will draw most of his strength from Iverson without doing the candidacy of Odin Halden, of Duluth, much injury. In most quarters the friends of the other candidates say, the radical and inflammatory ideas of Jacobson will work against his candidacy, as the office of state auditor would give him too much chance to put them in practice.

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With Jacobson in the field, what is Bob Dunn going to do? He has been favoring his present chief deputy, Sam Iverson, more or less on the quiet, but it is an open secret that the temporary split between him and Jacobson that occurred during the special session, has been mended and that they have made it up again. Dunn is under obligations to Jacobson, and he can hardly oppose his candidacy with much vigor.

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The Twin City papers are treating the candidacy of J. Adam Bede in a very kindly manner, particularly the Pioneer Press and the St. Paul Dispatch.

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The Red Wing Argus, of which John Stone Pardee and Emil Schmied, of the late Duluth Commonwealth, are editor and manager respectively, makes these comments on the Democratic prospects in the Eighth district, under a Duluth date line:

"The Democrats are all too modest. There's John Jenswold, Jr., would run like a seared deer, but he is very coy.

"There is talk and talk about C. O. Baldwin. But he is very hard of hearing and his friends will have to talk loud and fast to get him to run even for the senate again. His election there would be a foregone conclusion. If Bede was nominated the Democrats might put up Baldwin by main force.

"T. T. Hudson is worse yet. He won't hear to the remotest gossip about nominating him.

"Joseph Ward Reynolds might be induced to run. If he had remained in the Republican party they would have thrust honors upon him long before this. He is no less able a man for following his convictions. On the other hand, people in his senatorial district are strongly tempted to nominate him against Pugh, who seems destined to receive Daugherty's mantle. That would make two Democrats in the senate from Duluth and that would help some.

"Duluth is in revolt against what Lind calls the "imbecile tariff policy" of the Republican party. Duluth's interests lie more strongly than ever in the direction of free trade with Canada, under whatever name it may be called, which is throttled by the protection madness. If it was not for the intelligent Republican vote on the ranges we could bank on a Democratic congressman and a solid Democratic delegation in the legislature. As it is the Democrats are more optimistic than they have been for ten years.

"There is no hurry yet about candidates. The Republicans are doing the guessing. Lee Willcuts is sailing round in an airship trying to find somebody who can win. It is a heavy responsibility to load on one so young and innocent. Besides he has not the promise of $50,000 to help do it this time. It can't be done for less, if I am not mistaken. The Republicans have educated their intelligent following to liberal ideas of expenditures."

• • •

The Eveleth Star is out strongly for Bede for congress. Last week a largely displayed head led off a long article showing that the ranges are for him, and giving interviews with a large number of prominent range Republicans who think him the logical candidate. In addition the Star editorially remarked:

"A great many names have already been mentioned for congress since the declaration of Page Morris. However, Bede is quite a distance ahead in the race at present and it will take a real clever racer to catch him."

• • •

Here are a couple of carnations for Bede from the Two Harbors Iron Trade Journal:

"The further it goes the more it looks like J. Adam Bede for congress. Mr. Bede has all his fences in good shape and with the start he has, will make a hard man to catch."

"There are a whole lot of would-be congressmen in the big Eighth district, who would not lift the bill half as well as J. Adam Bede, the Pine City statesman."

• • •

The Virginia Enterprise says that the name of O. D. Kinney will meet with the hearty support of all factions, and that on the ranges, where Mr. Kinney has many and varied interests, his candidacy would receive unanimous support. The Enterprise promises that if his friends prevail upon him to become a candidate the voters will do the rest.

• • •

The Carlton Vidette is a bit saucy in its remarks to Senator McCarthy, as follows:

"It would appear that C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, is trying hard to get the Republicans of this district to coax him to be a candidate for congress. A man who hasn't the courage to say yes or no, when asked a question, surely cannot expect the public to have patience. This thing of a man saying that he will not be a candidate if some other fellow is, is mere hundrum. Get in line, McCarthy, or get out."

• • •

The Ely Miner, over which Peter Schaeffer presides, says:

"From Duluth comes the report that J. Adam Bede is daily developing strength in his congressional aspirations. We know of a whole bunch of fellows whose aspirations run towards Washington that could not fill the position as well as J. Adam."

• • •

The Miner also has this to say of the situation:

"Nothing strange or startling has developed in the congressional situation. O. D. Kinney is yet the most talked of, and should he decide to not allow his name to be used, the chances are that J. Adam Bede will be the next congressman. Mr. Kinney has not returned from the South, and his friends are at a loss as to the mode of procedure. Should he decide to accept, he would be a formidable opponent for any of the numerous mentioned aspirants, with the best chances for the nomination and election."

• • •

The Mesaba Ore, formerly the Hibbing News, says that the indications are that if a radical move is not made pretty soon, J. Adam Bede will come out of the tangle with flying colors. The Ore thinks Senator Hawkins could beat anybody that has been mentioned, but reports regretfully that he refuses to consider it.

• • •

A. N. Dare, in the Elk River Star News, says:

"J. Adam Bede has a literary bureau that is no slouch. He carries it around with him all the time."

• • •

Here is an outside view of the congressional situation, from the St. Peter Free Press:

"Congressman Morris refuses a renomination and now J. Adam Bede entertains strong hopes of capturing the prize without much difficulty. That he is fairly entitled to this recognition, in view of the valuable service rendered the party during a number of campaigns, no one will deny, but the trouble is that most politicians are ungrateful critters and hardly ever generous enough to reciprocate favors shown them, no matter at what sacrifice. Morris would probably never have been able to defeat Towne but for Bede's assistance, and from this distance it would seem that he should now be given the nomination without opposition."

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The St. Peter Journal says that "several distinguished Duluthians are disposed to view Adam Bede with alarm."

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"It is noticeable that Congressman Morris thanked everyone in the district who contributed to his political prominence, with the exception of the newspaper men. 'Most always works that way, anyhow,' says the Hibbing News.

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The Virginian has discovered that "many of the county officials will be candidates for re-election."

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The Mesaba Ore mentions Judge Nelson, of Virginia, as a candidate for register of deeds on the Republican ticket.

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The Elbow Lake Herald lectures the members of the legislative district as follows: "What is wanted are men who are men at home and men when in St. Paul, men of sturdy character and outspoken convictions, men whom tempters cannot tempt, men who forget not the people they represent, and who will leave their party if need be to vote as their consciences dictate. These kind of men are wanted. But if character, honesty and independence be required of legislators, voters must show that they possess these same qualities; they must demonstrate when they vote that they can distinguish between right and wrong."

• • •

The Two Harbors people do not seem to take kindly to the arrangement that had been made by certain Republicans by which Ely was to have a member of the legislature instead of Two Harbors. The Iron News says that Two Harbors will be able to furnish a successor to T. A. Bury, and that it will insist on doing so. It mentions no names, but A. J. McGee, of Two Harbors, has announced his candidacy, and it is understood that there will be at least one more candidate in that village.

• • •

Brother Noyes, of Barnum, editor of the Gazette of that place and a member of the last legislature, has announced his candidacy for the senatorship that C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, has vacated. He ought to make a good run. Warren Potter, of Aitkin, has also announced his candidacy, and he has many friends.

• • •

The Virginian says:

"Odin Halden is wearing a confident smile these days, and from the many complimentary things said of him in the press throughout the state he has good reason to. Mr. Halden's chances for becoming the next state auditor grow brighter each day.

• • •

The Ely Miner sagely discusses the situation on the state auditorship as as follows:

"The Odin Halden state auditor band wagon is becoming crowded and more are daily climbing on. Notwithstanding the heavy support given his opposition, Halden is constantly gaining supporters from the ranks. The press of the lower country is throwing all manner of bouquets at the St. Louis county auditor, and this in the face of the fact that the lower part of the state is supposed to be diametrically opposed to anything emanating from the northern end. The indications daily received point to Halden as the nominee of the convention."

EDDY IS OUT.

Says He Is Not a Candidate For Renomination.

Washington, May 3.—Congressman Frank M. Eddy has returned to Washington after an absence of two months, the greater part of which was spent in Norway. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Eddy issued the following statement:

"I do not know that I have anything to say that will be of interest to the people of Minnesota, except that I will not be a candidate for re-nomination.

"Last fall I made an exceedingly close canvass of the new Ninth district and came to the conclusion that while my chances for renomination were perhaps as good as those of any other of the candidates, I could only secure such nomination after a hard struggle. I found many of my former friends and supporters lined up for one of the other candidates, and I felt that many who pledged me their support really preferred someone else.

"It is hardly necessary for me to say that I am not afraid of a fight, but all of my fights heretofore have been with opponents of Republicanism, and I had no desire to enter into a contest with Republican friends. After my canvass I received what I conceived at the time a very flattering business proposition, and I concluded that I would close my political career with being the first and only Republican congressman from the old Seventh district, and leave the Republican voters of the Seventh to select a younger, abler and more vigorous representative without embarrassing them by calling upon them to support me."

Mr. Eddy tells a most interesting story concerning his trip and the business that called him to Norway and Sweden.

"It was purely a Canadian proposition," he said, "and the statements which have been made to the effect that I was bringing foreign laborers to the United States is altogether false. I had nothing whatever to do with any of our representatives abroad. My trip was in connection with a proposition made and submitted to me last December by F. H. Clergue, president of the Algoma Central & Hudson Bay Railway company, and head of the stupendous manufacturing industry located at Sault Ste. Marie, who offered an opportunity for laboring men and prospective settlers which was superior to anything that had heretofore come to my knowledge. I sent over two men to secure laborers and settlers, and last January they went to Norway.

"Shortly after their arrival complications arose, and I considered it necessary for me to be there myself, where I hoped to be able to accomplish everything and return inside of thirty days; but they do business very slow in European countries and delay after delay ensued, with the result that it required me to be away two months and fifteen days.

"No legislation of a local nature has suffered by my absence, and I find the same bills pending that were before congress when I left. I left my secretary, Mr. Ronning, who has been with me a number of years, and a very competent man, in charge of my departmental work and correspondence, and nothing his suffered by my absence.

"My assistants and myself made the most unparalleled record in history in relation to the transportation of men. We started at Christiana with 476 men and landed at Sault Ste. Marie with 475, one man becoming insane in Halifax, and we lost track of him. Nor was there any sickness or serious accidents on the boat. I will add that I am not sure that state department realizes the importance of the American consulate at Christiana. Mr. Broderick, the consular agent, is an exceedingly competent man, but the salary he receives is entirely inadequate to compensate for the duties performed; his salary should at least be doubled.

"Trade relations between Norway and the United States have more than trebled since his appointment and he has been compelled to draw on his private resources to meet expenses."

HEATWOLE

Says That Governor Van Sant Cannot Be Elected Again.

Washington, May 3.—Representative Joel P. Heatwole used vigorous language on having his attention called to the reiterated statements that he is at the head of the movement in Washington for the purpose of bringing out a candidate for governor in opposition to Van Sant.

Mr. Heatwole on being asked as to the truth of a printed story regarding a conference between James J. Hill, senators and himself, said:

"It is an ingenious lie. So far as I know, there has been no conference in Washington bearing on the state situation in Minnesota. While it is well known that I am opposed to the renomination of Van Sant, I have at no time tried to get my colleagues to take a hand in the matter."

On being questioned further in regard to the gubernatorial situation in Minnesota Mr. Heatwole said:

"I consider the renomination of Mr. Van Sant this year as most unfortunate for the Republican party. I make no concealment of my attitude, and it is the same now as it was a year ago.

"Nine out of ten of the politicians who come to Washington from Minnesota say that Mr. Van Sant is going to be renominated, and almost in the same breath say that he will be defeated by from 2000 to 50,000.

"This latter observation is always coupled with the injunction to say nothing, therefore the correspondents do not send it to the newspapers.

"If such a condition of affairs exists in Minnesota, it is time for Republicans to stop and think.

"I do not care who the candidate will be so long as he is a man of character, and one that we can elect, thereby insuring the return of a solid Republican delegation in congress and a good working majority in the legislature.

"A man who loves his party and his country, who is patriotic and desires the success of his party will not let his personal ambition stand between him and party success."

SQUEEZED.

Financiers Hard Hit By Decline In International Power.

New York, May 3.—As a result of the sensational decline in International Power shares, two men identified with the manipulation of the stock, John R. Drexel, late of Philadelphia, and now of New York, and Cyrus Field Judson, who was a director of the company, are said to have been badly burned. Friends of Mr. Judson said that he had lost more than $1,000,000 of the profits he had accumulated in the manipulation. Ample confirmation was obtained in Wall street of the report that Drexel & Co., bankers of Philadelphia, were urgently called upon by Mr. Drexel to give financial aid to more than one New York house, so that contracts made by him in International Power could be fulfilled.

Wall street will probably never know how near the edge of a financial crash the sensational decline in Power shares brought two or three important houses, when arrangements were being made for the stock delivery hour yesterday. Mr. Drexel bought between 2000 and 3000 at almost the top figures of 198, involving about $500,000. A loss of ninety-eight points, it is asserted, forced him to call for help, and Drexel & Co. averted a crash by coming to his rescue. President Hoadley, of the International Power company, took care of Judson's commitments, said to involve 5000 shares and Mr. Judson resigned his position as director.

In this connection there was a report that Joseph Leiter, who is also a director, had made anywhere from $100,000 to $800,000 by unloading stock at high figures. This report, however, rests on a slim basis. A dispatch from Chicago quotes Mr. Leiter saying he had squeezed the shorts in General Carriage and the two companies, both under manipulation during the last week, have been confused in the public mind.

LET EVERY MAN AFFLICTED WITH

VARICOCELE

READ CAREFULLY WHAT FOLLOWS:

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

ADVANTAGE OF MY METHOD OF CURING VARICOCELE.

My treatment is absolutely painless and devoid of danger; no anaesthetic is given.

The cure is permanent. I have treated thousands of the most aggravated cases without a single failure or recurrence.

You are under the care of a reliable specialist, that is acknowledged authority in the treatment of men, and whose superior method of treatment is nowhere else obtainable in America.

You are not subjected to the dangerous experiments of antiquated treatments which you are liable to receive at the hands of incompetent and inexperienced doctors. Varicocele is a very serious and delicate disease, and necessarily requires skilled, expert treatment. I am treating many cases daily, and have gained a national reputation as being successful in the treatment of Varicocele and its results — Nervous Debility and Lost Health.

I Also Cure to Stay Cured

Stricture, Contagious Blood Poison, Nervous Debility

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men. To these maladies alone I have earnestly devoted the best years of my life. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Is it not worth your while to investigate a cure that has made life anew to multitudes?

STRICTURE.

It matters not how long you have suffered from Stricture or how many different doctors have disappointed you. I will cure you just as certain as you come to me for treatment. I will not do it by cutting or dilating. My treatment is entirely original with me and perfectly harmless. It completely dissolves the stricture and permanently removes every obstruction of the urinary passage. It stops every unnatural discharge, allays all inflammation, reduces the prostate gland when enlarged, cleanses the bladder and kidneys, invigorates the vital organs and restores health and soundness to every part of the body affected by the disease.

BLOOD POISON.

Specific Blood Poison was for ages supposed to be incurable. This ancient idea still exists in the minds of many physicians, who continue to sallvate their patients with potash, mercury and other dangerous mineral mixtures, which, instead of forcing the disease out of the system, drives it deeper in, where it lies dormant for a time, and then breaks out again in the form of some frightful skin, blood or bone disease. I cure Specific Blood Poison to stay cured forever. I challenge the medical world for a case in any stage that I cannot positively cure, never to return, in from sixty to ninety days. My treatment for this disease is endorsed by the best physicians of America and Europe. It is purely vegetable in composition and perfectly harmless in effect.

NERVO-VITAL DEBILITY.

Men, many of you are now reaping the result of your former folly. Your manhood is failing and you will soon be lost unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Impotency, like all vital diseases, is never on the standstill. With it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you and fill your whole future with misery and indescribable woe. I have treated so many cases of this kind that I am as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight. Once cured by me and you will never again be bothered with emissions, drains, prematureness, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition or other symptoms which rob you of your manhood and absolutely unfit you for study, business or pleasure. My treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy, happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

ASSOCIATE DISEASES.

In curing a disease of any kind I never fail to remove all reflex complications. If the case is Varicocele, the weakness caused by it disappears. If it is Stricture and has developed into Prostatic, Bladder or Kidney affections, the injured organs are all restored to a perfectly healthful condition. If it is Contagious Blood Poison, any and all Skin, Blood and Bone diseases arising from the taint are entirely and permanently eliminated from the system. If it is Impotency, the many distressing symptoms following in its train and indicating a premature decline of physical and mental power are totally removed and rapidly replaced by the youthful energy of robust manhood. Hence all resulting ills and reflex complications which may be properly termed associate diseases, and which, in fact, are often more serious that the original ailment that gives rise to them—all, I say, disappear completely and forever with the cure of the main malady.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Most cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at my office, write me a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. Physicians having stubborn cases to treat are cordially invited to consult with me. I charge nothing for private counsel and give to each patient a legal contract in writing, backed by abundant capital, to hold for my promise. Address all communications to

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays: 10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association,

No. 1 West Superior Street, Corner Lake Avenue, Duluth, Minn.

FIRST GRAND

EXCURSION

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

On new palatial steel

STEAMER

AMERICA

SUNDAY, MAY 4.

Leave Booth's dock ro a. m., returning leave Two Harbors 5 p. m. on Str. Argo.

Fare 50c Round Trip.

WISCONSIN WON

In the Intercollegiate Debate Held at Madison.

Madison, Wis., May 3.—Wisconsin defeated Minnesota in the intercollegiate debate here last night, on the question: "Resolved, that railway rates in the United States should be regulated by governmental authority." Wisconsin upheld the negative.

Joseph Koffend, J. C. McKesson and Henry J. James spoke for Wisconsin. Minnesota's team consisted of R. C. Wedko, J. H. Kane and J. B. Ladd. The judges were Frank O'Brien, of St. Paul; W. F. Shea, of Ashland, and Judge J. E. Dodge, of the Wisconsin supreme court.

BAND CONCERT.

Third Regiment Band at the Armory Sunday.

For the first time in many months the people of Duluth will have an opportunity to hear the Third Regiment band in concert. Tomorrow afternoon at the Armory the first of a series of three concerts will be given. The band will number thirty pieces and the instrumentation will be the best Director Flaaten has ever been able to offer. It will be particularly strong in the reed section, a feature which is sought by all fine bandmasters. The program for the concert is as follows:

March—"Semper Fidelis" .....Sousa
Overture—"Zampa" ..... Herold
"Remembrance," from "The Burgomaster" ..... Luders
Descriptive—"Cavalry Charge"....Luders
Chorus—"Olaf Tryggvason" .....Reissiger
Normanna Singing Society.
Grand selection from "Carmen"....Bizet
Medley—"Plantation Echoes"....Conterno

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Cincinnati, 5; Chicago, 2.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 4; St. Louis, 1.
At Brooklyn—Boston, 4; Brooklyn, 2.
At New York—New York, 5; Philadelphia, 1.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Washington, 7; Philadelphia, 6.
At Boston—Baltimore, 14; Boston, 6.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 1; Chicago, 0.
At Detroit—Detroit, 7; Cleveland, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Louisville—Louisville, 17; Minneapolis, 11.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 5; St. Paul, 3.
At Columbus—Kansas City, 4; Columbus, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	W.	L.	P.C
Pittsburg	12	2	.834
New York	14	9	.645
Chicago	10	6	.600
Boston	13	7	.650
Philadelphia	13	7	.462
Cincinnati	11	4	.364
Brooklyn	14	9	.357
St. Louis	11	2	.182

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Detroit	7	5	2	.715
Washington	9	5	4	.556
Boston	9	5	4	.556
Baltimore	8	4	4	.500
Chicago	8	4	4	.500
Philadelphia	8	3	5	.375
St. Louis	8	3	5	.375
Cleveland	10	3	7	.300

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Louisville	9	6	3	.667
Kansas City	8	5	3	.625
Columbus	8	5	3	.625
St. Paul	7	4	3	.556
Milwaukee	7	4	3	.556
Indianapolis	7	4	3	.556
Toledo	7	4	3	.556
Minneapolis	9	2	7	.223

SHOOK THEM UP.

Woodsmen Get a Scare In an Elevator.

Eight woodsmen were given a severe shaking up and a great fright in an elevator accident in one of the Superior street buildings at noon yesterday. The elevator, with its heavy load, for ...ey were all large men, was descending from the fourth floor. At the second floor the operator threw the lever shutting off the power, but the big cage continued to slide downward. The operator threw the lever back expecting that the accelerated speed would cause the safety device to work, but it did not and the elevator dropped a floor and a half, bringing up with a sudden jerk at the bottom of the shaft in the basement.

All the men were thrown to their knees by the shock and and for a moment there was a wild scramble, but as soon as they realized that they were as far down as they could go and the danger was over they took the matter good naturedly and began to chaff each other about being frightened. So heavily did the car strike that the counter weights are said to have jumped up several feet and then fallen back with a great strain on the cables. The cables were new, however, and withstood the strain.

THE BANNER.

Prize Trophy to Be Received By Modern Woodmen May 8.

Duluth camp, No. 2341, Modern Woodmen of America, is now the largest camp of Modern Woodmen in the state of Minnesota, and the head camp at Rock Island, Ill., has awarded it a prize banner, which will be presented to the lodge at the Armory on the evening of May 8, with appropriate ceremonies. Benjamin Smith, of Mankato, one of the directors of the order, has been delegated by the head office to make the presentation.

A number of influential members of the order have promised to attend, among them Governor Van Sant, J. Adam Bede, W. H. Dawson, of Minneapolis; Dr. Lowe, of Slayton; E. W. Stark, of Harris, and others.

Miss Laura Frankenfield, one of Duluth's popular elocutionists, two glee clubs and bands will make this an event long to be remembered by the members of the order at the head of the lakes.

PASSED AWAY.

Amos J. Cummings Dies at the Baltimore Infirmary.

Baltimore, Md., May 3.—Congressman Amos J. Cummings, of New York, died at 10:15 o'clock last night at the Church Home and Infirmary in this city. The cause of death was pneumonia incident to an operation. The congressman's wife and his cousin, Charles H. Cummings, were at his bedside when death came.

Congressman Cummings came to Baltimore April 11 to undergo treatment for kidney trouble. Four days later an operation was performed by Dr. Hugh H. Young and Mr. Cummings seemed to be in a fair way to recovery. A week later, however, pleurisy developed, and on April 25 it was announced that Mr. Cummings was suffering from pneumonia in one lung. Last Tuesday it was announced that the malady had extended to both lungs, since which time Mr. Cummings has been hovering between life and death.

Amos J. Cummings was born in Conkling, N. Y., in 1842. His father edited and published a weekly paper at Irvington, N. Y., and the youth entered the printing office at the age of 12 years. After attaining manhood he traveled and worked at the case in many states of the Union and Canada. He also visited Mexico, Central America and Europe. At the beginning of the civil war he was a compositor on the New York Tribune but soon joined a volunteer regiment and fought in the battles of Fredricksburg and Chancellorsville. Soon afterwards he returned to work at the Tribune establishment, becoming successively night editor, city editor and political editor of that paper. Later he joined the staff of the Sun. In 1885-6 he was president of the New York Press club. In 1886 he was elected to congress from a New York district and has been a member of the lower house ever since.

Happy Childhood Knows What's Best

Medicine that a child dislikes, will not do it much good. Sensible parents will give the little darlings medicine that tastes good and does good, and don't grip or gripe; the kind they like themselves.

"I rely upon Cascarets entirely in looking after our children."
—Mrs. Ellen Burwell, 1312 Division St., St. Louis.

"My little boy three years old was troubled with bleeding piles. We began to give him Cascarets, and before he had taken one box, he was sound and well."
—W. A. Goin, Okmulgee, I. T.

"My little daughter complained of not feeling well and began to vomit and became very sick. A half Cascaret tablet was given her and in less than half an hour she got up as well as ever. Cascarets are a household necessity."
—Thos. L. Moat, P.M., Trenton, Pa.

"My little girl was greatly troubled with worms, but after giving her a 25c box of Cascarets, she is entirely well."—Mrs. John F. Biley, 6 Sudler St., Gloucester, Mass.

"I have never used any remedy that has been as good as Cascarets. Have to keep them hidden from my little boy, as he eats them like candy."—Mrs. Robt. G. Fay, Goes, Ohio.

"I shall never be without Cascarets. My children are always delighted when I give them a portion of a tablet, and cry for more. They have a permanent place in my home."
—Mrs. John Flagel, Michigan City, Ind.

"We use Cascarets in our family and they are the children's friend."
—Mrs. James Greenwood, Menasha, Wis.

"I always keep Cascarets in the house for the children as well as myself."
—Mrs. Chas. Root, 692 Lorain St., Cleveland, O.

"For months I have used Cascarets, and my little ones require no other medicine."
—Mrs. G. H. Hammond, 653-34th St., Minneapolis.

Medicine forced on the little ones loses half its power. Nasty, sickening medicine is an injustice to the dear little innocents who can't protect themselves, makes them peevish and afraid of the dose. When a child hates the medicine, it will not be effective. Children like Cascarets Candy Cathartic, ask for them and are kept healthy always and easily against the damages of childhood's ailments.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 506

For Sick Headaches

try these famous Pills. They remove the cause and act quickly. You will feel like a new person after taking

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Slot Machines

OF ALL KINDS.

Electric Banjos, Phonographs. Put one or more in your place of business. They soon pay for themselves. Sold in Duluth by

PAGE & BATES,

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The BEST and only practica optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

For a Drink of Good Whisky

Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 668

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

The Young Ladies' Card club was entertained Monday afternoon by Miss Hirsch and Miss Smith at the home of the latter, No. 2 Chester terrace. The head prizes were taken by Mrs. Frank R. Leslie and Mrs. James C. Geggie and the consolation prize by Miss Crowley. Mrs Mark Baldwin will entertain the club at its next meeting. Those present were:

Mesdames—
H. F. Williamson, Jr., Mark Baldwin,
J. C. Geggie, W. F. Quayle,
F. R. Leslie, W. R. Spencer,
Mesdames— C. F. Macdonald.
Davidson, Detroit;
Ames, Crowley,
Robinson, of Frazer.

• • •

The program for the Matinee Musicale has been arranged by Miss Winifred Holmes and Mrs. C. H. Munger. The topic will be "The New Dramatic School." The program is as follows:

Paper ..... Mrs. Bochner.
"Hungarian Dances, No. 5 and 6" ..... Brahms
Miss Winifred Holmes and Mrs. L. M. Bolter.
"Elsa's Dream" (from "Lohengrin") ..... Wagner
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
"O, Thou Sublime Sweet Evening Star" ..... Wagner
Miss Mae Kennedy.
(a.) "The Princess" ..... Grieg
(b.) "Sunshine Song" (from "Peer Gynt" Suite) .....
(c.) "Good Morning" .....
Mrs. C. P. Craig.
Overture to "Sakuntala" ..... Goldmark
Miss Simonds, Mrs. Millen, Mrs. Pearson, Miss Crowley.
"To the Forest" ..... Tschaikowsky
Miss Mary Bradshaw.

A very pleasing society event of the week was the charity ball given in the Armory Monday evening by the Young Ladies' club of the St. Paul's Episcopal church, for the benefit of St. Luke's hospital. The auditorium was well filled with dancers. The dancing began at 9 o'clock, the program consisting of sixteen numbers, with a number of extras. Music was furnished by Flaaten's orchestra. The Armory was very prettily decorated with bunting, cut flowers, palms, Easter lilies, etc. About the hall were arranged cozy corners, and punch was served.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Davidson and Miss Davidson will leave in a few days for a short visit at West Baden, Ind.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Henry H. Myers and son spent several days of the past week fishing on the Brule river in Wisconsin.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel G. Knox, of East First street, have returned from a few months' visit in Mexico.

• • •

Mrs. B. Silberstein and Mrs. A. Bondy, who have been East for the past three months, returned yesterday. They were entertained by friends at Philadelphia, Syracuse, Buffalo, Detroit and Chicago.

• • •

Mrs. J. M. Gunn left Friday for Montrose, Mich., where she will attend the funeral of her sister.

• • •

Miss Jennie S. Moody is spending several days visiting friends in the Twin Cities.

• • •

Mrs. G. C. Stone left Thursday evening for a visit at La Crosse and Chicago.

• • •

Mrs. F. M. Crouch arrived Thursday to join Mr. Crouch at the Spalding.

• • •

Miss Page Morris has just returned from visiting relatives and friends in Richmond and Petersburg, Va., and was the recipient of much attention. While in Petersburg she was one of a house party at the home of Alexander Hamilton, a grandson of the great statesman of that name, and who owns many interesting relics of the revolutionary period.

• • •

The last meeting of the season of the Bishop's club will take place next Tuesday evening at the home of Mrs. Killorlin, 516 East Second street. The annual election of officers will be held, and a social meeting will follow.

• • •

Miss Hazel Runge, of Minneapolis, has been secured for the part of the midshipmite in "Pinafore," which is to be given at the Lyceum May 13 and 14. Miss Runge is well known in Duluth, having appeared on previous occasions in her favorite role of specialty dancer. She is a remarkably clever and artistic fancy dancer, and her appearance in "Pinafore" will add much to the success of the opera. She will dance the sailor's hornpipe and many other fancy dances.

The opera will be given under the auspices of the ladies of the First Presbyterian church Tuesday and Wednesday, May 13 and 14, and promises to be a great success. The rehearsals are well attended and the company is making excellent progress. The principals are chosen from the best musical and dramatic talent of the city, and a large chorus of well-trained voices will participate.

• • •

Mrs. R. P. Boyington delivered a very interesting address before the Woman's club at Lakeside, on Tuesday afternoon, on "Italian Art of the High Renaissance Period." The club is doing excellent work under the leadership of Mrs. Allen.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet Tuesday afternoon with Mrs. Louis Loranger. The topic for the day will be:

"Renaissance and Modern Art."

Roll call. Current events. Leader, Mrs. J. C. Congdon.

• • •

James King Steele is in the East.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Nettie Cook, daughter of Merritt S. Cook, and Harry E. Reynolds, of Bemidji, was celebrated Wednesday evening at the home of the bride's father. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Alexander Milne, pastor of the Pilgrim Congregational church, and was witnessed by the relatives and immediate friends of the bride and groom. Mr. and Mrs. Reynolds left Thursday morning over the Great Northern road for a short wedding trip. They will be at home in Bemidji after May 15.

• • •

A delightful party was given Monday evening in honor of Joseph Ducharme at his home, 125 West Superior street. The evening was spent in games and dancing. Those present were:

• • •

Messrs. and Mesdames—
J. Ducharme, J. Pelson,
R. Perrault, E. Ducharme,
Tessier, F. Langlais.
Mesdames— Commo.
Page,
Forest,
Misses— Thibadeau,
Pilson, Poirier,
Lerfave, Babin,
Leurine, Lisotte.
Douset,
Messrs. Henry,
L. Babin, Mayer,
Marceau, Bressia,
Dupont, Rourdash,
Laverne, Bastien.
Gaulken,

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. Percy Lawson, of 327 West Michigan street, entertained a party of friends at cards Thursday evening. Progressive cinch was played, Miss Minnie Nelson making the high score. Among those present were the following:

Misses—
Marie Clanson, Jessie Grierson,
Annie Nelson, Agnes Nelson.
Messrs.—
Walter Kempton, Matthew Haller,
Richard Doischel, Edward Grignon.

• • •

The pupils of Miss Katherine Fiebiger gave a piano recital at her home, 1412 East Second street, yesterday afternoon.

• • •

Tuesday evening Charles H. Lee gave a pianola recital to about a dozen of his friends at his rooms in the residence of A. Wieland, of East Third street.

• • •

Miss Mary Bartlett came down from Ely yesterday to attend the dancing party given at the Armory last evening by the seniors of the Central high school.

• • •

Miss Clements Bartlett, of 503 West First street left today for Ashland, Wis., where she will teach in the public schools until the close of the present term.

• • •

Miss Sellwood and Miss LaRue Sellwood spent part of the week visiting in Chicago.

• • •

Cards are out announcing the approaching marriage of Miss Grace Mabel Tennant, of Minneapolis, to Charles E. Adams, of Duluth. The wedding will take place May 14 at the Olivet Baptist church, in Minneapolis. They will be at home at 1109 East Second street. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. George H. Tennant, of Minneapolis, and the groom is a member of the law firm of Miller & Adams, of this city.

• • •

The seniors entertained at a dancing party at the Armory Friday evening for the pupils of the Duluth Central high school. The attendance was large and the party was a success in every way.

• • •

Mrs. F. R. Ahbe, of Tower, who has been spending some time at Tarpon Springs, Fla., was in the city Thursday on her way home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Frank E. Searle arrived Thursday morning from an Eastern trip. They were in New York and Washington.

• • •

Miss Murray, of 1622 East First street, left yesterday for a month's visit in the South.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Brice have taken a residence at 1720 East Superior street.

• • •

R. N. Marble left for Chicago Tuesday to meet Mrs. Marble on her return from the East. They returned to Duluth the middle of the week.

• • •

Mrs. E. Y. Slocum has returned from a visit with her parents at Jamestown, N. D.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Mary A. Hollenbeck, niece of Judge and Mrs. Hollenbeck, formerly of this city now of New York, and Joseph Theodore Nelson, was celebrated Thursday evening at the St. Paul's Episcopal church, Rev. A. W. Ryan officiating. The ceremony was witnessed by a number of the friends of the bride and groom. Miss Lucy Stearns was bridesmaid and James H. Morrison acted as best man. The bride wore a handsome French traveling gown of gray. Mr. and Mrs. Nelson left Thursday evening for a trip in the East. They will be at home in West Duluth after May 15.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Radcliffe, of 126 Sixth avenue west, have moved into a summer cottage on Park Point.

• • •

Dr. S. H. Boyer and family have returned from an extended visit in New York at the doctor's boyhood home.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. King have moved into their cottage on Park Point.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. G. Howard entertained a small party of Duluth friends in their cottage at the lower end of Park Point, last Sunday.

• • •

Mrs. W. J. Johnston and son left Wednesday for Canada to visit for a few weeks, after which they will return and go out to Seattle, Wash., where Mr. Johnston will go into business.

• • •

Mrs. J. H. Cook has gone to Cleveland, O., where she will spend the summer.

• • •

Mrs. P. G. Kramer and son have gone East for a visit.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. August Grochau are back from a several months' visit in California.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. F. J. Hill have returned from a visit in California.

• • •

Miss Marguerite Sullivan returned the first of the week from a vacation trip in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Humes, of No. 5 Munger terrace, are entertaining Miss Mazie Burns, of Marquette, Mich.

• • •

Miss Ensign left Sunday for New York city, where she is the guest of Mrs. McLeod.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Giles Gilbert have returned from their trip in the East and South.

• • •

Miss Downey, who has been a guest of Miss Katherine Ensign, returned to her home in Chicago Monday.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Hicken have been visiting in the Twin Cities this week.

• • •

Mrs. James Cash and daughter, Evelyn, have gone to Southern California for the benefit of the daughter's health.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. Benton were visitors in St. Paul this week.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Thompson spent Sunday with St. Paul friends.

• • •

Rev. T. H. Cleland was in Chicago this week to attend a meeting of the directors of the McCormick theological seminary.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Birch, of Proctorknott, have returned from their wedding trip. The marriage took place in Minneapolis Saturday. The bride was formerly Miss Genevieve McMahon, and her home was in Minneapolis. The groom is weighmaster for the Missabe road.

• • •

Miss Florence Rackle, teacher in the Jefferson school, has presented her resignation to Superintendent Denfeld and will leave in a few days for Cleveland, where she will visit her parents. She will then return to Duluth and leave shortly afterwards for the Philippines, where she will be married to John N. Currie, formerly of this city and now treasurer of the province of Ilocos Norte, with headquarters at Lavag.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Beatty, of Lester Park, have gone to Tower for the summer.

• • •

Mrs. E. P. Alexander, accompanied by her mother and son, left Tuesday for an extended visit in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. L. P. Totman have returned from a three months' visit in Maine and other Eastern states.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Hoopes have returned. Mrs. Hoopes has been visiting in Georgia, where Mr. Hoopes met her about three weeks ago. Since then they have been visiting in the East.

• • •

Miss Mary Newhall left Sunday afternoon for her home in Maine, after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. Edward Totman, of East First street.

• • •

Mrs. John De Waard has returned from a visit in the East.

• • •

Garfield circle No. 4, Ladies of the G. A. R., will give a social Tuesday afternoon, May 6, at Kalamazoo hall. The ladies extend a cordial invitation to all their friends.

• • •

Mrs. W. H. Sweet, of 125 Fifty-sixth avenue west, is entertaining her cousin, Miss M. Heyer.

• • •

Miss Nettie Juveland and Miss Maud Wallace will leave shortly for a trip to Oregon.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. John P. Morrow are visiting in St. Paul.

• • •

George C. Howe left this week for a visit in Kentucky.

• • •

Miss St. Clair, who has been studying art in a Chicago school, is visiting Mr. and Mrs. G. A. St. Clair, her parents, at 1125 East Superior street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. D. Thomson are back from a visit in Chicago.

• • •

Miss Nettie E. Cook, of this city, and Harry E. Reynolds, of Bemidji, were quietly married Wednesday evening. The groom is postmaster at Bemidji, where they will make their home.

• • •

Miss Maude Metcalf and Alexander G. McEwen, both of Duluth Heights, were united in marriage Tuesday. The wedding was a quiet one. Mr. and Mrs. McEwen will reside on the Heights.

• • •

William Spencer returned this week from a trip through Southwestern Arkansas.

• • •

Miss Edith Hines and Daniel McKinnon, both well-known young people of West Duluth, were quietly married Monday evening at the cathedral. Miss Minnie Jacques was the bridesmaid and Con Hines acted as best man. Mr. and Mrs. McKinnon will live with Mr. and Mrs. Sandy Forbes until their own home is ready.

• • •

Miss Sadie Polinski, of 1124 East Sixth street, was pleasantly surprised last week by a number of her friends. The evening was spent in music and various social diversions. Those present were:

Misses—
Sadie Polinski, Mamie Weinberg,
Annie Shapiro, Eva Polinski,
Sophie Scherkman, Sarah Cohen, of
Sarah Milavitz, West Superior.
Messrs.—
Joseph Weinberg, Samuel Weinberger,
Benjamin Sherr,
S. M. Kaner, George Weinberg.
Albert Polinski,

• • •

Miss Nellie Murphy arrived from Grand Marais this week to visit relatives.

• • •

Miss Celia Murphy returned Friday from Drummond to visit relatives in West Duluth for a few days.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. R. Erickson, of Escanaba, Mich., have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. A. Willeson, of 617 Fifty-seventh avenue west. Mr. and Mrs. Erickson were on their wedding trip, and went to Minneapolis and St. Paul from West Duluth.

• • •

Charles Lauermann has gone to Anderson, S. D.

• • •

A delightful May day dancing party was given in Carlson's hall by a number of the young people Thursday evening.

• • •

Miss Gertrude Keehan has returned to her home in Ashland, after a visit at the home of her uncle, P. H. Martin.

• • •

Mrs. Ellen O'Brien has returned to her home in Minneapolis, after a three weeks' visit with West Duluth friends.

• • •

Miss Mary Burke, of Chippewa Falls, has been visiting in West Duluth for the past week.

• • •

Mrs. Margaret Holland and George Broadwell were united in marriage last week at Sandstone, Mich. Both parties are well known in West Duluth, the groom being a scaler for the Merrill & Ring Mill company.

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Dollars Saved

for every minute spent in its examination.

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Open Saturday Evenings.

Band Concert

AT THE ARMORY,
Sunday Afternoon At 3 O'Clock, by— FLAATEN'S THIRD REG'T BAND.
Admission, 25 cents

THE DAKOTAS.

Body of Edward Coleman Held For an Investigation.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Redfield—The body of Edward Coleman, of Mellette, who was killed in Faulk county as a result of what is claimed to have been the accidental discharge of a rifle, which he was cleaning, is being held at Mellette to await an investigation on the part of the Faulka county officials. Coleman had been staying with his brother on a farm in Faulk county. According to the brother's story Edward was in the barn cleaning his rifle; the brother stepped out for a few minutes and on returning found Edward dead. The authorities are said to have ascertained that Edward carried a large amount of life insurance.

Aberdeen—Professor James W. Wilson, son of the secretary of agriculture, spent part of yesterday in Aberdeen on his way to Brookings, where he has been tendered the position of agriculturist and manager of animal husbandry in the state agricultural college and experiment station.

Miller—Agnes Stewart, the pretty stenographer of Judge Pusey, was yesterday placed under arrest on complaint of Mrs. Pusey, who charges her with adultery with the judge. The hearing will take place tomorrow before Judge Miller, pending which he is held in $500 bonds. The judge, who was out of town yesterday, will be arrested when he returns, according to the program. Miss Stewart is a resident of Huron.

Pierc—Homesteaders still continue to come in, 138 filings having been made in April.

Parker—Residents of Turner county are opposing the pardon of Nels M. Nelson. He was convicted in 1893 of an assault with intent to kill and rob C. P. Anderson, of Swan Lake.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—A school teacher named Finnegan, in Rollette county, near Sauer was crossing the farm of a man Rugby, when the farmer ordered him off. Sauer refused to comply with the order, whereupon Finnegan shot him. He will not recover.

Minot—Jacob Barnhardt, an employe of the Great Northern Coal company near Deslacs, was instantly killed yesterday noon. He was at work in the bottom of the shaft when the cable broke and the coal bucket struck him on the head.

St. Thomas—The parents of William J. Buchanan and Lillian Holbrook, of this city, were much surprised yesterday afternoon by receiving a telephone message from Cavalier announcing the marriage of the young people. Miss Holbrook was visiting at the home of her brother, C. A. Holbrook, of Cavalier, and young Buchanan came over from Drayton, where he is managing his father's machinery business. Some opposition was made to the union by the older people and so the short cut to happiness was taken.

Kenmare—Fred Bartz was shot and instantly killed by C. Coats. Bartz had driven his wife away from home and she sought protection at Coats' house. Bartz, learning her whereabouts, visited Coats' place, when a quarrel ensued, Coats shooting Bratz with a shotgun. Coats came to Kenmare and surrendered to the authorities. He was taken to Minot. Coats is from Iowa and Bratz from Minnesota. Both settled here recently.

CHAIRMAN HANNA

Will Call Conciliation Committee Together Soon.

New York, May 3.—Secretary Easley of the National Civic federation has announced that, after a telephone conversation with Senator Hanna at Washington regarding the anthracite coal miners and operators' conference, all is in readiness for the calling together of the federation conciliation committee. Senator Hanna, as chairman will issue the call and the committee probably will get together next week and hear the result of the protracted conference of the sub-committee which discussed the miners' demands.

Excursions to Western Canada

On May the 6th I will leave Duluth for Western Canada with a large party of settlers All those wishing to locate on 160 acres of the choicest free government lands had better join me on this cheap excursion. I will have a through tourist car from Duluth. Join this excursion and I will personally show you the country.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
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BIG DEAL IN TIMBER

Lesure Lumber Company Buys Three Tracts In Cook County.

Twenty-Five Million Feet ---Will Be Logged Later On.

Manufacturers Comment on Timber Purchases By Outside Mills.

The Lesure Lumber company closed, this week, a deal for the purchase of three tracts of standing pine on the north shore aggregating 25,000,000 feet. The consideration was about $85,000. The stumpage was purchased from three different parties, one of them being Rufus H. Roys. The Roys' tract, which is included in the deal, is said to be one of the finest pieces of standing pine in Cook county. The timber is located not far from Grand Marais. The deal was made through O. H. Clarke, of this city.

This purchase is in line with the policy of the Lesure Lumber company to prepare for the future. The pine will not be logged right away, not until after the company has cleaned up its other holdings.

Outside of this deal there is said to be little doing in pine land transfers, that is, in the way of large deals. There would be plenty of buyers were the prices to come down a little, but this is hardly probable, in view of the diminishing amount of timber.

One of the prominent local manufacturers who has been a close observer of the course of events in the lumber world says:

"There has been much said in the past few years about Duluth lumbermen letting the down river fellows slip in here and buy up the standing pine that would seem tributary to our mills at the head of the lake. Some people say they cannot understand why the local manufacturers let the timber be purchased for the Southern mills. Do not think for a moment that the local men are keeping their eyes shut, indeed they have been worried over the matter, but their hands are practically tied.

"The cost of operating mills in this country has advanced to such a degree that it is sometimes almost discouraging to the manufacturer here to look forward. Lumber prices have advanced, but not at all in proportion to the cost of labor and supplies and the cost of timber lands.

"The down-river fellows can operate so much more cheaply than we can that it takes no great amount of reasoning to figure out why they are enabled to come up here and buy the pine away from us. If we could run our mills as cheaply as they can, not a stick of Northern Minnesota pine would have gone to the Southern mills.

"Why can they run cheaper in the down-river mills? Well, for several reasons. First, labor is far cheaper there than it is here. For instance, lumber pilers at the down-river mills never receive over $1.45 per day Here they get $2.25 per day. Other labor is advanced here in the same proportion.

"Another point is that the waste product of the mills can be utilized to a greater advantage by the Southern mills than by the mills here. They can find a market for almost every bit of their waste product.

"Again the Southern mills are much nearer their markets than the mills here and there is practically no expense for shipping. Of course, the 'manufacturer does not pay for the shipping, but it is a fact that all this extra expense must sooner or later fall back on the lumber."

NEW BOOKS.

List of Those Added to the Duluth Public Library.

The following is a list of the new books added to the public library during the months of March and April:

Adams, J. C., "William Hamilton Gibson."
Adams, W. H. D., "The Merry Monarch, England Under Charles II."
Adeline, Jules, "Art Dictionary."
Alison, Archibald, "Political Essays."
Allen, Grant, "Colin Clout's Calendar."
Aytoun, William E., "Lays of Scottish Cavaliers."
Bacon, Delia, "Philosophy of Shakespeare's Plays."
Baldwin, James, "Conquest of the Old Northwest." "Fifty Famous Stories Retold."
Balfour, Graham, "Life of R. L. Stevenson."
Beard, S. H., "Guide Book to Natural Diet."
Bechtel, J. H., "Practical Synonyms." "Things Worth Knowing." "Slips of Speech."
Bell, Mrs. Arthur, "Legends of Apostles and Saints."
Bell, William, "Shakespeare's Puck."
Bishop, Mrs. I. B., "The Yangtze Valley and Beyond."
Black, William L., "Raising the Angora Goat."
Boles, H. M., "Science of Penology."
Bolton, G., "Animals of the Bible."
Bowdoin, W. G., "James McNeil Whistler and His Work."
Bowring, J., "Ancient Poetry and Romances of Spain."
Boulton, William B., "Amusements of Old London."
Boynton, H. W., "Washington Irving."
Bramantip, B. Bocardo, "The Abraham Lincoln Myth."
Bridges, J. H., "France Under Richelieu and Colbert."
Bridges, Robert, "Milton's Prosody."
Brookings & Ringwalt, "Briefs for Debates."
Brown, Alice, "Margaret Warrener."
Brown, John, "Puritan Preaching in England."
Bunn, Alfred, "The Stage, Before and Behind the Curtain."
Burnett, F. H., "Methods of Lady Windehurst."
Caine, T. Hall, "Cobwebs of Criticism."
Camoens, "Luiz de Lusiads."
Casson, H. N., "Crime of Credulity."
Chamberlain, M., "John Adams."
Chapin, Anna Alice, "Story of the Rhinegold, Told for Children."
Clark, W., "Care of Books."
Claiborne, J. F. H., "Life of John A. Quitman."
Colby, C. W., "Selections from Sources of English History."
Conant, C. A., "Alexander Hamilton."
Conway, Moncure D., "Demonology and Devil Lore."
Corkran, Alice, "Down the Snow Stair."
Cornish, C. J., "Animals at Work and Play." "Animals of Today."
Craig, A. H., "Pros and Cons, Complete Debates." "Pieces for Prize Speaking Contests."
Crockett, S. R., "The Dark O' the Moon." "The Firebrand."
Cowest, F. J., "Cherubini."
Cruikshank, J. W. & A. M., "Umbrian Towns."
Cushing, F. H., "Zuni Folk Tales."
Dagkam, J. D., "Madness of Philip."
Davis, William S., "God Wills It."
Dawson, George, "Biographical Lectures."
Dawson, M. M., "Poems of the New Tome."
Dennis, J., "Realms of Gold."
Deschenel, A. P., "Elementary Treatise On Natural Philosophy."
Destree, O. G., "Renaissance of Sculpture in Belgium."
Dillingham, F. B., "Christmas Tree Scholar."
Dommock, Arthur, "Cathedral Church of St. Paul."
Dinsmore, C. A., "Teachings of Dante."
Dix, B. M., "Beau's Comedy." "Making of Christopher Ferningham."
Dix, E. A., "Old Bowen's Legacy."
Doris, Charles, "Secret Memoirs of Napoleon."
Douglas, A. M., "Almost As Good As a Boy." "Little Girl in Old New Orleans." "Little Girl in Old New York."
Douglas, George, "House With Green Shutters."
Dunlop, John "History of Roman Literature."
Dunne, F. P., "Mr. Dooley's Opinions."
Dwyer, Charles R., "Physical Geography."
Eckstrom, F. H., "The Bird Book."
Egan, M. F., "Introduction to English Literature."
Eley, C. K., "Cathedral Church of Carlisle."
Elson, Arthur, "Critical History of the Opera."
Elze, Karl, "William Shakespeare."
Ewing, J. H., "Lob-lie-by-the-fire."
Fairchild, G. T., "Rural Wealth and Welfare."
Faucit, H., "Some of Shakespeare's Female Characters."
Field, Michael, "Anna Ruina." "Underneath the Bough."
Fleming, William H., "How to Study Shakespeare."
Freeman, E. A., "Old English History."
Freestone, C. L., "Cycling in the Alps."
"Garden of a Commuter's Wife."
Garnett, Olive, "Petersburg Tales."
Garnett, Richard ed. "Universal Anthology." 32v ref.
Gates, J. S., "Story of the Live Dolls."
Geddie, John, "The Balladists."
George, Henry, Jr., "Who Are the Criminals?"
Gerard, Frances Wagner, "Bayreuth and Festival Plays."
Gibbon, J. M., "Old King Cole."
Gilbert & Harris, Graded list of poems and stories for schools.
Gilbert, C. H., "The Revelation of Jesus."
Gillie, R. C., "Story of Stories, Life of Christ for Young People."
Godkin, G. S., "Monastery of San Marco."
Goss, Warren Lee, "Jack Alden."
Graham, George Edward, "Schley and Santiago."
Graham, George, "Claude Lorraine."
Gray, J. A., "At the Court of the Amir."
Green, Anna Katherine, "One of My Sons."
Green, John Richard, "Oxford Studies."
Grosvenor, E. A., "Constantinople." 2v.
Guest & Underwood, "Handbook of English History."
Gunnison, B., "New Dialogues and Plays."
Hapgood, H., "Paul Jones."
Harkins, E. F., "Little Pilgrimages Among Men Who Have Written Famous Books."

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Those who have used BOOK KEEPER SPECIAL PENCILS will use no other

TO CONSOLIDATE.

The Street Car Interests of Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 3.—The Journal says: It is understood in banking circles that as a result of the prolonged visit of Mr. Valnentine in Chicago, representing the Armour interests, radical and important changes are about to be made not only in the general offices of the Metropolitan Street Railway company, but also in those of the Kansas City Electric Light company.

According to the reports the two companies are to be consolidated being owned by the same shareholders, and their business directed by the same management. The companies are capitalized at $33,000,000.

Wisconsin Central Trains

Reach Chicago, Milwaukee and all principal points in Wisconsin and make connections at Chicago with all trains for Eastern and Southern points. Travelers from the head of the lakes will find comfort and satisfaction in this popular route. Detailed information may be had by consulting with M. J. Bryan, general agent, 430 West Superior street, Duluth.

DURABLE AND ARTISTIC SETS OF TEETH

Made on our unbreakable plates, at prices ranging from

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These plates are made by experts, cannot be broken and will last a life time.

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3 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.
NEAR LAKE AVENUE.

DR. MITCHELL

GREAT SUCCESS.

Many New Patents Come Under His Care Every Day.

No one doubts the doctor's ability to heal diseases with his magnetic power. Sufferers who could not see or hear, sufferers who could not raise their arms or move their legs, still others who were bedridden for years, have found quick and permanent relief in Dr. Mitchell's method. Testimony to this effect has been published in this paper from time to time. To the doctor no disease is incurable. With his wonderful magnetic power sexual weakness disappears as if by magic, and the normal functions are restored quickly and positively. Many after repeated trials of many remedies and famous physicians, have abandoned all hope, have with Dr. Mitchell's treatment been in a few days restored to health.

This grand treatment certainly must have in it the elements of unusual strength to hear of a man in this century being able to make the deaf hear, the blind see and the lame walk.

Dr. Mitchell has an office at 17 East Superior street. By bringing this advertisement with you, it will entitle you to consultation free.

Office hours: Daily, 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m.; Sunday, 10 a. m. to 12 m. 'Phone 579.

DECLINE IN GRAINS

Wheat Started Out With Advance But Slumped Off.

Increase In Northwest Receipts and Weakness of Corn.

Kansas and Nebraska Still Report That Rain Is Needed.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 3.—The wheat market started out with a decidedly bullish tone, the strength being based on the firm cables and the weather bulletins, Kansas and Nebraska, reporting continued need of rain while the Northwest reported too much. The result was that prices opened higher. In a short time the sentiment changed owing to the increase in the Northwest receipts, and the weakness in corn and prices declined steadily, closing with a loss of ½c for the July option, as compared with yesterday's close.

The Liverpool market was slightly stronger, closing unchanged to ¼d higher. Paris closed ½c lower to unchanged.

The Australian shipments were 120,000 bus for the week, against 280,000 bus last week.

Clearances of wheat and flour were 412,000 bus. New York reported 20 loads worked for export.

Corn in Chicago declined ⅝-¾c, and oats closed without change.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 267 cars, and at Chicago, 34, a total of 298 cars, against 186 last week and 233 last year.

Trading on the Duluth board was fairly active and the market, though stronger early closed lower. July opened ½c up at 77c, sold up to 77⅞c at 9:06, fell to 77c at 9:43 and then fluctuated from 77c to 77⅝c for nearly an hour, selling at 77⅛c at 10:47. From that point it dropped to 77c at 11:37, and closed at 76½c, a decline of 5c. Chicago declined the same and Minneapolis ⅝-¾c.

Cash sales were very light. The shippers paid July price for No. 1 northern and the mills ½ over. No. 2 brought 2c under and No. 3 4c under.

Flax trading was lively and the market strong, especially in the fall options. September sold 9c up to $1.64, and closed at $1.45. October sold 2c up to $1.40 and closed at that price. Cash flax was off 2c. Cash oats advanced ⅝c and the September option fell ⅝c.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board.

Wheat—Cash, 1 hard, 79½c; 1 northern, 76½c; 2 northern, 74½c; 3 spring, 72½c. To arrive—1 hard, 79½c; 1 northern, 76½c; May, 76½c; July, 76½c; September, 74½c. Manitoba, 1 northern, cash, 75½c; May, 75½c; 2 northern, 73c. Oats, 43½c; September, 39⅝c. Rye, 54½c. Flax to arrive, 91.76⅞; cash, $1.76½; May, $1.76½; September, $1.45; October, $1.40. Corn, 61½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 20; last year, 7; corn, 1; oats, 1; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 25,259 bus; rye, 781 bus; flax, 512 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 170,400 bus.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO
McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES:
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 380 bus $0.77½
No. 1 northern, 1,900 bus 77
Oats, 1 car 43½
Rye, 1 car 54½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grains Repeat Their Unsteady Action of Friday.

Chicago, May 3.—Grains started out today to repeat their doubtful and unsteady action of yesterday. July wheat opened with a good show of strength ⅛@¼c to ⅜@½c higher at 76⅞c to 77c on firm cables and the weather situation. Kansas and Nebraska were again reported lacking sufficient moisture to help crops and farmers were said to be getting despondent. Rains fell again in the already oversoaked Northwest. Traders, however, soon changed their minds about the bullish situation. Corn was easing off and receipts in the Northwest were materially increased. Bears put on a little pressure and July slipped off to 76⅝c. Local receipts were 31 cars, 1 contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 250 cars, making a total for the three points of 298 cars, against 186 last week and 233 last year. Australian shipments were 120,000 bus for the week against 280,000 bus this week last year.

Reported rains in Kansas added to the bearish influences in the wheat pit and July fell to 75⅞c, closing weak ½c lower at 76@76¼c.

July corn opened a shade lower to a shade higher at 62¼c to 62¼c and for a time maintained a steady tone on —e comparative firmness of the cable mat. Deliveries, however, continued liberal, receipts were fair and farm reports showed a good crop condition. There was a disposition to sell stuff and July was pressed back to 61¾c. Offerings were fairly well taken to cover short accounts and July sold again at 62c. The weak feeling, however, seemed to prevail and July slipped off again to 61⅜c. Receipts, 145 cars.

There were continued pressure on corn, although the market was not active. July closed weak, ⅝@¾c lower at 61½c.

Oats were quiet and easy. Receipts were getting heavier and reports from the fields were encouraging. July opened a shade higher at 36⅝@½c but soon declined to 36¼c. Receipts were 220 cars.

Provisions again showed excellent opening strength on the light run of hogs and the higher prices at the yards. Packers also lent support. July pork opened 2½c to 5c up at $17.05 to $17.07½ and sold to $17.12½; July lard unchanged at $10.15 and sold to $10.20, and July ribs unchanged at $9.50 and advanced 2½c.

Close: Wheat, May, 75c; July, 76½c; September, 75⅝@¾c; December, 76⅝@¾c. Corn, May, 60c; July, 61½c; September, 60¾c; December, 47¼c; May, (——), 47½c. Oats, May, 42c; July, 34⅜c; new, 36¼c; September, 29⅝c; new, 31½c; December, new, 31⅞c. Pork, May, $16.50; July, $17.10 @17.12½; September, $17.17½. Lard, May, $10.12½; July, $10.32½; September, $10.27½; October, $10.27½. Ribs, May, $9.52½; July, $9.56@9.57½; September, $9.62½@9.65. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.79; Southwestern, $1.67. May, $1.69; September, $1.46; October, $1.40. Rye, May, 58——c; July, 56¼c. Barley, cash, 65@71c. Timothy, September, $6.02. Clover, cash, $8.35. Cash prices: No. 2 red, 83½@84¼c; No. 3 red, 81½@83¼c; No. 2 hard winter, 77@78c; No. 3 hard winter, 77@78c; No. 1 northern spring, 7—@—c; No. 2 northern spring, 76@77c; No. 3 spring, 74@—c. Corn, No. 3, 61⅝@61½c. Oats, No. 2, 42@42½c; No. 3, 41½@42c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Bartlett, Frazier & Co., Chicago.—The present prices for cash wheat in Minneapolis and Duluth are conclusive evidence that the spring wheat crop of the Northwestern states was very seriously over-estimated. One fact not taken into consideration by the trade at large is that on a basis of measured bushels the actual yield per acre of crop of 1901 was about 7 per cent lighter than that of the year previous, furthermore, the flour producing value, or pounds per bushel weight wheat has been at least another 7 per cent less per sixty pounds than ordinarily, which would make on a basis of measured bushels the 1901 flour only about 85 per cent as great as usual. This year itself is a large shortage, even if the total amount of bushels raised was not over estimated, but we think it was. It is no wonder that spring wheat mills all through the country are finding great difficulty to secure wheat to grind.

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Bradstreets reports exports of wheat from July 1st to date, 215,300,000 bus, and during the same period a year ago, 176,087,000, an increase of 39,772,000 bus. Exports of corn were 25,710,000 bus; during the same period a year ago they were 157,032,000 bus, a decrease of 131,322,000 bus.

• • •

Broomhall estimates that the world's shipments Monday next will be about 9,000,000 bus, of which Europe will take about 8,000,000 bus. He predicts there will be some increase in the quantity of breadstuffs on passage. Arrivals of breadstuffs into the United Kingdom during the past week were about 3,099,000 bus, compared with 4,000,000 bus the previous week, and 3,160,000 bus the corresponding week a year ago.

• • •

Logan & Bryan, Chicago.—Wheat—Primary receipts, 233,000 bus, against 370,000 bus last year. Shipments 460,000 bus, against 311,000 bus last year. Clearances 411,000 bus. The market here showed some strength early on the steady cables, but turned weak early, but sold off later on reported rains in Kansas. There was considerable pit liquidation of holdings on account of it being Saturday. Northwest stocks decreased for the week about 1,000,000 bus and a half and another decrease in the visible supply is expected Monday. The cash situation remains fairly strong. Any weakness in the market at the moment seems due entirely to the weather conditions and speculative influences. So far as the tendency of reports concerning the crop is getting no better, and there is nothing to indicate that the government report on May 10 will not lower it several points on conditions.

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Gentles, of New York.—About twenty loads of wheat were worked so far and a further break will give us large export business as there is good cable inquiry for cash wheat.

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NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 3.—Close: Wheat, May, 81⅞c; July, 82¾c. Corn, May, 67¼c; July, 66c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 3.—Close: Wheat, May, 75⅛@¾c; July, 75⅝@7¾c; September, 73¾c; on track, No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 northern, 76⅛@¾c; No. 2 northern, 74¾c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 3.—Close: Wheat—Spot No. 2 red Western winter, no stocks; No. 1 northern spring, steady, 6s 5d; No. 1 California, quiet, 6s 4½d; futures, quiet; May, 6s 2d; July, 6s 1¾d; September, 6s 3¾d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, new, 5s 8d; American mixed, old, 5s 9d; futures, quiet; July, 5s 2d; October, 5s 1¾d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	77¼B	76B	75⅞	81⅞
High	77⅞B	76B	75⅞	81⅞
Low	76⅜B	75¼	75	81⅜
Close	76½B	75½-¾	75	*81¾A
July—				
Open	77¼B	76¾-⅞	76¾-77	82¼
High	77⅜	76⅞	77	82¼
Low	76½B	75¾	76	81¾
Close	76½B	75¾-⅞	76-¼	*82¼A.

* 11 a. m. close.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	34⅝	62¼@¾	$17.07
High	34⅝	62¾	17.10-17.12
Low	34⅜	61½	17.07
Close	34⅜	61½	17.10-17.12

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, July wheat, 75¼c.
Calls, July wheat, 76⅝c.
Curb, July wheat, 76⅛c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Bakor, grain and stock broker, 507 Broad of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, May 3.—The wheat market during the early part of the session, ruled firm owing to higher cables from abroad and absence of rain over Kansas, but later in the day became weak on selling by longs on reports of rain in Kansas, prices sharply breaking 1½c from the high point and the market closed weak, ½c lower than last night. From all we can learn the rains in Kansas have amounted to only showers. What is needed is good heavy soaking rains to be of any good. Liverpool reported their market as firm, ¼d higher. Continental markets were steady. Broomhall estimates the world's shipments Monday to be about 9,000,000 bus. There was a good cash demand for wheat here by local millers and some direct export business was reported. The visible supply in this country will probably show another large decrease. Trade was fairly large all day and weak holders have pretty generally sold out. While the legitimate situation itself is strong, the market will be governed a great deal by the weather. If we do not get sufficient rains in Kansas over Sunday the market will certainly be higher next week. Estimated receipts for Monday, covering forty-eight house, 25 cars.

The corn market, after declining early owing to favorable weather, and somewhat larger country offerings, later rallied on covering by shorts, but toward the end of the session became weak in sympathy with wheat. Foreign markets were quiet. Liverpool closed ¼d lower. The general situation looks heavy and indications point to lower prices, though the market will have rallies from time to time. Estimated receipts for Monday, covering 48 hours, 108 cars.

Trade in oats was light today and the market ruled quiet within a narrow range and no special feature, closing May ⅛c, September ¼c lower than last night and the July option unchanged. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand fairly good. The weather is generally favorable for the growing crop except in Kansas and Nebraska. Estimated receipts for Monday, covering 48 hours, 235 cars.

Provisions opened firm, on unchanged hogs, and in the absence of outside orders ruled dull about the dullest we have seen for months. The leaders, however, supported the market and advanced prices, closing with gains for the day. The boycott on meats seems to have extended to speculators and toward complications, shippers are boycotting markets on live stock. Receipts of cattle were only 100, and sheep, 900, and yet these markets were unchanged. The newspapers added to confusion and distrust by intimating manipulation in pork. We see no indication of it, although the leading packers are supposed to be extending support to pork. A good break and shake-out is what is needed, but it does not seem to suit the packers. Estimated receipts for Monday, covering 48 hours, 33,000 and for next week, 135,000 hogs.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, May 3.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the sales were above the average, though confined to retail trade. The general demand was strong enough to warrant a quick disposal of all available classes. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@125
Drafters, choice	145@165
Drafters, common to good	125@145
Farm mares, extra	115@135
Farm mares, choice	90@115
Farm mares, common to good	75@ 90

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 3.—Cattle—Receipts, 100 head; steady; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.20; poor to medium, $4.50@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.75; cows, $1.40@5.75; heifers, $2.25@6.00; canners, $1.40@2.40; bulls, $2.25@5.25; calves, $2.50@7.50. Texas fed steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 9000 head; Monday, 28,000; left over 3835; strong; mixed and butchers, $6.75@7.15; good to choice, heavy, $7.12½@7.17½; rough heavy, $6.85@7.05; light, $6.65@6.95; bulk of sales, $6.85@7.10. Sheep—Receipts, 500 head; slow; muttons, lambs, weak; good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.20; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $5.25@6.20; native lambs, $4.75@6.60; Western lambs, $5.25@6.60. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 1023 head; hogs, 1,033; sheep, 3428. Shipments—Cattle, 3832; hogs, 2714; sheep, nothing.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in jobbing on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	25
Creamery, tubs	25
Dairies, fancy	23
Packing stock	18

EGGS.

Fresh	16

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream	15
Twins, full cream, old	10 @ 11
Full cream, young America	13 @ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15
Brick cheese, No. 1	14
Limberger, full cr m, choice	13
Primos	7

HONEY.

New fancy white clover	15 @ 16
Fancy white clover in jars	
strained, per lb	12½@ 13
Golden rod	13 @ 14
Dark honey	13 @ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13 @ 14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12
Ohio, per lb	1
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 00 @ 2 50
Medium, hand picked, bus	1 90 @ 2 00
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 50 @ 2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13 @ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13
Cocoanuts, per doz	50 @ 60
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17
Brazils, per lb	13
Pecans, Ohio, per lb	12
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7 @ 8

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	5 50 @ 6 50
Apples, per box	2 25
Apples, N. Y. varieties	5 50 @ 6 50
California figs, per box	90 @ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10 @ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	2 50
California lemons	3 25 @ 3 50
Bananas	2 00 @ 2 75
Messina lemons, per box	3 75 @ 4 00
Dates, Ford, per box	1 90
Sugar walnut dates	1 25
Navel oranges	3 75 @ 4 25
Cranberries, bus boxes	2 50 @ 2 60
Strawberries, bus boxes	3 50 @ 3 75
per case	2 00 @ 2 25

VEGETABLES.

Mushrooms	45
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	4 00
Beets, per 100	1 00
Carrots, per 100	1 35
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	3 00
Potatoes, per bus	1 00 @ 1 10
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 65 @ 2 75
Bermuda onions, per crate	3 50
Spanish onions, per crate	2 00
Turnips, per 100	70 @ 85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75
Oyster plant, per doz	85 @ 65

FRESH VEGETABLES.

California celery, per bunch	1 00
Lettuce	90
Onions, per doz	35
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	1 25
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75 @ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	50
Cal. tomatoes, basket	50 @ 60
Parsley, per doz	50 @ 60
Pie plant, box	1 50 @ 1 75
New beets, dozen bunches	75
New carrots, dozen bunches	75
Shallots, doz bunches	65
Water cress, doz bunches	65
Spinach, per doz	1 00
Asparagus, doz bunches	75 @ 85
New potatoes	2 75 @ 3 00

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50
Fruit juices	4 00

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½@ 4
Choice, per lb	3¾@ 4

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens	12½@ 13
Spring chickens	13
Geese	10
Turkeys	14 @ 15
Ducks	10

MEATS.

Mutton	11
Lamb	11
Veal, good	7½
Veal, fancy	8
Dressed beef	9 @ 10
Hogs	9
Pork loins	12
Lard	10¾
Lard, compound	8½

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 3.—Butter, steady; creamery, 18@21½; dairies, 17@20c. Cheese, unchanged; twins, 12½@13c; young Americas, 13½@—c. Eggs, steady; at mark, cases included, 15¼c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 3.—Butter receipts, 4150 packages; market firm; state dairy, 19@22c; state creamery, 20@23c; renovated, 18@21c; factory, 17@20c; imitation creamery, 18@21c. Cheese receipts, 3000 packages; firm; state full cream small early make fancy colored and white, 13@14c; full cream large full make colored and white, 12@12¾c. Eggs receipts, 11,320 packages, steady; state and Pennsylvania, 17@17¾c; Western at mark, 16¾@17¾c; Southern at mark, 15¾@16¼c.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is

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STRENGTH IN STOCKS

Toward the Close Owing to the Bank Statement.

Was Less Unfavorable Than Expected and Prices Hardened.

Early Losses Largely Wiped Out and Close Was Strong.

New York, May 3.—This week's stock market has been disturbed by the sharp rise in money rates and the collapse of International Power, which had the effect of weakening confidence in other recent price advances and aggravated the unsettlement due to shifting of loans. The varying weather news from the crop region was an influence on stocks at times and the failure to settle the anthracite labor question had a deterrent influence upon speculation. There were sharp advaces in special stocks, which kept the market spotty, but without much sustaining influence on the general list.

The opening of the stock market this morning was nervous and excited. Large sales were recorded to Pennsylvania at a rise of 1¼ and Louisville was lifted 2½, but the stocks were unloaded heavily in other quarters. Rutland pfd opened unchanged, and immediately dropped 2. St. Paul also opened unchanged on the sale of 100 shares, but the next 6000 shares sold simultaneously at an extreme decline of 1¾ and the stock receded further. Illinois Central dropped 3⅞, Colorado Fuel 3⅜, Brooklyn Transit, 2½, and Minneapolis & St. Louis, 2½. The coulers and a number of the Pacific fell between 1 and 2 points and American Locomotive pfd dropped 1⅝. International Power was lifted 3 points. Supporting orders were manifest after the opening and they rallied Colorado Fuel, 3 points; Illinois Central, 1¾; aid Locomotive pfd, a point. Rutland pfd also rallied 3 points.

Throughout this the same notable drops in prices among inactive stocks after the opening, but the readiness with which offerings were taken of the active stocks and the effective rallies quieted apprehension and created the impression that means had been found to avert failure from the interest whose securities collapsed in the market. There were other sharp rallies of 1 to 2 points among the grangers, Pacifics, coalers and high grade specialties and prices were lifted over last night's level for Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, United States Steel, Amalgamated Copper and others. Sugar rose 1⅜ over last night and Tennessee Coal, 1½. On the other hand Louisville & Nashville and Pennsylvania lost all their gains. There were losses of 9¾ in American Express, 7 in Southwestern and 6 in Westinghouse Electric, all on single sales, and declines of 3¼ in General Electric, 2⅞ in Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg, 2⅜ in Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic pfd and 1 to 2 in other stocks. Some of these made substantial recoveries. The rally in prices was not well held, some stocks falling back to the lowest, but the market was much quieter.

The market was dull into the second hour, but was feverish and heavy. St. Lawrence & Adirondak was quoted at 110 bid, 120 asked, compared with 90 bid 110 asked last night. Peoria & Eastern fell 4, and New Jersey Central and International Pump pfd dropped 2½@3. Louisville fell to 132½ after selling at 137½, and then rallied to 134, which was last night's bank

HOUSES—LOTS—ACREAGE—FARMS

Many Opportunities For Those Who Would Buy, Sell, Exchange or Rent Any Kind of Real Estate Are Offered in The Herald Today

Whitney Wall's List.

The earth being the original Source of ALL WEALTH, should it not be made the starting point of individual wealth?

WEST END.

$2000 Will buy a seven-room house on West First street, near Nineteenth avenue west.

$1800 Will buy a six-room house, well located, near Nineteenth avenue west. Hardwood floors on first floor, stone foundation; furnace.

$1000 Will buy a seven-room house near Twenty-first avenue west. Has stone foundation and is in good repair.

$2700 Buys 50 feet on West Superior street, near Twenty-third avenue west. A splendid business location and a very decided bargain.

$800 will buy a 50-foot lot by 140 deep to alley, on West Fourth street, near Lincoln park. Lot lays nicely, street graded and sidewalk down. Neighborhood a choice one. The greatest bargain offered in the West End.

$800 Buys a nice laying lot on Huron street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west, in a delightful neighborhood; size 50x125 to alley.

If you are looking for bargains in well located and choice lots in the West End, don't fail to see me. I have a fine list ranging in price from $150 to $800 per lot.

Don't fail to list your West End property with us if you want it sold. I have the customers waiting.

EAST END.

I have had placed in my hands for sale a thoroughly modern house in a delightful neighborhood on East Superior street. Possession given immediately. House has hardwood finish; is in the best of repair and is offered at a very low figure.

$2750 Will buy double corner on Eighteenth avenue east; both the street and avenue are graded and have sewer and water. A beautiful lot in a fine location.

$1900 For a double corner on Nineteenth avenue east. A magnificent piece of property and the biggest bargain in the East End.

$2500 Buys a 50-foot corner on Superior and Eighteenth avenue east. All improvements in street.

$1800 For a 50-foot lot on upper side of East First street, near Twentieth avenue east.

$2100 For 100 feet on East Fourth street near Fourteenth avenue east.

$1800 Will buy a new, well built six-room house on East Fifth street, near Fourth avenue east. Has sewer, water and toilet room, good basement and hardwood floors first floor. All improvements in the street and avenue.

$1350 Buys a seven-room house on Nineteenth avenue east, near London road; stone foundation; good basement, water, storm windows, screens, etc.

WHITNEY WALL

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Stryker, Manley & Buck's Exclusive Bargains.

$3200 For eight-room house, furnace, bath, grate and mantel, electric light. Corner Fifteenth avenue east.

$3000 For cosy home on East Second street, 8 rooms and bath room, stone foundation, elctric light, furnace, grate and mantel.

$7000 For good double house in fine location; East Third street, east side; has 8 rooms and bath room, stone foundation, furnace and grate, electric light and gas.

$5250 For nice residence, centrally located, nine rooms and bath room, steam heat, hardwood finish on first floor, three mantels and grates, gas and electric light.

$3300 For eight-room house, two blocks from Board of Trade building; has bath, furnace, gas and electric light.

WE HAVE THE FINEST RESIDENCE SITE IN THE CITY ON EAST FIRST STREET, 160x140 FEET.

At Hunter's Park we have some nice homes at very low prices and on easy terms. Monthly payments if desired. Also nicely located large-sized lots on which the owner will erect houses to suit the purchaser and sell on easy terms.

$14,000 on hand to loan on first class security.

HOUSES AND STORES FOR RENT.

Stryker, Manley & Buck.

These Are Cheap:

Eleven-room house on First avenue east, with water and sewer **$3200**

Twelve-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east **$2250**

Eight-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east **$1600**

Seven-room house on Seventeenth avenue east, with water and sewer **$1500**

G.G. Dickerman & Co

Trust Co. Building.

FOR RENT.

Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.

Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of

O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building.

I have option on a tract of 3500 acres choice farming land in Douglas county, Wis., at $3 per acre if taken before May 1. This includes timber.

A. W. Hepworth,

212 Exchange Bldg.

FOR SALE!

Desirable Dwellings—

No. 1207 East Superior street.
No. 1215 East First street.
No. 2107 East First street.
No. 121 East Second street.
No. 1217 East Second street.
No. 316 East Third street.
No. 414 East Third street.

R. M. Newport

302 Lonsdale Bldg.

Buy Lands

now while they are cheap. They are sure to advance and will prove a most profitable investment. I have them in all directions and at low prices.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

513 Board of Trade.

$800 Takes lot and six-room house on Fifty-eighth avenue west; $150 cash and $12.00 per month.

$800 Takes lot and ten-room house on Fifty-first avenue west. A bargain.

$1300 Takes boarding house on Fifty-first avenue west, near saw mills.

$600 Takes lot and five-room house on Polk street; $100 cash and $8 per month.

A large list of others on easy payments. Call and see them.

Merchant's Bank Agency,

James P. Smith, Mgr., 55th Ave. W.

Office open Tuesday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

THE WEEK IN REAL ESTATE MARKET

Good Business Reported But Few Deals Ready For Announcement---Property Near Normal School Moving---Building Operations.

The local real estate market is broadening out materially. Bad weather has intervened frequently of late to prevent intending investors from going out to look over property, particularly in residence property transactions, and a larger part of the business trades that have been consummated, or are as good as made, are withheld for the present. Still, the week makes a good showing. For the most part the exigencies of individual deals prevent real estate men from talking for publication of what they have accomplished, but there is no question but that much more business has been done the past week than last week. More people are looking for good things, and the good things are still to be found. Prices quite generally are a little stiffer, but some pieces are still to be had on the old basis.

* * *

Leaving out of consideration the Lyceum building sale last month, the April aggregate of real estate considerations was about equal to that for March. As an entirety, the month foots up about $615,000, as compared with $1,175,000 in March, $310,000 in February, and about $1,500,000 in January. It was a much more active month than March in things accomplished, though there were no exceptionally large considerations. In point of general trade, the business was better distributed than it has yet been. The Lyceum building and the West First street trade in the month earlier evidently had much to do with inciting the interest of investors in business property. This same interest, once awakened, bids fair to continue. It is now largely centered in East Superior street property, in the belief that property there is very cheap as compared with other business property values, and in the belief that the development of the city warrants the conviction that this property will be needed for business at an early time. The transfers by days for April, the second column giving the number of papers recorded each day, were as follows:

April 1	13	$ 42,009 35
April 2	27	18,870 50
April 4	6	727 00
April 5	21	23,170 30
April 7	5	16,900 00
April 8	16	5,020 00
April 9	21	16,111 00
April 10	22	37,895 25
April 11	18	4,394 00
April 12	14	14,566 00
April 14	21	51,851 00
April 15	29	10,740 35
April 16	24	34,876 00
April 17	13	6,242 25
April 18	11	23,875 00
April 19	16	8,234 50
April 21	14	13,180 00
April 22		33,817 00
April 24	19	85 888 00
April 25	14	50,240 00
April 26	17	15,040 00
April 28	17	13,276 00
April 29	17	27,358 25
April 30	18	2,691 50
Total		$813,611 60

* * *

A movement of property in the vicinity of the new state normal school is beginning. Forty acres of property surrounding the school, lying between Woodland avenue, Fourth street and Twenty-fourth avenue east, have been cleared up and put in presentable shape for building lots. Two sites for $5000 houses to be erected as homes have been purchased adjacent to the normal school site. One of these sites is composed of lots 2 and 3, block 17, East Lawn division. The other is the three-cornered piece comprising lots 1 to 5, in block 30, just across the street. The sales were made by Richardson & Day and G. D. Dickerman & Co. It is understood that a limited number of lots will be offered by owners of property in this vicinity on very liberal terms in order to induce improvements, and with that stipulation in the contracts.

* * *

Lakeside Land company: Purchases of homes and sites for homes in Lakeside continues very actively. Our business runs largely in the line of sites for homes. Within the past few days we have sold the following:

To Joseph W. Williams, a lot on Fitt street, to be improved at once, $500.

J. M. Campbell, lot on Grand avenue, $500, house now building.

Louis Rietz, two lots at Forty-second and Cambridge, $1000, plans now being prepared for a home.

Peter W. Story, lot at Sixtieth avenue east and Glenwood, $500. Foundation to be built at once, house later.

We have closed other deals, but some are not ready for publication as yet.

* * *

Stryker, Manley & Buck: Business is good with us, but largely is hardly in a position to be announced. Trade is well distributed and inquiry is brisk.

* * *

W. M. Prindle & Co: Business is good and we are kept busy, but most trades made are not quite far enough along to give out just yet. All classes of property are in good demand.

* * *

J. D. Howard: We are very busy and quite satisfied with the results of our efforts, but transactions are not at the publication stage.

* * *

N. J. Upham & Co.: Business is good with us. We can report the following trades closed this week:

Twenty by eighty feet on the upper side of First street, near First avenue west, to Jennie Bloom.

1631 East Third street, with frame house, to James McCahill. This is known as the George C. Steele house.

Triangular piece at Mesaba avenue and Eight avenue west, formerly owned by F. Allen Whiting and K. W. Upham.

* * *

George H. Crosby & Co.: We are devoting considerable attention to iron lands, but have had an active week in city realty. We have sold:

To Capt. Jeffrey, the frame house owned by Peter Johnson at Third street and Twenty-third avenue west for $3300.

About to close the sale of two houses in Lakeside, one for $1000 and one for $1200, and a $2500 house in the East End.

* * *

W. G. Joerns: It seems to me that the real estate situation in Duluth may be compared to water just on the point of boiling, but as yet only seething up in spots. That these spots are well distributed over the whole surface is a fact that is extremely gratifying. These preliminary bubbles mean that with present prosperous conditions in this country, and especially in Duluth, the water is going to break into the boiling stage before long. I am looking for exceptionally active business here before many months.

* * *

A. C. Volk: We have made a number of small deals this week, all residence property, but some are not ready for announcement and all are of minor importance. We find conditions continue promising.

* * *

John A. Stevenson: Business is in good shape, though I am just beginning to turn to real estate again. I have sold to Frank McCue the Mrs. Selma Oswald place at 1018 East Third street, for $3600.

* * *

C. P. Craig: We have had another good week, though we can't publish all we are doing. We have sold three more houses on Duluth Heights for from $550 to $665 each; a house and two lots at 5803 London road, Lakeside, for $2000, and some other properties that we do not care to announce. Business conditions continue good, and we have been kept active all the week.

* * *

T. W. Wahl: We are busy, though we have nothing to announce. We couldn't ask for a more promising market.

* * *

Whitney Wall: Business is good, considering the weather. People don't care to go out to look over property such weather as we have had, but I find plenty of interest taken in offerings that are cheap. We are not quite beyond the "snap" stage yet in our return to real estate prosperity, and the fact that there are still "snaps" to be had prevents us passing it. But that is the greatest incentive investors should ask in such prosperous times as these.

* * *

The greater activity of light building operations predicted in this column for the past two weeks is beginning to evidence itself. Practically all the architects have plans for residences out among the contractors for figures, and bids will be received next week in quite a number of cases. Besides that, John De Waard has begun the preparation of plans for the new Frerker building, which is to occupy the leased 50 feet of frontage on Superior and Michigan streets lying between the Spalding hotel and the Manhattan building. This building will cost in the neighborhood of $35,000, and owing to the necessity of hurried completion in order to meet the requirements of the lease of the two upper floors—the Commercial club—steel cannot be used. It will be of slow-burning construction, however. The exterior will be of brick and stone. The building will occupy the full space leased, 50 by 115, and will be three stories high on Superior street and four on Michigan street. It is to be completed in three and a half months.

* * *

Contractors are figuring on plans prepared by Palmer, Hall & Hunt for a new brick home for A. D. Davidson, to be built on East Superior street just west of Sixteenth avenue. It will be of the square type, 42 by 44 feet in ground dimensions, of colonial design, with colonial pillars rising in front to the roof. It is to be of light-colored brick, relieved by wooden pillars and cornices. There will be five large rooms on the ground floor, four on the second and a billiard room and one other apartment in the attic story.

* * *

Austin Terryberry has awarded to John Nolan a contract for building a $2000 frame residence for W. F. Brightfelt on Second street near Eighteenth avenue west.

He will put out plans next week for a combination stone, brick and frame cottage for E. A. Tyler on Second street near Nineteenth avenue east, to cost $2500.

Mr. Terryberry has plans out among contractors for a 2-story, 7-room, $3000 brick residence for Capt. W. J. Green, to be built at 1417 East Third street.

* * *

J. J. Wangenstein will get figures next week on a good frame house for J. W. Hunt, to be built at Twenty-second avenue east, and another for Louis Rietz at Lakeside.

* * *

Radcliffe & Hill will give contractors plans next week for figures on a home for Louis Bieberman, to cost in the neighborhood of $6000, to be built on the northwest corner of Twenty-first avenue east and First street.

They have also called for bids on the foundation for the Church of the Lady of Our Lourdes at Virginia. The edifice will be of brick veneer and will cost about $10,000.

John Marshall has been given a contract for building a foundation for the new home to be built for A. P. Cook on the Boulevard at Fifth avenue west. The rest of the building will be figured on next week.

* * *

Duluth's big building permit record in February beats comparatively the score made by all but two other of the prominent cities in the country. Duluth's percentage of gain over 1901 was 168, while Pittsburg, with 252 per cent gain and Dallas with 188, were the only places that led it. In transfers, as shown by the American Land and Title Register, Duluth in February made a fair relative showing, although it will be recalled that February showed a great falling off in actual transfers re-

(Continued on page 11.)

FOR SALE

$3800 —9-room house, East End.
$7000 —9-room steam heat, &c., East End.
$1250 — 8 - rooms centrally located.

Farm Lands in Northern Minnesota Cheap.

A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.,

305 Providence Building.

$2700 Buys a fine new building containing store room and eight living rooms; city water, sewer, bath and electric light, with fine lot on Second street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$850 Will buy four lots near Fourth street and Twenty-ninth avenue west. Best bargain in lots in the city.

$400 Takes a small house in good repair and fine lot, in West Duluth.

$325 Buys a fine lot, 50x140-foot, on upper side of Sixth street, near Twentieth avenue east.

Now is the time to pick out a fine five-acre tract of land back of Woodland Park. I have them for sale.

ALFRED KJELLIN,

306 Burrows Building.

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.

$10,000 For a first class modern double house, ten rooms each; best location in East End.

$500 Each for two full 50-foot lots on West Fourth street, near Ninth avenue. They are cheap.

$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.

$350 For full 50-foot lots. Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.

Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota.

D. W. SCOTT,

10 Mesaba Block.

FOR SALE.

Good 80-acre tract at Maple Ridge, near Bemidji, Minn., for sale. Black loam soil. Five acres cleared and buildings. Price..... **$440**

Large tract 32,000 acres north of Cass Lake—$3 per acre. Easy terms.

Surveyor General's Scrip for offered government lands. Give immediate title.

J. H. SHARP,

406 Palladio Building, Duluth.
Zenith Telephone No. 750.

FOR SALE.

Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—

$7500.

R.B.KNOX & CO.

1 Exchange Building.

Best Bargain in Town.

$775 For eight-room house in good condition, 25-foot lot, good clean barn, coal and wood shed. On small payment down and easy monthly payments.

CALL 518 MANHATTAN BUILDING.

Worth Buying—

100 feet on West Superior street, bringing more than 8 per cent net—a choice corner.

Best lots on the best part of First street. The cheapest lots in Endion division—some of them are beauties.

Acres in all parts at the lowest prices.

C. E. LOVETT, 706 Palladio Bldg

4½ per cent **5 per cent** **5½ per cent**

Money to Loan.

Building Loans, Insurance and Bonds.

O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,

209-210 Exchange Bldg.

For Sale.

$2200 100x140 feet on East Second street.
$1200 Corner lot on London Road.
$550 Lot near Normal school: water and sewer connections.
$3500 Double house and corner lot on Third avenue west.
$3500 Flat building paying good income. Easy terms.
$1300 No. 1926 Piedmont avenue west. Nine-room house.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,

400 Burrows Building.

Real Estate and Mortgage Loans

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

$4500

Will buy No. 1627 East Superior Street, eight rooms, bath electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house. In first-class condition throughout. $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent.

Size of lot, 50x150 feet, all improvements, including new concrete sidewalk, made and paid for.

At the price offered is the biggest bargain in the East End. Let us show you this house.

FOR SALE EXCLUSIVELY BY

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,

REAL ESTATE, LOANS, INSURANCE,

216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

S. Weir Mitchell

Has Lots for Sale in all parts of the City through his Duluth Agent,

WENDELL P. MOSHER, 102 and 103 Providence Bldg.

LAKESIDE AND— **LESTER PARK...**

Lots Dead Cheap

In all parts of these suburbs

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,

303 Lonsdale Building.

Don't Take Chances

In having your **Fire Insurance** written in some unknown company when you can have your business taken care of in one of the **millionaire companies** represented by

John A. Stephenson,

Providence Building.

Telephone 406.

FOR RENT.

Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

HOMESTEADS

We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to

GIBSON, HULBERT & CO.

Koochiching, Minnesota.

Timber and farm lands for sale. Estimates and reports for non-residents.

A Case of Love!

Who do you love most—your landlord or yourself? The UNITED STATES REALTY ASSOCIATION of Minneapolis, Minn. will put you in possession of your own home. You can buy it when you choose or build it if you want to. They will lift that troublesome and expensive mortgage, and you can pay them back just as you are now paying rent. Call at

101 Torrey Bldg., Duluth.

and we will tell you how.

50-ft lot, W. Third st., near Third Ave. W.	$3500
25-ft lot, E. First st., near Third Ave. E	$1500
50-ft lot, E. Fourth st., near 12th Ave. E....	$1200
25-ft lot, E. Second st., near 11th Ave. E	$800
8 lots on E. Tenth st., all	$700

E. D. FIELD CO.,

204 Exchange Bldg.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursdays at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.... Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta ..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:35	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
* 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:20 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks	* 6:43 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.	Montana, Pacific Coast points, Superior, Ashland, Bayfield, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 60 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:35 a m
b 8:00 a m	" " "	6:55 p m
b 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	b 7:55 a m
a 8:20 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:00 a m
a 8:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 9:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		b 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 339 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 420 Spalding Hotel Blk. *Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv——— LOCAL ———Ar. †7:25 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.

*Daily. † Except Sunday

HOMES—INVESTMENTS—LOTS—FARMS

These columns are the medium through which Real Estate owners make their offers to the public. Prospective purchasers will find many interesting propositions among the wide choice offered here today.

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.'S LIST OF BARGAINS.

$1700 Full size lot on First street, near Eighteenth avenue east.

$1800 Full size lot on Second street near Fifteenth avenue east.

$2300 Corner Fourth street and Sixteenth avenue east, fronting 100 feet on Fourth street.

$1350 Southeast corner of Fifteenth avenue east and Fourth street.

$1050 Lot on Second street near Twenty-first avenue east.

HOUSES.

$1600 824 East Third street—30-foot lot.

$3000 House with stone foundation and all conveniences, well located in the East End.

$5000 Fine house in the East End.

EAST END.

$3000 House and lot, 50x140, corner Sixth avenue E. and First street.

SUPERIOR STREET LOTS.

$750 Superior street lot, between Thirtieth and Thirty-first avenue west.

$1450 Lot 50x140 feet, near Twenty-fifth avenue W., fronting on Lincoln park.

$1000 Lot 50 feet on Twenty-eighth avenue west, between First and Second streets.

$650 Lot upper side Second St., between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth avenues W.

HOUSES.

$2000 Nine-room house, lot 40 feet front, corner Fourth street and Piedmont Ave.

$1500 House and lot on First street, between Twenty-first and Twenty-second avenue west. Eight rooms, water.

$1250 Good house and lot on Superior street, near Thirty-ninth avenue west.

$3000 Eight-room house, with all modern conveniences, 50-foot lot on West Fourth street, between Twenty-second and Twenty-third avenues west.

FOR SALE EXCLUSIVELY BY

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.

First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

Stop Paying Rent!

And buy a good 9-room house centrally located, water, sewer, bath, 50-foot lot—very easy terms, great bargain at... **$2700**

205 LYCEUM BLDG.

If you will rent—we have houses and flats for rent.

FOR SALE! $1200

Eight-room house, Second avenue east—good well.

Pulford, How & Co

100 Trust Company Building.

Look at the Lots Near the Normal School.

That locality is now as beautiful as a city park. It has water and sewer. Some fine houses are already assured. A limited number of lots will be sold cheap for building purposes only. The houses must be good ones, suitable to the best residence district.

Some choice Endion lots:

Upper side Third street, west of Nineteenth avenue east..... **$900**

Lower side Second street, west of Nineteenth avenue east..... **$1000**

Upper side Superior street, east of Twentieth avenue east..... **$1600**

Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue **$650**

London Road, near Sixteenth avenue **$1100**

FOR RENT —No. 14 Nineteenth Ave. East—to-room house... **$35**

Richardson & Day,

Exchange Building.

VAUGHAN'S LIST.

$1550 Good six-room house; city water; lot 28x100 feet; above Superior street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenues west.

$1500 Splendid six-room house, city water; on Fourth street, West End. Genuine bargain.

$1200 New house, corner lot; Seventh street east.

$1200 Good farm of 80 acres, near city, nearly all under cultivation.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building Telephone 789.

FOR SALE!

Two houses, 21 and 23 East Eighth street, lot 50x140. Houses in good repair; possession given in thirty days. Come in and make us an offer; property must be sold.

WEST END.

An improved propety in excellent condition and pays 14 per cent on sale price. This is a bargain.... **$2000**

50x140-foot lot, Eighteenth avenue east and Fourth street. Think of it! Only **$800**

Little & Nolte

$650 Six-room house on Pittsburg avenue.

$2750 House and 50 feet on Fifth street; centrally.

$735 Lot on East Fifth street.

$650 Lot on West Piedmont, 50 feet frontage.

$550 Lot 50x140 on West Third street, near Tenth avenue.

$300 Lot 25x135 on Sixth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$1200 Eight-room house on West Piedmont.

$250 25-foot lot in Helm addition and several others, besides acres.

O. G. OLSON,

413 Burrows Building, Duluth.

EVANS NOMINATED.

Washington, May 3.—The president today sent the nomination of H. Clay Evans to the consul general at London to the senate.

A Good Investment...

We have for sale one of the very best paying properties now offered in Duluth. It consists of seven dwellings located together, all within one block of the street car line, in a part of the city that is rapidly forging ahead and that will continue to improve and advance as long as Duluth grows. The houses are occupied all the time—no trouble to keep them occupied.

The annual rental amounts to $1241.60. The taxes are $82.10, insurance, $48.30; water, $70.00, and incidentals very light but allowing $113.60 for that item and there is left a

Net Income of $1000

or more than 15 per cent on the price asked.

$6500 Will Buy It,

One-half cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent interest.

Investigate this proposition, come in and let us show you the property. It is certainly all right.

For sale exclusively by

Geo. H. Crosby

106-7-8 Providence Bldg.

$3750 Takes ten-room thoroughly modern house in fine location. East End.

$5000 Takes 8-room modern house, corner; hot water heat. East End.

$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner. East End.

$2100 Takes fine 7-room house in good location. East End.

$6300 Takes 9-room modern house in good location. East End.

$6000 Takes fine 10-room modern house and barn in East End. Very good and cheap.

$1500 Takes 7-room house on West Fourth street. Water in house.

$5000 Takes 50 feet on Second street, near Lake avenue.

$3000 Takes good rental property on West First. Fine location.

$3000 Takes 9-room modern residence, with large lot, on London road.

Call and see our list of properties. We have what you want.

A. C. VOLK & CO.

202-203 Palladio Bldg.

CHAS. A. STARK & CO.,

will be at

213 PALLADIO BUILDING

in the future.

BRUIN TOOK THEIR FISH.

Old hunters say that the black bear does a good deal of fishing at this season. It is said that carefully studying the sun, and approaching so that his shadow will not be cast upon the waters, bruin creaps cautiously to where he sees the telltale fins, and dexterlously throws the fish out of the water with a sweep of his paw.

A couple of lads came across a different kind of bear at St. Mary's lake.

This one preferred to have some one else do the fish catching for him.

The boys had got a good sackful of pike which they left near a stump while they amused themselves on a raft they had thrown together. They looked ashore after a time to see a big bear walking off with the bag of fish over his shoulder.

He paid not the least attention to their shoutings, having, as it transpired, taken the precaution of breaking the stock of their gun across at the grip before carrying off the fish.

THE WEEK IN REAL ESTATE MARKET

(Continued from page 10.)

corded from January transfers. The comparative statement follows:

City	Feb. 1902.	Feb. 1901.	Inc.	Dec.
Atlanta	$ 326,180			
Dayton, O.	326,900	414,418		21
Chicago	12,504,329	7,921,150	58	
Cleveland	883,210	581,459	48	
Dayton, O	326,900	414,418		21
Detroit	1,018,251	890,223	24	
Duluth	308,390	270,074	14	
G. Rapids, M.	131,743	224,120		42
Kansas C., Mo	1,240,000	885,500	45	
Los Angeles	1,385,984	1,013,247	37	
Milwaukee	1,286,308	1,801,958		33
Minneapolis	657,481	667,373	37	
Nashville	257,309	257,817		6
Omaha	308,340	330,340	2	
Pittsburg	2,122,340	2,082,426	2	
Portland, O.	301,29	315,383		4
S. Lake City	139,112	127,400	41	
St. Paul	268,750	253,670	6	
Seattle	1,161,467	1,227,589		5
Spokane	227,891	212,301	7	
Tacoma	220,000	290,000		24
Toledo	380,890	455,582		25
Winnipeg	93,926	$1,400	15	

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The Land and Title Register, in its review of conditions in real estate markets all over the country, says:

"As a rule, all cities of from 25,000 population upward, are now experiencing rapid growth with capital, both local and foreign, coming in to establish new industries and enlarge and improve old ones; the mercantile institutions are enlarging their old quarters or erecting new houses for business; new banking edifices and handsome ones are being erected in nearly every city, while the rural districts, with their electric railway service and free mail delivery, are also profiting by the condition. The beet sugar problem has materially aided the growth of scores of villages and small cities in the North Central and Western states, the oil problem is performing similar service in Kentucky, Texas, California and other far Western states, and the rice problem in the South, the lumber, iron and zinc operations elsewhere, all combine in the raw material evolution which is attracting the attention of the world to this country."

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Transfers for the week are as follows:

Howard Investment company to Gustaf Stenberg, lot 4, block 2, Myers' Park ..... $ 100

Miller West et ux to M. J. O'Brien, lot 296, block 27, Lester Park 1,067

Maghils J. Danielsten to Mina Dahlstein, part of lot 16, block 46, Endion 1

Arent N. Lithner et ux to Alfred Philgren, timber on lots 2, 3, section 12; lot 3, section 13-63-13 1

Michael Tomich et ux to L. C. Windom, und ¼ sw¼, ne¼ section 7-58-18 1

George G. Barnum, guardian to P. J. Hartnell, lot 9, block 83, Portland 475

City to Granite Savings Bank and Trust company, lot 1, 2, block 19, Portland 1

Fred Reynolds to Charles E. Shannon, und ¼ of 10½-32, and 1-3 of 5½-32 in lots 3, 4, section 13; lots 2, 3, 4, section 4-62-14 100

Ezra A. Tyler et ux to James M. Cullum, fraction lot 8, block 16, New Endion 50

F. W. Deland to Kanutha Olson, south 46 2-3 feet of lots 1, 2 and 3, block 85, Portland ..... $ 854

H. Malmstrom to E. Carrington, lots 20, 21, block 8, Hibbing 250

Roanna Longyear to J. S. Eaton, lot 10, block 15, Hibbing 125

John D. Johnson et ux to A. P. Silliman, e½ se¼ section 10-60-21.. 1

F. G. Nelson to C. R. Stai, nw¼ of nw¼ section 2-50-16 300

S. M. Woodburn et ux to W. B. Phelps, lot 263, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth 300

A. C. Cummings et mar to Gust Nelson, lot 6, block 3 Hibbing 5,000

Joseph W. Reynolds to John McDuffie Campbell, lots 325, 327, 329, 331, Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth 1,000

Gustav Gisleson to Oliver Iron Mining company, timber on e½ se¼ section 27, and nw¼ of nw¼ section 26-63-14 700

John S. Maginnis to Johnson-Wentworth company, timber on ne¼ of ne¼ section 8-53-16..... 425

Marion A. Lewis et ux to Luke Welsh, w½ of lot 7, West Second street Duluth Proper, First division 3500

W. M. Lowrie to J. W. Hunt, lot 3, block 11, New Endion 1

S. B. Aspinwall to O. M. Grant, lot 18, block 137, West Duluth, Fifth division 1

George Rupley et ux to C. E. Dowse, lot 9, block 65, Endion.... 1

Georgiana Holston et mar to Mork Bros., lot 30, block 20, Duluth Proper, Third division 10,000

Jessie J. Hegardt et mar to John C. Peen, lot 4, block C, London addition 3,100

M. M. Lowrie to J. W. Hunt, lot 3, block 11, New Endion 1,100

F. S. Kelly et ux to M. L. Mooney, lot 12, block 29, Lester Park, Second division 2,400

William H. Roberts et ux to Irvine Newton, e½ lot 8, block 10, Grant 400

Henry Meyer et ux to Joseph F. Simpson, lots 1, 2, block 1, Fall Lake 650

J. M. Longyear et al to W. E. Hunt, lots 12, 13, block 2, Hibbing 200

E. S. McClees to Franklin Taylor et al, block 5, Clover Hill division 4,500

Hildegard Courtney et mar to Laura Bennett, part of lots 23, 35, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 2,500

Lewis E. Iverson et al to Mary A. Peri, lot 9, block 9, Merritt's addition 350

Jacob Porataio et ux to Alex Aho, lot 7, block 32, Ely 412

Sarah M. Wellberg et mar to Herbert N. May, e½ lot 6, block 13, Heim's addition 1,275

Lucian M. Williams et al trustees to Tower Lumber company, timber on 2, s½ of se¼, ne¼ of se¼ section 7; ... of nw¼, w½ of sw¼ section 17; n½ of ne¼, ... of nw¼, se¼ of ne¼ section 18-63-13 15,000

Irving Newton et ux to Oliver Iron Mining company, e½ lot 8, block 10, Grant 1

Dorcas Macdougall to Thomas A. Merritt, lot 6, West Second street, Duluth proper 11,000

O. Ekern et al to Patrick Culligan, lot 4, section 7, and e½ of sw, se¼ of nw¼ and lots 1, 2, 3 and 4, section 18-66-16 1

Andrew Ekern et al to same, same 1

P. Ekern Co. to same, same 3,000

T. R. Foley company to C. L. Rakowsky, undivided ¼ of w½ sw¼, ne¼ sw¼, se¼ nw¼ section 25-61-14 62

John Hamari to Ed Harri, part of lot 1, section 23-63-12 90

Mary R. Achorn to Howard Investment company, lot 4, block 2, Myers Park 1,800

F. W. Deland to Ingeborg Targerson, south 46 2-3 feet of north 93 1-3 feet of lots 1, 2, 3, block 85, Portland 720

Virginia Improvement company to Murdock McDonald, lots 13 and 14, block 29, Virginia 550

Chisholm Improvement company to Peter Janke, lot 29, block 9, Chisholm 250

G. W. Gardner et ux to L. C. Chisholm, north 100 feet of lots 7 and 8, block 67, Endion 1,700

John Hunter et al to Theodore Stai, lots 1 and 2, block 69, Harrison's Brookdale division 100

R. H. Wadhams to C. M. Smith, lot 4, block 59, Endion 1,800

Robert B. Whiteside to Oliver Iron Mining company, timber on sw¼ sw¼ section 2; se¼ se¼ ne¼ sw¼ section 3; nw¼ sw¼ section 12; nw¼ ne¼ section 14-61-17 2,600

Robert B. Whiteside to Oliver Iron Mining company, timber on n½ se¼, lots 3 and 4, section 29-62-14. 120

Henry Nolte et ux to J. W. Hunt, lot 306, Minnesota avenue, lower Duluth 20

Charles R. Stai et ux to same; same 1

Fred A. Brower et ux to Henry Nolte, lot 306, Minnesota avenue, lower Duluth 1

F. C. Smith et ux to Northern Security company, lot 2, block 93, West Duluth, Fourth division... 1

Northern Security company to First National Bank of Three Rivers, same 1

Dennis Hogan et ux to Matt Makie, lots 7, 8, block 54, Biwabik..... 335

Franklin I. Davis et mar to Mary Hogan, lot 7, block 54, Biwabik.. 75

W. H. Quinn et ux to Lesure Lumber company, und ½ of sw¼ ne ¼, n½ se¼ section 6-59-18..... 1,200

Edward J. McLaughlin to same, und ½ nw¼, sw¼ section 8-59-17. 400

Frank W. Higgins et al to A. W. Kuehnow, section 20-52-15..... 1,200

F. W. Deland to A. K. Peterson, n 46 2-3 feet lots 1, 2, 3, block 85, Portland 956

Joseph S. Rich to William L. Jackson, lands in sections 10, 11 14-56-20 500

Mary E. Coffin et mar to E. J. McLaughlin, nw¼ sw¼ section 8-60-17 220

Northern Pacific Railway company to Rudolph M. Weyerhaeuser, lot 3, section 5-54-17 359

Thomas A. Merritt to Albert C. Hubbell, und ½ lot 6, West Second street, Duluth proper, First division 5,500

John W. G. Dunn to Duluth General Electric company, easterly 12 feet lot 18, and the west 8 feet of lot 18, and all of lots 14 to 17, block 2, Munger's sub-division; also metes and bounds description adjoining 400,000

U. S. Mtg. and Trust company et al to John W. G. Dunn, same as above 107,408

Giles Gilbert et ux to F. W. Higgins et al, lands in section 26, 7, 13, 15, 17, 20, 24, 25, 62-15..... 1

R. C. Kay et al to F. C. Dewland, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 85, Portland 1

Beck Mago.... to Bertish Magoffin, Jr., lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 14, 15, 16 and 77, block 15, Magoffin's division of Proctorknott 1

Joe Desil et ux to W. J. Power, lot 19, block 1, Buhl 200

Jack Loppi et ux to Max Shapiro, lots 1, 2, block 36, Eveleth..... 200

Richard H. Eagan et ux to Mary C. Ristine, part of lot 65, block 33, Duluth proper, Third division 1,000

William B. Phelps to Skills M. Woodburn, lot 253, Lake avenue, Lower Duluth 150

William L. Jackson to A. J. Nichols, lands in sections 10, 11, 14-57-20 250

M. A. Peri to C. A. Johnson, lot 9, block 9, Merritt's addition..... 475

L. L. Wood et mar to James H. Pearce, lot 16, block 64, Endion.. 600

F. M. Ely to same, lot 14, same.... 1,900

F. J. Nixon to Clarion Land Co., lot 4, block 2, Duluth Heights, Fifth division..... 425

Same to same, lot 7, same..... 400

Charles L. Hyde et ux to D. J. Humphrey, lots 59, 60, block 57, Duluth Proper, Third division, south 80 feet, lot 13, lots 14, 15, 16, block 143 Portland 2,400

F. M. Sweeney et ux to A. M. Chisholm, sw¼ ne¼, nw¼ se¼, section 9-58-19 ..... a..... 2,000

M. Heikkila et ux to Anton Sjoberg, part of lot 6, and lot 7, block 21, Ely 800

J. L. Train et ux to J. F. Warrberg, lots 8, 9, block 127, West Duluth, Fifth division..... for an ... 900

Patrick Fitzpatrick to Eugene B. Perry et al., sw¼ ne¼ section 15-57-18 1

James H. Flinn, trustee, to Max Shapiro, lot 9, block 43, Eveleth.. 150

Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Matt Hilden, lot 11, block 32, Eveleth.. 150

Adam Armstrong to Jacob A. Shoemaker, ne¼ sw¼ section 2-50-20.. 100

Andrew A. Kerr et ux to M. G. Spencer, lot 11, block 87, Endion.. 1,500

Johanna Tlscher et mar to A. J. Nichols, lots 9, 10, block 14, McFarlane's Grassy Point addition

Tower Cemetery association to John Ekenberg, lot 37, block 16, Tower cemetery..... 10

Andrew Gorenius et al to S. H. Eckman, lots 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, and sw¼ of nw¼ section 26-52-16..... 1

George E. Storms et ux to C. E. Dowse, block 7, New Endion, lot 9, block 65, Endion 1

Daniel H. Moon to Eastern Railway of Minnesota, part of sw¼ ne¼ section 7-58-17..... 5,000

Charles S. Beard to I. Freimuth, n½ sw¼ section 21-61-16 1

WALK AND TALK.

There is, perhaps, no busier man in the city of Philadelphia during election times than Insurance Commissioner Israel W. Durham. To see Durham is the privilege of any member of the party, from the man who controls one vote to the man who controls 1000, says the Philadelphia Times.

One day last week the "Judge," as Durham is called, had an important engagement at 3 o'clock. All this morning he was busy hearing from his followers. With the view of keeping his appointment the "Judge" prepared to leave his office shortly before 3 o'clock. He was stopped as he was going out of the door by a man who wanted to see him, and who planted himself in front of Durham, preventing his progress.

"Why, judge," the man began, "I want ——."

Without losing his patience the "Judge" interrupted him by saying, in his incisive way:

"Don't stop me; I'm in a hurry. Walk and talk man; talk and walk."

The man talked and walked.

Homeseeker's Excursions to California.

March 18, April 1 and 15, May 6 and 20, the Northern Pacific railway will sell homeseekers' excursion tickets to all points in California at one fare, plus $2, for round trip tickets, good twenty-one days from date of sale, with stopover privileges on going journey. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

COMPANY FORMED

Striking Tinners Will Go Into Business For Themselves.

Organize Co-Operative Company and Get Financial Backing.

Iron Molders Are Still Out and Have Opened Headquarters.

The striking sheet metal workers are going in business for themselves.

The union held a meeting this morning and decided that the organization should go after tinning contracts on the co-operative basis as long as the strike lasts.

Richard Little was elected president and manager of the co-operative company; A. Moore, secretary, and Timothy Timlin, treasurer.

A committee was appointed to look up a suitable shop so that the union could begin business Monday morning. This committee consists of T. M. Wall, George Shepard, Edward Brown and A. Tessier.

At a late hour today the committee had not reported a location, but it was understood that a suitable shop was in view on First street.

The union claims to have a financial backing of several thousand dollars in this new venture, and is prepared to fight the boss tinners to a finish.

The union men say that the tinning business is very brisk in Duluth at present, and they do not care to see the strike tie up that feature of the present building operations entirely.

The tinners have been working during the past year for $2.75 for nine hours and the new scale is for $3. for eight hours. But two firms had signed this scale up to noon.

Manager Little this morning said that he expected every union tinner to be at work under the co-operative system by Monday afternoon, and that the union had received a number of applications from builders.

It is said that there is not a competent non-union tinner in Duluth and throughout the country there are very scarce. The local union has a membership of 25.

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The iron molders are still out. The union has established headquarters in the Irwin-Sloan block, in the West End. There does not appear to be a disposition to give in on either side, and the outlook at noon today was for a much longer strike than had been anticipated up to this time.

There was some talk about bringing in non-union molders, but it is understood that the machinists and other organizations in the iron manufacturing business would object to such a move.

BLESSED HIS PARENTS.

When "Young Tim" Downey returned home from Montana for a visit to his family in Newark a few weeks ago, he was greeted with all the love of parents and sisters, who had not seen him for fourteen years. In 1888 he went West to work for an uncle who had a general store in the gold mining district of California, says the New York Herald.

"Tim" stayed about the Newark house and visited friends. His father, Patrick Downey, went daily to his labors, and his two sisters continued to get up early and return late in the evening from the department store in which they were employed. At night "Tim" talked with the family about their affairs and sometimes about his own, but not much of the latter. He was just a good son and brother, doing little kindnesses for his mother and sisters like any good brother home after a long absence.

In the daytime Tim visited old friends and some others, but of the latter he said nothing. Tim had a mission, and he was getting his bearings.

He was ready to act last week. He came home one evening and laid on the table before his father the mortgage on the Downey home, which he had paid. The next day he had the house full of carpenters, painters and decorators, who remodeled and entirely refitted it. Meanwhile wagonloads of handsome furniture were driven up to the door, and Mrs. Downey, half in joy, half in regret, was selecting from old furniture what must be sent away to make room for the new.

Newark street awoke with a start to the realization that a real prince from a fairy tale had descended into its midst, with plenty of money that was no fairy tale, and a loving, loyal heart for his parents and sisters. These latter were the heroines of the neighborhood, and Tim began his campaign of wealth by inducing them—not a hard matter—to relinquish their places of employment.

"You need not work," or father either," said Tim, "for I have enough to support you, and I'll do it."

Tim's tale of fortune which he had kept so closely is one that had its foundation in industry. He worked hard for his uncle in California, when he went to him, a boy of 15, and saved his money. When a band of California miners decided to prospect in new gold fields in Montana Tim took his savings and joined them. He did some prospecting in the new territory and found gold.

Money came fast then, and Downey had $150,000 in bank and several rich claims when he decided to visit his old home and his family. He has brought joy to all, but it's not so much her new-found ease and affluence that pleases his mother as the loving loyalty of her boy, who brought his fortune home to make his parents and sisters happy.

FAST TIME

Expected From Three-Year-Olds at Kentucky Derby.

Louisville, May 3.—Four of the best 3-year-olds in the West will contest for the victory in the Kentucky derby at Churchill Downs today, when the spring meeting of the new Louisville Jockey club opens.

The weather and the track are favorable to fast time and there is a large crowd on hand to witness the race.

Thomas McDowell's entry, Alan-a-Dale, and the Rival go to the post favorites in the betting, but Abe Frank, C. C. Bennett's colt, is a close second.

The horses entered in the race are: Thomas C. McDowell's Alan-a-Dale, by Halma-Sudie McNairy, 117 (Turner) 4 to 5; Thomas McDowell's The Rival, by Halma-Brace Girdle 117 (J. Ransch), coupled with Alan-a-Dale; C. C. Bennett & Co.'s Abe Frank, by Hanover-Imp 122 (Coburn) even; Thomas W. Moore's Inventor, by Imp Goldsby-Imp Duchess Caroline 117 (R. Williams) 6 to 1.)

The derby is the fourth race on today's card which includes five other events.

DR. FOSTER RESIGNS.

Former Duluth Editor Has Gone to California.

Washington, May 3.—The resignation of Dr. Thomas Foster, for many years well known in Minnesota, from his position in the treasury department, was accepted by Auditor Henry A. Castle. Dr. Foster went to Minnesota territory with Alexander Ramsay, with whom he was associated in Pennsylvania politics before both of them journeyed Westward. He was secretary to Ramsey when the latter was appointed governor of the territory, and for years he was connected with newspaper work in the North Star state, part of the time in Duluth. At the beginning of the present administration Dr. Foster was given a place in the treasury department, through the influence of Capt. Castle. He has resigned his position in order that he may reside in San Francisco with his son, Thomas Foster, Jr.

FIFTY PERISH BY FIRE.

Cairo, Egypt, May 3.—Fifty persons have perished in the fire at Mit Gamti, a town on the right bank of the Damietta branch of the Nile. The flames were started by the itensely hot weather prevailing. Thousands of native residences and two hundred stores were destroyed.

A UNIQUE PIPE.

M. N. Silver, of this city, is the proud possesser of what is without doubt the most unique pipe in existence, says the Philadelphia Inquirer. Obviously it is the most remarkable for the workmanship and skill which were displayed in carving it.

In 1861, almost fifty years ago, J. Stone, of Trappe, Chester county, which is near Washington's headquarters at Valley Forge, came across a wonderfully shaped piece of wood. It was about six feet long and was a root from one of the historic trees of Valley Forge. The root took his fancy and an idea entered his mind that it would make a valuable historical relic if placed in a carver's hands and carved as he directed. But he never carried out his intentions and eventually the historic root came into the hands of Mr. Silver, who had his own ideas regarding carving. As a result it was made into a bunch of pipes and cigar holders, many in one, although he calls it a pipe. The work on this pipe took 1234 hours and, if reckoned at 20 cents per hour, the pipe cost him about $300, not considering what was paid for it at the original transaction.

Mr. Silver has had many offers for the pipe, but he has declined them all, the largest amount offered being $500. He has an idea he will place it in the Carnegie museum at Pittsburg, if the negotiations which are going on pan out all right.

The exterior of the pipe is carved out in many faces of grotesque expression, which give it a very odd appearance. It has quite a number of large trap doors, which, when opened, figures made of wood spring out. It has many receptacles for holding tobacco and quite a number of men can smoke at the same time, for the interior is composed of a labyrinth of small pipes and tubes. The smoke is very wholesome by the time it reaches the mouth, losing the hot, burning sensation, and at the same time depositing the nicotine inside the pipe.

TRIO OF MARRIAGES.

A golden wedding, a silver wedding and an actual wedding, all in one family, were solemnized at Holy Ghost church, in this city, says a Dubuque dispatch to the Chicago Record-Herald. The first of the marital ceremonies Father Boeding performed was upon Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Lochner, who, fifty years ago were married at their home in Germany. Today they celebrated their golden wedding. The second celebration was that of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lochner. Twenty-five years ago they were made man and wife in St. Mary's church, and since that time have resided in and around Dubuque. The last and real marriage to be performed was that of Miss Amy Lochner, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Philip Lochner and Paul Ranst.

ACTOR'S WIFE ENRICHED.

Mrs. Joseph M. Weber, wife of one of the managers of Weber & Fields', received a cable dispatch from Budapest, Hungary, announcing the death of her uncle, David Friedman. The message also said that in his will was a legacy of $200,000 to her.

Mrs. Weber never saw her uncle. Her father came to New York many years ago and soon afterward was followed by his brother. The latter, however, found the climate detrimental to his health, and returned to Hungary. Just before he sailed Daniel Friedman was married and he said that in case there were any children from this match he would remember them in his will.

Mrs. Weber was born about a year later. She often heard from her uncle and received evidences of his affection. She was grieved over his death and greatly surprised by the extent of the legacy left her.

Canadian Pacific Steamers.

Leaving Duluth at 5:45 p. m. Sundays, Tuesdays or Fridays, via Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, direct connection is made with the Canadian Pacific steamers at Sault Ste. Marie for Owen Sound, Toronto, Buffalo and all points East.

M. ADSON, General Agent, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

HAD SEVEN SESSIONS

Club Women's Convention Gets Busy at Los Angeles.

Miss Evans of Minneapolis Presided Over Educational Session.

Committee on Education Makes Very Interesting Report.

Los Angeles, May 3.—There are seven sessions of the women's convention today. At the Simpson Auditorium Miss Margaret Evans, of Minnesota, presided over the educational session, the speakers being Benjamin Ide Wheeler, Mrs. Lindsey Hull Arned, of Syracuse, N. Y., president of the National Household Economics association, and Miss Mabel C. Tare Craft, Sunday editor of the San Francisco Chronicle, who spoke on the advantages of co-education.

The report of the committee on education was presented by Miss Ellen Sabine, president of the Milwaukee Donner college. It is as follows:

"A marked characteristic of the present time, is the widespread interest that exists in education. The subject of elementary study and of teaching are commanding much attention in university thought as well as in normal schools. The ablest psychologists are giving attention to the practical problems of pedagogy. The common school is the dearest interest of society.

"In this general interest the women's clubs are not only sharers but leaders. The women of the federated clubs have clearly centered their interests in the future, and are providing for it in the most complete and rational manner. The first general activity of the clubs have been very properly directed toward co-operation with the established agencies of education. There has been effort to understand the conditions, aims and methods of the schools to further every commendable work that is being done, and also to supplement by labor and with money interests that the schools have been unable to initiate or support. This undertaking includes examination of physical conditions as to hygienic aspects of buildings and grounds with respect to ventilation, lighting, cleanliness, overcrowding, toilet rooms and so forth.

"The philanthropic impulse finds rich expression in educational directions, and frequently illustrates anew the great advantage of federation in accomplishing some large undertaking that would be impossible to individual clubs.

"No more earnest and intelligent effort has been made than in the direction of developing patriotism and promoting good citizenship. Interest in local history has been increased and historic places have been preserved and marked. Civic clubs of pupils have been formed. Interest in forestry has been excited and arbor days encouraged.

"The state reports show that the club women have exerted influence in legislation affecting educational interests. They have worked successfully for the passage of a compulsory school law in Iowa and have stimulated public sentiment in favor of this measure in other states. They have encouraged and secured the election or appointment of women on school boards and on boards of educational and philanthropic institutions. They have widely disseminated the principles of civil service reform and have presented a united front of objection to the spoils of the politician when he seeks to control the public school. They have worked for a truancy school for girls. They have sought to effect changes in laws that will harmonize the legal ages of child labor and of cumpulsory education. They have presented to legislatures the advantages for rural schools of the township system with township graded and high schools over the country district school system.

"Wherever we see the federated club, we see also increased vital interest in education, manifesting itself in better public sentiment, improved methods, quickened sense of responsibility, and wiser legislation, while it is always eminently practical in form.

"Your committee sees evidence of gratifying development in breadth and catholicity of interests and of steady growth in power of work effectively. We would merely urge for the future persistence, continuance along the lines already opened. The kindergartens need and merit our unwearied support. Manual training and domestic economy require our hearty encouragement. Public sentiment on educational questions need constant wholesome stimulus, wise direction and effective leadership."

Mrs. Larned's paper on household economics, a permanent factor in education, was discussed by Mrs. Arthur C. Neville, of Green Bay, Wis. This was followed by an industrial session, with Miss Florence Kelly, of New York, as chairman. The chief speaker was Miss Jane Addems, of Hull house, Chicago, on "The Social Waste of Child Labor."

Miss Jean Hamilton, of Oswego, N. Y., presented the "Club Movement Among Working Women," and Mrs. Elmer B. Jones, of Salt Lake, spoke of the "Consumers' League in Utah."

The two sessions on reciprocity and art have been deferred until this afternoon.

CHAMBERLAIN'S BRAVERY.

Many stories are told of the conspicuous personal bravery of Field Marshal Sir Neville Chamberlain, who died recently in England, full of years and honor, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Some of these stories are probably wholly mythical, for the field marshal's long career was varied in the extreme, and it would indeed be strange if something of the apochrypal were not mingled with his life history. The following little tale, however, is so characteristic that it is probably true:

In the Sikh war, Chamberlain, who then held the rank of colonel, called for volunteers to assist him in blowing up a bastion. Three or four responded and the colonel led the little party close up to the point where the mine was to be fired. As soon as the explosives were in place and the fuse lighted, the volunteers started to run, in order to get out of the way of the explosion, no less than to effect, as speedily as possible, their retreat to the safety of the British lines. They had not gone a dozen yards before Chamberlain shouted, "Come back! There's to be no indecent haste, young men. We'll walk."

And walk they did, while the fuse slowly sputtered down to the waiting powder.

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and **4½%** Building Loans.

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg **5½%**

Good eight-room house, lot 50x140, on Jefferson street, hardwood floor. A great bargain **$2100**
Five-room cottage on Twelfth avenue east **$1100**
Good eight-room house, lot 50x140; $500 cash, balance to suit. **$1800**
Houses and lots in all parts of the city. Have some great bargains in acre property.

Forgy & Jacoby, 200 Trust Bldg.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-16-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

FOR SALE

The property at present occupied by St. Luke's hospital at the corner of Fourth street and Second avenue East, 100 by 140 feet. This will make a good boarding hotel, or can be arranged into flats or apartments. Apply to

J. H. Dight,
Treasurer.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady to assist with housework in exchange for her board. Address L 2, Herald.

WOULD LIKE POSITION AS BOOKkeeper, permanent position; place to work up; can furnish good references. X. Y. Z., Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man of 18; has knowledge of photography. Can furnish references. Address P 8, Herald.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND IN store by intelligent man, talking English, Swedish and Finnish languages. Address C 6, Herald.

COMPETENT FIREMAN WANTS EMployment; sober and reliable; license and references. Address N. E. E., 210 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—SITUATION AS ASSISTANT bandsawfiler. 1823 West Superior street.

AGENTS WANTED.

WANTED — RIDER AGENTS TO RIDE and exhibit sample 1902 model bicycle and distribute 1900 catalogues in payment for it; write for catalogue and particulars. T. W. Mead Cycle Co., Chicago.

MILLINERY.

LADIES FOR STYLE AND PRICES GO to Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

TEAMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT — HEAVY HORSE, SEVEral teams. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 200 Torrey building.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 413.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClarin, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family; large front room; lake view. 317 West Fourth.

ROOM AND BOARD AT 118 EAST SECond street. Gentlemen only.

BOARDERS WANTED — THREE OR four boarders can procure excellent table board for the summer at 514 Fifty-eight avenue west, West Duluth.

BICYCLE & GUN REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS REPAIR WORK. PRICES reasonable; guarantee satisfaction. F. R. Holmberg, with J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—114 WEST MICHIGAN tric elevator, refrigerators, closet, office, all first class. Apply O. H. Clark, T. W. Mall, P. Beauteau, Globe building, St. Paul.

FOR RENT—FINE STORE ROOM ON Superior street; centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT - SPACE IN STORE FOR cigars and soft drinks, periodicals, etc. Waterman's Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

First-class lots from $225 to $300 within one block of Third street car line and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

Nine-room house in West End; arranged for two families; can be bought for less than house cost to build. Price **$1300**

100 feet square on the corner of Third avenue east—lays good— Price **$650**

House within five blocks of postoffice, up in first-class shape; lot 25 by 100; can be bought on monthly payments Price **$1200**

70 by 100, the best corner on Fifth street, centrally located; cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

We Have
FOR SALE
Many Choice
Residence Locations
In The
EAST END
Portland, Endion
And
Glen Avon Divisions
Park Point Lots
Business Locations on
Superior Street
And a Large Number
Bay Front Division Lots
All Good Values

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
312 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$2000 Will buy 50x140 feet on the upper side of First street, near Tenth avenue east. This is a snap.

$2250 Will buy a beautiful corner on Fifteenth avenue east. One fourth cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent.

$800 Will buy 100x140 feet corner on Sixth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance to suit at 6 per cent.

$300 Will buy 50x140 feet corner on Fifth avenue east. One-fourth cash and the balance at 6 per cent.

$540 Will buy 120-acre farm 2½ miles from railroad station; 18 acres cleared, good barn and root house. Dwelling house is not very good. Land has $150 worth of spruce and tamarack on it. Terms, half cash; balance, one year at 7 per cent.

W. L. Jackson
513 Burrows Bldg.,
New 'Phone 140.

LONDON.
6-room house—electric light—$1365—$500 cash.
ROSS L. MAHON.
414 First National Bank Building.

FARM LANDS
Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—
Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Street

OLD CLOTHING.

WANTED—TO BUY, OLD CLOTHING. I will pay the highest respectable prices for old clothing. Address J. S., Herald.

PERSONAL.

WANTED-ANY PERSON WHO KNOWS the whereabouts of John Hodgkins, age 14, to address his mother, Julia Hodgkins, 904 East Second street.

LADIES—$500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve; mail; harmless vegetable, safe, sure; how long suppressed; Dr. Jackson R. Co., R 989, 167 Dearborn, Chicago, $100 reward for any other remedy advertised that will relieve one in twenty treated.

ATTRACTIVE LADY, CHILDLESS. Owning valuable income paying property, with $25,000 cash, desires husband for companion and advisor. "Sincere," 812 Holland building, St. Louis, Mo.

OPTICIAN.

GLASSES MADE TO ORDER, LATEST improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey building.

ENGRAVING

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

UPHOLSTERING.

WE DO UPHOLSTERING, REPAIR and make over all kinds of furniture and mattresses; employ none but skilled workmen, and guarantee all work. Brazeau & Thies, 504 East Fourth street. Zenith phone 1390.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING, CARriage trimming. E. Ott, 123 First ave. W

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 743-3.

SAW REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS SKILLFULLY repaired. New ones for sale. Duluth Saw Works, 1631 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Fourth street, rear Eighth avenue west.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Eighth street, near Fourth avenue east.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Seventh street, near Seventh avenue east.

$1200 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$7000 Takes modern house and lot, 75x140 feet on First street, Endion.

$7500 Takes modern house and lot, 75 by 140 feet, on Second street, Endion.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.	
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00	no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50	no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00	no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00	no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00	no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00	no interest

$765 Will buy six-room house, fine mantel and grate, on corner lot on Duluth Heights; $15 cash and $12 per month. No interest.

Chas. P. Craig & Co ,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLAIRVOYANT.

PROFESSOR MADAME QUINN IS AT 411 East Superior street. Sells Indian remedy. Readings free.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A dime social Tuesday evening at Normana hall, room 1, Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET. West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1203.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 211 E. Superior St.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company, No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

RUMMAGE SALE THIS EVENING AND Monday. 14 West First street.

SHOW CASES, TABLES, PAPER CUTters, money drawers and office supplies. Apply Great Eastern, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING LAUNdry in Aitkin, Minn. Splendid investment for a party with push, enterprise and a little ready money. For particulars, address, The Age, Aitkin, Minn.

FOR SALE—UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS, furniture and tools, also store with four living rooms, 1012 Ogden avenue, West Superior.

FOR SALE—PARROT, IS GOOD TALKer, 109½ First avenue and Second alley east.

BED LOUNGE FOR SALE CHEAP. Good as new. Call at 2224 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—A DRESSMAKING OUTfit at 506 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seventeen room boarding house, fifteen steady boarders. Must be sold by May 20. Inquire Mallough & Son's grocery, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—SMALL SHOE STOCK. Good location, reasonable rent. Reason for selling is owner has other business. Address 6. 73, Herald.

FOR SALE—$25 BABY CARRIAGE, $5. Almost new. 16 Mason flats.

FOR SALE — CAN FURNISH FIFTEEN to thirty gallons buttermilk weekly during the summer. Address Box 27, Cambridge, Minn.

FOR SALE— CHEAP, A LARGE COTtage on Park Point, or will rent for the season. Address T 73, Herald.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, cheap. 5613 Eighth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SALOON, FIXtures and lease on building; good location. Inquire 224 Lake avenue south. Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street and Fifth avenue east. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

PIANO $275 BUYS IT; COST $750; Steinway & Son's Upright; almost new; can be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

ANCHOR LUNCH COUNTER AND tables. Cheap. S. Selleck.

FOR SALE—AN 18-FOOT GASOLINE yacht with modern improvements. P. O. Two Harbors, Minn., Box 3.

FOR RENT OR SALE — COMPLETE camping outfit on Park Point. Inquire 206 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR fresh milch cows, will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

FOR SALE—SNAP, $160 WILL BUY 4-room house on Thirty-second avenue west and Fifth street. Inquire at 2401 West Fourth.

FOR SALE at $2750. FOR A FEW DAYS only—a desirable 6-room dwelling. No. 406 East Fifth street. F. I. SALTER, 302 Lonsdale Building.

PIANO $125 UPRIGHT, MAHOGany case, fine tone; to be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

FOR SALE—$40 EAGLE BICYCLES FOR $25; a wheel with a good reputation. We do all kinds of repair work. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior tsreet.

FOR SALE—CHICK FEED, CYPHERS incubators, brooders, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS for sale by Ernest Miller, 1325 London road.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN MILCH COOWS and young heifers. Call or address Spider Lake Sawmill and Lumber company, Spider, Wis.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer. 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; forty beds. 531 West Superior street.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows, will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—BALED SHAVINGS. C. B. Woodruff, planing mill, Garfield tvenue.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

STOVES REPAIRED.

AND FOR SALE CITY STOVE REpair works. 28 E. Sup. St. Phone 742.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg

WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 15 West Superior street.

Fools make a mock at advertising, but the wise man sayeth not a word, and secureth additional space. obvious.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED chamber maids. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; good wages. 104 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework to assist daughter. 2016 West Second street.

WANTED—CASHIER AT THE CRYSTal restaurant, 514 West Superior street.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade, No limit to term. Special inducements until May 15, positions plentiful, diplomas granted, Scholarship, board, tools to applicants from distance. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

LADIES, COPY LETTERS AT HOME. $4 to $6 per week. Send stamped envelope for application. Monarch Novelty company, Dept. 32, Chicago.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COOK— wages $30 per month. 329 West Second street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 909 East First street.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS. 1122 EAST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, Lewis street, Glen Avon. Take Woodland car.

WANTED GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. No washing. 313 West Third street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 119 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—WAIST AND SLEEVE MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 124 East Third street; good wages to right party.

WANTED—SCRUB GIRLS. APPLY Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—YOUNG GIRL TO ASSIST with housework; good home; no children. Send address to B 87, Herald.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. Call mornings, 1107 East Third street.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be a good cook. Only two in the family; $20 per month. Call evenings, 431 East Second street.

WANTED—AT 2321 East First street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED — LADY, FIRST CLASS double entry bookkeeper. No other need apply. Address, "W. B.," care Herald, stating salary wanted.

WANTED—COOK. 2020 EAST SUPErior street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 1107 East Third.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework; good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings. 629 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE MAID. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50. $2.50. $3.50.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED ELEVATOR boy. Apply 203 Providence building.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters; will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing company, 22 West Michigan street.

WANTED - EXPERIENCED SALESmen, to call on all kinds of business houses, manufacturers, wholesale and retail stores and banks, to introduce and sell our magnificent Advertising Calendars, comprising over 200 different styles, all original, late, handsome patterns, nothing like them ever seen before. Customers want and buy at once on seeing them; really no competition; wonderful works of art. We pay largest commission. Those giving exclusive time to the work really make $10 to $150 every week. We guarantee them to be the best side line for traveling men ever heard of. Write at once with references. All commissions paid promptly. Success assured. American Novelty Co., Cincinnati, O.

WANTED—REPRESENTATIVE FOR the Omaha Auditorium company, of Omaha, Neb., to take charge of their business in cities and towns. Must be a responsible, live man. Write F. E. Netleton, superintendent, Omaha, Neb.

$75 PER MONTH AND EXPENSES; NO experience needed; position permanent; self-seller. Pease Mfg. Co., Box 94, Cincinnati O.

WANTED HARDWOOD WORKERS! Good wages to right men year round — none but good men need apply

PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

CIGAR SALESMEN WANTED; EXPErience unnecessary; good pay. Emanuel & Co., Station "J," New York.

WANTED — A SHREWD, EXPERIenced traveling salesman to fill vacancy. General mercantile trade. Apply at once. M. F. Bixler & Co., limited, Cleveland, Ohio.

A COMMISSION LARGE ENOUGH TO produce heart failure, for traveling salesmen, having time for side line. Staple goods. Manufacturer, Box 153, Covington, Ky.

$9 TO $15 WEEKLY, NO CANVASSING; if now employed an hour or two evenings will add $5 to $6 to your weekly income. Enclose stamp. Work mailed on application. 20th Century Mfg. Co., Toledo, Ohio.

SALESMAN WANTED — HUSTLING salesman for Minnesota by well established wholesale house. High commission contract with $25 weekly advance while traveling. Jess H. Smith Co., Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — TWO GOOD SETTERS, wages $2.75 per day. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 200 Torrey building.

WANTED — BOOKKEEPER. OHIO Coal company, Providence building.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED — BOY TO DO PORTER work. Address Hotel McKay.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

MALE HELP WANTED—Continued.

WANTED--A FEW BRIGHT INTELLIgent young men and ladies to learn telegraphy. We can give you a thorough, practical knowledge of the art. Demand for operators increasing every year. References furnished. Call at 2009 West Superior street.

WANTED—WATCH AND CLOCK REpairer at M. Henricksen Jewelry company, 534 West Superior street.

WANTED—STRONG YOUNG MAN. Apply at 220 West First street.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. Special offer May 1 to 15. Board, room, scholarship and outfit of tools. Term not limited. Steady practice, expert instructions, positions plentiful. Write today, Moler Barber College, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—DRY LUMBER GRADERS at once. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters, will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing Co., 22 East Michigan street.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to
W. C. McCarter,
Businesse Univesity.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—PARTIALLY FURNISHED house; fine location; ten rooms; East Superior street. Little & Nolte.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE with water. 708 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, one of the best in the city, for the summer. Address A 86, Herald.

FOR RENT—SMALL FOUR-ROOM house, with water. 427 East Fifth street. Cooley & Underhill, 207-8 Exchange building.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be reseeded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 463.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

ROOMS, MODERN, CENTRAL, FURnished. Address X 85, Herald.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN. 115 East Third street.

HANDSOME SUITE AND SINGLE room to party of gentlemen; modern; central; fine view. 711 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOMS (UPSTAIRS) 307 Mesaba avenue. two small rooms, 306 West Fifth street; both has city water and sewer connections. O. G. Olson, 415 Burrows building.

FOR RENT—LARGE FURNISHED front room for two gentlemen. Call tonight or Sunday. 819 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS SUITABLE FOR offices, tailor shops and living purposes. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM, CENtral; private family; apply immediately. 109 Second avenue east, Pastoret terrace.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; unfurnished, finest view in city; bath and fireplace. 31 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. All modern conveniences. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT room. Men only. C. W. Weeks, 207 West Third street.

FOR RENT—NICELY FURNISHED room with steam heat and bath. Gentlemen preferred. 16 Mason flats.

FOR RENT — FIVE ROOMS AT 510 Twenty-fifth avenue west; city water and electric light. Inquire upstairs.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 18 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS. 1223 West Fourth street.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS repair; bath, city water; choice location; $15. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED MODERN room, 1428 Jefferson street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. 32 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street, first floor.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED room with bath. 1805 West Superior street, flat 9.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. ALL conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FLAT OF TWELVE FURnished rooms on Superior street. Mendenhall & Hoopes.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

LOST.

LOST—BILL PURSE WEDNESDAY AFternoon; owners name on receipts of no good but to owner. Finder return to Herald office.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

HAVE ARRANGED WITH THE NEW tenant to use one side of the store for a few days longer. 211 East Superior street.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

H. POPKIN, 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. Phone 1483.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and reladd. Address A. T. Wear, 2801½ Third avenue east.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New phone, 318; old, 705-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WEEKLY DIVIDEND ON YOUR INvestment; exceptional opportunity to invest in company of highest standing, whose business plan, original and approved, will court strictest investigation; no similar offer can be made by any other concern with substantial guarantees; write for booklet. Rondale Stock association, Inc., Commercial building, St. Louis.

A PARTNERSHIP IN AN ESTABLISHed retail grocery can be had by hustling young Scandinavian, who has experience and can control trade. Address C 85, Herald.

PARTNER WITH SMALL CAPITAL AS treasurer with burlesque show, under canvas. 516½ West First street.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF SHARES IN a sound investment proposition are offered for sale subject to prior allotment. Dividends are certain and will be large. Write today for detailed information and plan whereby $30 can be earned with little trouble and no work. Address Stock Investment and Trading company, 269 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LEGAL RATES without security to business or salaried people of good character. Address Dept. "B," 203-207 Security building, Chicago.

FORTUNES EASILY MADE BY SMALL but wise investments. The small capitalists' and money-savers' opportunity. Write for our "Guide to Wealth." Traise & Co., 224 Unity building, Chicago.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5th, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 12, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 14, 1902. Work M. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave May 6, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second, Tuesday evening, May 6. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES.—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Hallaway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2286, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Inspiration nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

SATURDAY, MAY 3, 1902.

Those Dreadful Shoe Clerks

At Least Somebody Is Causing Woman-kind a Great Deal of Trouble.

The woman with a woebegone expression on her face sat down heavily in one of the chairs of a shoe store. The early morning sun was pouring in brightly through the door and windows and everything was cheery except this woman's aspect.

"Will you please take a chair on the other side of the room?" asked the dapper young fellow who came forward to wait upon her. "We have the men's shoes on this side." He checked himself as the woman rose and did as he requested. If she had looked pleasant he would have remarked:

"We keep the extra large sizes on the other side." That is the usual little "jolly" he treats his customers to.

"What is it you wish?" asked the shoe clerk suavely as he fumbled among the woman's multitudinous silk ruffles for her shoe laces and began to untie them.

"Shoes," answered the woman coldly.

"Yes, I know," stammered the clerk in embarrassment, "but what—what kind?"

"Anything I can wear," answered the woman. "Do you see that foot?"

"Very pretty," said the clerk, hoping by flattery to ingratiate himself in this woman's good will.

"Well, it wasn't bad looking once," grunted the woman in reply. "But that foot—that foot," she cried dramatically, "has been ruined—yes, sir, ruined—by the great, heavy shoes you clerks have insisted upon selling us. Now I want something soft and easy, with a paper sole."

"But, madam," urged the clerk, "all the fashionable shoes have the heavy extension sole. The pink spots in his cheeks showed the struggle which he felt was before him. "Of course," he continued, "I can sell you a thin kid shoe with a paper sole, but I don't like to do that. You wouldn't be satisfied after you had them, because your foot wouldn't have the stylish appearance that other women's have, and then we don't like to have the name of putting out shoes that are not swell.

"Now here is something you can wear very nicely," said the clerk, holding a shoe up to view. "It's the very latest and swellest thing we have. See how flexible the sole is? Will you try this on?"

"Patent leather," sniffed the woman. "Too hot for summer."

"Not patent leather," corrected the clerk. "It is ideal kid, has the appearance of patent leither, but is not so stiff and hot and does not crack. Your foot, please."

"Mercy!" screamed the woman as she thrust her foot into the shoe. "Take it off, quick."

The clerk did as he was bidden and looked up in alarm.

"I told you I wore a 'C' last," said the woman sternly.

"The shoes you are wearing are B's," murmured the clerk.

'Are you one of those clerks who try to sell women shoes that are too narrow?" continued the woman, not heeding his remark.

"I protest——"

"Because if you are, I may as well leave right now. I can't see why on earth, if a woman doesn't care how broad her foot looks—why a clerk should care. My foot is broad and I am not ashamed of it, but not one clerk in a dozen will sell me a '4½C' they will try to fit me in a '5B.' That's just what you're trying to do."

"But," protested the clerk, "a 5B' makes a better looking foot. It is longer than you need and makes your foot look narrower than it really is And you can stuff the toes with cotton."

"But I don't want to stuff the toes with cotton and I don't want my shoes longer than my foot."

"We who are in the business madam, know better than you what is a fit," said the clerk with a touch of masculine superiority.

"Oh!" answered the woman angrily. "Then I suppose it is on account of your authority that women are wearing the heavy shoes that are ruining their feet. Now just see how that poor creature is limping."

As the woman spoke a girl came stumbling in from the street and sank into a chair.

"Won't you please take these shoes of mine and stretch them and see if you can't limber up the soles a little? It is just killing me to wear them," she moaned.

"Certainly," said the clerk, quickly pulling off the offending footwear. Just sit still a moment and I'll have these all fixed up for you."

"Now here is a shoe that you can wear," he said to the woman who was his first customer, but was interrupted by the approach of another with a shoe box under her arm.

"You remember selling me a pair of shoes a few days ago? Yes? Well, I have brought them back. They are too heavy; positively I cannot wear them. I want a light weight shoe—I am sick of heavy shoes. You'll exchange them, of course?"

"Certainly, madam," said the clerk. "Just take a seat beside this lady and I'll wait on you in one moment."

"Don't you like that shoe?" he asked, returning to his first woman cusomer.

"No, it's too——"

"Good morning, Mr. B——. What's it a sign of when your shoes slip on your heels?" interrupted one of two girls who had just entered the store.

"Low shoes?" asked the clerk, glancing at the girl's feet.

The girl nodded.

"I tell her it's because they're too long," said her companion. "She thought if she got them longer she could wear a narrower last, and now they rub."

"Just take a seat and I'll wait on you in one moment," said the clerk.

"Can you fix them?" queried the girl whose shoes slipped on the heels.

"Certainly," was the answer. "I'll put some heel lifts in them. Now, madam," to the first woman customer, "just let me try this on."

"Do all women have trouble with their feet?" asked the girl whose shoes were being stretched.

"Well, I never did until I tried to wear walking shoes," cried the woman who had brought the pair back to exchange. 'But now my feet are so tender I can hardly touch them. Talk about them being the only shoe for comfort!"

"It's funny about shoes," remarked the girl whose shoes slipped on the heels. "You get a pair of gloves and put them on at once and wear them, but shoes——"

"Yes, but you don't walk on your hands," said this girl's companion. "That makes a difference."

"It's all on account of the clerks," said the woman who was trying to buy shoes.

"They try to sell you what the factories send out, whether you like it or not, and they insist upon making your foot conform to the last of the shoe, regardless of your comfort."

"Yes, ladies," said the clerk, "all women have trouble with their feet, because, you see, nearly all women have corns and bunions." As he uttered these words he beat a hasty retreat to the rear of the store.

"Now," he said, coming back to the girl whose shoes had been in the stretcher, you will find these quite comfortable, I am sure. If they should happen to seem a little tight in the morning just send them down and I'll put them in the stretcher for a couple of days. You know, to be stretched successfully, a shoe should be wet."

The woman tried hard not to limp as she left the store. "But I'll have to send them back in the morning," she murmured.

"There," said the clerk to the girl whose shoes slipped on the heel, "these little lifts make the shoes tight around the ankles, see? That will keep them from rubbing. But if they should happen to rub just send them back and I'll have the back seam cut and sewed tighter. Good day."

"I never can wear these old things—they hurt like sin," exclaimed the girl to her companion as they disappeared into the street.

"If you will come back tomorrow," said the clerk to the woman who had the shoes to exchange," I will devote the day to fitting you with something you can wear. I am busy today. Good-by."

"I wish I didn't have any feet," sighed the woman, wearily. "I am so discouraged about shoes."

The woman who had come down bright and early to buy a pair of shoes walked out of the store with the stride of a satisfied being. She had on a thin kid, turned sole shoe with pointed toes and an opera heel. It was a $5 shoe, but had been sold to her for $4.50 because it was the surplus stock of two seasons before.

"There is so little demand for this sort of shoe," the clerk had said in explanation, "because nearly everyone is wearing the walking shoe."

The clerk mopped the perspiration from his brow.

"If that stock of left overs were only bigger I could make them all happy," he murmured as the vision of the women who had come to him with their complaints reappeared.

"Jingo!" he cried suddenly. It's 6 o'clock, and I haven't been to lunch yet.

Fables By George Ade

The Modern Fable of How the Fearless Favorite From St. Louis Flagged the Hot-Loober Across the Way.

Once there was a Salesman who handled dried Fruits and registered from Saint Louey. He could tell about the Big Bridge and the Union Station and had a fifteen-minute Spiel touching on and appertaining to Dessicated Apples that was calculated to land the cross-roads Wanamaker.

Lawrence, for such was his name, had the Fatal Gift of beauty and he was Wise to the Fact. He hated to turn out the light at night and have all his good looks go to waste for Hours at a Stretch.

What Nature had failed to do for him he did for himself. He kept his neck neatly shaved and put Heliotrope on his Eye-Brows and drank Florida Water to

THE FATAL GIFT OF BEAUTY.

kill his Cigarette Breath before dashing into Society.

When Lawrence had polished up his Rings and Stud with a piece of Chamois and got into his Sack Suit with the up-and-down Stripe and put on his nobby white Hat with the black Band, you may think that he despised himself, but he did not. It was like breaking Home Ties for him to say good-bye to a Mirror.

Lawrence was not entirely to blame for being so Popular with himself. A good many of the swellest Dining Room Girls on the Short Line between Herodsburg and Vandalia had fought for the privilege of bringing him his Ribs of Beef with Brown Potatoes. It is said that even a Piano Player or a Concert Tenor may develop a case of the Seven and three-quarters Hat when the Women get after him and therefore it is not strange that

A SERIES OF LIVING PICTURES.

Lawrence, merely a humble representative of the Raspberry Trust, should want to hand himself Money and work the large J into all of his Conversation.

Whenever he unpacked at a Hotel he put a Photograph of Himself out on the Dresser, so as to make the Room more cheerful.

One Day it befell that Lawrence, the Woman-Catcher, was riding in a Day Coach and having a great deal of trouble with his Cuffs, because they would not stay out the right Length. Now and then he looked out of the Window, so as to give the Ladies behind a chance at his profile.

At one of the Stations something tailor-made with more than the usual number of Eyes and the Style of a Frohman Leading Lady blew into the Car and seated herself opposite fascinating Lawrence. He immediately tossed one Arm over the Back of the Seat so that she could get a Flash at the four-ounce Ring with the three Rock Crystals in it. Also he began to do a Series of Living Pictures, at the same time sizing her carefully. She was about the gowniest he had seen since pulling out of Sedalia and he decided that it was up to him to get acquainted.

He knew that he was taking a Chance, but an ordinary Toss had no Terrors for one acustomed to grappling with the Country Trade. So he took from his grip a copy of "A Widow in Name Only," by Ethel Gilblitz, author of "Lingering Love" and the first thing she knew he was asking her if she wanted something to read.

Instead of trying to jump out of the Window, she received him with a glad Smile and moved over so as to make Room. At that moment he realized that a Handsome Boy with Nerve can butt in at any time or place.

In low musical Notes, something like the Bird-Calls of the Forest, he told her about the House and the Bill of Goods he had sold in the last Town and how he attended Progressive Cinch Parties every time he got back to Saint Louey. She listened with keen Interest and looked him right in the Eye and never once did she call for Help.

It appeared to be the strongest Ten-Strike of his glorious Career as a Depot Flirt.

She wanted to know all about him, even to the Extent of sounding him on Literature and the Arts.

He told her that Dan Daly had Julia Marlowe beat at least a Block when it come to putting up a Lively Show and as for Books, he couldn't see Lew Wallace with a Spy-Glass, but the Duchess was Warm Stuff.

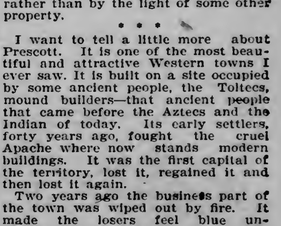
His Views carried so much Weight that she began to takes Notes in a little Book. She asked him how much he made in Commissions and Salary and what Amount he spent on Clothes and Finery as compared with his Outlay for Soul-Food. He began to wing a little and realized that he was up against a New Game but he could not renig after making the first Play, so she Pumped him properly.

Finally she asked him for a Photograph, which she numbered 32 and filed away in a Blue Envelope.

After which she said that would be about all and some Invisible Force seemed to lift him back to the other side of the Car. As he sat there, slowly recovering, it occurred to him that he had neglected to get her Name and Address and make her promise to correspond, which was very careless of him. He thought some of making another Try, but she was busy with a Book, other than the one he had given to her, and seemed to have forgotten that he was right in the same Car.

Lawrence began to suspect that he had failed to Entertain her, but such was not the case.

He did not see her again, but next Month his Friends called his Attention to an Article in an Eastern Periodical, written by a Lady who had been investigating the Intellectual Awakening of the Middle West. She gave Lawrence quite a Send-Off and used his Picture, calling attention to the lack of Forehead and the Vacant Expression about the Eyes. She said he



SLOWLY RECOVERING.

was a type of the Middle-Class Materialist, who cared more for Personal Adornment than for Mental Culture, but as far as she had ben able to discover by turning the Specimen over, under the Microscope, there was nothing Vicious in his make-up. He was simply a Case of Atrophied Cerebellum and Ingrowing Nerve.

Lawrence could not get next to all the Long Words or he would have felt all cut up about it. As it was, he decided not to correspond, even after learning her Name.

MORAL: Many a Man is up against an Analysis, when he is trying to make a Paralysis.

MINING IN ARIZONA

All Is Not Gold That Glitters There Any More Than In Any Other Mining Districts---The Ores Concentrating.

"How's Arizona?"

"Where have you been? When did you get back? Did you see the Calumet and Arizona?"

That's about all I've heard for the past ten days. As The Herald's readers probably have noticed I recently spent a month in the broad territory of Arizona. Some of the things I saw and learned I have told about in my letters to The Herald. Man is an inquisitive animal, thirsty for knowledge and dollars. He drinks at every fount, and tries to get benefit of some sort from what he swallows. When he goes to a lawyer or banker for knowledge, he pays for what he gets, just as he would at any other soda water fountain. When he drinks from the spring of information possessed by a newspaper writer, he not only wants the drink to be as free as salvation, with a lot of time thrown in, but he expects the draught to be handed him in a solid silver mug.

I am used to all that. I was raised in a community where the missionary spirit was rampant and the commercial instinct carefully curbed and thrust into the background. If The Herald's readers have been instructed and entertained in the least by my Arizona letters I am more than pleased and satisfied. I take opportunity, too, to add a little to what I have written, and to draw some conclusions from my month's investigation and observation.

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Agriculture sits away back in Arizona and paddles her feet in muddy irrigating ditches. Behind her sits horticulture. Grazing is barely convalescent from an illness that came near being mortal. Mining has the call there today, and there is every indication that the industry will not only hold its place, but leave everything else far in the rear.

This is fortunate, for much of the territory seems worthless for any other human enterprise. There are even limitations to the Angora goat business. Mining is bound to grow with leaps and bounds. The mineral is there—gold, copper, silver, lead, zinc and even iron, building stone, onyx, and—I know not what. This is a mining generation, and the capitalist and investor and speculator are coming right into Arizona to wrest the coveted treasure from the bosom of old Mother Earth. While I have not verified the figures, Arizonans tell me that the territory stands third in copper production in the United States, and fifth in gold production. Those figures seem reasonable, and if they are not quite correct I am positive that they soon will be. Some of the greatest mines on earth are here, and their capacity is being enlarged and their number increased. If the mineral is there, money will do the rest. The mineral undoubtedly is there, and money seems determined to do the rest.

• • •

All is not gold in Arizona that glitters, by a long shot. The entire country, in the mineral sections, is pitted with shafts and tunnels and marked by stakes and monuments. One swallow does not make a summer, and every prospect does not make a mine. If it did gold would go down the toboggan slide as has the white metal.

I have seen a statement that 95 per cent of the business men fail. If the percentage of mines that have been tested and tried is as great, then precious metal mining is no more hazardous than merchandizing and money changing. Plenty of money goes into the ground that never comes out, but it goes into circulation, and that is what makes business and good times.

Arizona mining has been handicapped by lack of transportation facilities. Railroads are few and far between and transportation is double, or more, than in older and more quickly populated portions of the country. Railroads are steadily on the increase, and their advent is opening up districts possessed of rich mines but whose ores have not been available for decades, because of prohibitive freight rates and remoteness from milling plants and smelters. When ore that runs from $40 to $100 a ton cannot be marketed because of high freight rates, or lack of freight facilities, it is no fault of the ore or the mine.

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Originally Arizona prospectors and miners sought placer gold and high grade silver. Millions of dollars' worth of both were found but, save in exceptional instances, both are practically back numbers.

Next came the free milling gold ores, with stamp mills and old Mexican arrastres. When the sulphide zone was reached, the free milling ore gave out, and, in many cases, mining ceased and the property was abandoned. Not only did lack of freight facilities preclude handling the base or sulphide ores, but methods for treatment of such ores had not been discovered or made a commercial success in those days. As a result the country gained the undeserved reputation of having shallow mineral deposits and ore bodies that did not exist with depth. That was eminently true in Yavapaoi county. Later came copper mining.

In many cases, too, lack of capital and experience accounted for failures. In some cases, heavy flows of water and inadequate pumping plants put thriving camps asleep. That was the case at Tombstone, which camp is now experiencing a revival under a consolidation of interests, an installation of heavy pumping plants and skilled management. In many localities lack of roads make it impossible to get in proper machinery for the operation of highly meritorious properties.

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The fuel problem is bound to be ever an important one in Arizona. In most localities there is plenty of wood, but that is bound to decrease in quantity and increase in cost. Increase in railroads will make coal cheaper and more available and that will solve the problem in many cases.

Water powers, generation and transmission of electricity will be the outcome in several districts. The Walnut Grove dam scheme in the southeastern part of Yavapai county is very much alive just now with the excellent prospect that it will revolutionize methods and expenses in that district. Railroad facilities for that district also are bright.

Oil is the hope and dream of many Arizona mining men. There are some very favorable oil formations in the territory and it will not be long before many of them will be fairly tested. At the present time Douglas, Lacey & Co. are drilling for oil in Lonesome valley, near Jerome Junction. If they strike what they are after, it will revolutionize mining in Yavapai county as well as other parts of the territory. It will make Prescott a city of size and great importance. Even at the United Verde mine Senator Clark's coal from Gallup, N. M., will be at a discount. Even now a number of mines are using gasoline and oil power for some purposes and shipping in the fuel at considerable expense.

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Water is necessary in precious metal mining and Arizona is not noted for its supply. Strange as it may seem, some of the wettest spots in the territory are in the mountains, instead of the lowlands. As a general rule, a mine will produce enough water for milling purposes as its workings gain depth. Every possible means is employed, however, to secure and husband a supply. If a mine has more than is needed, the surplus generally can be sold to some less fortunate mine nearby.

Today there is known placer ground in Arizona of great extent that would produce millions if water could only be secured in reasonable quantities. Concentrating plants require water as, of course, do boilers.

But man is ever striving to surmount the obstacles imposed by nature and it is so in Arizona mining. Dry crushing plants are being perfected and dry washers for placer mining. Even wet concentrating plants are being devised that use less water than ever before in the history of mining. What Arizona lacks in one direction is made up, however, in another by nature's wise law of compensation. For one thing there is a mild climate with a maximum of sunny days in a year. I saw stamp mills that were not housed and that made me think of pictures I have seen of mining plants in Australia. There is a minimum of snow in winter, even in the mountains, and a good fall is welcomed by the miner as well as the cattle men.

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The ores of Arizona are essentially concentrating and smelting in their character. They are free milling so times that plays out at a depth of fifty long as the oxidized zone lasts. Somefeet. I heard of one mine, however, that had a depth of 375 feet and was still in free milling ore. It is unsafe to select a milling plant until enough depth has been secured to determine positively the character of the ore.

One of the finest properties I saw had ore that carried nothing but iron and copper sulphides. A portion of the vein contained ore rich and heavy enough to ship just as it came out. The rest of it required concentration.

Other ore carries gold, silver, galena, zinc and, in instances, antimony. One thing that I never saw before was ore carrying much "rosin jack" (sulphide of zinc) and with that was associated heavy gold values. By bruising and scouring the gold in that ore fully 60 per cent of its value can be won by amalgamation in one case I met. It is customary, however, to concentrate and then smelt without regard to free gold values.

There are ores that are just the thing for the cyanide process right in Arizona and others that are the clear thing for chlorination. Every proposition should be considered by itself rather than by the light of some other property.

• • •

I want to tell a little more about Prescott. It is one of the most beautiful and attractive Western towns I ever saw. It is built on a site occupied by some ancient people, the Toltecs, mound builders—that ancient people that came before the Aztecs and the Indian of today. Its early settlers, forty years ago, fought the cruel Apache where now stands modern buildings. It was the first capital of the territory, lost it, regained it and then lost it again.

Two years ago the business part of the town was wiped out by fire. It made the losers feel blue until the cleared away the ruins and erected costly modern buildings of brick and stone, with all conconveniences. There is the customary plaza with the court house in the center, but the other streets are so arranged and occupied that this adds to the beauty of the place and does not retard its expansion and growth.

Today Prescott has about 5000 people, and I look for the population to double in a couple of years if Morgan's and Hanna's prosperity continues. It is best situated from a railroad standpoint of any city in the territory and the facilities will be steadily increased. It is certainly the mining center for at least the northern half of the territory. It does not catch the tourist trade that marks Phoenix, but it escapes, in proportion, the consumptives that flock to this dry and warm climate. While the summer heat is noticeable at mid-day in Prescott and tributary country, the nights are always cool, and sleep under blankets is as imperative as in Duluth. In Phoenix you toss around all night long, I am assured. Yuma is one of the hottest places on earth. I have heard that the thermometer in Yuma easily scores from 110 to 120 degrees in the shade. If it were not for the dry air and desert breeze, life would be impossible.

Two men in Yuma died and went to h—l. Compared with what they experienced in Yuma it was so cold in the lower regions that, the next day, they sent back to Yuma for their blankets.

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Speaking of railroads impels me to speak a word concerning the "Santa Fe route." You have to take that road for New Mexico and all Northern Arizona, but that is no hardship. The road runs through trains and through cars from Chicago to Los Angeles and San Francisco. You hardly have to get out of your seat, and certainly not out of your car for that entire distance. You get a chair car free. Here in Minnesota you are charged for that comfort. If you want a Pullman sleeper and pay the price, you can be accommodated. If you are a little shy on price, you can take a tourist sleeper, which is just as good as the average Pullman of ten years ago, for something like $5 for the entire distance. And if you want to make a pot of tea, the car has a free stove and heat for that purpose.

Then there is the "California Limit-

Continued on Page 3.)

As Viewed By Gath

Some Changes That Have Taken Place In Philadelphia--A Blaine Letter Brings Canada To Mind.

Washington, April 30.—During the past week I spent two days in Philadelphia talking and walking. It is being transformed into an inland New York, with sky-scrapers centering around the twenty-million city hall, as around Wall street.

The two visible powers in Philadelphia are the Pennsylvania railroad and the trolley consolidation. Their immense new offices almost touch each other, a bridge having been thrown across Market street to connect the continental and the urban buildings of the Pennsylvania.

I looked at the new United States mint, two miles from the old site, which Gage refused to sell. It is an ionic temple of marble. Around it are the most gigantic public schools in the world. The new high school for boys cost a million and a half and has in it astronomical observatory, swimming pools, gymnasiums. There are two similar high schools for women. I understood that out of several thousand teachers in the Philadelphia public schools only about 250 are males.

The Pennsylvania railroad must derive a great advantage from the busy 1,300,000 people of Philadelphia, for it is altering everything to make them happy. One thing it has altered which has strangely incurred no resistance in Philadelphia: The New York passengers are to pass outside the city, not stopping nor touching in transit. But the Philadelphia trolley men own the New York street railroads. That is the secret of the easy legislation the Pennsylvania gets in New York.

The public sense of Mr. Blaine and his probable duration as a Jeffersonian-Seward statesman over all the recent secretaries of state is supported by the following letter (I find among his remains to Benjamin Harrison, president, Aug. 10, 1891.

"In regard to the purchase of the Danish colonies, St. George and St. Lucia, my propossessions are all against it until we are by fate in possession of the larger West Indies. They are very small, of no great commercial value, and in case of war would require us to defend them, and to defend them at great cost. At the same time, they would lack strategic value. They are destined to become ours, but among the last of the West Indies that would be taken. I think there are only three places that are of value enough to be taken that are not continental. One is Hawaii and the others are Cuba and Porto Rico."

Six weeks later: "The fact is we do not want any intercourse with Canada except through the medium of a tariff, and she will find that she has a hard row to hoe and will ultimately, I believe, seek admission to the Union."

For some years no diplomacy has aimed at Canada, while bustling around the little islands.

Canada is to be entered by our Northwestern people for an extension of the hard grain field. Its next battlefield will not be at Niagara Falls, but in Assiniboine, Saskatchewan, Athabasca. The providing of the world with bread will round up Canada by the left flank. The providing of Europe with fish will wind up Canada by the right flank. Why does that poor American provincial roll up his trousers whenever it rains in London? We like Canada. We like its girls better than its men. Its several cities would leap into high relief on the world's map, as stars in the North American galaxy. The world would hear of Montreal, Toronto, also of Quebec. Their absorption would only be like that of the province of France by France, two or three hundred years ago, or of Scotland by England in 1702. Then, all the raw materials, forests, ores, etc., of Canada would have hired a purchaser and an engineer. We, in the United States, are only dismayed by the stupidity of Canada, as we are by the Spanish occultness of the Antilles.

Public men in American have to deal with the instability of the minority, which is Canadian in its hostility to American general policy. The minority is not doing much, but discharging pebbles into the channel of a stream as long as American public history. We have never lost a point, and the minority has seldom made one. All our party policies reinforce or follow each other like the joints of a tube, since Jefferson's buying Louisiana. The 100 millions offered for Cuba in Pierce's administration were spent upon it in the short Cuban war. As to the Philippines, we have to pay a price to be broken in as colonizers. Our own country is so voluptuous that home sickness soon strikes our volunteers. "The Girl I Left Behind Me" becomes a fatal air on the life and drum. Britain is so bad a climate and men are so unequal there that, sent anywhere abroad, they are happier. "As good to die and go as die and stay!"

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We possess a great military element, fit for any hot country, in our blacks. Only England has a race like it, in her Mohammedan Sepoys. Today Christianity is maintained by heathens. Hence the old proslavery element is met everywhere by physical and climatic experience. The external work of the country will be delegated to the so-called inferior races. We shall presently have a willing and a sullen race interest.

We must learn, not by theory and opinionatedness, but by experience, how to colonize the world. I met a person recently who told me queer incidents. He was a relative of a saddler engaged in Ohio to go to the Philippine islands as a civil employe of the quartermaster's department. Soon after his arrival an officer made complaint. "Our battery harness pulls to pieces in twenty miles," said the inspecting officer. "You are to repair it and see that it is effective."

The harness was contract and machine made harness, often made to sell. In course of time the Ohio journeyman was sent to the great depot near Jeffersonville, Ind. There his rigor and knowledge made him a terror to the harness furnishers. The chief inspector sent for him: "You are bringing down congressmen on my head. Firms complain that you are rejecting whole carloads of harness."

"What am I here for?" asked the saddler. "Do you want your batteries and your cavalry to be dismounted and stalled?"

"No. If you are right, and you must be, you are the man we went. Go to Baltimore and inspect the factories there which are complaining."

The saddler was not picking a fight with anybody; the Baltimore manufacturers were considerate with him. He went through their factories. Finally he turned to them and said: "I see what your difficulty is. You have not one trained workman. You use machines and pay children salaries to work them. You have not a skilled mechanic in the place. Nobody can sew a saddler's thread in your employ. You expect to get men's results upon salaries which are those of boys and girls. Your work all comes apart. Get grown people, trained labor, reliable saddlers, and your work will pass the United States inspection."

They called to have it awakened to the fact that mechanics are better than pincushions.

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The great power of Philadelphia is the Republican boss organization, perhaps the most serrated power in the country next to the "Solid South." The state of Pennsylvania would like to rule Philadelphia and sent Quay the length of the state to accomplish it. McClure was another politician who removed to "town" to administer it. Some of these countrymen yelled "Reform," others "Respectabilit," others "Economy," but Philadelphia proceeded after her own lines; turned some down and some out, and will yet turn out more. The city's patronage exerted from one point with an army of officials, is the most compact lever in America. Philadelphia does not believe in genius. One of the great bosses said to me: "A great man cannot have great sense, for he receives no impressions from contact. He produces all from within. He therefore is sure to miss somewhere. Intercourse is greatness in our dny."

The city councils are the only legislature of Philadelphia. It is a state, comprising an entire county. The two big railroads get along with the mayor and councils very well. Philadelphia is but little affected by debate.

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Pennsylvania has been the movable deck weight of the Union, altering the leaning of the ship. Called the Keystone, she has been better named "The Keel." As her evolution, regular and substantial, continues, we see new men come forward like Gen. Brooke, who is said to be marked for Miles' succession. In April, 1861, Brooke was an unknown enlisting private in the volunteers. Nature marked him for a leader of men. At McKinley's inauguration he rode his horse like the great, cloaked, half sleeping Caesar of a Washington on the Philadelphia monument. Silence, steadiness, equipoise had brought him along with them. The last great natural soldier of

Continued on Page 3.)

TWENTIETH CENTURY CLUB

Annual Reports of the President And the Different Departments--Complete List of the Officers Elected For the Ensuing Year.

The annual meeting of the Twentieth Century club was held at the club rooms in the Manhattan building last Monday evening. The attendance was large, and enthusiasm over the work of the club and the outlook for the future was manifested by all members. Mrs. J. H. Crowley was re-elected president, and practically all of the old officers were re-elected. The complete list is as follows:

President, Mrs. J. H. Crowley.

First vice president, Mrs. R. N. Marble.

Second vice president, Mrs. M. R. Baldwin.

Third vice president, Mrs. G. H. Prudden.

Recording secretary, Mrs. W. H. Jones.

Corresponding secretary, Mrs. H. C. Marshall.

Treasurer, Mrs. James McCahill.

Honorary vice presidents, Miss Mary B. Statham, Mrs. James D. Morrison, Mrs. W. J. Olcott.

The annual reports of the president and the different departments were received and will be of interest to all members and all women interested in club work. They are as follows:

President's Report.

"Ladies: It is just a year since we last assembled in annual meeting and listened to the reports for the year then past. It is just a year since you complimented me by electing me your president, which office I accepted, feeling that with the help of the many strong women this club has brought together, the year would not be lost, and need not be a failure, but, like the preceding ones, a year of growth and development along the broad policy outlined for it by its noble founder, who, feeling the necessity for an organization that would bring together for mutual improvement the different elements of society, threw herself into the work. The interest and earnestness with which the plans proposed by Miss Statham were received showed that our women were but waiting for a leader.

Now, after four years, all of which have been more or less years of experiment, we may, I think, feel that the Twentieth Century club is firmly established, doing the work for which it was organized, and meeting the needs of its mebmers.

This success has not been accomplished without earnest, intelligent and faithful work on the part of those who have carried the responsibilities of the different offices and departments.

Throughout the past year it has been the aim and earnest desire of your president to in every way further the many interests of the club. In every department she has used what influence she may possess, be it ever so small, and with advice and personal effort responded wherever called upon.

During the year past we have had some inconveniences and annoyances, but it is a cheering thought that these have been relegated to the background and the interest in study, class, and lecture has caused them to be almost forgotten.

The success of club organization lies in the centralizing of its interests. It is not to be supposed that every member should attend every class, or that the work pleasant for one should appeal to all, but it should be the policy of those guiding the different elements to see that in every program at least one session be made that will appeal to the others lines of study, and be of common interest to all.

For convenience we have held some of our club functions outside the regular club rooms. This should be a strong point when location is again considered.

One of the features tending toward a common interest is the social, which is always preceded by a business session, thus putting before the club as a whole all questions of importance that have been considered by the executive board. These meetings have been of unusual interest, and the members are, I am sure grateful to the women of the committees having in charge this feature of our club life.

If such a club as this there are so many interests to watch and consider that what might appeal to one or the few might not appeal to the many, or be best for the interests of the whole. The club stands as a strong educational factor and as a strong moral factor in the community. Think, for a moment, of the far-reaching influence of 200 good women. It is not our personal interests or wishes we should alone think of, but what we, through our own personality and effort, can give out, and how we may advance the general good. In no organization should the feeling be stronger that what would tend toward the best interests of all should prevail.

I want to thank you for the many evidences, both spoken and implied, which have come to me of your appreciation of my efforts, and, as I said before, because of your help I think we may consider our year a success.

We sometimes fail in attaining our object, and the thought, so old and yet so true, recurs again and again to me, that "pure motive, earnest and true effort is success, even though its object fails." The association of club life has been very pleasant to me. I asked you in the beginning of the year to reserve your judgment, and now I trust you may find some few things you may commend.

MRS. J. H. CROWLEY, President.

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Recording Secretary.

Annual report of the recording secretary:

This meeting brings to a close one of the most prosperous years in the history of the Twentieth Century club. During the year sixteen executive board meetings have been held, with an average attendance of seven members. One special meeting was held on April 29, 1901.

Six socials have been held, with varied programs, and a large attendance at each one.

The last board meeting was held April 14, the last social evening on April 7.

In January the office of recording secretary was made vacant by the resignation of Mrs. W. D. Underhill, when Mrs. W. H. Jones was elected to fill the office.

The following resolution was favorably acted upon at the meeting of the executive board, April 14, in view of Mrs. S. R. Wentworth's departure from Duluth, the club desires to place on record their appreciation of her invaluable services in the work of the Twentieth Century club, and particularly in the literature department, and to express their regret that we are to lose so estimable a member.

"Resolved, that this resolution be spread upon the minutes of this meeting, and that a copy be sent to Mrs. Wentworth."

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. W. H. JONES,
Recording Secretary.

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Treasurer's Report.

The financial condition of the club at the close of the year is most satisfactory. The demands upon the finances have been heavy, and considering the fact of the small membership fee charged, and the meager resources outside of this, the fact that there is a balance, however small, is gratifying.

Receipts during the year	$392 66
Disbursements	386 69
Balance	$ 5 97

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. H. J. OLCOTT, Treasurer.

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Membership Committee.

Your committee take pleasure in presenting the following report for the year ending April 28, 1902:

This has been the "banner" year of the Twentieth Century club for individual memberships. There have been 207 names acted upon by your committee. The men have availed themselves of the privilege of becoming associate members in order to attend the evening Shakespeare class. Your committee has had the hearty co-operation of all the club members, and feels that credit is due the treasurer for so promptly issuing the tickets of membership. A book with the names of members alphabetically arranged has been placed in the club rooms.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. M. R. BALDWIN,
Chairman of Membership Committee.

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Evening Departments.

Report of director of evening departments:

There have been four classes in active operation during the past club year: Gymnastics, cooking, literature and Shakespeare.

The literature class which, by the kindness of Mrs. Henry Taylor, met at her home every fortnight, has taken up the study of four of the nineteenth century poets, beginning with Wordsworth, with Mrs. Lectra as a most interesting and competent leader. Mrs. Browning and her poems followed naturally in the course. Miss Markell led in this subject with great pleasure and profit to the class. Miss McGiffert next led in the study of Tennyson's life and works, and most generously gave two extra evenings to this subject. James Russell Lowell is the last name on the list, and his life and poetry are still under consideration, Miss Mogford kindly consenting to conduct two evenings devoted to this last subject, and will close the class on Thursday of the present week. Mrs. N. F. Hugo has been the able leader of this class, and Mrs. Arthur Prudden was chosen chairman for the coming year.

Being unable to secure a chairman for the chafing dish class, it has been carried on under the management of the director. Five demonstrations have been given, as follows: Welsh Rarebit, by Mrs. J. B. Adams; Lobster Newburg, creamed potatoes, Mrs. H. T. Abbott and Mrs. J. D. Morrison; salads by Mrs. A. W. Ryan and Mrs. J. D. Morrison; French cream candies by Mrs. J. D. Morrison; Scotch woodcock and oysters, Mrs. J. B. Adams. There have been twenty-two members of the class and all have expressed a warm appreciation of the lessons.

The class in gymnastics opened on Nov. 20, at the Sixth avenue gymnasium, with Mr. Alletzhauser as leader. Meetings were held weekly, except during the Christmas vacation, until April 1, when, on account of several members leaving the city, it was thought best to discontinue the lessons. Mrs. Runyon was chairman of this class.

The Shakespeare class, under the leadership of Mrs. H. C. Marshall, overran the confines of our club rooms, and for this reason the Y. M. C. A. hall was secured and the meetings were held there on the third Monday of each month. The opening program of the club year formed a feature of this class, when Hon. C. A. Towne delighted a very large audience with an "Evening With Shakespeare." The class and its friends had a rare treat in the lecture on "Othello," by Professor Sanford, of the State university, and while, perhaps less famed than Miss Sanford, several of our townsmen have demonstrated their ability to deal with Shakespeare's plays, and have given us reason to wish that all our friends and citizens might have been present to listen to them as we have listened, and to be proud of them as we are proud. Mr. Thomas, in the "Merchant of Venice;" S. T. Harrison in "Julius Caesar;" Professor Denfeld in "King Lear," and Clarence Miller in Shakespeare's "Men of Action," all enthusiastic students, spoke to us with a wide knowledge of their subject, and a complete preparation that should make us grateful indeed for the trouble they have taken in our behalf.

Owing to a misunderstanding about the hall, one charming program prepared by Mrs. Charles d'Autremont has been postponed until autumn, when we hope to have it as the opening feature of the class.

Mrs. H. C. Marshall has been elected leader for the coming year. A committee has been appointed to arrange a program for next year, which will be definitely decided on when the class leader returns to the city.

The directors recommend that all efforts in the direction of a class in cooking be directed to a day class, unless there is sufficient demand for an evening class from those who find a day class an impossibility.

The gymnasic class can give no outline. It is a question of class or no class, and the feasibility of keeping it open will depend largely upon the location of the gymnasium, a more central place than the one we have used being necessary. It has been suggested that the class be made a mixed one, for both men and women, the same opportunity being given to men in this as in the Shakespeare class.

Thanking my co-workers for their ready help, and their ever considerate attitude toward me, as well as for their patience with my frequent delinquencies, I submit my report for the year 1901-02.

MRS. J. D. MORRISON,
Director Evening Dept's.

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Literature Department.

Report of literature department:

The work of the literature department for the past year has been most interesting and satisfactory. The half hour devoted to current events has proven to be just what was needed to keep the members in touch with the more important news of the world, and it has been possible, even in the short time given to the class, to discuss many interesting topics. The outline of topics adopted one year ago has been a great help to the leaders in preparing the work. The same method will be followed during the coming year.

English literature class—This class has studied the literature of the eighteenth century from Dryden to Byron. The work covering such an important period has, of necessity, been somewhat superficial; but being suggestive in its nature, has formed a good foundation for the more thorough study of the next two or three years.

The next year will be devoted to the study of the masterpieces of the same period. The lectures which have been given by those outside the class have added greatly to the interest and value of the study. April 9 Mrs. M. R. Baldwin was chosen leader.

Morning Shakespeare class — This class has been a success from the beginning of the year, with an average attendance of fifty women. Three dramas have been studied, "Hamlet," "As You Like It" and "Midsummer Night's Dream." The last meeting of the year was devoted to the "Sonnets," read most delightfully by Mrs. Charles d'Autremont. At the last meeting a committee, consisting of Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Mrs. O. W. Pealer and Mrs. Charles d'Autremont, were appointed to arrange a program for the coming year's study.

The class at this meeting also elected Mrs. H. C. Marshall as leader.

At a meeting of the classes constituting the literature department Mrs. H. C. Marshall was elected chairman of department.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. H. C. MARSHALL,
Chairman Literature Department.

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Home and Education.

Reports of the departments of home and education:

The work of these two departments seeming so identical, they were three years ago placed under the guidance of one chairman. During the past year a course in "Child Study" has been given in the home department. These talks and discussions have been deeply interesting, and Mrs. W. S. Bishop, who has had charge of the class, has proved a most able leader. This course will probably be continued next year, but no definite plan will be made until the opening of the club year in October.

A course in cooking, both lectures and demonstration, is being arranged under the auspices of the home department.

During the past two years the department of education has had no chairman, the class for the study of parliamentary law being the only one in this department. This class has just completed its third year, and from the first has been under the leadership of Mrs. H. C. Marshall. The meetings are held semi-monthly and the interest in the study has been maintained by the small group of women who care for this line of work. Mrs. Shattuck's manual, which is the authority used by most women's clubs, has been used. The class is conducted in an informal manner by study and drill, each woman in her turn serving as chairman and secretary. With the next year it is hoped to take up somewhat broader lines of study, and if the size of the class warrants, will have a parliamentarian of broad practical experience to assist us, using more than the one authority.

During the latter part of the year the travel class was formed, and from the first the interest has been very great. The class has been most fortunate in having some fine talks on the countries considered by those who have personally visited them. Seven meetings were held, and perhaps no greater amount of sightseeing was ever done by any party of tourists in the same length of time. Before starting on our tour of foreign lands we fortified ourselves with a slight and a study of a few of the wonders of our own land. We visited the Yelowstone Park and gazed in wonder and awe at the grandeur of nature spread out before us. With Mrs. Dutton as guide we saw these beauties and wonders through the eyes of the poet and the artist.

Being strangers in a strange land, we were exceedingly fortunate in having as guide through Hawaii one who knew the country so well, and Mrs. Jones was very considerate of our ignorance and our curiosity, and left no spot of interest unvisited.

The long ocean trip dreaded by most of our party proved rather pleasant, but all were glad to have our conductor through Japan announce the glad tidings of arrival. With every faculty alert and camera in hand we toured this wonderful country. Looked with pleasure upon the beauties of river, lake and valley; admired the quaint and picturesque people and their customs; visited palaces and temples usually forbidden tourists; gazed in awe at the sacred mountain; listened with interest while our guide, Dr. C. F. McComb, told us the history of this land and its people, its fables and myths, and reluctantly sailed away through the beautiful islands—where one felt they could almost touch the shore—to the land of the Chinese, to the land of mystery. With the usual perseverance of the tourist, we visited the most interesting cities and brought to the front all the knowledge stored away in years gone by. We scaled the great wall and dared the barbarian hordes to keep us back. We sailed down some and up other rivers. We bargained with the wily dealers and came away with treasures. We fought over again the opium war, and now as then the feeling ran high. We demanded admittance to the Forbidden City and were admitted. We saw all the wonders and appliances of Chinese science, and thought it fortunate that the events in the lives of the great men of the olden time in China did not follow in as rapid succession as those of the present, or the tables of stone whereon all there were recorded would have become mountains.

We visited the neighbors of this strange people, and Dr. Loney carried us through the country of Burmah, making us glad we were born free and independent American women, and were not bound down by the circumstances surrounding the lives of the "women of the Orient."

We traveled up the sacred Ganges and down the mighty Indus, have learned how in the early times the hordes of Central Asia swooped down upon the Indians. With the most interesting of guides we have climbed the mighty Himalayas and gazed down into the beautiful vale of Chashmere; we have seen the perfection of art and architecture, and the gorgeous jewels and robes of the native rulers; have hesitated whether to applaud or condemn the course of the British in India; have watched with interest and wonder the growth of the great commercial East India company; in fact, under the pleasant leadership of Dr. W. G. Goffe we find what a fascination there is in the very name of India.

We have stood in awe before the great Confucius; bowed in admiration of the teachings of Buddha, and while speculating upon all the religions of the countries through which we have traveled find in each something worthy of consideration and of following.

We had as a little side trip a glimpse of Mexico, visited some of the old cathedrals and churches, were present at the tragic death of Maximillian, wept with and for poor Carlotta, were amused and entertained by the national customs and habits, were surprised at the mighty strides this historic land is making in history, and felt glad that the flag of a republic floats over the land.

Our tour for the year is over. Friendships have been formed that are very pleasant and if this class continues its thorough traveling and study, in a few years we may sign ourselves not the Travel club but the Traveled club.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. J. H. CROWLEY,
Acting Chairman.

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Art Department.

Report of the art department:

For two years this department has simply supplemented the work of the other lines of study, although last year the chairman provided several lectures for the club at the general meetings. The current year has seen little done other than providing some of the public schools with libraries and pictures framed and ready for hanging, and arranged in large books.

To this department has been assigned the supervision of the work apportioned to the Twentieth Century club in cleaning and beautifying the city. In the work in and for the schools this department has been ably assisted by the young ladies of the Somerset Y.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. Z. D. SCOTT,
Chairman.

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Constitution.

Report of committee on constitution:

Your committee has but one recommendation to present as follows:

That the word "March" be substituted for "April" in sections 1 and 3, of article 8 of the bylaws.

The effect of this is to shorten the club year one month.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. G. H. PRUDDEN,
Chairman.

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House Committee.

Report of house committee:

While the duties of the house committee during the year are few, the work of securing suitable apartments for the club proved a very trying undertaking. Your committee canvassed most thoroughly the entire buildings of Superior, and after the diligent search decided upon our present quarters as the best obtainable for our purpose. While the rent seemd high and the inconveniences many, we lessened the former by sub-renting and by practicing forbearance and a spirit of indifference to annoyances, we have gotten through the year with a degree of comfort and a great deal of profit to all.

Although at the beginning of the year it seemed desirable, and does still, to add some adornments to our rooms, your committee did not feel justified in doing more than providing draperies for the windows, and new shades for the gas burners. Even these added greatly to the comfort and appearance of the rooms. Some of the club classes have been held in other quarters, because of inconvenience here. This has been an added expense to the club. Your committee would recommend that this be given special consideration when making arrangements for rooms in the fall.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. JAMES McCAHILL, Chairman.

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Social and Musical.

Report of the social and the music committee:

These committees, appointed at the beginning of the club year, with Mrs. J. J. Skuse as chairman of the social and Mrs. Jas. McAuliffe, chairman of the music committee, have carried out the general plan laid down for them. In January Mrs. Skuse, because of absence from the city, retired as chairman of the social committee, and Mrs. N. F. Hugo was appointed in her place.

Six social meetings of the club have been held—the club reception and Shakespeare lecture by Hon. Charles A. Towne taking the place of the October social. Delightful and varied programs have been given at each one, which were arranged by Mrs. McAuliffe, Mrs. Rothermel and Mrs. Christianson. The ladies of the social committee have looked after their part of entertaining, and at each meeting served dainty refreshments. The club social has become one of the delightful features of our club life, and the members and their friends have greatly enjoyed them. The committees feel very grateful to those who have assisted in their programs by giving talks, lectures and music.

Respectfully submitted,
MRS. N. F. HUGO,
Chairman Social Committee.
MRS. JAMES McAULIFFE,
Chairman Music Committee.

NEXT YEAR'S PROGRAM.

Outlines of Department of Twentieth Century Club.

The programs for the different departments of the Twentieth Century club for next year are as follows:

Literature Class.

Dean Swift—"Tale of a Tub."
Goldsmith—"She Stoops to Conquer."
Goldsmith—"Deserted Village."
Johnson—"Rasselas."
Burke——"Speech on Conciliation of America."
Wordsworth—"Ode to Immortality."
Scott—"Lady of the Lake," Edinburgh Reviews.
De Quincy—"Flight of a Tartar Tribe."

The teachers for the season will be Mrs. Baldwin, Mrs. McCahill, Mrs. Agatin, Mrs. Prudden, Mrs. Westcott, Mrs. Elder, Mrs. Carson, Mrs. Marshall, Mrs. Lindmark, Mrs. Wachtel, Mrs. Stanford, Mrs. Laybourn, Mrs. Parsons, Mrs. Underhill, Miss Brown, Mrs. Day and Mrs. Hicks.

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Shakespeare class—"The Tempest," "Romeo and Juliet," "Richard the III," "Twelfth Night.'

This program is subject to change.

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Department of Education.

Study and tour of Italy and Egypt:

Lesson I—
History 266 B. C. to 500 A. D.
Rome: Temples and palaces on the Capitoline hill.
Dante: Michael Angelo.
Lecture—"The Art Galleries of Rome" by Bishop James McGolrick.

Lesson II—
History 500 A. D. to 1100.
Florence, Pitti and Uffiza palaces.
The de Medici family.
Savanarola.
Lecture—"Tour Through Italy" by Dr. W. G. Goffe.

Lesson III—
History 1100 to 1800.
Venice.
Correglo—Titian.
Lectue—"Othello," by Clarence B. Miller.

Lesson IV—
History 1800 to 1850.
Genoa.
Raphael, Victor Emanuel.
Lecture—"Napoleon in Italy," by Henry Greene.

Lesson V—
Naples, general history.
Lecture—"The Influence of Italian Music on the World, Student Life in Italy and Folk Song Lore" by George L. Tyler.

Lesson VI—
Egypt.
Old empire.
History B. C. 5000(?) to 21000.
Dynasties 1 to 12 inclusive.
Founders and capitals.
Necropolis at Sakkaha.
Tombs of the Sacred Bulls.
The three pyramids of Gizth.
Lecture—"The Astronomy of the Ancient Egyptians," by Bishop J. D. Morrison.

Lesson VII—
Middle kingdom. Dynasties XIII to XV.
History B. C. 2100 to 1600 B. C.
Visit of Abraham and the Hebrews in Egypt.
Cairo.
Lecture—"A Trip Up the Nile," by Mrs. A. M. Miller.

Lesson VIII—
History B. C. 1600 to 322.
Dynasties XVIII to XXXI.
Egyptian conquest in Western Asia.
Temple of Karnok.
Palaces and obelisks.
Lecture, "Art and Archaeology in Egypt," by Mrs. A. W. Dutton.

Lesson IX—
Later Egypt.
History, 322 B. C. to A. D.
Royal Mummies.
"Writing Materials of Antiquity Throughout the World," Mrs. Lestra.
Lecture, "The Religions of Ancient Egypt," by Dr. T. H. Cleland.
Special lectures:
"Herculaneum and Pompeii."
"What One Can See in Traveling."
"Galileo and the Science of Astronomy in His Time."
"Napoleon in Egypt."
"Italian Art."
Dramatic readings from "Antony and Cleopatra."

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Parliamentary Law.

Parliamentary law class:

Recommendations given in the general report of the chairman.

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Evening Departments.

SHAKESPEARE CLASS.

Monday, Oct. 6—"Much Ado About Nothing," Mrs. Charles d'Autremont, class leader.

Monday, Oct. 27—"Much Ado About Nothing," first and second acts, Miss Poirier.

Monday, Nov. 10—"Much Ado About Nothing," third, fourth and fifth acts, Mrs. J. H. Crowley.

Monday, Nov. 24—"Shakespeare's Men of Action," C. B. Miller, class leader.

Monday, Dec. 8—"Richard III," first and second acts, Mrs. R. P. Boyington.

Monday, Dec. 22—"Richard III," third, fourth and fifth acts.

Monday, Jan. 12—"Fools of Shakespeare," W. G. Crosby, class leader.

Monday, Jan. 26—"Twelfth Night," first and second acts.

Monday, Feb. 9—"Twelfth Night," third, fourth and fifth acts.

Monday, Feb. 23—"Macbeth," L. C. Harris, class leader.

Monday, March 9—"Macbeth," first and second acts, Miss Margaret McGiffert.

Monday, March 23—"Macbeth," third, fourth and fifth acts, Mrs. C. M. Rice.

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LITERATURE CLASS.

Hawthorne is the author to be studied. The object is to get a fair knowledge of the writer through his works.

Lesson I—Hawthorne and his times.

Lesson II—"Twice Told Tales," selections showing Hawthorne's mysticism and love of absolute truth, etc.

Lesson III—"Mosses from an Old Manse."

Lesson IV—"Literary Concord."

Lessons V, VI and VII—"Marble Faun."

Lessons VIII, IX and X—"Scarlet Letter."

HILL'S VIEWS

On the Government's Attempt to Control Railroad Rates.

Chicago, May 3.—"I believe in the survival of the fittest in the railroad world the same as I do in all nature and all affairs of men. It is the natural law, and its operation is as inevitable as the original sin of man."

This was one of the things that James J. Hill said last night in response to a question regarding his opinion of the government's attempt to control railroad rates through the medium of injunctions issued by the United States circuit court. The connection between the reply and the subject was soon made plain by the celebrated railroad magnate and financier. He explained that the injunction method of attempting to cure the evils that afflict the traffic and transportation world was simply a subterfuge and a futile attempt to arrest the progress of the natural law of the survival of the fittest.

"Has not the community of interests effectually arrested the operation of that law?" was asked.

"There is no such thing as the community of interests. That is the merest rot and twaddle, a term originated and employed by the press of the country. The only community of interest that can or ever will exist is the community of interest between the shipper and the railroads. No, that community of interest is not receiving its fullest exemplification, but it will so soon as the law of the survival of the fittest shall have had its sway in the railroad world."

Mr. Hill explained that the operation of the law spoken of did not mean warfare among railroads, but simply the unhindered operation of "inactive" competition.

"Competition," he continued, "is of two kinds, inactive and active. The former is the true law of competition, and means in the railroad world that the road which can carry the traffic the cheapest and make a legitimate profit gets the business. Why should not the people be given the benefit of the cheapest rate that can be made legitimately? That is what will come in the end.

"Active competition, on the other hand, is war, ruinous war, and is another name for the secret rate, the rebate and the preference of one shipper over another. There can be no rate except by agreement. Without the agreement it is not a rate, for it may be made at 8 o'clock and changed at 10 o'clock, or made by one road at the former hour and met by the other at the latter hour."

Asked what he thought of legalized pooling as a panacea for rate ills, Mr. Hill forcibly exclaimed: "Pooling is infamous in any form. It never brings about the end sought, and it is simply one of the subterfuges of which I spoke, to hinder the operation of the inevitable law of nature and the universe."

Mr. Hill passed through Chicago en route from New York to St. Paul.

DECISIONS

Handed Down By the Supreme Court of Minnesota.

St. Paul, May 3.—Justice Lovely filed a decision reversing the Crow Wing county district court and granting a new trial in the personal injury case of Candice E. Grant, appellant, vs. the city of Brainerd, respondent.

Grant claimed that while driving on an approach to the Mississippi river bridge at Brainerd, his horse became frightened and backed the buggy, with him in it, over the embankment, and that he was seriously injured. He alleged that the approach, which had been constructed by the city, was not properly guarded, and brought suit for $5000 damages. A verdict was returned in favor of the city. The supreme court holds that it is the duty of the city to provide suitable guards for such approaches, and that it was a question for the juhy whether the city had performed its duty in this regard, and also whether neglect to do so was the proximate cause of plaintiff's injury.

In the case of C. E. Cummings, respondent, vs. E. E. Newell, appellant, Justice Lovely affirms the order of the Clay county court in favor of Cummings, who purchased a tract of rented land through an agent, and claimed the former owner's share of the crop. The latter disputed the claim on the ground that the crop was harvested before he delivered the deed. The court finds that the sale was closed when the contract was signed, and as that was before harvest, the purchaser is entitled to the owner's share of the crop.

The Minneapolis municipal court is reversed and a new trial granted in Pickler and Willis, respondents, vs. Charles W. Caldwell, appellant. The respondents were osteopaths and had agreed to treat Caldwell for rheumatism in his arm and to charge nothing if they failed to effect a cure. They treated him about two months, and he claims that not only was there no cure, but that the cords in his arm became so affected that the member was crippled. The firm sued for $75 and obtained a verdict of $58.83. The new trial is granted because certain evidence as to the agreement and what occurred at the office of the physicians was excluded.

Justice Collins of the supreme court affirmed the decision of the Ramsey county district court in the suit of Mary M. Rogers, appellant vs. city of St. Paul, respondent. The action was brought by Mrs. Rogers to recover $900 paid in assessments for the extension and grading of East Third street, which was not completed. The decision sustains the contention of the city that the complain did not state a cause of action.

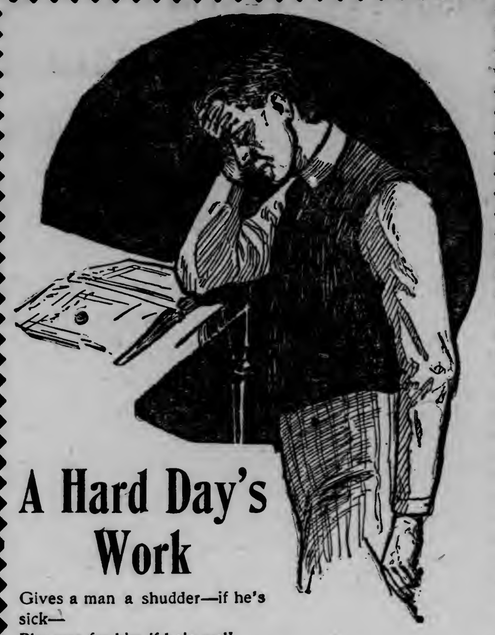
The court also affirms the decision of the Hennepin county district court in the case of Isaac Atwater, respondent, vs. David Spalding et al., respondents, an ejectment suit.

A third decision of Justice Collins reverses the Minneapolis court, and knocks out an ordinance of that city, requiring milk dealers living outside of Hennepin county, but furnishing milk to Minneapolis to have their herds inspected at their own expense. The herd owners already pay a license fee to the state. It is also held that if it be possible to classify herds of animals so that owners of some herds who have procured licenses under the state law to bear the expense of inspection provided by the city council, the county is not the proper basis of classification. The decision is in the case of the state, respondent, vs. Charles Elofson, appellant.

Renewal of Fishing Excursion Rates.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railway will put in effect the following rates:

Deerwood and return, going Friday and Saturday, return Monday	$2 85
Deerwood and return, going any day, return thirty days	3 80
Sturgeon Lake and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	1 50
Pine City and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	2 00



A Hard Day's Work

Gives a man a shudder—if he's sick—
Pleasure for him if he's well.
Many a hard day's work is made immeasurably harder by Backache.
And backache is simply kidney ache—
Kidney ache is sick kidneys—
And sick kidneys mean a whole host of troubles—if they are not made well.

Doan's Kidney Pills

are for sick kidneys. They're easy to take—quick and positive in their action on the kidneys—yet without producing any unpleasant sensations whatever.

Hundreds of Duluth people say so—People who have used them, who have been cured. Most positive proof in the world that our claims are not exaggerated. Read what a Duluth citizen says:

Mr. J. Vaugn, of 522 First street west, says: "I had constant dull aching through my loins and a catarrhal condition of the bladder. The kidney secretions were irregular, distressing and annoying, the sediment varying from a light color to that of brick dust. Any one position became irksome and on getting up in the morning I felt tired and depressed. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended and procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's store, and used them. The first few doses relieved me and I was soon entirely rid of the trouble."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale at all Drug Stores—50c a box—
Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Douche. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses. Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., Room 98E, Times Bdg., New York.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Not astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.

SYPHILIS
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:
COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
953 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

WOMEN FEMALE DIAMOND great monthly regulator: strongest, best, safest: contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal: not a single failure: longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

BASEBALL TEAM GOES TO IRONWOOD

Will Meet Champions of Northern Michigan on Diamond There---Junior Debate Postponed--- Will Not Spell Against Grand Rapids.

The basebal team is at Ironwood this afternoon trying their prowess against the champions of Northern Michigan. The boys have been working rather hard during the last week or two to get in good trim for this, and the game that is to be played on May 10—next Saturday—with the central high school of Minneapolis.

Up till the last moment yesterday several of the men thought there was a possibility that they would be unable to go to Ironwood with their collegues, as they were back in their studies. All of the boys who found themselves in this condition, however, put forth their best efforts to get their work up to the required standard so that they might be allowed to accompany the team. This is another instance to show that under the existing conditions athletics help rather than hinder the work of the school.

The bad weather at the end of the week interfered with the practice of the players to some extent, but on the whole they were in very good condition, and if they do not run up a score equal to the 57 to 1 that they sprung on the Nelson-Dewey high school of Superior last week, it will be because Ironwood plays a better game than the Superior team, and not because the Duluth boys are not playing up to their usual standard.

The men who went are: Capt. Cummings, pitcher; Potter, catcher; Congdon, first base; Staacke, second, Scobie, short; Dash, center; Summers, right field; Peterson, third; Berg, left field, and Clayton, substitute.

F. L. Baker accompanied the team. Manager Dash did not go yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock. He went down this morning on the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic.

A small crowd of students saw the players off. There was an air of confidence about the proceedings which betokened almost absolute certainty on the part of the students that today's struggle would be won by their representatives.

Capt. Cummings expressed himself as believing that the game would be an easy victory for his slab-handlers. There was some little uneasiness while it was understood that some of the best men would not be able to go down on account of their studies, but when it became known that all of the old favorites would grace the field for the Duluth school, confidence was renewed. Capt. Cummings will ornament the pitcher's plate for the boys. His twisters have always been enigmatical for his opponents, and if he is in good form there is little doubt but that Ironwood will have to do some tall capering to get hits off of him.

Guy Cummings, who formerly played at first base, and who was center and a valuable man on the football team, has left school. His loss will be keenly felt, but it is probable that a man can be got to fill his place in school athletics acceptably.

PRELIMINARY FIELD DAY.

Preparations Going Forward For Contests May 17.

Two weeks from today, May 17, the preliminary field day of the track team will be held. Preparations have been going forward in a way that promises pleasing results to the enthusiasts. The men are coming out for their daily turns regularly, and are rapidly developing into finished athletes. Some of the old records have been approached very closely in practice. This gives hope that some unusually good work will be done in the races when the excitement of the occasion will make it possible for the men to outdo their ordinary performances in practice.

Capt. Mailet is sanguine over the prospect. He thinks that the team will be equal and perhaps better than any the school has had in some time—fully able to cope with any of the teams that it will have to meet during the season.

The committee on prizes for the field day, which was appointed during the week, has begun some preliminary measures to secure the prizes. The merchants that have been visited by the solicitors of the committee have promised to give liberally toward the prize list, as they have done formerly, and there is little doubt that the committee will be able to get up a splendid list of valuable prizes. A list of all the prizes, coupled with the names of the donors, will be published at some later time.

The list of entries into the preliminary is as yet uncertain, but another week will see the names of all those who wish to compete in the hands of the proper authorities.

Arrangements for the big meet between all of the schools of Northern Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan have been delayed somewhat. Ironwood and the two Superior high schools have announced their determination to join in, but as yet nothing further is known. It is probable that the meet will not be as comprehensive as at first planned. A couple of more schools may yet signify their intention to enter, but that will probably make the complete list of contestants.

The sophomores have elected Teddy Mackenzie captain of the class relay team, instead of Frank Scobie, who made the baseball team and forthwith repudiated his track-athletic ambitions.

DEBATE POSTPONED.

Juniors Will Orate at a Later Time.

The debate which was to take place before the Literary society yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of settling on the juniors who are to meet the juniors of the Blaine high school of Superior, in a debate on the question, "Resolved, that it would be conducive to the good of the people if the railroads were under federal arrangement," was not held, because the Literary society was not in session. The seniors had usurped the stage for use in their chorus drills for the dramatic entertainment next week. The preliminary debate will be held on Monday afternoon instead.

Miss Nina Burbank and Miss Berta Schmied were chosen from the list of sophomore girl candidates for the freshman-sophomore rag chewing struggle, otherwise known as the sophomore-freshman oratorical contest. The contest will come off on May 17.

The date for the debate with the Superior high school is not known exactly, but it will happen in about three weeks.

SENIOR ENTERTAINMENT.

Program Arranged For the May 9 Exhibition.

A glance at the program for the annual senior dramatic and musical entertainment will be one of the best that has been given at the high school for a number of years, and that means an evening of genuine enjoyment for all who attend. It will be given May 9.

Almost the entire class will take part in the affair in some capacity or other. There will be a large and well drilled chorus of pretty senior girls and fine-looking young men. The play, "A Rice Pudding," which forms the second part of the program, is excellent. It is replete with excruciatingly funny situations, witty lines, and all that makes a good farce. It will give the seniorie histrions a perfect vehicle with which to show their talents.

The program is as follows:

PART I.

The famous sextette from "Fiorodora"
Members of the Senior Class.
Duet and dance—"I Love to Flirt."
("Electric Spark") .....Blake
Rena Smith and Fred Johnstone.
Humorous sketch—"A Meeting of the Board of Education of the City of Womansville." .....
Members of the Class.
Song and chorus—"Yen How and His Six Little Wives." ("San Toy")..Jones
Sparring exhibition, by the champion pugs, Slim Jim and the Turko-Hibernian Terror.....
Duet and chorus—"Chinee Sojee Man." ("San Toy").....Jones
George Suffel, Frank Fee, and Chinese Contingent.

PART II.

"A Rice Pudding," a farcial comedy in two acts .....E. B. Tiffany
Characters—
John Richards, the elderly husband of a fascinating young wife .....Sumner Smith
Dr. Thwaite, a physician who lacks patients.....Ed Compton
Mrs. Richards, young and inexperienced.....Phoebe Cole
Marion, Mr. Richards' clever sister.....Ethel Forsyth
Miss Ellen O'Shaughnessy, from the Emerald Isle.. Esther Searle

RESPECTFULLY DECLINES.

Duluth Will Not Spell Against Grand Rapids.

And now the Grand Rapids, Minn., high school is taking great pride unto itself because, as it claims, Duluth is afraid to enter into a spelling contest with that institution. A challenge was sent to the Duluth authorities some time ago, but because of the comas, semicolons, oratorical contests, graduation exercise, play, athletics, etc., it was thought best not to enter into anything else for the time being. A Grand Rapids paper ruminates on the refusal thusly:

"For the time being the local high school will be forced to rest content with laurels already earned. Just at present no other worlds to conquer can be found. The Duluth high school has declined a challenge to a spelling contest, and in no other direction does the horizon disclose a rival.

"Superintendent Carroll wrote to R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the Duluth high school, some days ago inquiring whether it would be possible to arrange a meeting between representatives of the two institutions, and the answer which was received appears in full below. It will be noticed that Superintendent Denfeld distinctly commends the spelling contest as a means stimulating interest in school work, and that Professor Smith holds the same opinion. The letter reads:

"Duluth, Minn., April 24, 1902.

"Superintendent E. T. Carroll,
"Grand Rapids, Minn.:

"Dear Sir: Mr. Smith, principal of our high school, to whom was referred your letter of April 14, tells me that it will be impossible to do anything in regard to the spelling contest this spring, as there are so many things that will require the attention of the pupils and teachers in the remaining six weeks of the year. He considers the idea an excellent one and I quite agree with him.

"We are to have extra work in the way of a calesthenic exhibition in two weeks' time, which is drawing heavily upon our time and resources. Try us again next fall.

"Yours truly,
"R. E. DENFELD,
"Superintendent."

Notes of the Week.

The senior dance was held at the Armory last evening. A large-sized crowd of students were in attendance and a "perfectly lovely" time was enjoyed. Good music was furnished by Flaaten's orchestra. The excellent program, consisting of about twenty numbers of the latest music. Punch was served. The hall was too large to attempt any elaborate decorations, but those used were effective. The long standing reputation of the class of '02 as good entertainers was upheld in every way.

• • •

Professor Thomas went to Ashland Friday to act as a judge in a district debate of the Wisconsin state interscholastic debating league. The debate settled the question as to who should represent the northern district of Wisconsin at the great finale to be held in Madison. The Wisconsin State Debating league is very similar to that in Minnesota, only the winners, instead of getting medals for their prize, get a year's expenses at the University of Wisconsin.

• • •

Both the juniors and seniors contemplate class spreads for the near future. These are busy times in high school society.

• • •

Most of the seniors have had their charming visages crystalized on photographic plates for Zenith purposes. The pictures will all be sent away to have cuts made of them before long.

• • •

The girls still play basketball; they still pretend to be absorbed in the game, but the warm weather has lessened their enthusiasm quite perceptably.

• • •

Work on the Zenith proceeds in a very smooth, unexciting way. It will probably be out on time.

A lighter and younger feeling pervades your body. A spirit of happiness creeps into your life after taking Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

"SWANSON'S"
"5-DROPS"
IS A PERFECT
Blood Purifier

This is the season of the year when every person needs a medicine that will purify the blood and build up the system.

Swanson's "5-DROPS" is the best blood purifier known to science and unlike many other remedies it is absolutely harmless. It contains no mercury, no salicylates, no alcohol or any other injurious ingredients. "5-DROPS" is a combination of herbs and oils which quickly destroys the germs and poisons and restores the blood to a natural, healthy condition. Pimples, blackheads, blotches on the face, and skin eruptions of all kinds will disappear after a few doses of this wonderful medicine. If you feel tired, run-down or nervous begin taking "5-DROPS" at once. It quiets the nerves, gives refreshing sleep to the mentally and tired and overworked. It purifies the blood, restores strength and vitality to the entire system.

Rheumatism and Neuralgia

"5-DROPS" is both an internal and external remedy which acts quickly, safely and surely, never failing to cure these dreaded diseases. "5-DROPS" taken internally will dissolve the uric acid and other poisonous matter and remove it from the system and cleanse the blood of all impurities, thereby effecting a permanent cure. An application of "5-DROPS" to the afflicted parts will stop the pains almost instantly while the cause of the disease is being surely removed by its internal use. Aches, pain and soreness disappear as if by magic when "5-DROPS" is used.

Kidney Trouble

You, who are suffering from Liver Complaint and Kidney Trouble, will find a positive cure in "5-DROPS." It is the most effective remedy ever discovered for these diseases. A single dose will give immediate results. It goes direct to the spot. It keeps the liver-cells properly at work. It restores the kidneys to their normal condition by removing the acids which are the cause of the trouble. It is the most successful medicine for the cure of diseases of the Blood, Kidneys and Liver that has ever been produced.

If you are suffering with Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica, Colds, Coughs, La Grippe, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Gout, Indigestion, Sour Stomach, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Heart Weakness, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness and Blood Diseases use "5-DROPS."

IT NEVER FAILS TO CURE.

FREE. Write at once for a trial bottle of "5-DROPS" which we will send absolutely free, postage paid. Cut out the coupon and send to us with your name and address. This shows our faith in "5-DROPS." Now its up to you.

COUPON
No. 212
Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.
(TRADE MARK)

If "5-DROPS" is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle
Large Size bottle "5-DROPS" (300 Doses) $1.00
FOR SALE BY DRUGGISTS.
Ask your Druggist for the "SWANSON PILL," a sure cure for constipation. PRICE 25 CTS.

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO.
160 Lake Street, CHICAGO.

AS VIEWED BY GATH

(Continued from page 1.)

Pennsylvania was Jacob Brown, whom John Quincy Adams thought the superior, every way, of Gen. Jackson. Brooke is also suggested for governor of Pennsylvania.

As to Gen. Miles, he had the good will of the whole earth before he sattled down to the complacent life of Washington city. He appears to have antagonized every administration since. I heard him say of Harrison's that it would go out, or go down, with general contempt. He seems to have got on better with Hayes than with anybody.

Is it not possible that age brings out intensified the slight errors of man's character? That the brave subaltern grows gray with every mole in his character hardened into a wart?

Above all, the presidency is the ruin of idle generals, of Scott, Schofield, Grant. They constitutionally knew nothing about politics, and when they become famous do not want to submit to it. They especially contemn the secretary of war. They want to paw the army list over; to play solitarie with it. Cushing, who blew up the Albemarle and went crazy, told me that the navy, rank and line, despised the secretaries of the navy. I never heard Gen. Miles speak but he used the word "glorious." He was a fine, continuous officer, but Washington may have had the effect upon him of Asia upon Alexander the Great. His present use seems solely for faction.

GATH.

Renewal of Fishing Excursion Rates.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railway will put in effect the following rates:

Deerwood and return, going Friday and Saturday, return Monday	$2 85
Deerwood and return, going any day, return thirty days	3 80
Sturgeon Lake and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	1 50
Pine City and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday	2 00

WORLD OF LABOR

A Week of Local as Well as General Strikes.

Fewer Men Out In Duluth Than Many Other Cities.

Call For the Convention of the State Federation.

Scheduled labor meetings:

Building Laborers' union meets tonight, 18 West Superior street.

Pattern makers will meet tomorrow at 18 West Superior street.

Typographical union will meet tomorrow, 18 West Superior street.

Lake Seamen's union will meet Monday at 18 West Superior street.

Carpenters' union will meet on Tuesday at 18 West Superior street.

Retail Clerks' union will meet Tuesday, 18 West Superior street.

Cigarmakers' union will meet on Wednesday, 18 West Superior street.

The Plumber's union will meet Thursday, 18 West Superior street.

Federated Trades' assembly on Friday, 18 West Superior street.

Leather Workers' union meets Friday, 18 West Superior street.

• • •

This has been a week of local as well as general labor strikes.

To the credit of Duluth it may be said that fewer men are out than in any city of its size in the country.

The most interesting strike at present is that of the longshoremen. This is one of Duluth's most powerful unions.

The members in the union say they feel the effect of raised prices in the necessaries of life and are anxious to get back the old wage scale of 60 cents an hour which was lost last season.

Since Monday there have been meetings and conferences galore between the strikers, vessemen and mill men. The members of the Lumber Carriers' association insist 50 cents an hour is all that can be paid the longshoremen.

Committees on both sides will hold another conference today and it would not be surprising to see an adjustment of the difficulty within the next twenty-four hours.

• • •

David J. Keefe, international president of the longshoremen, is in the city.

• • •

On Thursday the new scale of the carpenters went in effect. Every union man in the craft is working, and the minimum wage is 37½ cents an hour.

• • •

The thirty-four iron molders of Duluth are out for a 9-hour day and a minimum wage of $3. Tuesday evening there was a conference and the bosses offered a minimum wage of $2.75 a day for a 56-hour week, and also wanted to put "bucks" in the shops.

These "bucks" never do much for unionism, and as a logical result there is opposition on the part of the union.

• • •

The strike of the tug firemen is still on and apparently the end is a long way off. The firemen have made many friends by the orderly manner in which they have insisted on their claims. At one time during the past week it looked as if the men would all go back to work at a slight compromise, but for some unknown reason the settlement did not materialize.

• • •

At the call of Organizer J. W. Richardson, the patternmakers of the city will meet in room E, at 18 West Superior street, at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, for the purpose of organizing. This meeting promises to be very largely attended.

• • •

The cooks and waiters of the city won an advance of $1 a week on Thursday without the slightest trouble. The executive committee of the Federated Trades' assembly aided materially in having the restaurant proprietors sign the new scale.

• • •

The master plumbers signed the yearly scale on Thursday. The journeymen get 50 cents an hour, the same as last year. There is only one non-union shop in the city.

• • •

Frank T. Hawley, of Buffalo, grand master of the switchmen's organization, addressed a very large meeting in Columbia hall on Tuesday evening. He made many friends while here.

• • •

William Johnson, a member of the switchmen's union was probably fatally injured last evening near the foot of Third avenue west.

He noticed some boys trying to board a Duluth & Iron Range train and in an effort to get them out of danger he was struck by a train of cars. One leg was amputated last evening and at an early hour this morning a report from St. Mary's hospital announced that he was very low.

Mr. Johnson lived at 208 West Second street with his wife and 3-year-old son.

• • •

The call for the convention of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor was issued by Secretary McEwen on Thursday. The convention will be held in Rochester, Minn., on June 9 and 10. Every union in the state is allowed one delegate for every twenty-five members, but not more than five delegates. Secretary McEwen has also sent out the following circular with the call:

Every union in the state of Minnesota should elect delegates to the twentieth convention of the State Federation of Labor, which will be held at Rochester, June 9 and 10, 1902.

During the past year the trade union movement in this state has experienced a marvelous growth. The established trade unions have increased in membership at a surprising rate. Fifty new unions have been organized, and that many more can yet be formed before this year passes away.

The spirit of the hour among the wage-earners of the state is for "organization." They see capital organizing and combining with great success. It affords to them an example well worth following. If it is a good thing for capital to organize, then it should be a good thing for labor to do likewise. The workingman who holds aloof from organization is as far behind the times as the manufacturer who thinks he can survive under the awful war of competition.

The individual workingman is simply an atom in the industrial world, but the organization of workingmen, intelligently formed and operated, thoroughly alive to the times is a power in itself.

The independence of the individual is maintained by the trade union, where it is destroyed without organization.

After the organization of workingmen into trade unions, the next move should be towards the federation of trade unions.

Capital believes in the "community of interest" plan of organization. Here is another lesson for labor.

A federation of labor is merely the organization of labor on the "community if interest" plan.

The workingman, or the union of workingmen, that does not believe in a federation of unions is not abreast of the times.

The Minnesota State Federation of Labor is organized on modern lines. It is a progressive federation. At its meetings the most radical, and the most conservative of labor's hosts assemble.

While the feredation refuses to go to the extreme with the radical, or to remain in the rut of the conservative, it certainly does bring them together on common ground. It frames a policy upon which all can unite, and by which great good can be accomplished for labor.

The federation is a school in trade unionism. No student of the labor question ever attended a meeting without coming home feeling that he was better equipped to advocate the cause of labor.

This getting together once a year, exchanging thoughts, observing conditions and grasping new ideas of trade unions, has had much to do with the present condition of the movement.

Let us boom the federation. The value of a central labor body to a local labor movement is well known. A state federation can be of the same value to the entire state. Let every union be represented. The cost is trivial compared with the good that can and will be done at this meeting.

LABOR NOTES.

Indianapolis building trades all got increased rates this year.

Union upholsterers are organizing throughout greater New York for the betterment of the industry.

All railroads running into Chicago will be asked to grant a uniform scale of wages to freight handlers.

The initiation fee to the Pittsburg locals of the Brotherhood of Carpenters of the district has been advanced from $15 to $20.

Building bricklayers will receive 50 cents an hour, and stone masons 45 cents. The carpenters refused an offer of 32½ cents an hour. They want 37½ cents.

Chinamen are the merchant seamen of the future, says a consular report from Shanghai. Over 1500 British vessels entered the port last year manned by Chinese crews.

A convention will be held in Minneapolis in September under the auspices of the Eight-Hour Day Supreme Grand League of America. The league is in the formative stage.

The International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers is taking a referendum vote on the question of again becoming affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

A schedule of wages for machinists in the railway shops of the Canadian Pacific railway has been submitted for the consideration of the company. A favorable answer is anticipated, but there are just possibilities.

While the unions affiliated with the Chicago Federation of Labor have overwhelmingly defeated the proposition to go into politics, many of the organizations declare that something should be done to elect impartial men to the judiciary.

The strike of Smoky City lodge boilermakers and iron shipbuilders has been settled. They asked for an advance of from $3 to $3.50 and won their fight. Over 300 men were out for nearly three weeks. It is understood that the inside men will present a new scale.

James M. Lynch, president of the International Typographical union, reports an unprecedented growth in that organization during the last month. He says the organization controls the mechanical departments of 8500 plants throughout the country at the present time and new ones are being added daily.

The South Chicago steel workers, whose refusal to obey the strike order of President Shaffer last September resulted in the revocation of their charters, now find themselves out in the cold, and developments of the last week show that they are anxious to be again under the protecting wing of some national organization.

At no time in the history of trades unions in Chicago has there been such a boom for organization work as at present. A union of barbers was formally launched and a union of laborers in the different gas houses was started. At least three other branches of industry are seeking organization. They are the laundry girls, the shipping clerks, and the paper box makers.

Of all the manufactured goods produced on earth, the United States contributes more than one-third, or 34 per cent. Her production of manufactured goods is nearly seven times as great as her proportion of population. Great Britain contributes 15 per cent of the manufactured goods of the earth, Germany 12 per cent and France 11 per cent.

Walter Vrooman, the social reformer, announces that he had purchased the land and completed plans for building a model village, or co-operative community, within a short distance of Kansas City. The village, Mr. Vrooman says, will finally have a dozen factories for the manufacure of as many different kinds of articles, churches, school houses, dwellings, stores and places of amusement, all built at his expense.

In New Zealand the government owns the railways, telegraph and telephone lines, the latter services being part of the postoffice system, and with six-penny telegrams and continually reduced freight and passenger rates, interest on the cost of the investments is being paid. New Zealand has adopted the imperial penny post, but Australia has not, so that letters to Australia cost twopence. Trades' unions and arbitration courts have pushed wages upward until capital is inclined to leave the country.

Pittsburg street railway men have been promised an increase June 1. The men now receive 20 cents per hour for one year's service; 21 for two years and 22 cents for four and over. The following are the demands made by Division No. 85: Increase in wages Universal "sharking" time. Decrease in length of suspension of men for breach of rules. The establishment of a uniform schedule not to exceed ten hours. Where convenient to adopt the "two turn" system. Recognition of the union and the privilege of all men to become members of same.

By the new Australian labor law a court is created which recognizes only two kinds of industrial unions—industrial unions of employers and industrial unions of employes. Only a registered trades' union can be registered as an industrial union of employes. The president of the court must be a judge of the supreme court. Every care has been taken to make the court an independent and dignified tribunal. Every industrial dispute—a phrase which is defined in terms which includes every possible matter which can arise between an employer and his workmen—can be referred to the court, either by the industrial union interested or by the registrar. Orders of the court may be enforced, as in New Zealand, by injunction or by fines and penalties levied on the corporate funds of the union and on individual members, but they are also enforceable by a totally new method, upon the efficiency of which will probably depend the success or failure of this measure—namely, the declaration of a common rule. The court also has power to declare a standard wage, and to direct that, other things being equal, an employer shall give a preference to unionists when two or more men are applying for employment at the same time.

MINING IN ARIZONA

(Continued from page 1.)

ed" that rushes through to the coast from Chicago as fast as any train runs, and stops only two or three times in a state. It is a train of the finest Pullmans, observation car and diners. There's a library, buffett and even a barber shop and bath. A shave costs but 25 cents. There is even artistic stationery for your correspondence and a lithograph-menu card that reposes among the souvenir art treasures of many a millionaire. If you want an attendant to anticipate every want or request, he is right at your elbow and politeness and attention personified. It costs more than on the other trains, but you get more, save time, and all that is worth more.

If you take one of the slower trains, there are splendid eating houses—the famous Fred Harvey system. The cookery is unsurpassed. My only criticism is that, coming on with such style and in several courses, you hardly have time to dispose of it before the train starts. But there is usually a defect of some sort in the most perfect of things.

• • •

I must not forget the patient, burden-bearing burro. He is to the Southwest what a camel is to the Sahara desert, a canoe to Western Ontario, an ox team to an Arkansan, or a mule to a Missourian. They carry burdens, climb mountains and even serve for saddle beasts. Where no one can go by other means ,the burro can and does go. He is sleepy and slow in many cases, and stubborn very often, but he is safe and sure, faithful and indispensable.

He will live on what would almost starve a goat. Paper from a tin can is a luxury. Shrubs, dry and thorny, are delicacies to a burro's palate. Their worst thing is their bray. A burro giving tongue makes almost as distressing a noise as John H. Norton addressing a jury in an admiralty case.

Capt. Bradbury tells the following story to illustrate a burro's intelligence, for, despite its lethargy and stupid appearance, masters of the burro declare that the animal is more intelligent than a horse.

When the "Crowned King" mine was running at its best, there was a good deal of gambling among the miners. Often a deck of cards would be thrown out of the window and a new one substituted in the game. The borros used to come around the shanties and lunch on those cards. Capt. Bradbury declares it to be a fact that the animals always ate the "face cards" first, and some of the miners declared that the burros had great strife to see which would get the high cards out of the decks thrown out.

Where you cannot get a horse, and where the railroad whistle has never been heard; where water is scarce and forage thin; where ore is to be carried, water supplied from camp, wood toted or supplies transported, there you will find the little burro and his strong back.

JOHN L. MORRISON.

MISS SARAH FINLEY,
Vice-President of the Palmetto Club, Memphis, Tennessee.

WINE OF CARDUI has brought relief to over a million women during the years of its existence. It is a thoroughly scientific and modern remedy, meeting the needs of the modern women in the modern way—without the torture of an operation. Women are modest. Modesty is their charm and because Wine of Cardui appeals to women's modesty by curing them in the privacy of their homes it has found a place in the hearts of American women that no other medicine has found. In their gratitude over 10,000 American women have written letters commending Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui meets their wants as no other medicine does. It sustains the young girl at the shock of her entrance to womanhood. Women who take Wine of Cardui have little discomfort during pregnancy and little pain at childbirth. When the change of life appears they enter a happy, healthy old age. Every month it comes to the rescue to assist Nature in throwing the impurities from the body.

Miss Sarah Finley, of Memphis, Tenn., Vice-President of the Palmetto Club of that city, speaks for herself and many friends when she bestows the following praise on Wine of Cardui:

"Among the numerous medicines placed before suffering women for their relief none can touch McElree's Wine of Cardui. It towers above them all as a reliable female remedy. It simply drives pain and disease away and restores health in an incredibly short period. I have taken great interest in this medicine for the past two years, since it brought health and strength to me. I have also recommended it to a number of my friends and they who have used it speak of it in the highest terms and I feel that it is praise well bestowed."

If you are suffering from female weakness Wine of Cardui is the medicine you need. Mrs. Lizzie C. Ward, of Bowmans, Va., says so.

"Wine of Cardui is doing me lots of good. I feel better than I have for some time. My menses are all right now and I feel better at this time than I have ever felt in my life. I think it is a grand medicine."

Mrs. S. L. Horton, of Tampa, Fla., says so.

"I have taken Wine of Cardui for some time and I am glad to say it does me more good than anything else I have ever taken. I have told so many about it. I have taken six bottles and have also given it to my daughter."

Miss Emma Harris, of Charlottesville, Va., says so.

"Wine of Cardui is just what it is put up for. There is nothing like it. I would be in my grave were it not for Wine of Cardui and I hope every woman will give it a trial."

You can have health the same as these women if you will take the Wine of Cardui treatment. All druggists sell $1.00 bottles.

If you need advice further than the complete directions given on the bottle, address The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn.

WINE OF CARDUI RELIEVES ALL "FEMALE ILLS".

WOMAN

Said to Have Assisted Her Husband In Nightly Burglaries.

Marion, Ind., May 3.—Mrs. Frank Houk, has been arrested on the charge of receiving and concealing stolen goods. Her husband was arrested about a week ago on the charge of burglary while attempting to dispose of stolen goods. He acknowledged having robbed about twenty dwellings in this city during the last two years. His home was searched and a wagon load of goods that had been stolen was recovered and identified by the owners. Mrs. Houk said she was compelled to keep quiet about the matter, as her husband had threatened to kill her. Detectives say they have evidence against Mrs. Houk to the effect that she assisted her husband in making his nightly raids and sold notions about the city in order to obtain a diagram of houses intended for a raid. Dwellings were robbed during the absence of the owners and the interior dismantled of everything valuable.

The English Navy.

Although the naval strength of England is equal to that of any three continental powers, it is stated they are planning several more powerful warships. They are determined to have the best and most efficient navy in the world. In the selection of a family medicine we see this same spirit being put forth more and more every day, because the people are determined to have the best remedy that can be obtained. It is impossible to purchase a better or more reliable medicine than Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Every member of the family can take it safely, with the assurance that it will positively do them good. It will restore vigor to the system and cure indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, nervousness and malaria.

For Fine... Wall Paper and... Decorating go to
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209 E. Sup. St. Zenith Phone 41

PARISIAN FASHIONS

Ideas For Summer Wear From the Creators of the French Modes.

Shortening of Skirts to Be Followed By a Distinct Shortening of Sleeves—The Arm to Be Bare.

Paris, April 24.—Shortening of skirts will be followed by a distinct shortening of the sleeves for summer wear—in other words, wristbands and everything in the way of cuffs will be completely suppressed during the coming season and the arm left bare, a reform imposed by the coming into vogue of bracelets and lace mitts. The latter, by the way, are now shown in all the smart shops in every kind and style of lace—white as well as the pale shades—in lisle and thread. These mittens will be as much in favor as the conventional black mitts, and the lucky woman possessing the real lace mitts of her grandmother can utilize them most effectively this summer.

Exquisite examples of mitts are shown in Chantilly lace, and run up near $100 the pair, which is more expensive than the long worn glove, however many times the latter had to be renewed. Mitts, of course, are the result of the revival of Louis XV and Louis XVI modes, the women of the Trianon gloryling in their mittens which only partially hid their aristocratic hopsack over a white taffeta foundation and trimmed with white satin strappings.

Ribbons are being much used upon cloth gowns for trimming and are heavily embroidered in gold, silver and colored silk threads.

The corsage boleros—and there are many of them this season—nearly all have smart little basque tails, a happy innovation which permits long jackets to be shortened, freshened and transformed into the most up-to-date bolero jacket.

Paneled skirts are much in vogue. A pretty gown with a skirt of this description had the panels crossed by narrow bands of black and white stripes. Another panel skirt for a red gown had such panel separated by a band of white cloth.

Some of the ultra tailor gowns have the regulation habit waists and exceedingly close fitting skirts relieved by set bands of strappings around the bottom of the skirt and upon the collar and cuffs, or have a jaunty little vest formed entirely by the strapping put on diagonally.

Nearly all the new collars seen upon the spring coats are exceedingly high, and a coat cravat attached to them is among the novel ways of finishing them. The Medici collar is a modified form, the border cut in scallops, is as ever in favor. The turning over roll affords an excellent opportunity for trimming with incrustations of lace or cut designs in velvet, to say nothing of a combination of both.

Already gowns for the races are being displayed, their airy lovelinessproving too strong a temptation to be resisted by the majority of women. Guipure and veilings are among the most popular materials for these gowns, and the trimming is of the gayest description, many hues cleverly combined in the embroidery incrustations or other ornamentation. The days of simplicity are past, and the modern woman, unlike Mme. Recamier, does not consider simplicity the essence of wise coquetry.

The new blouses are bewilderingly lovely. Fancy foulards are now pressed into service and in pale colors are made up with masses of lace, ribbon and embroidery. Applications of lace in medallions are among the favorite ways of trimming with lace—such a clever idea for utilizing lace which has seen service, and the frayed ends of which would render it useless for jabots or ruffles, for the medallions are made of designs cut out of the lace. White glace silk, closely tucked, is most effective for the collars and cuffs of silk blouses, and in particular for those of foulard. Chantilly lace blouses, over white or colored foundations, with quantities of chiffon, a dash of gilt or embroidery, are among the most effective of the new blouses for theater wear and for the "five o'clocks," as the French say, which are a daily occurrence thoughout the season.

The washing silks, for morning wear, are the most in favor for the morning blouse, and are bewitchingly made up in light colors, with frills of Valenciennes lace tumbling from the neck. Too many of such waists cannot be possessed, their fresh appearance and youthful character making them so useful for every and all occasions. Many of these have basque tails and are made almost habit shape.

For light coats to be worn over such blouses taffeta is almost exclusively used, in dark shades of green, embroidered in white or Oriental colors, or black, trimmed entirely in black. Some of the new models are sack in shape, others fit the figure closely, while still others are a compromise between the two. Their principal charm consists in the fact that they are distinctly picturesque.

A new way of triming hats has just been introduced which is most effective. A large bow of velvet holds the hat up one side, while the crown is covered with two scarfs of soft ribbon of contrasting color, gathered into a bow on one side, where a cluster of flowers finishes the knot. Scarfs are much used upon all the new hats, and I am surprised at the number of chapeaux which tie coquettishly under the chin. Violets are in the height of favor for hats of all kinds. One that struck me particularly at Armenonville the other Sunday was entirely formed upon each side by two compact masses of violets. The middle of the hat was

SHOWING THE NEW FEATURE IN MILADI'S WARDROBE.

Gown of white canvas elaborately trimmed with blue polka dot silk. The waist has a sailor collar effect in ecru batiste and lace. The skirt has two circular flounces starting from the front breadth and bordered with the dotted silk. Two bands of the silk are set down the center of the front and connected by black velvet baby ribbon. There is a similar effect on the waist at the neck. The graceful flare at the bottom of the skirt is held in shape by the introduction of a ten-inch band of French hair cloth inserted in the slip skirt several inches from the bottom. From this band a taffeta ruffle continues, completing the length of the skirt. This revised use of hair cloth will doubtless be largely adopted, the soft clinging materials so popular this season renders something absolutely necessary to hold out the lower edge of the skirts. We are indebted to the courtesy of the Costume Royal for the loan of this gown to be photographed as an illustration of the new fad.

hand and left bare their delicate fingers. Naturally, long gloves reaching above the elbows will be as much worn with short sleeves as the mittens, particularly for strict street wear, when the latter are small protection against wind and sun.

Many of the newest smart walking dresses are made in pearl gray in the lightweight satin cloth so admirably suited for street wear. One of the prettiest of these gowns was made in the new box plait fashion, the skirt being entirely composed of box plaits running the whole way round. Above the hem were three rows of strappings, each row comprising in turn three rows of strappings. The corsage had a box plait running down the front and was trimmed to match the skirt.

Another gown was of soft light drab cloth, the corsage and skirt entirely made of tiny tightly stitched plaits which almost resembled ribbing—indeed, the effect seemed to be that of corduroy.

Pale green is in the height of fashion, and one of the prettiest of the new spring gowns is made of pale green

HER LACE HAT AND BOA.

The summer girl is infatuated with transparent effects. Here is one of her large drooping scoop shaped hats, gracefully draped in delicate white lace. Two large jet headed pins are thrust through the back of the brim. The fluffy boa which goes so well with the hat is made of white chiffon spotted with black velvet and edged with ruffles covered with white satin baby ribbon. Sunbursts of silk embroidery surround the black velvet spots.

However, there is one thing she must have, and this is a fancy coat; that is, if she desires to be strictly modish.

If she is a wee bit inclined to stoutness, then her model will be a semi-tight fitting one in a three-quarter length. The slender woman—that fortunate individual who never has to worry over new fashions, for she knows they are designed especially for her type—may indulge her fancy for one of those tiny taffeta affairs which look more like an abbreviated kimona than anything else I know.

There are pretty Chantilly coats and those of veiling made upon a silk foundation, while the light-colored cloth ones appear smarter than ever.

One of the loveliest coats made this season is the Bechoff-David model, of printed mousseline over silk. The diaphanous fabric is exquisitely colored with pink flowers and green foliage, upon a delicate ground of creamy white. The coat almost reaches the bottom of the skirt and is intended for evening wear. Its broad sleeves have the same stamped design in soft colors and are bordered with a tiny festoon of ribbon knots. The bottom of the coat is finished to match.

A Capuchin hood makes this garment somewhat picturesque and quaint. About the shoulders, bordering this round, collar-like affair and overlaid with radiating bands of ribbon on a foundation of lace, there is a three-inch shirring of plain mousseline. Where this crosses the bust there are two rosettes of the chiffon, from which depend long and broad streamers of velvet striped ribbon having the proportionate ends cut pointed. At the throat the coat is finished with a high turn-over collar trimmed with straps of black velvet ribbon and oval applications of lace.

A slender figure will find the graceful and clinging fullness of this coat very beconing, and its airy daintiness is particularly appropriate for use at this time of the year. Mousseline, of course, is a perishable fabric, but nothing as yet designed is quite so effective for certain purposes and surely nothing could be prettier.

A smart taffeta coat is shown in the three-quarter model, which has long revers faced back with ecru silk, showing pompadour figures. The half-fitting garment is slashed at the sides and is bordered all around with three graduated widths of black velvet ribbon. These bands follow the outline of the coat and form a point at the top of the slashes. Two widths are used upon the revers and flat collar, while the regulation coat sleeves are finished with a deep turn-back cuff of pompadour silk edged with velvet bands.

The tight-fitting coat of ecru is another smart style in the popular three-quarter length. This entire model is made of ecru cloth in an elaborate cut-out design laid upon a foundation of taffeta exactly the same shade. The pattern of the cloth applique suggests long broadening panels, coming from a fancifully wrought yoke effect, and with this design duplicated in the wide border. The sleeves broaden considerably at the bottom and are made entirely of the applique design, with a narrower border marking the bell-shaped edge. A ruffle of ecru lace finished the sleeves at the hand, and three black velvet loops are caught at regular space in this frill.

A straight narrow band at the neck has a turn-over ruffle of the ecru lace, and this, too, is marked by intersecting loops of narrow black velvet ribbon. The frill of lace continues down the front to the bust and at this point are knotted long loops and ends of the ribbon in a broader width.

A rather odd conceit is the other Bechoff-David model, which is made entirely of sunplaited cloth. The material used is oyster-colored voile, and the lining is cachemire louisine, bordered with three rows of black velvet ribbon, an inch-wide band forming the center row, while the two outside ones are of the same narrow width. Like nearly all the modish coats, this one is supplied with a broad collar, which is incrusted with heavy lace, dyed to match the peculiar shade of the cloth. Even the sleeves to this model are sun-plaited, to match the body of the coat, and fall in straight full lines from the shoulders. They, too, are lined with louisine and trimmed with ribbon, after the fashion of the rest of the inner part.

Very smart, indeed, is the three-quarter Mauby model in mastic cloth. Nothing could be more stylish for wear at the races than such a garment, and combined with the Virot hat the effect is all that one could wish. There is a round yoke emphasized by rows of stitching, and from this part the half loose garment falls in becoming lines which broaden out toward the bottom. Unique are the sleaves, which are somewhat full and have this extra width drawn in at the elbow by means of tiny tucks which extend upward a few inches. At the elbow under a narrow stitched strap which buttons on the inside of the arm, the lower section of the sleeve is set on. This fits the arm closely here, gradually broadening as it reaches downward until it finishes in very wide turn-back cuffs stitched around to match the yoke and faced with silk the color of the cloth. There are lapels which round in the same way as the yoke and cuffs, and these, too, are stitched.

The hat worn with this coat is a Louis XVI. made of black straw ruching and trimmed with roses.

Blouses are prettier and daintier than ever, and invariably they are made so by means of the fine handwork put upon them. Here is a coarse blue linen which particularly attracted my attention, for it appeared so simple and yet so smart. Over here, shirt waists give way entirely to soft and more feminine blouses in white, ecru and all the pale shades, and these are elaborately adorned with feather stitching, lace and embroidery bands and all manner of pretty self-colored embroideries.

Nothing has succeeded quite so well with the summer woman as these lingerie blouses, and it seems rather astonishing to find that many of them are marked at the same figures as handsome crepe and mousseline ones. However, this fact is readily accounted for by a glance at the fine handrun tucks and handwrought designs.

This particular blouse was made to order from wedgewood blue linen, and, contrary to the usual mode for such waists, this one fastened at the front. For the space of perhaps half an inch down the back the threads were pulled out, and a very effective pattern of Spanish drawnwork was done in the open meshes. Each side of this was a cluste rof about a dozen lingerie tucks. This furnished all the decoration observed upon the back of the blouse. The front, however, presented a more fancy appearance, and directly down the center ran the same drawnwork design, then at each side of this were clusters of the tiny lingerie tucks, then more drawnwork, and so on until the entire blouse front was covered with handwork.

The sleeves had two clusters of three tucks running from the shoulder to a point midway between the wrist and elbow, and here they were freed in order to supply the modish puff. The fullness was gathered into a deep wristband, done in blue cotton embroidery, with the design cut out. This cuff matched the yoke effect, which was really made of two points extending over the front of the blouse, practically being a continuation of the straight collar, and done in cut-out embroidery. Embroidery cotton used in the same color as the blouse is one of the most effective and smartest trimmings designed for these garments.

THE RAGE FOR RIBBONS.

This soft, drooping hat is made entirely of ribbon rosettes, lace and flowers. The white organdie waist is elaborately trimmed with black satin ribbon, Binch lace and large spots of black velvet on the collar. A large ribbon rosette simulating a rose is worn as a corsage ornament. From the William Strange company.

DRESS MAKERS

And All Women Who Work, either for their Living or for Society, are Subject to the Same Organic Troubles. How Many Are Cured.

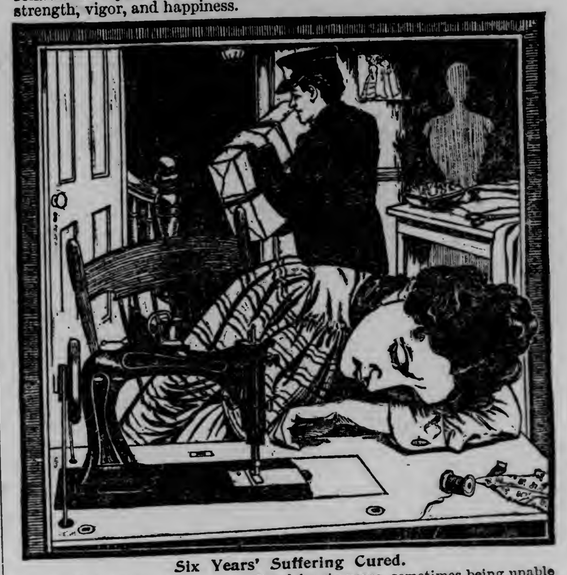
A gorgeous costume flashed beneath the brilliant lights of a ball room. The queen of society is radiant to-night.

The nervous hands of a weak woman have toiled day and night, the weary form and aching head have known no rest, for the dress had to be finished in time.

To that queen of society and her dressmaker we would say a word. One through hothouse culture, luxury and social excitement, and the other through the toil of necessity, may some day find their ailments a common cause.

Nervous prostration, excitability, fainting spells, dizziness, sleeplessness, loss of appetite and strength, all indicate serious trouble, which has been promoted by an over-taxed system.

For the society queen and the dressmaker alike, there is nothing so reliable as **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** to restore strength, vigor, and happiness.



Six Years' Suffering Cured.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I suffered for six years, sometimes being unable to get about at all. It seemed to me as though I could not live, and I did not care to. I had womb trouble, kidney trouble, leucorrhœa, backache, was nervous and had no ambition to do anything or go anywhere. Was obliged to give up my trado of sewing. I tried three doctors but they did me no good. Seeing your advertisement I thought I would try your medicine. I felt better after the first bottle, and by the time I had taken six I was able to resume my work again. I shall always praise **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**"—MRS. MARY A. RUSSELL, Chincoteague Island, Va. (Dec. 14, 1900.)

If there is anything in your case about which you would like special advice, write freely to Mrs. Pinkham. No man will see your letter. She can surely help you, for no person in America has such a wide experience in treating female ills as she has had. She has helped hundreds of thousands of women back to health. Her address is Lynn, Mass., and her advice is free. You are very foolish if you do not accept her kind invitation.

Mrs. Lizzie Anderson, 49 Union St., Salem, N.J.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I feel it my duty to write and tell you how grateful I am to you for what your medicine has done for me. At one time I suffered everything a woman could. I had inflammation of the ovaries, falling of the womb, and leucorrhœa. At times could not hold a needle to sew. The first dose of your Vegetable Compound helped me so much that I kept on using it. I have now taken six bottles and am well and able to do my work. I also ride a wheel and feel no bad effects from it. I am thankful to the Giver of all good for giving you the wisdom of curing suffering women. I recommend your medicine to every woman troubled with any of these diseases."

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

LIKE A SNAKE

Her Husband Asserted That He Loved Her.

Lima, Ohio, May 3.—Mrs. Sarah Draper has brought suit for divorce from Walter Draper. They were married in Paulding ten years ago, and she charges him with refusal to provide medical attention, and that he said he wished she would die as he loved her as he would a snake.

IN THE OHIO

Dilley Was Swimming When He Woke Up.

Marietta, Ohio, May 3.—A man giving his name as George Dilley, and his residence as Macksburg, Ohio, was found on Upper Front street in a semiconscious condition and his clothes drenched with water. He was taken to police headquarters, and after being revived told this story:

"My name is George Dilley. I was in Marietta to be initiated into the Elks lodge. In company with Clarence Goodwill I went to a saloon, on Ohio street, and called for a drink. I drained the glass and that is the last I remember until I woke up and was swimming in the Ohio river. I became unconscious again and was revived in this room. I had about $100 with me, which is gone now."

Goodwill cannot be located. The Elks are investigating.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to **BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.**

Mother's Friend

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

Al. G. Field's Minstrels Playing For the Duluth Elks' Building Fund.

"Arizona," Augustus Thomas' Stirring Play At Lyceum Monday Night--- "York State Folks" Tuesday and Wednesday.

This afternoon Al G. Field's minstrels are appearing at the Lyceum before a large audience and tonight they will again appear. The performances have a strong local interest from the fact that the building fund of the Elks' lodge of this city will receive its start from these performances.

An electrical feature of Al G. Field's show this season is the scene entitled "A Day and a Night at the Pan-American Exposition." Two thousand miniature electric bulbs are used to light up the different buildings, colonades and groups of statuary. Electric designs adorn the tracings of the picturesque architecture, converting the stage into a bower of beauty. As the half hundred artists come from the Stadium in full view of the audience, attired in shimmering silk and satin, the scene is animated and gorgeous. The Field Minstrels have been seen in many brilliant first parts, but this creation is the crowning achievement of all former efforts.

Fun fast and furious and right to the minute permeates the entire scene from the greatest array of comedians ever engaged in one company, embracing such distinguished artists as Jimmy Wall, John Blackford, Tommy Donnelly, Frank Fogerty, Doc Quigley, George Mullen, Tom Hyde, Sam Goldman, Charles Cartmell, Billy Cawley and Al G. Field, the Chesterfield of Minstrelsy. Dan Quinlan presiding as interlocutor. When the laughter ceases, it is to be entertained by the greatest assemblage of vocalists ever congregated in a minstrel first part, including Joseph E. Blamphin, English tenor robusto; M. Julian Walsh, Irish tenor; Newton Bassett, German baritone; Aubrey Pringle, distinguished English basso; A. Fred Aeikens, American lyric tenor; Master Joe Wallace, the marvelous boy soprano, with five Madrigal boys and the famous Welsh tenor Reese Prosser, supported by a well-trained chorus of twelve voices. With the songs in the hands of these famous people, and assisted by the large symphony orchestra, the music of the first part ripples along delightfully.

"ARIZONA."

"Arizona," Augustus Thomas' stirring play, will be seen at the Lyceum Monday evening for the first time in this city. This play came in the nature of a surprise to blase New York theater-goers. They had seen nothing like it and they were undecided how to classify it. Even the critical minds of the metropolitan press differed on the morning after the production to such a degree that it still remains a mooted point along Broadway as to whether Mr. Thomas' most successful play is a drama, a melo-drama, or a comedy drama. On one point, however, New York enthusiastically endorses the earlier spoken verdict of Chicago and Boston. That verdict was plain and simple in direction and import; simply this: "Arizona" is the best and cleverest American drama of recent production.

The original company comes to Duluth. The principal artists in the well-balanced cast are Miss Grace Elliston, Duston Farnum, J. W. Cope, Grace Dunbar, Frazer Coulter, Alma Bradley, Frank Campeau, Ada Craven, Dodson Mitchell, Jane Bliss Taylor, Ben Deane, William Hazeltine, Stanley Murphy and Clement R. Kirby.

"YORK STATE FOLKS."

One of the few genuinely original "number one" companies comes to the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday evenings in the latest of the rural dramatic successes, "York State Folks," from Sidman's famous play, which has been pronounced "the legitimate successor of 'Shore Acres' and 'The Old Homestead,'" was first produced at the Chestnut Street opera house, Philadelphia, on Sept. 15 last, and has been seen only in the large Eastern cities. Duluth gets the same cast and the same scenery, and in the first season of the play's success the organization comes here without a change in personnel or in the elaborate scenic effects. The company and includes James Lackaye, Roy L. Royce, Ernest Lamson, Arthur Gregory, Harry Jackson, Randolph Curtis, Osborne Searle, Frank Soule, Harry Crosby, George Mahaney, Carl Newton, Lydia Knott, Eleanor Sidman, Kate Jackson, Hilda Russell, Celia Clay, the two clever children, Bessie Burt and Will Gray and all the other originals.

The famous "Maple Lane" scene, with its remarkable lighting effects, the wagon shop scene, the store scene, the "settin' room" scene and the unique dream scene of the finale are shown as in the initial production. It is probable that the company will return directly to New York after the Duluth engagement, to finish the season there with a return "run."

The St. Paul and Minneapolis engagements, just concluded, have been remarkable from the standpoint of popular approval and newspaper criticism. In describing the play the St. Paul Dispatch said:

"No more pleasing drama has ever been seen in St. Paul. The stage has been flooded with rural dramas of the melodramatic sort, and a play which lacks villians and wronged women and mortgages is a refreshing variation. It is true in its plot, in its scenic investiture, and in all these seemingly insignificant but really important things which go to make up an accurate stage picture. It has no tracks common to the butter and cheese play. No flocks of sheep are driven across the stage. And yet there has been no drama of the sort with so much real life in it. There have been wash tubs and pumps and mowing machines before, but 'York State Folks' is true to its name. It is just about folks, and the sort of folks you know and can sympathize with and laugh at.

"The company is one of the best that has ever been seen in a rural drama. Even the minor parts are well taken. The actors in 'York State Folks' interpret Mr. Sidman's characters in a spirit true to the author's conception. In that they never reach for effects or step out of the characters they represent. The Simon Peter Martin of James Lackaye is a wonderful creation, and the balance of the very large cast is correspondingly competent."

The final scene of the play is a stage novelty. The scene is laid in the sitting room of a village home. The old organist, one of the leading characters of the story, has fallen asleep and dreams of the scene in the big city church where his organ has been placed. The walls of the room fade away and the scene in the church comes dimly into view, with organ, organist and vested boy choir singing the final strains of the service. It is a unique scene and a fitting ending to a natural and wholly pleasing stage story.

MISS THURSTON

In Her New Play, "At Cozy Corners."

The Williamsport, Pa., Gazette and Bulletin of recent date contained a notice of the appearance there in her new play of Miss Adelaide Thurston, whom Duluth is proud to claim as one of her brightest representatives on the stage. The Williamsport paper said:

Many admirers of that charming and dainty little actress, Adelaide Thurston, were at the Lycoming opera house last night to see her in her new play, "At Cozy Corners." Much has been heard of Miss Thurston since she was seen here as the principal support of Mrs. Sarah La Moyne in "The Greatest Thing in the World." Her great success as a star this season has placed her in the front ranks of theatrical luminaries. Up to a few days ago she has been starring in a play called "Sweet Clover." Miss Thurston will tell you that she laid aside that piece for "At Cozy Corners," because she thought the latter better suited to her. The writer has never seen "Sweet Clover" and takes the little actress' word. But if "Sweet Clover" was any daintier or more delightful than "At Cozy Corners" proved last night, it must indeed have been a charming composition. Miss Thurston plays the part of Avis Merrill, known on the concert stage as the great violinist, "Claudia." She seeks rest and quiet in the little town of Cozy Corners, Mass., where she falls in love with and marries young Clyde Hollister, the minister of the Congregational church. Next to her love for Clyde, Avis loves her violin. Her old manager comes to persuade her to return to the stage. Even young ministers are not proof against jealousy, and so the green-eyed monster points its finger to the violin. The young wife, forbidden to play in her home, goes into the church at night with her cherished instrument. It is in this act that the Misses Phelps and Short, the authors, treat their audience to a genuine "thrill." The young minister, in a burst of passion, smashes the violin to pieces over the pulpit desk. It was a real touch of melodrama, devoid of sensationalism and decidedly novel in conception. There are many other features of "At Cozy Corners" that make it a great play, and its comedy is plentiful. Miss Thurston is charming throughout, whether it be in the dainty touches of humor which have placed her among the foremost engenues of the stage, or in the pathetic moments of the delightful play. She reminds one in her way of that other famously demure actress, Annie Russell.

Miss Thurston is admirably supported. Frank X. Hope plays the part of the young minister with consummate skill and taste. Eleanor Sheldon as Mrs. Deacon Bartlett, and Sadie Stringham as Amanda, the minister's hired help, are two splendid actresses. Miss Stringham will be remembered as having originated a similar part in "Lovers Lane." A mite of an actress, Minnie M. Allen, was was Sophronia Smith. She introduced a giggle that became infectious. Others worthy of mention in the production are Fred G. Hean, Marion Halcomb, Lillian Wood, Will J. Gilson and Mark L. Smith. The Cozy Corners quartet proved a meritable feature. The play is prettily mounted, and the mastercraft of Frederick Paulding, who staged the piece, is evident throughout.

"At Cozy Corners" is reminded of the play which first brought Miss Thurston into prominence, "The Little Minister."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

Willie Collier to Join Weber & Fields' Company.

New York, May 3.—Out of the Weber and Fields' Music hall gossip is coming like a rapidly developing squall that bit concerns the passing of Sam Bernard as a member of that all-star stock company. Once before Bernard left the house and was welcomed back with open arms, but things are vastly different now. The strained relations between him and Lew Fields are so marked that nothing short of a miracle will ever heal the breach. According to report founded on the best authority the difficulty arose over a woman, that young woman who was unable to restrain her feelings when she heard that Bernard was engaged to another, Madge Adae, who formerly lived in Avondale, Cincinnati. Bernard's sympathizers among the Weber and Fields crowd, but no sturdier champion than Lew Fields, who did not, upon occasion, hesitate to deliver himself of the belief that she was a much ill used young woman. Some weeks later, according to the story, the question arose as to whether she or Sam Bernard should leave the company. The decision of Fields, it seems was not in favor of Bernard, and, while the latter had a contract with two years still to run, unofficial information was given him that hereafter his parts would be wholly inadequate according to his opinion. Weber and Fields expressed no desire of breaking the contract. On the contrary, they were quite willing to pay him his full salary until the contract should expire. During this period, however, they had no idea of displaying him as a principal, and Bernard, taking the hint, decided to resign. He will star on his own account, he says, under the management of his brother Dick.

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Willie Collier, who is practically to take Bernard's place, enjoys the proud distinction of being the second member of that company who was sold for $30,000. When George Lederer unloaded Lillian Russell upon Henry Abbey for that sum he made a theatrical record which was not beaten until Weber and Fields paid a like amount in cash to Jacob Litt for the services of Collier. The latter, according to the latest reports, will not play with the stock company for any long period, but as soon as a play can be obtained that is likely to prove as much of a success as "On the Quiet" he will be starred under the Weber and Fields direction. Such an arrangement is admirably fitted to the purposes of the Music hall men, who will thus have in reserve at all times a strong favorite with which to strengthen their company.

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Few persons along Broadway know Pauline Hall in her home life. A more totally different person from the Pauline Hall of the stage could hardly be imagined. With her sister, who came to the East with her from Cincinnati, and her little girl, she lives a most homely life in a Yonkers suburb. To her neighbors she is known as a model housewife, energetically superintending every detail of the household, and withal without the slightest suggestion of the footlights. Her daughter, Pauline Hall McClellan, is one of the pets of the neighborhood, and is kept as far away from a theater as it is possible for her mother to do so.

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Edward E. Rice will tempt fortune again on Broadway at Wallack's theater on May 5. He will produce "A Show Girl," one of the Boston Cadets' shows, which he believes is a worthy successor to "1492." The book is by R. A. Barnett and the libretto by Heartz and Corliss. The latter composer, a scion of the inventor of the celebrated Corliss engine, has written some very pretty music. Curiously enough he is unable to play any instrument and scarcely knows one note from another. He is full of music, and whistles whatever air he has in his mind until he gets it to his own satisfaction. He then whistles it to a musician, who writes the note as the air proceeds.

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Amelia Bingham took her pen in hand a few days ago for the purpose of addressing the young women who believe that fortune and fame await them upon the stage. "To every woman who has a home," she wrote, "and who does not need to make her own living, I say, 'Keep off the stage.' Not because it is bad, but because it is hard. No one who has not tried can possibly appreciate the hardship, the self-sacrifice, the work and the bitter disappointments which every actress who succeeds must undergo, and not every woman who has the inclination possesses the strength of body and spirit. As to the moral influence of stage life upon its recruits from society I believe it is impossible to come to a general conclusion. A vain, silly woman will be misled by flattery whether she is on the stage or in society, but I think she has more protection on the stage than in the life of a gay, society set. The door closes upon the personal life of an actress, and no door is so hard to pass as the stage door. Behind that the woman who is really sertious in her purpose can make her life as exclusive as she wishes, and she will find shelter and sympathy and encouragement. A woman who is merely on the lookout for temptation will find it anywhere. I care not what the circumstances, blood, virtuous or otherwise, will tell, and the same women will stand or fall whether they are on the stage, in some other vocation or in their own home."

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Hobart Chatfield Chatfield-Taylor, of Chicago, has disposed of the dramatic rights of his novel, "The Crimson Wing," to Mr. Charles Frohman. There are three strong characters in the story, and Mr. Frohman has not yet decided how he will produce the dramatization. He may give it to one of his stars, male or female, or, again, he may present it with a stock company or with a specially selected cast.

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Lillian Russell has won the heart of one woman in this town so completely that nothing will ever shake her admirer's allegiance. On the closing night of the season at Weber and Field's little, dried-up old woman stood behind the scenes, alternately laughing and crying. She was the washerwoman who during the season had done out duties for various members of the company, and the closing of the house meant a serious cutting off of her income. As one member after another passed her they greased into her hand a coin or a bill, according to their means, and the old woman was almost overcome. Miss Russell, who was one of the last contributors, handed her a bill and closed her hand upon it. When the old woman spread the bank note out she found it was for $100. It is safe to say that she was the happiest woman in New York that night.

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The guests of David Belasco on the occasion that marked his former possession of the Theater Republic had a surprise in store for them, and enjoyed it to the limit. This was the specialty of Oscar Hammerstein leading Mrs. Leslie Carter through a waltz; the doughty Oscar danced with all the vim of the man of it, and Mrs. Carter seconded his efforts nobly. After supper and some ping-pong a fortune teller and a troupe of colored singers, a huge loving cup which had been presented to Belasco on Christmas Eve was filled with champagne. Before he started on his rounds Charles A. Stevenson, turning to Belasco, said:

"May one old girl always linger here, and may her daughter never. Dame Fortune, we hope, will attend you ever, that Miss Fortune must never gain admission. Don't let the girls talk too loud in the wings; see that the stage hands go about in carpet slippers, and let us hope that no steam pipe will ever make a noise without first saying 'Hush!' We are here, literally in the house of David, to wish our friend and master all manner of good fortune. Let us drink to him and to Mrs. Carter in this."

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Miss Maude Fealey, who was William Gillette's leading woman in London during the run there of "Sherlock Holmes," is back in town. Miss Fealey is on her way to the youngest of the American leading women, Miss Ethel Barrymore being her senior by a few weeks. Miss Fealey found only one outstanding hit during her season abroad, and that was the reception of the entire company by the gallery gods.

"I never heard so many discouraging noises in my life as I did on the night we opened," she said. "It seemed as though the entire hoodlum population of London was doing its best to drive the performance. The noise kept up without intermission for fully five minutes, when a gray-haired man stood up in the front row of the house. The mob must have known him, for then the noise ceased. 'You are a disgrace to London,' he shouted, as soon as he could be heard, and there was no trouble after that."

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It is curious how little things often affect the fate of those members of the histrionic profession who have reached that proud eminence where they are forced to allow little things to interfere with their happiness. Arthur Forrest felt called upon to resign hurriedly from Henrietta Crosman's company because some stupid usher had really distributed old programs in which the name of Harry Woodruff appeared, instead of his own, as Orlando, when Miss Crosman was playing "As You Like It." Almost cowering beneath his righteous indignation Miss Crosman had not enough energy left to engage Charley Cherry for Forrest's role in her new play "Madeline." When the first production was made at Poughkeepsie Miss Crosman and the audience discovered that Cherry was a remarkably good actor, and in the strongest scene of the play admirably supported Miss Crosman, if he did not even surpass her work.

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Daniel Frohman has about given up the idea of finding a suitable play for Bertha Galland, and, fearing to delay a decision any longer, has announced that he will star her next season in the Daly theater production of "Notre Dame." William F. Owen and Frank Bangs will play their original parts, and Frank Losee has been engaged for the role of Claude Frollo. The company will be seen in New York and Brooklyn only two weeks, and will then tour the East and South. Mr. Frohman himself will be seen, however, in a Pinero comedy now being written for him will give Miss Galland a chance later on to appear in another role.

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During the Lambs' gambol at Wallack's the other afternoon Henry E. Dixey furnished a small part of Broadway wool considerable amusement. He had an important part in the travesty that afternoon, and as he is now appearing at the Bijou, across the street, decided to utilize his own dressing room. With his makeup he dashed along Sixth avenue with a burnt cork face and an exaggerated suit of clothes and made his way rapidly through Thirtieth street to the stage door of Wallack's. By the time he reached it a crowd of several hundred was at his heels. On his return trip he took a cab.

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"Yours Merrily" Rogers has been drifting along Broadway busily engaged in selling tombstones. "John has been on dead ones for a good many years," said Lee Harrison, the other afternoon. "It looks now as if he had suddenly dropped to himself and is going to make money out of it." Rogers has formed a parinership with a man who owns a marble quarry somewhere, and between them they are going to corner the monument business in the United States and then of Europe, as soon as they get time. At least that is what Rogers says.

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In the death of John T. McKeever, Broadway has lost one of its most familiar faces. For sixteen years he has been the treasurer of Wallack's theater, and has been a favorite with everyone who haunts the Rialto. When Manager Haverly was organizing the first juvenile Pinafore company he happened to hear young McKeever sing in St. Luke's church on Hudson street, and at once engaged him to sing the tenor role. The role of Josephine was sung by a little girl named Frances Bishop, and the young singers carried out their parts so faithfully that they fell in love off as well as on the stage. While both of them were still in their teens they married and retired from the stage. McKeever became treasurer of the Madison Square theater under Daniel Frohman, and was in the box office during the long run of "Hazel Kirke."

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Modern dramas depend to a large extent upon one great scenic effect. The sandstorm in "Under Two Flags" did much to make that play popular, and other dramas have buzz saws, threshing machines, tanks and other realistic appurtennances. The latest is a freshet effect, in which a house is swept from its foundation and carried away in the raging flood. It will be introduced in "Jerome, a Poor Man," the dramatized version of Mare E. Wilkins' book, which Walter Perkins will present early next season.

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Talking of press agents, there is one in this city who comes pretty near holding the record for an allround job. His name really doesn't matter, because, like many other great men, he is yet unknown to fame, but he covers an extent of territory and a variety of subjects that entitles him to this recognition. To begin with he looks after the interests of the New Star theater in Harlem and the Metropolis theater, up in the Bronx. During his spare moments he is "publicity promoter" for the Sullivan, Harris and Woods enterprises, Hoyle's Museum, Grace Wolfe, Harry Walters, Terry McGovern, "The Fatal Wedding," "The King of Detectives," "Between Love and Duty," "The Road to Ruin," "The Wayward Girl" and last, and by no means least, the famous practical joker, Brian G. Hughs.

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Miss Mildred Holland has gone to Battle Creek, Mich., for several weeks' rest, after which she will go abroad to be present at King Edward's coronation, during which time she will entertain in her now famous houseboat Arla on the River Thames. Miss Holland also expects to visit Italy, devoting her time while there in looking up the locale of her new play, "The Lily and the Prince," which was successfully produced at Buffalo during the week of April 7.

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Joseph Arthur and Augustus Pitou have returned from a sojourn of several months on their new estates in Florida, in the Palm Beach district, where they have in view the extensive growing of oranges. Mr. Arthur is enthusiastic over its semi-tropical location both as a resort for health and pleasure in the trying months of winter and as a place from which large revenue is ultimately expected.

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The season of 1902-1903 will witness the launching of a brand-new trick farce comedy entitled "Zig-Zag Alley," introducing two clever artists, Zeb and Zarrow in the star parts of Slick and Slack, two roundescripts, "Zig-Zag Alley" is from the pen of James Gorman, and it is claimed to be a leader in its class.

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Mrs. Fiske's revival of "Tess of the D'Urbervilles" at the Manhattan theater on May 5, will be notable among other things for its approximation to the original production. Miss Fiske, John Jack, who will close with Joseph Jefferson at the Harlem Opera house on May 3, will again be seen as John Durbeyfield. Mary Baker will be the Joan Durbeyfield, and other original members of the company will take part, among them Nellie Lingard as Betty and Bijou Fernandez as Izz, the milkmaids.

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Another of those oft repeated incidents where an actor is forced to sing, dance and be merry for the amusement of the public at a time when his heart is burdened with pain and sorrow has come to light in connection with Robert E. Graham. Graham is with the No. 1 Florodora company, and on Friday night of the company's recent engagement at the Grand Opera house in Washington he received a telegram saying that his sister, who lived in Baltimore, had died. He could not get over to Baltimore until after Saturday night's performance, owing to the matinee, and by the time he reached the bier of his sister his mother, too, had passed to the great beyond. Those facts he carefully concealed for him in the company Graham was compelled to return to the company and prance, dance, sing and laugh his way through "Florodora" Monday night in Washington with a broken heart and tears in his eyes. An occasional quiver in his voice was taken by the audience as an exceedingly clever bit of humor.

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Henry B. Harris has engaged Boyd Putnam for the role of Louis VII, King of Arencia, in Capt. Marshall's "A Royal Family," in which Miss Percy Haswell is to be starred next season. Mr. Putnam, who has been present appearing with Joseph Jefferson, was for four years a member of Charles Frohman's forces, and for five years leading man with William H. Crane.

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On Monday night, April 21, Henrietta Crosman produced a new play at Gloversville, N. Y., called "Madeline," by Mrs. W. K. Clifford, of London. "Madeline" is in two acts, and to make an evening's entertainment Miss Crosman is preceding it with "Nance Oldfield." This double bill was excellently well received, and will be used by Miss Crosman as a matinee attraction.

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A new comedy by Clay Clement was produced recently in New Haven, Conn., under the catchy title of "I'm from Missouri." The verdict from the New England towns where it was presented by a strong cast, including W. J. Ferguson, E. J. Ratcliffe, Theodore Hamilton, Burt Haverly, and equally well-known players is favorable to the new piece, but the big cities, where it is yet to be seen are also "from Missouri."

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Drury Lane theater was opened for the first time 239 years ago last week.

Hhe Baroness Blanc is the headliner of the vaudeville at Hopkins' this week.

Ethel Barrymore will sail for Europe on May 7, and will remain abroad until October.

M. B. Leavitt has arrived in Paris, where he is arranging to secure plays to take to Mexico.

The stock exchange has also taken practical note of the matter by recording a distinct rise in the price of Drury Lane shares.

Mrs. Brown Potter is to recite "Antigone" at the Bristol Musical festival, to the accompaniment of Mendelssohn's music, and likewise Bjornson's "Bergliot," to the musical setting by Greig.

The 338th anniversary of the birth of William Shakespeare was celebrated last Wednesday in Philadelphia at the Edwin Forrest Home by a dinner and a performance in the evening.

The new ampitheater which is now being built at Scenic Park, Detroit, Mich., is rapidly nearing completion. The theater will seat 3000, and the stage is 60 by 36. Ed S. and I. Newton-Bronson will have complete control of the same.

Henry Crosman produced for the first time at Gloversville, N. Y., on April 21, a two-act play by Mrs. W. K. Clifford, entitled "Madeline." It was preceded by "Nance Oldfield." This double bill was exceedingly well received, and wil be used by Miss Crosman as a matinee attraction. Eugene Presbury has written a play for Miss Crosman that has been accepted by Maurice Campbell, her manager. It is called "The Ways of Susan," and is a modern comedy. It will very likely be produced the latter part of next season.

"Les Avaries," the play of Brieux that was prohibited by the censors, has had an enthusiastic reception in Belgium. Flambant posters inviting ladies to be present were stuck up all over Brussels, and ended with the notice: "The play can certainly be witnessed by all women who believe that it is not necessary to be ignorant to be virtuous." The success of the play, both in Liege and Brussels, was enormous, and it wil lno doubt make considerable sums in both cities, as it might have done in France had not the censors seen in the play a subject unfit for the stage.

That B. F. Keith is to build a new theater and that he will try to make it the finest in New York is all that those interested in his enterprise were willing to admit yesterday. It is known, however, that it will be fifteen stories high, and that it will be both a home for the drama and an office building. The greatest innovation, it is said, will be in the arrangement of the seats. It is hoped to so place them that each individual or small party will be so separated from others that there will be no inconvenience from persons coming in and going out between the acts.

It appears that Cissie Loftus' contract with the London Alhambra was at the rate of £85 ($425) a week for sixteen weeks, and that her turn was to last twelve minutes, or a shade over $5 a minute, granting she gave seven performances a week. The Alhambra people surrendered her gracefully to Sir Henry Irving, who, when he engaged her for Marguerite in "Faust," knew nothing of the Alhambra arrangement. Sir Henry, by the way, has engaged Raymond Roze (a son of Marie Roze) as musical director at the Lyceum during his season, and Meredith Ball goes in that capacity to the Aevnue. Cissie Loftus, I may add, is an excellent musician, and five tuneful numbers from her pen, entitled "Near Woodstock Town," "If I Were You," "Shadow Song," "On My Lips There is a Sigh" and "Where Go the Boats?" have recently been published.

Cupid's Experience

By Angela Morgan.

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About the first thing Farnsworth did upon his arrival at the Boughton boardinghouse was to complain. The window shades needed repairing, the writing table was unsteady and the towels on his washstand were painfully deficient in quantity.

Mrs. Boughton, affably obliging, hastened to have these errors corrected. However, his manner was less amiable when, before the expiration of another day, Farnsworth again appeared with reports of other discrepancies.

It soon became clearly apparent, not only to the long-suffering landlady, but to observant boarders as well, that with this eccentric bachelor the complaining habit was chronic.

He was not merely fastidious; he was fussy. Nothing was so pleasing him, however hard one might try. Thus decided Mrs. Boughton.

His fussynerasies became the theme for animated comment among the boarders. There was sport for a week over the palm incident. Emma, the maid, recause much comment. She were those who smiled knowingly and hinted of his long chats in the parlor with the girl who whistled.

Farnsworth, talking with her of his mysterious undertaking upstairs, found a ready and sympathetic listener. In fact, he had never before met any one who listened with such complete absorption as did this maiden with the hazel eyes. It is not to be wondered at if, while parting with those eyes, he forgot all about his scientific argument and spoke of something else.

It might be remarked in closing, that the "experiment" proved a success, and that Mr. and Mrs. Farnsworth, in their beautiful new home, are enjoying the harvest therefrom.

HARD WORK

Restored Memory to College Boy Whose Mind Tottered.

Indianapolis, May 3.—Roy McNamara, the 18-year-old student who disappeared from Grinnell college, Grinnell, Iowa, six weeks ago, and whose flight excited so much interest in the Northwest, the Chicago papers aiding in the search, was located as a common laborer in the Big Four shops at Brightwood by his father, Rev. J. McNamara, of Onawa, Iowa, who is numbered among the distinguished ministers of the state.

Some weeks ago the youngster applied for employment, and was assigned to carry lumber in the freight car shops used to do such other common labor as might fall to him. He did this work sturdily and well, making no complaint, although the task was heavy. It is a rule of the company to require references, and when the foreman called on the young collegian, he referred him to G. G. Montrose, a druggist, of Sloan, Iowa, by whom he was employed as a clerk, while much younger in years.

The state of Iowa was ringing with the boy's disappearance at the time the foreman's letter was received by the druggist, and he immediately communicated with the senior McNamara, and telegraphic communication was opened with the master mechanic of the road, but nothing was said to the boy until his father arrived at Brightwood. The lad gave his father a cordial greeting and knocked off work for the day, but he told the foreman that he did not intend to give up his job. The youngster said that he was suffering from nervous prostration, the result of overstudy in college, the tasks assigned being very severe, and he believed he was well-nigh insane, as he only has an indistinct recollection of leaving the institution. He does not recall much of his experience until he found himself working in the Brightwood shops. This was about five weeks ago. Since that time he has gained 15 pounds in weight, accumulated considerable muscle, and his sleep is normal, while his appetite is prodigious. For that reason he prefers working at a dollar a day to resuming his studies in the Grinnell college.

The shop attaches report that the lad impressed them as a bright, well-educated youngster, full of animal spirits, but who had little to say of himself, and for that reason he was never questioned. He did his work without grumbling, and made many friends among his shopmates. The foreman of the department was formerly a deputy sheriff and he had at his home a copy of the circular, with photo of the youngster attached, speaking of his mysterious disappearance, and offering a reward for information concerning him, but he never associated the youth in his department with the missing collegian.

Upon meeting his father the boy refused to return home, saying that he had recovered his health as a common laborer, and he preferred that to all other considerations. The father did not despair of persuading the lad to the contrary, but he told the shop officials that if the boy was determined he would leave him here, and that he might continue his work as a laborer.

The First Boarding House In History

Is the basis for a unique little story in The Four-Track News for May. It is entitled "The Prophet's Chamber," is appropriately illustrated, and contains information that every farmer's wife in New York and New England should have.

The Four-Track News will be mailed free to subscribers in the United States for 50 cents a year; single copies, 5 cents. Address Geo. R. Daniels, Publisher, Grand Central Station, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM TWO NIGHTS and Matinee Wednesday, starting— Tuesday, May 6.

— Fred. E. Wright's Big Scenic Production of—

YORK STATE FOLKS

Successor to "Shore Acres"—Phila. Record.

Greater than "Way Down East"—St. Louis Globe Dem.

With the entire original cast of forty, including Ray L. Royce and James Lackaye, and the complete scenic production by Voegtlin.

The Greatest Production Ever Given a Rural Play

PRICES—Dress Circle $1.00; Parquet $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle 75c; Parquet 50c; F. C. and Balcony 25c.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Last Time Tonight.
AL. G. FIELD Greater MINSTRELS
The oldest minstrel organization in America.
50—People on the Stage—50
The big parade 11 a. m. daily.
Prices: Dress Circle and Parquet, $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 25c.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
MONDAY, MAY 5th.
First performance in Duluth of Augustus Thomas' Peerless Play
ARIZONA
New York production intact.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquette $1.00, Family Circle 75c, Balcony 50c.
Coming, York State Folks, May 6-7

CLIQUE

Asserted to Be Making Trouble For Dr. M. P. Kreiter.

Huntington, Ind., May 3.—A case of unusual interest has been begun in circuit court here. Dr. M. P. Keiter, for eight years agent of the United Brethren Publishing establishment, formerly located at Dayton, Ohio, now in this city, is on trial on the charge of forgery. It is alleged that in 1899 he changed a bequest note to the board of trustees of the establishment from $1000 to $3000.

This note was given by Mary A. Bond, of Fairmont, Ind., on the condition that it was not payable until after her death.

Dr. Keiter, not being re-elected to his position by the last general conference of the church, surrendered the papers being turned by the office to his successor a year ago. The prosecution claims that Keiter raised this note, and after leaving the office endeavored to have it returned to the donor to conceal his guilt. By request of Mary Bond the board of trustees canceled the the not last November, no money having ever been paid on it.

The defense brought out from the state's witnesses that Bishop M. Wright, of Dayton, Ohio, who claims to have first discovered the forgery, never called the attention of the other members of the board to it.

The defense is endeavoring to establish the argument that the suit is the result of a conspiracy. Early in January the board of trustees declared his books correct, and the next day this suit was instituted at the instigation of the minority of the board. Since then, it is alleged, an effort has been made to stir up sentiment against him by the circulation of anonymous circulars in reference to his alleged irregularities. The latest, got out by Bishop Milton Wright, of Dayton, has been given general circulation. The bishop acknowledged its authorship in court. Many witnesses are present and the public is taking great interest in the case.

Seasickness Reduced to a Minimum.

The remarkable steadiness of the new large twin screw steamships of the Dominion line is a revelation to experienced trans-Atlantic travelers.

During the first eighteen trips of the S. S. "New England," covering two winters, it was never found necessary to use racks on the dining room tables because of the motion of the vessel. For rates and sailings apply to local steamship agent.

T. H. Larke, General Northwestern Agent, 127 Guaranty building Minneapolis.

Pure and Delicious

No cereal, no meat, no vegetable, can alone and of-itself equal the health giving qualities of combined fruits and grains. What one lacks the other supplies.

California figs and prunes combined with selected grain by our special process makes a delicious Cereal Coffee, rich in nutriment and pleasing to the taste.

Ask Your Grocer for a Sample of

FIGPRUNE Cereal

A Good Prescription Druggist

who fills your physician's prescription with skill and care, and from nothing but pure drugs is the one to go to. We pay the most particular attention to this important branch of our business, employ none but expert registered druggists, and can absolutely guarantee satisfactory and prompt service. Our prices are as low as the lowest.

MAX WIRTH,
Prescription Druggist.
12 West Superior Street.

Salient Points About Our Prescription Department.

We doubt if there is anywhere a drug store better prepared than this one to do high grade prescription work. We have practically everything that science has suggested or money can buy in the way of equipment. We have every needed utensil, we have a stock of the finest drugs obtainable, we are adequate reference library, and the prescription department is arranged in accordance with modern ideas.

No one who has a prescription to be filled should be satisfied with anything less than our perfect service.

S. F. BOYCE, DRUGGIST.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

AITKIN.

Aitkin, Minn., May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Eva Glyde left on Wednesday for Grand Rapids.

Parks, who was shot by Marshall Madden a short time ago, returned Wednesday afternoon from the Brainerd hospital.

Louis Lamere and wife, who have been visiting relatives here, departed on Monday for their home at Stillwater.

B. M. Hungerford returned on Wednesday from a brief business visit to the Twin Cities.

The Ladies' Guild gave a handkerchief sale in the Congregational church on Thursday evening, which was well attended.

E. A. Zaver and wife returned on Wednesday from a brief visit with friends in Minneapolis.

William Myers, who has been in Detroit on a professional visit returned on Thursday.

Williamson, Aitkins' new twirler, arrived from Minneapolis on Thursday and will pitch the game against Little Falls.

T. M. Shook was a Little Falls visitor last Monday.

Miss Lizzie Brooks, who has been absent from Aitkin for a long time, returned last Friday morning.

John Erickson and Gust Nelson departed last Thursday for Read Island, B. C., where they intend to make their future home.

Judge Harrison is enjoying a visit from his brother, J. P. Wells, who has been visiting friends at Goodwin, S. D., for some time, returned on Thursday.

Attorney and Mrs. J. N. True left Aitkin last Wednesday intending to spend a few days at Grand Rapids and Duluth before proceeding to the Pacific coast, where they will remain indefinitely.

A farewell reception and dance was held in the city hall last Monday evening in honor of Professor and Mrs. Knupple.

Professor Knuffle left on Wednesday's train for a place, new Chicago, where he will join a circus as bandmaster.

Nick Mendenhall, of Northwood, who has been in Minneapolis a short time, returned last week.

Miss Elizabeth Miller is about to leave for Aberdeen, S. D., where she will live with her aunt.

Miss Caroline Thompson has been engaged to teach the Eastwood school for the spring term.

The basket party given at Opstead was a grand success and the proceeds will go towards building a church at Opstead.

Charles Nygren, of Duluth, was visiting his friends and relatives here last week.

Albert Erickson, Charles L. Peterson and Oscar Henderson went to Duluth last Monday to remain all summer.

Miss Mary Patterson, of Aitkin, has been engaged to teach the Rossburg school.

The shadow party held at the Gone Lake school house last Saturday night, netted about $10, which will be used to buy a globe.

Mr. and Mrs. Waldeck were presented with a beautiful picture by the United States surveying party in remembrance of their kindness to them during their brief stay here.

Mrs. Allen has rented her ranch at White Elk and will shortly move to Aitkin.

Peter Housen, of Rock Lake, is seriously ill at his home.

Edgar Fraser, of Hay Point, made a business trip to Little Falls last week.

East Bohannan, who has been attending school at Winthrop, Minn., returned home last week.

Mrs. Richardson is enjoying a visit from her father, Mr. McCullen.

Mrs. L. C. Johnson and sister, Mrs. Thomas, arrived home from Missouri Valley, Iowa, last Tuesday, after a long absence.

The poverty social given by the young people in the M. E. church at McGregor netted $6.70.

Miss Ethel Bauby visited Miss Lottie Clark at McGregor last Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. H. Gampert are the proud parents of a baby girl, which arrived last week.

Mrs. M. Deminzo, of McGregor, has gone to Superior to receive medical treatment.

Mr. Peterson, who has been teaching school at Jacobson, returned here last week.

John Winter is enjoying a visit from his daughter, of Muir, Mich.

Cap Honwald entertained the members of the baseball team last Sunday at his comfortable home at Gone Lake.

Mr. and Mrs. Matt Hicks, of Glory, are the proud parents of a baby girl.

D. L. Olson was happily surprised last Tuesday by a number of friends; it being his 50th birthday.

H. O. Ohman, of Glory, has gone to Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., to remain indefinitely.

Gust Nelson has gone to Vancouver, B. C., where he will make his future home.

Arthur Safford, who has been at the home of his parents for a short time on account of sickness, resumed work on Monday.

Miss Bessie Wagner has been visiting Miss Annie Madden at Pine Lake for a few days.

The basket social given for the benefit of the Pine Lake church last Saturday evening, netted about $20.

Mr. and Mrs. Hivey were happily surprised at their home last Friday evening by a number of the young people.

Mrs. Reem left on Wednesday for Princeton, this state, which is to be her future home.

Mrs. Kallstrum has been very sick at her home in this village for the past week.

Professor I. A. Thorson has been confined to his room in the Willard, on account of sickness.

Miss Shibursky, one of the school teachers, made a flying visit to Minneapolis last week.

Professor Kennerer, superintendent of Schools D. W. Kemerer will shortly commence the erection of a new dwelling near the schoolhouse.

Mrs. Brown, who has been visiting her daughter, Eliza Kay, left on Monday for her home at Minneapolis.

Dr. C. Graves was in Fargo a few days last week.

Miss Katherine Mearow, who has been absent in Minneapolis for a long time, returned last Wednesday.

A party of young people spent Sunday at Mille Lacs.

Clem Ady and Professor Knuffle, of Cedar Lake, spent Sunday at the home of the former's parents in Aitkin.

Mrs. E. P. Duffy has left for an extended visit with friends at Iron River.

Mrs. J. Knowles and daughter left last Monday night for Washington, where they will join their husband and father.

Joseph H. Hudson, of McGregor, has instituted divorces proceedings against his wife, Laura E. Hudson, on the ground of desertion.

W. P. Hoy, who has been very sick with pneumonia, was taken to the Brainerd hospital last Saturday.

Mrs. Ella Tollefson, mother of Mrs. Ed Carlson, of this place, died last Thursday at Cedar Lake, at the advanced age of 72.

Mrs. M. Krech, who has been visiting relatives in the East for the past two months, returned home last Saturday.

The regular meeting of the Aitkin County Teachers' association was held in the schoolhouse last Saturday and was well attended.

A dancing party was given by Mr. and Mrs. John Stewart at their home, just east of town last Saturday evening, in honor of their son. About forty friends were present.

John Beckman has sold his farm, located just across the Mississippi to Clarence Burr, of Kasson Dodge county, for a consideration of $6000.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Olaf Lee, who has been lost for three days and nights in the woods, was found last Friday morning. As he was well dressed, he felt little the worse for his experience.

Thomas Knoulen, one of the oldest and respected citizens of Aitkin county, died last Monday morning of dropsy, at the home of his son, on the West Mille Lacs road.

George Miller, machinist in Hodgedon & McDonald's sawmill, has raised a tent on the other side of the Mississippi, because he was unable to rent a house.

The high school boys are practicing hard for the field day. Suits, hammers, shots, vaulting poles and other apparatus have been sent for and the boys will undoubtedly make a good showing at the meet in Brainerd.

The annual school entertainment given under the auspices of the Aitkin High School Musical and Athletic association in the high school auditorium last Wednesday night, was a complete success. About $100 was cleared, which will be used in defraying the field day expenses.

Next Sunday the local baseball team will meet the Little Falls team on the home diamond, and it is hoped that there will be a good game. A challenge was received from the Duluth team for a game, but it has not been accepted as yet.

Charles Rogers, who has been visiting his brother Ed, the football player, at the University of Minnesota, returned the early part of the week.

Mrs. John Roberts, of Cutler, died very suddenly Wednesday morning. She had been feeling very well until yesterday when she was eating her breakfast, she suddenly screamed with a pain in her head and expired almost immediately.

W. F. Delattre, of Farm Island, one of Aitkins' oldest and most respected citizens, died on Wednesday morning. Mr. Delattre was an old soldier and even though well advanced in years, he never lost his patriotic spirit. He leaves behind him a widow and a large family.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mr. and Mrs. Martin Beckman are the happy parents of a baby boy born Monday morning.

W. N. Moulton has returned from Seattle, Wash., where he has been visiting with relatives.

The social given by the ladies of the Swedish Lutheran church at the Norden hall Saturday evening was well patronized and a good sum realized.

Dan Sundberg is looking over his farm at Grasston, Minn., for a few days.

Gust Nelson moved his family to Hibbing this week, where he has purchased a building and will enter the liquor business.

P. J. Long, a brother of Mr. Long of the firm of O'Brien & Long, is at the Budd hospital with a broken leg, having been injured at one of the camps near here Monday.

Miss Josie Van Blarcom, who has been visiting at the home of Mrs. F. F. James the past couple weeks, returned to her home at Ely Saturday.

Elaine Bon has resigned his position here to accept work as oiler on one of the steel company's boats.

Joseph Pronovost has the contract for handling the U. S. mail between the Booth and White Line boats and the postoffice here.

Mrs. Fred Helm and son, Merrit, returned Wednesday from a six months' visit with Mrs. Helm's mother in New Hampshire.

The Ladies' Missionary society of the Presbyterian church met at the home of Mrs. James Coggswell Wednesday afternoon.

L. R. Martin finished his tie and cedar cutting and shipping from mile 34 on Saturday.

Henry Gratton was down from Tower to spend Sunday with his family.

John Beatty has accepted a position as switchman in the yards here.

The new steamer America of the Booth line was here Sunday on her first trip.

The board of health has issued orders for property owners to clean up their premises at once, and those failing will be severely dealt with. The alleys are in a filthy condition and are probably to blame for much of the sickness in town.

George Drewett transacted business at Duluth on Saturday.

Colvin & Robb have their pulpwood dock in shape for the season's business and boats for the spruce wood are expected very soon.

Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Clark returned Monday from Chicago where they spent the winter.

F. W. Benwarden came up from Duluth Monday and will work out of here the balance of the season.

Fishermen who were out Sunday report the water still too cold. However, the warm showers this week should promise good sport tomorrow.

Ore business this week has been still somewhat slow owing to the boats not coming fast enough. It is expected it will get better from now on, however.

The warm days have given quite a number of the boys the baseball fever. The boys at the store house and shops are organizing nines and some hot games are predicted. Every player is to wear a mark.

Agent G. A. Rock resumed his duties Saturday after a three weeks' vacation and P. R. Miller, who relieved him has returned to Endion.

Miss Edith Blood was in from Silver Creek Sunday.

L. R. Martin and A. W. Holmes, the Duluth lumbermen, were in town on business over Sunday.

At the council meeting Tuesday evening, the liquor dealers presented a petition signed by 204 persons asking that the license fee be reduced to $500 again. After the petition was read, the mayor stated that he noticed that a large number of the signers were parties who claimed to have voted the high license ticket at the recent election and that after professing such support, and then, too, such a short time after sign such a petition was a direct insult to every member of the council. Perhaps some signed the petition thinking their business interests might suffer if they did not sign it, but that was one of the poorest apologies a person could make. It was shrinking the responsibility of their ballot at election, and throwing the whole matter upan the members of the council. That as it was it would take 27 more signers to the petition to equal the number voting for high license last election, and in all probability if the license was reduced to $500 again a larger number of the petitioners would censure them for doing it. The other members endorsed the president's remarks and a vote was taken, all voting that the request not be granted. The other business transacted was making the water rate for the high school building at $30 per year and for the Windsor block $45 per year. The Sixth avenue wated main was ordered extended with inch pipe to the center of lot 4, block 33, for the accommodation of property owners. A request for electric light connection for the South Side building was reported unfavorably owing to the plant being overloaded. Bills amounting to $763.41 were allowed.

A. B. Kesler is now working as operator at the dock office.

The steamer Bon Voyage after going down the lake a few miles Thursday returned here to lay during the storm, the lake being too rough for safety. The lake has been unusually rough ever since the opening of navigation, there being but two or three calm days.

Ore shipments for April amount to about 440,000 tons and the receipts from the mines about 525,000 tons. Which is considered an excellent showing.

The steamer Green and barge Sophia Minch are taking on cargoes of lumber this week from the Winton mills for Chicago.

Dr. R. J. Sewall returned Wednesday from his trip to Birmingham, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Cloffy returned this week from St. Augustine, Fla., where Mr. Cloffy has been working on the Florida East Coast railway during the winter.

Mitchell & McClure finished their logging on the mouth of the season at mile 39 near Highland Tuesday. They will log in the same locality next winter. L. A. Martin and the Duluth Logging company will finish up at York today, while Carney Bros. will still require a week to clean up. Scott & Graff have also finished logging at York and moved their outfit to Drummond, where they expect to log and ship to Duluth all summer.

Mrs. D. D. Lilly was a Duluth visitor this week.

Alex Beckett has returned from Chicago.

The "old maids' convention" held at the Norden hall last evening, under the auspices of the Y. M. C. A. proved a revelation to those who have been bragging about the few old maids here. It seemed a regular resurrection. The performance was first class, the attendance good and the receipts large. The city fathers are seriously thinking of establishing a free marriage bureau. The same participating in the program were: Misses Hickey, Braley, Davis, Backus, Helm and Elizabeth Mouton, Crist, Burlingame, Mallough, Sturnason, Anderson, Sasson, Elliott, Stark Walker and Hanson. Messdames Moulton, Skinner and Bryan and Messrs. Hanna, Dahl and Headley.

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An Accepted Fact

BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

IS A QUALITY LEADER.

Original Methods

have had much to do with the unprecedented success of these brews. Not a bottle of Blatz Beer leaves the plant that has not been thoroughly matured and sterilized.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.

(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

"Might Have Been Lame for a Week—

"But with Greene's Infallible Liniment I'll Be at Work in the Morning."

Greene's Infallible Liniment

promptly stops all pain and effects a speedy cure. For every description of Wounds, Cuts, Burns, Scalds, Bruises and Sprains, it is just what its name implies "infallible."

"I have found Greene's Infallible Liniment to surpass anything of the kind I over used—Mart Buck, Charlotte, Mich."

In cases of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Sore Throat or Lame Back, it gives instant relief. As a household remedy for all the hurts of childhood it stands unrivaled and all prudent mothers keep it in the house.

Price 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle. If your druggist cannot supply you, the makers, J. W. Greene & Co., Chicago, will, to prove its worth, send a large **free sample** in return for this Ad. and 10c. to cover cost of mailing. There is no substitute. Look for this trade mark.

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE L. L. LINIMENT

For sale by Schutze Bros; E. L. Toomey; G. H. Hushey; Clemetson Bros., West Duluth; James McMartin D. D. Mackey; Helmer Jenoff; S. M. Jensen Two Harbors, Minn.; and S. F. Boyce and Kenney & Watt, Duluth.

A Sudden Twinge

Of pain is generally the first warning of an attack of rheumatism. It feels as if the disease were in the bones or muscles, but the real cause of rheumatism is found in impure blood. In order to cure rheumatism the blood must be cleansed of the poisonous impurities which are the cause of the disease.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has been very successful in the cure of rheumatism, because it entirely cleanses the blood from the poisonous substances which are the cause of the disease. It not only purifies the blood but by increasing the activity of the blood-making glands, it increases the supply of pure, rich blood which adds to the vigor of every physical organ.

Mr. R. A. McKnight, of Cadea, Williamsburg Co., S. C., writes: "I had been troubled with rheumatism for twelve years, so bad at times I could not leave my bed. I was badly crippled. Tried many doctors and two of them gave me up to die. None of them did me much good. The pains in my back, hips and legs (and at times in my head), would nearly kill me. My appetite was very bad. Everybody who saw me said I must die. I took five bottles of the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and four vials of 'Pellets,' and to-day my health is good after suffering twelve years with rheumatism."

The sole motive for substitution is to permit the dealer to make the little more profit paid by the sale of less meritorious medicines. He gains; you lose. Therefore accept no substitute for "Golden Medical Discovery."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cleanse the bowels and stimulate the sluggish liver.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Maggie Fischer and Ida Fischer visited their sister Mary Fischer, of Superior, from Friday to Monday.

Frank Widell spent Sunday and Monday with his family here.

The Knights of Pythias held a meeting Monday night and initiated Frank Spechien into that order. A banquet was given after the meeting.

Otto Kruger was in Duluth Saturday.

Rev. Knutson went to Willow River Saturday and returned Monday.

The schools in Fond du Lac were closed Friday because of a case of smallpox in the town to which nearly everyone had been exposed. The little child of Mr. Jackson was taken quite ill and Dr. Graham, of West Duluth, was called. He pronounced the sickness smallpox and quarantined the house.

Martin Imbertson, of Hibbing, came home Wednesday to spend a few days with his family.

Miss Sarah A. Smith and sister Louise called in Duluth Saturday.

Miss Betsy Duclette is quite ill with typhoid fever.

A. H. Allen, a Finlander, who lived across the river, was found dead in his boat Sunday. Mr. Allen was in town Saturday evening, buying groceries. After he started home, he stopped at the saloon and bought a bottle of whisky. The bottle, partly full, and the groceries were all in the boat when Mr. Allen was found. The coroner from Superior came up Sunday and held an inquest. The body was taken to Superior.

Mrs. Frank Braud was in Duluth Monday.

Melvin Becklinger returned home Thursday from a trip through Northern Michigan.

Charles Wills was in Fond du Lac Friday and in Smithville Saturday, taking the storm windows off the school houses.

L. S. McKay called in Duluth Wednesday.

Mrs. Andrew Berg and children returned home Tuesday after a short visit in West Duluth.

Among Tuesday's visitors in Duluth were Mrs. I. J. Mahoney, Mrs. Biebl, Mr. and Mrs. U. C. Tower and daughter Doris.

Harvey Lintleather, of Duluth, called in town Wednesday.

The Maccabees gave a banquet Wednesday night in honor of Charles Hofer and Jerry Lockhart, who were initiated into the lodge. Among those present were Frank Melhorn, of Duluth, Florry Newbauer, of Smithville, and Mr. Olson, of Fond du Lac.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Wilson transacted business in Duluth Wednesday.

Miss Constance Wilmer spent Saturday and Sunday at her home in West Duluth.

Arthur Mahoney and Will Boylan called in Duluth Sunday.

Thursday night the Ladies of the Maccabees gave a May day ball. A large crowd was in attendance and everyone had a fine time. The hall was opened by a May pole dance by ten little girls. Each little girl was dressed in one of the rainbow colors, and carried a basket of May flowers which were passed to the gentlemen as favors, after the dance. Those who took part were Ida Fischer, Florence Wills, Nancy Widell, Ethel Brand, Anna Brand, Emma Biebl, Doris Tower Lola Tower, Zella Herbert and Lorette McKay. The ladies served ice cream and cake during the evening, and cleared a large sum for the treasury. Among those from out of town were Miss Joy Frey and Katie Knox, of West Duluth; Miss Katie Nonelli, Mrs. O'Connell and Frank Youngberg, of Short Line Park, and Edward Higgins, of Cloquet, and Martin Imbertson, of Hibbing.

Fred Geremux has returned to town after an absence of several months.

A number of carloads of logs arrived for the cedar yard this week. A tug also towed up a large barge of logs.

Frank Brand and son Roy called in Fond du Lac Wednesday.

Rev. Knutson has accepted a position in the county treasurer's office. Mr. Knutson will preach at the Bethel evenings and hold services here every Sunday. He will not preach at Willow River hereafter.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Brown, the man who was arrested last week for passing forged checks of the Lake Superior Consolidated Mining company for $50, was bound over to the grand jury by Judge Millbrook.

The Duluth & Iron Range now have two gravel trains ballasting their tracks between here and Sparta. The gravel is hauled from Summit pit.

Elmer Ford, one of the most popular young men of the village, and Miss Katherine Rigey, a well known young lady of Big Rapids, Mich., were married at Duluth on Monday last. They will make this place their home.

Judge Cant and Charles Wilder looked over the sights at Virginia over Sunday.

The Duluth & Iron Range have a bridge gang at work making repairs on the long bridge between here and Mariska.

Mrs. H. H. Salmon visited friends at Biwabik on Friday.

The new pump for the water plant has arrived and is being installed.

Sam Lippman has returned from Buhl. Frank Steinberg is still getting out a large amount of cedar posts and ties at Norway for shipment to Duluth.

J. R. Ford has returned from a visit with friends and relatives in Michigan.

A large amount of clearing and other preparatory work is being done at the Stephens mine. One steam shovel has been put in and it will be put in later before any ore has been shipped.

A very costly wreck occurred to a Duluth & Iron Range ore train just south of the depot here about 5 o'clock Tuesday morning. One of the cars near the engine jumped the track and derailed twenty-three others, many being badly wrecked. The train was in charge of Conductor Boston and Engineer Sullivan. The cause is supposed to be the breaking of a flange on the car which jumped the track, though the rail was also found broken, which might have caused the derailment and broke the flange afterwards. There being seventy cars of ore in the train and the car which jumped the track being near the engine, and the train going about twenty miles an hour, the immense weight behind ground up the cars derailed. As usual the steel cars were damaged the least, though it was a steel car which blocked the track in this wreck.

B. Pesseth, of Sparta, was here Thursday with a carload of cattle which he disposed of.

Chemist H. S. Sherman, of Eveleth visited his friends here over Sunday.

Lumberman F. S. Colvin was down from Biwabik Tuesday looking over his pulp wood interests here. Mr. Colvin expects to cut considerably more pulpwood next winter than the past season.

Assistant Yardmaster C. Towne, of Fayal, visited with friends here over Sunday.

Henry Gratton came down from Tower Tuesday and is now working as night operator at the ore yards.

F. Brassean, of Waldo, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. E. Lewis, who has been attending her son, H. E. Lewis, who has been at the Budd hospital with a broken leg for some time, returned to her home at Minneapolis Saturday.

The members of the uniform rank Camp No. 2941, of Duluth, Modern Woodmen, will give an exhibition drill and dance at the Norden hall Friday evening, May 16.

Mrs. O. J. Hogen, of Eau Claire, Wis., is visiting at the home of her daughter, Mrs. G. E. Mills, for a couple of weeks.

J. E. Therrien was a Duluth visitor on Tuesday.

The Acker-smith company this week completed their shipments of ties and posts for the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. They have been shipping all winter, about 500 carloads having been shipped. They have not yet finished their contract for ties for the Northern Pacific railway.

The committee representing the railroad employes, Superintendent Owens, Master Mechanic Bryant and President House, who have been revising the schedules completed their work Thursday. The changes in the methods and handling of traffic making the revision necessary and more beneficial. The changes are mainly the employing of three brakemen on ore and freight trains, instead of two as formerly, and a substantial increase in pay for the different classes of work, also the evidence of fair dealing extended on the part of the management which is the cause of no little satisfaction among the employes and which will undoubtedly promote the good will, which has always existed between the men and the company.

Some sneak thief entered the room of T. W. McCarthy and L. Feiter at the Commercial hotel Thursday taking some small change from their clothes and a few other articles.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Frances Zimbrick has accepted a position as deputy in the office of register of deeds.

Mrs. A. L. Ross, of Walker, is visiting with relatives here.

Mrs. Lum has returned to her home at Des Moines, Iowa, after spending the winter here with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Plummer.

H. R. Cobb was removed from the Park Rapids hospital to his home Saturday.

R. M. Wyatt is the owner of an automobile. It arrived Wednesday.

Miss Belle returned home from St. Paul Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Mickelson have returned from a week's visit with relatives at Perham.

Mrs. Ira Bartlett returned Saturday from Hewitt, where she has been visiting with relatives for the past two weeks.

Mrs. W. L. Stone returned Thursday from St. Paul.

Jay Near departed Wednesday for West Duluth, where he will spend the summer.

W. L. Spencer is recovering from his recent illness.

Mrs. T. J. Rima departed Tuesday for Spokane, Wash.

Mrs. Fred Hauber is visiting with relatives at Duluth.

S. H. James died at his home in this city on Friday the funeral being held at the Congregational church Saturday, conducted by Rev. S. D. Kemerer.

Mrs. Edwards, Sr., departed Saturday for Sand Point, Idaho, where she will visit for some time with relatives.

A. O. Jordan departed Tuesday for Kalispel, Mont., where he will reside in the future.

Mrs. W. A. Zimbrick is recovering from her recent illness.

George Mandigo is seriously ill at his home in this city.

M. J. Adams has purchased the Herman Eliersick residence on Main street.

A. B. Kerr transacted business here this week.

Mrs. L. A. J. Favor returned to her home at Viroqua, Wis., Wednesday. She was called here by the sickness of her brother, S. H. James.

Charles Hawley has resigned his position as marshal. Mr. Earle has been appointed to fill the vacancy.

J. L. Ingram returned recently from Sand Point, Idaho, where he has been employed for the past three months.

John Frazier returned to Eagle Bend Wednesday, after a short visit with relatives here.

Mrs. E. E. Bonham is reported dangerously ill.

An entertainment will be given by the high school at Rima's hall Friday evening.

W. W. Haws, of Grand Forks, N. D., is visiting with his sister, Mrs. Robert Smith.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, May 3.—Shortly after 12 o'clock Wednesday, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Kremer, of this city, occurred the marriage of Grace C. McAllister and Miss Clara Kremer. The ceremony was performed by Rev. Paine of the Presbyterian church. Only a small number of the relatives of the contracting parties were present. Among those in attendance were the groom's parents and brother, of Minneapolis. The newly married couple left on the afternoon train for the Twin Cities, where they are visiting relatives and friends.

The first annual meeting of the Itasca Paper company was held here Thursday. L. Lindeans and F. F. Becker, of Kaukauna, Wis., president and vice president of the company, attended the meeting.

Miss Papline Reid returned to her home at Waubasha, Minn., Monday.

Editor R. J. Bell, of Rosbeau, who was visiting his children at this place, returned me Tuesday.

Mrs. E. J. Kiley left Sunday for Baraga, Mich., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of a brother.

C. L. LeRoy was a Hibbingite transacting business in our town Monday.

E. J. Farrell went to Minneapolis on business Sunday, returning Tuesday.

W. C. Gilbert, manager of the Gilbert Land company, returned last Wednesday from an extended trip through Wisconsin, in the interests of his company.

James H. Wyman came up from Minneapolis Friday to look over some land in this county. He was accompanied by his wife.

Mr. and Mrs. John Nelson, J. B. Ericksan and Mrs. Thomas Cook, of Cohassett, were shopping in town Friday.

County Attorney C. L. Pratt and son, Robert, left Friday to visit the Twin Cities.

Wyatt Cable, formerly of Delhi, Ont., who was visiting here left Friday for Two Harbors, where his parents now reside. Master Wyatt was visiting with the family of his uncle, S. J. Cable.

Andy Morrisey, of Deer River, is a patient in hospital at this place.

Mrs. T. H. McHugh and one of her children are ill with diphtheria.

G. T. Robinson, who was a patient in St. Benedict's hospital here, returned Friday to his home in Deer River. Mr. Robinson was suffering from inflammatory rheumatism, but is now able to walk around.

The interior of the Minnesota depot at this place has undergone some needed changes during the past week.

Phillip Messinger, of Grand Forks, N. D., and Mrs. Emma Messinger, of Michigan City, N. D., are here visiting relatives.

Mrs. Barbara Strause died at her home, three miles east of here, Saturday and was buried Monday in the Itasca cemetery.

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, May 3.—Frank Haven was buried in the village cemetery Friday, no relatives being found to claim his body.

The deceased was brought in from Gray's camp the previous day. His death was as painful as the close of his misspent life had been. He had been on a protracted spree in Bemidji, and in sobering up at the camp afterwards, drank liniments such as is used externally on horses. He was 4 years old and was a graduate of Cornell university.

Mrs. Bert Walker, of Winnipeg, is here visiting here parents, H. H. Wheelock and wife.

N. G. Dunning and family left Monday for Blaine, Wash.

James Rauch resigned his position at the First National bank here, and on Saturday left for his home at Melrose, this state.

Mrs. A. D. White returned Saturday from Red Lake and with her husband proceeded to Turtle River where they will spend the summer.

E. J. Willits sold the Robideau property west of the ball park Saturday to Mat Klein for a good sum.

Rev. Thomas F. Bloomfield has accepted the unanimous call extended to him by the Baptist church of this place and will begin his duties as pastor on Sunday, May 4.

E. A. Sather departed Sunday for California to spend the summer on a tour of inspection.

Mrs. A. E. Johnson of Cass Lake visited here with her husband the latter part of last week.

J. J. Jinkinson returned Sunday from North Dakota, where he took some heavy horses to this farm.

J. A. Robideau and family have gone to Sand Point, Ore., where he has secured a valuable job in the sawmill business for Ellis Bros., of Park Rapids. This company sent nine families from there to the West this week, and among them is J. A. Robideau and two brothers.

Miss Lou Mill, who has been visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. C. E. Albrant, for the past three months, left for her claim 40 miles west of Bottineau, N. D., Tuesday of last week. At that place she was met by a young Scotchman who has two claims in the same section and they made a mutual agreement to merge their interests, so as to shut out all competition. He secured papers and they were married Wednesday evening, April 23, and they are now planning how to manage their combined interests successfully.

The town assessors of the county met Saturday forenoon at the county auditor's office and afterwards went into session in the court room. A. A. Whitney acter as chairman and R. P. McKnight as secretary. Among the numerous important cares resting on the county auditor is the forty-eight districts, but Auditor Sylvessupervision of the assessment work of ter thinks that with the present intelligent and earnest corps of assessors the work this year will be most systematic and satisfactory.

Surveyors are at work surveying a line for T. B. Walker, east of Tenstrike, and in a few weeks, as soon as the survey is finished, work will be begun in laying a logging road. The road will be extended over six miles to reach Walker's timber in 18-45, which section is largely owned by him. Spurs will also be built running from this spur. The work will be finished before fall, and the large crew of men required in its construction means good times for Tenstrike this summer.

Mrs. O. M. Skinvik was dangerously ill Tuesday.

R. W. Nelson returned Saturday from Koochiching, and is spending a few days with his family.

Among the candidates filing notice for office the past week are C. W. Speelman for clerk of court, and Thomas Bailey for sheriff on the Democratic ticket, and El Carson for sheriff on the Republican. Phil Mally, of Mason City, Iowa, is here in search of land.

Born to P. J. Mibach and wife, Saturday, April 26, a son.

President Steidl and Thomas Tweet left for the West Sunday.

Miss Orpha Miner has been ill with bilious fever for the past week.

Mrs. A. L. Bean left Monday for Ashland, Wis., to visit relatives.

Mrs. Farley, a sister of Attorney Gibbons, arrived yesterday from Monticello.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, May 3.—J. F. B. Nells returned on Tuesday from a business trip to Minneapolis. While away he closed an important deal, involving the purchase of a large amount of pine timber.

H. A. Warring returned on Monday from Turtle River, where he went some two weeks ago to work in a meat market. He left on Tuesday for his claim, nine miles south of Bena, near the Leach Lake dam.

J. M. Dempsey was in town on Tuesday, having come over from Bemidji. Mr. Dempsey has a drive of logs, in which there are about 12,000,000, which he is bringing to Cass Lake, via the Mississippi, from Lake Bemidji, to be sawed at the Nells mill.

Hereafter the evening service at the M. E. church will begin at 8 o'clock, until further notice.

J. E. Johnson went to Grand Rapids, his former home, Wednesday, returning home Thursday.

The weather during the past week has been about as changeable as an old maid's temper.

Mrs. A. N. McIntosh was over from Parris Wednesday, doing some shopping.

Len Scott was at Bemidji Wednesday evening.

The ladies of the Congregational church will give a birthday party on Friday evening, May 16, to which the public is invited.

O. S. Newman and Fred Peterson were over from Moose Lake on Wednesday. C. E. Newman left for St. Paul, Minn., of O. S., arrived in town Wednesday and will visit for several weeks at Moose Lake.

A game of baseball was played at the park Sunday between a team composed entirely of railroad employes, and nine boys from the village. The railroad boys won the game, by the jug-handled score of 22 to 3, but despite the discrepancy in the score there was enough fine playing to make the game interesting.

Miss Flink left on Wednesday for Anoka.

The Cass Lake Gun club has moved its quarters to the ball ground, where the shoots will hereafter be held.

E. J. Turnwall and Miss Alma Beauchane were united in marriage Thursday evening at the home of the bride's parents, near the Nells mill, Rev. Barbner Smith officiating. The bride is many friends in the community, while the groom is the well-known tonsorial artist.

County Commissioner John King and Auditor Charles Griffith came up from Walker Thursday evening and spent the night in the village.

Attorney Hills, of Park Rapids, spent Thursday night in the village.

The material for the local telephone exchange has been ordered and it is expected that the exchange will be installed and in operation by July 1st. It is very probable that the central office will be located on the second floor of the Warren & Fairbanks' block.

Mrs. A. D. Sauve and little son, Emery, left the first of the week for a two months' visit with relatives at Hurley, Wis.

A girl baby was born to Mr. and Mrs. Gola on Monday.

Mrs. John Tapley and daughter departed on Wednesday for Minneapolis, where they will visit for a month.

Mrs. Meisner and little son left on Wednesday for Scanlon, where they will hereafter reside. Mr. Meisner is working in the Brooks-Scanlon mill at that place.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fight for city assessor this spring has resulted in a loss to those who stood the best chance of winning out, and the applicant who was looked upon as a loser may yet win out. There was a deadlock on several of the spring appointments for two meetings, but on April 22, the street commissioner, fire chief and health officer were selected but no agreement could be made for assessor. Our city charter reads that the assessor must be appointed in April, but as none was appointed last meeting it is understood the matter now rests in the hands of the county auditor. Had there been a meeting of the city fathers Tuesday evening the appointment would undoubtedly have been made, but those aldermen who are reported as having been against Mr. Steinberg, one of the applicants, remained away, thus permitting the appointment to go by default. Mr. Steinberg, seeing what had been done, came to his own rescue and tried to have a meeting before 12 o'clock. His friends on the council were with him in this movement. But the opposition was not yet asleep and took a hand in the affair, as late as it was. Their candidate, Mr. Holmberg, resigned, and a dark horse was run in on the way to the meeting. The dark horse was Peter Byrne, former fire chief, but Mr. Steinberg's friends did not rally and no quorum could be secured. Thus the appointment went by default. County Auditor Halden has the matter under advisement and will either appoint an independent man or let last year's assessor hold over. In the latter case Albert E. Dunsmore will be the winner.

Several cases of scarlet fever have been re

the club property is still living aend undoubtedly will be all right in this northern climate, Mr. Grigss was accompanied by his daughter, Miss Mabel.

The fire company was called out twice this week to fight chimney fires.

John Peterson and family have moved into the Belanger cottage on Wyoming avenue.

A. H. Coates was a Hibbing visitor Tuesday.

Miss Hilma Aysta left here Monday for Birmingham, N. H.

Alderman Gust Johnson and brother, Andrew, returned Tuesday from a trip to the Little Fork farming district, twenty-five miles north of Virginia. They state that the people on the outside cannot realize the immense improvements which have been made in that country in the agricultural line the past few seasons.

Philip Cormier and Fred Lezala left here Tuesday for Grand Rapids near which place they will work for a prospecting company, which is composed of local merchants.

Mrs. Louis Mark and her daughter and son, Miss Mary and Max, went to Duluth Wednesday, where Mrs. Mark w... visit for a week and the children will take up their former duties.

Miss Kate Nies has resigned her position as operator at the local telephone exchange, taking effect Thursday.

J. Adam Bede, who aspires for congressional honors this year, was in the city a few hours Wednesday.

W. T. James was down from Ely this week.

Mrs. Andrew Johnson went to Duluth Tuesday to meet Mr. Johnson's sister, Miss Ida, who comes from New York, and who will spend the summer here.

Fred Brennan and family have occupied the Bergman cottage on Wyoming avenue. Mr. Brennan will be employed on the new Duluth & Virginia road this season and went to Duluth Thursday for one of the company's locomotives.

Joseph W. Deering has occupied the Mathieson cottage on Central avenue.

A. R. Wilson and family now occupy the McGrure cottage on Lake boulevard.

The high school boys, assisted by former attendants, tendered a very delightful and select dancing party to the "Jollifieds," the high school girls' club, at the Opera house last evening. There were fully seventy-five couples present, the party being pronounced the "swellest" of the season. The boys served ice cream and cake at midnight. The Alden orchestra of this city furnished music.

Mrs. Charles E. Fay visited with Duluth friends this week.

At the regular annual meeting of the Virginia fire department Thursday evening, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year: Assistant chief, Dan Coffey; foreman, Joseph W. Deering; foreman of No. 2 cart, Louis Halverson; secretary, Axel E. Carlson; treasurer, Charles W. Lundstrom.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Milavetz returned yesterday from a trip to the Twin Cities where she will visit with relatives for the summer.

W. E. Hannaford was a business visitor at Buhl Monday.

Mrs. W. J. Northey left here Saturday morning for Monttana, where she expects to remain permanently.

City Treasurer Pratt was a Duluth caller the fore part of the week.

Former Chief of Police Belanger was over from Chisholm Monday.

M. L. Fay returned Monday from a trip to Oregon, where he went to look after the prospects of a land find.

Larry Doucette, an old Mesabaite and pioneer of this city, died of pneumonia at the hospital ward of Dr. Miller on Sunday night. The remains of the deceased arrived to care for the body so some of his former friends took it upon themselves to see a proper burial given him and he was laid to rest Tuesday. He was a harness maker and was in business when he was taken ill.

Elmer Mathelson, the liveryman, has returned from Hot Springs, Ark., where he had spent a month taking treatment for rheumatism. The treatment was a great benefit to him.

Mrs. I. G. Bush visited friends at Proctor and Duluth this week.

The Ladies' aid of the Catholic church met with Mrs. A. E. Bickford Tuesday afternoon. They meet with Mrs. Clarence Moore next week.

W. T. Bailey, the lumberman, was up from Duluth Monday.

W. H. Cole spent Sunday with his family at Duluth.

Dave Kelly was in the city Monday. Mr. Kelly has recently returned from an extended trip at Canadian points.

Alderman Walberg and Jacob Matson were at Chisholm Wednesday.

Senator Hawkins passed through the city Monday on his way to Buhl where he went to look after business in connection with the Drake & Stratton company, of which he is range manager.

Superintendent C. H. Munger, of the Pickands-Mather interests, was in the city Thursday.

The W. T. Bailey sawmill commenced sawing logs again Saturday. The company has about 2,000,000 cuts on hand.

Allvk Gunderson was at St. Paul on business most of the week.

Charles C. Christopher and family have removed to Duluth.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Henry was up from Two Harbors and spent Sunday with her husband, who is employed in the railroad yards here.

William Brenan has moved his family back from Virginia. They expect to make there home here for the coming summer.

Miss Carrie Trueman returned to her home at Two Harbors Monday, after spending a few days in town, the guest of the Misses McGraw.

Miss McDonald, of Virgina, visited friends in town Saturday.

Mr. McCormick was over from Hibbing the fore part of the week on business.

The young people gave a small dancing party at the city hall Saturday evening. The music was furnished by the Trevena orchestra, and the evening was pleasantly spent. it broke up at 12. The young men are planning on giving a dance some time the first of this month.

John McDermit was over from Virginia the first of the week on business.

The village has sold the boiler used at the water and light plant to the Colonial Mining company. The company will use the boiler at its new mine at Hibbing.

Mrs. Wheeler has returned from Minneapolis, where she was called last week on account of the serious illness of her brother. He is out of danger and is convalescing.

Township Assessor Nick Sharp was in Duluth, where he went to secure the assessment books from County Auditor Halden.

Catholic services were held in the church here last Sunday by Rev. Bilboa, of Virginia.

A small blaze in the home of Mrs. Young caused a little excitement here Sunday morning, when the roof was found to be burning; the neighbors helped and ten buckets of water put it out. The alarm was not sent, consequently the department did not appear.

Mrs. Klink aid children, of McKinley, spent Sunday in town.

The Biwabik mine started an ore shovel last week. They have also started loading some cars.

Mrs. Christopher, of Minneapolis, spent Sunday in town.

The Chinese laundry has been closed on account of dull times.

The Duluth & Iron Range road has two work trains hauling gravel to the main line near Sparta. The gravel is taken from Summit and John O'Laughlin has charge of the loading shovel.

A. McDougal, of McKinley, was in town Monday on business.

Mrs. James Loulan and son, returned to her home at Buhl, Monday, after spending a few days' in town among relatives.

Mrs. Williams went to Hibbing Saturday to spend a few days with her daughter, Mrs. Pearce.

Mrs. Kulvander returned Saturday from Hibbing, where she visited with her husband.

Miss Jennie Trevena has been on the sick list this week with an attack of the grip.

Dick Williams, who has charge of the reading room is sick at his home on Main street.

Malsolm Anderson has purchased the store building on Canton avenue and expects to repair it soon.

Merdock McDonald, of Hibbing, spent Sunday in town with his family.

Mr. Sperry returned Monday from a week's business trip in Chicago.

Professor Gras, who has been on the sick list this week, is again able to resume his studies.

Luke Walin returned to his home at Eveleth Monday, after spending a few days in town with his sister, Mrs. Maintz.

Mr. Hartman, of Milwaukee, transacted business in town Tuesday.

Mr. Trampbush, of Virginia, was in town the middle of the week on business.

Mr. Smoko's place on Main street has been closed on account of the quiet business.

Miss Mabel Trevana left Monday for McKinley, where she is filling the vacancy left in the school by the resignation of Miss Mae Mammill, who left for her home in West Duluth. Miss Trovena intends to remain at McKinley till the closing of the school term.

W. W. Browne returned Tuesday from Duluth, where he transacted legal business.

Miss Maud Metcalf, formerly of this place, but now of Duluth, was married Wednesday afternoon at her home, to Alexander McEwen. They intend making Duluth their home.

Mrs. Tom Acenna and children left today for Duluth, where they will make their future home.

Mrs. James Tearney visited among friends at Eveleth Tuesday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Lutes have returned from a few days' stay at Duluth.

Mrs. Wm Lewis was over at Eveleth Tuesday, visiting with her husband. They intend moving to Eveleth soon.

Miss Pearle Browne is here from Duluth, visiting with her parents.

Mrs. J. I. Mandel is on the sick list.

A wreck took place on the Missabe Northern tracks here Monday evening near the depot. No one was hurt.

Civil Engineer Fairchild, of Duluth, is in town looking after business matters.

Misses Janet and Mabel Carmichael returned Thursday from a few days' visit at Duluth.

Mrs. Henry Apitz left today for Virginia, where she intends remaining for a week, the guest of Mrs. Robert Johnson.

Mrs. Kennedy has closed out her millinery business and has returned to her home in Tower, after a month's stay.

Mrs. N. Tearney visited among relatives at Eveleth a few days this week.

Mrs. McGraw returned Tuesday from a two weeks' visit with friends at Two Harbors.

The Young People's Sewing society of the Methodist church met at the home of Miss Evanson, Thursday evening.

IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. J. Coumbe is ill at her home with scarlet fever.

Miss H. Castin, of this city, took second prize at the Oratorical contest held at Bessemer last week.

A dance was given at the Scandinavian hall Monday night by the A. O. U. W., and a large crowd attended.

S. J. Lande, of Antigo, was in town on business last week.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Meade, who had been visiting friends in Milwaukee, returned to their home Monday.

W. A. Jeffery, of Green Bay, was in town Wednesday.

Mrs. Felch and two children are visiting friends in Milwaukee this week.

Mrs. Hedwick, of Abany street, died at her home Tuesday, of pneumonia. Mrs. Hedwick leaves a husband and a large The funeral occurred Friday from their home.

J. R. McCulloch, of Antigo, was in town Tuesday.

T. E. Sullivan spent Sunday and Monday with friends at Baraga.

J. Noonan, of Montiecllo, who was seriously injured at the Aurora mines last week is reported to be on the road to recovery.

Mrs. N. Walter, of Waukesha, was in town all week visiting relatives.

A dance was given at the Armory Friday night by the boys of the high school, and with great success, a large crowd being in attendance.

circle of friends to mourn her death

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, May 3.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. Mineau and J. Hynes, of Oconto, Wis., arrived in this city the fore part of this week and they expect to make Iron River their future

THE ARENA OF SPORTS

Immense Gate Receipts At the Ring Fights In New York City.

Jeffries and Sharkey Broke Record In Total Receipts --- Kid Broad Has Distinction of Never Being Knocked Out.

With the most humble apologies to the West End Civic Foredation The Herald presumes to respectfully ask permission to print the following poem and also to occasionally publish brief references to the game of baseball:

WHEN THE ROOTER'S ON THE BLEACHERS.

When the pad is on the catcher, and the pitcher's in his place,
And the batter keeps his optics on the distance to first base,
Then the tension is tremendous on the truly loyal fan,
Who is handing out instructions just as swiftly as he can—
And a thrill of apprehension hits the umpire in the spine,
When the rooter's on the bleacher and the coacher's on the line.

When the rooter's on the bleacher and the sun is blazing down—
Then we lose all thought of labor and the other cares of town,
And we hie upon the street car, where the passengers are thick,
And a fellow has to hang on with his eyebrows, if he'll stick,
Till they dump us at the ball park where the fence is mostly sign—
When the rooter's on the bleacher and the coacher's on the line.

When the rooter's on the bleacher—oh, the soul-inspiring shout
When the umpire says the player on the other side is out!
Oh, the anarchistic outbreak when the robber says the same
Of a player on the home team when we're fighting for the game!
And I wouldn't be the umpire, who can't please either nine,
Or the rooter on the bleacher, or the coacher on the line.

When the rooter's on the bleacher—then the gentle chinsels go
In the middle of the grandstand, and they murmur soft and low
That the game is just too lovely. It is charming, "dear" and "cute,"
And they reckon every player by the wrinkles in his suit;
And they think some good flypaper to catch flies with would be fine—
When the rooter's on the bleacher and the coacher's on the line.

—Baltimore American.

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The offer of a $11,000 purse for the match between Terry McGovern and Young Corbett by the Nutmeg Athletic club, of Hartford, Conn., calls up the palmy days of the Horton law in New York city, when the big fighters of the present day earned the fortunes they now possess. It is safe to say that Jim Jeffries, Tom Sharkey, Bob Fitzsimmons, Jim Corbett and Terry McGovern, the five richest fighters in the business, would never have accumulated their present-day wealth had it not been for the existence of the Horton law, of which Senator Timothy D. Sullivan was the author. New York was then the boxers' paradise. More than $3,000,000 was taken in at the various fights, big and little, while the boxing game was legal in the Empire state, and almost half of that sum went to the fighters. San Francisco and New Orleans have been the scene of many famous battles, but when New York was open to the game the boxers got better pay for their services than they ever hope to receive while the sport is barred, owing to the existence of the Lewis law, which put a ban on fighting and took from the boxers their most profitable field of industry. To give an idea of what enormous sums were taken in at the gate and some of the large purses offered the boxers in days gone by, the following list, giving the total gate receipts or guarantee hung up in famous ring battles since the night Jim Corbett whipped John L. Sullivan for the championship at New Orleans, when he pulled down the magnificent sum of $15,000 as a purse and stakes, will be interesting.

Jim Jeffries and Tom Sharkey broke the record in point of attendance when they fought at Coney Island in 1899. The gate receipts were $67,345.

	Total Receipts.
Jim Jeffries and Tom Sharkey, at Coney Island	$67,345
Jim Jeffries and Bob Fitzsimmons, at Coney Island	63,400
Jim Jeffries and Gus Ruhlin, at San Francisco	29,987
Jim Corbett and Tom Sharkey, at New York city	47,700
Kid McCoy and Tom Sharkey at New York city	37,600
Gus Ruhlin and Bob Fitzsimmons, Madison Square Garden	45,000
Bob Fitzsimmons and Tom Sharkey at Coney Island. Purse	25,000
Jim Corbett and Kid McCoy, Madison Square Garden	57,000
Terry McGovern and George Dixon, at New York	24,365
John L. Sullivan and Jim Corbett, at New Orleans. Purse	25,000
Stake, $20,000, Corbett pulling down the entire amount, $45,000.	
Frank Erne and Terry McGovern, at New York	52,000

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With the exception of Jim Jeffries there are few fighters in the business today who can truthfully say that they were never knocked out. Kid Broad is one among the dozen of little fellows who has never experienced a complete knockout. Broad has lost decisions and been in contests that were stopped to save him from further punishment, but he was never knocked senseless in the ring. Broad is not only the homeliest, but, at the same time, is one of the toughest pugilists before the public today. He has fought every featherweight of note, including Terry McGovern and Young Corbett, but he has yet to meet the man to lay him cold in the ring.

To show what a strong jaw the kid possesses it is only necessary to relate the game he was up against several years ago while training in New York. Broad was with Tom O'Rourke's stable, which at the time included the black whirlwind, Joe Walcott. The Kid got sore at Walcott one day and the black man threatened to knock Jab block off at the first opportunity. Block determined to show Walcott that he was not capable of doing the trick and invited Joe to put on the gloves. Walcott took Broad up and they went at each other for keeps. The black man smashed the little fellow all over the ring and put him to the board several times, but Broad came back for more, and was by no means knocked out when friends stepped in after six rounds and stopped further proceedings by dragging Broad from the ring. Later on Dick O'Brien and Eddie Connolly attempted to put Broad out, but he stood up before both of them despite the fact that both are middleweights, while Broad at the time was fighting in the 120-pound class.

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Jeffries and his admirers feel encouraged by the actions of Bob Fitzsimmons during the week past in posting a forfeit and announcing his willingness to fight the champion in California. It took old Bob a long time to get himself in fighting trim, and he is only doing now what he should have done months ago. Fitz can consider himself lucky in getting consideration from the club people on the coast, whom he treated so unfairly a few weeks ago. He should make this match in a hurry, if he starts any more wrangles his best friends will desert him.

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"The Great Lajoie" was a cab driver from Canuckland a few years ago, and he began his baseball career at Fall River. Less than 10 per cent of the phenoms ever blossom into fast company, and the pointers that Frank Selee received about the French-Canadian did not arouse him, and Philadelphia lifted both Lajoie and Phil Geier from the Massachusetts club. For a time Geier shone like a star, but Lajoie was a big hulk of a Frenchman, who stood in is own way. Under W. J. Shettsline he was developed, and today it is questionable whether "Nap" Lajoie or Hans Wagner is the greatest all-round player in the country.

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Umpire Emslie isn't a bit slow in telling what he thinks about the abolition of the fining system in the National league. He says the arbitrators are absolutely helpless, to say nothing of the delay caused by throwing men out of the game.

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Shortstop Kruger, of St. Louis, has made an error in every game so far this season. In four games he has made eight errors. Four of them were accredited to him in the opening game.

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Old National leaguers, who will figure in the California State league teams this summer are Leahy, Shugart, McHale, Waddell, Atherton, Decker, Raymer, Reilly and Dowling.

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Al Buckenberger, manager of the Bostons, says that with a good left-handed pitcher his team would give the champion Pittsburgs a hard chase.

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Pittsburg has the only infield in the National league that has worked together, and that will be a star feature of Pittsburg's pennant march.

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Catcher Stahl, of the University of Illinois, may be added to the Cincinnati backstop corps if Manager McPhee can persuade him to join the professional ranks.

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Joe Sugden is playing "the game of his life" with the St. Louis American. The old man seemed to be done when he was with Pittsburg some years ago.

CHOYNSKI THE WINNER.

Knocks Out Al. Weinig In a Hot Battle.

Louisville, Ky., May 3.—Al Weinig, of Buffalo was knocked out last night by Joe Cheynski, of Chicago, before the Empire Athletic club in the sixth round of one of the fiercest bouts ever fought in this city. Both men were forced to take a severe drubbing, and Weinig's defeat came after a display of gameness rarely equalled in the prize ring. Choynski knocked Weinig down twice, but each time he came up ready for more punishment, but was too dazed, however, to defend himself and finally went down against the ropes in the sixth round Weinig seemed to have the best of the bout, and in the third round the bell was all that saved Choynski from a knockout.

Philadelphia, May 3.—Kid McCoy and Charley Russell, of Chicago, fought six rounds last night at the Industrial Athletic club, in which McCoy had the better of the contest. Rusell was in superb condition, while McCoy was a little fat.

QUIET SUIT

Brought By Doctor Who Is Seeking Divorce.

Akron, Ohio, May 3.—Dr. Arthur C. Ridout has quietly brought suit for divorce in Stark county. Dr. and Mrs. Ridout occupied a fine house on Union street, but neighborhood gossip said all was not lovely between them. Then Mrs. Ridout went away last summer to Chautauqua, the doctor said, but she did not return, though her husband continued to occupy the big Union street residence.

In February the doctor disappeared, and subsequently his office fixtures were attached for rent. In his divorce petition he alleges that his wife was jealous and slandered him in the presence of his friends and patients. He further charges her with desertion.

Dr. Ridout was prominent in Warren and Youngstown before coming here, and his wife is said to be in the latter city now. They were supposed to be wealthy.

Resumes Summer Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, April 27th, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, will resume their summer schedule. Train No. 8, the Boston and New York Limited, for all points East, will leave Duluth daily, 6:45 p. m., and will arrive at Duluth from the East 8:30 a. m.

Train No. 6, the Marquette and Copper Country Local, will leave Duluth daily, except Sunday, at 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Duluth, 7:15 p. m.

Note the sleepy tired look in your eyes. The fire of youth no longer burns. Take Rocky Mountain Tea. Brings back forgotten joys. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Nothing but good beer ever comes out of the bottles labeled

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PALE BOHEMIAN.
BAVARIAN EXPORT.

BEER

because nothing but good beer is put in.

The Beer with a Reputation.

A. FITGER & CO. BREWERS.
DULUTH, MINN., 'PHONE 138

Magazines For May

A double frontispiece in color by Maxfield Parrish, showing desert and reclaimed land in Arizona side by side, accentuates the beginning in the May Century of the promised series on "The Great Southwest" by Ray Stannard Baker, the other illustrations of which are also from drawings by Mr. Parrish. The first paper deals with the large aspects of this little known region—natural features, climate, population, irrigation, character of the people, etc. "The Capital of Our Democracy," by Henry Loomis Nelson, is a close study of Washington society by an experienced observer, with much anecdote and with illuminating pictures by Charlotte Harding. Of special interest to business men are the opinions of America, recorded by Wolf von Schierbrand in an article on "Conversations with the Four German Chancellors"—Bismarck, Caprivi, Hohenlohe and von Bulow—all of whom are quoted verbatim on the topic of American relations, Bismarck digressing to criticise severely the declaration of war with Spain and the assertion of the Monroe doctrine.

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The menu arranged by the editors of Success in the May number, contains a long list of wholesome dishes, spiced with inspiration and good cheer. Success has no sympathy with pessimism, as its pages show, but flings far and wide, the essence of optimism, which, in a large measure is responsible for its spirit-stirring qualities. The May number contains some important articles showing the upward trend of the world. The opening article is by Rebecca Harding Davis and is entitled "The Return to the Soil." It is a strong plea to those who are obliged to live in the city, to seek some communion with nature, in order to find new life and new interest in the world. Israel Zangwill in "What Have the Hebrews Accomplished?" has clearly defined the distinctive qualities that have made a powerful race; Ellen Terry, the great English actress, gives some well-meaned advice to stage-struck girls in a valuable paper entitled "An American Girl's Possibilities as an Actress."

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The May number of the Smart Set opens with a novelette by Edgar Fawcett, entitled "The Vulgarians." The fine story the author has achieved the best expression of his genius. Parvenues of immense wealth are here made real before the reader, and not only real, but lovable as well. The story is at once ingenious and simple, entertaining and profound. It is a most valuable picture of American life, and must stand as an important contribution to literature. "The Tragic Spark," a play by Richard Duffy, is a most amusing history of martial troubles, and, unlike most plays, the dramatic form offers no hindrance to the reader's pleasure. Edgar Saltus has written in his best vein under the title, "Manhattan's Golden Fold."

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The prize for the cover design of Harper's Bazar for May was won by Miss A. M. Cooper. The design, drawn on classic lines, is a particularly attractive one in pale lavenders, yellows and greens, and represents a seated woman holding an open book. Miss Cooper is a young graduate of the Pratt institute, Brooklyn, New York, where she now resides. She has studied abroad. Most of her work has been done for the Bazar.

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The open air season of the year is ushered in by Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly for May with a thoroughly out of door cumber, filled with stories of birds, beasts, fishes, tramps and other outdoor folk, and dedicated to sport, to nature, and to the joy of living. C. G. D. Roberts leads off with "The Lord of the Air," a striking tale of an eagle of the North, untamable, and free as the air. Another kind of freedom is taken up in the "Philosophy of the Road," an article on tramps, by one who is really a tramp, and not merely a student of sociology, or a newspaper man seeking copy.

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From its charming cover by Albert Herter to its last page, the May issue of the Ladies' Home Journal is full to the brim with many things of interest. The most important new feature is the beginning of Ernest Thompson Seton's department for boys, which is written and illustrated by the famous naturalist-author-artist, Lindsay Denison, who knows President Roosevelt in a very personal way, writes of "The Outdoor President;" and Helen Keller continues the marvelous story of her life. The fiction features are Miss Porter's "Those Days in Old Virginia," and the first part of a delightful story by Grace S. Richmond called "The Indifference of Juliet." Neltje Blanchan tells "How the Birds Build Their Nests," and Will Bradley shows the boudoir of "The Bradley House."

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The May number of Everybody's Magazine opens with a most interesting article by Dr. Henry Gannett on "Famous American Mountains," superbly illustrated with photographs of the notable peaks of the Rockies, the Sierras and the Alaskan range. Especially timely is T. P. O'Connor's estimate of Cecil Rhodes—the "Napoleon of South Africa." It is a skillful character study, representing the curious admixture of traits which make Mr. Rhodes the great personality of his period. Another valuable contribution is Dr. W. Wiley's "Man as a Machine," in which the functions of the huban body are compared with mechanical processes.

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"The trials of a Young Housewife," by Lillian Bell, is the subject of the clever leading article in Harper's Bazar for May. Another bright essay is entitled "How to be Happy Trough Single." Josephine Dodge Daskam, whost stories are unfailingly entertaining, contributes a charming story entitled "Points of View." An article that will be keenly appreciated by mothers is "Every Morning's Combed," an engaging study of childlife by Marion F. Washburne, which is beautifully illustrated with some of Miss F. Y. Cory's wonderful pictures of children. Another article which appeals to mothers and fathers is "Play Houses," in which Miss Ada Sterling gives practical instructions how to put up small buildings for children.

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The May number of the Woman's Home Companion opens with an article on "Where the Circus Starts From," by Epgene Wood. "Behind the Scenes in a Department Store" gives shoppers a glimpse into the workings of these great enterprises. There is a valuable article on Ellen M. Stone. "Little Journeys to the Woods and Fields" and "The Month of May-Days" are appropriate outdoor features. The reproduction of five paintings by Charles Schreyvogel makes a striking double-page feature. A new serial story by Cyrus Townsend Brady, entitled "Woven With the Ship," makes the magazine notable in fiction.

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In the May Forum the first place is taken by a timely article on "The Polish Problem in Prussia." Its author, Wolf von Schierbrand, explains how it is that the national spirit of the Poles has succeeded in resisting the Germanizing policy of the Prussian government. Professor O. T. Ladd's paper on "The Degradation of the Professional Office" brings to an end a remarkable series of criticisms of the present academic situation, which is also discussed in Pres. C. F. Thwing's article on "Collegiate Conditions in the United States." Other educational topics dealt with in this number are "The Example of French Industrial Art Schools," by Jacob Schoenhof and, "The Negro and Higher Learning," by Professor W. S. Scarborough. An important statistical article is contributed by Henry Gannett, who shows "Our Industrial Position in the World" by comparison of our exports with those of other nations.

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Stanley Waterloo starts the May number of 10 Story Book with a unique romance of primitive man entitled "The First Horse Race;" Elizabeth Phipps Train contributes "The Truth of the Matter;" Ogle Read, "The Baron's Daughter;" Hewn H. Gardener, "Saturday Evening Roses;" W. D. Nesbit (Josh Wink), "When Love Laughed;" Dorothy Dix, "Along Broadway;" and John Lewin McLeish, "Lord Asycough's Wedding Night."

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The May number of Lippincott's Magazine contains a complete society novel, five short stories, five brief, pointed papers on subjects of present interest, some talk about books, many pages of bright, fresh "Walnuts and Wine," and plenty of seasonable verse. The month's novel is "A Mock Caliph and His Wife," by Edith Robinson. This entire story covers a period of only two weeks in the whirl of New York's smartest society, where John Blair and his wife take up the reins of a social leader whose health has broken under so strenuous a life. The Blairs are a young couple from the country, of gentle breeding but not used to modern ultra-fashionable ways. They get into and out of difficulties and teach a thing or two by the way. The revealing of some social sins, the pathos of a quiet little secretar, and the side issue of stock gambling are woven into a masterpiece of fiction that is remembered with pleasure.

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The May Queen is fragrant with the breath of approaching summer. It is a most seasonable number. Besides several complete stories it contains numerous articles of exceptional interest to the housewife, the embroidery worker, the fashionable woman and the beauty seeker. Its front cover, by Malcolm Strauss, is most effective, and its fashion pictures—sketches of the latest, prettiest and most seasonable suits, waists and children's dresses—will prove of great service to the economical and artistic woman.

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The Popular Science Monthly for May contains the following articles: "The Electronic Theory of Electricity," by Professor J. A. Fleming; "Sulfuric Acid and its Manufacture by the Contact-process," by Dr. R. Knetsch; "The Physical Basis of Heredity," by Professor Carl H. Eigenmann; "Children's Vocabularies," by M. C. and B. Gale; "Mescal: A Study of a Javelin Plant," by Havelock Ellis; "Infectious Diseases," by Dr. Alfred Springer; "The Relations of Electrically Charged Molecules to Physiological Processes," by Professor Jacques Loeb.

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Harper's Magazine for May opens brilliantly with the first chapters of Mrs. Humphry Ward's new novel, "Lady Rose's Daughter," with two illustrations by Howard Chandler Christy, one of which is a colored frontispiece. The eight short stories are by Elinore Elliott Peake, Beulah Marie Dix, Julian Ralph, Grace Ellery Channing, Cyrus Townsend Brady, Mary R. S. Andrews, and others; and there are sketches by Ray Rolfe Gibson, Mary Applewhite Bacon, and Jane W. Guthrie. The travel article is "Sven Hedin in Centra Asia," by J. Scott Keltie, LL.D., and an account of coaching in France, entitled "The Charm of the Road," by James H. Hyde, furnishes less serious entertainment in the same vein. Science is represented by "The Art of Vision," by Prof. Raymond Dodge, of Wesleyan university, and "Marine Fish Destroyers," by W. C. McIntosh, LL.D.

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The great feature of the May McClure's is the first installment of Miss Ellen M. Stone's account of her six months' captivity among the Macedonian brigands. Miss Stone has risen splendidly to an opportunity that every writer of adventure—true or fictitious—may well envy her. She has a thrilling good story, which of itself you will enjoy whether or not you are interested in foreign missions. In the most approved serial style the first paper is concluded with the announcement of the brigands to their captives, when the first appeal for aid has failed, that they have but nine more days to live. Every incident is narrated with enthralling vividness, and yet with no stretching after sensation. The best parts are those which relate the terrible flight across the mountains immediately after the capture, and the episode in the lonely sheperd's hut when the brigands disclosed their plot to Miss Stone and Mrs. Tsilka. It is her reticence concerning her own physical sufferings and mental anguish in all this that lends power to the narrative. The brigands themselves, robber and indifferent to their captives' comfort as they were, could not refrain from complimenting them on their pluck.

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A series which should have been named "The Enchantments of Our Modern Alnddins," if considered solely from the point of view of romance, is begun in the May Cosmopolitan. But these sketches possess as well a business interest equally for clerk and capitalist, for manufacturer, farmer and merchant. The man who would understand the drift of our news in finance and business must read these lives, so full of incident, of chance, of hard labor and marvelous success. As it is, the series receives only the commonplace name of "Captains of Industry." Each character is treated by a noted writer familiar with his subject.

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An air of spring pervades Scribner's Magazine for May. It contains a beautiful drawing in color by Henry McCarter to illustrate Heine's "May Song;" there is a breezy salt-water narrative by James B. Connolly, who gives his adventures "On a North Sea Smack" (illustrated by M. J. Burns)—another of those inimitable fishing sketches which have already put Mr. Connolly in the first rank of writers of the sea; an exciting "Fight With a Muskallonge," by John R. Rathom, who in a very brief space gives the reader all the sensations that an expert fisherman gets in landing a gamy fish (illustrated with a spirited picture by A. B. Frost); and there is an "Early May" poem by John Burroughs. Fiction is most entertainingly represented in the two great serials by Richard Harding Davis and F. Hopkinson Smith, and by five short stories of great variety in subject and character.

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The May National touches American life at more different points than any other publication. "Affairs at Washington" embraces discussion of the large problems of national legislation and a number of new anecdotes concerning famous men. Senator Nathan Bay Scott tells why the San Blas, or Darien-Mandingo tunnel route is the best one for a trans-isthmian canal. Charles H. Spencer, manager of the American Isthmus Ship Canal company, reinforces Senator Scott's views with the testimony of engineers, and tells how his company proposes to build the canal without asking a dollar from the national treasury. W. S. Coursey, Gen. Algar's secretary when the latter was secretary of war writes of "McKinley as Commander-in-Chief," and gives facsimiles of McKinley's war orders. Clarence Hawkes, Aloysius Coll and Alice E. Allen are the story-tellers of the number.

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Country Life in America for May is a timely number of this large and superb magazine containing, notably, some remarkable photographs of live trout and of brook fishing. A second installment of the "Country Home-Making" series gives practical suggestions for laying out and grading the land. An illustrated article shows how a golf course for home playing can be satisfactorily made in a small stretch of ground. Other features concern the varied pursuits and things of the country; the value of "Our Mountain Forests" is told by Dr. Chase P Ambler, with many beautiful pictures of the Southern Appalachians; "Glimpses of Brook Life" treats of the plants and animals found along the streams, and "The Inspirations of a Great Farm" tells of the development of profitable dairy herds and of business methods in farming; while "The Nursery and Nurserymen" offers information about plant-raising, with hints about transplanting.

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W. T. Stead was an intimate friend and confidant of Cecil Rhodes, and for years was intrusted with the great South African's imperial secrets. Only a part of Mr. Stead's disclosures made since the death of Rhodes has been given to the daily press, but the whole story is told for the first time in the May number of the American Monthly Review of Reviews. There will be found the full text of the remarkable notes on world politics written by Mr. Rhodes in 1890, commencing with the greatest freedom on current American affairs, and giving some suggestion of the ideas which underlay the Oxford scholarship scheme. No where has been published so complete and authoritative an estimate of this modern Colossus of the English-speaking world. Pictures of "Groote Schuur," Mr. Rhodes' home at Cape Town, with excellent portraits of Mr. Rhodes himself, accompany the article.

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Geraldine Bonner writes on "How to Stay Beautiful," in the Argonaut for April 28. Here is a subject that should be of vital interest to the ladies, at least. Miss Bonner tells of the various methods employed by the great French actresses.

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The May number of the Pilgrim has a distinct out-of-door flavor. The cover is a very striking bit of color work by Arthur Hoeber, whose work in adapting landscapes to the style of magazine covers has been quite notable in the last few months. Sylvester Baxter leads the magazine with an article on "The Picturesque Aspects of Municipal Socialism," which, to a great extent, is a description of the work done in Boston to provide out-of-door recreation for the masses. The illustrations are plentiful, and beautiful as well. Wilhelm Miller, of the Encyclopoedia of American Horticulture, contributes a second of his gardening articles. This one suggests ways of using wild flowers in the home garden. The other strikingly illustrated articles are: "Beside the Cool Waters," by Milton B. Markes; "An Old-Time Church and a New-time Bridge," by James C. Bartholf; a sketch of Ignace Paderwewski by the well-known critic, William J. Henderson.

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William M. Salter opens the May Atlantic with a carefully studied and clearly analyzed paper on "Second Thoughts on the Treatment of Anarchy." He treats the subject in a dispassionate manner that could not have been possible a few months earlier, when McKinley was assassinated. He points out the unsuspected strength of anarchism in this country, and some of the elements of its growth, together with other facts which should be considered in reference to its treatment. John Corbin, the author of "An American at Oxford," contributes the first of a series of papers on outdoor life in a delightful article entitled "The Modern Chivalry," in which he eulogizes the modern passion for field sports, and reviews them, and likens the outdoor amusements of the day to the jousts and tourneys of the middle ages, or the Olympian sports of old Greece.

DUN'S REVIEW

Labor Troubles Only Thing Interfering With Industrial Progress

New York, May 3.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade says: Two large strikes scheduled to commence on May 1 were averted, at least temporarily, and a number of smaller ones were settled, but many new controversies have begun. This labor factor is the only seriously unfavorable one in the industrial situation, exerting considerable influence over the volume of transactions and also tending to unsettled confidence in seasonable merchandise, especially dry goods and clothing. Warmer weather has stimulated outdoings, while outdoor work is prosecuted vigorously. Collections are more prompt as a rule, fewer extensions being asked. Shipments are less delayed by traffic congestion, and railway earnings thus far reported exceed last year's by 12 per cent.

Consumers of finished steel product are compelled to place orders subject to the convenience of manufacturers, and it is the exception when any nearby deliveries are promised. An unprecedented amount of railway work is being done, while the erection of new buildings would be much more extensive if material were available. This structural work is on a record breaking scale and promises relief to the situation hereafter, since most of the plants under construction will add to the productive capacity when completed. Pig iron has worked up to a higher point, Bessemer commanding $20 at Pittsburg on deliveries within six months, owing to the full contracts held by the furnaces.

Foreign dealers have shown much wisdom by making concessions in this market.

A better volume of orders taken by New England shoe shops is one of the most encouraging signs of the week. Slight concessions were made on a few grades, but the general level of quotations is fairly well maintained. Jobbers are still slow to place fall orders, hoping that better terms may be possible next month. Steadiness in the leather market does not tend to encourage expectations of cheaper shoes, however, especially in view of the firmness of domestic hides, with another rise in imported grades. Exports of leather continue larger than a year ago. Jobbers in dry goods have felt the effects of good weather and a brisk trade has been done at steady prices, although no general advance has followed the rise in raw cotton or the restricted operations at woolen mills. Weak silver has continued to mitigate against exports to China. Overtime work at independent mills is practically neutralizing the effect of the weavers' strike. Cereal prices have been less inflated by speculation than they were last week, yet a high level was maintained and only slight reactions occurred. The general tenor of crop news was much more encouraging, aside from Kansa dispatches, which indicate that wheat needs moisture, although corn and oats have good prospects.

Good foreign crop conditions were calculated to weaken the tone, yet exports of wheat from the United States, flour included, amounted to 5,579,037 bus, against 4,132,357 bus a year ago. Recent attractive prices have brought corn to market more freely than in preceding weeks, but receipts of 1,686,650 bus for the week fell far short of the 2,378,564 bus in the same week last year. The comparison as to Atlantic exports is still more striking, only 154,701 bus going out during the week against 2,560,21 bus a year ago. Cotton continued advancing until there was a gain of $3.10 a bale over last year's figure, when a trifling reaction occurred, but the tone continued strong. Failures in the United States this week were 225 against 212 last week, 261 the preceding week, and 226 the corresponding week last year and in Canada 17, against 18 last week, 24 the preceding week and 24 last year.

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Via Eastern Minnesota railway, account K. P. celebration. Good going May 4th and 5th, returning May 7th. City Ticket Office, corner Spalding hotel.

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One fare plus $2.00 for the round trip, points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and California. Good leaving May 6th, returning limit twenty-one days. City Ticket Office, corner Spalding hotel.

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TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, MAY 5, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

MRS. SOFFEL IS GUILTY

Says So Herself and Will Receive Sentence.

She Assisted In Escape of Biddle Brothers.

Pittsburg, May 5.—Mrs. Kate Soffel, the wife of Warden Soffel, of the Allegheny county jail, who figured in the sensational escape and recapture of the Biddle brothers last January, was called into court this morning and entered a plea of guilty to the charge of aiding and abetting in the escape of prisoners. She will be sentenced next Saturday.

The maximum penalty is two years in the penitentiary. The court room was crowded to the doors, many women being present and much curiosity to see the prisoner was manifested. Mrs. Soffel entered the room with a firm step. She was accompanied only by her physician and attorney, having made a special request that none of her relatives be present during the trying ordeal.

She was dressed neatly, unveiled and appeared to have entirely recovered from the wounds received during the battle between the bandits and officers. During the preliminaries incident to the opening of court she showed little embarrassment, and talked freely with her attorney and physician.

ANXIETY FOR THE QUEEN

People of Holland Are Apprehensive For the Life of Wilhelmina In Spite of the More Reassuring Bulletins.

The Hague, May 5.—A bulletin issued at Castle Loo this morning is as follows: "As feared, the illness from which Queen Wilhelmina is suffering put an end, yesterday evening to the hopes for a happy event, the realization which whereof was expected in September next. All things considered her majesty's condition is satisfactory at the present moment."

The more reassuring tone of this morning's official bulletin did little to allay the apprehensions of the public regarding the condition of the queen. The streets are dotted with despondent groups of people, anxiously discussing the exceedingly scant information permitted to leak out. The offices of the official newspapers were besieged with inquirers and surrounded by people awaiting bulletins. Telegrams of inquiry arrived from all parts of the world. All the foreign diplomats either personally called for news or sent their secretaries to make inquiries about her majesty's health.

A bulletin posted at Castle Loo at 2 p. m. today announced that the condition of Queen Wilhelminaw as satisfactory up to the present time.

It transpires that the first disquieting symptoms in the queen's condition manifested themselves during Saturday evening. An urgent summons was dispatched for an accoucheur, who remained at her majesty's bedside all night long and summoned Dr. Ito-sings and Professor Konwer, the gynecolgist, of Utrecht univerity, who arrived at Castle Loo yesterday afternoon. The symptoms of complications became more and more pronounced and the condition of the queen was considered extremely grave. The queen mother and the prince consort did not dare leave the bedside.

Toward nightfall the patient became worse and suffered intense pain. The most critical time was reached between 10:30 and 11 p. m. and there was no relaxation to the extreme suspense of all present in the sick room until the doctors at about midnight were able to announce that the accouchment was over.

This morning's statement that, in spite of great pain, her majesty's condition was relatively satisfactory, considerably lessened the anxiety of the queen's relatives and attendants. This feeling of relief was increased by the departure of Professor Konwer from the castle and the wording of this afternoon's bulletin.

CHINESE GIRL KIDNAPED

New York, May 5.—Wee Lung Fong, a beautiful Chinese girl who was brought to New York three weeks ago to become the wife of Ling Foy, a wealthy Ninth street tea merchant, has been kidnaped by highbinders, and intense excitement prevails in Chinatown. The wedding ceremony was to have been performed at the Joss house in Mott street at midnight tonight, and extensive preparations had been made for the event. The merchant has not yet been told of the disappearance of his fiancee, and the news will be kept from him until the last moment, in the hope that the girl may be found. Ling Foy is said to be one of the wealthiest Chinamen in America, having made a large fortune and has been living in luxury for years. Near Hong Kong, Ling Foy had seen a beautiful girl whom he determined to purchase for a wife. An agent was sent to China, where the girl was purchased from her father for $800. She reached New York three weeks ago in the care of the commissary and placed in the hand of a resident of Mott street, who was instructed to allow no person to see her. Shortly after the news of the approaching marriage was spread through Chinatown, Ling Foy was approached by a committee of the highbinders and asked to contribute $100 for a general merry-making among the people. The merchant flatly refused. His prospective wife already had cost him $2500, and he did not see the necessity of paying anything to the highbinders. The next night the girl was carried away in a carriage and the woman in whose care she was also disappeared. The leader of the highbinders' society likewise is said to be missing, and Ling Foy's friends are exerting their utmost endeavors to run down the kidnapers.

TAMS BIXBY HAS RESIGNED

Washington, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Tams Bixby has resigned as a member of the Dawes Indian commission. No one here knows why. It is said that he will fight Governor Van Sant. His resignation has not yet been accepted.

NO WEALTH FOR CLERGYMEN

Chicago, May 5.—"For you there is not wealth in sight," said the Rev. D. F. Bradley, president of Grinnell college, Iowa, in the baccalaureate sermon delivered before the graduating class of the Chicago theological seminary last evening.

"If you die leaving a large estate, which you have earned in the gospel ministry, you will have been recreant to your trust. For you there is no literary fame, no commercial world to delve in, no pittance beyond a ministerial salary. The most important business is not saving souls, but in keeping them from being lost. You are not going to enter a bad world, but a world full of good people."

DIED "WITH HIS BOOTS ON"

New York, May 5.—Capt. Hiram Pugh, who has just died at Bridgeton, N. J., had not slept in a bed since he returned from the civil war. When he was taken ill several weeks ago the doctor ordered him to bed, but he resisted all efforts to make him obey the order and died "with his boots on."

CHINAMEN TO BE DEPORTED

Washington, May 5.—The chief justice of the United States supreme court today rendered opinions in two test cases affecting the transit of Chinamen through the United States to other countries, sustaining the action of the governmental authorities in having them detained at San Francisco. There are said to be forty or fifty Chinamen who have been thus detained in San Francisco for the past four or five months, and who have been very restless under the restraint. The result of the decision will be the deportation to China of the Chinese detained.

DUNN MAY COME OUT

Persistent Rumors of a Combination With J. F. Jacobson.

Would Precipitate a Pretty Fight In St. Louis County.

Odin Halden Has Tied Up With Van Sant Forces.

"It would not surprise me," said a prominent Duluth politician Saturday afternoon, "to see the Republican state convention in a mighty pretty row over two slates, as follows:

"First slate: Samuel R. Van Sant for governor; Odin Halden for state auditor.

"Second slate: Robert C. Dunn for governor; J. F. Jacobson for state auditor.

"That guess may seem a little strained at this time, but just wait and see how things go before you make any rash reflection upon it. I really believe that things are working that way now. The rumors of Bob Dunn's candidacy for the governorship will not down, in spite of his repeated denials. In fact, there is a rumor that Bob lately said to a crowd of politicians that gathered in his office: 'Well, I am not a candidate, but confound it, if you fellows insist upon it, how am I going to help myself?'

"The coming out of Jacobson, to my mind, means that Dunn is going to do something. I know they had a frightful scrap at the special session last winter. It was terrible while it lasted. Jacobson went out of his way to make a wholesale assault upon Dunn, and Dunn stood around the back of the house chamber and swore. He swore into the newspapers next morning, and you would have thought that if they met it would be a case of coffee and pistols for two. But there is not a sign of that scrap left, on the surface at any rate. They have made it up completely and unless I have made a very bad guess they have joined fortunes. They expect to show up the game at the last moment and sweep the field. They are trying, indirectly, to prevent the various delegations being instructed for Van Sant. There is no other reason for not having them instructed. If they can get enough uninstructed delegations into the convention they will spring the trap, and if their hopes are realized they will sweep the convention for Dunn and Jacobson.

"That means a mighty pretty fight right in St. Louis county. Many of the local leaders are anti-Van Sant men. That they are not inclined that way because of anything in his administration is evident from the fact that they began to manifest their hostility before he had been in office two months. They will be in the Dunn game, and they will work for an uninstructed delegation.

"Odin Halden, whose fortunes as a candidate for the state auditorship are rising every day, has tied himself up with the Van Sant forces. It was the proper move for him, and the only one for him to make. The Van Sant men realize that they need the strength that a candidate from this end of the state can give them, and they will have to line up with Halden. It will be a fight here for a delegation instructed for Van Sant and Halden, and it will be a fight in the state convention between that ticket and the Dunn and Jacobson slate.

"Iverson? He is to be a victim of opposing circumstances, and it will be his lot to be ground between the upper and nether mill stones.

"There are people that may think I am talking through my hat, but just let them wait awhile and see how far from the truth I am."

ROBERTS TO RETIRE.

Will Be Succeeded By the Duke of Connaught.

New York, May 5.—In military circles, the question of Earl Roberts' retirement from the post of commander-in-chief immediately after he coronation, is freely discussed, says a Herald dispatch from London.

It is looked upon as a certainty that the duke of Connaught will succeed him and will not return to Ireland.

The fact that Earl Roberts has recently purchased a big estate in the country is considered proof of this statement.

TRAIN DERAILED.

Leipsic, Saxony, May 5.—Shortly after the express train left here this morning for Berlin, an axle of the tender broke, the train was derailed and Herr Friedel, a member of the reichstag and two other persons were killed and six people injured.

PENSIONS INCREASED.

Washington, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following increases of pensions have been granted to residents of Little Falls, Minn., Edward H. Rowley, $17, and Francis R. Petee, $10.

CIGARMAKERS STRIKE.

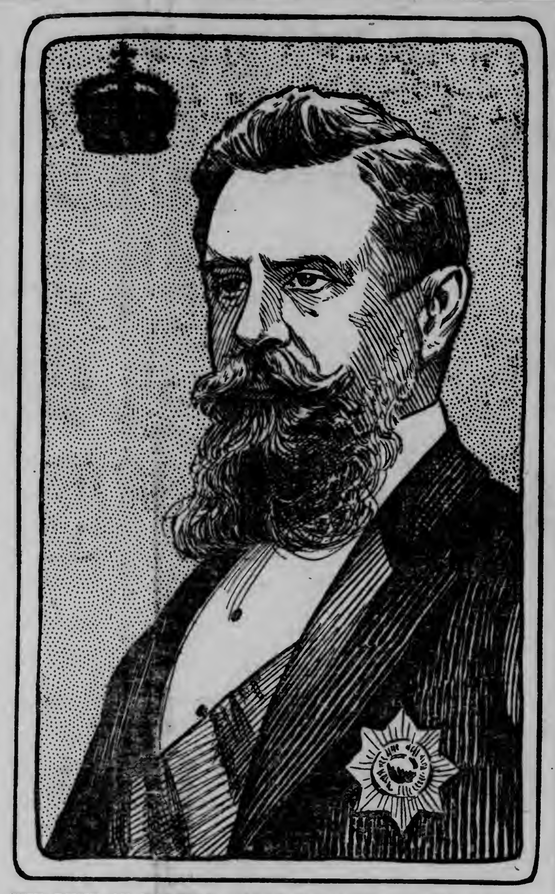
Chicago, May 5.—Two hundred cigarmakers employed by the Havana American company struck today rather than accept a reduction in pay. The reduction ordered was from $3 to $5 per 1000, according to the grade of cigar manufactured.

CROKER RETURNS IN AUGUST.

New York, May 5.—European mails just received are said to have brought from Richard Croker letters to Tammany leaders stating that he will return to New York late in August.

POCKET MONEY BILL.

Berlin, May 5.—The reichstag today adopted what is dubbed the tariff committees' pocket money bill. The Radicals and Social Democrats voted with the minority. The measure authorizes the payment of 2500 marks to each member of the tariff committee.



THE DUKE OF NORFOLK, STAGE MANAGER OF THE CORONATION, WHO IS A BUSY MAN AT PRESENT.

The length of a peeress' train, the width of the band of ermine on a coronet—these and other matters of dressmaking and millinery are at present engaging much of the time of the noble Duke of Norfolk, master of ceremonies of the coronation of King Edward VII. and chief butler of England.

VICTIM OF THE MAFIA

Frank Diconza, a Prominent Italian Politician of New York, Shot and Killed By Two Unknown Men.

New York, May 5.—Frank Diconza, a political leader among the naturalized citizens in the Williamsburg section of Brooklyn, has been shot and instantly killed by two unknown men.

The police believe that he was a victim of the Mafia. The shooting occurred in Driggs avenue. Two shots were heard and two men were seen running from the body of the fallen Italian.

The motive for the murder is as mysterious as the identity of the assassins.

Diconza, who was 40 years old and lived with his wife and three children at 540 Driggs avenue, was a power in a political way. His aid was sought by indifferent leaders on account of his influence with his fellow countrymen who had votes. He generally was a Democrat and able to swing for his side a considerable following.

He was never known to work. He lived comfortably and spent most of his time at a political club. He had been at the club before the shooting, and later were seen with several members near the club room, but when he was killed he was alone.

TWO PERISH BY FIRE

Disastrous Conflagration In New York Resulted In Death of Two and the Serious Injury of Three Others.

New York, May 5.—Two persons perished and several were injured today in a fire which gutted the building, 301 Pearl street, occupied by the Eureka Bedding company. Dead:

EMMA BOLTCHET, 19 years old.

JOHN LYNCH.

Injured: Ethel McGrath, probably fatally burned; Katie Wadsworth, internally; Annie Gilroy.

The fire started on the first floor near a pile of the hair pads. A boy was sweeping some loose cotton over the floor and it is supposed that he swept the stuff over a lighted cigar or cigarette stub. The cotton burst into a blaze, the hair pads were set afire and in an instant the fire spread throughout the first floor and mounted upward.

A panic ensued and disregarding the fire escapes many of the employes jumped from rear windows to the roof of an extension. It was in this way that Miss Gilroy and Miss Wadsworth were hurt. The bodies of Miss Boltchert and Lynch were found on the top floor, death having resulted from burns and suffocation.

THINK WOMAN MURDERED

New York, May 5.—With nothing to indicate her identity except the initials "F. M." on the inside of the plain gold wedding ring upon the third finger of her left hand, the body of a woman has been found in the East river at the foot of Seventy-sixth street.

The police, after a superficial examination of the body, which was nude and must have been in the water for about two months, were strongly of the opinion that murder had been done. An autopsy will be performed to determine the cause of the woman's death.

CRAZY ITALIANS RULE TOWN

Racine, Wis., May 5.—A mob of fifty Italians, crazy from liquor, has ruled the town of Corliss, seven miles west of here, terrorizing the people and driving all citizens from the streets. Two women were wounded slightly by revolver bullets, and two men were cut with knives.

Help was asked from this city, and Sheriff Baumann, with a posse of deputies, drove over to Corliss, where order was restored after a short but exciting encounter in the streets.

Two of the Italians are under arrest and the others have fled to escape the wrath of the attacked.

NOTHING IN IT, SAYS GATES

New York, May 5.—John W. Gates, who has arrived here from Chicago, is quoted by the Times as denying the reports that he and his associates have acquired control of the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville railroad (Monon) by purchasing $3,000,000 worth of stock in the open market, and by the purchase of $6,000,000 worth of stock additional from Samuel Thomas. "Nothing in it as far as I'm concerned," said Mr. Gates.

BROKERS BROKEN

Three New York Firms Forced to Suspend.

Caught In Recent Manipulation of Stocks.

New York, May 5.—The developments of the latter half of last week in Wall street in connection with the stocks of the Dominion Securities company, the Rutland Railroad company and the Hackensack meadows resulted today in the announcement in rapid succession of the suspension of stock exchange brokerage houses. The first firm to declare inability to meet obligations was Offenbach & Moore. Henry Brothers and Lockwood, Hurd & Co., followed rapidly. Offenbach & Moore were known principally as traders in what were known as "Webb-Meyer" securities, and the announcement was made Saturday that they had experienced some difficulty in securing loans to enable them to carry stocks for the interests which they represented. On Saturday afternoon, however, a statement was made in behalf of the firm to the effect that temporary arrangements had been made, and that it was hoped funds might be obtained today to pay off obligations and continue business. Today's suspension shows, however, that thees hopes weer not realized. The offices of Offenbach & Moore were not opened for business at all today. Mr. Gordon, of Henry Bros., whose suspension followed that of Offenbach & Moore, was a director of the Dominion Securities company.

The stock market opened weak with the knowledge that a number of failures were imminent. Support was accorded the market, and there was some rallies, but when sales under the rule for suspended houses were made, the market gave way again. The high priced stocks which had been under recent manipulation were the severest sufferers. Rutland preferred dropped 14 points, Westinghouse 15, New York, New Haven & Hartford 5, North American 5¾, Northwestern and Tennessee Coal 3. The coalers were affected in addition by fears of a miners' strike. D. & H. dropped 4½, Reading 3, and others smaller amounts. Losses of 1 to 3 were quite general throughout the list. Before the first hour had elapsed supporting orders were effective again, and there were some substantial rallies.

On the curb, where non-stock exchange securities are traded in, there was an excited group of traders trying to make sales in Webb-Meyer stock. Dominion Securities, which sold last Friday at 118½ and on Saturday at 70, was offered today at 70, but the best bid was 20. Later it was offered at 50 and the bid declined to 10. Hackensack Meadows was offered at 40 with no bid. On Friday it sold at 79.

Dr. W. Seward Webb, president of the Rutland Railroad company, arrived here today from Shelburne Falls, Vt. It was said at his office that a statement on his behalf would be issued some time during the day.

Henry Bros. made an announcement after their suspension to the effect that their embarrassment would be but temporary; that they were solvent, and that they had only suspended for the time being, in order to protect their customers. No statement of liabilities or assets accompanied the suspension notices, and it was said such statements might not be obtainable for several days.

Up to 11 o'clock there has been no service of the order of arrest obtained on Saturday against A. L. Meyer.

Dr. W. Seward Webb was in conference during the morning with A. L. Meyer, Henry L. Sprague, an attorney, and Benj. P. Moore, of Offenbach & Moore. Adriance Bush is the assignee for Henry Bros. and E. T. Perrine is the assignee of Lockwood, Hurd & Co. Neither of the assignees have yet made a statement. Before noon call money eased off to 8 per cent. A canvass of the leading banks of the financial district indicates that these institutions have scarcely more than passing interest in the events of the morning. It is reported, however, that a number of New England banks hold Webb-Meyer securities as collateral.

Announcement is made that Dr. Webb has resigned from the International Power directory. President Hoadley said that the resignation will doubtless be accepted.

Mr. Prall made this statement on the authority, he said, of Mr. Webb: "All the Rutland railroad's preferred stock sold by Dr. Webb last June, certificates of which are still in his name and amount to 12,500 shares, will be paid for in cash at 108 by J. W. Davis & Co., of 100 Broadway."

Mr. Moore, of the firm of Offenbach & Moore, when seen early this afternoon, said that no assignee had been appointed for his firm, and that the suspension would be only temporary.

J. Edward Simmons, president of the Fourth National bank, made this comment: "I consider this a good thing. It will result in conservatism instead of the continuance of wild speculation. I think the storm has blown over."

President Hendrix of the National Bank of Commerce expressed himself in similar terms.

JIMINEZ OVERTHROWN

Vice President Vasquez of Santo Domingo Has Succeeded In Defeating President Jiminez After Two Weeks' Operations.

New York, May 5.—The insurgents have obtained possession of the entire republic, with the exception of this town, says a Puerto Plata, Santo Domingo, dispatch to the Herald. Gen. Deschamps declares he will not surrender Puerto Plata without an official notice from the government. Governor Descamps is said to have been an aspirant for the presidential office and has been bitterly opposed to the present revolution. He has caused the arrest of Charles H. Loinaz, the Norwegian vice consul in Puerto Plata, on the charge of having conspired to overthrow the Jiminez government. The consular corps has obtained the release of Mr. Loinaz.

Vice President Horacio Vasquez has overthrown the government of President Juan J. Jiminez after field operations of less than two weeks.

There has been until recently no apparent rupture of friendly relations between the president and the vice president of the Dominican republic.

Vasquez, according to his friends, endeavored to support Jiminez, but owing to contracts which the president is said to have made to the financial injury of the republic, the vice president turned against him.

Puerto plata's governor, Deschamps, has a small force of troops and also a warship in port, and may offer to Vasquez the most determined resistance that the revolutionary leader has met, but it is believed that the town will be soon captured.

Vasquez is expected to assume the reins of government at once. He is of Dominican birth and has spent nearly all of the forty years of his life in that country. His friends represent him as progressive, intelligent and honorable.

Monte Cristo, May 5.—Messengers under a flag of truce who arrived yesterday at Puerto Plata, from San Domingo City, confirmed the reports of the capitulation of the Dominican capital, which took place Friday. It was also confirmed that President Jiminez sought refuge in the French consulate at San Domingo.

The negotiations between the revolutionists and Gen. Deschamps, the governor of Puerto Plata, for the surrender of that place, have, it is further reported here, fallen through. The governor refuses to surrender without an order from the Dominican government.

HE SHOT HIS SWEETHEART

Chicago, May 5.—Howard Hill today shot and fatally wounded his former sweetheart, Mary Bozyer, and then committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. Both are colored. They had been engaged to marry, but the engagement was recently broken off. When Hill opened the door of the flat where Miss Bozyer was living he found it guarded by a burglar chain. Miss Bozyer, attracted by Hill's cry for her, appeared, however, and the colored man opened fire through the narrow aperture. When the woman fell Hill threw aside his pistol and drank the contents of a bottle of carbolic acid. He then boarded an elevated train and rode several miles before his illness became so violent that he had to be removed to a hospital, where he died.

COSTUMES WERE IMMODEST

New York, May 5.—In the history of cross country runs about New York there never has been quite the sensation that met the finish of the annual handicap run of the Shamrock Harriers at One Hundred and Seventy-seventh street.

John Donovan, of the Mohawk Athletic club, staggered down the last 100 yards of the course a victor. Trailing him closely three long distance runners, hot and tired, plodded over the dusty road.

The shouting was hushed and the jubilant Mohawk Athletic club members stopped their cheers, when a policeman pounced upon Donovan and the competitors who followed him.

The arrests were made on complaint of citizens that the costume worn by the cross country runners was immodest. The technical charge against the athletes was that they had violated the Sunday observance law. A saloonkeeper who allowed the athletes to dress in the rear of his saloon, also was arrested.

New Knox Hats

New Hanan Shoes.

M. S. BURROWS.
Leader Since 1890.

500 Silk Lined Top Coats,

Worth $14, $15 and $16— Choice for—

$10.

They represent this season's most wanted fabrics and shades of Coverts, Whip Cords and Thibets in long and short box styles. There is no garment so satisfying in Duluth as a Top Coat. Get one while you may at less than wholesale cost.

SEEDING BEHIND

Advices of Grain Men From North Dakota Report That.

Still Time to Get Grain In If Weather Is Favorable.

Reduction In Acreage Likely---Same Is True of Manitoba.

Advices received from all over the North Dakota wheat raising area received by Duluth grain receivers indicate the prevalence of the same wheat seeding conditions that exist in the Red River valley. The spring work is two weeks' behind time as a result of damp weather. The conditions are favorable now for the completion of seeding operations, but it is said that it will be impossible to finish up much before the last of this month. There is no doubt but that with favorable weather there will be plenty of time to get in the wheat in time for to grow and mature before frosts occur in the fall, but the chances are that the area will be considerably circumscribed as compared with last year.

It is said that the same conditions are true in Manitoba, to some extent at least, in net results. It is estimated that though there are many new settlers in Western Canadian wheat territory this season, the area seeded to wheat will be 1,000,000 acres less than last year. The reduction in the old wheat-raising area is said to be due to the fact that the extent plowed last fall was deficient, while the new settlers will sow a very large part of their land to flax the first year.

IS SILENT.

Former Governor Peck Quiet About Wisconsin Democratic Politics.

Former Governor Peck, of Wisconsin, will return to his home at Milwaukee today after a few days' visit with his son. The governor was very reticent about Democratic politics in the Badger state, when speaking for publication and would hazard no prediction about the Democratic gubernatorial nomination the coming fall. His friends here, however, say that Mr. Peck has been importuned on every side to consent to the use of his name in connection with the nomination, but that he does not want to run.

It is believed that the strife between the LaFollette and Pfister factions in Wisconsin may lead to such bitter feeling that a strong and popular Democrat might be able to defeat the Republican nominee. Sectional strife in the Republican party of Wisconsin is said to have originated with the rise of LaFollette and it is attaining such proportions that nobody is able to predict with much certainty just what the result will be this year in that state of 100,000 normal Republican majority.

Something New

in picture mouldings. Large assortment to select from. Our prices are the lowest. Decker's, 16 2nd Ave. W.

Second Kings, Fourth Chapter, Tenth Verse.

If you read this verse you will find the basis for the little story printed in The Four-Track News for May, which is entitled "The Prophet's Chamber."

The Four-Track News will be sent free to any address in the United States for one year for 50 cents. Single copies, 5 cents. Address George H. Daniels, publisher, Grand Central station, New York.

PARKS OPEN.

Large Number of People Visit the Pleasure Resorts.

The public park season opened yesterday and several thousand people took advantage of the bracing weather for their first spring outing in the city's beauty spots.

Probably the largest crowds visited Lincoln and Lester parks. Many, however, took the boulevard drive and others paid their initial visit to the new Fairmount park at West Duluth.

Seldom have the parks appeared so attractive at the opening of the season. The board of park commissioners has just completed planting a carload of young trees, mostly elms and South Carolina poplars. The poplars from Carolina seem to thrive better in the Duluth climate than any other imported tree.

About 400 of these trees were recently planted along the drives at Forest Hill cemetery.

THE OMAHA CHANGE.

North Bound Limited to Make Same Time.

It is expected that next Sunday's change in the departure and running time of the southbound Twilight limited on the Omaha road will not affect the time of the northbound train. The latter will leave Minneapolis at 4 p. m. as at present and St. Paul at 4:25, arriving at Duluth at 9:59 p. m. The southbound train will leave Duluth at 4 p. m. and arrive at St. Paul at 9 a. m. It is thought the shortening of the running time will not interfere with stops at points made popular with fishermen, though the detailed time tables have not been received here as yet.

C. L. Kennedy, the new commercial agent here for the Milwaukee road, is expected in the city today. He will stop only long enough to arrange for a house, and will then return to Chicago in order to make preparations for coming to Duluth to enter upon his new duties.

Special sale on ladies' trimmed hats

For this week only. You will like the millinery we are showing this spring. There is so much beauty and grace in the make up. They are such seasonable and sensible combinations of airy ribbons and laces. The drapery in the back is entirely new, and general effect is pleasing. Prices—

$2.75 for $1.98 $3.75 for $2.98
$5.00 for $3.50 $7.00 for $5.00

Our terms are easy. Our prices are right.

Men's, women's and children's clothing on such liberal terms that there is no reason why you and your family can't dress as well and stylish as your neighbors. It don't require a big salary, as all we ask is a small payment down and balance weekly or monthly. We invite you to look over our stock of clothing and see for yourself.

Gately Supply Co. 8 East Superior Street.

HOLDS IT PROPER

Judge Ensign Decides Interesting Point In Garnishment Case.

Money In Hands of an Assignee Can Be Garnisheed.

Is Proper When Amount Due Each Party Has Been Settled.

Property in the hands of an assignee or a receiver is subject to garnishment or levy after it has been converted into cash and the court has determined the amounts due the various claimants, but not before.

Judge Ensign has decided this point in the case of the Duluth Trust company against W. S. Horr, his findings and a memorandum having been handed down Saturday. The defendant will appeal the case, it is understood.

When the Imperial Coffee and Spice company failed, F. J. Pulford was appointed asignee. Mr. Horr had $191.38 coming to him for work performed for the company, and it was declared to be a preferred claim. The court had ordered the assignee to pay the preferred claims, when the Duluth Trust company, claiming to be a creditor of Mr. Horr's, brought suit and began garnishee proceedings against Assignee Pulford to get hold of $141.38 in his hands belonging to Mr. Horr's $50 having been paid. Mr. Horr claimed that the money was in the hands of the court, and therefore not subject to garnishment or levy. The court did not sustain this view, holding that the garnishment was proper.

Judge Ensign accompanied his order in favor of the plaintiff with a memorandum in which he discusses the question. He says that it is admitted that property in the hands of an assignee during the settlement of an estate is in custodia legis, and not subject to garnishment or levy. But when the assets have been converted into money and the court has ascertained how much each of the parties is to receive and has ordered the assignee to pay, the end has been reached and the money is subject to garnishment. The money was then the property of the defendant and subject to garnishment just as his money anywhere else would be.

Team Drivers

Desiring to join Union, meet Thursday at 8 p. m. at 320 East Superior street.

Billie Lynn the Winner.

Billie Lynn was the fortunate one to first enter the Eagle Clothing store soon after 9 o'clock Saturday morning, and as a result was yesterday wearing one of the finest $15 suits of the season. It cost him nothing, being given absolutely free by B. J. Cook, the enterprising proprietor of the Eagle.

HAVEMEYER

Insists That Reduction of Duty Would Not Benefit Trust.

Washington, May 5.—President Havemeyer of the Sugar Refining company today continued his testimony before the committee on relations with Cuba. He was questioned by Senator Teller regarding the reduction on the price of sugar to Missouri river points. He said that beet sugar generally sold ten points below sugar at the points affected. He did not object to the difference in price, but to the exclusive features of the contracts.

Mr. Havemeyer said attacks were made on the trust for the purpose of getting in foreign sugars at a lower duty. Cuban sugar would cost the company as much with the concession as without it. If the whole duty was taken off the Cubans would receive the benefit for a time. He said the apprehensions of the beet sugar men were fallacious.

Mr. Havemeyer said that if the tariff on sugar was reduced 20 per cent, neither the trust nor the consumer would get the benefit of it, but the price would immediately advance to offset this action.

Senator Teller insisted that the trust had the power to say to the Cuban: "We won't buy your sugar unless you put it at a certain figure," but Mr. Havemeyer contended that this was not so. He was excused from giving further testimony until the committee should decide to summon him again. The committee adjourned till tomorrow.

MANY HOUSES BURNED.

Budapest, May 5.—Three hundred houses at Barfelt, the famous health resort, have been destroyed by fire. Several persons were injured.

RAIN IN KANSAS.

Kansas City, May 5.—Good rains are reported to have fallen last night and this morning at Ottawa, Topeka, Lawrence, Fort Scott, Cherryvale, Ellis, Phillipsburg, Independence and other points in Kansas and south into the Indian territory, and the conditions are favorable for further rain.

BOMBARDED THE SPEAKERS.

Vienna, May 5.—The congress of the German People's party held here yesterday evening was broken up by the followers of Herr Schoener, Pan-German, who immediately after Herr Wolff, the Pan-German leader, commenced the opening address, bombarded the platform with lumps of sugar and paper balls. A free fight ensued between the different factions and the police with difficulty cleared the hall.

BODY REACHES NEW YORK.

New York, May 5.—The body of Congressman Amos J. Cummings, of this city, who died last Friday in Baltimore, was brought here today. It was taken direct to his late home where it will lie until tomorroy, when a funeral service will be held.

AT THE HOTELS

"Potter Palmer, whose death was announced by this morning's papers," said a Chicago traveling man at the Spalding this morning, was a very wealthy man. He is largely known through his ownership of the old Palmer house hotel and through the social activities of Mrs. Palmer. But Mr. Palmer was the business head of the family. The Palmer house is still a valuable piece of property, though the hotel has become comparatively behind the times. It is a bagatelle, however, as compared with Mr. Palmer's other property interests in Chicago, which extend all over the city. It is estimated that he has for years built from 500 to 1000 houses every year on residence property he owns in that city. The Palmers live in a veritable brownstone palace on the North Shore drive. It is claimed that there are more fine homes within a short distance on this drive than anywhere else in the world in the same distance. All face the lake and look out upon Capt. Streeter's so-called District of Lake Michigan. The Palmer house is almost at the north end of Millionaire's row. It is a reproduction of the most beautiful features of several old-country castles, and is all turrets and towers. The younger Palmers have depoted most of their time to society until a year ago Honore, the elder, run for alderman on the Democratic ticket and was elected.

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H. E. S. Potter came up from Necedah this morning to visit his father at the St. Louis.

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A party of four representatives of the federal government survey left this morning on the Bradshaw for Beaver bay to investigate some government surveys that have been made in that neighborhood. The party, which has been stopping at the McKay, is composed of Arthur D. Kidder, N. S. Kuder, John Callahan and M. R. Edmunds.

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A. C. Bossard, manager of the Grand Rapids paper mill, came down last night and was at the Spalding on his way to St. Paul.

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James Massie, chief Canadian grain inspector, arrived at the St. Louis this morning.

• • •

Carl Taylor, formerly assistant corporation counsel of St. Paul, registered at the Spalding this morning.

• • •

Gust Carlson, of Hibbing, is at the St. Louis.

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Morning arrivals at the Spalding: E. N. Moran, John P. Galbraith, Norman Fitter, E. D. Holmes, St. Paul; L. S. Doble, Portland; Allan Ter Bush, St. Louis; W. B. Bastian, Des Moines; William M. Thompson, Chicago; William Leach, New York, and J. D. Budd, Two Harbors.

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At the St. Louis this morning: C. A. Chesterham and wife, Rat Portage; T. H. Smith, J. F. Crawford, St. Paul; Andrew Green and wife, Spokane; H. L. Day, Wallace, Idaho; Charles H. Robinson, Minneapolis; Dr. F. Coyle, Humboldt, Iowa, and F. W. Kinney, Austin, Minn.

• • •

The McKay's guests include: F. H. Letourneau, John Lankin, George Paulas, E. E. Saeger, C. S. Ballaher, Minneapolis; H. M. Bentson, D. Sahlberg, N. Cameron, S. S. Ogren, Port Wing, and George Ferguson, Clinton, Iowa.

STOLE STOCK.

New York, May 5.—Frederick White, a clerk employed by C. H. De Witt & Co., brokers of No. 80 Broadway, was arrested early today as he left the home of his sweetheart. He was locked up at police headquarters charged with stealing 500 shares of General Carriage stock. White was employed in the branch office of the firm in the Hoffman house. Detectives have been looking for him for several days.

General Carriage stock recently suffered a sensational decline and closed on Saturday at 3½ bid and 4 asked. At the price bid the stock he was charged with taking would be worth $1750.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

O'LEARY'S CASH GROCERY,

The Old Reliable Store.

17 East Superior St

Butter,	Fancy Dairy, per lb	22c
Butter,	Fresh creamery, per lb	25c
Tea	3 lbs good Japan Tea	$1.00
Coffee	10 lbs Santos Coffee	$1.00
Coffee	4-lb can Ground Coffee	60c
Coffee—	If you want a cup of delicious Coffee, buy our 4-lb can for	85c
Lard	Pure Leaf Lard, per lb	11c
Rice	4 lbs good Rice	25c
Strawberries—	Fancy pints— 4 boxes	25c
Pie Plant	per lb	3c
Eggs,	Strictly Fresh, per dozen	16c
Green Peas,	Fresh—6 quarts	25c
Pineapples	Fresh—each	18c
Syrup	per gallon	30c

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

A GREAT MAY Dress Goods Sale.

We want to make May the banner month in the Dress Goods section and for that purpose have selected a large range of choice and desirable lines of Black and Colored Dress Goods and have marked them down from One-fourth to One-third off the regular prices.

This is a most momentous money-saving opportunity for all intending Dress Goods buyers.

BLACK DRESS GOODS.

The well known Priestley make Black Canvas Cloth 50 inches wide in two different weaves new this season. Fabrics for stylish dresses or skirts regularly sold at $1.25. Our May sale price..... **89c**

Black Granite Cloth—in three different weaves, 45 inches wide, a very strong and serviceable fabric, regularly sold at $1.00 the yard. Our special May sale price..... **69c**

Black Whipcords, made by Priestley, 40 inches wide, a very pretty fabric, regularly sold at $1.25. Our May sale price..... **95c**

Black heavy double Whip- cords, Priestley make, 42 inches wide, a very stylish fabric, regularly sold at $1.50. Our May sale price... **$1.25**

Black Waterproof Wool Serge, 61 inches wide, made by Priestley, a very serviceable fabric, will make rain proof coats or dress, regularly sold at $1.25. Our May sale price..... **$1.75**

Black Pebble Cheviot, 52 inches wide, medium weight, just the right thing for school and working skirts, regular price $1.25. Our special May sale price..... **95c**

Black Herringbone Chev- iot, 50 inches wide, a strong and serviceable material suitable for dress or skirt purposes, regular price $1.25. Our May sale price..... **98c**

Black Homespun, 56 inches wide, a sightly and durable cloth just right for walking skirts, would be cheap at $1.00. Our May sale price..... **67c**

Black Wool Crepe de Chine, made dresses and skirts, 45 inches wide, fashionable cloth, regular price $2.00. Our May sale price..... **$1.48**

Black Wool Iron Grena- dine, very neat and desirable for stylish dresses and skirts, 45 inches wide, regular value $1.50. Our May sale price..... **$1.00**

High Class Colored Dress Goods.

Prunella Cloth, 45 inches wide in navy, brown, tan and ox-blood, a very fine cloth, will make stylish dresses, regular value $1.50. Our May sale price..... **$1.00**

Egyptian Crepe Cloth, 45 inches wide, a new soft clingy fabric, in harmony with prevailing styles in pretty shades of blue, green, mode and grey. Regular price $1.00. Our May sale price..... **79c**

French double Whipcords, 48 inches wide in tan, mode and navy, a very high grade imported fabric, regularly sold at $2.00. Our special May sale price..... **$1.39**

Canvas Cloth, Basket Cloth, Melrose and various other weaves, an assorted lot of one or two pieces each. Regular price $1.00 to $1.50. Choice during the May sale..... **79c**

Ziboline Etamine, very new and stylish, 48 inches wide, in blue, brown and grey. Regular price $2.25. Our May sale price..... **$1.50**

Imported high-class Cov- erts, silk and colored reps in a choice lot of colors, 48 inches wide, in dress lengths of about 6 yards each, regular price $2.25 a yard. Choice during May sale at..... **$1.75**

Fine French Serge, 46 inches wide in navy, brown, cardinal and wine, a very satisfactory dress cloth, good value at 95c. May sale price..... **68c**

RUGS AND CARPETS.

The good values found in this department are causing it to be known as the leading carpet store of the Northwest. New arrivals in imported and domestic rugs will make it still more popular, for there are some very rare patterns in the new arrivals—To get an idea of values read the following—

Tapestry Brussels Rugs— attractive designs and colors, size 9x10½, would be cheap at $15.00. Only..... **$11.50**

Fine Body Brussels Rugs, particularly handsome Oriental designs in rich dark shades, 9x12 feet. Each..... **$25.00**

Extra Super Ingrains—the largest line of fine Ingrains in the city. Your choice of entire line at, per yd... **65c**

Tapestry Brussels Rugs— very artistic designs in bright colors, size 9x12, sold generally at $12.50. Tomorrow only..... **$15.00**

Heavy all-wool Ingrains— good patterns and colors, regular 65c, vey low. Per yard..... **50c**

Tapestry Brussels — Good quality in bright colors and pretty designs. Per yard..... **47½c**

RICH LACE CURTAINS.

Fine Imported Arabian Curtains, in beautiful patterns, the kind always sold at $20.00 and $25.00. Special at per pair..... **$17.50**

Brussels Lace Curtains— rich and artistic, make elegant parlor curtains, regular value $10.00. Very low at..... **$7.50**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long in very pretty effects, $1.50 quality. This week at..... **$1.00**

36-inch Swiss Muslin— the proper material for sash curtains, 15c quality. At per yard..... **10c**

Established 1869.

MANLEY-McLENNAN AGENCY, INSURANCE AND BONDS.

You want the best—We furnish it.

Torrey Building, 1st floor, Duluth. (Formerly Graves-Manley Agency)

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

NEARLY A MILLION

Shipments of Iron Ore In Month of April 973,333 Tons.

Practically All a Gain Over Movement of Former Seasons.

Various Causes Handicapped Shipment--- Docks In Shape.

Shipments of iron ore from the three Duluth ore road dock systems for the month of April foot up 973,333 tons.

This amounts practically to a gain of that much tonnage for the current season, as heretofore there has never been any movement of ore to speak of from Duluth, Allouez bay or Two Harbors in the month of April. In April of 1900 the Missabe docks shipped 25,000 tons, but aside from that nothing has gone out in previous years.

The Missabe and Eastern Minnesota roads were troubled by incompletion of dock improvements, which have just been completed on the former, but are not nearly finished at the latter. The Eastern also was not in a position for a heavy movement, because most of the tonnage that passes over its dock comes from open pit mines, and the frost is just now getting out of the ground so steam shovels can be worked with freedom. Moreover, the early opening of navigation caught independent owners of tonnage with the expectation that the real opening would be delayed until well along until May 1, and as the Eastern depends entirely upon independent mines that also affected its record for the month.

In a general way, the April shipments were affected by frost, the inability of docks to handle all that would have come to them, and more largely, perhaps, to poor dispatch of vessels and irregularity of supply of tonnage owing to the tug strike and the unpreparedness of vessels for the early opening. The Duluth & Iron Range heads the list with a dock tonnage of 443,526, the Missabe comes next with 314,467 and the Eastern has 215,000 to its credit.

Much better dispatch of vessels is now being given the ore shipping roads at their docks, and as a result the volume of traffic has gained greatly during the past week, and is still growing. The Duluth & Iron Range road, at Two Harbors, is dumping into its dock pockets from 25,000 to 30,000 tons of ore a day. The average indeed is now getting to run nearer the latter figure. For some time previous to the past few days receipts at the Iron Range docks were running from 19,000 to 25,000 tons. The Iron Range road is sending to its docks from 1000 to 12,000 carloads of ore a day.

Owing to the completion of repairs on the trestle approach to its ore docks, the Misabe road is enabled to handle a great deal more ore than it did while the repairs were in progress, and the big hill engines could not be used down the hill. The Missabe road could take care of a few more vessels, but is getting good dispatch, and is delivering about 800 carloads of ore daily at its docks. The tonnage is not so great as on the Duluth & Iron Range, because the Missabe has fewer ore cars of as large capacity as are used on the Iron Range.

The Eastern Minnesota road's ore traffic is also much heavier than it was last month, and will very likely gain rapidly as the numerous new mines on its lines increase their shipments or join the shipping list.

TRY IT AGAIN.

Northern Half of Canosia Wants to Be Separate Town.

The residents of the northern half of the township of Canosia want the county board to let them cut loose and try it on their own hook again.

Canosia township is composed of two towns, 51-15 and 52-15, and the residents of the northern half, 52-15, have filed a petition with the county board asking that their town be cut off from Canosia and formed into a new township by itself.

Formerly this part of Canosia, with a small strip of 51-15, was in a township by itself called Dinham, after a former member of the board of county commissioners who has since left the city and was last heard of as a defeated candidate for mayor on the labor ticket in a Western city. Either the name or something else was unlucky, however, for the town got into some trouble about its bonds, and finally it gave it up and was absorbed back into Canosia. Now the residents want to try it alone again, and the matter will come up at tomorrow's meeting of the county board.

The petitioners say that the present town of Canosia is so divided by lakes, rivers and marshes as to render it inconvenient and at times practically impossible for them to transact town business. The size of the town also, they say, interferes with their town business.

At tomorrow's meeting of the county board the disposition of the county chain gang will come up.- The poor board would like to have the gang worked out on the poor farm for a couple of months, and this request will come up for action.

About the only other business slated so far are the applications for liquor licenses and the numerous petitions for road work, which are part of the regular routine.

The court house proposition will probably be discussed again, in one phase or another, though none of the commissioners have any particular plan to propose at this time. The members were to make an informal canvass of their districts between the last meeting and this one, in order to find out what the sentiment on the court house proposition is, if there is any sentiment. What sentiment there is existing is mostly rather vague and is not yet crystallized into any particular plan or plans.

IN SOUTH AMERICA.

Work of Minnesota In Y. M. C. A. Cause There.

B. A. Shuman, former secretary of the Duluth Young Men's Christian association, and now engaged in the same work as Minnesota's representative in Buenos Ayres, South America, writes concerning his work in that place at a recent meeting for the purpose of organization.

"My brief account of the Minnesota part in the Argentine enterprise was listened to with great interest and when one of our most influential business men got up and at his own suggestion moved a vote of thanks and heartiest appreciation to the Minnesota men who are thus sacrificing, his motion was answered by a round of applause and carried unanimously.

Those who are interested in the work carried on by Mr. Shuman will be pleased to know that a strong organization has been effected for the future establishing of the association movement. The British consul has just accepted the presidency of the association and is actively interested in the work, as are a number of the most influential business men of that populous city.

At a meeting held at the Duluth Y. M. C. A. a few days ago, C. K. Ober, one of the international officers of the association movement, was present and gave a detailed account of Mr. Shuman's work and the possibilities of the field. More than $500 has been pledged toward the support of the work there this year and it is planned to add another $500 to this amount before Sept. 1.

NOT THIS YEAR.

No Work on Superior Entry Piers Now.

The impression is said to have got abroad that work on the concrete piers at the natural entry to Superiro harbor, may begin this season. At the government engineer's office this is said to be entirely out of the question, that while it might be possible to let some of the contracts for the work, operations could not actually begin until next season. There is a provision in the river and harbor bill for the beginning of the work on the piers, but it is likely to be some time before the bill passes and the appropriation is available. After that there must be a thirty-day period of preparation, another thirty days for bids, and still another thirty days for contractors to make their plans. Immediate steps toward the improvement of the old entry are out of the question for this year.

CLEVER FARCE COMEDY.

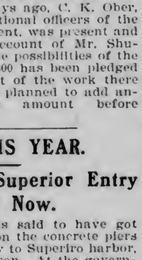
Unity Dramatic Club Gives Pleasing Performance.

The Unity Dramatic club, which has in the past given a number of very clever amateur theatrical performances at the Unitarian church, gave another Saturday evening, before a goodly audience and scored another complete success. The play was a farce comedy, in two acts, entitled "A Fool For Luck," a very laughable skit. It was handled admirably by Robert H. Cox, A. L. Agatin, Carroll M. Graff, Miss Gertrude Longstreet, Miss Florence V. Ely, and Miss Grace D. Ely. Each member of the cast did very creditable work, and like the other productions of the club, the performance was very much above the amateur standard. The play was preceded by a very delightful musical program in charge of Mrs. Emil Schmied.

Scow Is Stuck Fast.

Although the tugs have been working steadily since Saturday morning trying to release the Barker scow that was overturned south of the Duluth entry, Friday evening, and from which Charles Johnson, a West Superior man, was drowned, they have not yet been able to pull the unwieldy boat off the sand. Yesterday three tugs pulled on the scow, but could not move it. It is possible that it can be pulled out only when there is another northeaster on, and even then the scow may be driven further inshore.

SCROFULA



I bequeath to my children Scrofula with all its attendant horrors, humiliation and suffering. This is a strange legacy to leave to posterity; a heavy burden to place upon the shoulders of the young.

This treacherous disease dwarfs the body and hinders the growth and development of the faculties, and the child born of blood poison, or scrofula-tainted parentage, is poorly equipped for life's duties.

Scrofula is a disease with numerous and varied symptoms; enlarged glands or tumors about the neck and armpits, catarrh of the head, weak eyes and dreadful skin eruptions upon different parts of the body show the presence of tubercular or scrofulous matter in the blood. This dangerous and stealthy disease entrenches itself securely in the system and attacks the bones and tissues, destroys the red corpuscles of the blood, resulting in white swelling, a pallid, waxy appearance of the skin, loss of strength and a gradual wasting away of the body.

S. S. S. coubines both purifying and tonic properties, and is guaranteed entirely vegetable, making it the ideal remedy in all scrofulous affections. It purifies the deteriorated blood, makes it rich and strong and a complete and permanent cure is soon effected. S. S. S. improves the digestion and assimilation of food, restores the lost properties to the blood and quickens the circulation, bringing a healthy color to the skin and vigor to the weak and emaciated body.

SSS

Write us about your case and our physicians will cheerfully advise and help you in every possible way to regain your health. Book on blood and skin diseases free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

M'CARTHY HAS QUIT

States That He Is Out of Congressional Fight.

Believes That Duluth Will Insist on Having Candidate.

Kinney Would Be Choice, If He Would Accept.

St. Paul, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator C. C. McCarthy, of Grand Rapids, arrived in the city today and declared himself out of the congressional race in the Eighth district. Senator McCarthy said:

"To go in and make a winning fight, I would have to give the contest my whole attention and time from now until after the primaries. Besides the abandonment of my law practice, the expenditure of the canvass would be very heavy, and I do not feel justified in undertaking it at this time. Moreover, I believe that the Duluth people will insist on a man from that city as the candidate. I think they will have a man selected within two or three weeks. Should O. D. Kinney's health be such as to admit of his making the race he will undoubtedly be the choice of the Duluth people. He is a thoroughly representative man, who would command the support of all the interests. Should Kinney decline to enter the race, they may try to secure someone else from the Zenith City, but the chances are in favor of J. Adam Bede's nomination."

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

"Parlor theater"—don't miss it tonight.

The Zenith Tea & Coffee company, 109 East Superior street, expect to move into their store at 8 Lake avenue south about May 15. Mr. Joseph Weinberg, manager, left today for Chicago to make extensive purchases.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

The silverware which was stolen from Sheriff Sargent's residence some time ago and found by the police on a sidewalk Saturday morning was returned to Mrs. Sargent this morning. It was all there except one small piece, and was none the worse for its having been handled by burglar during a considerable time.

Dr. Homer Collins has removed his office to 302-304 New Jersey building.

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Pepliuski and Christ Bernhardt, former subjects of the emperor of Germany, and to William J. Stewart, formerly a subject of the king of Great Britain.

Professor Guiat will give the season's closing party Wednesday, May 7.

A land contest case, with David Cameron, contestee, and P. A. Gustavson, entryman, is being heard this afternoon before Register Culkin, of the local land office. The land involved is situated in 48, 64-25. A large number of witnesses have been called to give testimony.

Capt. D. D. Gallard, government engineer for the Lake Superior district, says that the damage done the south pier of the Duluth ship canal due to the collision of the steamer America, will be very slight and probably covered by a few dollars.

Charles A. Stark & Co. will be at 213 Palladio building after Monday, May 5, 1902.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Little Jake, the popular saloonkeeper has reopened at 527 West Michigan street.

Mamie Humphreys, the sizzling brunette that trilled riot promoting monologue at Mamie Woods on Saturday, forfeited $15 bail by not appearing in court this afternoon. Miss Woods gave her address as 126 West Second street, but it later developed that it was 25 First allews.

Parlor Theater—season's greatest show.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. W. H. Tibbetts, of Lester Park, left Saturday for a few weeks' visit with friends at Minneapolis.

Miss Ida Magie and Miss Josephine Kelly returned to St. Paul this afternoon.

Frank Nestor returned this morning from a trip East.

C. H. Pettit came up from Minneapolis today and is at the Spalding.

S. J. Bigelow will go to the Soo tonight on the South Shore.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Cotton and daughter are expected back from California about the last of the week.

R. C. Richards will go to Chicago this evening on the fast mail.

M. H. Schuster, a Floodwood merchant and dealer in cedar, is at the St. Louis, and Mrs. J. W. Robinson and Mrs. Coughill, of Hibbing, are at the St. Louis. They will take tonight's South Shore for Toronto.

J. D. Zein left yesterday for Milwaukee.

Senator McCarthy came down from Grand Rapids last night and went on to St. Paul. Other Grand Rapids people at the St. Louis last night were A. B. Clair, George A. Fay, and H. J. Cable.

Scott Cash will leave tomorrow for Chicago and Eastern points.

Dennis Deighton left last evening for an extended visit with relatives in England.

Fred G. Wells, of Grand Forks, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

A. D. Davidson and A. W. Hepworth returned this morning from a trip to Chicago.

Dr. C. A. Wheaton, of St. Paul, and party have reserved berths for St. Paul on the night Northern Pacific train. It is supposed that they have been to the Brule on a fishing trip.

A. W. Hartman will take tonight's Northern Pacific for St. Paul.

C. S. O'Brien, of St. Paul, was in the city yesterday. He was at the Spalding.

Capt. Hannay, who has been conducting an army recruiting office here for the past three months, has been ordered to rejoin his regiment, the Twenty-first infantry, which is now stationed at Fort McCook, near Omaha. He will be relieved by an artillery officer the last of the week, and is rejoicing over his prospective return to his regiment.

A. C. Bossard, of Grand Rapids, Minn., treasurer and manager of the Itasca Paper company, was in the city last evening on his way to St. Paul.

Is Found Insane.

Mary Night, aged 63, was found to be insane in an examination held in probate court this morning, and was ordered committed to the asylum for the insane at Fergus Falls. She has lived in Duluth since 1887. She talked rather rationally in court this morning, but she has been taken in by the police several times when she was wandering about town. When she was taken the last time she was in a Superior street shop and she objected very strongly to leaving, claiming that she had rented the place and did not want to neglect it.

DEATH LIST.

State Senator A. W. Stockton of Faribault Dies Suddenly.

Faribault, Minn., May 5.—Senator A. W. Stockton died suddenly Saturday night of heart disease. He was passing Bryant's drug store when he became suddenly ill. He stepped inside and two physicians were summoned, but he expired in five minutes. Mrs. Stockton is visiting her children in Minneapolis and has not yet been apprised of his death.

Deceased was a native of Indiana and was 58 years old. He came to Faribault in 1872, for twelve years served as deputy county auditor and then took the position of assistant cashier of the First National bank of this city. In 1886 he formed a partnership with John Hutchinson in the manufacture of flour and furniture, in which business they have since been engaged. He was elected state senator from Rice county in 1890, and has served continuously in that body to the present time. He was a member of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin volunteer infantry and served with distinction during the civil war. He was severely wounded at the battle of Peach Tree Orchard. He is survived by his widow and one son and daughter. Both of the children are at present in attendance at the state university. He was extremely popular among all classes of people in this county. Arrangements for the funeral will not be made until Mrs. Stockton reaches home.

New York, May 5.—Maj. William Wagner is dead at his home at Short Hills, N. J. He was a member of the military order of the Loyal Legion of the United States, having served with distinction as a major of cavalry in the civil war. Until four years ago, when failing health forced him to retire from business, Maj. Wagner was secretary of the D. & R. G. Railroad company.

Maj. Wagner was born in Philadelphia, and in 1870 went to Colorado, where he became interested in the pioneer railroad of that state. He was one of the founders of Colorado Springs and remained for years one of its foremost citizens, being the first mayor of the city and president of the El Paso club.

Washington, May 5.—Congressman Peter J. Otey, of the Sixth Virginia district, died in Lynchburg, his home, yesterday afternoon, at 2:20 o'clock. Word to this effect was received at the sergeant-at-arms' office at the house of representatives at an early hour last night. Mr. Otey had been named as a member of the committee to accompany the remains of the late Congressman Cummings to New York last night, but he notified the speaker that he was too ill to attend. Mr. Otey was a Democrat.

London, May 5.—J. T. Bellows, a prominent Quaker, and who received the honorary degree of master of arts from Harvard university, is dead.

Louisville, May 5.—J. Gratz Hanley, one of the oldest turfmen in the world, died here suddenly of apoplexy today.

Huntington, W. Va., May 5.—Mrs. Sarah Pelot, of Louisville, who was on a visit to her son here, is dead. She was with the treasury department of the Southern Confederacy during the civil war and all of the Confederate money bore a signature written by her husband. She was 70 years old.

NATURAL GAS

Demolishes Buildings and Hurts Some of People.

Marion, Ind., May 5.—A building in South Branzon street, occupied by Fanzler's drug store, Rowans grocery, John Dilday's saloon, John Darnell's saloon, and Hudson & Otis' restaurant, was demolished by natural gas just before noon today, injuring at least a score of people. A number are badly injured.

The building was entirely demolished, and the loss will reach into the thousands. Escaping natural gas is supposed to have caused the explosion.

YOUNG ROCKEFELLER

Will Thoroughly Investigate University of Chicago.

Chicago, May 5.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., who is his father's representative in educational affairs, will spend four days studying at the university of Chicago this week. He has expressed a desire to investigate thoroughly into the condition of the buildings and grounds, and also to examine the work of the various departments of instruction.

Mr. Rockefeller will be accompanied by his wife, the daughter of Senator Aldrich. They will be the guests of Mr. Rockefeller's sister, Mrs. Harold McCormick.

PUZZLED.

Hard Work Sometimes to Raise Children.

Children's taste is oftimes more accurate in selecting the right kind of food to fit the body than that of adults. Nature works more accurately through the children.

A Brooklyn lady says: "Our little boy has long been troubled with weak digestion. We could never persuade him to take more than one taste of any kind of cereal food. He was a weak little chap and we were puzzled to know what to feed him on. One lucky day we tried Grape-Nuts. Well you never saw a child eat with such a relish, and it did me good to see him. From that day on it seemed as though we could almost see him grow. He would eat Grape-Nuts for breakfast and supper and I think he would have liked the food for dinner.

"The difference in his appearance is something wonderful.

"My husband has never been known to fancy cereal foods of any kind, but he became very fond of Grape-Nuts and has been much improved in health since using it.

"A friend has two children who were formerly afflicted with the rickets. I was satisfied that the disease was caused by lack of proper nourishment. They showed it. So I urged her to use Grape-Nuts as an experiment and the result was almost magical. They continued the food and today both children are well and strong as any children in this city, and, of course, my friend is a firm believer in the right kind of food, for she has the evidence before her eyes every day.

"When I have some task to perform about the house and don't feel very strong, a saucer of Grape-Nuts and cream stimulates me and I am able to do the task at hand with ease.

"We are now a healthy family and naturally believe in Grape-Nuts." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

"The Onward March!"

Women are not content to do as their mothers and grandmothers did!

No riding from mill with meal in one end of the bag and a stone in the other! Though perhaps our grandmothers did so was because they hadn't meal enough for both ends!

No home-made clothes nowadays! Imagine a modern well-dressed woman in some of the dresses worn a century ago.

What a tremendous jump from the clumsy, ill-fitting best clothes of our predecessors to the

Silberstein Bondy

incomparable tailored Suits—costumes, Skirts and Wraps of every sort!

To be sure our styles are different, "exceptional,"—one might say, but, they show what can be done in women's clothes!

Excellent Tailored Suits $10.50—

Nothing like them elsewhere in this city for less than from $15 to $20—in fact, they have regularly sold for that, but in our desire to give our patrons the best even at a low price, we go out of our way to get extraordinary values—you'll say so when you see our Tailored Suits at $10.50! All sizes—all shades—all kinds of fabrics.

The fine Tailored Suits at $18.50—

Everybody who sees them tell us they're beyond compare! Some stores have even got so far as to imitate our prices—but they can't imitate our styles, nor our values!

High-class Novelty Suits and Costumes—

Hardly a number here today that you saw a few weeks ago. Is it strange that women like to buy their garments here? Fresh novelties keep arriving almost every day of the season—new, "bright," "snappy" styles that make their first appearance at the representative Eastern stores are ushered out here in a hurry and are ready for Duluthians almost before Eastern folks have had a chance to become acquainted with them—and not expensive unless you desire.

"Smart" Novelty Suits at $22.50 and $25—

From that $27.50, $30, $32.50, $35 and by a dollar or two you can go to over a hundred.

Beautiful Silk Blouse Etons—$9.75—

Of good quality Taffeta—made by very best tailors, neat vesting front, lined with white satin—surpassing in every way, garments offered in this city by other houses at $12.50, with imported lace collar $1 extra.

Peau de Soie Silk Blouse Jackets—$12.50.

Lined with white satin—imported lace collar—perfect fitting and handsomely tailored throughout.

High Novelty Silk Blouse Jackets.

Ideas that are different from any you can see in any house hereabouts! Jaunty, tasty effects that have that Silberstein & Bondy Company's distinctiveness about them—Taffeta, Peau De Soie, Moire, $15, $17.50, $22.50 and up.

Long Coats of Taffeta or Peau De Soie

New styles at $16.75. .50, $22.50, $25 and up to $35.00.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

BOARD BILL

Incurred Twenty-Five Years Ago Must Now Be Paid.

Martin's Ferry, Ohio, May 5.—After twenty-five years, Mrs. Mary Kyne, of this city, is to recover a board bill jumped by a man whom she had trusted.

In January, 1876, one Frank Lutz came to Martin's Ferry from Pittsburg, and boarded with Mrs. Kyne. He remained till the middle of June, when he ran away and poined the regular without paying a cent of board.

Nothing more was ever heard of him till the summer of 1897, when he returned to this town to visit a brother, who, by a strange coincidence, had rented a house from a son of Mrs. Kyne. His father had died in the meantime and left him quite a large sum of money, and when he met Mrs. Kyne he promised to pay her everything.

The claim was outlawed many years before, but he made such promises that in April, 1898, Mrs. Kyne brought suit before a Pittsburg justice and got a verdict. Lutz took an appeal to the common pleas court and the case was tried Thursday, resulting in Mrs. Kyne's favor. The amount claimed was $115, and with the interest amounts to $293.

WORKMEN RETURN.

Iron Workers' Strike May Soon Be Settled.

St. Paul, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The iron workers' strike is in fair prospect of settlement. Three hundred of the men went back to work today. There were 200 iron molders, 60 core makers and 40 helpers among them. This action was taken pending an adjustment of the difficulty. Committees are at work today settling the points in dispute as to hours of work, wages and apprentices, and there is every prospect that the trouble is over. The situation among the carpenters is unchanged.

SUCCESSFUL ROBBERY.

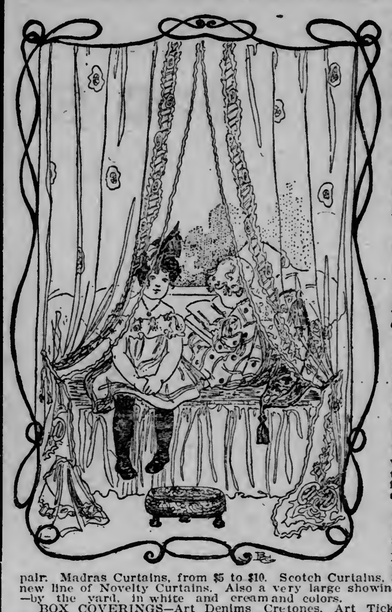
Cleveland, May 5.—Three masked and armed safe-crackers bound the watchman and blew the safe at the lake shore freight depot early today and secured an unknown sum of money thought to be $500. There is no clue.

TO INCREASE CAPITAL STOCK.

New York, May 5.—At a stockholders' meeting of the New England Telephone and Telegraph company here today it was voted to increase the capital stock from $20,000,000 to $30,000,000.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

We direct attention to the following important values in Lace Curtains now on sale. Lines that are somewhat broken and which we desire to close out.



Renaissance Curtains—
Several pairs formerly $25.00, at $18 a pair.
Formerly $19.50 at $14.50 a pair.
Formerly $14.50 at $9.75 a pair.

Brussels Point
Several pairs formerly $27.50 at $19.50 a pair.
Formerly $20 at $14.50 a pair.

French Point—
Several pairs formerly $12.50 at $6.25 a pair.
Formerly $8.50 at $5.00 a pair.
Formerly $6.00 at $3.50 a pair.

Irish Point Curtains—
We also desire to call attention to a large assortment of Irish Point Curtains from $3.50 upwards and many dainty novelties in Swiss and Ruffled Net Curtains from $1.00 a pair upwards.

We also direct attention to a very beautiful showing of Fine Curtains and Draperies—

Consisting of Arabian Net, Brussels Net, Irish Point, Bobbinet Ruffled, Swiss Curtains—$8 to $15 a pair. Madras Curtains, from $5 to $10. Scotch Curtains, $3.25; and an entire new line of Novelty Curtains. Also a very large showing of Madras Cloth—by the yard, in white and cream and colors.

BOX COVERINGS—Art Denims, Cretones, Art Ticking and Burlap—in the very newest Oriental and Floral Colors.

DRAPERY SILKS—In the newest colorings—for Pillows and Drapes.

CURTAIN YARD GOODS—SWISSES—10c, 12½c and 15c a yard.

FISH NETS—15c, 20c, 25c and up to 50c a yard.

Pillow Cords, Fringes for Drapes, Brass Extension Rods, Poles and Fixtures of every kind.

Ready-made Pillows and Covers in unique designs and colorings—Oriental Art Neveau or floral effects.

PARIS EXPOSITION DECORATIONS—Steins, Book Racks, Bed Room, Clocks, Thermometers, and various other novelties.

French Hammered Brass Plaques—and decorative pieces.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY.

We Direct Your Attention to the Following Very Choice Wash Fabrics

Our reputation for carrying the most desirable kinds, as well as by far the largest variety of nice goods shown in this section of the Northwest is too well known to need extensive comment. LATE ARRIVALS OF NOVELTIES have brought the stock up to a much more important point than it has been previously this season—the following are very popular in the East, as well as in this city.

LINEN SUITINGS—Used so much for "tub" and shirt waist suits. We have them in the plain and mercerized materials, in matting, hopsacking, and etamine weaves at 38c to 95c a yard.

ECRU AND LINEN COLORED BATISTES—These goods are at present taking the lead over every other material, to be had in stripes, dots and gored patterns at 20c, 25c and 30c a yard.

EMBROIDERED SWISSES—One of the handsomest materials to be had for inexpensive summer gowns, a big variety of colors, embroidered in black and white. Price 35c a yard.

FOR SHIRT WAISTS—The most complete line of imported Scotch Madras and Oxford Cheviots we have ever shown, comprising some of the daintiest designs produced in these popular fabrics at 20c, 50c and 58c.

ST. GALL SWISSES—The swellest importation of the year—pink, blue, black, white and other colorings, with embroidered figures, one dress pattern of a kind, making the most exclusive and desirable things ever shown at the head of the lakes.

Prices, $10.00 to $16 per pattern.

BATISTE GRENADINES—They come in the leading shades and are mostly in the desirable stripe effects, so much in vogue this season. Especially designed for street and evening wear. Prices at 69c, 65c and 75c per yard.

PERSIAN CHIFFON—A sheer soft material, one of the quaintest creations of the season, for dresses and waists at 75c a yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

We Shall Continue to Offer the following values tomorrow:

Two Very Important Lots of Dress Goods:

At 50c—Reduced from 75c—25 pieces in all—Black and colored.

At 75c—Reduced from $1.00 and $1.25—Black and colored—30 pieces in all.

Some very important lots of Drapery—Upholstery Stuffs—Portieres.

A few of the Rugs advertised yesterday—Jute Rugs—room sizes—9 by 12—at $12—reduced from $18.

And a few Sarabend Rugs—room sizes 9 by 12—that were $30—reduced to $22.

Some exceptional good values in Silk—in Bengal Pongee—Black Satin—Black Taffeta—Wash Silks and Fancy Silks are continued.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS

Special Sale of

Hassocks

In our large front window we have placed 100 Hassocks—including our $1, $1.25 and $1.50 values. Your choice of the lot—

Monday..... 75c
Tuesday..... 65c
Wednesday..... 55c
Thursday..... 45c
Friday..... 35c
Saturday..... 25c

French & Bassett
DULUTH. MINN.

IN MICHIGAN.

Menominee Claims the Youngest Boat Captain on Lakes.

Menominee—It is declared that Wallace Hill, aged 18, and last year a student at the Menominee high school, is the youngest steamboat captain on the lakes. He recently passed the necessary examination at Milwaukee and has been granted license to be master of either the Cecelia or the City of Marquette, steamers of the Hill line, owned by his father, Young Hill has sailed the lakes for several years with his father and is conversant with the water and handling of boats. Capt. Hiram Henderson, of the schooner Ishpeming, is perhaps the oldest vessel captain, or at least one of the oldest, on the lakes. He is 74 years old and has been sailing the lakes for sixty-three years. He is hale and hearty.

Houghton—Thomas Coughlin, who has been in the livery business at the old Coughlin stand on Quincy street for the past twenty-five years, has sold the stables to his brother, Dennis M. Coughlin. Dennis on the other hand has disposed of his interest in the insurance firm of eLan & Coughlin to Thomas, just a change about. Thomas Coughlin will devote most of his time to the insurance business He still retains the undertaking business which was run in connection with the livery.

Negaunee—The rumor has been current here for the past week or so that the Cleveland-Cliffs Iron company will soon begin the erection of a number of dwellings for its employes in the vicinity of the Mass mine. There is no truth whatever in this. M. M. Duncan, agent of the company, recently advised the Mining Journal representative that the matter has not been considered by the officials and that there is absolutely no foundation for the report.

A new industry is within the grasp of the municipal authorities of Negaunee, if the promoters are given proper encouragement. A stock company was recently organized by Ishpeming, Negaunee and Marquette men. Among them are men who have had much experience in the foundry business. The capital stock of the corporation is $15,000, but this will be increased soon after the enterprise is launched. All but $1000 of the capital stock has been placed with men of means. The promoters would have no difficulty placing the balance of the stick, but there is no hurry to do this for a few months yet. John W. Jochim, of Ishpeming, who has had many years' experience in the hardware business, is one of the men at the head of the project.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

A MIGHTY SALE!

Hundreds of people made happy Saturday by the lowest prices ever known in the history of clothing selling.

A magnificent stock of over 200 suits to pick from. Don't miss this sale.

MEN'S SUITS.

Former price $10, reduction price..... $5.65
Former price $12, reduction price..... $7.50
Former price $15, reduction price..... $9.50
Former price $18, reduction price..... $12.00
Former price $20.00 and $22.50— reduction price..... $14.75

EAGLE CLOTHING CO

321 W. Superior St.

Come early in the morning and avoid the afternoon crowds.

TO BUILD A HOTEL

Capt. Singer Will Erect Large One at Isle Royale.

Is Necessary In Order to Induce Tourist Travel.

Railroad Excursions to Island Will Begin Before Long.

Capt. W. H. Singer is making preparations to build a summer hotel of fifty or sixty rooms on the island he has purchased just inside Washington harbor. Work on this will begin as soon as possible and will be rushed forward in order that it may be in readiness for the season's rush of tourists.

At present the only accommodations of any particular note to be found on Isle Royale are at "Johns' Place" at Tobin's harbor. These were so much overrun last year that Capt. Singer has concluded that if he is to do a big tourist business with his new boat this year he must provide a place for the people to stop. He has hoped all along to enlist the interest of somebody who would build a summer hotel at Washington harbor, and has been working all winter to that end, but pending plans have not developed in time to take care of this summer's travel. The captain is a fond admirer of Washington harbor, which thus far has been greatly neglected by the great body of tourists because there were no accommodations there for them.

The Eastern Minnesota will start the first lake excursion of the season a week from next Saturday, when it will bring up tourists from the Twin Cities and other points on its line on tickets sold for the round trip to Isle Royale, via Duluth. The Eastern will give another similar excursion on July 12. It is expected each of the other roads will join in these excursions later, as they did last year. The Omaha and Northern Pacific may give their excursions on different dates.

The business down the north shore last season was limited only by the accommodations on the boats. The Argo, of course, was most sought, and passage on her was largely engaged to her limit for weeks ahead. This year with the Iroquois and America affording accommodations each for about 150 people, in addition to the boat which will take care of the business originating at the local points down the shore or destined to those points it is believed a much larger and on the whole higher class of tourist travel over that route will be witnessed as soon as the weather is inviting enough.

Many people who have looked over the Iroquois are charmed with her. Her cabin is finished throughout in mahogany, her staterooms and berths are large and roomy, with open plumbing throughout. The cafe, like that on the Northern line boats, is situated on the lower deck in the stern, while the galley is below, so that neither the odor of cooking or serving will permeate the main cabin on the upper deck. The machinery is grated in on the lower deck and if the Iroquois were an ocean liner. She appears much smaller than the Peerless and other big wooden boats of the Singer-Chicago line, but as a matter of fact is much larger. Twelve men are required in the fire holes.

A LARGE COMPANY.

Superior Capitalists Form One For Copper Development.

A new company has been formed of West Superior capitalists to boom the copper prospects of Douglas county, Wisconsin, the Dedham Mining company. It is incorporated under the laws of Wisconsin. The officers of the company are: President, A. B. Ross; secretary, Edward B. Rich; assistant secretary, H. L. DeForest.

The list of directors is as follows: W. B. Banks, president of the First National bank; E. T. Buxton, president of the Bank of Commerce; J. H. Culver, president of the American Exchange bank; B. S. Loney, of the firm of Loney & Peckham; P. G. Stratton, of the firm of Stratton & Hammond; J. T. Murphy, of the Evening Telegram; A. B. Ross and Henry N. Copp, a Washington, D. C., capitalist. The new company will issue and subscribe for bonds in the amount of $150,000.

The property which the new company intends to develop lies in 21, 47-14, Douglas county, about eight miles from West Superior and near Dedham, Wis. The property is only a short distance from Black River Falls, where the power may be obtained to run the plant. There are 320 acres in the property and it is said to have a distinct vein of copper ore running across it that compares favorably with the formations in Northern Michigan. Exhaustive tests have been made by Dr. Fahrig, and it is claimed that there is enough ore in sight to estimate the minimum valuation at $2,364,978. On Dr. Fahrig's averages the valuation is said to be over $7,000,000. The plan of the company contemplates the beginning of the development work immediately.

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

NOT SO SEVERE.

Report of a Modified Land Ruling.

A report has been received in the city of a ruling of the department of the interior, at Washington, that is said to be very favorable to the Northern Minnesota land dealers and to indicate that the department is disposed to relax the severity of the non-saline law on affidavits for lands.

Last year the general land office directed the local offices that every applicant for government land should make affidavit that from personal inspection he found no salt deposits. This meant that there would be no entering upon land by an applicant without actual inspection in person.

C. P. Maginnis & Son brought a test case, arguing that the affidavit of a third party would be sufficient. Land Commissioner Hermann decided adversely and now it is claimed that Secretary Hitchcock has reversed the commissioner's ruling. The case was appealed to the department of the interior by P. H. Seymour, legal representative for C. P. Maginnis & Son. No official notice of the decision has yet been received.

She's a radiant, witching, wondrous gem that beautiful, blushing wife of mine. She is an angel on earth, so you can be, only take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

WE SAVE YOU MONEY!

No question about it! Our prices are low on good reliable merchandise. We want your trade on the sound business basis that we give you the best value in the city for your money. Our business is growing each day; due to the fact that the purchasing public is learning to patronize us with advantage to themselves. Let us know if you get goods you do not consider entirely satisfactory. If you do not tell us about it we never hear of it.

Our Special Daily Sales Interest Careful Buyers!

GARDEN HOSE
5½c per foot.

This is not a guaranteed hose. We have better ones at—
7c, 10c, 12c up to 18c

We carry a full line of Garden Tools, in Rakes, Hose, Flower Sets, Hose Reels, etc.

Hose at— **25c, 35c, 45c and up**
Rakes at— **20c, 25c, 30c up to 75c**
Grub Hoes and Mattocks at— **45c, 30c and up to 75c**

Tuesday, May 6—Garden Rakes.

Regular 20c ones, this date only.....15c
Regular 30c ones, this date only.....24c
Regular 40c ones, this date only.....32c
Regular 50c ones, this date only.....40c
Regular 60c ones, thisd ate only.....49c
Regular 75c ones, this date only.....60c

Couches and Couches....

Ours are the right kind—patented steel construction that is not covered up to conceal—open for inspection on the under side. With those "non-pull-off" buttons and best grades Velours and Tapestries. Our prices and goods are hard to beat. Prices range—

$7.50, $9.50, $10, $12 up to $25, $28 and $30

R. R. Forward & CO., 21st Ave. West, Duluth. Barb Wire at $3.20 per 100 pounds.

AT WEST DULUTH

Now that the sidewalk matter for Central avenue has been settled, discussion of the business men is again trending toward the street paving proposition, and the sentiment is stronger than ever that some steps should be taken immediately for getting a better roadway through the business portion of West Duluth. As regards the kind of pavement it seems to be a matter of the property owners getting together on the material that they desire for the street. While they are trying to settle the matter, various suggestions have been offered by the business men looking toward immediate improvement, if not permanent. Said J. J. Frey this morning:

"I believe it would be a feasible scheme to fill the roadway with macadam for the present. The macadam should be put in at such a depth as to leave plenty of room at the surface to put in any kind of pavement that may hereafter be decided on. I see no reason why the macadam would not make an excellent foundation for almost any kind of pavement, and it certainly would make a good road until the property owners get ready to pave."

THE WATER PLANT.

The West Duluth water plant proposition continues to occupy no small space in the public eye in this portion of the city, and the action of the conference this afternoon, as well as the treatment of the water and light committee's report by the city council this evening, will be awaited with much interest. The conference this afternoon is being held at the city hall between the committee and the water board to see if it is possible to do away with the difference between the offer of the West Duluth water plant by its owners and the amount recommended by the water board. The plant was offered for $145,000, but the water board recommended its purchase at $140,000. The committee on water and light is comprised of Aldermen Neff, Wing and Swenson. The committee has thus far been averse to reporting back to the council for the purchase at any figure above that recommended by the water board.

NOT SATISFIED.

It was reported in West Duluth this morning that the part of the agreement entered into between the longshoremen and vesselmen, by terms of which only twelve boats of the delayed fleet will be loaded at the same time, has had a boomerang effect on some of the men that were instrumental in getting the clause inserted. So long as union men are available when a boat is loading, the master of the vessel has a right to order off the boat any man he chooses, if he employs another union man to take his place.

It is said that under the present plan there will be forty or fifty of the longshoremen that will not have employment until after the blockade is over, and that the masters, taking advantage of the turn of circumstances, took particular pains to refuse work to those men who had the most to do in getting the clause inserted into the agreement for loading but twelve boats at a time.

SMASHED A RIG.

Frank J. O'Donnell, clerk at the Mitchell & McClure company's mill, had a very unpleasant and probably costly mishap yesterday. Mr. O'Donnell drove out with friends in one of Nichols & Thomas' rigs to Spirit Lake to spend the afternoon. The horse was left standing at a place where the ground was quite soft, and it became restless, finally breaking away. The animal headed for a lot of logs that had been left near the new icehouses, and in a very short space of time the rig was transformed to kindling wood. Mr. O'Donnell had to telephone in to the barn for another rig in order to get back to the city.

Distress After Eating

Nausea between meals, belching, vomiting, flatulence, fits of nervous headache, pain in the stomach, are all symptoms of dyspepsia, and the longer it is neglected the harder it is to cure it.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Radically and permanently cure it—strengthen and tone the stomach and other digestive organs for the *natural* performance of their functions.

Accept no substitute for Hood's.

"I had dyspepsia twenty-five years and took different medicines but got no help until I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla. Have taken four bottles of this medicine and can now eat almost anything, sleep well, have no cramps in my stomach, no burning and no distress." MRS. WILLIAM G. BARRETT, 14 Olney St., Providence, R. I.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Bicycles for Everybody!

Our line of CRESCENTS are sure to suit you, both in price and quality, guaranteed fully and the price is $25.00 and $35.00. We also have bicycles at $10.00 and $15.00. Greatest offer ever made. Call and see them.

WIELAND & WADE
310 W. First St., Duluth.
317 Central Ave., West Duluth.

THE BAND CONCERT.

A Small Audience and a Fine Program.

The weather was so fine yesterday that everyone wanted to be out of doors and as a result the Third Regimment band concert at the Armory was poorly attended. The band made a fine showing.

The program was a popular one, including such numbers as "The Burgomaster," a selection from "Carmen," a medley, "Plantation Echoes," the "Zampa" overture, the inevitable descriptive piece, this one being "Cavalry Charge," by Luders, and a Sousa march. There were a number of encores also.

The band plays with much brilliancy and should make a fine record the coming summer.

Team Drivers' Union.

The team drivers of Duluth will probably organize a union next Thursday night.

The organization committee of the Federated Trades' assembly has called a meeting of all team drivers to be held at 20 East Superior street on that evening, and the indications are that the call will be generally heeded, as the teamsters generally are much interested in the movement.

The meeting is set for 8 o'clock, and Organizer J. W. Richardson will be in charge.

WHAT THE WEATHER WILL BE

Fair Tuesday and Wednesday; Warmer Tuesday.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

There was something doing in West Duluth yesterday along the line of sports. The Woodman ball team defeated the White Stockings by a score of 27 to 7. Among the younger element the Longfellows were victorious over the Fairmonts by a score of 28 to 11.

Beta council of Duluth will meet this evening with West Duluth council, No. 4, Modern Samaritans, for the purpose of assisting in the initiation of a class of candidates.

O. K. Simonds, chief of police of the town of Scanlon, was in the city over Sunday greeting old friends. Chief Simonds says that matters are still lively at the new burg and that there is no abatement in the building industry.

Matters were pretty quiet about the headquarters of the Dynamite club this morning. It was reported that the members were out "gunning" and that up to noon there had been one shooting.

Another party is making arrangements to leave for the Little Fork country this week.

Lawrence Bowers, the 3-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Bowers, of 665 Fifty-seventh avenue west, died of scarlet fever Saturday morning. Interment was made Saturday evening at Oneota cemetery.

The foundation work for the Wieland & Wade building is practically completed and as soon as the timber arrives the contractors will go ahead laying the joists.

Mr. and Mrs. George I. Beams, of Scanlon, spent Sunday with West Duluth friends.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wallace, who have been visiting friends here, left today for their home in Northern Wisconsin.

PIKE SPAWN.

Deputy Game Warden John Green says that the superintendent of the state fish hatchery at St. Paul estimates the harvest of wall-eyed pike eggs at the mouth of Pike river at 70,000,000, the second largest catch ever made here. The crew of six men who were engaged in the work for a week took with them boxes supposed to measure a holding capacity of 80,000,000 eggs, and these were well filled. The pike were seined as they went up to the falls and stripped. The stripping process consists of holding a female by the tail and gently passing the hand along the stomach. If the fish is ready to deposit its spawn, a very slight movement is necessary. If this gentle movement is not sufficient, the fish is thrown back in the stream under the impression that it is not ready to spawn. Great care is taken not to injure the fish in the stripping process.

Mr. Green says that many young male fish were caught in the seines at the spawning grounds; in fact, many times as many females. The catch was pretty complete under the methods that were employed, though many more eggs could have been taken if the fish had been taken out as they lay on the rapids. It is estimated that not one female fish in a hundred out of those at the spawning grounds is caught and stripped, so there is little danger of depopulating streams from which the spawn is taken for years. Moreover, it is said that the percentage of hatching by natural means is so infinitesimally small as compared with the artificial dry incubation method that 70,000,000 eggs left in the stream to hatch out would not result in very many hundred thousand fry.

The pike eggs are about as large as a pin head, and it is estimated that a quart measure will hold 120,000 eggs. Eggs are counted by measuring the quart capacity of the boxes or cans. The eggs gathered at Pike river will be hatched out at the state hatchery near St. Paul.

FOR YOUR WELFARE.

You Are Urged to Make Health Building Your First Work This Month.

Paine's Celery Compound

Puts You In Condition to Withstand the Enervating Effects of a Hot Summer.

If you are ailing, sick, or diseased, it is our earnest desire to interest you in your own personal welfare. We try to do this by simply urging you to make health building your first work this month, as efforts to banish disease are much more difficult when, in addition to physical sufferings, you are obliged to contend with the enervating effects of a hot summer. Medical men know well that a sick person when treated with the proper medicine in May, has a much better chance for life and health than is possible in July or August.

The incalculable amount of good that Paine's Celery Compound is now doing in making sick people well, should compel the attention of every thinking man and woman now in sickness and suffering.

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Paine's Celery Compound used in May cleanses the blood, bestows greater nerve force, regulates the stomach and bowels, arouses a healthy appetite, and brings about a normal action of the dormant liver. Paine's Celery Compound in every case gives a positive and permanent cure. It is the most thoroughly honest medicine that run-down and sickly men and women can employ. Its life-giving effect on nerves and blood is truly marvelous.

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It has no odor. Professor Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

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STRIKES SETTLED

Longshoremen and Vesselmen Agree on 52 1-2 Cents an Hour.

Will Get 55 Cents If Lumber Rate Goes to $3.

Tinners' Strike Also Adjusted and Men Return to Work.

After continuing one week the longshoremen's strike at the head of the lakes has been settled and the lumbershovers will receive 52½ cents per hour.

This morning work was resumed loading the lumber boats that have been tied up here pending the settlement of the wage controversy. There are thirty-five lumber boats in the Duluth-Superior harbor and, according to an agreement among the vesselmen, the first boats in will be the first loaded.

The strike was settled by a compromise, concessions having been made by both the vesselmen and longshoremen. The lumber shovers had been getting 50 cents an hour last season, and from the opening of this season. They demanded 60 cents an hour, which was refused by the vesselmen. Several long sessions had been held since last Friday between the executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association and representatives of the Longshoremen's union, and Saturday evening, at a late hour, the vesselmen submitted a memorandum of agreement that was discussed at a meeting of the longshoremen at West Duluth yesterday morning, and finally accepted. In the afternoon the agreement was taken to the executive committee of the Lumber Carriers' association and signed in behalf of the association.

By terms of the agreement, if the lumber rate during the season of 1902 shall be $3 or higher, the longshoremen are to receive 55 cents per hour.

Another important point that was settled in favor of the lumber shovers was the agreement of the vesselmen to regulate, as far as possible, the arrival of lumber boats in the harbor here, so as to give the union men steady employment during the season, and lessen the possibility of non-union men being called in to load the boats.

The agreement also makes provision for a settlement of the wage question for the season of 1903 by a meeting of representatives of the vesselmen and longshoremen, to be held in West Superior, in February, 1903, before the shipping season opens.

The settlement is said to be satisfactory to both sides. Following is the full text of the agreement:

"Memorandum of agreement, by and between the Lumber Carriers' association of the great lakes, and of Lake Superior, whose names are attached ot who shall accept of this agreement.

"This agreement being made to cover the loading of all lumber, lath and shingles and such other commodities as being understood under the head of forest products for the year 1902 on the boats of said Lumber Carriers' association.

"Article No. 1. The captain shall have the privilege of hiring and discharging men, providing he has just cause, always giving union men the preference. Whenever there are not union men enough, the captain shall have the privilege of employing non-union men, excepting in cases where union men have been discharged or refused work on the same condition; then only union men can be hired. There shall be no restriction placed by the longshoremen upon the amount of work each man shall perform.

"Article No. 2. In all case of dispute the loading of the boat shall continue uninterruptedly, and the matter in question shall be referred to arbitration. The president of the Lumber Carriers' association shall represent the vessels, and the president of the International Longshoremen's union shall represent the longshoremen.

"Article No. 3. The rate of wages shall be 52½ cents per hour for the entire season of 1902, providing freight rates shall not be established at $3 per thousand, or a higher rate than this. If, however, rate shall be $3 or higher than while such rate is in existence, the wage scale shall be 55 cents per hour.

"Article No. 4. A certified list of members of the Lumber Carriers' association, in good standing, and the name of the vessel annexed, shall be sent by the secretary of the Lumber Carriers' association, to each of the local unions on the various chain of lakes, on or before April 15, and as the additional names are annexed, notices shall be sent from time to time to the various locals, and each vessel shall have a certificate showing that same is properly enrolled in good standing.

"Article No. 5. On and after the adoption of this agreement, under no circumstances shall there be any deviation therefrom, or any change except by joint conference, agreed to by the Lumber Carriers' association on the one side and the International Longshoremen's union on the other.

"Article No. 6. This agreement shall be binding on all locals at this conference, as well as the Lumber Carriers' association. Any matter not touched upon here will remain as heretofore.

"It is mutually agreed by and between the local representatives at this meeting and the Lumber Carriers' association that all said locals and the Lumber Carriers' association shall, on or before January, 1903, elect representatives whose duties it shall be to meet at an appointed place to be designated and to be agreed upon by the parties hereto, and the delegates so appointed shall have the full authority to enter into an agreement for the wage scale to govern during the season of 1903, and that said representatives shall meet at West Superior not later than February, 1903, and any agreement entered into by the delegates of each respective lodge and the Lumber Carriers' association shall be approved by the president of the International Longshoremen's association shall be binding and governed during the year. The Lumber Carriers' association agrees to make an effort to try and have boats arrive as much as possible scattered, arriving at regular intervals and not in large numbers at one time."

* * *

The tinners won their strike without going into the co-operative business planned Saturday.

When it became generally known that the union had all the machinery, financial backing and a location to start in business for itself this morning, a conference was arranged with the bosses.

It was finally agreed that the shops should grant the union men an 8-hour day instead of a 9-hour day, and the union consented to a wage scale of $3.80 a day instead of $3.

It was reported this morning that all the men went back to work today.

* * *

There were indications today that the strike of the iron molders would be settled before tomorrow morning.

There may be a conference this evening, and this morning both the shop men and the molders freely expressed the opinion that a settlement was in sight.

The strike of the Minneapolis molders was settled at a conference in that city Saturday night. This strike was similar to the one here, and the settlement may be arranged along the same lines.

JOHNSON DIES.

Injured Switchman Fails to Withstand Shock.

William Johnson, the switchman injured Friday afternoon, died late Saturday afternoon.

The funeral service was held yesterday from Tibbetts' undertaking rooms and was attended by many friends, members of the Switchmen's union and delegations from local lodges of the Knights of Pythias and Maccabees.

The remains were forwarded to East Tawas, Mich., for interment.

AMUSEMENTS.

FIELD'S MINSTRELS.

Field's minstrels played to two large houses at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening. The Elks, for whose benefit the performances were given, turned out in large numbers and were enthusiastic in their manifestations of pleasure.

The show is a rather ordinary one, hardly in the highest class. The first part has a very effective setting, but is rather minus in comedians. Jimmy Wall and Tom Donnelly, two veterans, and A. G. Field furnish about all the fun there is. Mr. Field's specialty is rather too lengthy, and the work of Anderson, who has a strung-armed wife, become rather tiresome. There are a good many people, too, who would welcome the advent of a minstrel show that did not rely almost wholly for its jokes on the henpecked husband, the misery of married life and the desirability of killing off mothers-in-law.

The ballad singers are fairly good, and one number, that by Bessie Prosser, the Welch tenor, with its octet accompaniment, was fine.

The olio was not remarkable for brilliancy and was entirely of the conventional type. Fielding, the juggler, was the bright star and did some really marvelous work. The Brothers Walton do a pleasing acrobatic turn.

"ARIZONA."

Tonight "Arizona" will be presented at the Lyceum. "Arizona" is distinctly American. The New York Sun has declared it a text book of patriotism, but though its scenes are land in the West, the characters are by no means "wild and wooly," nor do Mr. Thomas' methods partake of those usually favored by playwrights who cross the Mississippi for their material. Mr. La Shelle and Mr. Hamlin have organized a notable company for the production of "Arizona" in the principal cities of the country. Among the well-known artists of the metropolitan cast are Grace Elliston, Dustin Farnum, J. W. Cope, Grace Thorne, Frazer Coulter, Alma Bradley, Frank Campeau, Ada Craven, Dodson Mitchell, Jane Bliss Taylor, Ben Deane, William Hazeltine, Stanley Murphy and Clement R. Kirby.

"YORK STATE FOLKS."

The original Eastern company, which played for many weeks in Philadelphia and other Eastern cities and has been making a short stay in the West, will be seen at the Lyceum Tuesday and Wednesday evenings at the Lyceum in "York State Folks." Duluth people who saw it in the Twin Cities within the past two weeks say it is the finest pastoral play on the stage today. The company numbers fifty people, including nineteen principals and a choir of boys. Among the people engaged are James Lackaye, Ray L. Royce, Ernest Lamson, James Morrison, Arthur Gregory, Harry Jackson, Randolph Currie, Lydia Knott, Mrs. Sidman, Kate Jackson, Celia Clay, Hilda Russell, little Bessie Burt and others.

THE FISH HATCHERY

Last Eggs of Fall and Winter Gathering Hatching Out.

About Thirty-Seven Million Fry Hatched During Season.

Some Brook Trout Are Hatched For Owners of Private Streams.

The government fish hatchery at Lester Park is hatching out the last eggs it has from the fall and winter gathering of spawn. The last lake trout are expected to hatch out today or tomorrow, leaving only some brook trout and rainbow trout eggs to finish hatching.

Superintendent Wires has hatched or shipped about 37,000,000 fry during the season just closing. Seven million of these were lake trout and 30,000,000 whitefish. A part of these, however—3,700,000 of the trout eggs,—were shipped direct from the fishing grounds to Eastern government fish hatcheries to be hatched out there.

A man from the hatchery started yesterday for Isle Royale with a number of cans of whitefish fry. It is the intention to plant altogether 12,000,000 or 15,000,000 whitefish in Lake Superior at the Isle Royale fishing grounds.

Mr. Wires is hatching out 100,000 brook trout for the accommodation of people who wish to stock private streams. The government usually gives the average owner of a private stream from 3000 to 5000 fry when the regulation application is made through the commission at Washington.

Mr. Wires is also hatching out about 50,000 rainbow trout, the eggs for which were stripped from fish in Eastern streams. The rainbow is much like the Western brook trout in a general way. The government, however, does not make a business of hatching out anything but commercial fish, in order to replenish the stores in the great lakes.

Mr. Wires does not expect to get much wall-eyed pike spawn from State Game Warden Sam Fullerton. He expects that Mr. Fullerton will have considerable difficulty getting all the pike eggs that the state hatchery needs. The game warden is gathering eggs at the falls of Pike river, which flows into Vermilion lake opposite the government Indian school at Tower, and also at the mouths of the streams flowing into Otter Tail lake. Mr. Fullerton has screens placed across the mouths of the latter streams at a point just above their mouths, and expects that he will be able to strip all the pike that have gone up the streams. He wanted 10,000,000 pike eggs from both collecting grounds.

The government hatchery has decided, however, not to depend upon Mr. Fullerton for any certain supply after he has met his own needs. As a result, Mr. Wires will short receive 10,000,000 pike eggs from Put-in-Bay on Lake Erie.

A couple of hundred thousand steelhead trout will also be added from this hatchery this spring. All the fry that have been shipped thus far have been sent away as soon as the egg sack was absorbed. The rest of the fry on hand will probably be held for two or three weeks or longer for growth, and until the fish are able to feed.

MADE NO CALL

Peter Olson Silently Bleeds to Death In a Saloon.

Peter Olson, a laboringman, died very suddenly yesterday afternoon in a saloon at 21 East Superior street.

An artery in his leg opened and he bled to death while sitting in a chair in one of the card rooms. He was alone at the time.

The man did not call for help. In fact when the bleeding began he evidently procured a pail and placed the foot in that, so the blood would not run over the floor.

Mr. Olson was well known about the city. For some time past he was in poor health and drinking heavily.

The body was removed to Stewart's undertaking rooms and it was not considered necessary to hold an inquest.

"OPEN SWITCH" WRECKS.

What Is Needed Is Automatic Safety Switch.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Your editorial in the issue of April 29, headed "Laws That Save Lives," giving a resume of the interstate commerce commission's report on persons killed and injured by railway accidents in the United States during three months, is most timely. That "the showing should cause additional efforts on the part of the commission to have still further laws adopted that will in any way tend to lessen danger to passengers and employes," is a statement which cannot be too strongly emphasized.

While it is true that in proportion to the number of passengers carried on our railways the percentage of those hurt is very low, yet this does not hold true of railway employes, of whom 299 were killed and 40,000 injured last year, while in the discharge of their duty. It is inevitable that under the high pressure of modern civilization, and consequent complicated system of travel that a certain percentage of accidents will occur. Too often, however, there are wholesale killings due to carelessness, or to the practice of a false economy in dispensing with some needed safety appliance.

Among the most glaring causes of deaths on the rail, and for which there appears to be absolutely no remedial legislation, are wrecks caused by open or faulty switches. Even the most cursory reader of the daily papers cannot be struck by the repetition of "open switch" wrecks. The very next issue of The Herald following the editorial mentioned chronicles a wreck in Missouri on the California limited, in which three persons were killed and twenty-three injured. At the inquest, the coroner's jury returned a verdict that the wreck was caused "by defective switch and a defective track." Another switch wreck, this time in Minnesota, is recalled in the succeeding issue of your paper, in which the engineer was killed, several trainmen injured, and a great loss of property caused.

As a writer in the Engineering News puts it: "Every such accident ought to teach some valuable lesson to railway officials. Under the present circumstances this is impossible. The railway company keeps all circumstances in connection with the accident a secret. What is needed is a searching investigation into the causes of every such accident, to be made by experts of experience and ability, not so much with a view to fix the responsibility for it as to bring prominently into light the methods or appliances which chiefly contributed to it."

To obviate the deadly "open switch" wreck what is needed is a successful automatic safety switch. Like all great improvements in the past, it will have to meet the opposition of the "practical man," who objects to the adoption of new automatic and safety devices by railways, on the score of the delicacy and complication of the device or to its trustworthiness. The same "practical man" was a strenuous opponent of the air brake and the automatic coupler when they were first proposed. It is only a score of years ago since a great journal wrote of the "possible" application of the air brake to freight trains and the adoption of reliable self-couplers for freight cars.

It is necessary to fix public sentiment so firmly in regard to the more necessary and feasible additions to the safety of railway travel that these would be hastened, and not have to await the lesson of human destruction which has uniformly been the inseparable antecedent of such progress hitherto. The sad moral of the daily accident column is that nothing but a terrible train wreck with a long list of killed and 'injured,' has proved enough to overcome the inertia of mechanical habits of construction and of operating trains, the "practical man's" scorn of theoretic improvements, and the penny-wise dread of expensive changes.

The horrors of "telescopy" which led to the introduction of the Miller platform and coupler; the long list of accidents by reason of the ineffeciency of the means of stopping trains quickly which forced the adoption of the automatic air brake, show that inventive talent is equal to the demand upon it, and that the way to still greater perfection of the wonderful machinery of modern travel is perfectly open if only the will to have it is created.

H. H. McNAMARA.

Duluth, May 3.

THE SHOOT.

Lowe and Berry Carry Off Honors of the Day.

The fine weather yesterday added interest to the weekly shoot of the Central Gun club. The members have been so used to shooting at lowering outgoers in everything from a blizzard to a gale that the calm, clear weather disconcerted them at first.

In the handicap event Theodore Frerker, R. A. Lowe and George Zopp made 100 per cent. In the shoot-off-miss-and-out to decide the winner Frerker missed his first and Zopp his sixth bird, Lowe winning the event. The scores were.

	Class.	Shot at.	Broke.	P.C.
Frerker	17	25	17	100
Storey	25	25	20	80
Berry	25	25	24	96
Cap	25	25	20	80
Jackson	22	25	21	84
McSwigsen	25	25	14	77
Zopp	22	25	22	100
Hugo	19	25	14	73
Pierce	20	20	14	70
Audi	17	25	11	64
Frank	15	25	9	60
Greener	22	25	18	81
Warren	24	25	22	95
Lowe	20	25	20	100
Bradbury	17	25	16	94
Bennett	24	25	22	95
Glenn	15	25	13	86

The shoot for the Big Duluth diamond medal was very interesting. Frank Berry Zopp and Storey each broke 23 out of a possible 25, in the shoot off Storey did not enter, while Berry duplicated the trick of breaking 23 as against Zopp's 21. The scores were:

	Shot at.	Broke.
Berry	25	23
Storey	25	23
Cap	25	22
Bennett	25	20
Warren	25	18
Zopp	25	23
Jackson	25	21
Nelson	25	19
Noisy	25	22
Lowe	25	19
Greener	25	18
Frerker	25	8
Glenn	25	9

MORE MEN CAUGHT.

Wisconsin Authorities Catch Men Fishing Illegally.

The Wisconsin authorities returned to West Superior Saturday evening after another successful trip up the St. Louis river after violators of the fish and game laws. Peter Lafrans and John de Mau were arrested by Deputy Game Wardens Blackadder and Waterbury while on the river Friday night, with a quantity of wall eyed pike in their possession. The game wardens claim that the men threw a lot of fish overboard before they were taken into custody.

The deputies were proceeding along the Wisconsin bank of the river and met a boy with a few wall eyed pike. On account of his youth they let him go. Soon afterward a boat containing the two men now under arrest came down the river and Deputy Blackadder flashed his light on them with the order to stop. The men dropped their light and began to row away as fast as possible when the deputy fired over their heads. At this demonstration they threw up their hands, then rowed to shore where the officers were waiting for them. The arrests were made a short distance above Fond du Lac.

Case Is Settled.

The personal injury case of August Johnson against the Northern Pacific Railroad company was dismissed in federal court Saturday, a settlement having been effected outside of court, the plaintiff receiving $1000. Johnson while working at the Cutler & Gilbert dock was thrown down and injured while the company was switching cars on the dock. He asked for damages in the amount of $10,656. The plaintiff was represented by Baldwin & Baldwin.

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Special For This Week — For This Week, May 5 to 10, We Will Make, Lay and Line Absolutely Free of Charge Any Carpet Bought in This Store. These special Prices, Too—

Best quality Wilton Velvet — single and double widths, with and without borders—*made, laid and lined free* —per yard $1.10

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Ingrain Carpets—all-wool filling—a strong, durable, artistic carpet—*made, laid and lined* —for only, per yard 50c

Room Size Rugs at Low Prices.

Seamless Wilton Rugs — 9x12 feet — the most durable and only seamless Wilton Rug on the market — these rugs sell regularly for $45—special price $26.50

9x12 Tapestry Brussels Rug at $15.00

9x12 Ten-wire Tapestry Brussels Rug — none better made — our special price, only $19.50

Sale of Odd Lots Silverware.

Many odds and ends of the fastest selling lines have accumulated during the past months. These we have decided to clean up, and have cut the prices with our characteristic boldness.

Broken lots solid white metal and silver plated forks, plain and fancy patterns—regular prices $1.25 and $1.50—sale price 69c

A lot of nickel silver, silver plated child's sets—knife, fork and spoon, worth 35c at 19c

Broken lots solid nickel silver and silver plated table spoons, regular prices $1.25 and $1.50—closing at 65c

Some odd dozens of finest triple plate knives—hollow nickel silver handles and steel blades—some of the patterns are exquisite—at about half price.

An odd lot silver plated sugar shells and butter knives, closing out 19c

Odd lots of standard triple plated knives and forks—regular prices from $2.50 to $5.50, at $2.29

Broken lots standard plate tablespoons on nickel silver—regular from $3.75 to $4.75 —closing at $3.25

Standard makes of Dessert Spoons; Rogers, Oneida and other makes—regular value $3.50 to $3.75—selling at $2.79

A FINE ROAD.

S. F. Snively's Driveway Along West Branch of Lester River.

One of the drives already very popular with Duluthians is along the west branch of Lester river. For the past two years S. F. Snively has been grading a road, and building rustic bridges crossing the stream in a number of places, through his large tract back of Lester Park. The road has been built for about four miles and lacks about one and a half miles of being completed into Colbyville. It will probably be finished this season. It has been built at no small expense and is in splendid condition.

Some of the most delightful scenery in this part of the country can be found along the drive. It is a constant source of pleasure and surprise to those people that go over the drive for the first time. Yesterday a large number of people drove through to the last bridge and then drove back to Duluth by way of Colbyville, or doubled back to Lester Park. Mr. Snively is contemplating the erection of a summer home on the banks of the river in one of the wildest portions of the tract.

CHAMPIONS.

High School Baseball Players Show Ironwood How to Play.

The High School baseball team won its game from the Ironwood high school on Saturday afternoon by a score of 10 to 0.

The game the Duluth team played was almost perfect. Capt. Cummings' work in the box was phenomenal. Ironwood was entirely unable to hit him. In the course of the game seventeen men were struck out, and but few hits were made. The fielding of the team was up to the standard set by the pitcher. One error was all that was made. Ironwood made five. The Duluth men hit the Ironwood pitcher at will, in fact the players, who returned yesterday morning at 11 o'clock, claim they did not attempt to make any runs for the last two innings, but just bunted the ball to show that they were still in the game.

The results of the two games already played this season show that the high school has a team this year such as it has never been her fortune to put upon the field before. Seventy-five points against one is the score so far this season.

The result of Saturday's game gives the students more confidence in their ability to win from the Minneapolis Central high school in the game which will be played with that team at the driving park next Saturday afternoon. Minneapolis is said to have a good team; but Duluth has shown that it also has one. The local boys hope, with the aid of Capt. Cummings, who is undoubtedly the best high school pitcher in the state, and Potter his able second behind the bat, to put up a pitcher's battle that will keep the Minneapolitans from scoring.

If the excellent showing that the team has already made and the prospects for a good close game with the Minneapolis high school next Saturday, a good crowd is not drawn from the supporters of high school athletics, it will be proven that Duluth either cannot or will not support a high school baseball team.

THE CONTEST.

Attorney Richards Expects It to Be Argued Soon.

J. B. Richards, attorney for Henry Truelsen in the mayoralty election contest, says he expects that the case will be argued in the supreme court about June 1. Court Reporter Farrington is now engaged in making a transcript of the testimony taken in the trial of the contest in the district court again and stipulate a settled case on the record thus produced. Afterward the apepal will b taken and the matter come up for argument before the supreme court on ten days' notice. Both sides will want to consider the transcript deliberately and to consult authorities before going before the higher court. It is presumed that the latter will give the case preference in order to dispose of the matter as early as possible.

Don't start the summer with a cold. One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), May 5.—The barometer is low north of Alberta and in the Southwest and high over the greater portion of the Northwest. Light to heavy rains fell over the lake region, Ohio, Mississippi and Missouri valleys and Southwest during Sunday or last night. Cool weather continues in Rocky mountain districts. In other districts it is generally mild. The winds in the Lake region are rather variable, brisk on Southern Michigan and generally light elsewhere.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	60	Miles City	44
Bismarck	32	Milwauke	46
Boston	46	Minnedosa	30
Buffalo	50	Modena	30
Calgary	28	Montgomery	66
Charleston	60	Moorhead	40
Chicago	46	New Orleans	68
Cincinnati	61	New York	48
Davenport	58	North Platte	50
Denver	46	Oklahoma	60
Detroit	50	Omaha	54
Duluth	48	Pittsburg	64
Edmonton	24	Port Arthur	36
El Paso	54	Portland	50
Escanaba	40	Prince Albert	34
Galveston	72	Qu'Appelle	30
Green Bay	42	Rapid City	44
Havre	28	San Francisco	50
Helena	30	Santa Fe	40
Houghton	40	Shreveport	66
Huron	36	Spokane	38
Jacksonville	66	St. Louis	62
Kamloops	42	St. Paul	42
Kansas City	58	Sault Ste. Marie	36
Knoxville	66	Swift Current	30
LaCrosse	46	Washington	54
Los Angeles	48	Williston	34
Marquette	44	Winnemucca	32
Medicine Hat	28	Winnipeg	38
Memphis	70		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy and cooler tonight and Tuesday, with possibly showers. Fresh to brisk northeast winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 5.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Tuesday: Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Tuesday, except possibly local showers south portion.

Wisconsin—Fair tonight and possibly Tuesday.

The Dakotas: Generally fair Tuesday, preceded by showers in South Dakota tonight.

Upper lakes: Fresh and possibly brisk northeast winds. Fair tonight and possibly Tuesday.

Too Many Rear Admirals.

There are twenty-two rear admirals on the active list of the navy, and the majority of them are needed about as much as a fifth wheel to a coach. The navy does not demand any such number of fleet commanders for the simple reason that the United States has not the fleets. Six was the number allowed three years ago, but the passage of the personnel law abolished the grade of commodore, ten in number, and increased the corps of admirals. As the United States maintains but five squadrons, it follows that but few of this high rank will have the opportunity to command at sea. On shore a few lucky ones are in charge of navy yards and the rest are on lighthouse service, boards of examination, etc. There is no prospect of the grade diminishing for some years to come and it follows that many rear admirals will go on the retired list without having gained the distinction of a command afloat. Admiral Crowninshield's assignment to the choice European station was a reward for his service to the department to which he cringingly catered and is an outrage on the older officers, as Crowninshield stands twenty-first in the list. Admiral Baker, now in command at the Brooklyn navy yard, is the first of the rear admirals entitled to a squadron, but there are no vacancies at present in sight. There are three rear admirals in the far East, two of these commanding divisions of the Asiatic fleet. These junior squadron commands are not much sought after, except that succession to chief command may follow when Rear Admiral Frederick Rogers retires. It is probable that Rear Admiral Evans may succeed to the post when Rodgers' cruise expires in February of next year. There will be an awakening some day in both the navy and army departments and positions will be awarded for merit and length of service and the present favoritism will be abolished.

Drinks in Tabloid Form.

A great disappointment is in store for those who have been awaiting the time when they could swallow a tabloid which was supposed to contain the essential parts of a good drink but which could be absorbed on the quiet and without the publicity of standing up to a bar before many spectators. These tabloids have appeared in the East and are disappointing. According to the Boston Transcript this latest form of tabloid which assumes to enable any one to become intoxicated is nothing more than caffeine, the alkaloid which is the active principle of coffee. The state board of health has made an investigation of these tablets, and while it finds that they are not an injury to health unless taken in excess, they might be likely to keep a person, especially one who is not a coffee-drinker, awake during the night hours when he would not be looking for stimulants. The tablets contain starch, sugar, caffeine and a small percentage of some flavoring matter, probably cocoa. The amount of caffeine has been roughly determined as equal to that in two cups of coffee, so that if one goes the limit allowed by the directions for taking and eats two of these tablets ten times a day, he is likely to put his nerves in about the same condition they would be in after drinking forty cups of coffee. Those who look for wild dissipation in the form of compressed tablets are likely to be disappointed, however, as it is said that the stimulating effect which is promised is of a very brief duration, and in the cases of confirmed 'coffee-drinkers is barely perceptible. Therefore those who are inclined to indulge in the beverages which produce that exhilirating feeling, will have to stick to the liquids to produce the desired result.

CELEBRATE "THE FOURTH."

Last year Duluth made extensive preparations for a very elaborate celebration of the Fourth of July, and many people came from the neighboring towns to participate in the exercises and festivities of the day. Unfortunately bad weather put a damper on the celebration, and it was necessary to abandon altogether part of the attractive program arranged and to postpone the first-class exhibition of fireworks until a later date. Rain and a cold northeast wind seriously interfered with the comfort of the visitors and they failed to see Duluth under favorable conditions.

It is hardly probable that the coming Fourth will be attended by disagreeable weather. On the contrary, the chances are that we will be favored with splendid weather on the national holiday. Duluth should have a big celebration this year, and give the surrounding population a chance to come here at excursion rates and have a good time. Mayor Hugo took the initiative in the preparations for last year's celebration and no doubt is ready to "start the ball rolling" again for a celbration that will be a credit to the city. The Fourth is less than two months distant, and it is not too early to organize and get things started.

The Herald trusts that no time will be lost in beginning preparations and would suggest to the mayor that he call together the members of the committee that so ably handled last year's celebration. No doubt all would be willing to serve again, and they have shown that they know how to get up a good program of attractions.

TRADE WITH GERMANY.

There is undoubtedly an honest desire on the part of Germany to bring about a commercial treaty with the United States. The trade relations between the United States and Germany have so far been based on the old treaty of 1828 between Prussia and this nation. By this treaty neither Prussia nor the United States could admit other nations to more favorable terms of commerce without admitting at once the other contracting party to the same terms, and this without previous negotiations. This, at least, has been the German interpretation, according to Wolf Von Schierbrand, who contributes an article on the subject in the current World's Work.

The still-existing German tariff is frankly protectionist, and is, with some subsequent alterations, the one framed under Bismarck when that statesman became converted from his free trade views. It is, however, when compared with the Dingley tariff, very moderate, showing an average of 13 per cent, as against the Dingley tariff's 54 per cent. The pending bill would raise that percentage to about 17 or 18 per cent, but many items on it, and particularly some touching American goods, show a much higher percentage—up to 50 and 60. It is a measure largely framed for the express purpose of either forcing the United States into a special commercial treaty, or else to diminish American imports into Germany., for not only are heavier duties laid on such leading articles of American export as cereals, copper, petroleum, meats and nearly all other foodstuffs, but also, and mostly much heavier 'ones, on such American manufactures as within recent years have begun to compete with German industries, like bicycles, shoes, labor-saving and too. machines, leatherware, furniture, locomotives, stoves, electric appliances etc. A tariff war between the two countries would fall with much more crushing force upon Germany, for the simple reason that while Germany absolutely needs for her industry or for her laboring population the more important items in her list of American imports, the United States would suffer no very appreciable discomfort if no German imports whatever should reach this country.

Germany now fully realizes the overpowering strength of American competition. It has become plain to that country that the United States, which, twenty years ago, exported $40,000,000 worth of goods, or 5.8 per cent of the total to Germany, and now sends $250,000,000 worth, or 17 per cent of the total, while taking, practically, no more of German goods than it did ten or fifteen years ago, is a country with which trade relations urgently need adjusting, and there is no doubt but that Germany would be more than pleased to see such a result brought about.

A MOTHER OF REPUBLICS.

"The Opportunity of the United States, of which Andrew Carnegie writes in the May number of the North American Review, is not an opportunity to sell steel rails, or to extend commerce, or to subjugate in an industrial sense the rest of the world, but an opportunity to enhance the glory of the greatest of republics by making her the mother of other republics. We have followed the right course, argues Mr. Carnegie, in our dealings with Cuba. But in the Philippines we have been killing the inhabitants and burning their homes in the attempt, as yet unsuccessful, to fasten our government upon them; and in doing so, our troops, as recent revelations have shown, have perpetrated atrocities such as have rarely appalled civilized man. Neither the president nor the majority of the cabinet are responsible for the Philippine situation; they inherited it from the late Mr. McKinley, and Mr. Carnegie thinks the time has come for them to consider our position in the islands.

Mr. Carnegie quotes the opinions of a number of eminent men well acquainted with the situation—such as Principal Schurman, Admiral Dewey, Gen. Merritt, Gen. MacArthur, ex-Secretary Long and Judge Taft—to the effect that Filipinos may be safely entrusted with independence, and he insists that they can never be effectively trained to self-government so long as they are governed by aliens. The true character of our enterprise in the Philippines is shown by the fact that, in its prosecution, we have found it necessary to suppress American ideas; it is scarcely credible, but it is a fact, that we prohibited the reading of the Declaration of Independence in the Philippines last Fourth of July. Mr. Carnegie urges that we should treat the Philippines as we have treated Cuba.

"I submit that we make a grave mistake in not following, in the Philippines, the American policy which has triumphed in Cuba. President McKinley said to the Cubans that he would 'aid them to establish a stable, free and independent government, and thus realize the highest aspirations of the people.' This kept the peace; not one Cuban was shot. It would have kept the peace in the Philippines. The promise has been honorably fulfilled; and no page of American history is to shine more gloriously in the future than that which records that the republic was the protector of Cuba—a record which will prove to future generations of Americans a priceless heritage, for no nation but our own has delivered an oppressed people from a foreign yoke, and without return handed over to them their country as an independent republic. Nor is any nation likely to do so, but let us hope the American nation is to repeat this sublime act of self-abnegation with the Philippines, and establish, under her protection, the first republic of the Orient."

This is the program of the Democratic platform. It would end the warfare in the Philippines and make of the people there our friends instead of our bitter enemies. To establish a republic there would add another glorious page to American history.

The United States is destined to be humiliated at the grand naval display at the coronation ceremonies of King Edward on account of the appointment of Crowninshield as commander of the European squadron. This naval display will be a great affair as the strength of the English navy, the largest of all nations, will be amply demonstrated. It is said that twenty battleships alone will be in line. When the fact is considered that the United States has just nine of this class of vessels as the sum total of her possesions, the comparison is more or less obvious. Our representative ship at the coronation will be the Illinois, and as Admiral Crowninshield is a junior in rank, the Illnois will be at the extreme tail end of the line, as the other commanders will considerably outrank him. At the jubilee ceremonies of Queen Victoria, the United States was represented by a special ship, the cruiser Brooklyn, commanded by Rear Admiral Joseph N. Miller, who belonged to the senior grade of that rank and not to the junior part, as does Crowninshield. There is no gainsaying the fact that the Illinois will make as fine a showing as any ship taking part in the ceremonies, but the importance of the United States deserves a better position than that of a tailender.

Eight members of Chicago's detective force are wroth at Admiral Evans for what he writes of them in his article in the May McClure's on Prince Henry's impressions of America. The offending paragraph, the truthi of which the detectives deny, follows: "The way the prince and the keen-eyed staff made observations was sometimes astonishing. They would hit off in a word the characteristics of crowds, revealing a sense of the differences among our cities. Chicago had eight plain-clothes policemen to guard the prince. Each of these men was six feet four or five inches tall, and they were got up in evening dress and silk hats. The prince noticed them that evening with silent appreciation, but when they turned up the next morning in the same costume he asked, 'could this happen anywhere except in Chicago.'" This makes a good story, and "Fighting Bob" never permitted the verities to interfere with a story.

The statisticians who have been announcing a decline in the birthrate of Great Britain, as well as of France, will find no comfort for the public in the recent figures collected at Edinburg. The record of births for 1901—7920—is the lowest ever recorded in that city, and it is held that the war and other temporary conditions cannot account for the falling off. The death rate, on the other hand, shows a slight increase.

According to Rev. Dr. Dennis Wortman, of East Orange, N. J., "it is becoming altogether too common for churches to dispense with the services of good and true ministers at an age when their experience in any other profession would make them greatly sought for, in favor of kids who play golf." If this is true, theological seminaries must add golf to their curriculum.

Attorney General Knox says that when he left college and went home with his diploma, he was the proudest young man in the land. His father, a country banker, looked over the diploma and said: "Young man, if you know half as much when you are 50 years old as you think you know now, you will be the brainiest man this world ever produced."

The custom house authorities finally decided that Junius S. Morgan's jewel-studded, gold-bound manuscript Bible could enter free of duty. Hereafter probably American purchasers of diamonds and other jewels in Europe will have them stuck onto Bibles before starting home.

The high tariff organs are not saying much about the renomination of Congressman Babcock. Only a short time ago they were predicting that his position in favor of tariff reform would kill him politically.

Every Republican president elected since Lincoln was born in Ohio. No doubt Uncle Mark Hanna has noticed this fact.

Lieut. Wynne, who fell into the hands of the police at Venice, was fourteen hours under fire at Tien-Tsin and escaped without a scratch. But Venetian wine knocked him out.

It is expected that horse meat is being served for beef at New York restaurants, and that not more than one customer in ten detects the difference. It is a horse on the other nine.

When Mr. Evans lands in his $30,000 job he may send a card of thanks to the pension agents who forced him out of his $5000 job.

The fate of the young woman who has just laughed herself to death should be a warning to giggling girls.

THE LAW OF COMPETITION.

St. Paul Pioneer Press: Governor Cummings of Iowa in his recent speech to a Republican club at Minneapolis, dwelt eloquently on the benefit of competition, which he truly said was the fundamental law of the natural healthful body of industry. He continued:

"It has given this sation its commanding position among the nations of the world, and must not be restricted. The Republican party means to see that every protection is afforded to competition. Combination to stifle competition was a menace, and whoever proposed it was an enemy to good government and a foe to to human progress. If the kings of commerce and the captains of industry succeed in stifling competition and establishing monopoly, then the law and the government must take a hand and absolutely control its operations.

"The American people would not submit to commercial despotism any more than they would to governmental despotism. But he believed the Republican party would prove equal to the great task which confronted it, as it had always been in the past. He believed in the principle of protection, but the people are better entitled to the benefits of competition than the producers are to protection, and when the latter seek to stifle or destroy the competitive principle the barriers should be thrown down.

"We must have competition—that of our own country preferred, but that of the whole world if necessary."

Every word of this is true. It is sound political philosophy. He might have added what is equally true, that there is no possible way by which in a free country like ours the corporations or any combination like ours the corporations or any combination of corporations, any more than individuals, can escape this fundamental law of all industrial and commercial activity. For what is this competition but universal law of life and all development? It is the law of the strongest, the survival of the fittest. It is under the regime of free competition that the best man wins. And in the modern race of competition the best man is the man with the best machine. All the resources of invention have been called to his aid to arm him with machinery which shall give him a larger control than his rival over the forces of nature; which will enable him to make things and do things cheaper than any one else. In his search for more and more efficient and economical machines the locomotive has taken the place of the stage coach, the harvester of the sickle, the telegraph of the carrier pigeon, the sewing machine of the seamstress, and the telephone of the messenger boy. Organization and concentration of labor and capital in the form of corporations are the most powerful machines created by competition to increase and economize productive energy. It is the law of competition which impelled the still wider organization and the large concentration of productive power embraced in the extensive consolidations. They are simply still more effective machines for doing business more economically by doing it on a large scale. The outgrowth of competition themselves, they cannot escape that universal law of life under which they had their birth.

Governor Cummings was introduced by Governor Van Sant, who naturally talked about the merger of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific, and thus furnished the text for the Iowa governor's speech. But these railroads cannot escape competition by means of a merger any more than the department store escapes it by consolidating a number of smaller stores under one management. The competition between a few of these large aggregations of stores operating under one roof and one management, with much greater economy, is far keener and more effective than between a large number of small retail stores handicapped with their relatively larger expense accounts. But the result in reducing the cost of operating is to reduce prices—both under the stress and competition.

The merger of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific is usually treated as a mere arrangement to eliminate competition in traffic and rates. It could hardly have accomplished much in this direction with the Milwaukee & St. Paul and the Soo, both parallel and competing lines, running through the most productive part of the territory. But it is a much grander scheme than this. The two lines will soon be equipped at their Pacific terminus with the most powerful agencies of cheap transportation across the Pacific ever known to the history of the commerce of the seas, in the big ships being built by Mr. Hill for the Oriental trade. These ships and the acquisition of the great Burlington system interpret the true meaning of the merger. It is intended to make the Northern route the pathway of the commerce of the world. Instead of a petty retail competition with each other for the dribbles of local traffic at certain widely separated points on their routes it will be a competition on a world-wide scale for the mastery of the commerce of the two hemispheres. This can only be done by securing such a volume of traffic as will make the cost of transportation less per ton per mile than of any other route. So far from being a conspiracy to raise rates and oppress shippers, the success of the whole scheme rests upon the reduction of rates as a means of securing not only a large volume of traffic but the bulk of all the traffic between this country and Asia. So far from abolishing competition it will bring this Northern route into direct competition with all the rail and water routes of the commerce with Asia.

The Pioneer Press does not agree with those who look upon this so-called merger as a calamity to the state or to the Northwest. On the contrary, it is one of a chain of agencies which will enlist the most powerful of modern commercial forces in turning the tide of the world's commerce through this Northern channel, and as a consequence will do more than anything else which could have happened to reduce the rates of transportation along these roads and to build up the prosperity of the country tributary thereto and of their cities and commercial centers.

DEATH

The Punishment For Crime Committed By This Man.

Wheeling, W. Va., May 5.—J. T. Jackson, a farmer living 12 miles east of New Martinsville, married and the father of four children, is confined in the city lockup, charged with kidnaping and assaulting 11-year-old Etta Montgomery. Jackson was arrested after a desperate struggle. Constable D. Howell, of Wetzel county, arrived in the city, and informed the police that Jackson was in Wheeling with the girl, and that he had a warrant for his arrest, charging him with kidnaping her.

Jackson was found at the house of his mother, 1232 Baltimore street. The officers were compelled to break open the door of the house, and Jackson fled, taking the girl with him. The officers pursued them, and after passing the girl fired two shots at Jackson, finally succeeding in overtaking the fleeing man and subduing him by a display of weapons.

The girl said Jackson induced her to leave home last week by promising her a gold watch.

At New Martinsville he bought her a shirt waist, shoes, hat and other clothing. They arrived at Wheeling Saturday and went to the house of Jackson's mother, on Baltimore street. The girl said Jackson's family asked no questions. According to the girl, they were together at the Jackson home except Wednesday night, when they went to Martin's Ferry and remained at a hotel.

The girl is large for her age and intelligent. When arrested she said she wished the policeman had shot her. Jackson expressed the same wish. His wife is in the Western insane asylum. While being interrogated Jackson was so frightened that he grew white as marble, and seemed chilled to the bone. He was held to the grand juhy without bond. Jackson's crime is punishable by death under the statutes of this state.

PALMER DEAD.

Prominent Chicago Capitalist Expires From Unknown Cause.

Chicago, May 5.—Potter Palmer, for nearly half a century one of Chicago's most prominent business men, died last night at his residence on Lake Shore drive. The exact cause of Mr. Palmer's death has not yet been determined. He had been suffering for several weeks from a nervous affection, but as he was able to be about the house his condition was not thought to be serious. When he retired Saturday night he was feeling ill tired Saturday night he was feeling ill any thing, better than for several days. During the night, however, he seemed to lose all his energy, and yesterday morning was unable to leave his room. He gradually grew weaker during the day and at 5:40 o'clock last evening he suffered a sudden collapse from which he expired. The physicians who were attending Mr. Palmer are at a loss as to the ultimate cause of his death. Apparently he had no organic troubles. Mrs. Palmer and their two sons, Honore and Potter, Jr., were with Mr. Palmer when he died. No arrangements have yet been made for the funeral, but in all probabilities he will be buried in Chicago, where he accumulated his fortune.

Potter Palmer was born in 1826 in Potter's Hollow, Albany county, New York. He received a common school education and at the age of 18 engaged as a clerk in a store at Durham, N. Y., where he remained three years. When he became of age he opened a store of his own at Oneida, N. Y., and conducted it for two years. He afterward spent one year at Lockport, N. Y., and then removed to Chicago, where he established a dry goods firm.

This latter firm afterward became Field, Palmer & Leiter, and which has been succeeded by the firm of Marshall Field & Co. The sharp advance in the price of goods after the beginning of the civil war found the firm prepared with a large stock and it reaped immense gains from every advance. Mr. Palmer retired from mercantile life in 1865 and so liberal had been his policy in meeting public requirements during the war, that the government was indebted to him to the extent of three-quarters of a million dollars. After disposing of his dry goods interests Mr. Palmer invested largely in Chicago real estate and began the erection of business buildings. When the fire came in 1871, he owned thirty-two structures on State street, every one of which was destroyed. His losses were very heavy but his faith in Chicago was unshaken and he borrowed enough money to enable him to reconstruct the buildings that had been destroyed. He had already begun the erection of the Palmer House hotel and as soon as possible after the fire, the work on this building was resumed. It was completed at a cost of $2,000,000, the result being the handsomest and most substantial house in the country at that time. His real estate holdings continued to increase in value until today his fortune is estimated at $25,000,000. Mr. Palmer was married in 1871 to Miss Bertha M. Honore, daughter of H. H. Honore, a Chicago capitalist of that day. In politics Mr. Palmer was a Democrat.

"STRAIGHT FRONT"

Question Must Be Decided By Supreme Court.

Washington, May 5.—The supreme court judges are tussling with the "straight front" question, about which women know so much. The judges have been called upon to decide whether a certain contrivance used in the manufacture of hose supporters, which is warranted to produce a straight front, is an infringement of another patent.

Along with the brief was a big exhibit of the corsets.

There were dozens of dainty sky-blue bits of harness on exhibition. To each copy of the brief one pair was attached and carefully folded away just under the cover of the pamphlet. The grave justices, one at a time, left the bench and sidled over to the clerk's office to have a look at the exhibits.

DARING ESCAPE.

Woman Shinned Down an Electric Light Wire.

Wellsville, Ohio, May 5.—Mrs. Libbie Burnfield made a daring escape from jail Saturday night. She had been taken from her cell into Mayor Fogos' office to be tried, along with her husband and another. The charge was fighting.

She told the mayor she had friends who would settle for her fine, and he obligingly went out to look them up, leaving a policeman to watch the door. Scarcely was the mayor's back turned before Mrs. Burnfield was out of the window and "shinning" down a quarter-inch electric light wire that runs along the outer wall. She landed 33 feet below in perfect safety, and it kept the entire police force busy for the next two hours to find and re-arrest her.

"I have used DeWitt's Little Early Risers for constipation. I am glad to indorse them," writes Alfred Heinze, Quincy, Ill. Max Wirth.

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Spring Overcoats Might Prevent It!

We can show you a large assortment in Spring Overcoats at $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.

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We keep a first class tailor to make any alterations necessary.

C. W. ERICSON

Reliable Clothier and Furnisher, 219 W. Superior Street.

FUNERAL

Of Congressman Cummings Held In Hall of Representatives.

Washington, May 5.—In pursuance of the resolution adopted by the house Saturday, public memorial services were held over the remains of the late Congressman Amos J. Cummings of New York, in the hall of representatives yesterday afternoon. Only twice before in recent years has such an unusual honor been accorded to a deceased representative, those occasions being the state funerals of Representative William D. Kelly of Pennsylvania and Representative Nelson Dingley of Maine. The exercises were very impressive. Almost the entire membership of the house and senate was present and the galleries were entirely inadequate to hold the thousands who went to the capitol seeking admission. Delegations from the department of New York G. A. R., Typographical union No. 6, the New York Pilots' association and various letter carriers' associations were in attendance. The floral tributes were numerous and of the most exquisite character. The casket was brought into the hall by the capitol police, escorted by the committee appointed by the two houses of congress, acting as honorary pallbearers, and placed on a bier below the speaker's rostrum. Upon the casket rested large wreaths of white carnations and purple orchids. On either side were immense floral wreaths of roses and carnations from the members of the house and the members of the New York delegation, and immediately in front was an anchor of violets from the members of the house naval affairs committee. There also were floral tributes from Columbia typographical union of Washington, the New York Letter Carriers' association, G. A. R. posts and other organizations. At the request of William Cullen Bryant, the president of the New York Press club, Secretary Cortelyou attended the services as a representative of the club, occupying a seat on the floor beside Speaker Henderson.

The program of the exercises was as follows: Hymn, "Lead Kindly Light;" prayer, Rev. Dr. Coudon, chaplain of the house; hymn, "Peace, Perfect Peace;" address, Rev. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe, pastor of the New York Avenue Presbyterian church; address, Rev. J. G. Stafford, of St. Patrick's Roman Catholic church; hymn, "Nearer, My God to Thee;" benediction, Rev. C. H. Milburn, chaplain of the senate.

The remains of Mr. Cummings, accompanied by the committees of the two houses, were taken to New York last night.

BARS RED HAIR.

New Yorker Refused to Marry Wisconsin Girl.

Binghamton, N. Y., May 5.—Because her hair was red, Miss Mary Trowbridge, of Racine, Wis., was deserted at the altar here by Robert Austin, a wealthy young farmer of Sherburne, N. Y., who had arranged to marry her.

Miss Trowbridge made the acquaintance of Austin through an advertisement and the efforts of a matrimonial bureau. The photographs exchanged proved satisfactory and he arranged for her to come to this city and be married.

At the depot he spent the greater part of the day waiting the arrival of the train and confided to several railroad men that his bride was coming and a minister was waiting in a hotel across the street to marry them. At the Arlington hotel arrangements had been made for the nuptial ceremonies.

When the eastbound train on the Lackawanna rolled into the station, Miss Trowbridge was among the passengers who alighted. He greeted her effusively, then looked at her hair, which was a bright red.

Suddenly he said: "I cannot marry a red-headed woman,' and turned away.

She followed demanding further explanation, but he gave none. Then she asked for a return ticket, saying she had not enough money to pay her fare back and was alone and friendless in a strange city, but he paid no attention to her claims and left for Sherburne at 3:30 o'clock.

Bystanders who knew the circumstances took up a collection to defray the woman's immediate expenses until other arrangements could be made.

COUPLE

Indicted For the Murder of the Woman's Husband.

Paducah, Ky., May 5.—Mrs. Hattie James and Frank Cochran have been indicted by the Calloway county grand jury, at Murray, Ky., on the charge of murdering Sonnie James, the woman's husband, several years ago. They are now residing in Tecumseh, Oklahoma. The alleged murder was committed in Calloway county. Sheriff Holland has gone after them.

Cochran is employed by James, who was a farmer. They went to a thicket to shoot crows. Cochran came back, stating that while they were moving along with James in front he (Cochran) accidentally stumbled, and in falling unfortunately allowed his finger to pull the trigger of the cocked gun, killing James.

The coroner decided that death was due to accident. Mrs. James continued to live at the old home place, while Cochran stayed with his parents upon the adjoining farm, but it was stated that he would leave his work in the field and go across to the woman's house and there spend several hours each day in her company.

A few weeks ago Mrs. James decided to move to the Indian Territory to live, and disposed of her big farm and other property accordingly, taking her children with her. About the same time Cochran disappeared and went West also. This aroused the suspicions of the officials, who immediately had the matter taken up by the grand jury, now in session, with the result that the now in session, with the result that the body returned indictments against both Mrs. James and Cochran, charging them with murdering the husband.

It is said that Cochran has been informed of the grand jury's action and skipped.

"Five years ago dyspepsia took such hold of me I could scarcely go," writes George S. Marsh, Nocona, Tex. "I took quantities of remedies but nothing helped me. As a drowning man grabs at a straw I grabbed at Kodol. Dieting is unnecessary. After a few bottles I am sound and well." Kodol digests any good food and cures any form of stomach trouble. Max Wirth.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS. FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
MONDAY, MAY 5th,
First performance in Duluth of Augustus Thomas' Peerless Play
ARIZONA
New York production intact.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.50, Parquette $1.00, Family Circle 75c, Balcony 50c.
Coming, York State Folks, May 6-7

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Two Nights Commencing.
TUESDAY, MAY 6th
The best of all rural plays
York State Folks
With the original cast and scenery.
Note—This is the No. 1 company—C. A. Marshall.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle 75c, Parquette 50c, Family Circle and Balcony 25c.

10 East Superior St. **SELLING OUT** 10 East Superior St.

Carpets, Rugs,

Linoleum, Mattings, Lace Curtains, Drapery Furniture.

We have moved the entire stocks known as the Carpet and Drapery department from The New Store and will close out everything at less than what the goods cost. We must have money, and do not intend that you shall leave this store without buying—the goods must go at some price. Merchants, hotel buyers, in fact any one who can use full rolls of carpets or large quantities of any goods will find this an opportunity to buy furnishings at less than factory or wholesale prices. Please bring the measure of your rooms for Carpets, Linoleums or Window Shades. You will see the necessity of making an early selection while the stock is complete. This is our loss and your chance to buy Carpets, Curtains and Furniture at almost your own price. As it is less than two years since we started in The New Store there is no old stock, and the new spring stock, which was purchased before we decided to leave The New Store, has just arrived.

Closing Out Sale Commences Wednesday, May 7th.

A. JEFFERY & CO.,

10 East Superior Street.

4 Doors East of Lake Avenue.

GALLANT ASSAULT

Was Made By Baldwin's Men at Moro Forts.

Hand to Hand Struggle Was Made In Ditches.

Sultans and Their Survivors Have Surrendered Unconditionally.

Washington, May 5.—The war department yesterday received a cablegram from Gen. Chaffee indicating that the campaign against Sultan Bayan, one of the principal Moro chiefs, had been completely successful. The result was accomplished by a gallant assault on the principal Moro fort and its capture after a number of the leading Moros had been killed. The cablegram was as follows:

"Adjutant General, Washington: The following is the full substance of Brig. Gen. Davis' message from Bayan: Eighty-four survivors Bayan surrendered unconditionally this morning at 7. Sultan Bayan, Raja Muda Bayan, Sultan Pandapatan and all leading dattos dead and many of their followers. Assault on the principal fort, which surrendered last night, one of the most gallant performances of American arms. Col. Frank D. Baldwin and his regiment deserve all praise for hand to hand struggle in four lines of ditches under walls of fort. These trenches are lined with Moro dead from rifle fire. Have never seen or heard of any performance excelling this gallantry and grit. It is my painful duty to report that the overthrow of Moro power not accomplished without severe loss. One officer and seven enlisted men killed; four officers and thirty-seven enlisted men wounded. Will telegraph later.

After eighty-four survivors marched out this morning as prisoners, and was understood that they were all, others who had concealed themselves in rubbish inside the fort made a break for liberty, tried to cut their way out, but none succeeded. Some Moro wounded tried to stab soldiers trying to help them. It is impossible to state the number of Moros killed; many lying in tall grass. The surrender saves us from siege and starving out. Impossible to have carried works without scaling ladders, which were ready. Intend to retain prisoners until two or three small adjacent forts occupied, then, with your consent, to retain as hostages eight or ten of the principals and release the others. The force in line of advance consisted of four mountain guns, 470 rifles. This fully efficient. Could not have used more men advantageously. Had we sent strong column it would only have swelled the casualty list. One neighboring datto has already presented himself as friend, and I expect a general coming in shortly when the weight of the blow is known. The dead sent to Malabang for burial. In light of present knowledge could have besieged the principal forts and in time forced surrender, but that would probably have resulted in a sortie for freedom and escape for many. By attacking them they have been completley crushed—the only kind of lesson these wild Moros seem to be able to profit by. Shall invite Sultan Tarlac to pay me friendly visit, if he does not do so of his initiative. Has fort further east in plain sight and of same strength as was Bayan, on beautiful tableland, thousand acres fine upland rice, and urging people to return to its cultivation. * * * The result to follow this action very important, namely: It secures respect for United States authority in the center of Moro savagery. CHAFFEE."

Burns, cuts and other wounds often become troublesome sores. Even where delay has aggravated such injuries DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Max Wirth.

HEAD END

Collision on the B. & O. Causes Death and Destruction.

Connellsville, Pa., May 5.—Two were killed and thirty-five injured, two probably fatally, in a bad head-on collision between an emigrant train and a fast freight near Rockwood, on the Connellsville division of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad yesterday. The two trains dashed towards each other on a straight stretch of track and this fact alone averted what would have probably been the worst wreck in the history of the road. The dead are:

A. D. M. VENAURRE.

NICOLL SAKIEL, two Italian emigrants.

The fatally injured are: B. F. Smallwood, newsboy on the emigrant train; married and lives at Cumberland. Dominico Pedazhol, Italian. W. H. Hensel, a brakeman of this place, has badly sprained legs from a headlong jump down over the bank into the Casselan river. Forty-five Italian emigrants, the majority of them men, were injured, but none seriously.

The emigrant train was late out of Cumberland and had been given time at the telegraph office along the line. It was hauling ten coaches of Italian emigrants. The fast freight east-bound was hauling twenty-two loads of merchandise. When the crash came the baggage car and the three coaches next were almost demolished. Almost every occupant was cut and bruised by the shower of broken glass, and a number were pinioned beneath the wreckage. Fire started several times, but was extinguished before any damage was done. Both engines, four coaches of the passenger train and three cars of the freight were destroyed.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 100 boxes contain 40 Pills, 50 boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.

433 West Superior St. • Duluth, Minn.

ENORMOUS

Number of Immigrants Are Coming to This Country.

New York, May 5.—The rush of immigrants to this port which has signalized the first four months of the year reached a climax the week ending last night, during which time 25,129 immigrants have been brought to this city from the various European ports.

The total number of immigrants arriving here for the four months ending April 30 was 178,694, an excess of more than 30,000 over previous year for the same period. By months the record this year is:

January, 18,243 immigrants: February, 29,519; March, 97,175; April, 73,667.

When it is mentioned that the total number landing here last year was 428,868, it will be seen that 1902 has started out as a record breaker. No less than 12,340 immigrants were landed at Ellis island Saturday and Sunday, and in addition to this, 100 were left aboard the steamer Tartar Prince to be landed today.

In all the history of handling immigrants through the barge office landing the police never had as much trouble to restrain the crowds which flocked to the battery to see the people come over from Ellis island yesterday. Added to the hundreds who had friends or relatives whom they came down to meet, there were several thousand idlers, who, attracted by the sight of the immigrants coming off the boat, crowded upon the sidewalk in front of the barge office and simply refused to move on until driven back by sheer force.

Among the passengers on the French liner Bretagne was Capt. Sicilliano, of the Italian army, who comes here, commissioned by his government, to investigate and report on the emigration from his country to America. He says that the enormous exodus from certain districts of Italy threatens to depopulate those sections, and his mission is to learn the cause of the unusually large emigration and devise means to curtail it.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Herman E. Benedict, who committed suicide in a Chicago hotel, was a son of Henry E. Benedict, formerly a wholesale clothier of Milwaukee, but who is now a resident of Orlando, Fla. It is known that Young Benedict had been in poor health for some time and it is thought this fact alone caused him to end his life.

A skiff containing four grown people and a child was overturned in the river at West Norton, Pa., Sunday, and two were drowned. The dead are: Mrs. Fred Landsparger and her son, aged 4 years.

Two prisoners at Fort Sheridan made a successful attempt to escape Sunday. In a clump of bushes through which they were passing in the south end of the reservation, they sprang upon the sentry who was guarding them and disarmed him. Then they tied his hands, put a gag in his mouth, and at the point of his gun, marched him almost to Highland Park, and there turned him loose, while they fled.

It is said that Alan-a-Dale, who won the Kentucky Derby Saturday, may never race again. The exact seat of his lameness has not been located, but the animal is in considerable pain. Thomas McDowell, owner of Alan-a-Dale says the horse will not start again at the Louisville meeting.

While a party of seven men were crossing the Black river at Neillsville, Wis., Sunday in a trolley ferry, the boat capsized and all were thrown into the water. B. E. Leuthe, a commission merchant, was drowned, but the others were rescued. Mr. Leuthe was prominent in state militia affairs.

A Good Prescription Druggist

who fills your physician's prescription with skill and care, and from nothing but pure drugs is the one to go to. We pay the most particular attention to this important branch of our business, employ none but expert registered druggists, and can absolutely guarantee satisfactory and prompt service. Our prices are as low as the lowest.

MAX WIRTH,

Prescription Druggist,

13 West Superior Street.

BIG STRIKE

Likely to Occur Among the Anthracite Coal Miners.

Hazelton, Pa., May 5.—The impression prevails among the miners of the Hazelton district that there will be a general strike as a result of the failure of the operators and the representatives of the United Mine Workers to come to an agreement. If the district executive boards decide on Wednesday at Scranton to order a suspension of work, the members of the union hereabouts will, it is believed, obey the order to a man. It is conservatively estimated that three-fourths of the employes in and about the mines in this region are organized, and if a strike is declared, operations will be brought to a standstill at every colliery. Many of the mines were idle during the greater part of the winter on account of the floods and it is claimed that the men are not financially able to stand a long suspension. The miners, however, declare that they can live cheaply in the summer, and that the coal companies, with only a small supply of anthracite on hand, will be less able to endure a strike than their employes.

Commercial business in this section has been almost at a standstill for the last six weeks on account of the fear of a strike.

District President Duffy and the miners from here who accompanied him to New York, have not returned home. While none of the operators make a statement, they appear to be preparing for a long strike.

CABLE FLASHES.

The cholera has not abated. The main water supply for the use of the white inhabitants of the city of Manilla is not affected. There have been in Manila 754 cases and 603 deaths from the disease, while the provinces report 2153 cases and 1583 deaths.

Another priest is reported missing, from the Chen Ting Fu, province of Chi Li. The uprising there embraces a radius of fifty miles. There are eight regiments of cavalry in the district. There are three American missionaries at Taming Fu, which borders on the district in revolt. The Americans are believed to be sufficiently protected.

Two hundred and fifty fishermen are reported to have been drowned in a gale which has made havoc of the herron fishing fleet on the west coast of Japan. The Japanese cruiser Musasha was driven ashore, but her crew were saved.

The king will receive George W. Meyer, the United States ambassador at Rome. Mr. Meyer will convey the thanks of the United States to his majesty for his clemency in liberating the officers of the United States Chicago, who were recently arrested and imprisoned at Venice.

STARVED TO DEATH

Farmer Wilson Claims That Heaven Ordered the Long Fast.

His Children Dead and His Wife May Next Succumb.

Religious Mania Seized a Man Who Had Been Profane.

Wichita, Kas., May 5.—Farmer James Wilson, of Barber county, starved his family to death while in a state of religious frenzy. The family, consisting of the wife and three small children, were found in his house, seven miles south of Medicine Lodge. The wife has not yet succumbed to the starvation, although all the children are dead. Farmer Wilson has not been arrested.

The South Free Methodists have been holding revival services in that section for the last month. Wilson quit working in his field to attend them, and finally became converted.

Prior to that time he had been decidedly profane and wicked. He was in the habit of whipping his children and horses into insensibility. The neighbors have had him arrested in times past for killing live stock. About two weeks ago he claimed to have received messages from heaven commanding him and his family to fast for sixty days in order to cleanse himself of past sins.

Just why he should have included his family in the fasting he refuses to explain, but he accordingly locked them indoors, and only himself did he allow to take fresh air.

The wife was sick anyway, and the children, all under 10 years of age, were in poor health. He admits that his wife told him they were all starving and he might be sentenced for murder, but he says God had ordered the fast not to be broken for any cause whatever. He went to Medicine Lodge and engaged an undertaker to care for the bodies of his children and sent a doctor to his wife. He is still fasting, and claims he will not eat one bite until he receives word from above to eat. He is regarded by his neighbors as insane over religion.

FIERCE FIGHT

Ends In Death of Chicago Doctor at Los Angeles.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 5.—In a fierce battle with detectives late yesterday Dr. E. W. Aldrich, of Chicago, was killed and City Detective Hawley seriously wounded. The fight occurred at the offices of Dr. Aldrich in the Hotel Savoy. Capt. of Detectives Bradish, City Detective Hawley and a reporter went to Aldrich's office to serve requisition papers which the governor had granted on the request of the governor of Illinois for the return of Aldrich to Chicago, where he was wanted to answer charges of perjury and bigamy. When the officers entered the room Detective Hawley immediately began reading the document. Aldrich stood in the doorway of his private office. As soon as he realized the purpose of the paper, he turned and seized a pistol on his desk, but before he could level it at the officers he was seized by Bradish and Hawley. In the scuffle Aldrich placed the revolver to Hawley's back and fired. The bullet entered below the shoulder blade and imbedded itself in the muscles. Shaking off the officers, Aldrich rushed into his private office, locked the door, seized a rifle and began firing through the glass door. One of the bullets barely missed the reporter and others embedded themselves in the door. Bradish fired through the door, the bullet striking Aldrich's two inches below the navel, perforating the bowels. Seeing that he was cornered, Aldrich placed the muzzle of the rifle to his nostrils and pulled the trigger. The ball entered the brain and he died instantly.

CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Cloquet Village Improvement society was organized last week at a meeting attended by about fifty persons in the village hall. About half the number in attendance were ladies. After the election of officers a committee was appointed to present a petition to the council, looking to the restraining of cows from wandering on the streets of the village. This will be done at the next meeting of the council. Considerable opposition, however, is expected from a large number of people who own cows.

A german was given in Opera hall Friday evening by Messrs. Weyerhauser and McNair, to which a limited number of friends were invited. An enjoyable time is reported.

Rev. W. Heard returned from Minneapolis Saturday evening.

Mrs. J. B. Thompson and Mrs. William Hall, of Carlton, were visitors in Cloquet Friday.

Albert Cox has sustained a somewhat serious injury to his foot. He stepped from a high shelf into some glazed sash, breaking several panes and cutting his foot so badly that he has been laid up for some days.

There is considerable kicking about the enforcement of the bicycle ordinance, but the order goes nevertheless. Pedestrians are to have right of way on the sidewalks. Names are to be placed on the streets and avenues.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, Minn., May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Attorney Martin Hughes, who has been at the point of death with pneumonia, is recovering and is now considered out of danger. His brother, Rev. Thomas Hughes, of Madison, Wis., who was here for a week has returned home.

Mrs. Gust F. Wellner is reported out of danger.

Lester G. Sicard visited the Twin Cities last week.

Capt. William Monroe, of West Superior, is here again looking after his explorations for iron ore on section 13, 57-20.

Andrew Peterson, a woodsman 45 years old, died in the jail last Monday from pneumonia. He had no relatives in this country.

The new Stanley dynamo has arrived and is being installed at the village water and light plant. It is a 3000 lighter.

Facial skin wrinkles and ages, lacking proper nourishment. Satin-Skin Cream is tissue-building skin food. 25c.

Excursions to Western Canada

On May the 6th I will leave Duluth for Western Canada with a large party of settlers All those wishing to locate on 160 acres of the choicest free government lands had better join me on this cheap excursion. I will have a through tourist car from Duluth. Join this excursion and I will personally show you the country.

J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent,
530 Manhattan Building.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry, or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. **$1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists.** DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insanity, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhoea and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.,** P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

BASEBALL.

Saturday Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—Chicago, 6; Cincinnati, 1.
At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 9; St. Louis, 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 3.
At Detroit—Detroit, 6; Cleveland, 3.
At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 9; Washington, 3.
At Boston—Boston, 10; Baltimore, 1.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Toledo—Milwaukee, 2; Toledo, 1.
At Columbus—Columbus, 7; Kansas City, 0.
At Indianapolis—St. Paul, 9; Indianapolis, 6.

Sunday's Games.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 2; Pittsburg, 11.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Toledo—Toledo, 15; Milwaukee, 7.
At Louisville—Louisville, 10; Minneapolis, 9.
At Marion, Ind.—Indianapolis, 1; St. Paul, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Detroit, 1; Cleveland, 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis-Chicago game postponed; rain.
At Columbus—Columbus, 10; Kansas City, 0.

WESTERN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 10; Omaha, 9.
At Peoria—Peoria, 4; Des Moines, 3.
At Kansas City—Denver, 5; Kansas City, 6.
At St. Joseph—St. Joseph, 2; Colorado Springs, 1.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

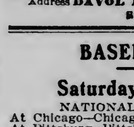
	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Pittsburg	14	12	2	.857
New York	14	9	5	.645
Chicago	11	7	4	.627
Boston	13	7	6	.538
Philadelphia	13	6	7	.462
Cincinnati	13	5	8	.415
Brooklyn	14	5	9	.357
St. Louis	13	3	10	.286

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Detroit	9	6	3	.667
St. Louis	9	6	3	.667
Boston	10	6	4	.600
Chicago	9	4	5	.556
Washington	10	5	5	.500
Baltimore	9	4	5	.445
Philadelphia	9	4	5	.445
Cleveland	12	4	8	.334

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Louisville	10	7	3	.700
Kansas City	10	7	3	.700
Columbus	10	5	5	.500
St. Paul	9	6	3	.667
Milwaukee	9	5	4	.556
Indianapolis	9	5	4	.556
Toledo	9	5	4	.556
Minneapolis	10	2	8	.200



We will send the marvelous French Remedy **CALTHOS** FREE by mail, (no C. O. D. or Prescription Scheme) and a legally executed guarantee that CALTHOS will **STOP** Discharges and Emissions, **CURE** Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and **RESTORE** Lost Vigor.

Use it and pay if satisfied.

Address VON MOHL CO., 315 B, Sole American Agents, CINCINNATI, O.

This Trade Mark is found on **Men's best clothing** KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO., CHICAGO.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 325 West Superior st., Duluth.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH **PENNYROYAL PILLS**

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co. Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Duluth Brass Works, Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. DR. PEAL'S **PENNYROYAL PILLS,** Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box. **MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth**

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Maria Dewey, applicant to have registered the land described as follows: Lots one (1) and two (2), in Block "C," London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in which county said land is situate,

Plaintiff.

Versus

M. L. Kimball, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, llen or interest in the real estate described in the application herein.

Defendants.

The state of Minnesota to the abovenamed defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said country, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 19th day of April, A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON, Clerk.
By H. C. WEDMARK, Deputy.

CORYATE S. WILSON AND DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS, Attorneys for Applicant Plaintiff, 400-406 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn.

(Seal District Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald, April-21-28-May-5-1902.

NOTICE OF MORTGAGE SALE—Whereas, default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage which was duly executed and delivered by Charles J. Frederickson and Clara M. Frederickson, his wife, J. F. (or John F.) Fredin and Anna Fredin, his wife, and C. W. Wilson and Augusta Wilson, his wife, mortgagors, to Frank L. Murray, mortgagee, bearing date April fifth (5th), 1894, and which was duly recorded in the register of deeds' office for St. Louis County, Minnesota, on April tenth (10th), 1894, at 1:30 o'clock p. m., in book eighty (80) of mortgages, on page four hundred eighty-four (484); such default consisting in the non-payment of the principal sum thereby secured, with interest thereon from April 5th, 1894, and also in the non-payment of taxes upon the premises described in said mortgage for the year 1894 and subsequent years, which said mortgagors had covenanted to pay in said mortgage, but which became delinquent, and which said mortgagee was compelled to pay, and did pay, as follows: On April 28th, 1899, the sum of $21.96; on May 31st, 1899, the sum of $8.78; on May 31st, 1900, the sum of $7.78, and on May 31st, 1901, the sum of $8.25; no part of which principal, taxes, or interest thereon has ever been paid.

And whereas, there is therefore claimed to be due, and there is actually due, at the date of this notice, upon said mortgage debt, the sum of two thousand seventy-nine and 10-100 ($2079.10) dollars, principal, taxes paid and interest.

And whereas, said mortgage contains a power of sale in due form which has become operative by reason of the defaults above mentioned; and no action or proceeding, at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described therein, situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot numbered forty-nine (49), in block fifty-seven (57), in Duluth Proper, Third division, according to the recorded plat thereof; also lots numbered seven (7) and eight (8), in block six (6), in Martin's Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, in the register of deed's office for St. Louis County, Minnesota; which premises will be sold by the sheriff of St. Louis County Minnesota, at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 11th day of June, A. D. 1902, at ten (10) o'clock a. m., at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt, interest, and said taxes and interest thereon, and seventy-five dollars attorney's fees, stipulated for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale as provided by law.

Dated, March 29th, 1902.

FRANK L. MURRAY, Mortgagee.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN, Attorney for Mortgagee.

Duluth Evening Herald—April-28—May-5-12-19-26—June-2—1902.

WHEAT IS WEAKER

Market Starts Lower and Dragged Throughout the Morning.

Bearish Influences Are Lower Cables and Rains In Kansas.

Trading Lively In the Fall Futures In Flax.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 5.—The wheat market started out with lower prices this morning and after a slight rally declined further and ruled weak throughout the morning. The news was bearish, rains being reported in Kansas and other sections where the wheat crop was suffering because of lack of moisture and the cables being lower. The world's shipments showed an increase, being 8,168,000 bus, against 8,060,000 bus last year, and breadstuffs on passage increased 120,000 bus.

The Liverpool market fell off ¾c. Primary receipts of wheat were 333,000 bus, last year 576,000 bus. Shipments were 318,000 bus, last year 639,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour were 580,000 bus. The visible supply of wheat decreased 2,121,000 bus, and aggregates 32,228,000 bus, against 16,068,000 bus a year ago.

Corn and oats in the Chicago market were weak, the former declining ⅝@¾c and the latter ½@⅝. Primary receipts were 481,000 bus last year 695,000 bus. Shipments 321,000 bus, last year 681,000 bus. Clearances were 193,000 bus. The visible supply decreased 825,000 bus, and is now 6,735,000 bus, against 18,095,000 bus a year ago.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 324 cars, and at Chicago, 21, a total of 345 cars, against 253 last week and 418 last year.

Trading in wheat was fairly lively on the Duluth board and the market was weak. It opened 1c off at 76c, sold at 76¾-1c at 9:40 dropped to 76c within a few minutes, and then rallied to 76¾c, at 10:15, a slump to 75½c at 10:57 followed. It steadied to 75¾c at 11:07, sold again at 75½c at 11:18, and advanced to 76c at 11:46. From that it fell back to 75¾c at 12:35 and closed at that price, a decline of ¾c. Chicago declined 1¾c and Minneapolis ⅞c.

Cash sales were 5000 bus at July price for No. 1 northern, 2c under for No. 2 and 4c under for No. 3.

There was lively trading in flax in the fall futures and they were rather erratic. The first sale of September was 1c off from Saturday's close at $1.41, and it fell then to $1.32 and rallied to $1.44 and closed there, a decline of 1c. October sold down to $1.38, rallied to $1.40 and closed at $1.38¾, a decline of 1¾c. Cash flax was off 1½c. Cash oats fell 1¼c and the September option 1c. Rye declined 1½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, cash, No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; No. 2 northern, 75¾c; No. 3 spring, 71¾c; No. 1 durum, hard, 2 spring, 71¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; May, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 75¾c; September, 73½c, Manitoba; July, 75¾c; September, 73½c; May, 74¾c; No. 1 northern, cash, 74¾c; May, 74¾c; No. 2 northern, 72¾c. Oats, 42¾c; September, 28¾c. Rye, 54c. Flax, cash, $1.45; to arrive, $1.45; May, $1.45; September, $1.40; October, $1.38¾. Corn, 61½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 13; last year, 14; oats, 1; rye, 1; flax, 2. Receipts—Wheat, 16,169 bus; oats, 3762 bus; flax, 6130 bus. Shipments—47,986 bus; oats, 538 bus; barley, 10,137 bus; flax, 60,715 bus.

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THE CHICAGO MARKET.

General Rains Brought Early Weakness In Wheat.

Chicago, May 5.—Rains in Kansas and other sections of the suffering wheat belt brought an early weakness in grains today. July wheat opened ½@⅝c to ¾@⅞c lower, at 75¾c to 75¼c. Cables also were lower and there was a general inclination to sell. September options broke 1c. The Ohio state crop report indicated a condition of 91 on May. At the decline in prices there was some good buying, and values recovered somewhat. July sold back to 75⅝c, but eased again to 75⅜c. Local receipts were 21 cars, 2 of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 284 cars, making a total for the three points of 315 cars, against 253 last week, and 418 a year ago. The world's shipments were 8,068,000 bus, compared to 8,060,000 bus last year. On passage breadstuffs increased 120,000 bus.

Continued bearish reports from Kansas, indicating a possible wheat yield of 50,000,000 bus as against 25,000,000 bus recently estimated, started a lot of short selling in the wheat pit. July weakened to 74¾@75c and closed weak, 1¾c lower at 74¾@75c.

Wheat weakness and bear sentiment in corn depressed July corn to 90¾c. There was liberal covering of short accounts that brought prices to 91c again but the close was weak, ⅝@¾c lower at 90¾@⅞c.

There was little support in corn to withstand the bearish influences of the rains and the break in wheat. July corn opened ¾c to ⅞c lower, at 91¼c to 90¾c. Cables were only slightly lower and trade was light. Sentiment seemed generally to favor the selling side. Commission men were talking of a "deal" of some sort being on in the corn pit, but traders paid little attention to it and the market ruled quiet. July rallied to 91¼c, and later eased and steadied at 91c. Receipts, 170 cars.

Liberal receipts and the depression in other grains brought an easier feeling in oats. The general rains southwest materially helped the growing oats. Trade was dull. July opened ¼c down, at 30c, and sold at 30@30¼c. Receipts, 272 cars.

Provisions appeared to be manipulated again today. The hog situation sustained prices, but there was a selling sentiment broadcast as a result of continued gossip concerning the government's fight against the beef trust. Packers and brokers supported when there was an inclination to sell products and prices hung rather steady with a dull trade. July pork opened a shade lower to a shade higher, at $17.10 to $17.12½, sold to $17.17½ and receded again to $17.10. July lard started unchanged at $10.20, and sold to $10.22½, and July ribs a shade lower at $9.55, and gained 5c.

Close, wheat, May, 73¾c; July, 74¾@75c; September, 74¼c; December, 75½c. Corn, May, 89¾c; July, 90¾@⅞c; September, 86⅝c; December, 46¾c. May (1903), 47c. Oats, May, 41⅝c; July, 34@34¼c; new, 33⅝c; September, 29@29¼c; new, 30½c; December, 29@29¼c; new, 31c. Pork, May, $16.95; July, $17.10; September, $17.15; January, $17.20. Lard, May, $10.15; July, $10.17½; September, $10.27½; October, $10.37½. Ribs, May, $9.50@9.52½; July, $9.52½@9.55; September, $8.90. Flax, cash, 1¼c; Northwestern, $1.43; May, $1.67; September, $1.42; October, $1.38@1.40. Rye, May, 55c; July, 55½c. Barley, cash, 60@67c. Timothy, September, $5.00. Clover, cash, $8.35. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 83@84c; No. 3 red, 190@81c; No. 2 hard winter, 75@76c; No. 3 hard winter, 73@76c; No. 2 northern spring, 76@77c; No. 3 spring, 70@71c. Corn, No. 3, 50½@53c. Oats, No. 2, 41¾@42¼c; No. 3, 41½c.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, May 3:	Bus.
Wheat	292,535
No. 1 hard	3,827,500
No. 1 northern	3,729,077
No. 2 northern	145,276
No. 3 spring	209,193
No grade	21,249
Rejected	2,559,849
Special bin	
Total	10,717,788
Decrease during week	332,927
Course grain stocks:	
Corn	43,141
Oats	125,42
Decrease	1,611
Rye	276,422
Barley—No.	9,356
Decrease	10,000
Flax	1,000
Decrease	991,524
Decrease	40,044

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76⅞	74⅞A	74½-⅝	80⅝
High	76⅝B	74⅞	74½-⅝	80⅞
Low	75⅝B	74⅜	73⅝	80¼-⅜
Close	75⅝B	74½	73⅝	80¾
July—				
Open	76⅜	75⅝-½	75¼-½	80⅞
High	76¼	75⅞	75⅝	81⅛
Low	75½	74⅝-¾	74⅜	80⅝-½
Close	75⅝B	74⅞-75	74⅞-75	80⅝

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	34½	91¼@90¾	$17.10@17.12
High	34½	91¼	17.12@17.15
Low	34	90½-⅝	17.10
Close	34⅛	90¾-⅞A	17.10A

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 5.—Close, wheat, May, 80¾c; July, 80⅝c. Corn, May, 66c; July, 65¾c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 5.—Close, wheat, May, 74½c; July, 74¾@75c. On track—No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 northern, 75¼@½c; No. 2 northern, 74c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 5.—Wheat, spot No. 1 northern spring steady, 6s 5d; No. 1 California, quiet, 6s 5¼d. Future quiet. May, 6s 1½d; July, 6s 1¾d; September, 6s 3d. Corn spot steady. American mixed new, 5s 8d; American mixed old, 5s 9d. Futures, quiet, July, 5s 1¾d; October, 5s 1½d. The imports of wheat into Liverpool last week were 84,500 quarters from Atlantic ports, 7000 from Pacific and 28,000 from other ports. The imports of corn from Aalantic ports last week were 15,000 quarters.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 74½-⅝c.
Calls, May wheat, 75½c.
Curb, May wheat, 75c asked.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Broad of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, May 5.—Breaking of drouth in Kansas caused free liquidation by longs and a weak wheat market. Bears were also encouraged to put out short lines. Trade was large all day and close was within a fraction of the lowest point of the day. July 74c, and September 1¾ lower than Saturday night. Foreign markets were generally lower in sympathy with our weakness. Liverpool closed ¾d lower for the day. There was a good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, also for export and a fair business reported. The seaboard reported a good business done there for export on the break. Weather conditions in the Northwest has improved. Rains were general throughout Kansas and Nebraska and predictions are for more rain. Weather abroad was reported unfavorable, but not sufficent to do any harm. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 50 cars.

The corn market ruled weak and heavy all day, owing to favorable weather and in sympathy with the weakness in wheat, but shortly before the end of the session, rallied on shorts covering, and closed quiet, July 89c and September 1c lower than Saturday night. Country offerings were somewhat larger, cash demand rather quiet. Foreign markets were weak, Liverpool closed ⅝d to ½d lower for the day. The market has had a good break and we think a reaction is about due. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 200 cars.

There was no special feature to oats today. The market ruled weaker in sympathy with wheat and closed, May 8c and July and September ½c lower than Saturday night. Rains throughout Nebraska have improved crop prospects. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand was fairly good. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 285 cars.

Provisions opened firm under support by representative brokers although we had good receipts and only steady hog market. Prices were advanced until they brought out a heavy line of ribs and considerable sell from commission houses. This frightened local scalping bulls and the closing was decidedly weak. The market is entirely in the hands of packers and outside trade is pretty dead. At these prices and a controlled market it is foolish to advise buying and the short side is dangerous, but we believe will yet prove the winning side. It is not foten in a lifetime one has the opportunity to put out far futures at such extremely high prices, but there are very few who dare do it. Summer at ordinary prices is dangerous to a bull, and it may prove disastrous this year. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 17,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 5.—Cattle receipts, 10,600, including 20 Texans; slow to strong; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.30; poor to medium, $4.50@6.40; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.60; cows, $1.40@5.75; heifers, $2.00@6.00; canners, $1.50@2.40; bulls, $2.25@5.25; calves, $2.00@6.50; Texas fed steers, $5.25@6.25. Hogs receipts, today, 30,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 2854; steady to strong; mixed and butchers, $6.75@7.22½; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.30; rough heavy, $6.85@7.05; light, $6.65@6.85; bulk of sales, $6.85@7.10. Sheep receipts, 18,000; sheep steady; lambs steady; good to choice wethers, $5.50@6.20; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $5.25@6.20; native lambs, $4.75@6.60; Western lambs, $5.25@6.60. Receipts of cattle Saturday—288; hogs, 7900; sheep, 334. Shipments—Cattle, 71; hogs, 1628; sheep, none.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan and Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The weather map showed quite general rains in Kansas and Nebraska this morning, and on that the market was weak and lower. The Southwest seemed to be a larger seller of speculative holdings. The Northwest markets were steady at a comparatively small decline. These rains in the Southwest should now remove the weather as a factor so far as the winter wheat situation is concerned, and the real conditions in Kansas should be made manifest in the next few days. A moderate cash business is reported so far. The cash situation does not seem to us a weak one, with moderate receipts and large clearances, and it seems likely that the government report on May 10 will reduce its estimate of the winter wheat crop. We feel like buying wheat on the breaks.

C. E. Lewis, of Minneapolis: I don't think wheat, corn and oats will go much lower at present; we ought to have good upturn before Saturday.

Broomhall cables: The total world's shipments of breadstuffs during the past week were 8,352,000 bus. Of the above quantity the United Kingdom took 4,656,000 bus against 3,208,000 bus a year ago. Corn shipments were 3,502,000 bus, against 2,792,000 bus a year ago.

THE DAKOTAS.

Suspicious Circumstances Connected With Death of the Colemans.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Redfield—Edward Coleman died at the home of his brother Joseph in Waulk county. According to the story told by the surviving brother, death was caused by the accidental discharge of a rifle, which Edward was cleaning. He carried $10,000 life insurance, with his brother Joseph designed as the beneficiary. Frank Coleman, another of the brothers, died two months ago. The authorities say they have discovered that suspicious circumstances surrounded his death. He also carried heavy insurance. An examination failed to discover any trace of poisoning. The remains of Edward Coleman are being held at Mellette pending investigation by Faulk county authorities. Joseph declares he was with his brother shortly before his death; that he left him to go to the barn, and when he returned a few minutes later his brother was dead.

Flandreau—At a meeting held here the state board of regents elected James W. Wilson, of Traer, Iowa (son of Secretary Wilson), to the position of director of the experiment station and professor of animal husbandry at the agricultural college at Brookings. He has accepted the position.

Belle Fourche—There are over a dozen new business and residence buildings in process of construction in Belle Fourche, and arrangements are being made for building as many more. The new stone jail is nearing completion. Business has been excellent this season, and the town has taken on activity that it has never shown before.

Aberdeen—The office of the collector of internal revenue for North and South Dakota, in this city, has received warrants on the United States treasury for $4575.46 in payment of part of the tobacco tax rebate due dealers under the change in the revenue law which took effect July 1 last. The remainder will be received soon.

Between Selby and the Missouri river the Milwaukee railroad track is washed out in several places. One stretch of two miles was washed out about five miles west of Selby, and near Glenham as long a piece is gone. The storm was like a cloudburst.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—William Wilson, charged with defrauding Jamestown business men, was bound over to the district court, and being unable to furnish bail, was sent to jail. Wilson admits he has not given his right name; that he had no money in any bank when he issued $600 worth of checks in Jamestown, and that he forged $15,000 worth of drafts on the Bank of Canada and left them with the Courtenay bank for collection, meanwhile issuing checks against them. He says he did all this to be revenged on the Canadian government for having sent him to jail for two years for horse stealing.

Contractor Wilson, who is building the Selfer block in this city, is having difficulty in securing workmen. There is a great scarcity of labor, skilled and unskilled, in North Dakota, and wages are very high. Difficulty is also found in securing girls for general housework and for places in hotels, notwithstanding that big wages are offered.

Fargo—President Robertson of the Red River Valley university of Wahpeton, is in the city and announces that the ne wchapel will be dedicated June 17. Bishop Joyce will deliver the address and Governor Van Sant of Minnesota will be among the distinguished visitors. The commencement exercises will be held two days later and the chief address will be delivered by Dr. J. F. Berry, of Chicago, editor of the Epworth Herald. The Methodists over the state are endeavoring to raise funds for needed improvements at the university.

At the annual meeting of the North Dakota Children's Home society Superintendent Brasted presented his resignation, which was accepted, to be effective May 20. He has held the position since the organization of the society, but advancing age and some differences with the members of the board regarding the management led to his retirement. The reports of the officers showed the home in excellent condition and that fifty-four children had been placed in comfortable homes during the past year. There are at present eighty children in the home.

HEART ON RIGHT SIDE.

New York, May 5.—Examiners for a life insurance company have found that John F. Stafford, a Brooklyn school teacher, has his heart on the right side. The doctors declared Stafford to be perfectly normal in every other respect and decided to take him as a risk.

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WEAKNESS IN STOCKS

Due to the Collapse of Several Firms of Brokers.

Prospect of a Coal Miners' Strike Had Bearish Effect.

Market Rallied Later In Day and Ruled Quite Firm.

New York, May 5.—The stock market opened weak under the influence of the financial troubles growing out of last week's collapse in some of the specialties and the prospects of a coal miners' strike. The low-priced coalers fell between 1 and 2 points and Delaware & Hudson lost 2½. Louisville & Nashville fell 1¾, but recovered to above Saturday's close and declines reached about a point or over in Brooklyn Transit, Southern Railway, People's Gas, Missouri Pacific and Atchison. A few stocks showed slight gains. Prominent examples being Pennsylvania ex-dividend, and Amalgamated Copper, but these did not affect the general tone of weakness.

The causes of the weakness in the market were disclosed with the announcement of three failures of stock exchange firms as a result of the collapse of the Webb-Meyer stocks. Sales under the rule followed for account of the failed houses of small lots of Rutland preferred, United States Steel, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, St. Paul, Chicago Great Western, Western Union, American Smelting, Wabash and some other stocks and bonds. Support was accorded after the opening, but there were some subsequent sharp drops again. The tone of the market was feverish and uncertain. Stocks which have shown recent evidence of manipulation was especially under suspicion and the latter outlook kept the coalers depressed. Rutland preferred dropped 14. Westinghouse 15, Smelt 9¾, North American 5¾, New Haven 5, Delaware & Hudson 4½ and Northwestern. Reading and Lackawanna followed with 3 points Tennessee Coal 3. Losses of 1 to 3 points were common throughout the list. Supporting orders were freely distributed and caused rallies of ½ to 1¾ points in some of the active stocks. Louisville & Nashville rose 1¾ over Saturday and Westinghouse rallied 7.

The liquidation while urgent in spots proved in such moderate volume that sentiment became reassured. The financial troubles which followed from the collapse of the Webb-Meyer stocks were seen to be largely localized and there was no reign of trouble beyond the immediate influence of those stocks. Sales recorded under the rule announced for 20,000 shares of stock, a rally of 7 in Rutland preferred, 4 in North American, 2¾ in Delaware & Hudson and a point or over in others were followed by a dull period. The coalers ran off again, Reading touching the lowest. Long Island broke 6, Air Brake 5 and Northwestern 3, but the Southwestern and grangers were quite firm on the reported plentiful rain in their territory. International Power was quoted ex-dividend of 2½ per cent at 75 bid, 80 asked, compared with 90 bid on Saturday. The bond market was dull. Some of the speculative bonds were weak.

Louisville & Nashville rallied to 1¾ over Saturday and there were practically complete recoveries in some stocks of the granger group. Southwestern local tractions, trunk lines, Southern Railway and Sugar. Rutland preferred rallied altogether 8¾, Long Island 3½. On the other hand, Lackawanna dropped 3¾, Anaconda 3¼, Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis 2¾, Pacific Mail 2½. The general tone, however, was quiet and firm. The general market followed the substantial rise in Louisville & Nashville and when that stock reached 139½ there were a dozen or more other leaders which were ruling a fraction over Saturday's close, ruling a fraction over Saturday's close, ruling a fraction over Saturday's close. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville rallied to 1¾ over Saturday. Traders then forced Reading down to 62½ and there was a 2-point rally from the recession in Louisville & Nashville. That stock rallied again and the general list was not much affected.

Northwestern rallied 4, but prices generally ran off, declines reaching 2 in Louisville & Nashville, 1¾ in C., & L. and a point in New York Central, Illinois Central, Sugar and Tennessee Coal. This seemed nothing more than profit taking by room traders and the decline was not far extended. Tennessee Coal weakened again 1¾, after a rally, but Louisville & Nashville hardened to the best and Wabash preferred got a point over Saturday. The closing was quiet and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	66¼	65⅛	65⅞
Anaconda M. Co.	112	110⅝	111¾
Atchison, T. & S. F.	79	77	78¾
do pfd	97¾	97⅜	97⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	107⅛	106	106⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	66¼	64⅜	66¼
Chesapeake & Ohio	46½	46	46⅜
Chicago & Alton	36	35½	35½
do pfd	103	100¼	102⅝
Chi. Great Western	28¼	26⅜	27⅝
Chi. Great Western, com	36⅞	35⅜	36¼
Erie, com	68¼	68	68
do 1st pfd	84¼	83	83
do 2nd pfd	53¾	53	53
Great Northern pfd	184⅞	184⅞	184⅞
Louisville & Nashville	139½	133	139
Leather	12½	12¼	12⅜
do pfd	83¾	83¼	83⅝
Manhattan Con	132⅞	130⅝	131⅜
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	57¾	56½	57
do pfd	121½	120¼	121¼
Missouri Pacific	99⅝	98⅜	99¼
New York Central	159	157	158¼
Norfolk & Western	57⅞	57	57⅞
Ontario & Western	33	32⅜	32⅝
Pennsylvania Railway	150	148¾	149
Pacific Mail	41	38½	38¾
People's Gas	103¾	102⅞	103¾
Republic Iron and Steel	18	17⅝	17⅝
do pfd	73½	73	73¼
Reading	64⅜	62⅝	62¾
do 1st pfd	83½	82½	83¼
do 2d pfd	68¾	67⅝	68⅜
Rock Island	175	173⅞	174⅞
Southern Railway	36⅞	35½	36½
do pfd	95¾	94⅝	95¾
Southern Pacific	65⅝	64½	65⅜
Smelter	44⅞	44	44¼
do pfd	95½	95	95½
Sugar Refinery	132½	130¼	132
St. Paul	170½	168¼	169¼
T. C. & I.	68¼	65½	67⅝
Texas Pacific	41⅝	40¾	41½
Union Pacific	102⅝	101⅜	102⅜
do pfd	87¾	86⅞	86⅞
U. S. Steel	43⅝	40⅞	41
do pfd	91⅜	90¾	91⅜
Wabash	26⅝	25¼	26½
do pfd	45	43⅞	45
Western Union	91⅜	91	91
Wisconsin Central	25½	24½	25⅜
do pfd	47¾	47¼	47¼
American Ice	15⅝	15¼	15¼
Metropolitan	149¾	145¾	149½

The total sales were 773,800 shares.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 5.—The cotton market opened steady with prices 2 to 8 points higher in response to firm early Liverpool cables. Then came a sensational break under enormous liquidation and fear hammering, started by reports of business troubles in Wall street. Liverpool, too, broke heavily while in New Orleans, July dropped 9 points, bringing sales from 9.32 to 9.40; still later selling off to 9.35. Locally July dropped to 8.96 from 9.24 on the opening. Wall street and commission house selling were the features of operations. All during the rest of the morning the market was excited and sensitive to selling orders from any quarter. The English market broke heavily towards the close and sent the whole list off again to 9.03 for July after that option and rallied to 9.12.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 9½c; middling gulf, 9¾c; sales, 306 bales. Cotton futures closed steady; May, 9.19; June, 9.12; July, 9.11; August, 8.94; September, 8.41; October, 8.17; November, 8.10; December and January, 8.06; February, 8.07; March 8.09.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 398 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21½	22
Arcadian	5⅞	5½
Allouez	3¼	3⅝
Atlantic	28	30
Anaconda	27½	28½
Calumet and Hecla	530	540
Centennial	17½	18
Copper Range	55¾	56
Franklin	11½	12
Isle Royale	14	14½
Bingham	35⅝	36¼
Mass	17¼	17½
Mayflower	2½	3
National	1½	2
Mohawk	34½	35½
Michigan	9½	10
Old Colony	3	3½
Old Dominion	19	62
Osceola	60¾	
Parrot	20	
Phoenix	4½	5
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2	2½
Santa Fe	2½	3
Tamarack	168	170
Tecumseh	1¼	2
Trimountain	95	100
Utah	22¼	23
Victoria	4	4½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	54	55
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Lake River	3¼	4
Trinity	12⅞	12½
Dominion Coal	136	138
U. S. M.	20½	20⅝
Calumet and Arizona	...	50

COPPER GOSSIP.

Houghton to Paine, Webber & Co.: Last week's lake shipments of copper aggregated 1150 tons. The production of Franklin, Atlantic, Baltic, Champion, Royale and Osceola mines for April will establish new high records.

* * *

Hayden to W. H. Laidley & Co.: We think the outlook for copper shares is still very discouraging. We think that they will drag for some time, but would advise taking the long side of the market on every little reaction from now on.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Another slump in money was caused today by the announcement of three small failures in New York. Uncertainty as to what the day might develop caused prices to break materially. There was very little presure to sell in either market and on the whole prices held well. There was good buying of coppers and very few selling orders were offered. The coppers act well and will probably be found to rally to as soon as the New York market steadies itself.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: Quincy mining output for April was 106½ tons; Franklin for April, 311 tons.

* * *

Butte to Paine, Weber & Co: Mines of of Anaconda, which were shut down for several days, are again working and ore is being shipped to Anaconda, though it is said that the bins are still filled and the storage capacity crowded.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 5.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $186,884,880; gold, $95,525,576; silver, $19,419,939; U. S. notes, $7,818,009; treasury notes of 1890, $1,342; national bank notes, $8,824,734; total receipts this day, $2,732,065; total receipts this month, $8,699,996; total receipts this year, $457,318,265; total expenditures this day, $2,115,520; total expenditures this month, $7,630,000; total expenditures this year, $406,324,998; deposits in national banks, $123,362,943.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 5.—Close, money on call strong at 6@20 per cent; closing offered at 6; prime mercantile paper, 4½@5¼ per cent; sterling exchange weaker with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand and $4.85½@4¾ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½@4.89; commercial bills, $4.84½@4.85½. Bar silver, 59⅝c. Mexican dollars, 45c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, irregular.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the steadiness in trade is adding encouragement to the movemin in all classes of horses. Heavy team horses and delivery horses sold freely, although at somewhat lower prices than were ruling at the opening of the week. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@225
Drafters, choice	140@165
Drafters, common to good	125@140
Farm mares, extra	120@130
Farm mares, choice	100@120
Farm mares, common to good	65@100

WAVED

His Hand to Comrades As He Left Penitentiary.

Richmond, Va., May 5.—After being confined in the tall white walls of the Virginia penitentiary for six years, eleven months and twelve days Charles Jasper Searcy, the noted train robber, at 3 o'clock Saturday morning walked out of the huge iron gates of the prison bowing to the guards and waving a last farewell to the convicts as they peeped through the bars. Searcy went from the penitentiary to Elbe Station, from which place he left for Fredericksburg, near Aquit Creek, where the train robbery for which Searcy was imprisoned was committed.

Eight years ago Searcy and Morganfield held up an express train near Aquia Creek, dynamited the safe, secured booty to the value of about $8000, which they put in a sack and made away with. Morganfield is still in the penitentiary, serving ten years to serve. No trace of the stolen money has ever been found, and it was supposed to have been buried by the train robbers in the vicinity of the hold-up.

Searcy is traveling for Fredericksburg gives rise to the impression that he has gone on a still hunt for the money. He says he has retired from employment at Newport News, and will go there after a short visit at Fredericksburg. He declined positively to talk concerning the robbery. Both he and Morganfield have always maintained a rigid silence in regard to the hold-up and the disposal of the booty.

WIFE AND MONEY GONE

But Frank Moraskey Still Has the Jug.

Fairmount, W. Va., May 5.—Frank Moraskey, who has been employed here in the Montana mines, is minus a wife. It is charged, and also $300, which he worked hard to gather together. Mrs. Moraskey conducted a boarding house.

She made a goodly purchase of mountain dew, it is said, which she brought home with her. The husband drank freely of it, and Mrs. Moraskey then preferred charges against him and he was placed in jail in a drunken condition.

Next day the woman went to the bank and drew out the deposit of $350. She then proceeded to the jail and, with tears in her eyes, begged that Moraskey give her $40 that he had with him. Still under the influence of liquor, he handed over the coin. With her husband in jail and no money to pay is way out, and with a nice little sum to start on, the woman, it is said, fled.

Mrs. Moraskey is the mother of three little children, whom she left behind.

MRS. PALMA LEAVES.

Newburg, N. Y., May.—Mrs. Estrada Palma, wife of President-elect Palma of Cuba, and her family, left their home in Central Valley for Havana today. A delegation of women of Central Valley accompanied them to New York.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Liners Taking Most of Grain Cargoes That Are Offered.

Capt. W. H. Hill of Tug Combine In the City.

New Booth Steamer America Runs Against Canal Pier.

The lake freight situation is very quiet, and vessel men do not see any immediate prospects of anything very much livelier. The grain rate is dull at 1½ cents on wheat to Buffalo. The line boats are taking all of the business at this rate, as the wild vessels are taking ore in preference to carrying grain at the existing low rates. The lumber and ore rate are both steady. The present grain rate is relatively considerably lower than the ore rate. Wheat at 1½ cents is figured as equal to ore at 60 cents per ton.

SMASHED HER NOSE.

Steamer America Crashes Into South Pier of Canal.

The new Booth line steamer America went head on into the south pier of the Duluth ship canal yesterday morning, and sustained serious injuries. Her stem was bent almost double two feet and a half back from the cut water. The water rushed through the rent thus made, filling the forward compartment instantly and putting her somewhat down by the head. The bulkhead held, however, and the steamer went to the dry dock, where she will be repaired as soon as possible.

The steamer was just going out, and in order to get around the Bradshaw, which was at the dock ahead of her, she had to back out into the bay considerably. Then she went ahead, and through mistaken signals the engines failed to back at the proper time. The swift current caught the vessel's head and swung it around, and she crashed into the pier. The injury is not very serious, though the repairs will take some little time.

CAPT. HILL HERE.

Capt. W. H. Hill, of Cleveland, assistant manager of the Great Lakes Towing company, is in the city. His visit here has nothing to do with the firemen's strike, for this port, where the trouble originated, is now the quietest on the lakes so far as the strike is concerned. He is making a regular trip of the local towing companies belonging to the tug combine.

WATER LEVELS.

J. H. Darling, assistant United States engineer, reports: The stage of Lake Superior in April, 1902, by the United States gauge at Houghton, Mich., was 0.03 foot above low water datum, and 0.37 foot lower than for the preceding month, or practically the same. The readings for the latter part of the month, however, indicated that the lake was rising a little. The report of the local forecast officer, Mr. Richardson, shows a deficiency in the rainfall for April of 1.68 inches, with refrainfall for April of 1.68 inches, with reference to the normal, for Duluth, and an accumulated deficiency in precipitation since Jan. 1 of 2.45 inches, which has a bearing on the lake level. The April stage was 0.27 foot lower than in April a year ago, but it is 0.35 foot higher than the average April stage for a period of twenty-six years.

OPPOSITION TO CLERGUE.

The final arrangements by means of which the sidewheel steamer City of the Straits will this season run between Cleveland, Sandusky, Toledo, Detroit and Sault Ste. Marie, by way of Georgian bay have been completed. With the steamer Pittsburg the City of the Straits will make an opposition line to that of the Algoma Central interests between Toledo and the Soo.

THE LITTLE RED BOOK.

Almost everybody identified with lake shipping awaits more or less anxiously the annual appearance of the "Little Red Book," the 1902 edition of which has just come from the press of the Marine Review Publishing Co., Cleveland. It is purposely made small—vest-pocket size—but it contains a list of about 2000 vessels of the great lakes, together with the names of the master, engineer and owner of each. The arrangement is such that by simply knowing the name of the vessel, one is enabled to find not only the names of the officers and manager, or owner, but also a list of the other vessels controlled by the same interest. The value of the book as a work of reference is obvious. It is extensively used by business houses that furnish supplies to the vess

CONFER AS TO PRICE

Water Board and Council Committee Holding a Conference.

Discussing Purchase of West Duluth Water Plant.

Ferry Matter to Come Before the Council Tonight.

Late this afternoon the council committee on light and water and the board of water and light commissioners began a conference in the council chamber over the proposed purchase of the West Duluth water system.

The board of water and light commissioners has agreed to support a proposition to purchase the plant for $140,000, less $15,000, which the West Duluth company now owes the city for water furnished.

Sometime ago the council committee had grave doubts as to whether the company would accept $140,000, and presented a resolution making a proposition of $145,000. This resolution, however, was never acted on.

It is estimated that the system can be duplicated for from $120,000 to $135,000. A number of people are in favor of duplication, claiming that it will cost a great deal of money to open up the present water main trenches and put in gas mains. It is claimed that the West Duluth people desire city gas even more than they do city water, for the water rate of the city and the present company is very similar, while fuel and lights in that part of the city are said to be higher.

THE FERRY SCOW.

Scheme to Charge For Days When Not Running.

The board of public works have a new and original method of keeping the Park Point ferry scow afloat.

During the coming season the board proposes that the city collect a penalty of $10 a day from the ferry contractor for every day that the scow is out of commission.

In speaking of this one of the commissioners today said that there seemed to be a disposition on the part of the ferry men to encourage the sinking of the scow, and the penalty was about the only method they could devise to make the boatmen more careful.

Bids were received for the ferry service again this morning. The tug Carrington dropped out of the race, and it is now between the Estelle at $29 a day and the Sarah Smith at $30 a day, both boats agreeing to put in the [illegible] at, price. Without the fire [illegible] Capt. Ryan agrees to put the [illegible]de in commission for $27 a day.

It is also proposed that the ferry make stops at the Fifth avenue dock during the morning and evening rush hours.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Edwin A. Hollinshed and Lillian A. Stearns.
Alfred W. Roden and Amanda Starr.
Phillip B. Danielson and Mary Ilud.

BIRTHS.

AHL—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Ahl, of 405 Sixth avenue east.

RENDALL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Peter Rendal, of 2214 West Second street.

ZEBOTT—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry R. Zebott, of 128 North Sixty-first avenue west.

JOHNSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Johnson, of 1307 Highland avenue.

BELANGER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Belanger, of 22 North Fifty-sixth avenue west.

KREUGER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Kreuger, 6211 Green street.

BUFFER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nicholas M. Buffer, of 115 North Thirty-eighth avenue west.

SHERMAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Sherman, of 3822 Magnolia street.

HAMMER—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hammer, of 326 South Fifty-seventh avenue west.

CASHIN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Theodore Cashin, of Sixtieth avenue west and Cody street.

BERGLUND—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. William Berglund, of Ramsay street and Fifty-seventh avenue west.

GRIDLEY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Ole Gridley, of 913 East Seventh street.

ISAACSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. M. Isaacson, 121 St. Croix avenue.

McDONALD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Daniel McDonald, of 129½ East Superior street.

DALIN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Dalin, of 309 Sixth avenue west.

WINBERG—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. August Winberg, of 3914 Halltax street.

FALK—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Herman Falk, of 916 Garfield avenue.

HAYS—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Hays, of 316 West Second street.

ROSENBERG—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. I. Rosenberg, of 508 West Third street.

WRIGHT—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wright, of 724 Second avenue west.

COHN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Cohn, of 528 South Lake avenue.

PRILEY—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Nichola Priley, of 129 South Lake avenue.

McCORMICK—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph McCormick, of Fifty-fourth avenue west.

ROLLINS—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. James Rollins, of 707 East Sixth street.

VAN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Van, of 2220 West Michigan street.

LAMONT—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Lamont, of 222 West Sixth street.

QUISTGARD—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Quistgard, of 106 West Fifth street.

YORK—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph P. York, of 2117 West Fifth street.

DEATHS.

SANTSTEDT—Gladys Delia Sandstedt, aged 1 years and 2 months, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Santstedt, of Arnold, Minn., died Sunday morning, May 4.

The funeral service will be at 2 o'clock, Tuesday afternoon, May 6, from the family residence at Arnold. The interment will be at Forest Hill cemetery.

ANDERSON—Ole Anderson, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Anderson of 918 East Seventh street, died May 4. Interment at Park Hill cemetery.

ROOT—Mrs. Chloe Luce Root, aged 89 years, died May 3 at the home of her daughter, Mrs. J. B. Richards, 2321 East First street. Her death was caused by acute bronchitis with which she was ill but one week. She was the widow of the late Rev. Nathaniel Root, of Tonawanda, N. Y.

The interment will take place tomorrow at Verona, Wis.

MILLEVITZ—Mrs. Rose Millevitz, aged 64 years, died suddenly May 4, at her home, 18 East First street, of cerebral apoplexy. The interment will be in the Hebrew cemetery.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

AS IT LESSENS DEFECTS, INTENSIFIES attractiveness, Satin-Skin Powder pleases all users. 25c. Flesh, white or brunet.

SMALLER.

Cars Handled In April Less Than Last Year.

The number of cars handled by the Lake Superior Car Service association during the month of April, according to Chairman James Kelly's compilation, was 15,-995. During the same month last year the total was 16,570.

On the face of the returns, while the detailed figures are not yet available by commodities, it appears that there was a great falling off in the number of cars of coal shipped and in the number of cars of wheat received. The light coal movement was due to the fact that the dock supplies of bituminous coal were exhausted before the month began, while the warm weather prevented any demand for anthracite. The light wheat receipts have caused much discussion as to whether farmers actually had much in their granaries.

But Mr. Kelly believes that the continuous increase in the number of large cars and the tendency to load them to much nearer their legitimate minimum carrying capacity really explain that much more tonnage of freight was handled by the roads here last month than in April of 1901, though the number of cars was smaller.

NO SIGN OF STRIKE.

Lumber Pilers Indicate No Intention of Going Out.

The sawmill men say there is absolutely no truth in the rumors that have been spread since yesterday morning to the effect that the lumber pilers are considering the feasibility of a strike. They claim the report was set afloat to cause trouble because the longshoremen's wage controversy has been satisfactorily adjusted. Some of the manufacturers admit that had the longshoremen gained their demand for 60 cents per hour, there would have been a possibility for a strike on the part of the lumber pilers, for more pay. As it is, the men are said to be working and no complain is being made.

RETURN TO THEIR HOMES.

Vesselmen Clear Out After Strike Is Settled.

Since the settlement of the longshoremen's strike, the vesselmen who have been in the city in the interests of the Lumber Carriers' association, have made haste to get back to their homes and to look after their vessel interests. Edward Hines has gone back to Chicago and S. J. Cusson, the Northwestern manager of the Hines company, has returned to Ashland. Messrs. Calvick and Embree, other members of the executive committee, have returned to Detroit, and Capt. Blodgett is now at his home in Bay City, Mich. It has been very quiet about the Spalding hotel lobby today, a direct contrast to conditions Friday, Saturday and Sunday, when the conferences were on, and the vesselmen and lumbermen gathered there to learn of the latest developments.

FILE THEIR ANSWER.

Defendants Respoad In Timber Trespass Case.

An answer has been filed in United States circuit court, by the defendants, in the timber trespass case of the United States against F. S. Bolin and William Woods, of Brainerd. The defendants answer that, at the time of the complaint, one Johnson had entered on the land in question, under the United States homestead laws, and lived there for six years; that he entered on the land in good faith, and that it was, and is more valuable for farming purposes than for its timber. It is alleged that the land was covered with jack pine, which was an incumbrance to it, and that Johnson had the right to dispose of the timber to the defendants, which he did in December, 1900, for $175. The answer further states that the defendants removed the timber two miles to the railroad station, and that in 1901 the land from which it was taken was worth from $4 to $6 per acre for farming purposes. L. E. Lum is the legal representative of the defendants.

REVEALS A GREAT SECRET.

It is often asked how such startling cures, that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ-infected mucus, and lets the life-giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all Throat and Lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

To Take Up Timber.

Northern Passenger Agent Kitchell returned this morning from St. Paul, where he had been to conduct a party of twenty-five Washburn business men. They are bound for Grant's Pass, Ore., to take up timber. The party is routed via the Omaha to St. Paul, the Great Northern, Oregon River & Navigation and Southern Pacific.

The Northern Pacific 7:30 p. m. passenger for the West now makes connections at Carlton for Cloquet. It arrives at Carlton at 8:40 and at Cloquet about 9 p. m.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

ON OFFICIAL BOARD.

Chicago, May 5.—Dr. W. R. Harper, president of the University of Chicago, has been appointed by President Roosevelt a member of the official board of visitors to the West Point centennial celebration. This will be held June 10 to 11. President A. A. Michelson, formerly in the United States navy, and Col. H. R. Brinkerhoff have been appointed by the university senate as delegates to the centennial.

When your druggist says, be hasn't got Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, send your money to us, we'll send it postpaid. Don't be fooled with a worthless substitute. Ask your druggist.

CHARGED WITH MURDER.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 5.—Claude Bradshaw, colored, was arrested today on the charge of murdering his brother-in-law, Daniel Butler, whose body was found mangled by a train yesterday. Butler's is the third body found on the railway near the city on successive Sundays.

Mme. Yale's

Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty. They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

PALTON & WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

STATE LOSES.

Supreme Court Decides Against Minnesota on School Sections.

Washington, May 5.—The case of the original action of the state of Minnesota against Secretary Hitchcock of the interior department and Commissioner Herman of the general land office was decided by the United States Supreme court today, the opinion being delivered by Justice Brewer. The suit was brought by the state to restrain these officers of the interior department from selling the land included in sections 16 and 36 in the old Red Lake Indian reservation, the state claiming those lands under the grant for school purposes.

The decision was against the state, the court holding that as all the lands embraced in the reservation had been the property of the Indians, they are entitled to the proceeds of the sale of them.

St. Paul, May 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—State Auditor Dunn was very much disappointed at the decision on the Red Lake lands, but said that of course the state would acquiesce in the result, though it meant a direct and heavy loss, there being no other lands from which to select indemnity lands.

Employed There.

The sudden death of Peter Olson in a saloon at 21 East Superior street, yesterday afternoon, caused Mayor Hugo to institute an investigation today.

It was found that the man was not in the saloon for the purpose of drinking but had been employed there for some time as a porter and was supposed to be taking care of the establishment when he died.

MOROS ESCAPE

But Not Until Thirty-Five Were Killed.

Manila, May 5.—Eighty-four Moro prisoners, under guard, made an attempt to esape today. At a preconcerted signal they got between the soldiers forming the guard and a company dinner. The latter, realizing what had happened, fired on and pursued the Moros, killing thirty-five of them and capturing nine. The other fugitives escaped.

INTO THE DITCH.

Marinette, Wis., Man Killed By the Fall.

Milwaukee, May 5.—A Daily News special from Calumet, Mich., says: A wagon load of men employed at the Phoenix stamp mill, Eagle River, Keweenaw county, were precipitated down an embankment into a ditch filled with water. One man, believed to be Robert Campbell, of Marinette, Wis., was killed and several others injured.

SARGENT NOMINATED.

Washington, May 5.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Frank J. Sargent, Illinois, commissioner of immigration; Frank W. Tucker, collector of internal revenue, distrit of Arkansas; William E. Bundy, United States attorney, Southern district of Ohio.

PASSED COUNTERFEITS.

La Crosse, May 5.—C. A. Hart was arrested today charged with passing counterfeit money. His game was to go into a place, lay down four silver dollars and one counterfeit and ask for a five-dollar bill. Hart came here from Oshkosh two week's ago. The police believe him to be one of a gang that was in Neenah several weeks ago.

BEEF TRUST.

Bill Reviewed Very Carefully By Attorney General Knox.

Washington, May 5.—S. H. Bethea, United States attorney at Chicago, and William A. Day, special assistant attorney, today had a conference with Attorney General Knox on the subject of the beef combine. Mr. Bethea and Mr. Day presented to the attorney general the text of a bill in equity which they had prepared under his instruction, and this was carefully gone over at today's conference. The attorney general has revised the bill in a number of important particulars, and it is now expected that it will be sent to Chicago some time during the present week to be filed in the office of the clerk of the United States court there. After the bill has been filed it will be made public.

IN BEHALF OF BOERS.

A Large Delegation Appeared Before House Committee.

Washington, May 5.—A large delegation appeared before the sub-committee of the house in behalf of the Boers in South Africa, Dr. J. C. Hexamer, of the National German alliance, speaking first. He described the heroic struggle of the Boers, and urged the adoption of a resolution asking the president to communicate with Great Britain an expression of sympathy for the Boers, and expressing the hope that the unfortunate differences may be settled. Mr. Keyser of the Boer legislative committee, said that the governors of several states were strongly pro-Boer. Through Representative W. A. Smith, a report of M. De Bruyn was presented on the use of New Orleans as a base of military supplies for Great Britain.

STILL VERY WEAK

But Pneumonia Has Entirely Left Bishop Corrigan.

New York, May 5.—Dr. Keyes, who is attending Archbishop Corrigan, said today:

"The archbishop's condition does not warrant a bulletin. He is still very weak, but the pneumonia has disappeared."

Father Iverly, the archbishop's secretary, said today that the grave feature of the case was that the archbishop does not regain his strength as had been hoped by his physicians.

TWELVE DROWNED

By a Water Spout at Foss, Okla.

Anardarko, Okla., May 5.—A report was received ere today of a water spout at Foss, a town on the Choctaw railroad, in which it is said twelve persons were drowned. The Washita river is said to have risen ten feet. Anardarko people living on the bottoms were forced to move to higher grounds.

ASSETS

Of Milling Combine to Be Turned Over to Corporation.

New York, May 5.—Vice Chancellor Pitney, in chancery chambers at Jersey City, today instructed counsel for William Brookfield and Charles E. Kimball, representing the Hecker-Jones-Jewett Milling company, to prepare an order directing them to turn the assets of the company back to the corporation. The order will be presented to the vice chancellor next Monday, and unless there are objections which are sustained by the court it will then be signed. The company has been in the hands of receivers for about two years. It has a bonded indebtedness of $3,500,000 and other liabilities amounting to $554,000. The receivers have paid a dividend to creditors and have increased the working capital from $500,000 to $800,000.

SQUIERS AND BRAGG

Will Be Minister and Consul to Cuba.

Washington, May 5.—H. G. Squiers, secretary of the legation at Pekin, has been selected by the president to be minister to Cuba and Gen. E. S. Bragg, of Wisconsin, has been selected as consul general at Havana.

CLUB WOMEN

Greeted By Another Grand Floral Display In Auditorium.

Los Angeles, May 5.—Club women were treated to a floral surprise this morning, for when they entered the great auditorium, which last week was decorated with 60,000 calla lilies, they were greeted with the odor of thousands of pink carnations, which had replaced the lilies as a solid background to the platform and as a border to the two balconies. The local committee was up at daybreak and, with a corps of assistants, accomplished their task of decoration for the opening session at 9:30.

This flower feature, which is such a distinguishing work of the California convention, began by the local committee meeting trains at outlying stations with loads of bouquets. Mrs. Lowe's room, moreover, is a flower bower from morning till night.

Their was an air of expectancy on every delegate's face this morning over the probability of the color question cropping out. The first big business session is on, and the report of the committee on reincorporation, headed by Mrs. Mary Lockwood, may bring lively developments.

Mrs. J. T. Illick, of Burlington, Iowa, read the report of the Audubon societies. She said, in part:

"The Audubon societies have been organized in most states of the Union looking to the protection of bird life and other organization have worked to the same end. In this connection special mention should be made of the American Ornithologists' union, which has been able to accomplish systematic and efficient work by reason of the Thayer fund. The report of this society shows that it has directed its work along two lines, first, in securing legislation for the protection of birds, and second, by the employment of wardens in certain localities in the coast states. Many manufacturers of and dealers in bird plummage have been prosecuted and fined, and in other cases the threat of prosecution has led to the cancellation of purchases.

"Congress, seeing the necessity of some action on the part of that body for the protection of our North American birds, to save them from utter extinction, enacted the law which is known as the Lacey act.

"But laws are not self-executing. That these are not entirely effective is evidenced by the frequent inquiry: 'What has become of our bird laws?' and of the painful evidence that they yet serve the millinery art.

"Only a couple of years ago the report was made that in one year 5,000,000 birds were slaughtered to bedeck women's headgear. If the women of a great body like this is, would unite on a strong determination against this sacrifice of life and song for personal adornment, the laws would more easily and with less expense be made effective. The results, however, so far accomplished, give encouragement for a greater work in the future."

THREE MISSING

Milwaukee, May 5.—A Journal special from Neenah, Wis., says: Three young men of this city, Ben Dietz, Will Haufe and Robert Woohld, went out on Lake Winnebago last Friday on a fishing trip. A severe storm blew up late in the afternoon and nothing has been heard or seen of them since.

Searching parties are out on the lake today in an effort to find them. It is feared they were drowned.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Big Department Duluth, Minn.

In memory of our Eleventh Anniversary we shall give away

Absolutely Free to the Ladies!

500 Cut Roses and Carnations...

Visit the store between 1 and 2 o'clock p. m. and enjoy the free distribution of flowers.

Four Thousand Sales Bills....

Distributed Saturday announcing the celebration of our Eleventh Anniversary Sale commencing today brought tremendous crowds here this morning. This great sale will continue all week with unmatchable bargain offerings each day. Note special features for tomorrow.

TUESDAY, MAY 6th.
Second Anniversary Day.

Apron Ginghams.
1000 yards best Apron Ginghams; our regular 5c kind; Tuesday Anniversary Sale price, a yard. **5c**
Limit, ten yards.

Fancy Silk and Silk Foulards.
500 yards Silks and Silk Foulards, handsome patterns for Shirt Waists; our regular 75c and 89c kind; Tuesday Anniversary Sale, choice, a yard..... **59c**

Black Silks.
27-inch Silk Taffeta, guaranteed quality; our $1.25 kind; 24-inch Peau de Sole, guaranteed quality, our $1.25 kind; Tuesday Anniversary Sale price, a yd. **89c**

Wednesday, May 7th.
Third Anniversary Day.

Sheetings, Muslins, Etc. —Special Hour Bargains.
One bale 36-inch Sheeting, our best 6c kind; Wednesday morning, from 8:30 to 9:30 and at no other hour, we shall sell 10 yards to each lady only, at, a yard..... **3¾c**
One case fine Bleached Muslin, including Fruit of the Loom and Lonsdale, regular 10c kinds; all day Wednesday, Anniversary Sale price, per yard..... **7½c**

A One Hour Hurrah Sale of Embroideries and Laces.
From 10 to 11 o'clock Wednesday morning we shall offer a tableful of fine Embroideries, Insertions, and Laces, assorted widths and choice patterns, a –
Exactly Half Price.
The regular price remains on each piece and you pay JUST HALF. Our loss, your gain. We charge the loss to advertising and let the people profit.

Special Anniversary Offerings In the Garment Room—

Ladies' Tailored Suits, made in latest styles all wool blue Cheviot, Oxford grey and black Venetian Cloth, Jackets silk lined, Eaton blouse and Gibson styles; the skirts percaline lined, velvet binding, graduating flounce, regular price $12.50 and $14.00. Special Anniversary price, your choice—
$9.98

A beautiful line of better suits, made in leading shades of all wool Cheviots, Serges and other popular weaves, latest styles, at—
$15, $18, $19, $22.50 and up

Ladies' New Fabric Gloves.
Ladies' Lisle Thread Gloves, in greys, tan, black and white, in fancy lace effect, regular price 35c—extra special for this sale..... **25c**

Ladies' Tailored Dress Skirts.

Made in black wool Ladies Cloth, graduating flounce, stitched satin band trimmings, our regular low price is $4.60, anniversary sale price—
$3.98
Ladies' Tailored Skirt, made in all wool black Cheviot, graduating flounce, trimmed with two rows of silk Taffeta bands; special value at, each— **$5**
HIGH CLASS SILK DRESS SKIRTS, made in good quality black silk Taffeta, equal to any $18.00 to $20 skirt—our special price..... **$14**
Other Silk Skirts, splendid values, at—
$10.00, $12.50, $15.00, $16.50 and $17.50

Three Big Shirt Waist Bargains.
Bargain No. 1—
Mercerized black Satin Waists, corded front, regular price 75c—sale price **49c**

Ladies' wash shirt waists, made in dark and light percale and madras cloth, nicely made, choice patterns, latest styles, regular price 65c—your choice for this sale **49c**
Bargain No. 2—
Special lot Shirt Waists, made in fine percales, mercerized ginghams, and white lawns, well made and trimmed, regular price $1.25 and $1.50, your choice of the lot. **88c**
Bargain No. 3—
White Lawn and colored Percales and Silk Gingham Shirt Waists, made to sell at $1.98 and $2.25—your choice while they last **$1.25**

Ladies' Silk Waists.
Ladies' Silk Waists, in black and colors, pretty styles, at—
$3.98, $4, $5 and up

Silk Department.
Special bargains for this sale.
19-inch Jap Wash Silks, in corded, stripe, cream, delicate blue and pink, handsome styles for waists; regular 60c quality—our special price, a yard **48c**
24-inch Silk Foulards and fancy Taffeta and Persian Stripe Silks; regular 98c grade—special for this sale **68c**
Black Silks.
27-inch black Silk Taffeta, guaranteed quality; our regular $1.25 kind— special for this sale **98c**

Art Goods Dept.
24-inch square line finished stamped Pillow Covers, front and back, ready to be embroidered; regular 50c value; special a pair..... **29c**
See them—it's a great bargain

Our Entire Line of Fur Scarfs and Collarettes
Will be offered during this Grand Anniversary Sale at
25c Per Cent—¼ Off Regular Prices.
It will pay you to buy now and save money. A fur scarf is needed all summer here.

Special Dress Goods Offerings.
38c wool Serge, English Cashmeres and fancy Suitings—special, choice, a yard **25c**
All wool Cheviots, in leading colors and blacks, at only..... **38c**
68c all wool Venetian Cloth, in all the leading spring shades, at. **48c**
$1.00 Satin Venetian in beautiful pastel colors, at only..... **88c**
$1.25—54-inch all wool Venetian Cloth, in leading colors, for tailored suits only **98c**
Black Dress Goods.
42-inch black Etamine, so popular and stylish this spring—special value, per yard **$1.25**
46-inch all wool French Serge, regular price 75c—extra special, a yard **59c**
42-inch all wool fine Serge, splendid value at 68c—special sale price, a yard **49c**

Spring Wash Goods.
We are showing one of the choicest lines of dainty wash fabrics to be found anywhere and at extremely low prices.
Dainty Batiste Cloth and fine Dimities, in choice colorings and pretty patterns for shirt waists., etc., at— per yard **10c**
Novelty Zephyr Ginghams, very choice, dainty styles, at—
8c 10c 12½c 15c 25c and 29c
Satin Foulards and Silk Stripe Novelties in beautiful patterns, at—
19c 22c 25c 29c and up to 48c
Satin stripe Challies, in an exquisite assortment or pretty styles, at, per yard **35c**
Silk and wool Challies, in an exquisite assortment of pretty styles, at, per yard **75c**
Dress Trimmings and Gimps.
Our assortment in this line is one of the finest we have ever had the pleasure of showing, ranging in price from per yard— **5c to $2.48**

Extra Special Notion Bargains.
Five gross Ladies,' Misses' and Children's Hose Supporters, patent rubber shank fastenings, regular price 15c to 18c; extra special for this anniversary sale, your choice, all sizes, at pair..... **10c**
A Tremendous Bargain in Fancy Ribbons.
50 pieces 3-inch wide fancy Ribbons, in exquisite assortment of choice patterns and colors, for neck ribbons; our leader at 19c—extra special anniversary sale price, a yard **10c**

Note these money-saving prices in our Model Cash Grocery Dept. Tomorrow.

Fancy Separator Creamery Butter per lb	25c
Strictly fresh Eggs, per doz	16c
Fancy Patent Flour, 98-lb sack	$1.35
North Star White Rye Flour, 49-lb. sack	75c
21 lbs Brown Sugar	$1.00
20 lbs White Sugar, not granulated	$1.00
Fancy Lemons, per doz	15c
Coffee, in bulk, per lb	10c
California Prunes, per lb	5c
California Evaporated Pears, lb	8c
California Ruby Prunes, per lb	10c
Silver Prunes, per lb	8c
Extra Golden Dates, per lb	8c
Golden Drop Plums, fancy, per lb	12½c
Large sweet Oregon Prunes, lb	12½c

Johnson & Moe Johnson & Moe. Johnson & Moe.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, May 5.—Soon after the senate convened today the bill changing the terms of the circuit courts of the United States within the first circuit was passed.

The bill providing for the purchase of the lands of the Sioux Indians in the Rosebud reservation in South Dakota then was taken up, the pending amendment being that of Mr. Teller eliminating the commutation clause of the bill and providing that settlers, in order to make good their titles to the land shall live on it for five years. The amendment offered by Senator Teller was agreed to and the bill was then passed.

Consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill was then taken up.

An amendment was agreed to, appropriating $6220 for expenses of the office of commissioner of railroads and continuing that office to June 30, 1903.

Other amendments were agreed to as follows: Appropriating $127,000 for additional buildings at Fort Ethan Allan, Vt.; providing for the dedication of the St. Louis exposition on April 30, 1903, and that the exposition shall be opened to visitors not later than May 1, 1904; appropriating $25,000 for the commissioner of labor to collect statistics of marriage and divorce.

The senate passed the bill for the cession of lands on the Rosebud Indian reservation and resumed consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill.

At 2 o'clock the senate took up the Philippine government bill, and Mr. Lodge addressed the senate in favor of it. He enteren into an elaborate defense of Gen. Chaffee, reviewing his career and severely arraigning Senator Rawlins for his insinuation that Chaffee was responsible for the atrocities in the Philippines.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, May 5.—Two desks were draped in black and covered with flowers when the house met today. One was the old familiar place occupied by Representative Amos J. Cummings, whose public funeral was held in the house yesterday, and the other was that of Representative Peter J. Otey of Virginia, whose death occurred at Lynchburg yesterday. Dr. Couden, the chaplain, in his invocation, dwelt upon the double affliction that had come upon the house, and prayed for the family and friends of Mr. Otey.

Mr. Jones (Va.) then announced the death of Mr. Otey and offered the customayr osershrdl shrdlu shrdl shrdluuu tomary resolutions of regret. In accordance with the terms of the resolution, the speaker appointed the following committee to attend the funeral:

Messrs. Jones, Swanson, Rixey, Hay, Lamb, Rhea and Flood, of Virginia; Hepburn, of Iowa; Meyer, of Louisiana; Jenkins, of Wisconsin; Lanham, of Texas; Olmsted, of Pennsylvania; De Armond, of Missouri, and McCall, of Massachusette.

Then, at 12:15 p. m., as a further mark of respect, the house adjourned.

Sets of Teeth $6.00
Crowns $5.00

Duluth Dental Parlors,
3 West Superior St.

The Only Health Coffee.

The stepping stone to perfect health is—Figprune Cereal. This delightful beverage is a great aid to digestion and its daily use, in place of tea and coffee, is already being recommended by physicians. 54 per cent fruit, 46 per cent grain. At all grocers.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$3000 With stone foundation, furnace, bath, on Fifteenth avenue east.

$2300 Lot and house with bath—very central—easy terms.

$900 Fine building lot on Tenth avenue east. SNAP!

$1700 Fine building lot in Endion. Cheap for this lot.

For sale exclusively by

W.M. Prindle & Co.
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

$2000 Will buy eight-room house, lot 60x100, East End. Small payment down; balance long time.

$1200 Will buy seven-room house, Twenty-second avenue east. $400 down; balance long time.

$2400 Will buy ten-room house, Fourth avenue east; $1200 cash, balance to suit. A great bargain.

We have a large list of meadow lands in Aitkin county. Great bargains. Call and examine our list.

FORGY & JACOBY.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.

Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

Stop Paying Rent!

And buy a good 9-room house centrally located, water, sewer, bath, 50-foot lot—very easy terms, great bargain at... **$2700**

205 LYCEUM BLDG.

If you will rent—we have houses and flats for rent.

FOR SALE!

Two houses, 21 and 23 East Eighth street, lot 50x140. Houses in good repair; possession given in thirty days. Come in and make us an offer; property must be sold.

WEST END.

An improved propety in excellent condition and pays 14 per cent on sale price. This is a bargain.... **$2000**

50x140-foot lot, Eighteenth avenue east and Fourth street. Think of it! Only **$800**

Little & Nolte

We Have For Sale

Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
222 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$1300 Takes good nine-room house on Piedmont avenue.

$1850 Takes nine-room house on Piedmont avenue; $500 cash, balance $25.00 per month, without interest. Rents $18.00.

We have some bargains in houses and lots in the East and West Ends.

A. G. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

Worth Buying—

100 feet on West Superior street, bringing more than 8 per cent net—a choice corner.

Best lots on the best part of First street. The cheapest lots in Endion division—some of them are beauties.

Acres in all parts at the lowest prices.

C. E. LOVETT, 706 Palladio Bldg

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
Lots In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap

Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.

LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

FOR RENT.
Houses,
Stores
Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

First-class lots from $225 to $300 within one block of Third street car line and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

Nine-room house in West End; arranged for two families; can be bought for less than house cost to build. Price **$1300**

100 feet square on the corner of Third avenue east—lays good—Price **$650**

House within five blocks of postoffice, up in first-class shape; lot 25 by 100; can be bought on monthly payments. Price **$1200**

70 by 100, the best corner on Fifth street, centrally located; cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

LONDON.
6-room house—electric light—$1365—$500 cash.

ROSS L. MAHON,
414 First National Bank Building.

FARM LANDS

Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—

Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Street

50-ft lot, W. Third st., near Third Ave. W. **$3300**
25-ft lot, E. First st., near Third Ave. E..... **$1500**
50-ft lot, E. Fourth st., near 12th Ave. E.... **$1200**
25-ft lot, E. Second st., near 11th Ave. E..... **$650**
8 lots on E. Tenth st., all..... **$700**

E. D. FIELO CO.,
204 Exchange Bldg.

OLD CLOTHING WANTED.

WANTED—TO BUY, OLD CLOTHING. I will pay the highest respectable prices for old clothing. Address J. S., Herald.

OPTICIAN.

GLASSES MADE TO ORDER, LATEST improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey building.

ENGRAVING

AND WATCH REPAIRING, PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg

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MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospitni. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING, CARriage trimming. E. Ott, 123 First ave. W

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 743-5.

SAW REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS SKILLFULLY repaired. New ones for sale. Duluth Saw Works, 1631 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD HORSE OR broncho, about 600 pounds. Hunter's Park grocery.

OLD FUR COATS WANTED.

ALASKA FUR BUYER ARRIVED; will pay you the highest reasonable price for old fur coats of any kind. Address M. G., Herald.

PERSONAL.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as assistant bookkeeper or general office man; four years' experience; best of references. Address H 8, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as bookkeeper, or office clerk; has had experience; can furnish satisfactory references. T 72, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS OFFICE OR store boy, 17 years of age. Address J 26, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady to assist with housework in exchange for her board. Address L 2, Herald.

WOULD LIKE POSITION AS BOOKkeeper, permanent position; place to work up; can furnish good references. X. Y. Z., Herald.

SITUATION WANTED BY YOUNG man of 18; has knowledge of photography. Can furnish references. Address F 8, Herald.

WANTED—WORK OF ANY KIND IN store by intelligent man, talking English, Swedish and Finnish languages. Address C. G., Herald.

COMPETENT FIREMAN WANTS EMployment; sober and reliable; license and references. Address N. E. E., 210 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—SITUATION AS ASSISTANT bandsaw filer. 1823 West Superior street.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Fourth street, rear Eighth avenue west.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Eighth street, near Fourth avenue east.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Seventh street, near Seventh avenue east.

$1200 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$7000 Takes modern house and lot, 75x140 feet on First street, Endion.

$7500 Takes modern house and lot, 75 by 140 feet, on Second street, Endion.

Stop Paying Rent!

Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A lime social Tuesday evening at Normana hall, room 1, Twenty-first avenue west and Superior street.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1066-2, new 1303.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 211 E. Superior St.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company, No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MILLINERY.

LADIES FOR STYLE AND PRICES GO to Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

BICYCLE & GUN REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS REPAIR WORK. PRICES reasonable; guarantee satisfaction. F. R. Holmberg, with J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE COOK STOVE with reservoir; good as new. 115 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE AND COUNters, plate glass, oak, very fine. H 4, Herald.

FOR SALE—UP-TO-DATE SIX SEAT runabout, $45. Guaranteed for one year. L. Hammel & Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Will exchange for fat cattle. Prices $35 to $45. 821 Fourth avenue east.

SHOW CASES, TABLES, PAPER CUTters, money drawers and office supplies. Apply Great Eastern, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING LAUNdry in Aitkin, Minn. Splendid investment for a party with push, enterprise and a little ready money. For particulars, address, The Age, Aitkin, Minn.

FOR SALE—UPHOLSTERY BUSINESS, furniture and tools, also store with four living rooms, 1012 Ogden avenue, West Superior.

FOR SALE—PARROT, IS GOOD TALKer. 160½ First avenue and Second alley east.

FOR SALE—A DRESSMAKING OUTfit at 506 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seventeen room boarding house, fifteen steady boarders. Must be sold by May 20. Inquire Mallough & Son's grocery, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CAN FURNISH FIFTEEN to thirty gallons buttermilk weekly during the summer. Address Box 27, Cambridge, Minn.

FOR SALE— CHEAP, A LARGE COTtage on Park Point, or will rent for the season. Address T 73, Herald.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, cheap. 3613 Eighth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SALOON, FIXtures and lease on building; good location. Inquire 224 Lake avenue south. Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street and Fifth avenue east. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

PIANO $275 BUYS IT; COST $750; right; almost new; can be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

ANCHOR LUNCH COUNTER AND tables. Cheap. S. Selleck.

FOR SALE—AN 18-FOOT GASOLINE yacht with modern improvements. P. O. Two Harbors, Minn., Box 3.

FOR RENT OR SALE — COMPLETE camping outfit on Park Point. Inquire 208 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR fresh milch cows, will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

FOR SALE—SNAP. $160 WILL BUY 4-room house on Thirty-second avenue west and Fifth street. Inquire at 2401 West Fourth.

FOR SALE FOR A FEW DAYS only—a desirable 6-room dwelling. No. 406 East Fifth street, at $2750. F. I. SALTER, 102 Lonsdale Building.

PIANO $125 UPRIGHT, MAHOGany case, fine tone; to be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

FOR SALE—$40 EAGLE BICYCLES FOR $25; a wheel with a good reputation. We do all kinds of repair work. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHICK FEED, CYPHERS incubators, brooders, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS for sale by Ernest Miller, 1325 London road.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN MILCH COOWS and young heifers. Call or address Spider Lake Sawmill and Lumber company, Spider, Wis.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; forty beds. 531 West Superior street.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 203 Lonsdale building.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1068.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!

No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential. Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg

WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—A LARGE RED AND A SMALL brindle cow. Finder please return them to 122 East First street or leave word.

LOST—LEATHER POCKETBOOK CONtaining $8. Saturday evening on Superior street, between Second avenue east and Lake avenue. Please return to Herald and receive reward.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No. 12 Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED—SALES LADY FOR DRAery department. French & Bassett.

WANTED—GIRL TO CANDLE EGGS. Inquire Knudson-Ferguson Fruit company..

WANTED—STENOGRAPHER AND OFfice assistant. Apply with letter of application to French & Bassett.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. MRS JUlius Abrahamson, 122 East First street, Ralston house.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COTTAGE ON Park Point. Good pay; nice room; car fare paid. Mrs. C. S. Parsons, Twenty-fifth street.

WANTED—A YOUNG NURSE GIRL A few hours each day. Apply 717½ East Fourth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three; call evenings. 301 East Fifth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply morning or evening at 215 Third avenue west.

WANTED—TWO EXPERIENCED chamber maids. Apply Housekeeper, Spalding hotel.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; good wages. 104 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR GENERAL housework to assist daughter. 2016 West Second street.

WANTED—CASHIER AT THE CRYStal restaurant, 514 West Superior street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED COOK—wages $30 per month. 329 West Second street.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS. 1122 EAST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, Lewis street, Glen Avon. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 119 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—WAIST AND SLEEVE MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 124 East Third street; good wages to right party.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. Call mornings, 1407 East Third street.

NURSE GIRL WANTED. 315 EAST Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must be a good cook. Only two in the family; $20 per month. Call evenings. 431 East Second street.

WANTED—AT 2321 East First street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED — LADY, FIRST CLASS double entry bookkeeper. No other need apply. Address, "W. B.," care Herald, stating salary wanted.

WANTED—COOK. 2029 EAST SUPErior street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 1107 East Third.

GIRL WANTED (GOOD PAY) FOR general housework; good cook. Inquire forenoons or evenings. 629 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT NURSE MAID. 1619 East First street.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—PANTS AND VEST MAKER. F. A. Cutliffe.

WANTED—CAKE BAKER; ALSO young man as helper with some experience in bake shop. Address City Bakery, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—OFFICE PORTER AND young man for passenger elevator. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MAN to do carpet laying, upholstery and shade work. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White company.

WANTED—SALESMEN, LOCAL AND traveling; salary or commission; exclusive territory. Brown Bros. Co., Rochester, N. Y.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR GOOD, strong boys for helpers in tin shop. Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company.

WANTED—JANITOR AT THE PEERless laundry.

WANTED—TWO BRIGHT, YOUNG MEN as examiners. High school graduates preferred. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White company.

WANTED — MAN TO SELL CARPETS. Apply A. Jeffery & Co., 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. No limit to term. Special inducements until May 15, positions plentiful, diplomas granted, Scholarship, board, tools to applicants from distance. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED ELEVATOR boy. Apply 203 Providence building.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters; will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing company, 22 West Michigan street.

WANTED—REPRESENTATIVE FOR the Omaha Auditorium company, of Omaha, Neb., to take charge of their business in cities and towns. Must be a responsible, live man. Write F. E. Netleton, superintendent, Omaha, Neb.

WANTED — TWO GOOD SETTERS, wages $2.75 per day. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
421 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED—DRY LUMBER GRADERS at once. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—WATCH AND CLOCK REpairer at M. Henricksen Jewelry company, 534 West Superior street.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE FOR THE SUMmer; pleasant location on lake shore, one mile from postoffice. Address O. C. Coffin, Deerwood, Minn.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON PARK Point; furnished complete. Address C 94, Herald.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. city water. 1953 Piedmont avenue west.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM HOUSE with water. 708 East Third street.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET. THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be resodded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 403.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

SUITE OF ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Bath in connection. 202 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, hot water, bath. No children. Inquire at 1415 East Third street.

FOR RENT—A LARGE PLEASANT unfurnished front room with privileges; rent reasonable; within walking distance. Address A 67, Herald.

FOR RENT—TWO UNFURNISHED rooms, 27½ West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove to man and wife; no children, will allow light housekeeping, 322 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN. 115 East Third street.

HANDSOME SUITE AND SINGLE room to party of gentlemen; modern; central; fine view. 711 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS SUITABLE FOR offices, tailor shops and living purposes. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 928 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; unfurnished, finest view in city; bath and fireplace. 31 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. All modern conveniences. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 315½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM. 18 East Second street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS. 1223 West Fourth street.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS repair; bath, city water; choice location; $15. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. COOK stove. 500 West Superior street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. 32 WEST Second street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED rooms. Apply Flat A, Lowell block, 31 East Superior street, first floor.

FOR RENT—NEWLY FURNISHED room with bath. 1805 West Superior street, flat 9.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. ALL conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FLAT OF TWELVE FURnished rooms on Superior street. Mendenhall & Hoopes.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—114 WEST MICHIGAN tric elevator, refrigerators, closet, office, all first class. Apply O. H. Clark, T. W. Wahl, P. Beauteau, Globe building, St. Paul.

FOR RENT—FINE STORE ROOM ON Superior street; centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT — SPACE IN STORE FOR cigars and soft drinks, periodicals, etc. Waterman's Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—TO RENT, TWO UNFURnished rooms, centrally located. Address P 6, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family; large front room; lake view. 317 West Fourth.

ROOM AND BOARD AT 118 EAST SECond street. Gentlemen only.

BOARDERS WANTED — THREE OR four boarders can procure excellent table board for the summer at 514 Fifty-eight avenue west, West Duluth.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

TEAMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT — HEAVY HORSE, SEVEral teams. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

HAVE ARRANGED WITH THE NEW tenant to use one side of the store for a few days longer. 211 East Superior street.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

H. POPKIN, 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and relaid. Address A. T. Wear, 28½ Third avenue east.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WEEKLY DIVIDEND ON YOUR INvestment; exceptional opportunity to invest in company of highest standing, whose business plan, original and approved, will court strictest investigation; no similar offer can be made by any other concern with substantial guarantees; write for booklet Rexdale Stock association, Inc., Commercial building, St. Louis.

A PARTNERSHIP IN AN ESTABLISHed retail grocery can be had by hustling young Scandinavian, who has experience and can control trade. Address C 85, Herald.

PARTNER WITH SMALL CAPITAL, AS treasurer with burlesque show, under canvas. 319½ West First street.

A LIMITED NUMBER OF SHARES IN a sound investment proposition are offered for sale subject to prior allotment. Dividends are certain and will be large. Write today for detailed information and plan whereby $20 can be earned with little trouble and no work. Address Stock Investment and Trading company, 269 Dearborn street, Chicago, Ill.

MONEY TO LOAN AT LEGAL RATES without security to business or salaried people of good character. Address Dept. "B," 203-207 Security building, Chicago.

FORTUNES EASILY MADE BY SMALL but wise investments. The small capitalists' and money-savers' opportunity. Write for our "Guide to Wealth," Traise & Co., 224 Unity building, Chicago.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5th, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 12, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 14, 1902. Work M. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave May 6, 1902. Work, Drill. William H. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second, Tuesday evening, May 6. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2205, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent, No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Petersen, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

10 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. | LAST EDITION. | TUESDAY, MAY 6, 1902. | TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH OFFICERS

Meeting of Highland Canal & Power Company.

Capt. Alex. McDougall Is Elected President.

An important meeting of the Highland Canal and Power company was held today at the offices of the company in the Providence building. Officers and directors to serve for the coming year were elected and are as follows:

DIRECTORS.

Capt. Alexander McDougall.
A. B. Wolvin.
A. M. Marshall.
C. A. Duncan.
F. A. Patrick.
C. C. Cokefair.
F. A. Cokefair.
George M. Rittenhouse, New York.
D. A. Reed.

OFFICERS.

President, Capt. Alexander McDougall.
First vice president, F. A. Cokefair.
Second vice president, A. B. Wolvin.
Treasurer, George M. Rittenhouse.
Secretary, D. A. Reed.
Attorneys, S. T. & William Harrison.
Executive committee, Capt. Alexander McDougall, C. C. Cokefair and C. A. Duncan.

The engineering staff is composed of: Chief engineer, F. A. Cokefair; first assistant engineer, D. A. Reed; second assistant engineer, E. J. Duffies; electrical engineer, E. C. Bacot; consulting engineers, J. T. Fanning and W. A. Brackinridge.

F. A. Cokefair, who originally designed the system, is a civil and hydraulic engineer, graduate of the school of mines of Columbia university, New York, and before coming West was associated with the Panama Railway and Canal company. D. A. Reed is a member of the American Society of Civil Engineers, a member of the New England Waterworks association, and was formerly city engineer of Duluth. The city waterworks were put in during his administration. E. J. Duffies, civil engineer, is a graduate of Cornell university and was formerly on the United States government engineering corps here. E. C. Bacot is an electrical engineer, formerly chief engineer of the generating station of the Colorado Electric Power company.

J. T. Fanning, consulting engineer, is an eminent authority on water supply and hydraulic engineering. He is resident engineer of the St. Anthony Falls Power company, at Minneapolis, and is associated with many important water power developments throughout the country. W. A. Brackinridge is well known as the resident engineer of the Niagara Falls Power company. He originally designed and has superintended that great development from the start. His recent visit to Duluth and favorable impression of the Highland Canal and Power company's system and plans gave to them his hearty endorsement.

The Duluth men appearing in the board of directors are known as among the most prominent as well as the most conservative business men of the city, and their identification with the project will bring to the company greater confidence and prestige than it already enjoys, so far as Duluth is concerned. Alexander McDougall is the inventor of the whaleback and for many years manager of the American

(Continued on page 2.)

KINNEY DECLINES

Solicitations of Friends to Enter Congressional Race.

Under No Circumstances Will He Be a Candidate.

State of His Health Said to Be the Chief Reason.

The Herald is authorized to state that O. D. Kinney will not be a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress in the Eighth district to succeed Page Morris.

It has been known for some time past that Mr. Kinney was averse to entering the congressional race, being disposed to devote all his attention to his private interests and, at the same time, look after his health, which has caused him some anxiety for several years. Mr. Kinney has been spending the winter in Florida and, as it was reported, his health was much improved, some of his friends thought he might be induced to become a congressional candidate, in view of the very widespread sentiment in his favor. These hopes have been destroyed by Mr. Kinney's positive declination. His health is still poor, and he has gone to Battle Creek sanitarium for a short stay. In a telegram to The Herald, Mr. Kinney says:

"Please announce that under no circumstances will I be a candidate for congress."

This statement he desires to be considered a final reply to the numerous requests that he became a candidate. While keenly appreciating the unsolicited offers of support, and the honor which they would confer upon him, Mr. Kinney feels compelled, in view of the state of his health, to keep out of public life.

MAJOR CORNELIUS GARDENER, WHO WILL TESTIFY BEFORE THE UNITED STATES SENATE.

Major Cornelius Gardener, U. S. A., civil governor of Tayabas province, Philippine Islands, who has reported to the war department that until the beginning of horrible brutalities on the part of the United States troops practiced on the natives he had been able to travel alone, unarmed, in any part of his province. Is coming home to testify before the senate. He has a long record of excellent service, dating from his graduation at West Point in 1873. He was successively lieutenant and captain in the Nineteenth infantry until the Spanish war, when he was sent to Cuba as colonel of the Thirty-first Michigan volunteers. After the close of the Cuban campaign, where he distinguished himself, he organized the Thirtieth regiment of regulars and took it to the Philippines. He was made a major in the regular army after his return from Cuba.

IN POOL OF FIRE

Four Men Meet a Horrible Death at Steel Works.

Were Caught In Fiery Pit of Molten Metal.

Harrisburg, Pa., May 6.—Four men were killed, two fatally injured and two others terribly burned by being caught in a torrent of molten metal last night in an open hearth pit at the Pennsylvania Steel works, Steelton, near here. All the men were Austrians. The men were at work in a pit behind the "chockers," when the iron ore boiled over, or the furnace burned out and the entire pit was turned into a pool of fire.

The pit boss, Charles F. Lockett, gave a cry of warning as the iron commenced to flow into the pit and three of the laborers heeded his cry and escaped fatal injury. The others, thinking evidently that the overflow was a slight one, similar to those which occur frequently at the furnaces, pressed against the side of the pit and were caught in the awful flood.

PROTECTORATE NEEDED

Prominent Dominican Says Santo Domingo Must Have Moral and Commercial Support of United States to Be Successful.

New York, May 6.—Leonte Vasquez, brother of the vice president of Santo Domingo, who has just overturned the government of President Jiminez, says all his brother wants to establish is peace and good government. Vasquez was consul general here for nearly two years, but recently was deposed by President Jiminez. Regarding the revolution he said: "When my brother was provincial president after the assassination of President Heurreux, he put down paper money and established a free press. Then he installed Jiminez in power and returned to agricultural pursuits.

"While Santo Domingo has what might be considered an excellent constitution by liberty-loving people, it is sadly in need of amendment, and I believe my brother will bring it about. If he does, 95 per cent of the revolutionary spirit will disappear, although during the last fifty years there has been on an average more than one revolt annually.

"The present constitution, while granting universal suffrage and a free press, confers on the president of the republic such arbitrary powers in the control of the army and the finances that an ambitious man, who is neither honest nor patriotic, is a constant menace.

"I believe that one of his first aims will be to establish a treaty of a reciprocal nature with the United States. Call it a protectorate if you will, but if Santo Domingo is to prosper, and I hope she will, she must have the moral and commercial support of the American people. And so it must eventually be with other republics similarly situated."

WILHELMINA NO BETTER

Her Medical Attendants Seem to Be Uncertain as to the Course That Her Illness May Take.

The Hague, May 6.—Queen Wilhelmina's physicians, in their morning bulletin, issued at Castle Loo, say: "After a slight rise in her temperature yesterday evening, the queen had a quiet night and slept most of the time. Her temperature this morning is normal, and her condition at the present moment is fairly satisfactory, although the patient still requires great care and attention."

Those who are in attendance on the queen are by no means fully reassured by the medical bulletins, which seem to indicate that the physicians themselves are uncertain as to the course which her illness may take. Her majesty remains extremely weak. Two doctors were at her bedside almost all night long.

Telegrams of inquiry and sympathy continue to arrive in large numbers at Castle Loo.

A bulletin posted at Castle Loo at 2 p. m. today announced that Queen Wilhelmina's temperature had "continued normal up to the present," and said that her majesty's "other symptoms do not call for special remark."

New York, May 6.—Reports announcing the critical condition of the queen of Holland have caused the deepest sorrow here, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. Since the day Wilhelmina ascended the Dutch throne the English people have watched her career with the utmost interest, and the hope is universal that the care with which she is surrounded may still preserve her life.

IS IN ITALY.

Missing Baby Taylor Has Been Located By Detectives.

Cincinnati, May 6.—The story that the kidnaped baby Taylor, whose grandmother and aunt have been sentenced to the penitentiary, was in an orphan asylum at Albany, N. Y., has been exploded by information received here, according to the statement of the Commercial Tribune that the child has been located by detectives employed for the purpose, in Italy, with her aunt, Miss Clara Taylor. Proceedings will at once be taken through the state department for the return of the child to her mother.

Albany, N. Y., May 6.—A child about 7 years of age, an inmate of a charitable institution here since April 5, when she was found alone and abandoned on the street, is believed by the local department of charities to be Margaret Vinton Taylor.

The child disappeared on Aug. 3, 1898, and no trace of her was ever found. At the time she was visiting her grandparents at Fernbush, near Cincinnati, Ohio, and the grandmother and aunt admitted they knew where the child was. They were indicted for child stealing and sentenced to serve a term in the penitentiary at Columbus, Ohio.

The Ohio authorities have been informed by the Albany police that the child has been located here. The parents live at Bellevue, Ky.

F. BRET HARTE IS DEAD

Famous American Author Passes Away Suddenly From Hemorrhage at His Home at Camberly, Near Aldershot, Eng.

London, May 6.—Bret Harte, the American author, died here last night. He was born at Albany, N. Y., Aug. 25, 1839. Mr. Harte died suddenly at the Red House, Camberly, near Aldershot, from hemorrhage, caused by an affection of the throat.

Mr. Harte had been living quietly in England for years. Most of his time was spent in the country, and when in London he was almost equally secluded, having few visitors to his rooms at Lancaster Gate, and only going to the houses of a limited number of very intimate friends. Several months ago, when a false report of his death was circulated in America, a representative of the Associated Press called at his rooms. Mr. Harte then appeared to be perfectly well. He laughed heartily, and quoted Mark Twain's old saying about the report being greatly exaggerated. "Except for a little cold," said Mr. Harte, "I have no ailments or complaints. While I am getting to be a pretty old man—pointing to his snow white hair—there is life in the old dog yet," and thereupon he lit a cigar so large that it would have done credit to any of his "poker flat friends." He was hoping, he said, to do more work, but he confessed he was growing lazy.

Mr. Harte had been suffering from swelled tonsils since December last, but he did not consider the attack to be serious. A week ago he went to visit friends at Camberley and was present at lunch, as usual, yesterday. He suddenly became ill in the afternoon, went to bed and died in a few hours. His end was peaceful.

Francis Bret Harte was born in Albany, N. Y., Aug. 25, 1839. After an ordinary school education he went to California with his mother, his father having previously died. From San Francisco he walked to Senora, and there opened a school; but this proved unsuccessful, and he turned his attention to mining. Fortune was not there, and he became an apprentice in a printing office, beginning his literary career by composing his first articles in type while working at the case. During the absence of the editor he conducted the journal for a short time, but his articles were not in sympathy with the mining population, and his editorial experiences terminated abruptly. He drifted back to San Francisco and became a compositor in the office of the "Golden Era." The experiences of his frontier life had been impressive, and his literary talents soon put to profitable use the vivid scenes of the past three years. Clever sketches, contributed first anonymously, attracted the attention of the editor, and Harte was invited to join the corps of writers. In his sketches of American border experiences he originated the dialect of Western border life, which made him famous. He received the appointment of professor of recent literature in the University of California in 1870, but soon resigned the chair and settled in New York. In 1878 he was appointed as consul to Crefeld, Germany, and remained there until the change in administration in 1885. His many works are so well known that they do not need to be mentioned in this sketch.

HALF MILLION FIRE LOSS

Business Section of New Milford, Conn., Was Destroyed By a Disastrous Conflagration Which Burned All Night.

Danbury, Conn., May 6.—Between $500,000 and $600,000 is the latest estimate of the loss by the fire which destroyed the business section of New Milford, sixteen miles north of here, last night. Nearly fifty buildings, including most of the stores in the place, two banks and three hotels were burned.

The fire was under control at 4 o'clock this morning, but is still burning in many places—the New Milford National bank, the last building to take fire, was in ruins at daybreak.

The fire started about 8:30 o'clock in the stables of the New Milford house. The cause is unknown. In ten minutes the stables, the hotel and several small outbuildings were in flames and the railroad station opposite was in grave danger.

The village fire department, which consists only of a hose company and a hook and ladder apparatus, was unable to cope with the flames, which spread quickly to the Mygatt block. The office of the South New England Telephone company is in that building, and the operator, Miss Bessie Bartram, remained at the switch board until the flames drove her from the building. From the Mygatt block the fire spread west along Bank street, the principal business thoroughfare of the village, and leaped from building to building until checked. Twenty different buildings were on fire at one time. The people of the village feared that the entire place would be burned, and many moved their household goods to the large green in the center of the town.

This city was appealed to for assistance and an engine was sent at 10:30. Upon its arrival at New Milford thirty minutes later it was dragged from the car and through the streets by many men without waiting for horses.

At that time the fire had spread from one end of Bank street to the other. Every building on it but one was in flames, and the New England hotel on Main street, the village's largest hostelry, was afire. A number of handsome residences which faced the green on Main street were in imminent danger, but were saved, as were the Gazette building and several large establishments at the north end of Railroad avenue. The streams from the fire engins cut the fire off at both of these points after two hours' work. The fire spread to the postoffice and the Y. M. C. A. building on Main street, both of which were destroyed.

WALL STREET'S FLURRY

The Worst Is Known of the Results of Collapse of Webb-Meyer Exchange Houses and All Is Quiet.

New York, May 6.—There was not much evidence in Wall street this morning of the disturbed conditions of yesterday. There was a very general conviction that the worst was known of the results of the collapses of the Webb-Meyer exchange houses, which suspended yesterday.

Interest was manifested in the progress of affairs of the suspended houses, which were not much cleared up by yesterday's meager statements and admissions. It was reported this morning that the repurchase had been accomplished of the block of Rutland preferred stock, said to have been sold by Dr. W. Seward Webb to Alfred L. Meyer, and which J. W. Davis & Co. offered yesterday to take at 108, the price supposed to have been paid by Mr. Meyer. This sale is expected to supply resources to ward the satisfaction of claims against the embarrassed interests.

The tone of the stock market in the opening dealings made apparent a feeling of relief, shown by advancing prices on a demand for stocks well distributed through all departments of the list. Rutland preferred was weak on small dealings, declining 4 points, rallying 3½ and receding again 2½. At the offices of Offenbach & Moore the doors were not opened this morning at 10 o'clock, but some of the employes appeared a few minutes later and reported that the question of a formal assignment by the firm was being considered by legal counsel, and that nothing would be done until advice was had. A petition in involuntary bankruptcy was filed in the United States district court today against Offenbach & Moore.

At the offices of Lockwood, Hurd & Co., the assignee, Edward T. Perine, was in charge, and was pushing an investigation of the condition of affairs, but was not prepared to make a statement. Some hopes of a resumption by the firm are based upon the ability of their clients in the dealings in the affected group of stocks to protect the firm on its transactions in those stocks. Dr. Seward Webb made no public statement on the situation up to 11 o'clock today.

KILLED AT TWO HARBORS

Two Harbors, Minn., May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. A. Fahey, a brakeman employed by the Duluth & Iron Range road, was run over in the yards here last night by falling under the cars and died at the hospital from the effects at 9 o'clock this morning. His relatives live at Nashville, Tenn.

WABASHA YOUNG MAN KILLED

St. Paul, May 6.—A Wabasha, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Robert R. Whiting, son of H. B. Whiting, was accidentally killed at the lumber yard of the New Wabasha Lumber company, where he was employed, by the team running away. He fell under the load, smashing his breast.

CUBAN

Senate and House of Representatives Has Assembled.

Havana, May 6.—The Cuban senate and house of representatives assembled at noon yesterday in the palace. Governor General Wood made an address, wishing the legislators success in the work they were about to enter upon. He informed them that no legislative power would be vested in congress until after the formal transfer of the government. The work now was to pass upon credentials and to inform the military government officially who had been selected president and vice president, senators and members of the house. The senators met in the Palacio Segundo and the representatives in the Commandancia General de la Marina building.

A SLIPPERY DEAL.

New York, May 6.—By the incorporation under the laws of the state of Maine of the United States Soap corporation with a capital of $1,000,000, work has been, it is said, actually undertaken on plans for the combination of the soap manufacturing interests of the East. One plant already has been absorbed.

EARTHQUAKE IN FRANCE.

Paris, May 6.—Violent earthquake shocks, which occurred at 3 o'clock this morning, are reported from Bordeaux, Bayonne, Pau and other places in the same region. They lasted fifteen seconds. The reports do not mention any damage.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Original, Henry A. Klichil, Duluth, $8. War with Spain, original, Frank B. Searle, Milaca, $6. Increase, Patrick Kilmartin, Elk River, $12.

MORE CONSIDERATION

Must Be Shown Trans-Atlantic Passengers In the Matter of Searching Baggage By the Customs Inspectors.

New York, May 6.—Collector of Customs Stranahan, in an address to the entire force of customs inspectors, who assembled at the barge office to meet him, has told the inspectors that trans-Atlantic voyagers must, in future, be treated with more consideration.

Difficulties in passing baggage, which have exasperated passengers on incoming vessels, are, he said, to be done away with, and new regulations soon will be promulgated which will minimize all of the evils which have aroused complaint.

The collector reminded the men whose duties are to search baggage on piers, that they are servants of the public, and urged them to perform their duties in such a manner as to merit public approval.

The customs inspectors, about 250 in number, had tendered a reception to Collector Stranahan, Gen. James S. Clarkson, surveyor of the port; George W. Whitehead, appraiser, and Robert A. Sharkey, naval officer. It was the first time in thirty years that there had been such an affair.

HISTORIC BELL IS STOLEN

Chicago, May 6.—A historic bell, which was cast at St. Petersburg and sent to Chicago as a choice Russian exhibit for the World's fair, has been stolen from the rear of St. Vladimir's Russian church. It was valued at $500, weighed 500 pounds and in two months was to have been placed in the belfry of a new church which St. Vladimir's congregation is erecting. It was presented to the church by the Russian consul. It is magnificently carved with pictures of saints and quotations from Scripture.

The pastor has called upon his congregation to search for the bell and many have responded.

PORTUGUESE MAY REVOLT

London, May 6.—A dispatch to a news agency from Madrid says that advices received there from Portugal indicates there is danger of an actual revolution in that country. Considerable apprehension is felt in official quarters as to the attitude of the Portuguese troops. The Sixth infantry, stationed at Oporto, has been disarmed and and disbanded, for fear the soldiers would join the rioters.

The military and naval officers are advocating that King Charles establish a dictatorship.

ENGINE HURLED INTO RIVER

St. Paul, May 6.—A Menomonie, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The mixed train running on the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road, between Wabasha and this city, met with a severe accident last evening. While rounding a sharp curve about three and a half miles south of this city, a landslide occurred, hurling the engine and tender into the Red Cedar river. A. B. McKahan, a passenger, was injured, but not dangerously. The engineer and fireman saved themselves by jumping.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Freimuth's
Greatest Daylight Store.

May Sale of Fine Wall Papers.

LAST month's wall paper sales were phenomenal, and this month's shall be greater. We are making such low prices on new and attractive wall papers that you do yourself a positive injustice if you buy without looking here. Take these as samples and come tomorrow.

1500 rolls kitchen and hall papers—in clean cut neat patterns—worth 7c and 8c per roll—for this sale, per roll---------- **4½c**

1800 rolls choicest bedroom and living room designs—If you like new, pretty and dainty patterns you can find them in this lot at a saving of from 3c to 8c per roll—for this sale, choice per roll------10c and **7½c**

2100 rolls of store, public hall and church designs, in all new colors and designs—cheap at 25c and 30c per roll—your choice of the lot for this sale at---------18c and **15c**

4000 rolls of handsomest parlor papers will be put on sale tomorrow. We cannot describe them and only ask that you come in and see them. As a hint the price inducement will say that 30c papers will be sold for this sale at, per roll only---------- **25c**

AT WEST DULUTH

The resolution that was introduced at the city council by Alderman McEwen last evening, authorizing the city attorney to negotiate with the street railway company for the construction of the West Duluth extension on Norton and Fifty-ninth avenues west to Sixty-first avenue west, instead of the Grand avenue extension from Fortieth avenue to Sixtieth avenue west, instead of the Grand avenue extension from Fortieth avenue to Sixtieth avenue west, and if successful to consent to the vacation of the court's order, has come as a surprise to a large number of West Duluthians.

The discussion at the Commercial club meeting last Friday evening developed that the sentiment of the people of this part of the city is pretty evenly divided in the matter, and the idea that an alderman from another part of the city has been asked to introduce a resolution that is not agreeable to all the citizens here is looked on with much disfavor, and accusations of bad faith are being made. It is claimed that the proper way to bring the matter before the attention of the city council is for a resolution from a West Duluth alderman, and that the fact that one of these aldermen has not already introduced a resoludon with reference to the matter is because they realize that sentiment is yet too divided to ask the council to take a hand in the matter. Those favoring the Grand avenue extension, as ordered by the court, are hinting that the resolution introduced last evening was a move made under cover by some of the hillside residents who are alleged to be trying to get a street railway line, whether the rest of the people will or will not consent to it. The street railway extension matter is sure to be a lively question at the next meeting of the Commercial club.

WANT A WALK.

A move is under way to provide a sidewalk on Polk street for the men employed at the West Duluth sawmills and who reside south of Main street. Last year a strong effort was made for the opening of Raleigh street from Central avenue through to the mills, but this was defeated, receiving only nine votes in the city council when it required eleven votes to pass the measure. The men employed at the mills, in order to shorten the distance around by Main street, go down from Central avenue to Polk street by means of the stairway off the viaduct and walk up the railroad tracks, which run to the milling district on Polk street. During rainy weather or directly after a rain the walking is very bad on account of the mud, and so numerous have been the complaints that a council committee has investigated the matter and decided that a sidewalk is really necessary. Last evening, at the city council meeting, Alderman Barnes introduced a preliminary resolution relative to the fixing of the location on the north or south side of the street. It will be necessary to find out which side of the street the railroad tracks occupy.

MATRIMONIAL AGENCY.

It would seem from advertisements that have been found in out-of-town papers that the marriage agency in West Duluth, mentioned some weeks ago by The Herald, has been doing quite a business outside this city. In the advertisement it is called the Duluth Corresponding agency, and gentlemen are requested to send 4 cents to insure satisfactory introduction. The agency is said to have an office in one of the Central avenue business blocks.

MAY BEGIN ANOTHER.

There is a probability that another suit may be started against the Northern Pacific Railway company for the reopening of the passenger depot on Central avenue, should the present suit against the company result in a victory for the West End interests. The decision of the court is being watched for with a great deal of interest.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Nelson, who were married in Duluth last week, have returned from their wedding trip to the Twin Cities, and have taken up their residence at West Duluth. They will be at home after May 15.

George Broadwell expects to leave for Split Rock this week, where he will scale logs for the Merrill & Ring company.

Lawrence Gilley is on the sick list.

James Feehly left yesterday for his work in Carlton, after spending Sunday with his family here.

William Lambert has entered the employ of L. Van Praagh and will be found this summer on the cash wagon.

Arthur Boutan left this morning for Bayfield.

George Lund has resigned his position as call boy for the Missabe road at Proctorknott.

Mrs. Thomas Govett has been called to Tower by the death of her father.

Ted Gonyea is able to get out again after an attack of the mumps.

William Nickerson is in one of the West Superior hospitals with an attack of tonsilitis.

Daniel Bishop, of Fond du Lac, was a business caller here yesterday.

A girl was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. R. Gerlach, of 5815 Redruth street.

George Shambo, a county charge at the Red Cross hospital, died last evening of consumption. He was a man about 45 years of age, and so far as known has no family.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

Annual Dramatic and Musical Entertainment

The Annual Dramatic and Musical Entertainment will be given by the Senior Class of the High School, at Assembly Hall, Friday, May 9th, 1902, 8 p. m. Horodora Sextette, Selections from "San Toy," Etc., concluding with the amusing comedy, "A RICE PUDDING," by E. B. Tiffiny, under the sole management of Mr. A. F. M. CUSTANCE. Admission, 25c.

ALL ALONE.

Adam Bede Is Enjoying the Sensation of Lonesomeness.

J. Adam Bede is in the city for a short stay, and he reports that things are looking brighter for him every day over the district. He was informed that The Herald would tonight announce that O. D. Kinney would positively not be a candidate for congress.

"I had expected as much," he said. "I had no idea that he would think seriously of running, and indeed I ventured a prophecy only a few days ago that both he and Senator McCarthy would be out of the field before the end of this week. I hardly think that any other names will be mentioned seriously for the nomination. If they will let me alone I believe that I can harmonize things so that there will be a united party instead of three or four pieces. Then we can all love one another and get along happily. I have already been down looking over the harbor to see what improvements are necessary."

Duluth Lodge 110 D. of H.

A. O. U. W.

Will hold a special meeting at Odd Fellows' hall tomorrow afternoon 2 o'clock to arrange for funeral of Sister Mrs. C. Lundberg. MINNIE WELIER, Recorder.

WANTS DEED.

R. F. Fitzgerald Bought a Lot and Cannot Get It.

Some time ago it was announced that Robert F. Fitzgerald had bought from George W. Sherwood the property adjoining F. D. Day & Co.'s store on the east for $20,000.

This morning Mr. Fitzgerald began a suit in district court to compel Mr. Sherwood to give him a deed to the property. He alleges that on April 15 the defendant agreed to sell him the property for $20,000, and that he paid $500 down to bind the bargain. Since that time he has offered the defendant the balance of the money, and he has refused to accept it and give him the deed. Mr. Fitzgerald alleges that the property is worth more than $20,000, and he asks $2000 damages for the detention of the deed. The property is the west half of lot 53, West Superior street, Duluth proper, First division. Francis W. Sullivan is the attorney.

STUFFED BALLOT BOX.

Cripple Creek, Colo., May 6.—W. W. Ferguson, one of the judges at the school election in Victor, has been arrested on a charge of stuffing the ballot box. Half a dozen persons claimed to have witnessed the casting of the illegal ballots, but Ferguson protested his innocence.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

CARRYING CAPACITY

Railroads Striving Energetically to Make Cars Do Full Work.

The System of Car Demurrage Grows Out of This.

Western Freight Association Rigidly Enforcing Recent Rules.

James Kelly, chairman of the Lake Superior Car Service association, does not deal with car-carrying tonnage, though he is a student of car demurrage. He does not have recourse to the statistics of carload tonnage, but he is a keen observer in the course of his duties in reducing car demurrage to a scientific basis and keeping it there. The railroads believe that a day is sufficient time for unloading a car after it is "spotted," according to the consignee's orders. Mr. Kelly has carried out this belief more thoroughly than it has been worked out anywhere else in this country. The idea back of this is to get out of each car the full maximum capacity, both in time and tonnage. It is the science of modern railway operation.

In the first place, the railways set out to increase their trainload tonnage in order to do this, most of them have fixed a minimum tonnage for each class of locomotives. If the train made up does not reach the minimum tonnage put down on paper for it, the train does not move, and it does not move until the minimum is reached. In order to increase the train tonnage, bridges were strengthened, heavier rails put down and roadbeds were better ballasted. Then heavier locomotives were bought, and now larger freight cars are added as fast as they can be obtained. If it had not been for this movement, it is said that the railroads during the past winter or two would have been powerless to attempt to handle the traffic that was thrust upon them.

During the same time the restriction of car demurrage was begun, and Duluth has been the pioneer in the scientific completion of the system. Ignoring this open port in advance of dispatch and consequently enlargement of capacity of freight equipment, Mr. Kelly, in referring to the smaller number of cars handled by his association here last month than a year ago, drew attention to the improvements that scientific railway operation have worked out in increased tonnage carrying. A mere comparison of the number of cars of freight handled last month with that handled in the same month a year ago means very little, he says, for the reason that all the time greater efficiency in tonnage handling is being obtained.

Mr. Kelly says that already, using merely ordinary powers of observation, he is able to discover results from the application of the new car minimum rules of the Western Freight association, which were explained in The Herald some time ago. These rules are being rigidly enforced, and are resulting in a much greater tonnage per car.

Under the new rules the shipper is charged up with a minimum on a car of a certain capacity, even though the car is not loaded up to that capacity. This minimum differs with the bulk or density of the commodity with which the car is loaded, but when a shipper orders a certain length car for a certain commodity he knows just what minimum freight he has got to pay on that car. The result is that he does not order a 38 or 40-foot car when a 36 or 34-foot will answer the purpose.

Mr. Kelly figures, therefore, that the amount of traffic handled here last month was largely in excess of 1901, though the number of cars was 524 less.

The changes in car minimums referred to above are in line with the great work Mr. Kelly has done here in reducing car demurrage to a scientific basis—cutting off the corners and getting the utmost loading capacity out of a car, as well as getting the utmost hours active time out of the equipment. The same principle is evidenced on the Duluth & Iron Range with reference to locomotives. President House getting the maximum hauling capacity out of all road engines by helping them up the hills.

THE JURORS

Who Will Serve In May Term of District Court.

Those who have been drawn for service as jurors at the May term of district court, which opens tomorrow, have all been served with the pink slips that notify them of the honor that has been conferred upon them. The list is the first drawn out of a collection of 400 names prepared some time ago from which the juries are to be drawn until next March. The lists for the May term follows:

Grand jurors—W. V. Porter, James A. Ferguson, Thomas W. Wahl, George Zopp, Robert T. Freeman, William T. Jackson, Alexander H. Davis, W. A. Holgate, Walter H. Vilette, Charles L. Krueger, Burt Porter, George H. Lounsberry, Walter A. Ashley, L. J. Hopkins, Arthur W. Geggie, James A. Drewitt, Joseph Becks, John D. Allen, Charles T. Fitzsimmons, Charles T. Clement, Duluth; Dennis E. Harkin, Hibbing; Arthur L. Bent, Soudan; Bartol Coffee, Ely.

Petit jurors—Alexander Crawford, Fred R. Lowe, George E. Jones, L. D. French, D. S. Blanchard, James Johnson, Charles Nelmeyer, Louis J. Gibson, Joseph Pierce, Oscar Berglund, Donald C. McKenzie, Julius D. Howard, J. H. Tomlin, G. H. Oppel, George H. Claypool, C. F. Robel, W. L. Smith, Thomas B. Hawkes, Edward Mendenhall, F. A. Lindgren, C. A. Prelps, Melville A. Dunlap, Edward J. Ketchum, Hiram R. Elliott, Fred T. Hall, Henry L. Gilkinson, Edward Hazen, C. T. Strand, Clinton P. McCormick, George McEwen, Duluth; Otto Zebott, Hermantown; J. B. Carlson, Gust Carlson, Peter McHardy, R. L. Griffin, Hibbing; William A. Riddle, Proctorknott; Arthur Stevens, Virginia.

MUNYON'S
Rheumatism Cure

No remedy has cured so many of Rheumatism, Gout and Lumbago has as my Rheumatism Cure. Try it and then bid goodbye to crutches, canes and pains. It does not put the disease to sleep, but drives it from the system. Relieves pain in from one to three hours, and cures generally before one vial has been used.

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap makes the skin soft as velvet, 15c. Sold everywhere.

Munyon's Inhaler Cures Catarrh.

Send for Guide to Health Book free. New York.

CITY FUNDS.

Condition of the Finances at the End of April.

The city has $306,739.13 as a cash balance in all funds, according to the monthly financial statement for April, issued today by Treasurer Voss.

The balance in the permanent improvement revolving fund is $75,886, while in the permanent improvement fund there is a balance of $32,238.

The financial statement is as follows:

INTEREST FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 7,992 36
Receipts for the month	27,751 36
	$ 35,743 73
Disbursements for the month	22,000 00
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 13,743 73
SINKING FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 62,314 13
Receipts for the month	7,291 14
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 69,535 27
FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 8,212 23
Receipts for the month	6,260 92
	$ 14,413 15
Disbursements for the month	6,999 92
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 7,413 23
POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 10,271 51
Receipts for the month	15 00
	$ 10,286 51
Disbursements for the month	3,400 30
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 6,886 21
LIGHT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 875 21
Receipts for the month	5,470 10
	$ 6,345 31
Disbursements for the month	1,922 77
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 4,422 54
WATER FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 7,928 13
Receipts for the month	8,752 26
	$ 16,680 39
Disbursements for the month	6,626 48
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 10,053 91
PUBLIC WORKS FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 1,471 38
Receipts for the month	14,566 83
	$ 16,038 21
Disbursements for the month	6,395 75
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 9,642 46
HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 2,104 81
Receipts for the month	1,641 02
	$ 3,745 89
Disbursements for the month	433 67
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 3,312 22
MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 3,514 71
Disbursements for the month	913 48
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 2,601 23
SALARY FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 3,882 36
Receipts for the month	10,000 00
	$ 13,882 36
Disbursements for the month	2,807 22
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 11,075 14
PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 5,278 57
Receipts for the month	1,482 89
	$ 6,761 46
Disbursements for the month	52 90
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 6,708 56
LIBRARY FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 344 31
Receipts for the month	2,811 89
	$ 3,156 23
Disbursements for the month	1,162 21
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 1,994 02
PARK FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 124 51
Receipts for the month	2,306 84
	$ 2,431 38
Disbursements for the month	109 00
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 2,322 38
WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 6,190 08
Receipts for the month	25,473 48
	$ 31,663 56
Disbursements for the month	15,5.4 92
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 16,598 64
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 25,920 30
Receipts for the month	7,001 39
	$ 33,821 69
Disbursements for the month	1,582 94
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 32,238 75
GENERAL FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 18,414 11
Receipts for the month	23,494 02
	$ 41,908 73
Disbursements for the month	12,224 57
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 29,684 16
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.	
Balance on hand April 1, 1902	$ 75,425 32
Receipts for the month	469 13
	$ 75,894 45
Disbursements for the month	7 77
Balance May 1, 1902	$ 75,886 68
Total cash on hand in all funds	$306,739 13
DEPOSITED.	
First National bank	$182,457 55
American Exchange bank	125,499 85
Certificates in sinking fund	15,225 00
Cash and checks in safe	646 73
	$306,739 13

MOODY A VICE PRESIDENT.

New York, May 6.—At the seventy-fourth annual meeting of the American Seamen's Friend society, W. H. Moody, secretary of the navy, was elected honorary vice president. The report for the year showed more than $33,000 had been distributed and gifts and legacies had been almost as much.

PILES CURED WITHOUT THE KNIFE.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. No Cure, No Pay. All druggists are authorized by the manufacturers of Pazo Ointment to refund money where it fails to cure any case of piles, no matter of how long standing. Cures ordinary cases in six days; the worst cases in fourteen days. One application gives ease and rest. Relieves itching instantly. This is a new discovery and is the only pile remedy sold on a positive guarantee, no cure no pay. Price 50c. If your druggist don't keep it in stock send us 50c in stamps and we will forward same by mail. Manufactured by PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis, Mo., who also manufacture the celebrated cold cure, Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets.

Lester Park.

Rain or shine there will be a dance Thursday.

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

At the lowest priced housefurnishers at the head of the lakes and the terms made to suit you. A grand wholesale cut and slash in prices in Carpets, Rugs and Lace Curtains. Come in and examine the finest assortment and compare quality.

OUR QUALITY IS BEST!

ANOTHER GRAND SLASH IN FURNITURE PRICES

This Chair, worth $10, for— **$5**

This Sideboard, worth $23, only— **$15**

This Chair only— **$1.50**

BAYHA & CO.,

YOUR MONEY-SAVERS In Housefurnishing Goods of All Kinds

24 AND 26 EAST SUPERIOR STREET.

DULUTH OFFICERS

(Continued from page 1.)

Steel Barge company. A. B. Wolvin is manager of the Pittsburg Steamship company, president of the Superior Shipbuilding company and is identified with many of the largest transportation projects on the lakes. A. M. Marshall is president of the Marshall-Wells Hardware company. Charles A. Duncan is of the Duncan-Brewer Lumber company, has been a member of the board of water and light commissioners of the city and its president for several years. F. A. Patrick is the head of P. A. Patrick & Co., wholesale dry goods. George M. Rittenhouse is a large wholesale commission man of New York city, located at 154 Reade street. He contemplates removing to Duluth, having important interests in this development.

The Highland Canal and Power company is a purely local organization, incorporated under the laws of the state of Minnesota, for the purpose of constructing, maintaining and operating a system of canals and reservoirs as located and designed by F. A. Cokefair, chief engineer of the company, for the development of hydraulic and electric power at the head of Lake Superior. While the actual work of construction and operation will be done by this company, it will in reality be under the direction and control of an important Eastern organization, known as the Northwestern Power and Transportation company, incorporated under the laws of the state of New Jersey, having a full paid capital stock of $5,000,000, and an authorized bond issue for a like amount, through which the entire project is being financed. All of the local directors of the Highland Canal and Power company are also interested as stockholders in the Eastern organization, and a number of these will shortly be made directors of that company also, in connection with prominent Eastern capitalists already identified with it, and also the bondholders.

The amount of power available under this system is 250,000 ten-hour electric horse power. The drainage area covers over 2500 square miles, at an elevation approximating 1000 feet above Lake Superior. The available fall from Duluth Heights to the harbor is 735 feet, or about five times that of Niagara. There is an immediate demand for about 30,000 horse power, for which contracts are now being secured, deliverable on and after May 1, 1904. Further installations will be made as required.

As the prices at which contracts for power are now being made average only about one-half the present cost of steam power, it is confidently predicted that there will be a rapidly increasing demand.

Active operations on the construction of the system are expected to begin by midsummer. All of the preliminary work is practically finished, and will be entirely so by the end of this month. All the men will be in from the field by that time, all levels and topographical conditions will be platted, and the entire contour of the country shown in five-foot levels.

The papers in condemnation proceedings for acquiring the lands which the company must secure will be filed within a few days. As has been stated before, there will be several actions in order that several sets of commissioners may be appointed in order to expedite the work. As soon as the report of the commissioners is filed the land will be bought and the company will begin work.

The Cloquet dam and the embankments of the large reservoir will be built first, and it is expected to have this main reservoir ready to accumulate water by winter. By spring it will have accumulated enough to give a good supply for logging, and the following spring will be filled and ready for the furnishing of power in the city of Duluth.

As before stated the company expects to furnish power in Duluth on May 1, 1904. It will be impossible to get the hydraulic and electric machinery in time to furnish power much before then. It is impossible to get electrical machinery in less than from twelve to eighteen months after ordered, so crowded are the plants of the country.

The proposition is one that appeals to all familiar with water power projects with much force. Nowhere in the world is there a water power development of such magnitude that shows so small a cost for construction, and with such a large demand for power at hand. When the Niagara development was started the first installation was only 15,000 horse power, and the company began with contracts for but 2000 horse power. This was in 1897. Already this has been increased to 55,000, and work is now underway on additional installation that will bring the total to 200,000. Not only that, but the company has a demand for almost the entire amount, and practically all of this comes from new institutions that have been attracted by the cheap power.

With the great abundance of raw material which is at hand at Duluth, and the favorable transporttion facilities at the head of the lakes, with cheap power installed, Duluth and Superior are expected to at once become the most natural and favorable point for manufacturing in the Northwest.

Francis A. Cokefair, the engineer of the company, is the man with whom the project originated. It is he who discovered the peculiar topography of the country back of Duluth that almost justifies the belief that it was designed by nature for water power development. Under his direction the project has been thoroughly mapped out, the preliminary work entirely completed and the whole matter placed in readiness to lay before the financiers. The excellence of his judgment is attested by the fact that every engineer before whom it has been laid—and the finest in the country have passed upon it—has endorsed it completely.

The completion of the system will naturally bring Mr. Cokefair into much prominence in the engineering world, for this will be one of the most astonishing water power developments in the world. It will also attract much attention to Duluth because of its unusual character. There are other high head water-power systems in existence, but none so large or so complete as this will be. There are some that have an even higher head, notably Pike's Peak, where the fall is 1100 feet as compared with 735 at Duluth, but the amount of power generated is small. All of the other high head systems derive their water supply from small streams, while this can draw from a drainage area of 2500 square miles and can furnish power to an extent that is amazing to those familiar with high head systems.

To Adopt Resolutions.

A part of the morning in district court tomorrow will be set aside to a memorial by the St. Louis county bar on the death of the late Daniel C. Dickinson. A short time ago a committee of attorneys was appointed to draw up resolutions upon Judge Dickinson's death to be submitted to the bar. Tomorrow morning the calendar is called, and as there will be a large meeting of the bar the resolutions that have been prepared will be read and appropriate talks will be made by members of the bar.

CUBAN SUGAR

Buyer Mott Continues Testimony Concerning Trust Purchases.

Washington, May 6.—Henry C. Mott, raw sugar buyer for the American Sugar Refining company, continued his testimony before the senate committee on relations with Cuba today. He said that the trust purchases of Cuban sugar from Oct. 1, 1901, to Jan. 1, 1902, was 45,100 tons.

There was no way of showing from the books of the trust what Americans own sugar plantations in Cuba.

Mr. Mott said that owing to the cost of storing sugar and the deterioration of stored sugars, the refiners kept very little on hand and made an effort to keep only a sufficient supply to meet the demands amounting to 35,000 tons per week. The committee adjourned until tomorrow.

O'LEARY'S CASH GROCERY,

The Old Reliable Store.

17 East Superior St

Bananas	per doz.	15c
Cucumbers	at, each	5c
Tomatoes	Fresh—per lb.	10c
Pie Plant	per lb.	3c
Cocoanut	In bulk—per lb	15c
Sour Pickles	per gal.	25c
Peaches	—Evaporated—per b.	7½c
Eggs,	Strictly Fresh, per dozen	16c
Lard	Pure Leaf Lard, per lb.	11c
Maple Syrup	per quart 50c—per gal.	75c

WOMEN'S LABEL LEAGUE.

Meets In National Convention at Peoria, Ill.

Peoria, Ill., May 6.—The national convention of the Women's International Union Label league was called to order this morning by National President Mrs. Ellen Lillibridge, of Streator, Ill. There are 180 delegates present from all parts of the United States and the sessions of the convention will continue until next Friday evening. The question of continuing the death benefit of the order now in force promises interesting developments, the measure being supported by Mrs. Lillibridge and Eastern delegates and opposed by Mrs. Lillie Reuter, president of the local league No. 14, of Peoria, who claims the Illinois delegation and many Western delegates.

WILLIAM ROACH SICK.

New York, May 6.—Former United States Senator William Roach, of North Dakota, is seriously ill at his home, 248 West One Hundred and Twelfth street, this city, from Septic poisoning.

When your druggist says, he hasn't got Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, send your money to us, we'll send it postpaid. Don't be fooled with a worthless substitute. Ask your druggist.

Sets of Teeth $6.00
Crowns ------ $5.00

Duluth Dental Parlors,
3 West Superior St.

$500 Reward!

As a reward for the push of the department and the interest displayed by the people—the receipts for GAS in April were $500 more than the receipts in April 1901.

Ranges, Stoves and Lamps Sold at Cost.

Wall Paper

Have you seen our new and popular patterns? They are beauties—and the price—so low—that you can't help buying. Paper for a whole room at 50c.

SUTTON'S,
14 West Superior Street.

For a Drink of Good Whisky
Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

The BEST and only practical optician in the city.
C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works
Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.
F. L. RITTEL, Prop.
6 East Superior Street.
Zenith 'phone, 1375. Bell, 645.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

Nature Smiling
While Thousands Suffer.

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

The Great Spring Health Giver Makes Sick People Well.

A Prominent Clergyman Tells How He Escaped From His Deadly Perils.

When spring comes with its gentle showers, its balmy air, its bright sunshine and bursting buds, it too often brings to our homes scenes of suffering and physical decay.

The seeds of disease, which were imperceptibly germinating during the winter months, have developed and planted in the system dangers that now call for our instant care and attention. Neglect and procrastination will only deepen existing perils and lead to death.

Before the advent of spring, you must have noted symptoms, perhaps of indigestion, dyspepsia, rheumatism, neuralgia, kidney disease, liver complaint, functional irregularities, or nervous disorders.

Take warning, sufferers! the symptoms you experience are signals of disease. Delay not another day; hesitation and indecision on your part may forever seal your fate. If you have already made efforts to banish your troubles by the use of other medicines and the treatment of physicians, and they have failed, we counsel you to put your full trust in that great disease banisher, Paine's Celery Compound. Its use for a week or two will convince you that you have truly commenced a new existence. Rev. W. E. Aldridge, a leading and prominent clergyman of Birmingham, Ala., says:

"I had been afflicted for ten years with what I thought to be heart disease, but after having the physicians examine me, I learned that I was almost dead from indigestion. They told me they could give me medicine that would relieve me, but there was no permanent cure. Then I began using Paine's Celery Compound, which gave me immediate relief, and I am now well and enjoying good health. I can recommend Paine's Celery Compound to be the best medicine for all ailments; if people will use the Compound freely, they will have no doctors' bills to pay."

DIAMOND DYES are the simplest dyes made. A child can use them.

IS TO BEGIN.

Work on Tenth Avenue Viaduct Is Actually to Begin.

Actual work of construction on the Tenth avenue west foot bridge will begin tomorrow morning.

For years the men that work along the harbor front have urged the building of the bridge. It is estimated that 400 workingmen are compelled to walk across the dangerous railroad yards every twenty-four hours to get to and from their work during the season of navigation.

Many of these men are compelled to walk late at night, and several bad accidents have occurred as a result. With the steel foot viaduct from Piedmont avenue to Railroad street, this danger will be avoided.

Dredging In April.

The amount of dredging in the harbor for the month of April was but 152,102 cubic yards. There was no dredging in the local harbor during the month of April of last year, and last month only three of the Lake Superior Contracting and Dredging company's dredges were at work, while the Barker estate dredges did scarcely any work until the closing days of the month. Dredging will be under full headway this month.

Stroke of Paralysis.

Col. Albert C. Barlow, of the city comptroller's office, was stricken with paralysis shortly after he went to work this morning. He was removed to his home at 218 Twelfth avenue east. At a late hour this afternoon it was reported that the stroke was even more severe than at first supposed. Col. Barlow has been connected with the comptroller's office for the past twelve years.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best because adhesive, invisible, harmless. Flesh, white, brunette tints, 25c.

A Pretty Anniversary Gift.

The firm of Johnson & Moe, of the West End big department store, is celebrating its eleventh anniversary, and as a reminder, presented each lady visiting the store between 1 and 2 p. m. today with a beautiful cut rose or carnation. In spite of the inclement weather a large number of ladies were present, and each carried away a dainty remembrance.

CAUSE OF MOVEMENT

Considerable Doing In East Superior Street Business Property.

Expected That It May Become Commission House District.

Northern Pacific Figuring on Track In Rear of Lots.

A great many people have wondered at the very active movement in business property on the lower side of East Superior street which has been going on during the past few weeks. The cause has been kept a secret, but it is out at last. It is the firm belief of the men that have invested many thousands of dollars in this property that East Superior street will be a continuation of the commission house row on Michigan street. The reason for this is the expectation that the Northern Pacific railway will within sixty days complete a new spur track running along the back of the lots on East Superior street from First avenue east to Fitger's brewery. As a matter of fact, it appears that the arrangements for this track have not been closed, but it seems to be accepted that the railway and the parties interested will get together in a few days.

The building of this track would give the lots on the lower side of East Superior street the same terminal facilities as are now enjoyed by the commission houses on Michigan street. The Northern Pacific owns a right-of-way in the rear of these lots and down to the lake shore. East of Third avenue east it owns the lower ninety feet of the lots affected by the proposed track, and would not therefore be under the expense of buying or condemning right-of-way. It is supposed that the spur will turn abruptly toward the rear of the lots across the wide, broad space committed to public domain in the rear of the block between Second and Third avenues east.

The track would be costly to build. There is a deep cut to make and lots of earth to move, while it is said that there would also be rock to blast. It was the expense of this construction that caused a temporary holding up of the plans for the track. The engineering department of the road is said to have made a preliminary survey and determined the estimated cost, but it staggered the general freight department, which has no authority to deal with anything prospective.

When the project was held up by the freight department, those interested are said to have gone to another department whose jurisdiction is less circumscribed. Negotiations began that it is promised are likely to bring results very shortly. Some men interested in recent deals on East Superior street claim that the matter is as good as settled. The railway company, however, can see nothing immediately in sight except the freight from the Fitger brewery. It is claimed for the latter that it pays more rail freight than Stone-Ordean-Wells and F. A. Patrick & Co. combined. At present it has to team all its freight—both raw materials and product—to and from the loading tracks a number of blocks distant.

In a purely speculative way, it is regarded that East Superior street property is the next available for the commission and packing houses to seek. They have already filled nearly all the desirable space between the Union depot and First avenue east. All the property that is left is said to be held in strong hands, and the ruling price is in the neighborhood of $400 a front foot. Sales on the lower side of East Superior street have been made as a general thing for less than half that sum.

As showing the tendency of values lately, a certain real estate man about a year ago bought 24 feet on the lower side of the street for $1050, or about $44 a front foot. A few days ago he sold for $2400, or $100 a front foot. A few weeks ago lot 23, and a half of lot 24, block 5, Portland, which are just east of Third avenue east, on the lower side of the street, sold for $85 a front foot. The lots just east of Third avenue east are held at $105 a foot. W. W. Billson paid a little less than $200 a front foot for the Ehle shoe store property a couple of weeks ago.

There have been many rumors about commission houses locating in this area, and also that the Duluth & Iron Range road was about to build a new and enlarged freight warehouse well west of its Endion depot and warehouse. The latter report at least is positively denied on the best authority.

One thing is certain, and that is, a great deal of property on East Superior street, and particularly on the lower side of the street, between Second avenue east and Sixth avenue east, has either changed hands lately, or is in very strong hands. The Fitger people are said to own most of the block and a half on which their brewery stands, and extending west to Fifth avenue east.

Fitger & Co. decline to confirm the report that a track will be built, but the report is said to be generally accepted.

IT HELPS.

Rainfall Pleasing to Lumbermen With Logs to Drive.

Men who have logs or cedar in or along the banks of interior streams are rejoicing over the rainfall of today. The better feeling is largely anticipative yet, however, for more rain is needed to bring the streams up to a good driving stage. The Cloquet is now largely used for floating logs and cedar down to the railways or into the St. Louis, and it is said that that stream is very short of water this spring.

Already, driving is being done on the Nemadji, which, however, owing to the denudation of timber along or tributary to its banks has fallen from its high estate as a logging stream. People who had logs on the Nemadji were afraid they would not be able to get them down without further rains, but one lumberman said yesterday that the stage of water had proven sufficient to get the drive started. How long they might have water enough he considered a serious question.

THE SOUTH.

Charles A. Wright Finds Large Development---Northerners Invest.

Charles A. Wright, president of the Wright-Clarkson Mercantile company, and Mrs. Wright have returned from the South, where they have spent the past six months. The visit was made partially for Mr. Wright's health and partially to look after his business interests in the South. Much of the time was spent on Avery island, which is situated in the bay about 150 miles west of New Orleans. The island forms a plantation for Gen. Avery, whose family is one of the oldest in the South. Mr. Wright also made trips to Texas and to Beaumont.

"The South is developing very rapidly," said Mr. Wright this afternoon. Northern people are familiar with the fact that people from this part of the country have invested largely in timber in Louisiana. I find that this timber has mostly all been bought up by Northerners.

"In addition to the development of the lumbering industry, Northerners are putting lots of money in developing the country in many ways. New Orleans has made special effort to enlist capital in new manufacturing enterprises and is succeeding well. The discovery of oil in such almost unlimited quantities in the Beaumont field has made fuel so cheap there that fine natural inducements await the Northern hustler. I believe that there are great opportunities for capital there, if it is directed with the energy that characterizes operations in the North.

"The Southerner is friendly to these invasions of the Northerner. He no longer looks distrustingly at his brother from the North, but hopes for him to come. The Southerner is no a developer. He is content to go along as he always has, living on the fair income his plantation brings him. He is distinctively a planter by instinct and spirit. He hopes for the development of his country, but he doesn't do much toward hastening it. In saying that, I mean no reflection upon the Southerner; his nature in this respect is what his climate and his ancestors have made it.

"The chief industries in the middle South aside from lumbering are sugar and rice. The effect of pending tariff legislation has held back the sugar business, but there has been amazing development of waste lands for the production of rice. Low arid stretches along the railroads that had been considered useless because they could not be watered are being reclaimed by modern systems of irrigation. Wells are being sunk and the land flooded. Large profits per acre are thus prepared for. Northerners seem to be back of or interested largely in this movement. What Southerners are interesting themselves are of the young school.

"At Beaumont, they have a lively town, which is developing rapidly. New gushers are being found right along, and I believe that Beaumont now has 127 of them. There are dusters, of course, but I imagine that there are not so many in the oil fifeld proper as have been printed in the North have indicated. These dusters are remote from Spindle Top, the center of the gusher district. The oil men are rapidly getting in shape to dispose of the produce of their wells. They have been unable to get tank cars or tank vessels in sufficient number to put their oil on the market in any quantity to speak of, but have been building pipe lines to gulf water, and their difficulties seem pretty nearly at an end. Many of them expect that ultimately their properties will become pumping wells and they are installing machinery to place them on that basis when it is needed."

VERY SLOW.

The Movement of Coal Continues to Be Very Light.

The expected gain in the movement of bituminous coal from the mines to lower lake docks has not taken place. At least if it has it is not reflected in the volume of receipts here. A week or so ago The Herald noted a shortage on all the docks except those of the Pioneer and Ohio coal companies. Since then the tendency has been toward a greater and more general paucity of supplies. Now all the docks are short.

The difficulty, as was explained at the opening of navigation, is that the coal carrying roads are not able to furnish the equipment necessary to haul the coal requisitioned by the Northwestern docks. The season began with the local docks short of enough coal to meet their contracts with the railway companies. When the opening came there were very few cargoes of coal loaded at Lake Erie ports, a custom that heretofore has been pursued every winter season. The early opening of navigation, therefore, afforded only temporary relief here, for while it brought in some additions to the stocks on hand it also brought additional consumers, in the form of vessels themselves, and in additional industrial activity in the Northwest. The saving that was made by the falling off in demand for coal for heating purposes as a result of the end of winter was a bagatelle as compared with the additional demand that was caused by the starting up of summer season industries dependent on steam coal.

Coal is still coming up the lakes very slowly because the railroads are not furnishing the cars to haul it to the docks. Nobody in the business here seems to be in a position to discuss the matter with much freedom. All coal men say that it is merely a matter of conjecture with them. They expect a freer movement from the mines, however, and on the whole believe that adequate supplies to cover the current year's demands of approximately 2,500,000 tons may be gotten from the usual districts without getting very much coal all rail.

What Illinois coal came here last winter was not kindly received. It runs very largely to ash and mineral matter and is short in carbon. The results gained under the same boilers as Eastern bituminous has always been burned under are said to have been very disappointing. There is such a slight difference in the cost in favor of the Illinois product that it is said to have been consumed here at a considerable loss.

SITUATION UNCHANGED.

No Change In the Iron Molders' Strike.

There was no change in the strike of the iron molders today. Last evening the Lake Superior Foundrymen's association offered to formally recognize the union and employ only union men, but would not consent to shorten the working hours from 10 to 9 or increase the pay from $2.25 to $3.00 a day. Another conference is being talked of, as the union declined to consider the offer made last night.

She's a radiant, witching, wondrous gem that beautiful, blushing wife of mine. She is an angel on earth, so you can be, only take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

RUMORS OF SALE

Report That Wolvin Building, Now Erecting, May Be Sold.

Eastern Trust or Insurance Company Said to Be After It.

Regarded as Fine Investment---No Deal Closed as Yet.

A well-defined rumor has been current for a number of days that a deal is on for the purchase of the new Wolvin building, which is being erected at the corner of First street and Third avenue west for the occupancy of the Steel corporation mining, railway and steamship companies. Men who are interested in the company that is putting up the building deny with considerable emphasis the truth of a report that the building has actually been sold. Some consider the emphasis so marked as to be suspicious.

The original report was to the effect that the new Federal National bank, which a syndicate of Michigan and Wisconsin bankers is contemplating establishing here, would be the purchaser. The report may have had its origin in speculation as to what desirable location the new bank could get just now unless it went into the steel building. It is considered by many that it would be impossible for the bank itself to carry such a large item of real estate on a capital of $500,000.

At any rate, it is denied absolutely that the new bank or the people interested in it are involved in the deal for the Wolvin building. On the other hand the impression has gained a great deal of ground that the probable purchaser is an Eastern trust or insurance company.

The building is considered to be one of the most stable income-bearing investments that could be made in Duluth. All but the ground entrance offices have been leased in advance to the steel corporation subsidiary companies for a term of ten years on a basis that is said to net 6 per cent on the amount of the investment. After paying the interest on the bonds that will be issued, it is said this income will be equal to over 7 per cent on the net investment.

The building is estimated to cost $285,000 to build, while the site is valued at $75,000, or a total investment of $360,000 on the part of the builders. The contemplated bonded indebtedness is said to be $110,000, which has been placed at 5 per cent interest. The Board of Trade building was built when labor was the cheapest it has been for several decades, but it is of the old type of iron construction, which was more expensive than the new steel construction. While the buildings are much alike, therefore, the $313,000 invested in the Board of Trade can hardly be used as a fair comparison with the cost of the Wolvin building, particularly as that figure includes the site on a basis of only $50,000, which figure the board of trade paid for it at the bottom of the depression.

The principal owners of the Wolvin building include A. B. Wolvin, A. S. Chase and George C. Howe.

LOG TOWING.

Rafts May Come Through Canal Under Certain Restrictions.

A new set of regulations governing the towing of log rafts in the Duluth-Superior harbor has been prepared by Capt. D. D. Gaillard, engineer in charge of this district, and approved by the assistant secretary of war. They are important to the head of the lakes lumber interests that have depended largely on the logs towed here for cutting, from the fact that they not only permit the passage of wider rafts through the Wisconsin entry, but permit of towing through the Duluth ship canal, under certain restrictions.

This year all the rafts entering or leaving the harbor by the Wisconsin entry shall not exceed 2000 feet in length, nor be more than 200 feet wide. Rafts must be handled by enough tugs to give at least 150 feet of clear passage way on one side for passing vessels.

The rafts coming through the Duluth entry must be made into pockets by connecting the outside boomsticks with cross boomsticks at distances apart not exceeding 200 feet. The maximum width of any one pocket cannot be over 125 feet when passing through the canal. Enough tugs must be employed to keep at least half of the canal clear. The total length of a raft must not exceed 1400 feet.

Greater limitations are put on the use of the Duluth canal for the reason it is not so wide as the Superior entry and because it is used by more vessels than the old entry.

There have been no rafts through the ship canal thus far this season nor will there be any for several days to come. It was expected that the Lesure Lumber company, which has about 1,000,000 feet of logs cut at Woodland banked on the lake shore at Thirty-sixth and Portieth avenues east, would be the first to begin towing rafts, but Manager Van Vleit said this noon that it will be a month yet before the logs are towed in.

IS ALLAYED.

Anxiety As to the Forest Fires Lessened By the Rains.

The rains of the past few days have been quite general over the timber districts of Northern Wisconsin and Minnesota, and are said to have allayed the anxiety that was beginning to be felt by a number of the timber landowners as to forest fires.

The lack of snow during the late spring and scarcity of rains have, up to within the past few days, caused a dryer condition in the timber lands than in ordinary years, and the danger usually apprehended from fire during the dry summer and fall months was commencing to be noted among the men that have timber lands.

The recent rains have been most felt in the Wisconsin rivers that empty into Lake Superior, and already large orders have been coming in for men to drive logs on the rivers.

Summer logging has also begun in some parts of Northern Wisconsin, particularly those portions where there is a sandy soil. The summer logging in the heavy clay country will not begin for several weeks yet.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble and Don't Know it.

How To Find Out.

Fill a bottle or common glass with your water and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates an unhealthy condition of the kidneys; if it stains your linen it is evidence of kidney trouble; too frequent desire to pass it or pain in the back is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are out of order.

What to Do.

There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy fulfills every wish in curing rheumatism, pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passage. It corrects inability to hold water and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists in 50c. and $1. sizes.

You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful discovery and a book that tells more about it, both sent absolutely free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Home of Swamp-Root.

PERSONALS.

James McCardle and Charles E. Eld left over the Great Northern today for Union, Oregon.

F. B. Rossom, of Virginia, is a guest at the St. Louis.

John G. Murphy will leave on the Fast Mail this afternoon for Chicago.

James Lackeye, one of the leading character actors of the country, and Ray L. Royce, whose character comedy parts have made him quite famous, are at the Spalding. They are members of the "York State Folks" company.

Mrs. Phelan and Miss Phelan have gone to Pike lake to occupy their summer cottage.

E. A. Kremer, G. F. Kremer and A. A. Kremer, of Grand Rapids, will leave over the South Shore this evening for Saginaw.

J. E. Jopling, mining engineer for Pickands, Mather & Co., arrived here from Marquette this morning.

W. C. Woodward, mayor of Tower, and A. B. Coates, of Virginia, are guests at the Spalding today.

F. W. Ross will leave over the Omaha this afternoon for Mexico. Mrs. Ross and children will go East.

A. G. Jones, of Iron Mountain, Mich., son of J. T. Jones, is at the St. Louis.

John McKay came down from Grand Marais on yesterday's boat and is at the St. Louis.

Capt. J. F. Johns, of the steamer Matoa, was visiting friends in Duluth yesterday.

M. S. Burrows is in New York.

Mrs. T. J. Pierce is visiting friends in Mankato, Minn.

James King Steele, manager of Freimuth's department store, has returned from the East.

Dr. and Mrs. Horace Davis have returned, and are at the St. Louis.

Mrs. John Mewhinney and small son, John, Jr., are visiting Mr. Mewhinney at Eveleth and will spend a part of next week before returning to Duluth.

Chief Troyer, of the police department, left last evening for Louisville, where he will attend the international convention of the chiefs of police of the United States and Canada.

E. B. Force, desk sergeant at police headquarters, left for Chicago last evening, where he will undergo an operation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Patton leave this evening for an extended visit to Eastern cities. While away Mr. Patton will make investigations of several different kinds of street paving in the interest of the city.

East First Street Lot

Upper side, near 21st avenue—choice. A. C. VOLK & CO., Palladio Building.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

"Parlor theater"—don't miss it tonight.

Hannan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

Ed Hollinshead, chemist of the L. W. Leithhead Drug company, and Miss Lillian A. Sperry were married this afternoon at the home of the bride's uncle, Mortimer Stearns, Fifty-fifth avenue east and Regent street. Rev. A. W. Ryan performed the ceremony. The marriage was a quiet affair. The bride and groom will go South for a bridal trip on the Twilight Limited this afternoon. No cards will be issued.

Dr. Homer Colling has removed his office to 302-304 New Jersey building.

Professor Ourat will give the season's closing party Wednesday, May 7.

The annual meeting of the St. Louis county Medical society will be held Wednesday evening at the Spalding hotel. The business session will follow the banquet, which will be held at 7 o'clock.

George Hastings, an employe of the Alger-Smith saw mill, was struck by a rolling log this morning. One leg was broken and he sustained a slight scalp wound. He was removed to St. Mary's hospital.

Charles A. Stark & Co. will be at 213 Palladio building after Monday, May 5, 1902.

Joseph John and Peter Santerre, former subjects of the king of Grent Britain, and Olaf Flaaten, a former subject of the king of Norway and Sweden, have become citizens of the United States.

The Ladies' Aid society of the First Baptist church will give a supper and strawberry festival at the church on Wednesday evening at 6:30. Price 25c.

H. Bevier has taken out a permit for a three-story brick apartment house, to be erected on the triangular piece of property between Michigan street and Piedmont avenue, opposite the Point of Rocks. The preliminary estimate is $7000.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Little Jake, the popular saloonkeeper has reopened at 527 West Michigan street.

Parlor Theater—season's greatest show.

John N. Sharrow, of 1542 West Michigan street, was arrested this morning on complaint of H. C. Withrow, the humane officer, who alleges that Sharrow directed his young son to go on the Northern Pacific railroad property and pick up coal.

At the First M. E. church the Woman's Foreign Missionary society will meet tomorrow at 3 p. m. Mrs. George H. Pruden will review "Chund Dra Sela." A number of letters will be read, among which is one from Miss Christe Williams.

The will of Emma V. D. Bonsall, of New York, was filed this morning in the office of Judge of Probate Bonham. The personal property is valued at $200,000, and some real estate is owned in this county.

SAMPSON

Failing Rapidly and May Die at Any Moment.

Washington, May 6.—Admiral Sampson today had a violent hemorrhage. His condition is critical.

At 2 p. m. Admiral Sampson was unconscious and breathing laboriously. His physician states that he is failing rapidly, and that the end may come at any moment. For several days past the admiral has grown weaker, and the hemorrhage this morning brought on the sinking spell.

The hemorrhage from which Admiral Sampson suffered this morning was from the brain. At this hour (2:45 p. m.) his unconsciousness is very profound.

FOR HIBBING.

President Appoints Stephen R. Kirby as Postmaster.

Washington, May 6.—The president today sent the the following nominations to the senate:

Alex O. Brodie, governor of Arizona; Nelson Read Johnson, District of Columbia, second lieutenant of infantry.

Postmasters: Iowa — Martin K. Wheelan, Estherville; Frank G. Atherton, Osage. Michigan—James Buckley, Petosky; Frank B. Watson, Three Rivers. Minnesota—Stephen R. Kirby, Hibbing. Montana—George W. Huffaker, Helena. North Dakota—C. Arnold, Larimore.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, May 6.—The house today adjourned immediately after the reading of the journal, out of respect to the memory of Representative J. J. Salmon, of New Jersey. This is the third consecutive legislative day on which the house has paid a similar tribute of respect to one of its deceased members. Never before in its history have three desks been draped at the same time.

In the senate the calendar was cleared of private pension measures, ninety bills being passed.

Other bills were passed as follows: To pay $1500 to Mrs. Martha West, of Stevensville, Mont., for property taken by the United States troops in the Sioux war, in Minnesota in 1860; to fix the fees of jurors in United States courts at $3 a day; to refer the claim of John S. Mosby vs. the United States for the value of certain tobacco to the court of claims; to pay Mrs. P. J. Getty, administratrix, $700 for property destroyed in the Sioux war in Minnesota; to amend an act to establish a code of laws for the District of Columbia as to imprisonment of offenders; directing the secretary of the treasury to issue to Eliza A. Goodwin, executor of the estate of Alax W. Goodwin, duplicates of stolen United States bonds amounting to $7200.

SIX LIVES

Were Lost In the Cloudburst at Foss.

Oklahoma City, O. T., May 6.—It is now known that six lives were lost in the cloudburst at Foss on the Choctaw & Oklahoma railroad. Fifteen houses were carried away. The dead:

MRS. BUTTERFIELD and granddaughter.

MRS. HUTCHINSON.

MRS. MORGAN and son.

Man, name unknown.

The cloudburst raised Turkey creek to a depth of 10 feet and the flood reached Foss at 6:30 with such suddenness that the people in the valley could not reach high ground. Relief has been sent to Foss from Oklahoma City and other points.

CROP CONDITIONS.

Country East of Rockies Has Been Favored.

Washington, May 6.—The Weather Bureau's weekly summary of crop conditions is as follows: Nearly the entire country east of the Rockies has experienced a week of highly favorable temperature conditions and the Central valleys, lake region, Middle Atlantic states, and portions of Texas and Oklahoma have received generally ample rain, but in places it has been unevenly distributed. Excessive rains have retarded farm work in Northern New England and the northern portion of the wheat region, while the Central and East Gulf states and portions of the South Atlantic coast are in need of water. The Middle and Southern Rocky mountain regions continue to suffer from severe drought with disastrous effects to crops and live stock.

Over the western portion of the plateau region and on the Pacific coast, the week has been decidedly cool with heavy frosts in the plateau districts. Dry and warm weather is much needed in Washington and Oregon.

Except in portions of Iowa and Missouri, where corn planting has been interfered with by heavy rains, this work has made very favorable progress in the states of the central valleys and the early planted is generally germinating well. Some planting has been done in South Dakota and planting will be commenced this week in Michigan. Preparations for planting in the extreme northern portion of the corn belt are well advanced and the soil is in generally excellent condition. In the Southern states corn has made favorable progress, though needing rain in portions of the east gulf districts. A heavy improvement in condition of winter wheat is reported from the central valleys, lake region and middle Atlantic states.

The crop, however, has suffered in portions of Nebraska, Kansas and Texas and in the last named state has failed so rapidly in sections that some will be plowed up for other crops. Favorable reports continue from California, except in the southern part. In Oregon and Washington the crop, though late, is in promising condition, especial in Oregon.

Spring wheat seeding has been delayed in North Dakota and Northern Minnesota, but has made favorable progress in the southern portion of the spring wheat region, where the early sown has germinated well and is in good condition and growing vigorously.

INJUNCTION DENIED.

St. Louis, May 6.—In circuit court rooms Nos. 6 and 7, presided over respectively by Judges Fisher and Taft, the application for an injunction made by the National league, to restrain Shortstop Wallace, Pitcher Harper and Centerfielder Heidrick from playing with the St. Louis American league team was denied in all three cases today.

GARDNER'S CHARGES.

Washington, May 6.—When the Philippine committee met today Senator Lodge presented a cable from Gen. Chaffee, giving the charges and specifications of Maj. Gardner relative to Tayabas province. These consisted of allegations that troops had burned buildings, ill treatment of natives by Lieut. George De G. Catlin and rape of five women by soldiers. Senator Lodge stated to the committee that Catlin had been under treatment for deranged mind.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Umbrella Time!

Special Lines $1.75—
Of good Gloria—cover and tassel—a large quantity of plain or fancy handles.

Extra Good at $2.50—
In a variety of handles.

Pure Silk $3.90—
Black or colored, plain or fancy handles.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

Rainy Day or Walking Skirts!

A short skirt to be right must be short, must be trim and tidy, cut so that it doesn't sag in the back, and hang so that it doesn't flop in and out every time you take a step.

We have such for $6.75, well tailored, made of heavy cheviot, with seven gores and stitched around the bottom.

At $7.50 we have them on Venetian, made with five gores and a flaring flounce; trimmed with 4 rows of vertical tucks; and a flounce with a stitched band for a heading.

We have them in gray, blue, tan, oxford—nearly any color you want, and the prices go from $5.75 to $18.50.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

"The Master Strokes!"

Manufacturing tailors—women's garment makers buy fabrics just as artists buy colors. The materials themselves have comparatively small value!

It's the treatment they receive after they purchase that makes them either commonplace or artistic!

It's the "artistic touch" in our handsome spring suits, jackets and wraps of every sort that makes other ready to wear garments look "insignificant" along side of them!

And yet, our prices are no higher than you'll pay for the ordinary kind at lots of stores!

Try it and find out for yourself—if you haven't already done so!

Never too late to learn!

Silberstein & Bondy Company

HEAVY RAINS.

Stillwater, Okla., May 6.—Numerous culverts and bridges in Oklahoma have been washed out by the heavy rains of the past few days.

Resumes Summer Schedule.

Commencing Sunday, April 27th, the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railway, will resume their summer schedule. Train No. 8, the Boston and New York Limited, for all points East, will leave Duluth daily, 6:45 p. m., and will arrive at Duluth from the East 8:30 a. m.

Train No. 6, the Marquette and Copper Country Local, will leave Duluth rally, except Sunday, at 8:15 a. m., and will arrive Duluth, 7:15 p. m.

Renewal of Fishing Excursion Rates.

May 1 the Northern Pacific railway will put in effect the following rates:

Deerwood and return, going Friday and Saturday, return Monday $2 85

Deerwood and return, going any day, return thirty days 3 80

Sturgeon Lake and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday 1 50

Pine City and return, going Saturday and Sunday, return Monday 2 00

Nervo-Sexual Debility

Our modern advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

Men, many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your vitality is failing and you will be lost, unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervo-Sexual Debility is never at a standstill; with it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe.

The longest established, most successful and reliable specialist in diseases of men, as medical diplomas, licenses and newspaper records will show.

We have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight.—Once cured by us you will never again be bothered by weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition and other symptoms which rob you of your strength and absolutely unfit you for the duties of life. Our treatment for weak men will convert all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy and happy man, with physical and mental powers complete.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical treatment **Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases** and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **free and confidential**, and we give each person a **Legal Contract** to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City.**

Progressive Medical Association

No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

Consultation in Person or by Letter Free.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 1 p. m.

AMUSEMENTS.

"ARIZONA."

Augustus Thomas has given to the stage a number of excellent plays, but "Arizona" is one of his very best efforts, in the opinion of a great number, his very best. It is a distinctively American play, with the scenes laid in Arizona near the Mexican border and not far from an army post. The ranchmen and the soldiery play a conspicuous part and the story tells of the villainy of one soldier and the heroic sacrifice of another, with some pretty love plots intertwined. It is a finely developed plot, working gradually and consistently to its climaxes and chaining interest to the conclusion.

The company presenting it last evening at the Lyceum was a fine one, especially remarkable for its evenness and easily one of the most capable of its kind that it has been the pleasure of Duluth theater-goers to see. Dustin Farnum in the character of Lieut. Denton made a fine impression. It is a picturesque part and he not only has the handsome and manly appearance necessary for it, but the dramatic force and intensity. Henry Canby, the Arizona ranchman, was pictured by J. W. Cope as hardy, uncouth at times, but tender as a woman at others, a diamond in the rough. A breezy and delightful character was Dr. Fenlon, the big-hearted surgeon of the post, played by Ben Deane. Frank Campeau was clever in a character part, that of a Mexican vanquero. Stanley Murphy, in the small part of a Chinese servant, made a great hit, doing what little he had to do with rather notable cleverness.

Miss Grace Elliston, who was seen here as the stenographer in "The Tyranny of Tears," deepened the fine impression she made that time, investing the role of Bonita, the winsome daughter of the ranchman, with rare charm.

Miss Ada Craven as Mrs. Canby, enjoyed the favor of the audience no less and Miss Alma Bradley as Lena, the wronged girl, was pleasing. The only weak spot in the cast was Miss Grace Thorne, who played the part of the colonel's wife. She has not the personality for the part and is lacking in dramatic force.

"YORK STATE FOLKS."

Arthur Sidman's pastoral drama, "York State Folks," will be seen at the Lyceum tonight and tomorrow night. The matinee which was announced has been withdrawn. It has been the aim of the author to get away from the hackneyed plot of the average rural play, and he is said to have succeeded admirably. The leading part is that of an old village organist and organ-builder, a character full of the driest humor, but with pathetic touches here and there which makes it a distinctive as well as charming personality. Several other types new to pastoral drama are introduced, but all are said to have been drawn with the utmost fidelity to nature.

The original company that played the piece for many weeks in Philadelphia and other Eastern cities will be seen here. James Lackaye and Ray L. Royce head the cast. In the Twin Cities the papers were unanimous in pronouncing "York State Folks" the best pastoral drama the stage has seen, classing it above "Shore Acres" and similar plays.

"WAY DOWN EAST."

Saturday afternoon and evening the popular bucolic drama, "Way Down East," will be at the Lyceum. This is the play that for two years crowded the Manhattan theater and Academy of Music, New York and is now taxing capacity of the theaters wherever it is seen. This play is by Lottie Blair Parker, and has been elaborated by J. R. Grismer. It will be given in this city under the direction of Manager William A. Brady, with all the beautiful scenic effects, mechanical novelties, including the much talked of snow storm, the village choir, and a company carefully selected with a view of the portrayal of the characters so peculiar to the rural districts of New England.

The story is plain and simply told. There is an old farmer who has a son designed by the father to marry his cousin; the young people do not care for each other; the girl falling in love with a handsome professor, while the young man hunting professor, while the young man is desperately smitten with a mysterious girl who strays into the family as a servant, although it is quite obvious she is of a higher station in life. Later it appears that she has been deceived by a mock marriage, her betrayer being a rich young fellow who is now trying to marry the cousin. Just at the time when the latter declared his love, the father goes to see a lawyer and plainly tells him that to avoid a follow up some rumors relative to the girl his son loves. Discovering their truthfulness he returns and drives her from the house. This is the strong episode of the play. All the characters of the story are upon the scene, and when the stern old countryman orders the betrayed woman out into the snow, his son declares he will accompany her; then comes the old man's bitter denunciation of the girl, of her admission of guilt, and finally the statement that the man who was responsible for her betrayal is an honored guest in the house. As she points him out, his manner betraying guilt, all the other personages impulsively turn, beseeching her to remain. The girl's indignation is great and she dashes out into the snow, the son following the wronged woman, the love of whom fills his heart.

Of course the heroine has been far more sinned against than sinning and all the crinkles are so straightened out that there is a happy ending. There are many amusing features. In fact the play is full of homely humor.

Among those in the company are Grace Hopkins, Julia Hanchett, Loyola O'Connor, Gracie Hull, Estelle Ward, Nellie Hart, Charles Reigel, Thurlow Bergen, John E. Brennan, Charles N. Burke, John C. Hickey and others.

Life's Journey

Is Burdensome To Many In Duluth.

Life's Journey is a heavy burden
With a constantly aching back.
With urinary disorders, diabetes,
With any kidney ill.

Doan's Kidney Pills relieve and cure.

Here is Duluth proof that it is so:

Mr. Henry D. Hibke, of 508 Third street, west, employed by the Stone-Ordean-Wells company, says: "I had aching pains in the small of my back, making it difficult for me to stoop or lift anything. I could not rest comfortably at night, and in the morning rose tired and unrested. The kidney secretions were highly colored, distressing and irregular, depositing a dark sediment. I was also troubled with attacks of headache. I attributed the trouble to the jarring of the wagon and to exposure. I was feeling very bad when I saw Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, procured them at W. A. Abbett's drug store and commenced using them. They helped me from the start, and since finishing the treatment I have not had the slightest trace of my old trouble."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

THE MAY TERM.

Will Open Tomorrow With Ninety Civil Cases.

The May term of the district court will open tomorrow morning at the court house. At 10 o'clock the calendar will be called, and the bar will be present to report on cases that are on the calendar. At 11 o'clock the grand jury will be convened, and if there is a quorum present it will be charged and will at once organize and take up the criminal cases that are awaiting its consideration. Thursday divorce cases will be taken up, and as there are twenty-two of them to be tried this business will probably take up most of the day. On the following Monday, May 12, the petit jurors will appear and take up the trial of civil jury cases. There are ninety cases on the civil calendar, of which twenty-two are divorce cases.

WAR CONTINUES

While the Boer Leaders Talk of Peace.

London, May 6.—Lord Kitchener's weekly report, dated from Pretoria, yesterday, shows that the peace movement is not allowed to interfere with military operations, except so far as to permit of unrestrained meetings between the leaders and their various commandos. The week's Boer casualties were ten men killed and 122 made prisoners.

Gen. Bruce Hamilton's column captured eighty-seven men on the Heilbron, Orange River Colony line. Col. Colenbrander has resumed operations in the northern part of the Transvaal, against Commandant Beyers, whose forces have been considerably reduced, and Gen. Ian Hamilton has cleared a large area west of Klerksdorp, Southwestern Transvaal.

COMPLETE REPORT

Council Wants One on the West Duluth Water Plant.

Contract For Ferry Service Is Let to the Estelle.

Penalty Provided For Not Keeping the Scow In Commission.

The council last night:

Called for reports on the West Duluth water system.

Considered Norton avenue substitute for Grand avenue extension.

Authorized award of ferry contract to steamer Estelle.

Authorized change of location for free labor bureau.

Considered ordinance prohibiting building encroachments.

Received a petition to prohibit jewelry auctions.

Received estimates for installing public drinking fountains.

Authorized the construction of $12,000 worth of sidewalks.

Authorized the addition of mounted police to present police force.

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Before proceeding any farther with the negotiations for the West Duluth water system, the council will insist on a thorough and comprehensive report from the board of water and light commissioners.

A resolution prepared by Alderman Mannheim of the Third ward, was adopted unanimously. It calls on the water and light commission to report on the advisability of purchasing the plant; the estimated cost of paralleling the present water system with a gas system, and also the estimated cost of duplicating the present system.

Alderman Harnes suggested that it would be advisable to cause an examination of much of the pipe now in the West Duluth system to see that it was not damaged by electricity from the street railway underground wires. Pending these reports all negotiations will be suspended.

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By request Alderman McEwen of the Fifth ward introduced a resolution authorizing the city attorney to negotiate with the street railway company, for the purpose of changing the Grand avenue extension of the West Third street line to Norton avenue and then back to Grand at Fifty-ninth avenue west.

The courts have ordered the street car company to build out Grand avenue. It was stated at the meeting that if the resolution is adopted the city will give consent to a violation of the contract and would force the future right to compel the building of the Grand avenue line.

On the other hand a number of West Duluth's most influential tax payers fear the Norton avenue line would furnish more convenience to what is known as the hill side residence district of West Duluth.

The resolution was referred to Alder men Cullum, Schaffer and Trevillion.

The ferry boat Estelle, owned by Capt. M. J. Ryan, has again landed the Park Point ferry contract.

This season, however, the owner must pay a penalty of $10 a day for every day that the city scow is out of commission, the council believing with the board of public works, that such a penalty would aid materially in keeping the scow afloat.

The Estelle was offered with a fire pump for $20 a day and for $27 without a fire pump. The Sarah Smith was offered for $20 a day with a pump and $25 without. A number of the aldermen that had investigated the question reported that a fire pump on such small boats would be practically useless, as the Estelle was taken without the fire fighting apparatus.

Alderman Wing asked to have a provision inserted in the contract providing that the ferry to make stops at the Fifth avenue west dock during the morning and evening rush hours.

Alderman Trevillion and Alderman Krumpe opposed this saying that while the city was under obligations to furnish a ferry service across the ship canal it did not have a right, nor was it otherwise to furnish a free ferry service all over the harbor.

Alderman Wing referred to a petition from about fifty campers and Park Pointers residents urging the Fifth avenue service. Alderman Trevillion replied that some people would like to be carried right into their office chairs at the expense of the city. The roll call showed that nine aldermen agreed with Mr. Trevillion and only four with Mr. Wing.

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The labor and employment commissioners were authorized to change the location of the free labor bureau from the Armory building to 407 West Michigan street.

The new location is nearer the labor-hiring center and will only cost the city $400 a year. Yesterday the employment bureau furnished thirty-three jobs in its present out-of-the-way location, and in the new office it is expected to make a great showing.

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Alderman Haven, of the Seventh ward, introduced an amendment to the building ordinance positively prohibiting the granting of building permits where plans show an encroachment on the sidewalks. The ordinance was referred to Aldermen McEwen, Moore and Wing.

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A number of the leading jewelry stores of the city petitioned the council to take steps prohibiting cheap jewelery auction sales. The jewelers say that most of these sales are frauds and greatly injure legitimate business. The matter was referred to Alderman Trevillion, Tischer and Kern.

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Some time ago the council made inquiries as to the cost of installing drinking fountains at intervals along Superior street in the business district. The board of water and light commissioners report that it would cost $30 to install a fountain at Second avenue east; $25 at First avenue east; $25 at Lake avenue; $25 at First avenue west; $15 at Second avenue west; $15 at Third avenue west; $15 at Fourth avenue west; $25 at Fifth avenue west; $15 at Sixth avenue west, and $15 at Seventh avenue west. Further consideration will be given the project by Aldermen Neff, Wing and Swenson.

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The health department notified the council of the selection of Mrs. M. R. Baldwin, S. S. Barnes, Martin Sorenson and J. A. Murray, as deputy health inspectors for one month. The appointments were not voted on.

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About $12,000 worth of sidewalks were ordered in the various parts of the city, including a six-foot wide cement walk around the grounds of the Carnegie library.

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The sum of $100 was appropriated for the use of the G. A. R. in observing Memorial day. The Women's and Children's home received an appropriation of $496.56 and the Duluth Humane society received $183.36.

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The police commission was given permission to add four mounted police to the present force, the mounted officers to receive $20 a month more than ordinary patrolmen as a sort of maintainence for their horses which they have to furnish themselves.

NOT LIKELY.

Hotels Do Not Expect to Raise Their Prices.

That potential deliberative as well as active body, familiarly known as traveling men, have gained the impression somewhere or somehow that the hotels of the country are about to put up their prices. However the impression may have gotten out, the belief is so general among traveling men that they would not be surprised if a movement to advance prices began any day.

"I don't believe," said one Duluth hotel man this morning, "that there will be any advance in prices by the better class of hotels. As for us, we can figure out a fair margin still, in spite of the recent cost of provisions. Unless prices go considerably higher, I don't expect to see hotels that charge from $2 a day upward make any change in their charges. A hotel can hardly afford to do this, unless absolutely driven to it, for such action would have anything but a salutary effect on a hotel's regular patronage. Moreover, a hotel conducted on the American plan doesn't expect to make money out of its dining room. The people who merely take meals at a hotel are not the ones that contribute to the profit side of the ledger. The lodging end is the profit maker. That is one reason you see so many hotels going out of the American business and running strictly on the European basis. I was in Chicago a few days ago, and found that the Auditorium main building and the Victoria are the only down town hotels of any consequence that have retained the American plan. The rest charge a guest as much for a room alone as they used to charge me for room and table with the same class room.

"But I look for a marked decline in the price of provisions within the next thirty days. Meats may remain a little high until the close of the season, but already butter is down 10 cents a pound, and eggs are 5 cents a dozen cheaper than they were a few weeks ago. We always get relief in the spring, and this relief hasn't seemed to come so early this season because we are much ahead of the farming sections tributary to Duluth. There, instead of being almost a month ahead of former seasons, spring is two weeks late because of prolonged winter weather conditions.

"No, I don't believe there will be any advance in hotel prices. The rumor probably originated in the movement of restaurants to advance prices on some articles. The restaurants that have done this, however, are chiefly those that have worked on a very narrow margin in their charges for meats."

STRUCK BY A CAR.

A Twelve-Year-Old Superior Girl Badly Hurt.

Lillian Green, the 12-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Green, of 134 Main street, Connor's Point, was struck by an interstate car late yesterday afternoon and received injuries that may terminate fatally. She was going home from the Kimball school when the accident occurred, and had started to cross the track. When struck by the car she was thrown down under the wheels, one of them passing over her arm. The girl was taken to the Lesile hospital, where it was found necessary to amputate her arm. She also received other serious injuries.

At the hospital this morning it was stated that the girl was resting as easily as could be expected and that there is some hope of her recovery.

"I do not look as though I ever was sick."

When a woman is sick she falls off in looks. This is particularly the case when she suffers from diseases peculiar to her sex. Not only is her strength undermined, but she loses beauty of face and grace of form.

It is characteristic of the cures of womanly diseases effected by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, that with restored health there is a restoration of good looks.

"Favorite Prescription" establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness.

"I wish to thank you for the good your medicines have done me," writes Mrs. Mae Brown, of Canton, Fulton Co. Ills. "I was troubled with female weakness and doctored with several different doctors. They did not seem to help me; indeed I got worse all the time. I had ulceration and displacement of the uterus. What I suffered no tongue can tell. I had heavy bearing-down pains and thought my back would kill me. I also had a very bad drain, but after taking five bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and three of 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I am feeling as well as ever. It has been almost two years and I have had no return of the trouble. My friends tell me I don't look as though I ever was sick."

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper covers, is sent *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Care of the Eye.

Dr. Frank Allport, the eminent oculist, in his recent book upon "the care of the eye," devotes a paragraph to the excellent reading facilities upon the electric-lighted trains of the C. M. & St. P. railway—complimenting that company for its advance in this direction. The Milwaukee's electric berth reading lamp in its sleepers is especially recommended by the doctor as a safe light for the eye for train reading. All Chicago trains of the C., M. & St. P. are electric lighted. Their Pioneer Limited —the famous train of the world— affords every facility and comfort known to modern travel.

TO WED SPANIARD.

Widow of Senator Davis to Marry a Don.

Paris, May 6.—A report is current in official circles here to the effect that Mrs. Anna Agnew Davis, widow of the late Senator Cushman Kellogg Davis of Minnesota, is engaged to marry Don Abazuza, formerly Spanish minister to the Philippines. Mrs. Davis is here, the guest of a relative and is constantly seen with the Spaniard.

Don Abazuza and Mrs. Davis first met on the occasion of the latter's visit here, when she accompanied the senator on his mission as a member of the peace commission.

She was then very preminent here. Since her return Don Abazuza has made several trips between Madrid and Paris.

CALL FOR BANK STATEMENTS.

Washington, May 6.—The comptroller of the currency has issued a call for the condition of National banks at the close of business Wednesday, April 30, 1902.

PINTON WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

Ladies' Mackintoshes at $1.95.

We offer twenty Ladies' Mackintoshes, in black and colors, with large single capes and velvet collars, worth $5 and $6 each—at..... **$1.95**

These Mackintoshes will serve admirably as an everyday rain garment. The texture is firm and durable, absolutely rain proof. It's like finding money to be able to buy them at such a remarkably low figure.

Umbrellas For Men, Women and Children.

You probably found today that you had just one umbrella too few to go around. Or maybe the old one collapsed. There are lots of wet days coming—this is May. You know the proverb about preparing for the rainy day. Here are the umbrella purchasing opportunities you've been looking for:

For the School Children—a good, rainproof Umbrella, in fast blacks, with straight and crooked handles—prices 35c, 40c and— **45c**

1500 Ladies' English Twilled Umbrellas, steel rods and stylish handles—extraordinary values at 65c and— **75c**

Ladies' and Men's Mercerized Umbrellas, steel rods, Paragon frames — Dresden, Horn, and Natural handles—26-inch size—very special at— **98c**

Men's Mercerized Umbrellas, all the shapes in natural handles, 26 and 28-inch size —extra good at— **$1.19**

Women's and Men's Gloria Silk Umbrellas, Paragon frames, steel rods, Dresden, Rubber, Celluloid, Horn, and Sterling Trimmed natural handles— $1.25, $1.50 and **$1.75**

Women's all silk serge Umbrellas—in navy, red, brown and green—all with natural handles in different shapes— **$2.75**

THE DAKOTAS.

Circumstances Look Bad For James Coleman at Redfield.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Redfield—After investigating the story that Edward Coleman, the Faulk county farmer, came to his death through accidental means, as told by his brother, Joseph Coleman, the authorities have arrested the latter on a charge of having done the deed. The hearing is now on. Edward was killed by a ball from a rifle supplanted by the present sheriff. His clothing showed no powder stains. Joseph says he assisted Edward to the bed and then went for a neighbor, who, he declares, was ahead of former season, spring is two weeks late because of prolonged winter weather conditions.

"No, I don't believe there will be any advance in hotel prices. The rumor probably originated in the movement of restaurants to advance prices on some articles. The restaurants that have done this, however, are chiefly those that have worked on a very narrow margin in their charges for meats."

Aberdeen—Four Aberdeen attorneys have sued the county for fees claimed to be due them in cases where they were by the presiding judge to defend indigent persons.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grafton—Word was received here of the death of Mrs. R. H. Tombs, in Los Angeles. She was formerly a teacher in the public schools here, and was a sister of Sheriff J. E. Hall of this city and Miss Bird J. Hall of the public schools. She leaves, besides her husband, four little girls.

The creamery building is practically completed and machinery is being installed. Manager Parsons says butter making will commence by the middle of the month.

IN MICHIGAN.

Great Interest Taken In Upper Peninsula Field Meet.

Ishpeming—Great interest is being taken throughout the district in the Upper Peninsula interscholastic field meet to be held here on May 24, and present indications are that athletics representing eight or ten of the leading cities of Northern Michigan will participate in the contest. There will be seventeen events on the program, among them a football contest—punt and drop kick—something new in field day meets in this section. The winning team will probably meet the best team in the lower peninsula for the championship of the state.

Houghton—There has been considerable talk of a movement to consolidate Houghton and Hancock or some other name congenial to the residents of each place, and that Graham Pope, of Houghton, and C. A. Wright, of Hancock, two of the most prominent and influential citizens of Portage Lake, were at the bottom of the scheme. In fact, it has been said that the gentlemen have already taken steps to bring the consolidation about. Mr. Pope was asked to explain what would be done. He stated quite emphatically that there is nothing in the report as stated, but that it probably arose from the fact that there is talk of incorporating each village into a city which would retain its own name and government, each independent of the other. "Nothing has been done as yet, no active steps being taken at all so far as I know," said Mr. Pope, "but it's in the air and people are feeling it. It is bound to come."

Calumet—The demand for graphite in the United States this year promises to be larger than ever before and the Hathaway Graphite company has reopened its quarry near L'Anse, a few miles from this city. The larger part of the graphite produced in this country comes from Ticonderoga, N. Y., and the old mines of Pennsylvania, and the quarry at L'Anse is the only one working at the present time in the West. The deposit of graphite on the lands leased by the company will suffice for its mill for several years. The vein is about forty feet wide while the depth is apparently unlimited. The cost of mining is exceedingly small as the ore is taken out with picks and shovels. The ore is manufactured into carbons for electric light and mineral paint. R. Hathaway, the president and manager of the company, enjoys the distinction of being the first man to experiment with graphite for paints. It was not known until long after the Spanish-American war that Baraga county supplied all the "war paint" used at the Brooklyn navy yards to put the United States ships in fighting trim. Uncle Sam is still one of the largest customers of the concern. Besides the large home business at home, Canada, Cuba, Mexico and the Sandwich Islands are large and regular customers. Australia, New Zealand and Japan call for these products across the seas, they find their way to South Africa for use on the military railroads.

Sault Ste. Marie—The first steel rails made in Canada are being made this afternoon at the Algoma Steel works which will be equipped to make rails which will sixty feet long and up to eighty-five pounds to the yard. The plant will also turn out structural materials such as angles, channels, beams, etc.

MANY WITNESSES.

St. Louis, May 5.—Thirty-two witnesses have been summoned by Attorney General Crow to testify before Chief Justice Burgess, of the state supreme court, at Jefferson City, where an investigation of the alleged beef trust will begin tomorrow.

Travel Like Princes.

Those who saw the special train in which H. R. H. Prince Henry of Prussia made his tour of the United States are comparing it with other trains in regular service, and it is admitted that none of the cars in the train compare favorably with the buffet, compartment and standard sleeping cars of the Pioneer Limited trains of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway in daily service between Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis. The people of this country have the satisfaction of knowing that at any time they can "travel like princes."

Important Factors in the Brewing of BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—

Choicest Materials, Absolute Cleanliness, Maturing and Sterilizing Process, Skilled Brewmasters.

Every brew is uniformly successful. There are different brands — all are reliable.

BLATZ MALT VIVINE

(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL. BLATZ BREWING CO., Milwaukee.

Duluth Branch—Tel. 62.

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Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood

Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.

60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH

Immediate Results

(YELLOW LABEL)

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paresis, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box. 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 30 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.

Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 335 West Superior Street.

The beverage made from Figprune Cereal is smooth, palatable and nutritious. Because of the large percentage of natural saccharine matter in figs and prunes, Figprune requires less sugar than any other cereal coffee. All Grocers Sell It.

CUREA — a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. **Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75.** Pamphlet sent on request.

CUREA CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Every Woman

is interested and should know about the wonderful

MARVEL Whirling Spray

The new Vaginal Syringe. Injection and Suction. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.

Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO.,

Room 997, Times Bldg., New York.

Woman's Nature

Is to love children, and no home can be completely happy without them, yet the ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass usually is so full of suffering, danger and fear that she looks forward to the critical hour with apprehension and dread. **Mother's Friend,** by its penetrating and soothing properties, allays nausea, nervousness, and all unpleasant feelings, and so prepares the system for the ordeal that she passes through the event safely and with but little suffering, as numbers have testified and said, "it is worth its weight in gold." $1.00 per bottle of druggists. Book containing valuable information mailed free.

Mother's Friend

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DOES NOT GRANT IT

Library Board Does Not Restore West End Branch.

West End Citizens Argue Matters With the Board.

Rather Warm Discussion With Dr. Codding Takes Place.

The library board last evening did not reconsider its resolution to close the West End branch library. West End citizens were present at the meting and discussed the matter for nearly two hours, urging that the library board reconsider its action, but their efforts were of no avail. The members of the board met all arguments with the claim that the funds available for library purposes this year are not sufficient to permit all the branches to be kept open, and that the West Enders have been selected to make the sacrifice and they should make the best of it until another year, when the board may have more money available and may then reconsider the reopening of the West End branch. The West End delegation was told that the reason the branch was closed at the West End and not at West Duluth was because West Duluth patrons are more remote from the central library building.

Although the West Enders failed to gain their point their argument that it would not be an economical move on the part of the board to close the West End branch and give the West Duluth branch new quarters and two assistant librarians, is likely to have its effect in preventing any changes in the West Duluth branch this year.

The West End delegation was comprised of O. N. Nelson, U. G. Holloway, S. W. Hill and Dr. G. F. Davis.

Mr. Holloway said that the West End is comprised largely of a class of citizens who will not patronize the central libraries, neither can they affard to pay car fare to send their children to the central library building for books. He said the trouble with which the West End branch has had to contend in the past has been the delay in the delivery of books and the class of reading material that was sent to it.

Dr. Davis argued that it was due the citizens of the West End to preserve their branch library. He said the population of that portion of the city is 15,000 people and he thought that many people were entitled to some consideration at the hands of the board. He said the library board got as present appropriation with the understanding that none of the branch libraries were to be closed up and that it would not be acting in good taith to the West Enders to take away their library at this time. Dr. Davis declared that while the West End people are as proud of the new library building as the citizens in any other part of the city, yet it has been a damage to that portion of the city. The doctor had some figures relating to the West End branch that were obtained by Alderman R. D. Haven from the reports of the library board, filed at the city hall, which he used as an argument why the West End branch should not be closed. Some of the comparisons for 1901 were as follows:

The reading room of the central library was open 358 days in the year; the total attendance was 87,930; the average attendance was 246; in the table supplies there were 185 magazines and 12 papers. The West Duluth library branch was open 309 days; the total attendance was 14,146; the average attendance was 46; average number of books issued daily was 14. The branch was supplied with 12 magazines and 4 papers. The West End branch was open 328 days; the total attendance was 20,930; the average daily attendance was 63; the average number of books issued daily was 20. The branch was supplied with 12 magazines and 4 papers.

The argument presented from these figures was that the West End branch had a larger daily attendance than the West Duluth branch, also more books were issued daily. Another point raised by Mr. Davis was that during the past year of the total of $129.17 collected in fines, $45.77 was collected at the central library, $17.50 at the West Duluth branch and only $5.90 at the West End branch, showing that the West End patrons were more prompt in the return of their books and in the observance of the library rules than patrons in other parts of the city.

S. W. Hill, the West End merchant, put in a strong plea for the children of that part of the city whom he said have been regular patrons of the West End branch, but who are now compelled to go without books because their parents are not able to pay their fare to and from the central library. He said that he and other West End business men have signed thousands of cards for children that they did not know so that they could get books, but that the business men have never been called on to make good any loss of books. He declared that the West End branch was the first library established in the city, that it was started in the old Clarendon hotel from fourteen to sixteen years ago by donations of the business men.

Members of the library board took exception to this statement and Dr. Codding stated that two libraries were started here before the Clarendon hotel was built.

Mr. Hill repeated statements that he said Dr. Codding made to the West End citizens at their mass meeting to protest against the closing of the branch. This led to a few warm exchanges of compliments between the West End delegation and Dr. Codding and the latter finally said he would be glad if he never saw Mr. Hill's face there again. Mr. Hill said the feeling was reciprocated and for some minutes matters were rather strenuous. The West End delegation claimed that Dr. Codding has said that the protest against the closing of the branch library is a political move, and it was argued that for the past eight years there has been a political movement on foot to close it. The West Enders say that if the matter is to be carried into politics, the West End will have to be reckoned with hereafter.

C. O. Nelson, of the West End delegation, said he had talked with a number of West Duluth people and they told him they could not understand why their branch library should receive any benefits at the expense of the West End branch. He urged consideration for the wishes of the West End people.

Director Mitchell said that it was due the West End people that the board explain the condition of affairs. He declared that the board could not possibly open the branch this year because of lack of funds. He urged the West End people to be patient until another year and held out a hope that the library board might then be in a position to reopen the branch. Mr. Mitchell said he was visited by a delegation of Lakesiders yesterday who urged that a branch library be opened at Lakeside. He argued, as did other members of the board, that if the board reopens the West End branch it must also give the Lakeside people some consideration. So far as any improvements to be made to the West Duluth branch, Mr. Mitchell said that so long as any branch is to be maintained it should be properly fitted out.

After the West End men had presented their argument for the reopening of the branch library they withdrew, and the matter was dropped after a few minutes of informal discussion by the members of the board.

Mrs. Crowley was present at the meeting in the interests of the women's clubs of the city to learn what conclusions and restrictions the board intends to make regarding the use of one of the rooms in the new building for club meetings. A resolution was passed directing the presidents of the various clubs to submit a schedule of their meetings to the board. It was the sentiment of the board that no room will be granted for the use of any club after 9 o'clock in the evening, at which hour the library closes.

WANT IT LOW.

Fair Association Directors to Ask Low Assessment on Park.

The proprietors of the new St. Louis County Agricultural and Driving association will go before the county commissioners at their meeting this afternoon and ask for a nominal assessment of the Wheeler tract at Oneota which they intend to use as a fair ground and driving park. They have done some work in improving the grounds, but will await the action of the county board before going farther.

The new association people intend to give driving matinees on the fair grounds course track on Saturday afternoons about three weeks apart during the summer. They also intend to put up a special card of races for the Fourth of July. They will do this as individuals, however, and if there is any loss from the race meetings they will be turned over to the fair association. It is figured that the latter needs all the help it can get, with none of the contingent liabilities of a driving association.

Something New

in picture mouldings. Large assortment to select from. Our prices are the lowest. Decker's, 16 2nd Ave. W.

DESPERATE

Efforts of Prisoner to Escape Resulted In Death.

Hamilton, Bermuda, May 1.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Frederick Hendrick Bosch, a Boer prisoner of war in the prison camp on Tucker's island, a fine looking youth of 21, was detected by a sentry in the act of breaking through the wire entanglement on Saturday night last. The soldier fired at the escaping prisoner, and the latter ran into the brush wood, but a second shot, which passed through his body, brought him down. The wounded Boer received every care and attention, but his wound proved fatal and he died on Sunday morning. Bosch had made three previous attempts to escape, but was recaptured each time.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

Order a case of **FITGER'S** PALE BOHEMIAN BAVARIAN EXPORT **BEER**

A Case of Love at first sight.

The Beer with a Reputation.

A. FITGER & CO., BREWERS. DULUTH, MINN., 'PHONE 138

MILLERS' POSITION

Effect of the Discrimination Against Export Flour.

Gives Foreign Miller Advantage and He Is Profiting.

Report That Hill and Mellen Forced the Differential.

It is reported that the action of the Minneapolis-Duluth and Minneapolis-Chicago roads in giving export flour a differential of 2½ cents under domestic flour shipments to the seaboard is a direct result of intervention with the trunk lines by James J. Hill and President Mellen of the Northern Pacific. Moreover, it is said that the two magnates did not accomplish this working by mail or wire, but packed their grips and toted them down to New York and just camped there until they won their fight.

The story, as it comes to Duluth, goes further and declares that the arrangements contemplates the creation of a through rate from Minneapolis to Europe via the two Northern roads, the lakes lines, the trunk lines and the Morgan allied vessel lines. It is explained further that it was really through the influence of Mr. Morgan that the concession was brought about, and that any number of the biggest of big wigs wagged over the arguments that were made pro and con about the flour rate discrimination.

The situation in which the Minneapolis millers find themselves as a result of the English war tax discrimination against imports of flour into that country is of peculiar interest in Duluth because it applies to the milling industry here also. And the English war tax is only the finishing touch of the difficulties that the millers have to face.

It takes four and a half bushels of wheat to make a barrel of flour. Of course, besides making a barrel of flour that much wheat also makes a lot of offal. When wheat goes as wheat direct from Duluth to England the offal is taken out of the country also. The English miller pays 10 cents per 100 freight on wheat from Duluth to the seaboard, or equal to about 27 cents a barrel of flour of 196 pounds. The Duluth miller, if he gets a 2½ cent differential under domestic flour, will have to pay 31 cents for transporting his barrel of flour to New York, and he still has his offal to pay freight on to the point of consumption. Offal may mean bran or it may mean low-grade flour, or it may mean cheaper feed.

The trunk and lake lines wanted to make the Duluth miller pay 36 cents a barrel freight. If the action of the Northwestern railroad magnates is successful, therefore, they will get a differential of 5 cents a barrel on their foreign shipments.

Millers claim that there is a side to the export flour shipping business that the public doesn't understand and that Eastern traffic managers are going to want to comprehend. This is that the American milling industry, ani particularly that part of it located in the Northwest, developed so largely and rapidly because the American mills embraced all the latest inventions in machinery. The foreign mills were equipped with obsolete types of machinery—slow, cumbersome, expensive to operate and making comparatively poor product. The Northwestern mills typified modernity in both cheapened cost of production and improved quality. Millers insist that as a result of this advantage they were able to overcome the advantage foreign mills had almost always enjoyed of cheaper freight cost on wheat than on flour.

Now, however, it is represented by American millers, that the commercial supremacy of America was realized by the British miller long before it was by the general British manufacturer. After about ten years experience in the dumps because his mills, obsolete in their equipment, could not compete with the modern roller grinders of the Northwest, the English miller has in many instances put in the most modern American millinmachinery. He has even in some cases equipped himself in better shape than the American flour maker, expending more than has been able to take advantage of later modern developments.

The wheat growing is the same history in the Southwestern winter wheat milling industry. It is being repeated abroad, he claims. The English miller is removing the differential against himself that he allowed to exist through his sheer inclemence of intellect and action. He can make flour now as rapidly, as well and as cheaply—or more cheaply—as the American miller, once he has his wheat. As he can get that wheat on a much cheaper freight cost than the American miller can ship his manufactured product to compete with the Englishman, the latter has not only the advantage of the war tax discrimination, but of the lesser freight.

The American miller's argument to be put in by Duke Bede is not based alone on justice. He seeks to appeal to the selfish interest of the trunk and lake lines, and he points to the experience of last week, when it is claimed the lake lines that charged him 18 cents on flour from Duluth to New York entered the wheat shipping market and broke the wheat freight to 18 cents a bushel from Duluth to Buffalo. The lake lines, it is claimed, could not get enough flour to make full cargoes and had to patch out with wheat. They not only refused at the time to play fair with the miller, the latter contends, but went so far as to help increase the discrimination against him by giving the foreign miller still cheaper wheat.

As a result of the war tax the export flour business is out of line. Interior millers are said to have freight room engaged and stocks on hand in railway warehouses here in anticipation of a much better trade than they have had. With their money tied up in wheat and cost of manufacture they are unable to find a bid or make an offer that can be acceptable. At the same time the wheat market for export has improved a great deal. Before the war tax was imposed, wheat was at a standstill. Yesterday alone, 500,000 bushels of Manitoba wheat was sold for export on the Duluth board of trade. It is understood to go out of Fort William and Port Arthur elevators. Duluth wheat stocks decreased over 900,000 bushels last week and 1,100,000 bushels the week before, all of that and more going out to meet the export demand.

The millers point to these as facts to prove their basic arguments. Then they declare that the wheat going as wheat takes out of the country a large quantity of cheap feed; that the lessening of the feed supply threatens a large diminution of the live stock industry, and consequently of the packing business, the canning industry, tanning, shoe manufacturing, harness making, soap making and many other uses that are made of the byproducts of the packing industry. The railways, they insist, are not only attacking the general industrial prosperity and activity of the country, but they are robbing themselves of the opportunity to carry the products of the industries referred to. They are giving the foreign manufacturer a chance to profit by their short-sighted policy and get a haul only on the raw material.

Millers claim it is a policy that would be more sweeping in its evil consequences to the industrial interests of this country, and to the railroads and agricultural interests than anybody could now foresee. They argue with much force that insistence in the present policy would be equivalent to taking the first step toward the commercial and industrial retrogression of this country from the high place it has gained among the nations of the world, with an ultimate stopping place nobody could now say where.

Chicago, May 6.—The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul road has placed export flour on a level with wheat in the matter of transportation charges. This action, according to the Record-Herald, which makes the announcement, will be followed by all Western lines with similar rates, and means a saving of millions yearly to the millers of the Northwest.

For years the millers have vigorously contended that if the rates were made the same on wheat and flour, grain would not be taken from the United States, but would be made into flour here and then shipped for export. Strong appeals for relief have recently been made to President Roosevelt direct; to congressional committees and to the inner state commerce commission.

The rate from St. Paul and Minneapolis on both flour and export grain is now 29½ cents; formerly it was 23 cents on flour. The rate of 29½ cents applies to part lake and part rail shipments. From St. Paul the rate on flour for export by all-rail is 25 and on grain 17½ cents.

Salient Points About Our Prescription Department.

We doubt if there is anywhere a drug store better prepared than this one to do high grade prescription work. We have practically everything that science has suggested or money can buy in the way of equipment. We have every needed utensil, we have a stock of the finest drugs obtainable, we are adequate reference library, and the prescription department is arranged in accordance with modern ideas.

No one who has a prescription to be filled should be satisfied with anything less than our perfect service.

S. F. BOYCE, DRUGGIST.

WOODS DRY.

Lumbermen Are Nervous Over Inflammable Condition of Forests.

Some reports are coming in from cruisers to the effect that even in spite of the heavy rains of last week the woods are still pretty dry. Men having logs in the woods were becoming somewhat alarmed over their safety until the situation was relieved by the storms. The lack of snow and almost entire absence of rains during the early spring, added to the warm weather, have made the ground very dry and the underbrush and slashings are said to have become almost like tinder. It is an unusual think in this country for forest fires to start in the spring of the year. From now on, however, conditions in the woods will be watched very closely.

Fires would be much more disastrous at this time of the year than in the fall, for the reason that many logs have been banked on the shores of lakes or streams, with clearings surrounding the banking places where the undergrowth has sprunk up more rankly than in the woods proper. It is the undergrowth that carries the flames once they get started.

A Funny Farce.

The clever little two-act farce, "A Rice Pudding," which will be part of the senior dramatic and musical entertainment at the High School Assembly hall on Friday evening. It is said to be one of the most excruciatingly funny productions of the modern farceur. The seniors are confident that they will be able to produce it in a way that will show it up at its best. They have been making careful preparation for this entertainment for some time, and their work is excellent. The proceeds will go to the benefit of the class, which has many little expenses in connection with its graduation, to meet.

AN HONEST FRIEND

Cleared Away the Family Troubles.

There is not one thing on earth that could enter a family and do as much honest good and bring as much happiness as in certain cases where coffee drinking is left off and Postum Food Coffee used in its place.

A family in Iowa Park, Texas, furnishes a good illustration. The mother says: "I want to tell you what happened in our family when we left off coffee and took up Postum. About eight months ago we made the change. I had been, for quite a while, troubled with rheumatism in my right hip and shoulder, swimming of the head and fluttering of the heart, so I thought I had heart trouble.

"Sometimes in waking my head would swim so that I had other disagreeable feelings I cannot describe, but they will be readily understood by coffee drinkers if they will confess it.

"My family were also more or less ill and were all coffee drinkers. Well, we gave up the coffee and started in on Postum Food Coffee; husband, myself and four children. Even the 2-year-old baby (she had been puny since having the grip) had her coffee along with the rest of the family. When we made the change to Postum she began to fatten and now is perfectly healthy and fat as a pig.

"My boys, 10 and 12 years of age, are so stout and muscular that people remark about them and ask what makes them so. I do not have any more trouble with rheumatism or with my head, neither does my husband, who was troubled much in the same way. We are all in better health every way than we have been before in years and we are always glad of an opportunity to recommend Postum. I hope what I have said will lead others to make the change." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

BRIGHTER FOR BEDE

O. D. Kinney's Positive Declination Clears Atmosphere For Him.

Open Field Unless Willcuts Faction Brings Somebody Out.

G. G. Hartley Receiving Considerable Mention---Daugherty's Plans.

O. D. Kinney's definite and positive statement that he will, under no circumstances, be a candidate for congress, announced in The Herald today, and Senator C. C. McCarthy's removal of himself from the congressional field, announced in a St. Paul special to The Herald last evening, clear the atmosphere immensely, and now there is only one thing left to be settled before the atmosphere is so pellucid that J. Adam Bede can see his way straight through to the Republican nomination.

That is whether the Morris organization can find a successor to Page Morris.

Had Mr. Kinney decided to enter the contest the Morris organization would hardly have attempted to put anybody else in the field, but it has been rather generally believed that if he did not run the Willcuts faction would settle upon somebody to oppose Mr. Bede. Who that somebody is just now is involved in the deepest, darkest mystery, and it is intimated that there is nobody more in the dark about it than the gentlemen who make up what is known as the "Willcuts crowd."

The members of this body profess not to be doing any worrying over the matter, and, indeed, no creases indicating deep perturbation of mind have appeared upon the smooth and urbane countenance of Mr. Willcuts, the chief thinker of the organization. Yet they are pretty badly worried, nevertheless, it is said, and they would hail with delight a really likely, plausible and popular champion to go against Mr. Bede.

Meantime the sun is shining brightly for J. Adam Bede and he is making hay with steadiness and industry that is commendable and resultful.

* * *

"Some people seem to have got the idea into their heads," said a Democrat yesterday afternoon, "that the Republicans have sewed up the Eighth district and forever barred the way to the possibility of a Democratic candidate landing the job of congressman. Senator Daugherty says it is a 'cute little district,' and he means that it is arranged so as to give Republican candidates a sure thing. Just let him lay that flattering unction to their souls as long as they want to, but just between me and you and the policeman down there on the corner of Fourth avenue, if the Democrats can get such men as Senator Baldwin or John Jenswold to run they can lick up the district handily. Of course, the Republicans have an advantage in their favor, but you want to remember that the tariff and food trust matters are working our way, and that in my opinion at least, those factors are strong enough now to overcome the ordinary advantage the Republicans have in the district. The only trouble will be to get the right kind of men to run, because they will figure that even if they do get into congress for one term, that will end it, because the district is normally Republican and they may have to give away at the end of their first term."

* * *

There has been considerable of an undertow current in local political gossip regarding the Republican congressional nomination that has been setting toward G. G. Hartley. His seems to be about the only local name that is seriously mentioned just now, and it is mentioned even by men that have not been known as his especial friends. It is claimed for Mr. Hartley that he would put up a brisker fight and stronger campaign than any other man that could be named for the place, and that he possesses an acquaintance with the district and its interests that is not excelled by any other man on the Republican side. It has also been long suspected that Mr. Hartley has a feeling of affinity for a seat in congress. It is said that he has been remarkably successful in a business way during the past two or three years, and some believe that he would be content, if properly urged, to serve the interests of the state. However, there are those that believe that Mr. Hartley is doing so well in a business way, and that these times offer such temptation to him that he would positively decline to consider the matter at this time.

* * *

It is stated that A. P. Cook, who ran against William C. Sargent two years ago for the Republican nomination for sheriff, will not be a candidate this time. His name has been mentioned as one of the possible candidates from time to time, but it is said that he has expressed himself on the subject in unmistakeable terms. This will leave William C. Sargent, the incumbent, W. W. Butchart and Archie Phillips as the only candidates.

* * *

Senator F. B. Daugherty has not officially announced himself as to his candidacy for the state senate, and he will probably not do so just yet, but his friends say that he will be a candidate in the Fifty-first legislative district against George R. Laybourn. This will make probably the prettiest fight in the three Duluth legislative districts.

MILLIONS DISTRIBUTED.

Washington, May 5.—Nearly three and one half million dollars was distributed by the secretary of the treasury this morning among national banks in various parts of the country. Sixty-two banks are recognized as government depositories in widely different sections of the country.

MINERS STRIKE.

Blairsville, Pa., May 5.—The miners of this district struck today for 43 cents a ton for mining, an advance of 6 cents. All mines are closed and 1000 men are out.

Pabst beer is always pure

Brewed from carefully selected barley and hops — never permitted to leave the brewery until properly aged.

TEETH WITHOUT PLATES

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We have just published a NEW MAP OF DULUTH—You need one.
CHAMBERLAIN & TAYLOR.

ENDORSED.

Ministers Approve West End Federation---Half Holiday Commended.

The ministers held their regular monthly meeting yesterday. Officers were elected for the coming six months. Rev. J. W. Powell, Jr., was chosen as president.

Representatives of the West End Civic federation were present and spoke briefly concerning the purposes of their organization. They asked the co-operation of the Ministerial association in the fight they are waging against the forces of evil which, they claimed, invest the city.

Rev. Milne then presented the following resolution, which was adopted by the association:

"Whereas, the ministers of the West End have organized a Civic federation in opposition to lawlessness in that section;

"Resolved, that we, the members of the Ministerial association, hereby assure those brethren of our hearty approval of their action, and we pledge them our entire support in their warfare with the lawlessness and immorality in our city."

The following resolution was also adopted:

"Whereas, the weekly day of rest and worship is endangered from various causes, and especially from the ceaseless strain of full six days' toil; and

"Whereas, we have the most earnest sympathy with workingmen in their efforts to secure shorter hours of labor; therefore be it

"Resolved, that we believe most heartily in a Saturday half-holiday, and we earnestly commend it to the attention of the people of this city."

A paper was presented by Rev. Powell on the subject, "Man's Veritable Stature as Taught by the Poets." The paper was well received and Mr. Powell was asked to repeat it at the June meeting of the association.

Improving Nation's Capital.

For some time past plans have been under preparation for the beautifying of the city of Washington. The commissioners in charge have visited many European cities, and the result of their search has been embodied in a series of plans, which will make our capital the most beautiful city in the world. In selecting a family medicine, however, it is not necessary to search the world over, because Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the famous American remedy, is recognized as the best remedy nature and science have been able to produce. It has over fifty years of cures to its credit of such ailments as sick headache, indigestion, dyspepsia, nervousness and liver and kidney troubles. When you need a medicine for these ailments, don't fail to try the Bitters.

BIG LUMBER DEAL.

Milwaukee, May 6.—One of the largest lumber deals in the history of Milwaukee has just been finished between the John Schroeder Lumber company and E. B. Simpson, of Milwaukee. Mr. Simpson represents the Interstate Land and Lumber company, a Wisconsin corporation, which has sold 200,000,000 feet of fir in the vicinity of Portland, Ore., and the purchasers have secured enough in addition to that amount to give a total of about 300,000,000 feet.

MILLS ARE IDLE.

Lebanon, Ohio, May 5.—The tenpuddle and finishing mills of the American Iron and Steel Manufacturing companies, three big plants here, are idle today because the 1500 iron workers employed there voted to strike for an advance.

Important Change of Time.

On and after May 11 the Twilight Limited over "The North-Western Line" will leave Duluth daily at 4 p. m., arriving in St. Paul at 9 p. m., making connections in Union depot with the Omaha & Kansas City limited for Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles and points West.

Berth reservations for points South and West of St. Paul can be made by calling or writing to S. A. Love, city ticket agent, "The North-Western Line," Duluth.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Chicago—St. Louis, 5; Chicago, 2.
At New York—New York, 1; Philadelphia, 0.
At Cincinnati—Pittsburg, 6; Cincinnati, 2.
At New York—Brooklyn, 4; Boston, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 7; Washington, 5.
At Boston—Boston, 5; Baltimore, 2.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Columbus—Columbus, 6; Milwaukee, 0.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 12; Minneapolis, 3.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Pittsburg	15	13	2	.867
New York	15	13	2	.867
Chicago	12	7	5	.583
Boston	14	7	7	.500
Philadelphia	14	7	7	.500
Brooklyn	15	6	9	.400
Cincinnati	14	5	9	.357
St. Louis	13	4	9	.308

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Detroit	8	6	2	.750
St. Louis	9	6	3	.667
Boston	11	7	4	.636
Chicago	9	4	5	.556
Baltimore	10	5	5	.500
Philadelphia	10	4	6	.400
Washington	11	5	6	.455
Cleveland	12	4	8	.334

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Louisville	10	7	3	.700
Kansas City	10	7	3	.700
St. Paul	9	6	3	.667
Indianapolis	10	6	4	.600
Columbus	11	6	5	.556
Toledo	9	5	4	.556
Milwaukee	10	5	5	.500
Minneapolis	11	2	9	.182

CABLE FLASHES.

The king granted an audience Monday to George von L. Meyer, the United States ambassador here. Mr. Meyer conveyed the thanks of the United States to his majesty for his clemency in liberating the officers of the United States cruiser Chicago who were recently arrested and imprisoned at Venice.

In consequence of the reports of a serious situation at Bocas del Toro, (Colombia), the British third-class cruiser Psyche has sailed for that port, to protect British interests.

As a result of the peasant disorders martial law has been proclaimed in five districts of the province of Poltava.

A disptach to the London Daily Chronicle, declares that Americans have now secured a virtual monopoly of the Swiss coal market ousting their British and German competitors, and that they have also gradually obtained control of the steel and boot trades, which have hitherto been in the hands of British firms.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

William Thomson, first Lord Kelvin, Monday afternoon received from Yale University the honorary degree of Doctor of Laws. The ceremony took place in Battell chapel before a large audience. This was the first time in over one hundred years that a special assembly has been held at Yale for the conferring of an honorary degree.

John D. Cassels was electrocuted in the state prison in Charlestown, Mass., at 12:40 Tuesday morning for the murder of Mrs. Mary J. Lane, of Long Meadow, Mass., in February last.

Fire of unknown origin Monday night destroyed the business portion of the town of New Milford and did damage to the amount of at least $100,000. One man was killed, three probably fatally injured and five others badly burned by the boiling over of slag in one of the open hearth mills of the Pennsylvania Steel works at Steelton, Pa.

Governor Ferguson, of Oklahoma, has honored a requisition for the return to Polk county, Iowa, of James Babbitt, who is under arrest in Oklahoma. He is charged with embezzling funds from the International Brick, Tile and Terra Cotta Workers' alliance of Des Moines.

At a meeting of the Marconi Wireless Telegraph company, held in New York a bid for the completion of the station at Cape Cod was accepted and the signing of a contract was authorized. A committee was appointed to prepare and submit bids to the government for the installation of the systems that are desired in Alaska.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), May 6.—The barometer is low over the upper Mississippi and Red River valleys and extreme Southwest, and high over Atlantic states and the middle Rockies. Light to heavy rains fell over the lake region and most districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains except Northwest Canada. Temperatures are warm in Southeastern states and somewhat cooler over Colorado, Nebraska and Western Lake Superior. The winds in the lake region are fresh easterly, but will likely shift to brisk northwesterly on upper portions tonight.

Maximum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Bismarck	44	Memphis	88
Boston	58	Miles City	62
Buffalo	58	Milwaukee	52
Calgary	58	Minnedosa	56
Charleston	78	Modena	66
Chicago	56	Montgomery	92
Cincinnati	88	Moorhead	56
Davenport	68	New Orleans	86
Denver	66	New York	72
Detroit	64	North Platte	50
Dodge City	70	Oklahoma	64
Duluth	48	Omaha	60
Edmonton	60	Pittsburg	74
El Paso	86	Port Arthur	62
Escanaba	54	Portland	56
Galveston	74	QuiAppelle	56
Green Bay	70	Rapid City	48
Havre	64	San Francisco	70
Helena	62	Santa Fe	40
Houghton	62	Shreveport	84
Huron	60	Spokane	70
Jacksonville	88	St. Louis	80
Kamloops	72	St. Paul	70
Kansas City	70	Sault Ste. Marie	64
Knoxville	90	Swift Current	62
LaCrosse	70	Washington	88
Lander	66	Williston	56
Los Angeles	76	Winnemucca	88
Marquette	58	Winnipeg	50

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and warmer Wednesday. Fresh and brisk winds, northerly shifting to westerly tonight.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 6.—Forecast till 7 p. m., Wednesday: Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight with showers in northeast portion and cooler in southeast portions. Wednesday fair.

Wisconsin—Threatening with showers this afternoon and in north portion tonight. Wednesday fair.

The Dakotas: Fair tonight and Wednesday. Variable winds. Probably light frost in west portions tonight.

Upper lakes: Winds will shift to brisk northwest this afternoon or tonight with showers and squalls. Wednesday.

May Pass Over President's Veto.

From the current talk about the lobbies and in the committee rooms of the capitol, congress proposes to make it rather interesting for the president in the matter of the recent vetoes by the executive of the bills to remove the charges of desertion against the military record of various soldiers. The president has made a general practice of disapproving measures of this kind that have been adopted by the present congress, and the impression has gone abroad that he will veto every bill that proposes to overturn the records of military court-martial. In the case of Manual Klauser, for whom congress passed a bill correcting his record by wiping out the findings of a court-martial, no. the president declared that it was an attempt to usurp the pardon power of the chief executive. When the bill was returned unsigned to congress, it was referred to the military committee and given in charge of a sub-committee. This committee has been busy looking up precedents and law covering legislation of this kind. It has been found that congress has the power to order the correction of the military record of a man, but not to expunge the record of a court-martial. It is held, also, that congress clearly has the right to direct the removal of a charge of desertion standing against a man. For the past thirty years congress has been passing bills of this sort, President Roosevelt being the first to raise serious objections to them on the ground of interference with executive prerogatives. It is believed that the military committee will direct a favorable report on the Klauser bill with a recommendation that it be passed over the veto of the president. If this is done it will raise an interesting row with the president.

Santos Runs Against the Tariff.

It takes an expert to interpret some of the provisions of the Dingley tariff act, even at this late day, and Santos-Dumont, the Brazilian balloon man, finds himself up against it, in the matter of having his balloon apparatus entered in this country. As a matter of fact, the Brazilian threatens to abandon his proposed exhibitions in this country unless his flying machines are entered free of duty. At present his balloons, motors and other equipment are held up at the New York custom house, while the department is trying to decide whether to tax them for about $7000 or $8000, or let them in scot free. When the Brazilian arrived in this country a few weeks ago he expected to have his dirigible balloon outfit entered without the payment of duty, but he ran up against the customs officials at New York, who wanted to collect on them. Dumont then engaged the services of Charles H. Sherrill, a New York attorney, who has since been working to get the foreign materials in duty free. He looked up the Dingley tariff act and found a provision which he claims entitles Dumont's goods to admission free from duty. This provision is in section 701, which reads: "Works of art, drawings, engravings, photographs, and scientific apparatus brought by professional artists, lecturers and scientists arriving from abroad, for use by them temporarily for exhibition and in illustration, promotion and encouragement of art, science and industry in the United States, and not for sale, shall be admitted free of duty, under such regulations as the secretary of the treasury shall prescribe." Mr. Sherrill made application for the admission of Dumont's goods under this section of the law, but the department decided that on the showing made by Sherrill the exemption did not apply. The attorney has submitted an other and fuller statement of the case, in which he goes more into detail in support of the claim that Dumont is a scientist and that his balloon is brought here solely for scientific purposes. He says that commercial and mercantile features do not enter this case at all. Dumont has constructed these balloons and performed his experiment at great cost to himself. The balloon that he wants to bring into the United States cost him more than $20,000. Some of the portions of the outfit are already at New York and others are on the way here now. The duty on the silk part of Santos' balloon is 60 per cent and would prove so heavy that he would not be able to make enough to make it profitable for him to appear in this country. The treasury officials are considering the matter and after they reach the end of their red tape the public will learn whether they are to see the great airship inventor or not.

MR. KINNEY DECLINES.

There will be very general regret throughout the Eighth district, and particularly in St. Louis county, that O. D. Kinney has firmly declined to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress. He has put his declination in such positive form that it is evident his decision is irrevocable. While large private interests demand his personal attention, the condition of Mr. Kinney's health, which unhappily is not very good, is undoubtedly the chief reason for his refusal to yield to the urgent solicitations of his numerous friends to enter the congressional contest.

Of all the men who have been mentioned for the Republican nomination, Mr. Kinney was easily the leader. His ability is well known, his acquaintance with the party leaders at Washington would have given him great influence in congress, while he is a ready and forcible speaker. Had he entered the field his nomination would have been assured, and his nomination would have been equivalent to an election.

VALUE OF CLEAN STREETS.

The agitation toward clean streets and tidy premises has worked well, as a whole, in Duluth, although it is unfortunate that some people are impervious to the advantages of a clean and tidy city. As a preventative of disease clean streets are most effective, for thereby the distribution of germs is prevented and consequent disease. The Medical Record says: "The intelligent and well-informed portion of the community does not need to be told at this late day of the connection between dirty streets and the spread of infectious disease, but there seems to be no general appreciation of the pathogenic part that may be played by streets that are simply littered with refuse, but not appearing to the eye to be dirty in the ordinary sense of the word. On this account we think the commissioner of street cleaning, Dr. Woodbury, did well to bring the matter forcibly forward in a recent address to the Civic club. 'In two sections of this city,' he said, 'the people throw shoes, oilcloths and everything else right out on the streets. * * * The people don't think, and as a consequence a growing ground is afforded for the worst possible diseases. Four hundred and twelve sweepers are now on the sick report with bronchial diseases and phthisis because of the germs they have inhaled. Refuse not only serves as a nidus for morbific organisms itself, but it also very greatly obstructs the automatic cleansing that the gutters are designed to accomplish, and it increases the difficulty of the sweeper's work."

Let us have clean streets and clean premises. It looks better and is infinitely better from the standpoint of health.

GUNNER MORGAN.

It begins to look as though the trials of Gunner Morgan of the navy were about ended, as the president has recommended him for appointment as a chief gunner of the navy, the highest position which he is allowed to fill under the acts of congress. Morgan was first brought to the attention of the public through his correspondence with Admiral Sampson in regard to a commission which he sought. His correspondence with Sampson did not help him any in the service, and the admiral's indiscreet statements as to the social standing necessary to be a member of the wardroom mess brought about that official's head a storm unlooked for and most severe. Morgan's letter was also quite gratuitous, as the law permitting an officer of his grade to become an ensign could be of no personal benefit to him, as he was over the legal age.

The law passed at the time of his letter to Sampson provided, however, for his promotion to the commissioned rank of chief gunner, if after two years' service he passed the required professional and moral examination. Morgan had the necessary length of service, but failed for some reason or other to quality upon examination, and lately he has been given another chance. The board of examiners, all chief gunners, have reported that Morgan is not morally qualified for advancement on account of divorce proceedings which, it was alleged,, he was instituting against his wife. It is stated that there was no evidence against him, mowever, on the official record at the department, and Morgan has demanded another examination by a different board. His request was backed by influential persons who have stood by him for a long time., and with the result that he was recommended. Morgan has the reputation of being an expert in his line and his promotion is deserved. He enlisted as an apprentice boy and has worked his way up by his own ability.

Senator Clark draws a check for $900,000 on the first of every month and sends it to the contractors who are building his Western railroad. The interesting thing about these checks is that the checks do not decrease his capital. He draws them on his income account. When the railroad is done it will have been completed without costing Clark a cent of his capital.

The London Lancet startles the world with the following announcement: "Too much bathing is harmful, as it tends to maceration of the superficial part of the epidermis, which is too frequently removed, and occasions probably too rapid a proliferation of the cells of the malpighian layer." This will confirm the tramp's view that a horrible danger exists in bathing.

The kaiser has ordered that the title Emperor William the Great, not Emperor William I, shall be inscribed on all monuments to his grandfather. This, suggests the Boston Globe, will make it possible later on for him to issue an edict that all monuments to himself shall be inscribed "Emperor William the Greater."

The Buffalo News says: "Our 'anti-imperialist' friends are opposed to filling up with water, but have not a word to say against filling up with good whisky. Yet whisky kills and water does not." Which would be important, if true, but it is not true. Too much water will kill as well as too much whisky.

The Educational Review says that modern children know the alphabet so poorly that they cannot use card catalogues in libraries, and even find words in the dictionaries with difficulty. Our "advanced systems" of education have done it.

Governor Odell's resignation has been determined upon by the Republican leaders of New York state, and the Democrats will probably nominate Judge Parker and expect to elect him.

No colored women need now apply for admission to the Federation of Women's clubs. Senator Tillman's views on the negro problem evidently have many endorsers.

May 15 is to be the day of fate in South Africa. The question, "Shall it be peace or war with Great Britain? will then be "up" to the fighting Boers.

Admiral Dewey says the naval victory at Manila was won "on coffee," but it is generally believed one of the chief factors was George Dewey.

Free trade with Porto Rico is resulting in a great expansion of trade. It is an object lesson of the fact that tariffs restrict trade.

Two people have recently died of starvation in Boston. Has the beef trust also cornered the bean market?

Cuba has not much longer to wait.

CHEERY CHAFF.

Washington Star: "Advice," said Uncle Eben, "is like mos' ev'ything else. If it's any good you doesn' have to give it away. You kin ginerly sell it."

Chicago Tribune: "George Washington was a president who did not devote any of his time to going fishing," said the cynic.

"How do you know?"

"He could not have been a fisherman and preserved his reputation for veracity."

Philadelphia Press: "What did you think of my new gags last night?" asked the comedian.

"Well," replied the critic, "there was one thing you got off that delighted me."

"What was that?"

"The stage."

Smart Set: Mrs. Hoon (in the midst of her reading)—Ah! Mrs. Congressman Swacknammer has started a crusade against decollette gowns!

Mr. Hoon—How? Is Mrs. Congressman Swacknammer sensible or skinny?

Pittsburg Chronicle: "You can always depend upon what a congressman tells you in a letter," remarked Squiddig.

"You can, can you?"

"Yes, congressmen frank their letters, you know."

Chicago Post: "But we can't leave man out of his ur culation entirely," said the advanced woman regretfully.

"Certainly not," admitted one who was not so far advanced. "When there are any expenses to be met it is most convenient to have him around."

Washington Star: "You are taking a great deal of interest in society?"

"Yes," answered Senator Sorghum, "I used to make fun of receptions and that sort of thing. But I declare it's something of a relief to get into a gathering of people where nobody can make a political speech or a touch for a campaign fund."

THE AIRS OF SPRING.

The airs of springtime that so softly play
When blossoms out the red and beautious rose,
And all the world is glad with gentle May—
When come they to the earth—who knows? Who knows?

Whence comes "Go Way Back and Sit Down,"
The gladsome "Honeysuckle and the Bee?"
Whence comes "When Reuben Comes to Town?"
Whence comes the song that ends "Looks Good to Me?"

And then the echoes of the shadowy past
That float upon the breeze and everywhere,
"Always," "Good-Bye," "Forever" and "At Last,"
"The Drunkard's Mother" and "The Plumber's Prayer."

They ripple on each passing breeze that blows;
They drift through every door that stands ajar;
They mingle with the perfume of the rose
And fill the world with music near and far.

But whence come they? Who starts them on their way,
When Spring awakens and the rose is blown,
And all the world is flushing with the May?
Ah, wise is he, that he remains unknown.

—Portland Oregonian.

Getting the Fixture Handy.

New York World: Now they are to make sugar also of corn juice. When the right combination is distilled from the kernel happy man need only furnish hot water and lemon juice extra.

Poets in High Favor.

Washington Post: The rumor that Hon. John M. Thurston was to succeed Secretary Hitchcock may have been predicated upon the notion that the administration is determined to appoint only poets to the high offices.

Chance For a Democrat.

Minneapolis Irish Standard: J. Adam Bede, the Pine City humorist, is a candidate for the Republican nomination for congress from the Duluth district. He was formerly a Democrat, but deserted his party in 1896 and took the stump for the plutocracy. He has remained a political heretic ever since. Personally, Mr. Bede is quite popular, and if nominated he will make funny speeches during the campaign, but a strong Democrat can defeat him in the race.

AT THE HOTELS

Harold Thorson, of Elbow lake, Minn., is at the Spalding. Mr. Thorsen has been the owner of the 100 feet of frontage on Second street at the corner of Second avenue east that has just been purchased by the Scottish Rite Masons as a site for their new cathedral. He is here on business in connection with that transaction. Mr. Thorsen in the old days was vice president of the State Bank of Duluth, the M. O. Hall institution, but never took an active part in its management.

* * *

T. R. Foley, of Aitkin, former legislator, contractor, lumberman and man of large resources, was at the St. Louis this morning between trains.

* * *

Attorney W. W. Browne, Mrs. Browne and son arrived at the McKay last evening from Hlwabik.

* * *

Among the iron range people at the Spalding are John Pengilly, superintendent of the Vermilion district for the Steel corporation; M. S. Hawkins, superintendent of the Mountain Iron district, and O. L. Wassen, of Virginia.

* * *

A. A. Kremer, Mrs. Kremer and children arrived at the St. Louis last evening from Grand Rapids. Mr. Kremer is one of Grand Rapids' most prominent merchants. John Lefcare is another Grand Rapids man that came to the St. Louis on last evening's train.

* * *

Capt. H. Jarchow, who has charge of the exploratory work that is going on at the Arcturus mine near Grand Rapids, in order to prove up estimates of the ore body, is at the McKay.

* * *

Early arrivals at the Spalding today: C. S. Cowles, W. H. Day, St. Paul; Joseph E. McEwen, St. Louis; J. W. Gillespie, W. B. Stevens, New York; J. O. Lrysne, Butterfield; A. B. Everett, J. W. Vanderhoof, A. R. Williams, Minneapolis, and M. P. Jouny, Somerset, Pa.

* * *

This morning the following registered at the St. Louis: William G. Maclennan, Winnipeg; James W. Sickle, Thomas K. Fisher, A. A. Fry, Minneapolis; Charles H. Fayette, St. Paul; George Wilkinson, W. Bishop, Ashland; M. A. Tortuss, Superior; John E. Cook, Ely, and Charles Jesmore, Eveleth.

* * *

The McKay's register today bears the following autographs: W. M. Brackett, Milwaukee; F. A. Schneider, Winona; E. N. Remer, Grand Rapids; W. B. Stonbuyer, Minneapolis; Robert Murray, Virginia; W. E. Smith, Marshfield; A. Gunderson, Virginia, and M. L. Cunningham, Burnett.

A Fatal Kiss

By Grif Alexander.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"Me like 'oo. Me want to kiss 'oo."

Dr. Malcolm Branscombe lifted the pretty little mite to his knee, laughed awkwardly and kissed her lightly on the forehead. "A concession to childish innocence," he said.

"But surely no hardship," said Mrs. Benton, with a shade of annoyance in her voice. It was not only that she felt that little Daisy was the sweetest and prettiest and darlingest cherub that ever lived, bless her—every mother thinks that of her baby—but it was also because she was such a clean child. She could understand a fastidious bachelor's objection to kissing a dirty-faced little brat, but that any sane man could possibly object to kissing a clean and rosy checked darling like Daisy—well, that was beyond her.

"Daisy is a darling," said Dr. Branscombe, quickly and heartily. "I was merely giving expression to the opinion of many physicians, myself among the number, that kissing is an unclean habit and that kisses are frequently responsible for the transmitting of disease from one person to another."

Mrs. Benton was not impressed. "If Daisy is willing to take chances I don't see why you should object," she said. She snatched up the little one in her arms and danced around the room with her. "I wouln't kiss that old bear of a doctor if I were you, Daisy," she said. "He's not worth it. He doesn't appreciate good things." And then she kissed Daisy over and over again. The doctor felt that he would be willing to sacrifice his principles to be in Daisy's place.

Jessie Benton seemed ridiculously young to be a widow and the mother of that lusty little youngster. One found it hard to credit her with the 24 years she possessed. Not even the death two years before of her husband, whom she had loved dearly had been able to kill entirely the sunshine in her bonny blue eyes. Dr. Branscombe, ten years her senior, had attended her husband in his last illness, and had found Daisy through several little illnesses, and had become "a friend of the family."

That he should have grown to love her and longed to make her his wife was the most natural thing in the world. That he should hesitate about telling her what he felt and what he wanted was due to the fact that he was convinced that she regarded him merely as a friend, and he dreaded to "put it to the touch and win and lose it all." Some men are like that.

The day following the episode of the kiss Mrs. Benton read in a newspaper an article setting forth how disease germs were carried around in the beards and mustaches of physicians. "Suppose Daisy should have caught something!" she said to herself. She called the little one to her and felt her forehead. "It is quite hot!" she said, affrightedly. "Is mamma's little darling tired?"

"Yes," said the little one. Children know what is expected of them and are seldom disposed to withgo the chance of being caressed and made much of. In just a little while the foolish little woman was convinced that the child was seriously ill, had put her to bed and sent for the doctor.

"You were right," she said to him when he arrived. "Daisy caught something from you when you kissed her last night. She has diphtheria or something. She will die. I know she will. It was a fatal kiss. You—you ought to be ashamed of yourself."

And the tears rolled down her cheeks.

"Piddlesticks!" said the doctor. "There is absolutely nothing the matter with the child. It is you who ought to be ashamed of yourself."

Dr. Branscombe had never talked that way to her before, and she was a little afraid of him. "But look at the paper," she faltered. She showed him the picture of a magnificent hair covered with germs. It resembled a derelict boat covered with mollusks. "—no the writer says," she went on, "that a doctor carries enough disease germs around with him to kill a regiment."

"Not a word of truth in the whole story," said the doctor, shamelessly. And then he grew desperate. "Jessie," said he, "you need somebody to look after you. I love you dearly. Will you marry me?"

It goes without saying that she didn't tell him right away. He was given an opportunity to say many nice things. He pleaded eloquently and at last she confessed that she thought a great deal of him, and, still later, she said she was ashamed to say just how long she had loved him. And they were both very happy, and Daisy was quite forgotten.

Before he left, Dr. Branscombe was willing to be a traitor to all his principles, but Jessie said she would not kiss him unless he had shaved off his mustache. And she didn't.

"It was a fatal kiss after all," the doctor was wont to say to his wife in later years, "for it put an end to the existence of one of the finest mustaches that ever happened."

"And it decidid your fate and mine," is the way his wife answered him.

Seems to Know Its Friends.

Chicago Chronicle: So far as learned no gentleman connected with the sugar trust has fallen a victim to nervous prostration as a result of the Teller resolution for an investigation of the trust's control of the Cuban sugar crop. Since the hired girl of the late Senator McPherson made a large profit in sugar stock the financiers in control of that interesting institution have had no dread of the United States senate.

EDUCATION OF WOMEN

Discussed By David Starr Jordan Before the Women's Clubs.

Anti-Colored Women Faction Wins on Color Question.

Decker Forces Are Gaining Ground For Their Candidate.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 6.—After a two hours' discussion of the question of admission of colored women into the Women's club, the anti-colored women won the day when the convention voted overwhelmingly to accept what is known as the compromise amendment agreed upon in New York several weeks ago.

Upon the opening day of the convention it was evident that a spirit of tolerance would rule. There was absolutely no bitterness in the preliminary talk outside the convention hall. Yesterday morning, as predicted, there was suppressed excitement during the consideration of the charter, which came up first, and when Mrs. A. O. Granger, president of the Georgia federation, moved that sections 2 and 3, of article 2, parts of the proposed amendment, be considered first, everyone knew the battle was on.

When points of order and interrogation points flew thick and fast, Mrs. Lowe retired from the chair temporarily, giving Mrs. Dennison another opportunity to preside.

Section 2, which was considered and finally adopted, reads: "From a state where a club is a member of the state federation, it would also be eligible to the general federation, if recommended by the executive board of the state federation, the power of admission to remain as given in article 2 of the by-laws, as follows:"

Section 3, of article 2, which will come up today, should be given now, to help to an understanding of the situation. It reads: "The president shall refer all applications for membership to the committee on membership appointed by the board of directors for its action upon the same. The action of the committee on membership shall be in writing and an unanimous vote of the committee shall be required to elect. In case the committees fail to agree, the application shall be referred to the whole board, the written vote of two-thirds of which shall be necessary to elect to membership."

The color question has entirely overshadowed the parliamentary questions. There seems to be a feeling that the Decker forces are gaining ground. A Colorado woman stated that seventeen states have already signified their intention of voting for her. At 5 o'clock this afternoon the nominating committee is scheduled to meet for the making up of the ticket.

The rumor that Mrs. Dennison has withdrawn was promptly denied by her last night. The report of the committee appointed to secure a national charter, headed by Mrs. Lockwood, called forth much discussion and entanglement. This committee was instructed to continue the work of accepting the charter and perfecting it under the new organization. The invitation made by Mrs. William Tod Helmuth, of New York, that the next convention be held in that city will, like the one from Minneapolis, be referred to the board for action. Last night the education session was a star attraction with President David Starr Jordan, of Leland Stanford university, as chief speaker on "The Education of Women." President Jordan said:

"The subject of higher training of young women may resolve itself into three questions:

"1—Shall a girl receive a college education?

"2—Shall she receive the same kind of a college education as a boy?

"3—Shall she be educated in the same college?

"As to the first question, it must depend on the character of the girl. Precisely so with the boy. What we should do with either depends on his or her possibilities. No parent should let either boy or girl enter life with any less preparation than the best they can give.

"The highest product of social evolution is the growth of the civilized home, the home that only a wise, cultivated and high-minded woman can make. To furnish such women is one of the worthiest functions of higher education.

"2—Shall we give our girls the same education as our boys? Yes, and no; if we mean by the same, an equal degree of breadth and thoroughness, an equal fitness for high thinking and wise acting, yes; let it be the same. If we mean this: Shall we reach this end by exactly the same course of studies? then my answer must be no. For the same course of study will not yield the same results with different positions.

"In the university of today the largest liberty of choice in study is given to the student.

"There are, of course, certain differences between men and women students. Women have often greater sympathy or greater readiness of memory or apprehension, greater fondness for technique. In the language and literature, often in mathematics and history, they are found to excel. They lack on the whole, originality. They are not attracted by unsolved problems and in the inductive or 'in exact' sciences, they seldom take the lead. The 'motor' side of their minds and nature is not strongly developed. They do not work for results as much as for the pleasure of study.

"3—Shall women be taught in the same classes as men? This is partly a matter of taste or personal preference. It does no harm whatever to either men or women to meet of the other sex in the class rooms. Considerable has been said for and against the union in one institution of technical schools and schools of liberal arts. But I believe better men are made when the two are brought more closely together.

"It is not true that the character of college work has been in any way lowered by co-education. The reverse is decidedly the case.

"There is no question that a reaction has set in against co-education. The number of those who proclaim their unquestioning faith is relatively fewer than would have been the case ten years ago. This change in sentiment is not universal. It will be nowhere revolutionary. Young women will not be excluded from any institution where they are now welcomed, nor will the almost universal rule of co-education in state institutions be in any way changed or reversed.

"The only serious new argument against co-education is that derived from the .ear of the addition by universities of woman's standards of art and science rather than those of men, the fear that amateurism will take the place of specializing in our higher education. Only men, broadly speaking, are capable of objective studies. Only men can learn to face a fact without flinching, unswayed by feeling or preference. The reality with woman is the way in which the fact affects her. Original investigation, creative art, the 'resolute facing of the world as it is,' all belong to man's world, not at all to that of the average woman. That women in college do as good work as the men is beyond question. In the university, they do not, for this difference exists, the rare exceptions only prove that the rule, that women excel in technique, men in actual accomplishment. If instruction, through investigation is the real work of the real university, then in the real university the work of the most gifted woman is only by-play.

"A final question: 'Does not co-education lead to marriage?' Most certainly it does, and this fact cannot be and need not be denied. The wonder is rather that there are not more of such marriages."

Other speakers were Miss L. J. Martin, of the same university, on "Art For Children From Standpoint of Psychology," and Mrs. Lillian Duncanson, of Chicago, on "Fads in Education."

SECESSION

Of Common Laborers From American Federation of Labor.

Carbondale, Ill., May 6.—An organization now being perfected in this city to be known as the Amalgamated Common Laborers of America, is in reality a secession from the American Federation of Labor. Seven states are represented by delegates, Michigan, Indiana, Missouri, Illinois, Kentucky, Arkansas and Ohio. Yesterday a permanent organization was effected after a hot fight on the convention floor over the movement. The opposition was led by National Treasurer Lennon of the American Federation and William Morris of the National Mine Workers' executive board, while S. A. Harris, vice president of the Illinois Federation of Labor; M. S. Finnegan, of St. Louis, and the founder, William B. Smith, defended the movement. The purposes of the new organization is to eliminate the present per capita tax of 10 cents monthly, which is levied by the Federation without permitting the locals a voice in its proceedings.

They hold that all the trades have national distinctive orders and merely affiliate with the American Federation, while no reason exists why the same should not be the case with those who are unskilled. Labor leaders who have watched the new movement claim that in but a short time it will become a giant in the industrial world. Last night a committee of seven has under consideration a constitution for the order and all opposition has passed away after the test of strength in the convention. National officers will be elected and the distinctive features of the order wherein they will differ from other unions will be discussed. William B. Smith is the permanent chairman of the convention and F. M. Caldwell, secretary.

Woman's Work

in preparing appetizing and wholesome food is lightened by this famous baking powder.

Light Biscuit
Delicious Cake
Dainty Pastries
Fine Puddings

Absolutely pure. It adds healthful qualities to the food.

ROYAL
Baking Powder

The "Royal Baker and Pastry Cook"—most practical and valuable of cook books—free to every patron. Send full address by postal card.

There are cheap baking powders, made from alum, but they are exceedingly harmful to health. Their astringent and cauterizing qualities add a dangerous element to food.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

SPIRITS DO NOT EXIST.

Medium Told Court How He Fooled People.

Cleveland, May 5.—"Nobody ever materialized a spirit and nobody ever will," said "Medium" A. J. McIntosh in Justice Morrow's court, in the "spirit robe" case.

"Do you mean to say that you can't materialize spirits?" demanded Attorney W. J. Hart.

"Yes, sir. There are no spirits. I did just what every other medium does, make people believe there were."

"Didn't you tell them you would materialize their dead friends?"

"Never. When I'd walk out with those white robes over me some one in front would get excited and yell, 'That's my mother,' 'me the mother?' and I'd nod my head, maybe."

The testimony was in the trial of the suit McIntosh brought against John and Nellie Tite to recover some "spirit robes" of white substance, daubed with a prophorescent substance which gave them a ghostly appearance in the dark. Mrs. Tite swore she knew McIntosh to make, not a medium, after he had given her three seances, when he materialized her mother, three little girls and two young women called Nellie and Tillie. When she asked their other names she said he told her it wasn't good form to ask ghosts their last names; they didn't have last names "in the other side."

"One time," said she, "he materialized some Indian spirits. The guides led the big chief out and they made Indian noises."

WAGES INCREASED.

Denver, May 6.—The Denver City Tramway company has announced an increase in the wages of its trainmen to go into effect June 1. All who have been with the company five years will receive 25 cents an hour. All others will receive an increase of 1 cent an hour.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Two Nights Commencing.
TUESDAY, MAY 6th
The best of all rural plays
York State Folks
With the original cast and scenery.
Note—This is the No. 1 company—C. A. Marshall.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c. Matinee—Dress Circle 75c, Parquette 50c, Family Circle and Balcony 25c.

LYCEUM
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Matinee and Night, Saturday, May 10.
IT'S WORTH WHILE WAITING FOR THE SHOW YOU KNOW
Nothing Changed But the Prices, They're Lower
WAY DOWN EAST
The Big BRADY Production
BARGAIN MATINEE ON SATURDAY
The Same Complete Production That Caused Such a Furore Last Season.
NOTE THE PRICES—Matinee, 25c, 50c, 75c. Night, 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00
Seat Sale Opens Friday Morning.

Mrs. May Webb, President Woman's Kaffe-klatch Club, Menasha, Wis., is Advised by Her Doctor to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for Inflammation of the Womb, and is Cured. She says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—How little we appreciate health until it has left us; then it appears as the most precious gift to mankind. I enjoyed good health until four years ago when I caught a severe cold at the menstrual period. I thought little of it at that time, but when nine weeks after I found it had settled into inflammation of the womb, I wished I had been more careful. I suffered agonies for months; lost my happy disposition, and nothing seemed worth having if I could not have my health. My good old doctor, after prescribing several worthless remedies, was good enough to say 'Try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** several of my patients have been cured through its use.' I did so; I had great expectations, and it did not disappoint me. Before the first bottle was used I felt relief; I took it faithfully for nine weeks, and that blessed Compound surely cured me. It seemed to build up all the weak parts, allayed the inflammation, and brought blessed health back to me. I know how to appreciate it, and I know also that it was due to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound only."—MRS. MARY WEBB, Menasha, Wis.

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

CORRIGAN IS NO MORE

Eminent Prelate Passed Away at 11.05, Monday Night.

Death Was a Great Surprise and Shock To All.

A Short Sketch of the Life of the Archbishop.

New York, May 6.—Archbishop Corrigan died at 11:05 last night.

The death of the archbishop came as a great surprise and shock to those in archepiscopal residence. It was more so to the general public, for the last bulletin of the day was that, so certain were the physicians of an improvement in the condition of the patient, there would be no bulletins last night. Up to 10:30 there was no evidence of collapse; in fact the archbishop at 10:30 talked with his secretary.

About 11 o'clock, however, the trained nurses who had charge at the bedside noticed a change. Acting on instructions the physicians were telephoned for.

At the same time the archbishop's two brothers were summoned to the room as well as a number of priests. It was quickly seen by the physicians that the end was at hand and in less than a quarter of an hour his grace was dead. His last moments were peaceful and without evidence of suffering.

Besides the two brothers of the archbishop, there were present in the room, a dozen priests, among them Father Flavel, rector of the cathedral; the Mexican bishop; the Rev. Dr. Starrnate, secretary to the archbishop and Father Curley, his English secretary.

At about a quarter to 11 the nurses noticed that the archbishop was breathing with more difficulty than usual. They tried to aid him by restoratives, but he did not respond to them. His breathing became still more difficult and it was evident he was in great pain. A heart stimulant was administered, but this failed to relieve the patient, and the nurses notified Father Curley that the prelate's condition was evidently serious, and that Dr. Keyes should be summoned.

Father Curley directed the servants to call all the priests and relatives of the archbishop to the room.

All rushed to the room just in time to see the prelate breathe his last. Everyone stood silently by the bedside watching the end. At the very last all knelt to say the final prayers as they saw that the end had come.

A crucifix had been placed in the hands of the archbishop as he lay breathing with difficulty, and he died clasping it. His rosary hung from his wrists; over his head was a statue of the Savior and on one side a picture of the Madonna.

Dr. Keyes had been notified by Father Curley but was unable to reach the house until ten minutes before midnight. He said that death had doubtless been caused by degeneration of the heart and weakness resulting from the archbishop's illness.

The illness really dated from the end of February of this year when, in going through the Kelly Memorial chapel in course of construction at the rear of the cathedral, he fell between some beams and to keep himself from falling to the floor below, he had to hold himself up. The strain was very great and before he recovered from the effect of the accident he was attacked with pneumonia. It was thought he was out of danger, but his condition Sunday night was bad and he was unable to rally.

Father Dalley announced the death a few minutes after the archbishop passed away. He said the prelate's condition had been better during the day than at any time since the beginning of his last illness.

The patient, he said, ate a really hearty meal at noon today, appeared to enjoy it, and was cheerful all day.

"He enjoyed the conversation with his brothers and nephew during the evening," said Father Dalley, "but just before 11 o'clock he grew visibly weaker. An injection of a stimulant was administered at 11 o'clock, but this did not help him, and we were all summoned to the bedside. We arrived just in time. He was then unconscious, and did not recover consciousness before he died."

Dr. Corrigan, the archbishop's brother, stood by the dying man's side and watched the dissolution. All those in the room were repeating the Litany for the dying and were on their knees. Thus they prayuntil five minutes after 11. Dr. Corrigan bowed his head and indicated that the archbishop had passed away.

The coadjutor bishop of the diocese of New York, Bishop Farley, is in Rome, and the highest dignitary here is Vicar General Joseph Mooney, who was immediately sent for and reached the house about midnight. The vicar general sent out official notifications of the death to the heads of all parishes in the diocese.

Father Curley wrote a cablegram to the Holy See at Rome informing the pope of the death of Archbishop Corrigan, and he made an effort to notify Bishop Farley. He sent cablegrams to all the large cities of the continent, endeavoring to locate him. He will be the administrator of the diocese until a successor is named.

The Most Rev. Michael Augustine Corrigan, D. D., was born at Newark, N. J., in 1839. His parents came from Leinster, Ireland. After having graduated from the schools of his native place, he was sent to St. Mary's college in Emmetsburg, Md. After leaving St. Mary's, in 1859, having a brilliant record as a student, he went to Europe to take holy orders. In Rome he was one of the fifteen students who registered in the American college there when it was opened. He devoted two years to the preliminary studies of the college, and then began the study of theology. Although ordained a priest by Cardinal Patrizi in the Lateran Basilica, in 1863, he remained in the American college another year, and won its degree of doctor divinity. Dr. Corrigan then sailed for home and reported on his arrival to Bishop Bayley, in Newark, who at once assigned him to the professorship of dogmatic theology and sacred scripture, as well as to the directorship of Seton Hall college. Later, the Rev. Father Corrigan became vice president of the college, and when only 28 years of age became president of that institution.

When Bishop Bayley visited Rome in 1870, Dr. Corrigan became the administrator and vicar general of Newark. He was consecrated by Bishop McCloskey on May 14, 1873, and remained in charge of the diocese of Newark for seven years. In that time he has consecrated forty-two new churches, among them the cathedral in Newark. Besides these achievements he established many religious communities, and founded a home for erring women and a reformatory for boys.

Owing to his successful administration of his diocese, Dr. Corrigan was selected to be coadjutor of Cardinal McClosky. On Oct. 1, 1880, he was raised to the archepiscopal see of Petra, and made coadjutor, with the right of succession. When Cardinal McClosky died, Archbishop Corrigan succeeded to the see of New York.

The Bad Boy's Bowel Blessing

Nature punishes every excess, not only of the bad boy, but of ourselves as well. Over-eating, over-drinking, under-sleeping result in bowel troubles liable to become serious.

"My children will take Cascarets sooner than any other medicine."—Mrs. Frank Mumert, Princeton, Ill.

"I am now using Cascarets in my family and they are wonderful among children."—Lee D. Thompson, Portsmouth, Va.

"Our little girl was troubled with constipation for over two years. Cascarets cured her. They are also the best remedy for colds we ever used."—Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Dascord, Clayton, N. Y.

"I have used Cascarets and have found them a most excellent remedy for both myself and my children."—Mrs. Bridget McCrossan, 98 Bead St., Philadelphia, Pa.

"Cascarets are the easiest medicine to give to children I ever came across."—Mrs. E. F. Reilly, 2341 Calvin St., Pittsburg, Pa.

"My two boys think Cascarets are candy. I never have to insist on their taking them. I sleep with a box of Cascarets under my pillow. No home should be without them."—Mrs. G. A. Prescott, Chicago, Ill.

"Cascarets are wonderfully good for children."—Mrs. Wm. Roan, Catamount, N. Y.

"We have used Cascarets for three years for the children as well as ourselves. They do just what they are recommended to do."—Mrs. P. M. Kolling, 416 Dock St., Steubenville, O.

Every good, healthy, hearty boy is sometimes a bad boy—bad to himself; and will do things in the green apple, mince pie or other over-eating line that will twist his bowels. Men are only boys grown tall. In such a case what is needed is not a violent physic that will rack the tender bowel tissues, but Cascarets Candy Cathartic, gentle but sure to act at once and put things right. They are the most perfect medicine in the world for all forms of indigestion, dyspepsia and constipation.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 568

IS OF BENEFIT TO THE NORTHWEST

Northern Securities Company Files Reply---An Enterprise In Aid of Great Competitive Interstate and International Commerce.

St. Paul, May 6.—"An enterprise in aid of great competitive interstate and international commerce," is the description of the Northern Securities company given in the answer filed by the attorneys for that corporation in the suit brought by United States Attorney General Knox, on behalf of the United States to enjoin the so-called merger of the Northern Pacific and Great Northern railways. This answer was filed yesterday afternoon in the United States cicuit court in this city and the same time individual answers were also filed by James J. Hill, William P. Clough, D. Willis James, John S. Kennedy, George F. Baker and the Great Northern railway, and by J. Pierpont Morgan, Robert Bacon, Daniel S. Lamont, and the Northern Pacific railway. These various papers follow the same lines.

The answer of the Northern Securities company is divided into two parts. The first part is largely a denial of the petition respecting any charge of conspiracy and the purpose of the organization of the Securities company. Instead of owning the majority of the shares of the Great Northern or Northern Pacific companies, it is stated that those who are interested in the organization of the Securities company did not own to within $26,000,000 of a majority of the Great Northern shares and a little more than one quarter of the Northern Pacific shares.

In the individual answers it is further stated: "That the Securities company, as now existing, became and is necessary as a defensive measure against attempts of rival interests to gain control or direction of one or both defendant railway companies, and defeat the enterprise they had undertaken of establishing a large international and interstate commerce and that the effect of its organization on interstate commerce as a whole; and that the control or the direction of one of the defenaant companies by a rival interest might impose upon the other all the burdens of the joint obligations incurred, amounting to more than $220,-000,000, while taking from it all the benefits of the purchase of the Burlington shares."

In the second part of the answer the purchase of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy Railroad company is taken up, the reasons for such purchase have been—it is alleged—"erroneously stated in the petition."

Attention is called to the sparsely settled or unsettled nature of the country through which the Great Northern line runs; the abundance of raw materials to be hauled at a low mileage rate; the great timber wealth in the Pacific Northwest and the necessity of a return load for the cars taking this timber to the prairie states; the development of trade with Eastern Asia as a means of securing such return loads, and the establishment of a connecting steamship line for that purpose. It is stated that "in the interstate and international commerce which the Great Northern company has thus built up, it competes both in this country and on the ocean with the other trans-Atlandic lines (including the Canadian Pacific), and at the Oriental ports it competes with the commerce of the world. Its rates are and must be made in competition with the rates of ocean carriers and by the way of the Suez canal. The policy thus followed by the Great Northern company in building up an international, and thereby interstate commerce has been followed by the Northern Pacific company since its reorganization in 1896."

It is stated that both roads were placed at a disadvantage with other trans-continental lines, as well as with European competitors, by the want of sufficient connection with the territory offering the best markets for the products of the country along their lines, and with the places of production and great centers of distribution by which their traffic must be supplied. The answer recites these various markets and their products, and continues:

"The price paid for said Burlington stock was lower per mile of main track covered by the stock than that for which the stock of any other large and well established system in the same general territory could then have been bought.

"The purchase of the Burlington stock by the Northern Pacific and Great Northern companies in equal parts served to protect each company as well as if it were the sole owner of such stock, while such purchase might have been beyond the financial means of either company by itself.

"The Great Northern and Northern Pacific, therefore, each purchased an equal number of shares of the Burlington stock as the best means and for the sole purpose of reaching the best markets for the products of the territory along their lines, and of securing connections which would furnish the largest amount of traffic for their respective roads, increase the trade and interchange of commodities between the regions traversed or reached by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific lines and by their connecting lines of shipping on the Pacific coast."

It is claimed that such interchange of traffic is indispensable to the maintenance of their business and to the development of the country served, and that "in such purchase there was no purpose to lessen any competition of the Burlington lines with those of either of the purchasers, for they are not competitive, or to lessen any competition between the purchasers." And further, "the purchase of the Burlington stock was not made in view of the formation of this defendant, but solely from the motives and with the purpose already stated."

The history of the formation of the holding company is given very fully, the project having its inception many years previous to the decision of the supreme court in the Pearsall case, which has been alleged to be the reason for the organization of the holding company. Ten large shareholders in the Great Northern and its predecessor, the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba railway, as far back as 1893, began to discuss together what would be the effect upon the company's policy should their holdings become scattered and by what means their holding could be kept together, so as to secure the continuance of such policy in the management of the company. The idea of a holding company resulted, but no definite agreement was made. The same Great Northern shareholders, from time to time, after the registration of the Northern Pacific in 1896, had made large purchases of Northern Pacific shares, individually, without any concerted action and solely as investments. About May 1, 1901, their aggregate holdings of Northern Pacific common stock amounted to nearly $20,000,000 of the $80,000,000 common stock of the company, which also had $75,000,000 of preferred stock. At that time J. Pierpont Morgan & Co. held about $6,000,000 of the common stock. In the fall of 1900 Mr. Hill and these Great Northern shareholders discussed the question of putting their Northern Pacific stock in the proposed holding company as well as the suggestion of giving the same right to the other Great Northern stockholders. The answer then continues:

"At the time of the purchase of the Burlington shares it was not contemplated by either purchasing company or its shareholders that any alliance between the purchasing companies, or among their shareholders was needed to preserve to each company its fair share of the advantages secured by the purchase. It was thought that the manifest interest of each company rendered any further guaranty or security needless.

"But pending or just after the conclusion of the negotiations for the Burlington stock, parties acting in the interest of the Union Pacific railway system, did purchase Northern Pacific shares, both common and preferred, to the amount of about $78,000,000, being a clear majority of the entire capital stock of that company. The apparent intent of such purchases was to defeat and, if successful, it would have defeated the carrying out of the purposes for which the Burlington shares had been bought by the Great Northern and Northern Pacific companies and the development of the interstate and international commerce of each of them, and would have subordinated the policy of each to an interest adverse to both the Great Northern and Northern Pacific companies and to the public served by their lines."

Next is recited the conferences with J. Pierpont Morgan over the proposed holding company as a means of protecting all interests, and it is added, "at this time it was not expected by any of the persons concerned that any Northern Pacific shares except the said $42,000,000" (being the combined Morgan-Hill interest), "would be acquired by the proposed holding company. The organization of such company was not dependent on any agreement that it should acquire a majority of the shares of either defendant company. The organization of such company was not dependent on any agreement that it should acquire a majority of the shares of either defendant railway company. It would have been organized if the Burlington purchase had not been made, and if its promoters had had no other shares to transfer to it than the $42,000,000 of Great Northern stock and the twenty millions of Northern Pacific stock, held by them on May 1, 1901. It was not known that all or how many of the shareholders or either of the railway companies would be likely to transfer their shares to this defendant when formed. After its organization this defendant bought and still holds $150,000,000 of the stock of the Northern Pacific Railway company, and it has also purchased and negotiated for the purchase of the stock of the Great Northern company, as hereinbefore stated."

It is denied specifically and generally that any stock thus secured is to be held or used, "for the purpose of combining consolidating or placing under one common management or control, the railways of the Grtat Northern and Northern Pacific companies, or the business thereof; or for the purpose of monopolizing or restraining competition between the said railway companies; or for any other purpose in the election from time to time of said railway companies of a competent and disanct board of directors, able and intending to manage each of them independently of the other, and for the benefit of their shareholders and of the public."

It is stated that every share of stock is issued in good faith, for value received and in accordance with law; no agreement limiting the individual shareholder in voting his own stock has been signed or required; and that "the owners and holding of stock of this defendant are more than 1300 in number and the ownership of the stock is being changed, from day to day, by sales and transfers, in the usual course of dealings. The said persons who formed or were otherwise concerned in the formation of this defendant have never, all together, held, owned or otherwise controlled an amount of stock of the said company equal to so much as one-third of the whole amount there now outstanding."

It is explained that the capital was fixed so as to include all the stock of the two companies, if its holders so desired, but it is stated that "this defendant was not formed as a scheme or a device to evade the act of congress known as the 'anti-trust act,' or any other law whatever, but solely for the purposes hereinbefore stated."

It is further stated that the securities company was not formed for the purpose of restraining trade or lessening competition between the two railway companies, nor would such results follow from its organization; for in point of fact since the securities company was formed both lines have voluntarily so reduced rates as to decrease their earnings by upwards of a million dollars annually. It is claimed that for all interstate commerce, the rates are fixed by just tariffs with connecting lines and stated further that, "in respect to all such traffic neither of the defendant companies has ever had, or can have, any dependent rate making power or control of traffic or rates. All joint tariffs with other companies to or from points common to the lines of the defendant railway companies have always been, and necessarily must be, the same, whether the amount of all other interstate traffic, that is, traffic between common points on the two roads, which is not competitive, both as to rates and quality of service with other carriers having equal rate-making power with them, is less than 2 per cent of the total interstate traffic of the two companies."

It is maintained that the sale and transfer of property, whether shares of stock or otherwise, has never been and cannot be adjudged a violation of the so-called anti-trust act. The Securities company is not a railroad company and has no power to operate railways, to control rates or restrain traffic. The answer continues: "So far from intended to violate any provision of said act of congress, the persons who were concerned in organizing this defendant and those who have sold their shares to it, had every reason to believe that such sales were not in any way in contravention of that act. In common with the general public they were aware that during the eleven years since the passage of that act, in many instances the stock of a competing railway company has been acquired by its competitor, or the shareholders thereof; such acquisition including many of the principal railways doing business throughout the country. This has been done without objection from any branch of the government of the United States, and has invariably proven beneficial to the railway companies concerned and to the public; and those making sales of stock to this defendant had no reason to believe that such sales were open to any legal objection or question whatever."

The purpose of the organization is reviewed briefly and the answer continues: "All acts done in relation to the organization of this defendant and in the conduct of its business have been expressly authorized by law, and have had no effect whatever to restrain trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations. If these lawful transactions should hereafter have any effect to restrain trade or commerce among the several states or with foreign nations (which is hereby denied), that effect would be merely indirect, remote, incidental and collateral, and not intended, and as nothing compared with the great expansion of the volume of interstate and international commerce which was intended and which the defendant believes to be destined to result from the enterprise of the two railway companies, that culminated in the purchase of the Burlington stock."

And the defendant says:

"1—The anti-trust act was not intended to prevent or defeat an enterprise in aid of a great competitive interstate and international commerce, merely because such enterprise may carry with it the possibility of incidental restraint upon some commerce, trifling both as respects territory and volume.

"2—Nor was the act intended to limit the power of the several states to create corporations, define their purposes, fix the amount of their capital, and determine who may buy, own and sell their stock.

"3—Otherwise construed the act would be unconstitutional, because: The power to regulate commerce with foreign nations and among the state does not give congress the power to regulate any of the matters above mentioned in respect to corporations created by the states, and because:

"Persons may not be deprived of their property, without due process of law, by taking from them the right to sell it, as their interest may suggest."

Attention is called to the defect of necessary parties defendant, there being over 1300 shareholders, few of whom are connected with forming the Securities company and in whose absence from the litigation, it is claimed, no decree can be made affecting their rights.

In conclusion the defendant "denies all and all manner of unlawful combination and confederacy wherewith it is by said petition charged." If there be any allegations to such effect not already fully disposed of and answered.

CLEVERLY CAUGHT

While Trying to Deceive Board of Medical Examiners.

Professor Magnus of Baltimore University Is In Trouble.

He Took the Medical Examination For Another Person.

Parkersburg, W. Va., May 5.—For an offense of extremely grave nature Thomas H. Magnus, M. D., instructor in the Baltimore University of Medicine, now awaits behind the bars of the county jail, the result of the efforts of his attorney to secure bail. The offense for which Prof. Magnus is under arrest is that of swearing falsely to an affidavit in the medical examinations, which were conducted here. Magnus, it is said, simply took the state medical examination for another person.

He assumed the name of David Ritchie Shepler, of Belle Vernon, Ohio, and underwent the West Virginia examination in order to get a license for Shepler. This latter person evidently felt himself unable to pass the examination, and hired Magnus to do the work.

Magnus, or Shepler, as he called himself, passed the examination with remarkable ease; in fact it was his very rapidity in going through questions that first awakened the suspicions of the examiners. Drs. Stanton and Myers, of the state board of medical examiners, went to Assistant Prosecuting Attorney C. M. Showalter and said that they had reason to believe that there was a man taking the examination who was somebody other than he represented himself to be. Under the direction of Mr. Showalter the members of the board prepared an affidavit for the man in question to sign, stating that he being the same David Ritchie Shepler who had filed an application with the secretary of the state board, and had paid the registry fee of $12 on Feb. 12, and who was a resident of Belle Vernon, Ohio. The board was also to get the young man to sign the regular application, which he had failed to do Feb. 12. This Magnus willingly did.

Mr. Showalter then sent a telegram asking if D. R. Shepler, a student at the Baltimore University of Medicine, was in the city of Baltimore. The answer received was, "Shepler is here."

After consultation with the state board a warrant was issued for the man calling himself Shepler. Before he was arrested he admitted that he had sworn falsely to the affidavit, and that he was guilty of the charge. He gave his true name as Thomas H. Magnus, and his address as 1516 East Baltimore street, Baltimore, Md. He said he was an assistant lecturer in the Baltimore University of Medicine.

Magnus was placed under arrest about 11 o'clock, and shortly before noon was taken before Squire Thomas. The warrant was read to him, and when asked for his plea he said "Guilty." Magnus was bound over to the criminal court for the spring term, May 26, bond being fixed at $500. He has as yet been unable to furnish this. The penalty for the offense is from one to three years in the state's penitentiary, at the court's discretion, or imprisonment not to exceed six months and from $100 to $500 fine.

Professor Magnus is a very young-looking man. He has worn the very sportiest of clothes since he came to this city to take the examination for Shepler, who was a pupil of his. The man has very little the appearance of a college professor, but the ease with which he disposed of the questions showed his perfect familiarity with medicine and the profession.

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SHERIFF'S EXECUTION SALE.—Under and by virtue of an execution issued out of and under the seal of the district court of the state of Minnesota, in and for the Eleventh judicial district and county of St. Louis, on the 5th day of April, 1902, upon a judgment duly rendered in the municipal court of the city of Duluth, St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 6th day of May, 1896, in an action therein, wherein Henry Siegloch was plaintiff and Christian Haug and J. Henry Haug, co-partners as C. Haug & Son defendants, in favor of said plaintiff and against said defendants for the sum of three hundred eighty and 90-100 dollars, a transcript of which said judgment was thereafter and upon the seventh day of May, 1896, duly filed and docketed in the office of the clerk of said district court in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, which said execution has to me as sheriff of said St. Louis County, been duly directed and delivered I have levied upon and will sell at public auction to the highest cash bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county of St. Louis, on Monday, the 26th day of May, 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of that day, all right title and interest that above named judgment debtor had in and to the real estate hereinafter described on the seventh day of May, 1896, that being the date of docketing of said judgment, the description of the property being as follows, to-wit: Southwest quarter of southeast quarter (sw¼ of se¼) section one (1), township sixty-two (62) north, range thirteen (13) west, fourth principal meridian. Undivided 2-3 of lots thirty-five and one hundred one (101), on Lake avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Lot four (4), block ten (10), Endion Division of Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Lot one (1), block twenty-eight (28), Ely, according to the recorded plat thereof, all the above described land lying and being in St. Louis County, Minnesota.

Dated Duluth, Minn., April 5th, 1902.
WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff St. Louis County, Minn.
By V. A. DASH, Deputy.

JOHN JENSWOLD, JR.,
Attorney for Judgment Creditor.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-8-15-22-29-May-6-13-1902.

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WHEAT IS HIGHER

Market Very Slow Up to Noon and Then Advances.

Rains In Northwest Cause Anxiety As to Spring Wheat.

Break of Drought In Southwest Offset This Influence.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 6.—The wheat market started out at a small advance this morning, sold up slightly and then fluctuated up to noon within a narrow range, advancing farther after that and closing near the top. The heavy rains in the Northwest which it was feared would further delay spring seeding and decrease the wheat acreage had a bullish effect, but the copious rains in the Southwest which will relieve the drouth there had a contrary effect. The cables started lower, but turned higher before the close. The Liverpool market closed at an advance of 1@1¼d, while Paris closed ¾@⅞c lower. Antwerp closed ⅝c higher. Primary receipts of wheat were 270,000 bus, last year 395,000 bus. Shipments 231,000 bus, last year 325,000 bus. Clearances were 526,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 7,000,000 bus, in the world's visible supply.

Cash wheat Chicago market was stronger advancing 1-1⅛c. Oats closed a shade higher. Primary receipts of corn were 486,000 bus, last year 625,000 bus. Shipments 250,000 bus, last year 328,000 bus. Clearances were 3000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 300 cars, and at Chicago, 37, a total of 151 cars, against 208 last week and 241 last year.

The Duluth wheat market was dull. It opened ⅛c up at 73¾c, sold at 76c within a half minute, and then fluctuated from 76c to 76¾c up to noon. It advanced to 76⅞c at 12:35, fell to 76¾c at 12:40 and jumped to 78¾c at 1:26, closing at 76¾c, an advance of 3c. Chicago advanced 2¾c and Minneapolis 3c.

Cash sales were about 5000 bus at the daily price for No. 1 northern, 2c under for No. 2 northern and 4c under for No. 3.

There was lively trading in flax and while the cash seed fell 1c, the fall futures were strong. September closed 3c up and October 3¼c up. Corn declined ½c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, 79½c; No. 1 northern, 78½c; No. 2 northern, 74½c; No. 3 spring, 72½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 76½c; May, 76½c; July, 76½c; September, 74½c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern cash, 75½c; May, 75½c; No. 2 northern, 73c. Oats—Cash, 42¼c; September, 26¾c. Rye, 54c. Flax—Cash, $1.74½; to arrive, $1.74½; May, $1.74½; September, $1.47; October, $1.43. Corn, 60½c.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 20, last year, 13; oats, 1; rye, 1; flax, 10.

Receipts—Wheat, 16,991; flax, 897. Shipments—Wheat, 46,750; rye, 92,000.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 1 car	$ 0.76⅛
No. 1 northern, 1100 bus	76
No. 1 northern, 1 car	76
Oats, 1 car	42¼
Rye, 1 car	54½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Traders Fear Bad Results From Heavy Rains.

Chicago, May 6.—No sooner had the drouth scare in the Southwestern wheat fields been dispelled than grain speculators had a new weather bull argument to combat. Today traders were all fearing the heavy rains in the Northwest would have bad results. Receipts at the Northwestern points were very much curtailed and the delay in the spring seeding caused much comment about materially decreased acreage. July wheat opened 2@2¼c to a shade higher, at 75¼@75c, and sold to 75¾c. Cables started out lower, though comparatively firm. As the day advanced, however, they turned higher. The copious rains in the Southwest—in fact all over the wheat country—did much to offset the bullish feeling and prices held steady at the advance. Corn was strong and aided in the upturn. Local receipts were 6 cars, 5 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported only 81 cars, making a total for the three points of 151 cars, against 208 last week and 214 a year ago. Good buying after yesterday's break, higher cables and the strong position of the leading bull party started corn on the advance today. July opened a shade to 5⅝@⅝c higher, at 47⅝@47¾c, and soon topped 48¼c. Trade early was only fair, but offerings both speculative and from the country were small and prices held their advance steadily. Receipts were 200 cars.

Absence of any selling pressure as prices in wheat advanced added to the strength of the pit situation. July closed firm, ⅝c higher, at 75½@75¾c.

There was good buying of corn all session, and although late reports indicated a freer country movement, prices steadily advanced. July closing strong, 1@1⅛c higher, at 61⅝c.

Oats were slightly improved in tone as a result of the strength in corn and wheat. The cash situation was much improved but trade was slow. July opened ⅛c up at 35⅝c and advanced to 35¾c. Receipts, 296 cars.

Provisions met several weakening influences at the opening which sent prices back. The hog situation was weaker, continued talk about the beef trust investigation had a depressing influence and outsiders sold liberally. Packers as usual turned in to support the market against any decline but prices sagged off. July pork opened 5c down, at $17.05, and sold to $17.00. July lard 5c lower to unchanged at $10.12½ to $10.17½, and sold at $10.10, and July ribs a shade higher at $9.62½ and ensed to $9.50.

Closing: Wheat—May, 75¾c; July, 75½@75¾c; September, 74½c; December, 75⅞@76c. Corn—May, 60¾c; July, 61⅞c; September, 60¾c; December, 46½c; May (1903), 47¼c. Oats—May, 34¾c; July, 34¼c; July, new, 35¾c; September, 29¼@29¾c; September, new, 30¾c; December, 29¾c; December, new, 31¼c. Pork—May, $16.85; July, $16.95; September, $17.00; January, $16.97½. Lard—May, $10.07½; July, $10.07½@10.10; September, $10.15. Ribs—May, $9.47½; July, $9.50; September, $9.55. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.77; Southwestern, $1.64; May, $1.66; September, $1.42½; October, $1.41. Rye—May, 55½c; July, 56c. Barley—Cash, 65@71c. Timothy—September, $6.00. Clover—Cash, $8.35. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 82¼@83¼c; No. 3 red, 79½@81½c; No. 2 hard winter, 75@77½c; No. 3 hard winter, 70¾@77½c; No. 1 northern spring, 76¾@77½c; No. 2 northern spring, 75¾@76½c; No. 3 spring, 72@74½c; No. 4, 70@72c. Oats—No. 2, 41¼@43c; No. 3, 41@43c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

Logan & Bryan, Chicago: Wheat—The tone of the market was firm. There were further good rains in Kansas and Nebraska, but the selling on that influence seemed to have been done yesterday. On the other hand there were further bad rains in the Northwest. Advices from that section are pretty unfavorable, indicating a decrease to be planted and the exhaustion of supplies in farmers' hands. Buyers at Southwest points reported rather free offerings of wheat in that country yesterday, but none today. Bradstreet makes the world's visible decrease 7,000,000 bus or a total of about 20,000,000 bus in three weeks. Rains in the Southwest must have done a great deal of good, but our advices indicate that they came too late to make more than half a crop in Kansas with some deficiency in Oklahoma and Nebraska. The bear side does not look attractive to us at the moment and we are inclined to think wheat should be bought on the soft spots.

* * *

Stevens, of Minneapolis: I do not believe the traders realize how much the situation really is here. There is no doubt the acreage will be materially reduced and elevator people are reducing their estimates of wheat in farmers' hands. I look for the receipts to be light until this year's crop is assured. Our stocks are increasing at the rate of a hundred thousand bushels a day and are below ten million. Look for cash wheat to be very strong until the next crop.

* * *

C. M. Boynton, from Salina, Kan.: There was from one-half to one inch of rain in the following counties last night: Saline, Harvey, McPherson, Dickinson, Marion, Ottawa, Jewell, St. Cloud, Lincoln and Russell. This is authentic for I took the pains to 'phone each county. The wires were down in some southern counties, so it is likely the storm was even greater there than here. In Ellsworth, Lincoln and Russell the rain is too late to be of much benefit. The crop is all but gone in those counties. The other counties will be helped considerable, but will not change my estimate materially. Saline county is 20 points lower than when I was here before.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 6.—Close: Wheat—May, 81¼c; July, 81¾c. Corn—May, 66¾c; July, 65¾c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, July wheat, 75⅝-¾c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 76⅜c asked.
Curb, July wheat, 75¾-7⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 6.—Close, wheat, May, 75⅝c; July, 75¾@⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 78¾c; No. 1 northern, 76¾@⅞c; No. 2 northern, 74⅞c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	74⅛B	73⅞		80¾-⅞
High	76⅜	74⅝		81⅝-¾
Low	74¼	73⅝		80¾
Close	76½B	74⅝		81⅝B
July—				
Open	75⅞B	75¼	75-⅛	80¾-⅞
High	76½-⅝	75¾-⅞	75⅝-¾	81⅛
Low	75⅛B	75	75	80¾-¾
Close	76½B	75¾-⅞	75½-⅝	81⅛B

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	34½	61@61⅛	$17.10
High	35⅜	61⅞	17.10
Low	34	61	17.00
Close	35¼	61⅞B	17.00

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 6.—Close: Wheat, spot, quiet; No. 2 red Western winter, no stocks; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 4½d; No. 1 Cal, 6s 1½d; July, 6s 1½d; September, 6s 3½d. Corn—Spot, steady; American mixed, 1 California, 6s 4d; futures, steady; May, new, 5s 8d; American mixed old, 5s 9d; futures, quiet; July, 5s 1¾d; October, 5s 1¾d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 581,000 centals, including 358,000 American. Receipts American corn during the past three days, 22,400 centals. The weather is clear.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 6.—Cattle receipts, 3500; steady; good to prime steers, $6.75@7.20; poor to medium, $4.50@6.30; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; cows, $1.40@5.50; heifers, $2.00@6.00; canners, $1.40@2.40; bulls, $2.25@5.75; calves, $1.90@6.00; Texas fed steers, $5.25@6.25; Western steers, $4.80@5.75. Hogs—Receipts, 18,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 3111; 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $6.80@7.20; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.25; rough heavy, $6.80@7.05; light, $6.65@6.85; bulk of sales, $6.80@7.10. Sheep—Receipts, 19,000; sheep, steady; lambs, 10c @15c lower; good to choice wethers, $5.50 @6.15; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.50; Western sheep, $5.25@6.15; native lambs, $4.75@6.55; Western lambs, $5.25@6.55. Receipts yesterday—Cattle, 10,228; hogs, 25,564; sheep, 19,557. Shipments—Cattle, 2272; hogs, 6114; sheep, 2326.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report that the rapid increase in the incoming stock brought prices down fully $10 a head on all grades save the most superior quality horses and coach horses. Farm mares and mules moved somewhat slow in sympathy with the present dull inquiry on those classes. Values:

Drafters, extra	$165@210
Drafters, choice	140@160
Drafters, common to good	120@140
Farm mares, extra	115@130
Farm mares, choice	90@115
Farm mares, common to good	80@ 90

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 6.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $187,161,009; gold $85,038,814; silver, $19,303,220; U. S. notes, $8,116,336; treasury notes of 1890, $101,911; national bank notes, $5,631,076; total receipts this day, $1,435,121; total receipts this month, $9,835,118; total receipts this year, $473,753,387; total expenditures this day, $1,310,000; total expenditures this month, $9,010,000; total expenditures this year, $467,634,995; deposits in national banks, $123,176,953.

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First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

BODY FOUND.

Supposed to Be Lambert Schulte, of Colby, Wis.

St. Paul, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The body of a man supposed to be Lambert Schulte, of Colby, Wis., was found yesterday afternoon floating in the river at the foot of West Water street. John Marzinski, 41 Water street, saw the body, and after pulling it to shore, notified the coroner. Several letters and other papers were found in the man's clothes. All bore the name of Lambert Schulte, and gave his address as Colby, Wis.

The body was taken to the morgue, where Coroner Miller, assisted by Dr. Finnell, held a post-mortem examination. There were no marks of violence on the body, nor was any trace of poison found. Dr. Miller decided that an inquest was unnecessary. Schulte weighed close on 200 pounds. He was 5 feet 10 inches in height and was about 45 years old. Supposed relatives at Colby were notified. Coroner Miller says that the man was not in the water more than a week.

CARICATURES

Of the Irish Race Will Be Severely Discountenanced.

New York, May 6.—James P. Bree, national secretary of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, has confirmed, according to a dispatch to the World from New Haven, Conn., the report that an organized effort is being made by Irish societies to discountenance caricatures of the Irish race on the stage and newspapers. Said Mr. Bree tonight:

"The movement is more for the education of the people than a movement against theatrical managers, actors or publishers. We must not be over sensitive in the matter. What we object to is such characterizations as expose the worst features of the race and make capital of the failings of human nature and ascribe them wholly to a type of Irishman which does not exist."

REVERSE FOR BOERS.

The British Occupy Steinkopf After Hard Fighting.

Capetown, May 6.—The O'Okiep, Western Cape Colony relief column has occupied Steinkopf, to the north of O'Okiep, which was strongly held by the Boers, after fighting April 27 and April 28. The British lost six men killed and eight wounded. The Boer losses are said to have been heavy. The Boers asked for British medical assistance.

DEATH LIST.

Representative Salmon of New Jersey Dies Very Suddenly.

Morristown, N. J., May 6.—Representative J. S. Salmon, of the Fourth district of New Jersey, died suddenly today at his home in Boontoon. Apoplexy was the cause of death. He was 56 years old, and was serving his second term in congress as a Democrat. A widow, two sons and a daughter survive him.

La Crosse, Wis., May 6.—News reached here today of the death of W. D. Fox at Faribault, Minn., one of the most widely known hotel men in the Northwest. He formerly was proprietor of the Cameron house in this city for several years, leaving La Crosse in 1892. Since then he has conducted hotels in Minnesota, and became very well known to the traveling public. He was 73 years old.

Washington, May 6.—Hon. John Davis, one of the associate justices of the United States court of claims, died here yesterday afternoon of Bright's disease. He had been ailing for a year and a half. Judge Davis was a native of Massachusetts and was in his 62nd year at the time of his death.

A MYSTERY

Surrounds the Death of Miss Mason of Greenpoint.

New York, May 6.—Considerable mystery surrounds the sudden death at Greenpoint, Long Island, of Miss Mariana F. Mason, at the home of her father, the Rev. John Mason, pastor of the Orchard Primitive Methodist church in Oakland street. A coroner's physician, who performed an autopsy, has signed a certificate stating that death was caused by an irritant poison. Miss Mason was 22 years old and organist in her father's church. She also taught a class of children in the Sunday school. During the evening she played and sang. A few hours later she was found dead in her bed.

TO AID RAILWAYS.

Victoria, B. C., May 6.—The bill to aid the construction of the Canada Northern railway from Butte Inlet to the eastern boundary of the province, and the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railway from the coast to the boundary, was laid before the legislature last night. Details of the bill have not been published. The government introduced a bill last night to borrow $4,000,000 to aid railways, pay their overdrafts and carry on other public works, drafts and carry on other public works.

ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Market Opened Higher and Maintained a Strong Tone.

Occasional Pauses In the Buying But Offerings Light.

Belief That Anthracite Miners' Strike Will Be Prevented.

New York, May 6.—Prices of stocks started upwards at the opening of today's market. The buying was well distributed through all departments of the list. The gains reached a point or over in St. Paul, Canadian Pacific, Louisville & Nashville and Manhattan.

There was some hesitancy after the opening, but as the realizations proved small the traders bid up special stocks strongly and the entire market followed. Before the hour elapsed, gains of a point or more had been made by members of the different active groups particularly St. Paul, Pennsylvania, Missouri Pacific, New York Central, Delaware & Hudson, Consolidated Gas, Manhattan and Sugar. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, New York Air Brake and Illinois Central advanced 2¼ each, Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred, Lackawanna, Northwestern and American Linseed 2 each and North American 5½. Rutland preferred declined 4 points to 91, rallied to 94½ and receded again. There was a consistent advance of Louisville & Nashville to 141. Westinghouse Electric gained 3¼.

Stocks maintained a strong tone, but the active leaders did not advance much beyond their earlier best prices aside from Reading and Louisville & Nashville, which touched 98 and 142 respectively, and Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, which rose 4. Less prominent stocks were buoyant. New York Air Brake rising 9½, Westinghouse Electric and Lackawanna 5, General Electric 6 and Long Island, Canada Southern, Canadian Pacific and Delaware & Hudson 2 to 2½. Bonds were firm.

There were occasional pauses in the buying, but offerings were light and prices well maintained. Southern Pacific, Amalgamated and United States Steel preferred rose a point over yesterday. Amongst less active stocks Westinghouse Electric gained 8, Snuff, 7½; Nashville, Chicago & St. Louis, 5; New Jersey Central and Southwestern, St. Paul preferred, Minneapolis, St. Paul & Soo preferred, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg and Chicago Terminal preferred between 2 and 3 points.

Large buying orders were placed again in the Readings, carrying the common and the second preferred up over 3 points. Other hard and soft coalers also sold higher, Lackawanna gaining 6 in all. Sugar came into prominence and gained 2½, and there was some inquiry for other industrials. Railroad stocks were strongly held at their best prices, but were less active.

Confident assertions were numerous in the financial districts that the threatened anthracite miners' strike would be prevented. Buying was quite animated all through the list and prices rose to the highest of the day. Reading and Chicago Great Western rose an extreme 4¾ and the range of gains was lifted between 2 and 3 points for New York Central, Pennsylvania, Rock Island and Erie first preferred and to above that in a number of high grade stocks in light market supply. There was some profit taking, the reaction running to a point in Reading and Sugar. Close was active and strong.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	67⅜	65⅝	67¼
Anaconda M. Co	112	110½	112
Atchison, T. & S. F.	79	79	80
do pfd	98⅛	98⅛	98⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	108	107	108
do pfd	95⅜	95¾	95⅜
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67¾	67½	67⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¾	46⅞	47¾
Chicago & Alton	36½	35⅞	36½
Col. F. & I.	104½	101⅞	104⅜
Chi. Great Western com.	27⅞	27	27⅞
Erie com	38½	36¾	38½
do 1st pfd	70	68¾	69⅝
do 2nd pfd	54⅜	53	54⅜
Great Northern pfd	184	184	184½
Louisville & Nashville	142¾	139¼	141⅜
Leather	13⅜	13⅛	13⅜
do pfd	84½	84	84½
Manhattan Con.	133⅝	132½	133½
M. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	58⅜	57½	58
do pfd	124¼	122	124¼
Missouri Pacific	101	100¾	101
New York Central	139⅝	138¾	139¾
Norfolk & Western	58¾	57½	58½
do pfd	91	91	91
Ontario & Western	34	33¼	33⅝
Pennsylvania	151½	149½	151
Pacific Mail	40½	39⅞	40⅛
People's Gas	104	103⅝	104⅜
Republic Iron and Steel	18⅜	18	18⅜
do pfd	74⅞	73½	74⅞
Reading	67¼	63¼	66⅜
do 1st pfd	86⅜	83	85½
do 2nd pfd	75⅝	68½	71⅜
Rock Island	177½	174⅞	177½
Southern Ry.	37½	36¾	37¼
do pfd.	86⅞	86⅝	86¾
Southern Pacific	69⅜	68⅝	69⅛
Smelter	46¼	44⅞	46
do pfd.	96⅜	95½	95⅜
Sugar Refinery	130½	128	129½
St. Paul	171½	169⅞	171½
T. C. & I.	69⅛	67½	69½
Texas Pacific	42⅝	41⅜	42⅝
Union Pacific	104	102⅝	104
do pfd	87⅞	87¼	87⅝
U. S. Steel	41⅜	41	41⅜
do pfd	92½	91⅜	92½
Wabash	27⅞	26⅞	27⅞
do pfd	46⅛	45¼	45⅝
Western Union	91½	91¼	91⅜
Wisconsin Central	27⅜	25⅝	27⅜
do pfd	49⅜	48	49⅜
American Ice	18⅞	18	18⅞
Metropolitan	152	150	151½

The total sales were 877,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Things looked pretty black yesterday morning and insiders had to give vigorous support to the market or there would have been a severe break. It is a curious situation, the big men have the stocks and they can sell them. Prices are high enough, too high in fact. Will the market go down with the insiders long? Continued prosperity has been discounted, but possible adverse factors have been reckoned on. If the predicted coal strike materializes, it will not help matters. No man living knows whether or nat the strike will be averted and my own opinion is that the matters in dispute will me patched up some way. I understand that the Keene faction are very bullish on the market, and point out with truth how well stocks stand up in the face of 15 per cent money, three failures, a predicted strike, etc. But other market leaders are not so confident. It seems to me that this is a good time to look on and not do much. Should there be a good rally today, reduce your line and take profits where you can.

* * *

Sutro to Paine, Webber & Co.: The market is healthier, weak accounts have been liquidated. Money will work easier and the coal labor situation becomes more favorable. Standard railway securities should be brought on all weap spots, these issues are low and should show quick response. The Gould stocks are cheap and especially Missouri Pacific. Gould, Rockefeller and Harriman interests are accumulating this issue and there will be soon very little floating stock supply on the market. Colorado Fuel & Iron is a purchase on all breaks, the inside account will take it in hand and some lively trading is looked for. We advise quick taking of profits.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The general impression here is that the situation has made a good gain and will be all the better by reason of the cleaning out process it has undergone, the unhealthy conditions which have existed by the dangerous manipuation is reported to no longer be a menace to the market.

* * *

Town Topics.—Because of the renewed threat of a coal miners' strike, the stock market will probably open irregular this morning. The breaks of the last few days have scared out all traders that can be scared, and the strike has been discounted in prices, except, possibly, in a few stocks. Purchases should be made with discrimination for a time, but if money advances to high rates this will be bargain day all through the list. General conditions are good, and as soon as the accidental ones now disturbing the market are cleared up, the general list will rise.

* * *

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—While the failures and threatened labor troubles have caused free selling of stocks for both accounts, the feeling tonight is that enforced liquidation is about over, leaving the market in a stronger position than before its setback. As is invariably the case when there are suspensions on the stock exchange, rumors are plentiful that further important embarrassments are to come.

But in well informed banking circles they are discredited. Therefore, sentiment favors the purchase of the railway list on all drives or on a scale.

The high rates for money are losing importance as a bear factor, because of the large amounts they are attracting from the interior and for the further reason that the season is at hand when normal monetary conditions usually prevail. The crop news which has also been used as a depressing influence, especially as regards Western shares has changed so much for the better owing to heavy rains in Kansas over Sunday that advices received by large operators are of the sort that suggest the material raising of winter wheat and estimates during the next few weeks.

Argument is made that these improved agricultural prospects are sure to have a favorable effect on railroad traffic by stimulating trade in the Southwest, where much business has been deferred by the now broken drouth. The breaking of the drouth by the way, detracts from the importance of the government crop report to be issued on Saturday, which being made upon the 1st of May, will not reflect the improvement made by needed moisture. Naturally the better winter wheat outlook is favorable to Atchison, Union Pacific, and Missouri Pacific, and there is reason to believe that it will not be long before their price movement reflects it.

Over the coal roads the threatened strike hangs like a pall, though it is by no means true, as some observers claim that a strike is inevitable. Should it be averted a large rise in these shares, led by the Readings is as certain as anything in speculation can be. There is no question that the most influential interests in finance are availing themselves of the depression in the stocks to add heavily to their holdings. There is a shrewd suspicion that this absorption foreshadows the satisfactory settlement of the difficulties between coal companies and the miners.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson to W. H. Laidley & Co.—We have private and positive knowledge that papers have been signed by officials of the United States Steel corporation and the Colorado Fuel and Iron company taking in the latter company on a basis for one share C. F. & I., which with current prices for United States Steel common and preferred would make C. F. & I. worth 130.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 6.—The cotton market opened steady with near months unchanged to 3 points lower and remote options unchanged to 3 points higher. It was some time after the call before the room operators could be induced to support the market, even in a feeble way, constant fear of trouble in financial circles obtaining, while commission houses had comparatively no orders to buy cotton. Liverpool opened 1@2 points higher, followed by a sharp additional gain of 2@4 points over yesterday's final bids. Then came a reaction, in which nearly all of the advance was lost. But later that marked picked up its strength and helped to rally the market here. In the local ring July broke to 9.05 after the call, but rallied to 9.15, other options followed a similar movement. At the close of the first hour the market was up to 9.15. Speculation broadened out considerably and the whole market exhibited a healthier appearance.

Cotton spot closed quiet, ⅛c up; middling uplands, 9⅝c; middling gulf, 9⅞c; sales, 500 bales. Cotton futures closed steady: May, 9.30; June, 9.29; July, 9.28; August, 9.11; September, 8.53; October, 8.27; November, 8.20; December, 8.18; January, 8.17; February, 8.18.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 305 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23	24
Arcadian	5½	6
Allouez	3¾	4
Atlantic	23	24
Anaconda	27½	28½
Amalgamated	67⅛	67¾
Calumet and Hecla	545	552
Centennial	19¾	20
Franklin	11	12
Manhattan	37¾	38
Mass	19	19⅛
May Flower	2½	3
National	1½	2
Mohawk	35½	..
Michigan	10¾	11
Old Colony	3¼	3½
Old Dominion	20	..
Osceola	61	62
Parrot	25½	26½
Phoenix	4¾	5
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2	2½
Santa Fe	2	3
Tamarack	168	170
Tecumseh	1¾	2
Tri-Mountain	99	101
Utah	22½	23
Victoria	4½	4½
Winona	1¾	2
Wolverine	55	56
Wyandot	1	1¾
Elm River	3½	4
Trinity	12⅞	13⅛
Dominion Coal	122½	123
U. S. M.	21⅜	21½
Calumet and Arizona	..	60

COPPER GOSSIP.

Dow-Jones & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The Calumet & Hecla people believe that, based upon present increased cost, sheets are representing more than 2c every pound. The price of copper should be 16c per pound instead of 12½c. Many people believe therefore that as the Calumet & Hecla and the Amalgamated people feel the need of higher prices there is likely to be an agreement reached this year to include all producers.

* * *

Hayden Stone & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: It is believed that Standard Oil people are constant buyers of Amalgamated Copper, and that they must have some plans back of that buying which will help all coppers. The feeling is more hopeful. Few stocks are offering and cliques are likely to bid up prices at any time. Money almost is unobtainable except at very high rates.

* * *

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.: The action of the coppers today seems to prove pretty well that this is a bull market. There has been a tremendous buying demand for all of the better class of coppers and there were not half enough stocks offered to go around. We hear talk again of coming important developments in Amalgamated and the rumors seem to be from well informed people. Copper was strong in London today and firmer in New York. We can but repeat the recommendation of the immediate past, "Buy the better class of coppers on all reactions."

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 6.—Close: Money on call, firm at 6@10 per cent; close offered at 9 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¼ @5¼; sterling exchange steady at the decline, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾ for demand, and at $4.85@ ⅛ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88¼@4.89; commercial bills, $4.84¼@ 4.85¼; bar silver, 5c; Mexican dollars, 4lc; government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, strong.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Negotiations For Settlement of Strike Fail at Cleveland.

Tug Trust's Fleet Still Tied to the Docks.

Old Captains and Engineers Are Getting Very Anxious.

Chicago, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The hopes of an early settlement of the tug strike through the negotiations under way at Cleveland, have not been realized, and all the boats of the tug trust's fleet were still securely tide to the dock at noon today. The old captains and engineers, many of whom have worked for the Dunham line a score of years, are getting very restive, when they sit on the dock and see the outside boats reap a harvest out of the work, they think they should be doing. It is said that these old Italian skippers will force the union into a compromise, which would bring the strike to a speedy end.

ENOUGH GRAIN.

Chicago, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Corn at 1⅛ cents and wheat at 1¼ cents were nothing to stop the grain from again today. There seemed to be enough grain on the market to load the tonnage seeking cargoes at these prices.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Yonkers, 9:10 last night; Adventure, 9:40; Siberia, 10:40; Flower, 11:40; Brazil, 12:15 a. m.; Miami, Gebhart, Fayette Brown, 1:10; Harvey Brown, 4; Colonel, 4:20; Presque Isle, 5:50; Hackett, 6; Conemaugh, 7; Major, 7:30; Elwood, Norseman and barge, 8:30; Gates, 10:20; Susquehanna, 10:40. Down: Arabian, 9:10 last night; Iphigon and consorts, 9:40; Mather and whaleback, 10; Curry, 10:30; Cambria, Russell, 11:40; Hickok, 1:15 a. m.; Black Rock, 6; Raleigh, Tokio, 7; Governor Smith, 8:5; Continental, Holland, 9:40; Chicago, 9:50; Troy, 10:50.

Up yesterday: Buffalo, 11:20; Alaska (steel), Canisteo and barges, 12:15 p. m.; St. Paul, Northern King, 3; Bingham, 4; Northern Wave, 5; India, 7:30; Republic, 8; Wilkesbarre, 8:20. Down: Wissahickon, 11:40; Neshoto, Topeka, 12:30 a. m.; Reynolds, 1:15; North Star, 1:40; Murphy, 3; Tacoma, 4; Hill and whaleback, 4:40; Queen of the West, Hutchinson, 6:20; Denver, 7:20; Carnegie, 7:40; Sitka, 8; Wade, China, 8:20; Onoko, 8:40.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Orinoco, 11 last night; Venus, 11:20; Bessemer, Nasmyth, 1:30 a. m.; Watt and whalebacks, 2; New York, 4:20; Prentice, Halsted, Middlesex, 8:30; Norwalk, 10; Wallace, Tasmania, 11. Down: Northern King, Mesaba, 10 last night; Whitney (wood), Peck, 11:40; Spokane, 5:30; Iron Duke, Iron Chief, 7; Harper, 8; Mariska, Martha, 9; Manola and whalebacks, 11:30.

Up yesterday: Etruria, Fitzgerald, Rochester, 1:40 p. m.; Centurion, 2; Uranus, Heffelinger, 2:20; Ericsson, Saunders, 3; United Empire, 3:15; Maritana, Wyoming, Amazonas, 4:20; Langham, Lackawanna, Shenandoah, Granada, 8; Sanilac, 8:30; Marina, whaleback, 9:20. Down: Queen City, Thomas, 1 p. m.; Volunteer, Parker, 3:30; Stevens, 6; Kelly, 7:20; Blanchard, Eli Kelly, 9.

COLLIDED IN FOG.

Alpena, May 6.—During the thick fog on Lake Huron Sunday night the steamers George Spencer and Mohegan came together off Presque Isle. Both boats were proceeding slowly at the time on account of the thick weather, or the accident would probably have been disastrous. The Spencer was bound for Milwaukee with coal and the Mohegan, having the Mingoe in tow, was on her way from Lake Superior. The Mohegan was not badly damaged by the collision, and took the Spencer in tow for this port, where she is anchored in the bay. The Spencer has a bad dent in her hull, her boiler is shifted and the steam pipe broken. She is leaking and will have to be towed to her destination.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Rhodes, Eason, Duluth; No. 158, Superior.

Port Arthur—Arrived: Manitoba, Advance, Duluth. Departed: Rosedale, Kingston; Donnacona, Midland.

Two Harbors—Cleared: Corliss, Wilkinson, Craig, Empire City, Bangor, Tyrone, Lake Erie, Houghton, Malleton, Marsala, Lake Michigan.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Viking, Duluth; light—Pathfinder. Iron King, Duluth; Hutchinson, Superior.

Marquette—Arrived: Colgate, Warriner. Cleared: Fay, Adriatic, Spokane, Fulton, Cleveland

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ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF FOREIGN WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 6th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Emma V. D. Bonsall, deceased:

Whereas, certain writings purporting to be duly authenticated copies of the last will and testament of Emma V. D. Bonsall, late of the city of New York, in state of New York, deceased, and the probate thereof in the surrogate court of the county of New York and state of New York have been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Seymour Wentworth Bonsall has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things that said Emma V. D. Bonsall lately died in said county of New York, New York, testate, possessed of certain real estate, situated in said county of St. Louis, Minnesota, and that said petitioner is the executor named and appointed in said last will and testament and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters testamentary be to Seymour Wentworth Bonsall issued thereon;

It is ordered, that the proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court at the probate office in said county, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-6-13-20-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING PROOF OF WILL.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 6th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Terkild Jensen, deceased:

Whereas, an instrument in writing, purporting to be the last will and testament of Terkild Jensen deceased, late of said county, has been delivered to this court;

And whereas, Jorgen Henrik Jenson has filed therewith his petition, representing among other things, that said Terkild Jensen died in said county, on the 23d day of April, 1902, testate, and that said petitioner is one of the devisees named in said last will and testament, and praying that the said instrument may be admitted to probate, and that letters be issued thereon to Amale Jenson Hetebrugge.

It is ordered, that proofs of said instrument, and the said petition, be heard before this court, at the probate office in the city of Duluth, in said county, on the 20th day of May, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when all persons interested may appear for or contest the probate of said instrument.

And it is further ordered, that notice of the time and place of said hearing be given to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minnesota.)
Duluth Evening Herald, May-6-13-20-1902.

Bemidji and Return $6.65.

Via Eastern Minnesota railway, account K. P. celebration. Good going May 4th and 5th, returning May 7th. City Ticket Office, corner Spalding Hotel.

Homeseekers' Excursion Via Great Northern Ry.

One fare plus $2.00 for the round trip, points in Minnesota, North and South Dakota, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon and California. Good leaving May 6th, returning limit twenty-one days, City Ticket Office, corner Spalding hotel.

SMALLEST OF BABIES

In the World and Is Not In an Incubator.

Muriel Peck of Connecticut Weighs Only One Pound.

Such Infants Soon Pass Away, But She Is Alive.

Bridgeport, Conn., May 6.—Muriel Peck is the smallest baby in the world to live without the aid of an incubator. She weighs just one pound. Although she is now ninety days old, and has grown a bit, she weighs not more than when she was born. The reason for this is that she has lost some of the mite of fat that made her quite a plump young lady when she first came into the world.

Muriel has lived and thrived despite the declarations of the wise doctors that she hadn't the shadow of a chance.

It is considered safe for a physician to prophesy that a baby of a diminutive baby must die unless it goes into an incubator the moment it is born. One-pound and 2-pound babies, so the medical records show soon pass away.

The French Academy of Medicine has agreed to consider as prematurely born any child weighing less than five and one-half pounds.

Baby Muriel arrived more than three months before she was expected, yet she is perfectly formed, even to her finger nails.

French statistics show that at the famous incubator station of Dr. Lion, in Paris, all of the infants weighing less than two pounds and three ounces died on the day of their birth, and were not saved by being promptly placed in an incubator. So it will be seen that baby Muriel is as remarkable in her vitality as she is in her weight.

Muriel has had a fight for life. There is so little of her that there is nothing apparently, to sustain her life, and yet she is now a lusty bit of humanity, and barring the ordinary accidents of childhood, she should grow to womanhood. If she does, her history will make an interesting page in scientific annals.

Warmth and rest are the secrets that make life possible for Muriel, and these she is having in a comparatively primitive way, for there is not an incubator in Bridgeport and she was forced to take her chances without one. If she were not an unusual child, aside from her littleness she should show an abnormally decreased measurement of the head, weak lungs and heart and slightly developed nails, but none of these indications appear.

French specialists say that there were born in France each year, of the normal stage, 30,000 infants unendowed with sufficient vitality to live beyond the earliest days of babyhood.

Muriel is now one of the show sights of Bridgeport. She is more than a nine days' wonder, for she was born on March 2, so small a mite that the doctor was astonished, and she is still a wonder. The doctor had never seen such a tiny speck of humanity, and he made haste to weigh her. He could hardly believe his senses when the scales showed exactly one pound.

The youngster is tall, considering her other measurements. She has grown one inch since she was born. At first she was only 12¼ inches long.

The odd baby is getting on in many ways. She is now allowed to have her hands free from the cotton batting in which she is encased. She made such strong protest against being swadded like a dummy that her demands were answered. She now has a bath every day, but for weeks the doctor feared to have her bathed. He thought that she was too fragile to be put into a tub, so, instead she was rubbed with sweet oil, which was not only cleansing but helped to nourish her little body.

The features are excellent, and, in repose, Muriel is a pretty child. There is not a blemish on her skin, and she is perfectly formed in every respect. Her eyes are big and light blue, and her head is thick with a growth of very dark brown hair. On the doll-like fingers are nails that are mere specs, but they are perfect. The only things the baby lacks are toe nails, of which she has not a skin at present, but these will grow eventually.

Muriel is the seventh child. Her brothers and sisters are a chubby lot. A 2-year-old was the baby until she came. Mr. ck does not appear to be more than 30 years old. It is plain to see that her life is bound up in the tiny stranger that the doctors said could not live. She watches it day and night, and keeps the temperature of the room just so. Not a breath of air from the outside is permitted to get into Muriel's room until it has filtered through two other warm rooms. The heat is almost unbearable to the mother, but she says she will suffer anything if she is only permitted to rear her little darling.

"She is very good, indeed," said the mother. "She does not cry unless food is withheld from her too long. She gets nothing but malted milk. At first we fed her two tablespoonfuls every hour, but yesterday we made the time between meals half an hour longer. She likes to eat, and when we withhold her food she imakes a row."

Muriel was then made to give an exhibition of her ability as an eater. The malted milk, with which were mixed a few drops of cow's milk, was fed to her with an ordinary spoon. She fairly gobbled it and did not take her eyes off the spoon until the last drop was gone. Then she went to sleep.

"She sleeps practically all the time," said Mrs. Peck. "She has not been really awake all day until now (2:30 p. m.). The doctor wants her to sleep, for by sleep largely we hope to save her. I don't see why she should'nt live. She acts just like any other baby, and there doesn't seem to be anything in the world the matter with her. We thought it was all over two weeks ago, when she had a severe attack. She did not sleep by day or night and was in great pain. What makes me feel that she will live is the way she recovered from that attack. Surely, if she was too fragile to live she would have died then, but she came out of it as finely as any baby I have ever seen. My husband has felt very gloomy about her until now, but he, too, thinks that we will save her."

Here are some of the measurements of the mite: Her length is 14½ inches, her back, at the shoulders, is just four inches broad, her waist measures six inches in circumference, and her neck four and one-half inches. The tape line placed around her head, just above the forehead, shows 11 inches. It is a good, well-formed head. Her little finger is one-half inch long, and all of her five fingers fit easily into a thimble.

Her hands and feet are exactly the same size, two inches long and one inch broad, and her great toe is one-half an inch long. Her mouth is not much larger than the tip of an adult's small finger, and her ears are the size of a postage stamp.

Baby Muriel has not yet worn any clothing. A neighbor, anticipating her coming, had knitted her a white hood and jacket. They look small enough for anything that could possibly support life, but they are far too big for Muriel. She must wait three or four months before she can wear them.

NEW FAD.

Ping Pong Ankle Latest Companion to Tennis Elbow.

London, May 6.—"Ping pong ankle" is the latest companion to "tennis elbow." The medical name is tenosynovitis, and it hurts much. An account of a case of "ping pong ankle" is given prominence in the British Medical Journal. The patient had considerable swelling of the left leg, above the ankle. The swelling subsided after a day passed in bed. An examination showed acute inflammation of the sheaths of the tendons connected with the muscles round the shin.

ORDER AMENDED

In the Case of Eggleston vs. Merriam.

St. Paul, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state supreme court has filed a supplementary order in the case of Carrie C. Eggleston against W. R. Merriam et al, which affirms the order of the district court, refusing to grant a new trial, but directs that the order be amended so as to be without prejudice to the appellant's case should she desire to bring another action.

Mrs. Eggleston received an annuity of $600 under the will of John C. Merriam and bonds of the West Superior Light and Power company were set aside to provide it. She brought action to have additional property set aside for the annuity. The court found that the bonds were sufficient to produce the annuity for several years and denied the order on the ground that it was premature.

HIGHER FOR COAL.

St. Paul, May 6.—A special to the Dispatch from Madison, Wis., says: Eastern coal will cost the state about $1 a ton more than last year, according to bids for the supply of state, charitable and penal institutions opened by the board of control. Illinois coal is about the same as last year, with lower freight rates, and more of this will be bought. The total contract aggregates about $30,000.

CASE OF HAMILTON.

St. Paul, May 6.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The case of the state vs. W. H. Hamilton was called in the municipal court this morning. Judge Gilbertson adjourned the case till Wednesday morning on telegraphic request from Attorney Peck, of Watertown, N. Y., who arrives tonight and will conduct Hamilton's defense.

SECURED $3000.

St. Paul, May 6.—A Red Wing, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: A man giving his name as James Moore, it is alleged, by means of a forged deed, succeeded in recording the farm property of W. J. Swenson as his own, borrowed $3000 from William Lawther, giving mortgages as security and then disappeared.

BIXBY AT HOME.

St. Paul, May 6.—A special to the Dispatch from Red Wing, Minn., says: Tams Bixby arrived from Washington this morning. When asked regarding the dispatch from the capitol reporting his resignation, he was entirely noncommittal.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul

Runs five splendidly equipped passenger trains from St. Paul and Minneapolis to Chicago every business day. Its trains are electric lighted and steam heated.

The Milwaukee is and always has been the popular line to and from the Northwest.

It is the United States government's official fast mail line.

Its Pioneer Limited is pronounced the famous train of the world.

Lowest rates to all points.

Baggage checked from residences.

St. Paul office, 365 Robert street. Telephone 98.

Minneapolis office, 328 Nicollet avenue. Telephone 122.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John W. Bacon and Ida Berg.
Roy Hood and Ethel M. Carlton.
Albert Anderson and Mary Farnquist.

BIRTHS.

TRUELSEN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Truelsen, Jr., of 2705 West Second street.

DESLAURIERS—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Deslauriers, of 1107 West Michigan street.

CARLSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Emil Carlson, of 1926 West Fourth street.

IVEN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Iven, of 224 East First street.

DEATHS.

LUNDBERG—Gustava Lundberg, widow of the late Solomon Lundberg, and for thirty-two years a most respected resident of Duluth, died at 5:10 this morning (May 6), at the home of her daughter, Mrs. O. N. Lundberg, 124 West Fourth street.

Mrs. Lundberg was born in Sweden 82 years ago. She had been suffering from a complication of diseases for the past year.

She is survived by two daughters, Mrs. O. N. Lundberg and Miss Lillian Lundberg.

The funeral service will be held from her late residence on Thursday afternoon (May 8), at 2 o'clock. Interment in London road cemetery.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING.
Largest stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night. 9 and Ave. W. and U. S. Blk. 19th Ave. W. both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ANY ROUGH, RED WIND-BURNED, tender smarting skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE WISH TO THANK THE MANY friends and particularly the members of Agate lodge, 519, B. of L. F. for their kindness and words of sympathy in the loss of our loving husband and father.
MRS. THEODORE THOMPSON AND FAMILY.

A STRIKE ORDERED

St. Paul Craftsmen Ordered to Quit Their Work.

Cannot Work For Contractor Employing Non-Union Men.

Retaliatory Measure Is Against Action of Builders' Exchange.

St. Paul, May 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—A general sympathetic strike among the building trades has been ordered by the Building Trades' council, and today several hundred men will be notified that they must leave their jobs until the difficulties pending are fully settled.

The crafts affected by the strike order are the carpenters, bricklayers, mason tenders, structural iron workers, hoisting engineers and steam fitters and their helpers. The terms of the order issued are that no man of the trades affiliated with the council shall work for any contractor employing non-union men of a craft affiliated with the council, or paying his union men at less than the regular scale.

The action on the part of the council was taken as a retaliatory measure against the resolution adopted by the Builders' exchange last evening, which provided that unless the bricklayers working for William Porten, at the Great Northern shops, and Newman & Hoy, on the city hospital, who struck out of sympathy with the carpenters and mason tenders, return to their work by Friday morning, all of the bricklayers employed by the members of the exchange in the city should be laid off.

The iron molders returned to work this morning under the compromise agreement. The situation with the other striking trades today is practically unchanged.

CONTRACT HOLDS.

Federal Court of Appeals Makes Important Decision.

Chicago, May 6.—The federal court of appeals today rendered a decision in which the inviolability of a contract is upheld. The case was decided against the appellant, V. S. Harrison. Harrison signed a contract to work for the Glucose Sugar Refining company and not to work for any other company within a radius of 500 miles of Chicago for five years.

Later he went to work for another company and was sued. He answered thatt he contract was unreasonable and in restraint of trade. The court holds that the contract contained nothing contrary to public policy.

OBJECTION OVERRULED.

Beef Trust Inquiry Proceeds at Jefferson City.

Jefferson City, Mo., May 6.—At the opening of the beef trust inquiry in division 2 of the state supreme court today, Mr. Hagerman, of Kansas City, representing the Armour, Cudahy, Swift, Morris and Hammond interests, filed an objection to the progress of the inquiry. Mr. Hagerman, who was accompanied by Alex. New, said that he proposed to bring in question the validity of the state anti-trust law.

Judge Burgess ruled that the inquiry should proceed and Frank Staudenraus, a St. Joseph retailer, was called as the first witness.

DENVER WINE ROOMS.

The Colorado Supreme Court Upholds City Ordinance.

Denver, May 6.—The Colorado supreme court has upheld the city ordinance of Denver for the regulation of wine rooms. The decision reverses that of the district court given by Judge Palmer, who held that women have the same right to enter wine rooms or saloons that men have.

The court holds that injury to public morality would result if women were permitted to frequent wine rooms unrestricted.

ROAD REORGANIZED.

Guthrie, Oklahoma, May 6.—The old officials of the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf railroad system, which was recently sold to the Rock Island, have filed a charter of re-organization here, with the secretary of state, with $1,000,000 capital stock and with Guthrie as the principal place of business. The charter states that the purpose is to perpetuate the name of the Choctaw, Oklahoma & Gulf and to protect their interests and holdings.

LANDSTHING ADHERES.

Copenhagen, May 8.—At a secret session today, the landsthing (upper house), decided to adhere to the resolution previously passed, namely, to defer ratification of the treaty providing for the sale of the Danish West Indies until after a limited vote of the population of the islands. This will undoubtedly be confirmed in open session tomorrow. The minority will then move the appointment of a conference committee, which will probably be accepted by the majority.

FACTORIES DESTROYED.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., May 6.—The flow of lava from the volcano on Mount Pelee, Island of Martinique, which began Saturday last, has completely destroyed the Guerin factories, situated about two miles from St. Pierre, the principal town of Martinique. It is reported that about 150 persons have disappeared. A panic prevails at St. Pierre.

TAYLOR RENOMINATED.

Youngstown, Ohio, May 6.—At the eighteenth Ohio Republican congressional convention held in Alliance today, Congressman R. W. Taylor was renominated by acclamation for his fifth term.

IMPRESSIVE

Scenes From Masonic Degrees Given For the Public.

Cincinnati, May 6.—It is seldom that any of the mysterious rites of the Masonic order are even partly unveiled for the eye of any without the fold, but the program recently given at he Scottish Rite cathedral as a golden jubilee celebration was repeated for the pleasure of the wives, mothers, sisters and sweethearts of the Masons.

The first scene presented was from the grade of "grand elect Mason," degree 14. The curtains slowly parted, revealing the court of Solomon. The king, in sweeping robes, stood silently before an altar, facing the candidate, who, robed in white, knelt in supplication. To the left stood the royal guard with drawn sword, and to the right were other officers in robes of state. This represented Solomon, king of Israel, creating a grand elect Mason, and was followed by the invocation of Nembach, sung by Mrs. Margaret Johnston-McAlpin.

Next followed a scene from the grade of the prince of Jerusalem, 16th degree. There was more elaboration of robes and grouping in this tableau than in the preceding one. On a dais stood Darius, king of Persia, resplendent in a white robe, deeply embroidered with gold. Before him, enveloped in a purple cloak, knelt Zerubbabel. The court officer in the foreground held out a parchment, presenting it to the king, while six officers were grouped around the king, clad in richest velvets of varied colors. This resplendent "Darius, king of Persia, constituting Zerubbabel a prince."

Music followed, preparing one for the March of the Ancients. This was weird and awe-inspiring, for only the lights above the organ loft, over the stage, were left burning, and suddenly, as the chorus and orchestra sang, there appeared behind the distant arches, above the crowd, the ghostly procession of twelve white-clad figures, in peaked caps, each marcher bearing in his hand a torch. Long white beards swept the robes they wore, and with slow, measured tread they passed by the arches, while below, from under the curtain, glowed a blue, mysterious light.

As they passed from view there was a pause in which only the strains of the music were heard. Then from the stage the chorus was taken up and chanted and the curtains parting, the Master of the Rose Croix was seen, robed in rose red velvet. A white lace ab covered the upper part of the robe and a cardinal's cap completed the costume. The master of ceremonies, also richly clad, was in advance. The twelve ancients were grouped in a half circle, back of the main figures, making an effective picture.

The glimmering torches lit up the place with an unearthly light, and this scene, which was from the eighteenth, the Rose Croix degree, prepared one for the far more impressive scene to follow. The strains of the "Inflammatus" rose high and clear, and the parting curtains revealed "On Calvary's Mount." In this and the next scene the Crucifixion and the Resurrection were represented realistically.

CREW MUTINIED.

Killed Officers and Scuttled the Bark Flecha.

Port Townsend, Wash., May 6.—British Vice Consul Kiercker has received a letter from Capt. H. Meyers of the ship India, at Ayachara, the most southerly port of the American continent, stating that the crew of the Chilian bark Felcha mutinied, killed the captain, his wife and child, the first and second officers and the steward, scuttled the vessel and escaped to the mountains. The letter which was written March 19, does not give the names of the dead, but states that the crime was committed off the southern coast of Chili near Patagonia. After scuttling the ship the mutineers took to the small boats and reached shore at a small village on the coast of Chili. While intoxicated one of the crew related the

BOUGHT OLD WRECKS.

New York, May 6.—A representative of an American company has purchased the wrecks of the Spanish warships Almirante, Oquendo and Vizcaya, and they will be broken up and sent to Philadelphia as scrap iron, says a Santiago de Cuba dispatch to the Tribune. The vessels will yield about 20,000 tons and the government will receive $1 a ton.

PARK POINT COTTAGE

At a bargain. Situated on the bay side, between Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth streets. Is all furnished, has two beds, springs and mattresses, one child's bed; air-tight heater, three-burner gasoline stove with oven; chairs, tables, pump, screens and screenings. Also have a large fine row boat, two pairs of oars and elegant sail, which cost complete $50. In order to do business quick, $125 cash takes everything, if sold this week. L. E. Roberts, 431 First avenue north, Minneapolis, Minn.

Your Rent is Going To Be Higher!

Why? Because the present rents paid does not cause any one to build to supply you with equal accommodations for the rent you are paying. The rent that caused the house to be built that you live in was considerably higher than you are paying now.

More people are coming to the city who will be willing to pay more than you are and the first thing you know you will be moving further from the center of the city than you are at present living.

Houses and lots are still being offered at less than it cost to build the house. It is not too late to buy at low figures.

We have about thirty houses and lots for sale which have been practically rebuilt in the last four years, taxes and assessments all paid, which we offer to sell for $100 to $150 down and the balance to be paid on terms that are as easy to pay as rent and you are in the way of getting a home. We refer you to those who have bought of us and are getting homes of their own. We have a list of over fifty at the office, at

No. 100 Torrey Building,
First Floor, Near Elevator,
Chan Smith, Secretary.

YOUR LAST CHANCE!

$4500

Will buy No. 1627 East Superior Street, eight rooms, bath electric lights, city water, sewer, with stone foundation and basement under part of house. In first-class condition throughout. $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent.

Size of lot, 50x150 feet, all improvements, including new concrete sidewalk, made and paid for.

At the price offered is the biggest bargain in the East End. Let us show you this house.

FOR SALE EXCLUSIVELY BY

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
REAL ESTATE, LOANS, INSURANCE,
216 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

FOR SALE!
Desirable Dwellings—
No. 1207 East Superior street.
No. 1215 East First street.
No. 2107 East First street.
No. 121 East Second street.
No. 1217 East Second street.
No. 316 East Third street.
No. 414 East Third street.
R. M. Newport
302 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR RENT.
Fine store on West Michigan street. Equipped with refrigerators and electric elevator.

FOR SALE.
Residence at Lakeside with grounds, 100x450 feet, extending through from London road to the lake. There is no finer piece of property in Lakeside. Price low. Inquire of
O. H. CLARKE, Room 5, Trust Building.

VAUGHAN'S LIST.
$1550 Good six-room house; city water; lot 25x100 feet; above Superior street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth avenues west.
$1500 Splendid six-room house, city water; on Fourth street, West End. Genuine bargain.
$1200 New house, corner lot; Seventh street east.
$1200 Good farm of 80 acres, near city, nearly all under cultivation.
T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building
Telephone 789.

1014-1016 East Second St.
Must be sold immediately.
CHAS. A. STARK,
Exclusive Agent.
213 Palladio Building.

Don't Take Chances
In having your Fire Insurance written in some unknown company when you can have your business taken care of in one of the millionaire companies represented by
John A. Stephenson,
Providence Building.
Telephone 406.

Buy Lands
now while they are cheap. They are sure to advance and will prove a most profitable investment. I have them in all directions and at low prices.
GEORGE RUPLEY,
513 Board of Trade.

4½ per cent 5 per cent 5½ per cent
Money to Loan.
Building Loans.
Insurance and Bonds.
O. C. HARTMAN & CO.,
209-210 Exchange Bldg.

I have option on a tract of 3500 acres choice farming land in Douglas county, Wis., at $3 per acre if taken before May 1. This includes timber.
A. W. Hepworth,
212 Exchange Bldg.

These Are Cheap:
Eleven-room house on First avenue east, with water and sewer $3200
Twelve-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $2250
Eight-room house on Sixth street, between Second and Third avenues east $1600
Seven-room house on Seventeenth avenue east, with water and sewer $1500
G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursday's at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

Steamer Iroquois leaves Singer's dock Sundays and Thursdays for Houghton and Hancock at 7:30 p. m.; Tuesdays for Port Arthur touching at Grand Marais and Washington Harbor, Isle Royale, at 5 p. m.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lyceum Bldg. Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf ..Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia ..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth ..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta ..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik ..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron ..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:35	2:50
P. M.	P. M.	Daily except Sundays.	A. M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast	* 6:45 p.m.
† 3:00 p.m.	Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range	† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 12:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	b 7:55 p m
a 3:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m
	"DULUTH SHORT LINE."	
Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m		b 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 8:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Distly. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.
*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.
†8:15 a. m Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:15 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.
Daily. † Except Sunday

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

4½% ON OR BEFORE and Building Loans. **4½%**

Money on hand at all times for loans on real estate security.

5% W. M. Prindle & Co 1st Floor Lonsdale Bldg. **5½%**

$2000 Will buy eight-room house, lot 60x160, East End. Small payment down; balance long time.
$1200 Will buy seven-room house, Twenty-second avenue east. $450 down; balance long time.
$2400 Will buy ten-room house, Fourth avenue east; $1200 cash, balance to suit. A great bargain.
We have a large list of meadow lands in Aitkin county. Great bargains. Call and examine our list.
FORGY & JACOBY.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT. Two Harbors, Minn.

Stop Paying Rent!
And buy a good 9-room house centrally located, water, sewer, bath, 50-foot lot—very easy terms, great bargain at... **$2700**
205 LYCEUM BLDG.
If you will rent—we have houses and flats for rent.

We Have For Sale
Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$1300 Takes good nine-room house on Piedmont avenue.
$1850 Takes nine-room house on Piedmont avenue; $500 cash, balance $25.00 per month, without interest. Rents $18.00.
We have some bargains in houses and lots in the East and West Ends.
A. C. Volk & Co., 202-203 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE
$3800 —9-room house, East End.
$7000 —9-room steam heat, &c., East End.
$1250 —8-rooms centrally located.
Farm Lands in Northern Minnesota Cheap.
A. W. TAUSSIG & CO.,
305 Providence Building.

Look at the Lots Near the Normal School.
That locality is now as beautiful as a city park. It has water and sewer. Some fine houses are already assured. A limited number of lots will be sold cheap for building purposes only. The houses must be good ones, suitable to the best residence district.
Some choice Endion lots:
Upper side Third street, west of Nineteenth avenue east..... **$900**
Lower side Second street, west of Nineteenth avenue east..... **$1000**
Upper side Superior street, east of Twentieth avenue east..... **$1600**
Jefferson street, near Twenty-first avenue **$650**
London Road, near Sixteenth avenue **$1100**
FOR RENT —No. 14 Nineteenth Ave. East—10-room house... **$35**
Richardson & Day,
Exchange Building.

$14,000 For a brick row, East End; five dwellings, netting about 9 per cent.
$10,000 For a first class modern double house; ten rooms each; best location in East End.
$500 Each for two full 50-foot lots on West Fourth street, near Ninth avenue. They are cheap.
$1900 Seven-room house, city water; well located in Lakeside.
$350 For full 50-foot lots, Sixth street between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues west.
Farm lands in Minnesota and Dakota
D. W. SCOTT,
10 Mesaba Block.

Best Bargain in Town.
$775 For eight-room house in good condition, 25-foot lot, good clean barn, coal and wood shed. On small payment down and easy monthly payments.
CALL 518 MANHATTAN BUILDING.

FARM LANDS
Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to— **Guaranty Farm Land Co.,**
428 West Superior Stree

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

First-class lots from $225 to $300 within one block of Third street car line and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

Nine-room house in West End; arranged for two families; can be bought for less than house cost to build. Price **$1300**

100 feet square on the corner of Third avenue east—lays good—Price **$650**

House within five blocks of postoffice, up in first-class shape; lot 25 by 100; can be bought on monthly payments Price **$1200**

70 by 160, the best corner on Fifth street, centrally located; cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

LONDON.
6-room house—electric light—$1365—$500 cash.
ROSS L. MAHON.
414 First National Bank Building.

FOR SALE!
$1200
Eight-room house, Second avenue east—good well.
Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

Surveyor General's Certificates give immediate title to offered government lands. I sell them at lowest prices.
J. H. SHARP,
406 Palladio Building, Duluth
Zenith Telephone No. 750.

FOR SALE.
Ten-room house, on fine corner, best part of Third street, near center of city. Would be cheap at $10,000. For sale at—
$7500.
R.B.KNOX & CO.
1 Exchange Building.

For Sale.
$2200 100x140 feet on East Second street.
$1200 Corner lot on London Road.
$550 Lot near Normal school; water and sewer connections.
$3500 Double house and corner lot on Third avenue west.
$3500 Flat building paying good income. Easy terms.
$1300 No. 1926 Piedmont avenue west. Nine-room house.
N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.
Real Estate and Mortgage Loans

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SAW REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS SKILLFULLY repaired. New ones for sale. Duluth Saw Works, 1031 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—POSITION BY MAN WITH ten years' experience as salesman in dry goods or general merchandise store; best of references. Address box 194, Lake Nebagemon, Wis.

SMART YOUNG MAN WITH BEST OF references wishes position with good mercantile house. Address T 59, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as assistant bookkeeper or general office man; four years' experience; best of references. Address H 8, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as bookkeeper, or office clerk; has had experience; can furnish satisfactory references. T 72, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS OFFICE OR store boy, 17 years of age. Address J 26, Herald.

WANTED — POSITION BY YOUNG lady to assist with housework in exchange for her board. Address U 2, Herald.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Fourth street, rear Eighth avenue west.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Eighth street, near Fourth avenue east.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Seventh street, near Seventh avenue east.

$1200 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$7000 Takes modern house and lot, 75x140 feet on First street, Endion.

$7500 Takes modern house and lot, 75 by 140 feet, on Second street, Endion.

Stop Paying Rent!
Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Paym't	Monthly Paym't.
5-room house..	$550	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLAIRVOYANT.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET. West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St.

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM. BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 211 E. Superior St.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company, No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-216 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 249. Zenith 601.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

HAT MANUFACTURER.

LEADING STYLE HATS DIRECT from factory at strictly wholesale prices. Volland's Hat factory, 14 First ave. E.

LOST.

LOST—A FUR COLLAR ON NINTH avenue east, near Fourth street. Reward offered for return to 715 East Fourth street.

LADIES' OPEN FACE SILVER WATCH, between Second avenue west and Fourth avenue east. Return to Herald and receive reward.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD HORSE OR broncho, about 800 pounds. Hunter's Park grocery.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ALL KINDS OF lumber. 206 Fifty-sixth avenue southwest and Rathrood street.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Headquarters for all classes of
HORSES
Opposite Postoffice, - - - Duluth, Minn.

PANSIES 5 DOZ. FOR $1. LESter Park Greenhouses.

SECOND-HAND SAFE, CHEAP. J. H. Lauerman, with Phillips & Co.

FOR SALE — SINGER SEWING MAchine, $10. Apply 7 North Sixty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture. 23 West Fourth street, in rear.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE COOK STOVE with reservoir; good as new. 110 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE AND COUNters, plate glass, oak, very fine. H 4, Herald.

FOR SALE—UP-TO-DATE STICK SEAT runabout, $45. Guaranteed for one year. L. Hammel & Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Will exchange for fat cattle. Prices $35 to $45. 321 Fourth avenue east.

SHOW CASES, TABLES, PAPER CUTters, money drawers and office supplies. Apply Great Eastern, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—A GOOD-PAYING LAUNdry in Aitkin, Minn. Splendid investment for a party with push, enterprise and a little ready money. For particulars, address, The Age, Aitkin, Minn.

FOR SALE—A DRESSMAKING OUTfit at 506 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seventeen room boarding house, fifteen steady boarders. Must be sold by May 20. Inquire Mullough & Son's grocery, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CAN FURNISH FIFTEEN to thirty gallons buttermilk weekly during the summer. Address Box 27, Cambridge, Minn.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, cheap. 6613 Eighth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SALOON, FIXtures and lease on building; good location. Inquire 224 Lake avenue south. Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street and Fifth avenue east. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

PIANO $275 BUYS IT; COST $750; Steinway & Son's Upright; almost new; can be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

ANCHOR LUNCH COUNTER AND tables. Cheap. S. Selleck.

FOR SALE—AN 18-FOOT GASOLINE yacht with modern improvements. P. O. Two Harbors, Minn., Box 3.

FOR RENT OR SALE — COMPLETE camping outfit on Park Point. Inquire 203 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR fresh milch cows, will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

FOR SALE FOR A FEW DAYS only—a desirable 6-room dwelling. No. 406 East Fifth street, at $2750. F. I. SALTER, 302 Lonsdale Building.

PIANO $125 UPRIGHT, MAHOGany case, fine tone; to be seen at 34 West First street, corner of First avenue.

FOR SALE—$40 EAGLE BICYCLES FOR $25; a wheel with a good reputation. We do all kinds of repair work. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

FOR SALE—CHICK FEED, CYPHERS incubators, brooders, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS for sale by Ernest Miller, 1325 London road.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN MILCH COOWS and young heifers. Call or address Spider Lake Sawmill and Lumber company, Spider, Wis.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; forty beds. 531 West Superior street.

A GREAT NUMBER FRESH MILCH cows; will sell or exchange for fat cattle. S. Kaner, 1219 East Seventh street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 308 Lonsdale building.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 105 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1093.

OLD FUR COATS WANTED.

ALASKA FUR BUYER ARRIVED; will pay you the highest reasonable price for old fur coats of any kind. Address M. G., Herald.

ENGRAVING

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg

BICYCLE & GUN REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS REPAIR WORK. PRICES reasonable; guarantee satisfaction. F. R. Holmberg, with J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — WOMAN TO WASH ON Saturday; steady place to good laundress. 1514 East Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. 1127 London road.

WANTED—NEAT AND COMPETENT girl. Apply at Mrs. James E. Granger's, 1324 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR KITCHEN best wages; second girl wanted also. 629 East First street.

FOR SALE—LARGE CAMPING TENT. Address T 57, Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No. 12 Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED—SALES LADY FOR DRAPery department. French & Bassett.

WANTED—GIRL TO CANDLE EGGS. Inquire Knudson-Ferguson Fruit company..

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. MRS. JUlus Abrahamson, 122 East First street, Ralston house.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COTTAGE ON Park Point. Good pay; nice room; car fare paid. Mrs. C. S. Parsons, Twenty-fifth street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply morning or evening at 215 Third avenue west.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GIRL for general housework; good wages. 104 South Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS. 1722 EAST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, Lewis street, Glen Avon. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 119 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—WAIST AND SLEEVE MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 124 East Third street; good wages to right party.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. Call mornings, 1407 East Third street.

WANTED—AT 2321 East First street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED — LADY, FIRST CLASS double entry bookkeeper. No other need apply. Address, "W. B.," care Herald, stating salary wanted.

WANTED—COOK. 2020 EAST SUPErior street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 1107 East Third.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50, $2.50, $3.50.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—PIN BOYS. WATERMAN'S bowling alley.

WANTED — STENOGRAPHER AND clerk. The Ohio Coal company, Providence building.

WANTED — OFFICE BOY, 14 TO 16 years of age. Sent written application to B. W. How, care of Kelley-How Hardware company, Duluth, Minn. No personal application will be considered under any circumstances.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS FOR charcoal kiln wood, at $1 per cord. Address Ashland Iron & Steel company, Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS CARRIAGE rider, $2.25 per day; also setter, $3 per day. Apply 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED HARDWOOD WORKERS! Good wages to right men year round — none but good men need apply
PEARSON BOAT CONSTRUCTION COMPANY

WANTED—FIRST CLASS BARBER. Spalding Hotel barber shop.

WANTED—DRIVER AT O'LEARY'S grocery store.

WANTED—GOOD BOY AT THE WHITE Swan Drug store.

WANTED—PANTS AND VEST MAKER. F. A. Cutliffe.

WANTED—CAKE BAKER; ALSO young man as helper with some experience in bake shop. Address City Bakery, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—OFFICE PORTER AND young man for passenger elevator. Spalding hotel.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED MAN to do carpet laying, upholstery and shade work. Apply at once to superintendent, Panton & White company.

WANTED—THREE OR FOUR GOOD, strong boys for helpers in tin shop. Duluth Corrugating and Roofing company.

WANTED — MAN TO SELL CARPETS. Apply A. Jeffery & Co., 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. No limit to term. Special inducements until May 15, positions plentiful, diplomas granted, Scholarship, board, tools to applicants from distance. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters; will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing company, 22 West Michigan street.

WANTED—TWO GOOD SETTERS, wages $2.75 per day. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED—DRY LUMBER GRADERS at once. American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 25c per hour for good men.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MILLINERY.

LADIES FOR STYLE AND PRICES GO to Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE FOR THE SUMmer; pleasant location on lake shore, one mile from postoffice. Address O. C. Coffin, Deerwood, Minn.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON PARK Point; furnished complete. Address C 94, Herald.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. city water. 1933 Piedmont avenue west.

$15 WEST FOURTH STREET, THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be regraded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 403.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED room. 324 South Sixteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms. 409 Lowell block, or 208-5 old 'phone.

FOR RENT — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, hot and cold water; bath. 9 Mason flats. 'Phone 713.

SUITE OF ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Bath in connection. 202 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, hot water, bath. No children. Inquire at 1415 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove to man and wife; no children, will allow light housekeeping, 322 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN. 115 East Third street.

HANDSOME SUITE AND SINGLE room to party of gentlemen; modern; central; fine view. 711 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS SUITABLE FOR offices, tailor shops and living purposes. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; unfurnished, finest view in city; bath and fireplace. 31 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. All modern conveniences. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT — FOUR ROOMS. 1223 West Fourth street.

FOUR LARGE ROOMS, FIRST-CLASS repair; bath, city water; choice location; $15. Wahl & Co., 201 Exchange.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM. COOK stove. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM. ALL conveniences. 19 East Third street.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT; NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FLAT OF TWELVE FURnished rooms on Superior street. Mendenhall & Hoopes.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Charles P. Craig & Co.

FOR RENT—4-ROOM FLAT; STEAM heat; water and bath. Lane McGregor & Co., 6 Exchange building.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FINE STORE ROOM ON Superior street; centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT — SPACE IN STORE FOR cigars and soft drinks, periodicals, etc. Waterman's Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue: railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. P. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT— THREE DESIRABLE rooms with board. East End. Address U 5, Herald.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family; large front room; lake view. 317 West Fourth.

ROOM AND BOARD AT 118 EAST SECond street. Gentlemen only.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

TEAMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT — HEAVY HORSE, SEVEral teams. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 413.

OLD CLOTHING WANTED.

WANTED—TO BUY, OLD CLOTHING. I will pay the highest respectable prices for old clothing. Address J. S., Herald.

OPTICIAN.

GLASSES MADE TO ORDER, LATEST improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey building.

TO RENT—SODA FOUNTAIN.

BEING TOO BUSY WITH THE PREScription and drug departments of my drug store, will be willing to rent my soda fountain for the season. The White Swan drug store. L. Reitz.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING. CARriage trimming. E. Ott, 123 First ave. W

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

HAVE ARRANGED WITH THE NEW tenant to use one side of the store for a few days longer. 211 East Superior street.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

H. POPKIN, 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St Germain Bros. 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital. 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and relaid. Address A. T. Wear, 2805½ Third avenue east.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works. 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

A PARTNERSHIP IN AN ESTABLISHed retail grocery can be had by hustling young Scandinavian, who has experience and can control trade. Address C 85, Herald.

PARTNER WITH SMALL CAPITAL, AS treasurer with burlesque show, under canvas. 516½ West Superior street.

FORTUNES EASILY MADE BY SMALL but wise investments. The small capitalists' and money-savers' opportunity. Write for our "Guide to Wealth." Traise & Co., 224 Unity building, Chicago.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14. Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1051.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRIStensen, 227 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 743-5.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5th, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 12, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Sulson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 14, 1902. Work M. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave May 6, 1902. Work, Drill. William H. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1. —Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second. Tuesday evening, May 6. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock, W. E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. L. G. Hallowey, sucuem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2206, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Inspection nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

12 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES.

TWENTIETH YEAR. LAST EDITION. WEDNESDAY, MAY 7, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

BEEF TRUST IS EXPOSED

Vicious Combines Shown to Exist In Missouri.

Startling Testimony Given By the Retailers.

St. Louis, May 7.—A special to the Post-Dispatch from Jefferson City, Mo., says: The existence in St. Louis of uniform and fixed meat prices, and the secret rebate in addition to the C. O. D. list, was shown by testimony taken at this morning's session of the beef trust inquiry. Attorney General Crow said today that the objections raised by the packers' attorneys at Tuesday's session of the beef trust inquiry does not pertain to the validity of the anti-trust law, but only to the law authorizing the inquiry. The two statutes are separate.

"The anti-trust law has been tested twice in the supreme court and is unassailable," said he.

Maurice Prendiville, a St. Louis Union market meat dealer, was the first witness examined today. In answer to questions by the attorney general, Mr. Prendiville testified that Armour, Swift, Nelson, Morris and Cudahy had a fixed agreement regarding prices.

"The packers buy cattle on successive days," said he, "so that each can buy at his own price. There is very little independent buying in the East St. Louis stockyards. The big packers keep others out by telling the cattlemen that if they sell any cattle to the independent buyers, they must sell all to them.

A better grade of cattle is sent East than that sold in St. Louis. The ordinary retail butchers cannot get high class beef. The best beef is sold to butchers at 11 cents on the carcass."

"Did you ever get a rebate?" was asked of Mr. Prendiville.

"Four or five months ago I got rebates on pork from Nelson Morris. At one time the cooler managers told me that they had an agreement not to sell at less than $6 per hundred. They would evade the agreement by selling some cents lower."

"Is there an arbitrator in St. Louis?" asked Attorney General Crow.

"The cooler managers meet every Wednesday afternoon and form a 'C. O. D.' list and on Saturday they hold another meeting. I do not know who fixes prices for them, but they are fixed the last of each week for the week following."

"When a man does not sell his cattle in East St. Louis," continued the witness "and ships them elsewhere, the packers send a dispatch ahead of him, instructing the buyers to offer only so much. Meat this year is much inferior to that sold last year. The number of cattle sold and killed in East St. Louis this season has been unusually large. Most of the meat has been placed in storage."

William Tamme, of St. Louis, formerly city salesman for Swift, testified to a uniform price at which salesmen of all companies were instructed to sell. Attorney Ernst C. Dodge has charge of the C. O. D. list, which is made up every week, the witness declared.

Tamme said that the increased price of meat was out of proportion to the increase in the price of cattle. He said 100 butchers in St. Louis had gone out of business and that the Mound City Packing company and the North St. Louis Packing company had also retired.

A recess was taken until 1:30 p. m., when the final session will be held.

CLUB WOMEN SURPRISED

Los Angeles, May 7.—The surprise of the club women's convention was the report of the nominating committee as follows: For president, Mrs. Demies T. S. Denison, of New York; first vice president, Mrs. Robert J. Burdette, of California; second vice president, Mrs. Emma Folz, of Michigan; recording secretary, Mrs. W. T. Coad, of South Dakota.

The nominating committee of forty women, who were sworn to greater secrecy than at any previous biennial, tried to give out the impression this morning that the report published was slightly wrong, but the information, which came from three sources, is absolutely reliable, as far as it goes.

The disappointment of the Decker forces was marked, as they had confidently believed the Colorado woman would head the ticket as made out by the committee. Mrs. Decker said she was happy, and it is doubted that under the circumstances she will allow her friends to present her name on the floor on Thursday. A delegate, however, said this would be done, and probably a Massachusetts delegate.

The placing of Mrs. Burdette as first vice president pleased a large majority of club women. It is the prevailing sentiment that the promotion of Mrs. Fox from recording secretary to the second vice presidency is merited.

The nominating committee met at 5 o'clock at the Woman's club house and did not conclude their deliberations until 11:30, an intermission being arranged for dinner. The utmost secrecy was observed, doors and windows being bolted, while a guard was placed outside. The committee was called to order by Mrs. Fox as recording secretary of the federation, and when the committee decided on a permanent chairman in Mrs. Barnes, of Kentucky, Mrs. Fox excused herself. The first question considered was whether there should be but one ticket, and the committee proceeded most amicably, with one slight incident to mar the meeting.

BEEF TRUST BILL IS SEVERE

Chicago, May 7.—United States District Attorney S. H. Bethea returned to Chicago today after his conference with Attorney General Knox relative to the investigation of the so-called beef trust. It was announced that the bill for injunction against the big packers is being printed at Washington, and that it will probably be filed here Friday, when Special Attorney Day is expected to arrive with it. Indications are that the scope of the inquiry has been broadened materially. It has been ascertained that the bill will ask not only for a dissolution of contracts entered into by and between packers, but that goods in transit will be seized if it can be shown that contracts exist whereby railroads are allowing packers illegal rebates.

SALISBURY MORE OPTIMISTIC

London, May 7.—The premier, Lord Salisbury, as president of the annual grand habitation of the Primrose league, at Albert Hall, today spoke to an immense audience in a much less pessimistic vein than when he was last heard in public. He congratulated the league on the staunch support given to the conservative government. One result was that Great Britain was not supreme in Egypt while, with regard to Ireland, the country need no longer fear the "insane, suicidal projects of imperial disruptions supported by many of the opposition statesmen."

Lord Salisbury, during his speech, said the government had not receded one iota from its previous peace terms to the Boers.

VOLCANO BECOMING ACTIVE

St. Thomas, D. W. I., May 7.—Advices from the island of St. Vincent, British West Indies, announce that for some days earthquakes have been experienced in the neighborhood of the Soufriere crater, which has been smoking and rumbling. The people of the vicinity of the volcano are leaving for places of safety. Cable communication with the island of Martinique is interrupted and no futher news can be obtained at present of the volcanic outbreak on Mount Pelee.

FAITHFUL WIFE SAVES HIM

St. Paul, May 7.—A La Crosse, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: By mortgaging her home in Wabasha, Minn., Mrs. Frank Greenwood, wife of the man convicted of stealing a pocketbook from M. D. Wyer, secured his liberty at an expense of $193. President Hirschy, of the Bank of Wabasha, telphoned Sheriff Barber that he had the money to pay the fine and Greenwood was released. They have eleven children and she says he never had trouble before.

SAYS PEACE IS PROBABLE

London, May 7.—The wife of Gen. Lucas Meyer, the commander of the Orange Free State forces, who is in this country, received a cable message from her husband yesterday saying that peace in South Africa was probable.

A REGULAR LANDSLIDE

St. Paul Elects Mayor Smith By Two Thousand Majority.

Louis Betz Is Elected Controller, Defeating J. J. McCardy.

Both Branches of City Council Will Be Democratic.

St. Paul, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Yesterday's election was somewhat of a Democratic landslide. Robert A. Smith, the Democratic candidate for mayor, is re-elected by a majority of about 2000. The vote of 112 precincts of the 114 give him a vote of 11,592. Frank B. Doran, the Republican candidate, received 9623, giving Smith a majority over Doran of 1969.

J. J. McCardy, controller of the city of St. Paul since 1892, was defeated for re-election by the Democratic candidate, Louis Betz, who was also his opponent two years ago, when he was defeated only on a recount. The vote in 110 of the 114 precincts in the city showed Betz's election by a majority of 393, and the full vote gives Betz more than 100 plurality.

The majority for Otto Bremer, Democratic candidate for re-election as city treasurer, exceeds that for Mayor Smith.

The Republicans elect both judges of the municipal court, Judge Robert C. Hine, now on the municipal bench, and John W. Finehout. Their majority is approximately 1800.

Both branches of the city council will be Democratic. In the assembly, however, the Republicans will have four of the nine members, electing Howard Wheeler, H. C. Schurmeier, Edward H. Haas and A. T. Rosen. There were three Republican aldermen elected, no opposing Democratic candidates having been named in the First, Seventh and Eleventh wards.

Later—The result of yesterday's election was very decisive so far as Mayor Smith and City Treasurer Bremer, Democratic candidates for re-election, are concerned, the former having 1969 and the latter 4129 plurality, and both having a clear majority over all opposition. The race for comptroller, however, was very close, Louis Betz, Democrat, having but 186 more votes than J. J. McCardy, Republican, the present incumbent. The Democrats have five out of nine assemblymen, and the only Republican aldermen elected were the three who had no opposition, the Democrats naming the other eight. The Republicans, however, elect both judges of the municipal court, two justices of the peace and both constables, while the Democrats elect one justice.

EXCLUSION

Of British Iron and Steel From the Netherlands.

New York, May 7.—Gradual exclusion from the Netherlands, of the British iron and steel manufacturers is reported, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune by the British consul at Amsterdam. He expresses the opinion that there are two difficulties to be overcome if British manufacture is to regain its lost footing. The first is the adoption of a standard system, which has made great progress in German and Belgium in nearly all iron and steel manufactures. The other difficulty is the existence of trusts or syndicates in almost every principal branch of the iron trade in both these continental countries.

LARGE SUM

Contributed In Paris to the McKinley Memorial Fund.

New York, May 7.—Ambassador Porter presided at the final meeting of the Paris committee of the McKinley memorial, just held at the United States embassy, cables the Paris correspondent of the Herald.

Judge Leycster Holme read the report, showing that $11,800 had been collected from 500 contributors.

Gen. Edward F. Winslow proposed a vote of thanks to Gen. Porter and Consul-General Gowdy, which was passed unanimously. Thanks were also voted to artist and authors who participated in the fund matinee, and to Frank Gardner for generously defraying all the expenses of the performance, enabling the total receipts of $3600 to be added to the fund.

PENDING

Is a Consolidation Between the Two Louisville Roads.

New York, May 7.—The Herald declares that it has learned from high authorities that negotiations for the consolidation of the Louisville & Nashville and the Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville railroads are pending and that a definite statement of the detailed plan will be forthcoming at no distant date.

President McDoel, of the Monon, who denied on Monday that his road would be controlled by the Louisville & Nashville, at the same time admitted that it would be for the mutual benefit of both roads if they were operated in harmony. Under such an agreement, the Louisville & Nashville would have a direct inlet to Chicago and a new system, with almost a direct line from Lake Michigan to the Gulf of Mexico would be established with about 500 miles of track.

Photo by Aime Dupont.

H. O. HAVEMEYER, PRESIDENT OF THE "SUGAR TRUST" AND WITNESS BEFORE CONGRESS.

ACTINOLITE FOR GERMS

Second Experiment Made With Three Thousand Candle Power Violet Colored Light For the Cure of Tuberculosis.

New York, May 7.—At the Flower hospital a second experiment has been made with the Actinolite, the new electric apparatus through which the actinic ray, or the violet-colored light, which has been found to be germicidal, is thrown upon the diseased parts of the body.

The patient was the same one used in the first trial of the ray, Frederick M. Campbell, 14 years old, who, before he became ill, was a great favorite as a messenger in the stock exchange. So fond are the brokers of the boy that they have just endowed a bed in perpetuity in his name.

The boy's case is a desperate one; tuberculosis of the hip in a very advanced stage.

The entire upper part of the femur bone has been cut away. His only hope is in the actinic ray, and although that has been used on him but once, already there is noticed a decrease in the discharge from the wounds. The operation consumed ten minutes. The light used is of 3000 candle power.

A MOMENTOUS QUESTION

Executive Board of Mine Workers Is In Session and Their Decision Will Settle the Question of a Big Strike.

Scranton, Pa., May 7.—The executive board of the United Mine Workers of America for the three districts comprising the anthracite coal region met here at 10 o'clock this morning to consider the report of the special committee which had been in conference with the National Civic Federation and the presidents of the coal carrying railroads. The meetings are to be secret, and news of the proceedings of the board will be given out through President Mitchell, who is the presiding officer. Thirty-four representatives of the mine workers are present, and they will decide whether the men are to remain at work or go on a strike for increased pay, a shorter day's work and recognition of their union.

President Mitchell said that he had received no word of reported concessions on the part of the operators. The situation, he said, was exactly as it was last night when he emphatically stated that he had not received concessions, and did not expect that any would be voluntarily forthcoming.

He was asked: "In the event of your receiving concessions today, will you admit their receipt even should you decide not to divulge their character or extent?"

"I cannot answer that question," he answered, adding: "I am not looking for concessions. I do not expect 'hem, and the probability of any being sent at this time is so remote that I do not think it necessary to consider the matter."

QUEEN'S FEVER SUBSIDES

The Hague, May 7.—Queen Wilhelmina's physicians issued, this morning, the following bulletin from Castle Loo: "Last night there was a very slight increase in the temperature of her majesty, but she had a good night and this morning there is a complete absence of fever, and the patient's general condition is satisfactory."

The 2 p. m. bulletin from Castle Loo announced that the condition of her majesty was "satisfactory" up to the present.

New York, May 7.—John R. Planten, consul general of the Netherlands, received the following cablegram from the foreign office at The Hague: "Queen's condition satisfactory. No fever."

There is a clause in the Dutch constitution which is particularly interesting just now, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. It provides that if the queen has a son, her majesty shall abdicate in his favor when he reaches his eighteenth birthday. If, on the other hand, no child is born within five years, the Dutch parliament has the power to dissolve the marriage.

PALMA'S BOAT GOES ASHORE

New York, May 7.—The steamer Julia, which has just arrived with President-elect Palma, ran ashore in the channel, says a Cienfuegos, Cuba, dispatch to the World. Two public bath houses and several boats were demolished.

Castillo, the pilot, who was responsible for the accident, is the same man who piloted the Spanish warship Oquendo when she sailed out of Santiago harbor for battle with the American fleet.

This coincidence has evoked considerable comment, and the pilot has been censured severely. For three hours the Julia remained fast. Then a flotilla of decorated tugs and steamers came down the bay to her assistance, and the rising tide floated her.

CAPITAL IS TAKEN

San Domingo In Hands of Revolutionists.

Provisional Government is Established.

San Domingo, Santo Domingo, Friday, May 2.—The Dominican capital capitulated today to the revolutionary forces, commanded by Gen. Horatio Vasquez, the vice president of the republic. President Jiminez sought refuge in the French consulate, and many government officers obtained shelter in the French and United States legations.

The revolutionary troops entered the capital quietly. There was no enthusiasm shown by the population here at the entry of the victorious army.

The approach of the revolutionists to the capital was announced after two days' heavy fighting between the government troops and the forces of Vasquez, during which many were killed or wounded on both sides.

When it became known here that Gen. Vasquez threatened to attack San Domingo, the United States minister, William F. Powell, as dean of the diplomatic corps, requested the Dominican government to inform him regarding the arrangements made to protect the lives and property of foreigners here, adding that in case no precautions were taken he would consider it his duty to take such measures to provide for their safety as the situation demanded. The nature of the reply of the government was not made public. Gen. Alejandro Woos Gil was appointed minister of war at about that time.

Intense excitement prevailed here among the population and in government circles when the news of the approach of the revolutionary army became generally known. When the revolutionists were sighted, Minister Powell called a meeting of the diplomatic and consular bodies at the United States legation, for the purpose of deciding upon the best means of protecting life and property and to prevent injury to non-combatants in case of an assault being made on San Domingo, with ther esult that a delegation composed of the United States minister, the French minister, M. Joux, the Spanish consul, Dr. Perera Blesa, the German consul, Herr Von Krossigk, the Italian consul, Signor Cambiaso, and the British consul, Mr. Gosling, was appointed to wait on Gen. Vasquez and inform him that no attack could be made on the capital under the rules of war until due notice had been given to the diplomatic and consular corps here. A messenger was then dispatched to Vasquez, asking him to select the time and place for an interview with the delegation. The messenger returned with the reply that the revolutionary general had appointed the following morning for the interview, stating that, in the meanwhile, he would suspend all hostilities if the government would agree to adopt the same course.

During that evening, however, Gen. Vasquez informed the government that he was shipping munitions of war on a gunboat to San Domingo, and that b had sent troops to the river Ozama to take possession of the port and prevent steamers from leaving San Domingo. Mr. Powell was advised of these movements and he dispatched another messenger to Vasquez, demanding that his troops retire, according to the agreement that he would suspend all hostilities. The revolutionists, however, already practically had possession of the city and the diplomatic and consular delegation, when it met Gen. Vasquez the next day (May 1), could only offer its good offices, with the view of inducing Gen. Vasquez to send a committee to San Domingo to arrange with the government the terms for the formal surrender of the capital. The general agreed to this. Later the same day, however, the Haytian minister, M. Borno, and the Spanish minister communicated to the revolutionary commander a message to Gen. Vasquez from President Jiminez, consenting to the drawing up of a treaty of capitulation, which was to provide a full guarantee for the safety of the officials, employes and defenders of the government, as well as for the security of personal property. The president and ministers, it was further agreed, were not to leave the country before the submission of all the authorities of the different districts of Santo Domingo had been received, and all political prisoners were to be liberated.

The revolutionary army entered San Domingo at 11 a. m. the same day, Friday, and took possesison of the government buildings.

The form of the new government of Santio Domingo has not been decided upon.

As this dispatch is sent, no foreign warships have arrived here.

Washington, May 7.—The United States cruiser Cincinnati left Norfolk, Va., for San Dolmingo, May 4, and should arrive there tomorrow, Thursday.

Monte Cristo, Santo Domingo, May 7.—Further confirmation was received here today of the surrender of San Domingo, capital of Santo Domingo, Friday last to the revolutionary forces commanded by Vice President Vasquez. The provisional government established there will retain power until new elections have been held.

Peace is established in the southern part of Santo Domingo. Advices from Puerto Plata, on the north coast, announce that the crew of the Dominican warship at that port has sided with the insurgents and yesterday conveyed to the governor, Gen. Deschamps, an order to surrender. An agreement providing for a suspension of hostilities at Puerto Plata was signed later in the day, so as to permit the drawing up of the conditions on which the port will capitulate to the revolutionists.

When Santo Domingo city surrendered to Vice President Vasquez, President Jiminez sought refuge in the French consulate there.

Monte Cristo, Santo Domingo, May 7.—Later in the day it became known that Puerta Plata had capitulated to the revolutionists, who today took possession of the town and fort. Gen. Deschamps, the former governor, embarked on board a French steamer bound for Hayti. All is quiet at Puerta Plata.

INSURGENTS SACK TOWN

Crew of British Barkentine Tells of Attack of Revolutionists on Barabona---Inhabitants Were Panic Stricken.

New York, May 7.—Members of the crew of the British brigantine Alice, Capt. Inness, which has just arrived from the West Indies, report that while the brigantine lay about eighty-five yards from the shore at Barabona, on the southwest coast of San Domingo, a force of revolutionists entered the town and began discharging rifles. Inhabitants of the port ran shrieking from their homes along the beach.

"The revolutionists first sacked the principal saloon in the town," said one of the crew. "They broke all the windows and drank all the bottled liquor. They then rolled barrels of run into the street and what they could not drink they turned into the gutters. Next they attacked the jail and took out all the prisoners they wanted. They freed convicts, who joined the insurrectionists. In the attack eleven guards and one prisoner were killed. Two civilians were killed in the woods which thickly skirt the town at the base of the mountains. The women and children who fled along the beach sought the protection of Capt. Inness, who brought off as many as the gig would hold. A sloop brought off the rest of the refugees. The refugees, 100 in number, remained about three days. Meantime 100 government soldiers had appeared and were driven to retreat by the revolutionists, who then disappeared."

TRAINS COLLIDE IN FOG

Two Freights Come Together at North Topeka, Killing Two Stockmen and Seriously Injuring Seven Others.

Topeka, Kans., May 7.—During the heavy fog this morning at 3:10 o'clock, an eastbound extra freight train on the Union Pacific ran into freight train No. 14 at a crossing in North Topeka, causing a bad wreck and killing two men and injuring seven others.

The dead:

AL. McCANDLESS, stockman, Natoma, Kans.

Unidentified stockman from Luray, Kans.

The injured: H. W. Kueker, Miles, Kans., head badly cut; J. E. Fields, Hoxie, Kans., badly bruised; John Buzzard, Bellview, Kans., bruised; John Hammerlund, Smyrna, Kans., left leg injured; Ed. Arnold, Chapman, Kans., internally injured; Joseph Hurst, Cheyenne, internally injured; —— Ford, head cut.

Train No. 14, which had stopped at the crossing, was just starting when the extra freight, running at the rate of forty miles an hour, crashed into the caboose of No. 14, splitting it completely in two, badly smashing several other cars and derailing the engine.

None of the trainmen was injured. All the injured are stockmen going East with cattle. Nine men were in the caboose at the time of the accident and only George Ford, of Wamego, escaped with nominal injuries.

Engineer Zimmerman, of the extra, claims that on account of the fog the lights of the regular train were not distinguishable.

Hanan Shoes—Summer styles now ready.

Burrows' "Wear Well" Shoes For Women at $2.50

The continuous and increasing demand for our splendid fashionable shoes for women at $2.50 is positive evidence that they are the best value for the price in the city. Fine kid, dressy patent leather—correct styles—latest shapes in toes, soles and heels—every fashionable fad—all widths, all sizes—fit like a glove, and wear like iron, $2.50. Our lines in Oxfords and Strap Sandals are complete, and we believe the most comprehensive in the city.

M. S. BURROWS.

Peter Thompson Suits for Girls.

ZENITH PAPER CO.

Have You Looked Up Our Line of Office Furniture?

We handle the Youman & Erbe Mfg. Co.'s sectional office filing devices. They are the best, you know! If you do not know let us call on you and show you the many points of advantage over other makes. Phone 118.

TO EXTEND.

Brooks-Scanlon Road Is to Be Pushed Forward.

The Brooks-Scanlon logging road will be extended ten miles farther into the timber from Scanlon during the early part of this season. The road now has about thirty-six miles of main line in operation, in addition to the spurs it builds out into the timber. The road was originally built with the idea of only being a temporary affair, but it is said that it is getting into such a good country that it is possible it may ultimately be made a commercial road.

Scanlon, the headquarters of the Brooks-Scanlon lumbering interests, is a booming town. It now has two stores and eleven saloons. One large store, carrying a complete and varied stock of general merchandise, is now being built. The lumber company is interested in it.

The Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road is not likely to be completed the current year, as was expected originally. This does not indicate that the construction of the road will not be pushed, but so many and such serious delays have been experienced in the getting of steel and other materials that it seems doubtful if the road will much more than reach Ash Lake, the terminus of the first division, by August or September, the date when it was first hoped to get the road through to Koochiching. Ash Lake is about two-thirds the distance to Koochiching. About seventeen miles of main line is now complete running north from Virginia, and six or seven miles more of roadbed have graded.

The steel for ten miles of track is on the ground and has been for some weeks, but another delay has been experienced in getting fish plates for connecting the rails. The plates are expected daily, and track laying will then be resumed and will be pushed with all possible speed. It is said that the grading of the larger part of the new road will be accomplished with steam-shovels instead of by station work, and that therefore that part of the work is not so largely dependent on a large supply of common labor. Thus far, however, there has been no shortage of men. There are so many settlers in the country through which the road is passing who are anxious to get employment near home that a much more satisfactory class of labor than usual is obtained.

Rag Ball

Columbia Hall. 20th Ave. W.

TONIGHT!

Come all. Tickets 25c. Prizes Given.

A FINISH FIGHT

Arranged Between Jack Root and George Gardner.

San Francisco, May 7.—A fight to a finish has been arranged in this city between Jack Root and George Gardner, the middleweight boxers. The men are to meet in Nevada on a day between the 2nd and 6th of July. A $5000 purse is to be hung up. Seventy-five per cent to the winner and 25 per cent to the loser. The men agree to weigh in at 9 o'clock a. m. on the day of the fight at 165 pounds, give or take two pounds.

DROWNED IN A BATH TUB.

Chicago, May 7.—The Rev. Timothy McGuire, pastor of St. Kevins Roman Catholic church, this city, was found dead in a bath tub at the parish house of his church today. Death had been caused by drowning.

The Handsomest Line of Carpets Ever Seen In Duluth

Surely must attract your attention. Beautiful new goods in the most popular patterns and colorings. An assortment where you are sure to find exactly what you want. We have the very best qualities and offer them at the very lowest prices.

Splendid Time For Wheeling.

The air is delightful—most necessary requisite **is a good wheel. COLUMBIAS, IMPERIALS**—two that can never be equaled. The latest models with 1902 improvements—we are closing out wheels at 25 per cent under the market values anywhere. Compare these prices with what other stores offer—

Columbia Chainless	$39.50	$50 Imperial for	$39.50
$55 Imperials for	$42.50	$35 Imperial for	$27.50
$40 Imperials for	$30.00	$35 Imperial for	$25.00

Baby Carriages and Go-Carts.

A splendid line—over 100 to select from. The famous Kinley make—all guaranteed. Every one equipped with English gears. Prices more attractive than ever before.

Go-Carts ..... $4.25 to $47.50
Carriages ..... $4.98 to $47.50
Folding Go-Carts Double them all up and put them on a street car $2.35

Complete Housefurnishings.
Credit to All Plan.

The G. C. STEELE CO.

DULUTH, MINNESOTA.

WILL ACT AS HOST

Commercial Club to Entertain Copper Country People This Month.

Coming With Inauguration of South Shore Train.

Temporary Quarters Are Selected In Torrey Building.

The Commercial club of Duluth will act as host on behalf of the city for the first time between May 26 and June 1. About that time the South Shore road will give a merchants' excursion from the upper peninsula of Michigan to Duluth to celebrate its installation of its elaborate new train equipment. These trains, it is said, will be the equal of the Northern Pacific Lake Superior limited, which is now considered the finest equipment that is operated here. The trains from engine to the red lantern on the rear platform of the last sleeper, will be owned by the road itself. The management of the road is anxious to show the upper Michigan people the new service it will give to Duluth, and will make such inducement as to crowd a train with representative business men.

The directors of the Commercial club appreciate what this road has done for Duluth, and particularly realize the benefits to be had from the new train service. They will, therefore, endeavor to show Mr. Fitch, of the South Shore and his guests, the right sort of appreciation and hospitality.

The matter was brought up at a meeting of the directors of the club, which was held yesterday afternoon. It was represented that about 300 thoroughly representative busines men of Upper Michigan would come here on this excursion. It was decided to take steps looking toward the entertainment of the visitors. Owing to the fact that the club has not yet obtained quarters, it will have to borrow the rooms of some other organization, probably of the Elks, and it is intended to give a smoker to the excursionists. This is about the most pretentious sort of entertainment that can be given with present accommodations, but it is believed that this is perhaps the best method of bringing the visitors and the business men of this city together closely, and informally making more intimate and general acquaintance than as if a more formal plan could be adopted.

President Patrick was authorized to make arrangements for leasing a large room, adapted for a meeting room, and a smaller one for the secretary's office, on the top floor of the Torrey building, pending the completion of the Frerker building, in which the club's permanent quarters will be located.

The Duluth Whist club will, in all probability, be practically absorbed by the Commercial club. It is believed that the members of the Whist club can be given much better facilities for their game at the Commercial club rooms at much smaller expense. The Hamilton club, of Chicago, affords these accommodations for a large whist playing contingent, which is said to make a very strong showing in whist records. The Minneapolis club does the same. The furniture of the whist club will be turned over to the Commercial club and will be used to furnish the temporary rooms.

President R. T. Lewis of the chamber of commerce has also signified his intention of having the meeting vote to turn over to the new club the large statistical and reference library that has been accumulated by the chamber. Many volumes of especial value to a commercial organization are among these books.

The charter membership rolls of the club will close about the time the new secretary, A. L. Pressell, arrives. Thus far, it has been necessary only for an applicant for membership to sign the roll and pay his fee in order to gain entrance to the club. After the charter rolls are closed, applicants will have to go through the course prescribed by the bylaws of presenting his name for action, have it posted and be subject to the usual club limitations. Membership dues are now payable to the treasurer, Julius H. Barnes, and it is desired to get these fees in as soon as possible that they may be used in furnishing up the new club rooms.

BIG LOG JAM

Backed Up In St. Louis River For Four Miles.

The St. Louis river for a distance of four or five miles, beginning about that distance above Cloquet, is said to present a wonderful sight just now. A log jam on a big scale, without any sensational features, is in evidence. The logs have been running down to the accumulating grounds in the river all the spring. They were hung up by the dry weather and low stage of water in the rivers last fall, and have come down with the somewhat higher water this spring. The logs have gathered in such large numbers that the river bed is said to be full of them down to the bottom. People who have passed the river on the Eastern Minnesota declare that no water whatever is to be seen the river is so full of logs.

Some little doubt was expressed up to the recent rains as to whether the mass of logs could be moved out with ease. Now, however, it is believed that by releasing all four of the reservoir dams above the jams the logs can be dislodged and swept down to the sorting works, near Cloquet. If a sudden prolonged rainfall were to occur it is thought that the freshet thus caused might make a log jam of the real old style.

BALTIMORE SELLS STOCKS.

Baltimore, May 7.—Mayor Hayes today signed the ordinance transferring to the Fuller syndicate the city's holdings in the Western Maryland railroad.

MANN RENOMINATED.

Chicago, May 7.—Congressman James R. Mann was renominated by acclamation as Republican candidate for congress for the Second district today. Martin Madden was nominated in the First district.

CHURNED EVERY DAY.

Don't Forget that

Primus Brand Butter

is sweeter than ever at the new store. The public is cordially invited to come and inspect our butter room during the process of churning.

Bridgeman & Russell

16 West First St. Phone 352.

AT WEST DULUTH

"There is one point in the street railway controversy in this part of the city that does not seem understood," said a West Duluth citizen this morning, who has been giving the matter a great deal of attention.

"That point is that the time has not yet expired in which the street railway company may take an appeal to the supreme court from the order of the district court to extend its West Third street line to West Duluth.

"The impression was given, and I noticed that the papers had it, too, that the street railway company had only thirty days from the time of the decision of the court to take an appeal, and that after the city took judgment there was nothing left but for the company to conform to the order. The idea is wrong, for the reason that the company has six months from the order of the court to take an appeal, and that time will not be up until the middle of next September.

"Some of the people here accuse the street railway company of not acting in good faith. They accuse it, in fact, of stirring up the present controversy over the best route for a West Duluth extension of the street car lines with a view of getting sentiment so divided that if the company decides later to take an appeal, the city council will be at a loss how to instruct the city attorney to fight the appeal, and a stipulation will have to be made that the case will not come to trial at the next term of the supreme court. Then, if no agreement can be reached among the West Duluth people as to what they really do want, the case will have to go over another term.

"I believe President Goodrich meant what he said when he stated that the company would not appeal the case, but would go ahead this fall and build the Grand avenue extension. I believe that the steel has already been ordered for that extension. There are some people out here who profess to know very much of the company's intention regarding the extension of the West Third street line, and these say that the company will put down a single track from fortieth avenue west to Sixtieth avenue west. Now, if this is true, and if the company means what it said when it was given out that it might consider the feasibility of building any other route that would take an equal amount of trackage, it stands to reason that the scheme of the hillsiders for a double-track line around by Norton avenue will not go through, for the route is all of ten blocks longer than the Grand avenue extension.

"Personally, it would make no difference to me which route were taken, but there is every prospect of a warm fight with sentiment about equally divided, and I fear the outcome of it all will be that the street railway company will, in view of the factional fight, take an appeal. In such case, even if the supreme court sustained the decision of the lower court, it would be another year before any steps would have to be taken by the street railway company looking toward any extension of its lines. I believe this is a matter that should be borne in mind by the West Duluthians that are now concerned in the factional fight for the extension of the line."

LIBRARY QUESTION.

It is believed here that the library board will stop all the improvements contemplated to the West Duluth branch, since the West End branch was closed. It was hoped that the branch would be removed to a larger and better lighted room in the new Wieland & Wade building when the new structure is completed, but it is understood that the chances for the removal are pretty slim. At the library board meeting the other evening Mrs. C. R. Keyes, member of the board from West Duluth, said that the furniture in use at the West Duluth branch was that furnished by popular subscription when the branch was first started, and that it has become so dilapidated through use, the chairs and tables are falling in pieces.

There is said to be a sentiment growing in this part of the city for concerted action with the West End people in the request for a larger representation on the library board next year from the western portion of the city. At the present time the district west of the Point of Rocks has two representatives to seven from the other portions of Duluth. The claim is made that were the western portion of the city to have at least an equal representation on the board with the portion of the city east of the Point of Rocks, all questions affecting the establishment or the closing up of any library branches could be treated with a greater degree of fairness for all sections of the city.

We're After You

To sell you a CRESCENT BICYCLE. They are only $25.00 and $35.00 each and are the best bicycle made at any price—have sold hundreds of them and never had a dissatisfied customer. Every one guaranteed.

Wieland & Wade,

310 West First Street, Duluth,
317 Central Ave. West Duluth.

"FAMOUS FOR LOW PRICES"

Expansion and Alteration Sale!

5750 feet to be added to our store by the taking of the entire basement of the Columbus building, running from Superior to Michigan Streets. This additional space will be occupied for the sale of *HOUSEFURNISHINGS, GLASSWARE, CROCKERY, WOODENWARE, ETC.*, and allows for an enlargement of our *Ladies' Suit and Skirt Department, Lace Curtains, Portiers, Rugs, Window Shades* which will be more of a feature than ever before, filled with a stock equal to the large city stores.

Tomorrow we will inaugurate a sale making such prices that will quickly cut down the stocks in every department to allow the Union Carpenters to make the necessary changes.

Special Bargains in Dress Goods.
Special Bargains in Wash Goods.
Special Bargains Hosiery & Underwear.
Special Bargains in Table Linens.
Special Bargains in Lace Curtains.
Special Bargains in Ladies' Skirts.
Special Bargains in Silk Waists.
Special Bargains in Crockery.
Special Bargains in Tinware.

There have been many sales advertised in Duluth but never one where your dollar would do you as much good.

Be on hand tomorrow while assortments are complete.

STACK & CO. 28 and 30 West Sup. St.

THE FERRY SERVICE.

Capt. J. W. Mann of the steamer Mary Mann says that he has heard nothing further regarding the ferry proposition between West Duluth and the Steel Plant. Capt. Mann says that when he offered to put his boat into the ferry service across the bay it was with the distinct understanding that it would be done after the street railway company had extended its lines on both sides to the bay shores. He says that unless there is an extension of the lines the travel across the bay would not warrant a ferry service.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

A very enjoyable birthday party was given Miss Laura Bethune Monday evening by a number of her friends. The evening was spent in games and music. Miss Katherine Bethune rendering several selections.

S. C. Murphy, who has been boarding for the past two years, has decided to try housekeeping again. Mr. Murphy has taken a residence at the corner of Grand avenue and Elinor street.

J. E. Marshall was in St. Paul on a business trip this week.

James Kirkwood is entertaining his nephew, George E. Woods.

The timber for the Wieland & Wade building is beginning to arrive. The sills and other woodwork of the new building will be of fir timber.

Filiatrault, undertaker. West Duluth.

For wall paper go to S. J. Nygren's.

AT THE HOTELS

Senator McCarthy was at the St. Louis this morning on his way home from a trip to St. Paul. It is understood that the senator told everybody with whom he discussed the congressional nomination that he had decided not to let Mr. Kinney's decision not to run affect his own conclusion along the same line.

George J. Lonstorf came up from Milwaukee this morning, and is at the Spalding. Mr. Lonstorf is one of the owners of the famous section 30 as well as in his earlier days one of the most prominent explorers in the iron region.

Walter L. Case, the Cloquet attorney, was at the McKay yesterday.

This morning's arrivals at the Spalding include: F. Merritt, Milwaukee; R. S. Good, New York; R. W. Wentworth, Minneapolis; James J. Higgins, New York; George H. Shaw, Winnipeg; C. G. Nelson, Brockton, Mass.; A. H. Jones, Minneapolis; Walter Butler, St. Paul; George G. Sanborn, Philadelphia, and A. S. Weight, Ashland.

Today's guests at the St. Louis include: F. A. Gilman, Robert McFoulan, Minneapolis; J. C. Campbell, Iowa; J. Borbeck, Clinton, Iowa; G. McAllister and wife, Grand Rapids, J. A. Quigg, Deer River; Thomas J. Jones and wife, Virginia, and Edward Green, Deer River.

W. B. Stoutmyer, Minneapolis; D. J. Murphy, St. Paul; F. A. Schneider, Wisconsin; H. A. Christianson, Minneapolis; W. T. Ahern, St. Paul; Mrs. Anna Anderson, Virginia; Mrs. Moorman, Mrs. C. Pickel, Tower; F. V. Holston, Bayfield, and C. A. Kloty, Chetek, are at the McKay.

"I have used DeWitt's Little Early Risers for constipation. I am glad to indorse them," writes Alfred Heinze, Quincy, Ill. Max Wirth.

When your druggist says, he hasn't got Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, send your money to us, we'll send it postpaid. Don't be fooled with a worthless substitute. Ask your druggist.

Special sale on ladies' trimmed hats

For this week only. You will like the millinery we are showing this spring. There is so much beauty and grace in the make up. They are such seasonable and sensible combinations of airy ribbons and laces. The drapery in the back is entirely new, and general effect is pleasing. Prices—

$2.75 for $1.98 $3.75 for $2.98
$5.00 for $3.50 $7.00 for $5.00

Our terms are easy. Our prices are right.

Men's, women's and children's clothing on such liberal terms that there is no reason why you and your family can't dress as well and stylish as your neighbors. It don't require a big salary, as all we ask is a small payment down and balance weekly or monthly. We invite you to look over our stock of clothing and see for yourself.

Gately Supply Co. 8 East Superior Street.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

A Money Saver!

SPECIAL SUIT SALE

$10.00 Suits for $5.65
$12.00 Suits for $7.50
$15.00 Suits for $9.50
$18.00 Suits for $12.00 | $22.50 Suits for $14.75

Right up to the hour in style—made right—cut right.
Just a snap for you in suits, that's all.
What! Have we lost our heads? Not for a minute! We don't like to lose money any more than you do—but we can be very generous with other people's losses. A big manufacturer losing a few thousand dollars—no matter who—no matter where—IT'S ALL RIGHT! All you've got to do is to come, buy what you like—jingle in your pocket the money you save—and come right back to us the minute you're sorry you did it, and we'll refund your money.

A Big Suit Snap—and Don't You Miss It.

Eagle Clothing Company,
321 West Superior Street.

MOVEMENT IS HEAVY

Large Number of Immigrants Passing Through Duluth Now.

The South Shore Road Is Hauling Hundreds Every Week.

Come Largely From Finland---American Prosperity Attracts Them.

The South Shore road is said to be hauling by far the heaviest passenger trains that have ever been brought into Duluth. The cause is attributed to the enormous immigrant business that road is doing this spring. It is estimated that the South Shore brings into Duluth every week from 500 to 1000 immigrants. Yesterday its morning train had four coaches of this traffic. The local passenger offices estimate that ten to twelve coach loads a week have been brought in for a number of weeks past. The movement has been going on for some months past, but has been much larger since the spring season opened.

Most of this material for the "making of Americans" is said to come from Finland, though Italy is contributing a larger proportion of the total than it used to, and the Scandinavian countries are furnishing fewer. The Italian business is originating mostly at Naples, and is ticketed largely through to points on the iron range roads. The Finnish business is routed through largely to points on the Northern Pacific road. The Great Northern is also catching many.

As nearly as can be learned here, though little information is obtainable, there is no particular colonization plan back of this exceptionally large volume of foreign travel. If any colonizers are shipping the people through to any particular points out West, the railroad men here know nothing of it. The big business is said to be simply the result of the prosperous times in this country. People in the old countries, which have been suffering from industrial depression and low prices for all products, have heard from their relatives on this side of the water of the almost incredibly good times and high prices that have prevailed here and of the exceptional opportunities that exist for getting cheap farms. They are said to be anxious and in a hurry to better themselves.

The South Shore is also handling considerable immigrant business that it does not bring to Duluth. Coach loads of settlers from foreign lands are set out at points along its own line, and at Ilbon and other junction points a good deal of business is turned over to roads running via St. Paul.

The South Shore is doing about all the immigrant business through Duluth. Other westbound lines from Chicago would naturally route their business via St. Paul. It is reported, however, that the immigrant business was never so heavy as it is just now.

Attention, FIDELITY No. 105
A. O. U. W.

A meeting of considerable importance will be held tomorrow, May 8, at which all members are cordially invited to attend. Work in third degree.

W. J. STEPHENS, M. W.
W. W. FENSTERMACHER, Recorder.

NO CHANGE.

Iron Molders' Strike Continues In the Same Condition.

Another day and no change was reported in the strike of the iron molders. President Hanft of the Molders' union says there was no conference yesterday, as published this morning, and says that he never made the statement published in today's News Tribune telling the men to remain away from the shops until further orders. Instead of that, President Hanft told the members of the union to go back to work if their demands were granted.

It was also reported this morning that F. A. Daugherty, vice president of the Foundrymen's association, offered a compromise to the strikers as vice president of the Foundrymen's association, which was rejected by "Vice President Van Buskirk of the Molders' union."

President Hanft says that Mr. Daugherty told him yesterday that he is not vice president of the association. Mr. Van Buskirk is simply recording secretary of the organization.

Annual Dramatic and Musical Entertainment

The Annual Dramatic and Musical Entertainment will be given by the Senior Class of the High School, at Assembly Hall, Friday, May 9th, 1902, 8 p. m. Florodora Sextette, "elections from "San Toy," etc., concluding with the amusing comedy, "A RICE PUDDING," by E. R. Tiffany, under the sole management of Mr. A. F. M. CUSTANCE. Admission, 25c

A Unique Window.

One of the cleverest and most artistic window displays that has been seen on Superior street for a long time was opened yesterday in the big window of Freimuth's Greatest Daylight store. In the center of the window stands the figure of a bride—superb in a gown of beautiful white silk grenadine, complete in every detail of costume necessary for such an occasion, even to the prayer book and blushes. A cunning girl follows her, carrying the long full train. The rest of the display is of fine dress fabrics and garnitures appropriate for the costuming of brides, bridesmaids and sweet girl graduates—of which materials this firm is showing a magnificent assortment. An interesting point about the dress of the lady in the window is the fact that the entire costume is made without the use of a single stitch or scissors, being simply draped on the figure by the artistic hand of Mr. Karl Stern, who has charge of the windows of the house. It is an unusual and attractive show, and well worth seeing, and adds much to the record of Mr. Stern as being an artist in his line.

A NEW CANAL BILL.

Washington, May 7.—Senator Hoar today introduced a new Isthmian canal bill, leaving to the president the selection of a route.

Complete House Furnishers

French & Bassett DULUTH, MINN.

Your Credit Is Good.

A Great Mid-Season

Sale of Lace Curtains

Thursday morning we will place on sale 200 pairs of fine Lace Curtains worth from $6.50 to $10.00 a pair at—

$5 a pair

The lot consists of Brussels Lace, Irish Point, Arabian, Renaissance, Cluney and Novelty Curtains, all new goods of the latest styles. Sale begins Thursday morning and will last the balance of the week. There is not a pair of these Curtains worth less than $6 50 a pair, and most of them are worth from $8 to $10 a pair, but they all go this week at $5.00 a pair.

MEMORY HONORED

Members of Bar Pay Beautiful Tribute to Judge Dickinson.

His Uniform Courtesy and Gentleness Especially Dwelt Upon.

Memorial Adopted and Spread on Journal of the Court.

The members of the St. Louis county bar, of which the late Judge Daniel A. Dickinson was an honored member, paid many eloquent tributes to his memory at the opening of the May term of district court this morning. Tear-dimmed eyes showed that the sentiments that were expressed were not mere well-phrased but empty sentences. The sincerest feeling characterized the remarks that were made, and the meeting showed the high regard and the deep esteem in which Judge Dickinson was held by his fellow members of the bar.

Judges Ensign, Cant and Dibell presided over the meeting, which preceded the call of the calendar. J. L. Washburn, on behalf of the committee appointed a short time ago to draft suitable resolutions, said that it was fitting that the bar should take a portion of the time this morning in paying tribute to the virtues of the late Judge Dickinson.

"I knew him from boyhood," said Mr. Washburn, "and my acquaintance with him ran through thirty-two years. It was he who admitted me to the bar, and I have always held him in reverence. His life was well rounded and nobly lived, and in many respects it was a model."

S. D. Allen, for the committee, read the following memorial:

"In the death of Daniel Ashley Dickinson the bar loses a member by whom its best traditions and highest standards were signally maintained. Of the thirty-four years of his residence in Minnesota, the first seven and the last eight were devoted to practice at

JUDGE D. A. DICKINSON.

the bar, six years to service as a judge of the supreme court of the state. In all these capacities he served with genuine distinction.

"Of his character and attainments, the fittest and most effective memorial will be found in the judicial opinions delivered by him during the two terms of his service in our court of last resort, opinions which in their judicial temper, in lucidity of statement, in chasteness of style and in their manifold exhibitions of sound and just judgment, challenge comparisons with the best work of the best judges.

"It is safe to say that no one ever knew Judge Dickinson without yielding to his character the homage of admiration. So upright, so sincere with himself as well as with others, so patient, gracious and considerate, so sympathetic and helpful, so dispassionate, so ample in his understanding and learning, so circumspect in his reasoning, so clear and strong and sound in his conclusions, his character is indeed an ideal subject for grateful remembrance.

"In token of their high respect for Judge Dickinson and of their sense of loss in his death, the members of the bar ask that this brief memorial may be spread upon the minutes of the court."

R. R. Briggs said: "Gentleness made him great. It has been well said that he was a well-rounded man. The power of his mind was excellent, and his grasp of questions complete. After all and above all, he was a gentleman. His kindness and gentleness made him respected and loved. The friendship he manifested for the members of the bar was a strong characteristic. His was a most lovable character, and he lived and died with profound faith in the Christian religion. He was one of our good men and one of our great men."

S. T. Harrison said in part: "When he was on the supreme bench I was impressed with the attention he gave to all the arguments that came before him, with his patient determination to get the full meaning of all points presented. Kindliness and courtesy beamed from his face, and he was a man in whom the amenities and courtesies of life shone out conspicuously. In all my acquaintance with him, and during all the many talks I had with him, I do not remember his having said one unkind word of any human being. His life is a rebuke to the too common propensity to criticise our fellows. His decisions are remarkable for a clarity that will always make them valuable to the bar."

William B. Phelps said: "His life was full of usefulness and his work was well rounded out. As lawyer, as judge and as citizen he was almost without a peer. There is no blemish to mar the beauty of his life. It was a masterpiece that may be safely copied by those who come after."

A note was read from T. J. Davis, who was unable to be present, in which he said that every lawyer had the most pleasant memories of Judge Dickinson's social courtesies, and those who appeared before him in his judicial capacity will always treasure the memories of those occasions.

S. D. Allen said: "Courtesy and kindliness are common in these days as a business asset, but such was not the kindliness and courtesy that characterized Judge Dickinson. He was an immediate neighbor of mine, and that was his habitual disposition upon all occasions. He was never to be surprised into anything else. His going leaves a sense of personal loss with all who knew him, and it will be a long time before there is found a member of this bar so genuinely good and kind as he."

"My most characteristic memory of him as a supreme court judge," said Henry F. Greene, "was that he would make friendly overtures to the attorneys that appeared before him, and that he would always have a kindly word for them. Without exception he was the best man I ever knew as a practicing attorney. His success in life was all that most men can hope to attain. The common idea of success is the accumulation of money, and in that sense it does not apply to him, because he did not acquire a large fortune, but his success was of the highest kind. He always did his duty to his clients, was a good judge, both in the district court and the supreme court, and he was one of the most public-spirited men in the community. He was active in the affairs of his church and those of St. Luke's hospital. His crowning claim to admiration is not only that he never spoke ill of anyone, but that he never said a word that would give pain to another. In the trial of cases he was a gentleman always."

A. N. McGindly said that it was a strong point that no political storm could rage around him that would affect him in his judicial decisions. Few men possess the smoothness and urbanity of character that belonged to him. He always tried to look upon all men as honest, and even in the trial of cases where there was reasonable ground for suspicion of the opposing witnesses, he never said anything that would reflect upon anybody. As a judge he was a peer of anybody upon the bench in his time.

Oscar Mitchell said: "I wish to touch upon the inspiration that the life and daily walk of Judge Dickinson has been since he became a member of this bar to the young members, whose character and habits as practitioners were forming. I never heard him utter an expression that anyone could object to. He had a singularly clean mind, and his dealings with his brother lawyers were full of unfailing courtesy and never-ending fairness. His exceptional purity of character, his justice and the high plane upon which he placed his practice form an invaluable model for members of the bar, whether young or old."

Judge Ensign, on behalf of the court, said in part: "He came to our bar on his retirement from the supreme court, and all felt it to be an honor to the bar that he should cast his fortunes with us and an honor to the city that it should attract a man of such eminent ability and attainments. His affable, dignified and gentlemanly deportment before the court, his uniform courtesy to his brother attorneys, and especially to the younger members, who found in him a wise and sympathetic friend, made him an admirable figure. He was a noble, practical man, a patriotic citizen, a loyal friend and neighbor, an earnest and zealous Christian, a loving and affectionate husband and father, a learned, capable and successful lawyer, a wise, fearless, upright and impartial judge. He has left noble memories of his qualities, and the court heartily concurs in the request of the bar.

"It is ordered that the memorial be spread upon the journal, and the clerk of the court is directed to transmit a certified copy to the family of the deceased."

Sets of Teeth $6.00
Crowns.....$5.00

Duluth Dental Parlors,
3 West Superior St.

BABCOCK IMPROVES.

Washington, May 7.—A letter from Sergeant-at-Arms Kasson of the house who was with Representative Babcock of Wisconsin at Atlantic City, states that Mr. Babcock has almost entirely recovered from his recent illness, and that he spent five hours out doors yesterday.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alston G. Messer and Matie V. Burns.
Albert Anderson and Mary Farnquist.
Roy Hood and Ethel M. Carlton.

DEATHS.

LUNDBERG—The funeral of the late Gustava Lundberg, will be held tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock from her late residence, 121 West Fourth street. Interment at London road cemetery.

UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING.
Largest Stock of Undertaking Goods in the Northwest.
C. O. NELSON. Open Day and Night.
22 1st Ave. W. and U. S. Blk. 19th Ave. W. Both Phones

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FASCINATING COMPLEXION OF A healthy face comes from using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, magical beautifiers. 25c.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

"The Artistic Touch!"

"I've seen *goods* I liked as well in other stores, but, somehow, their clothes haven't the cut nor the style that yours have!"

Ah, yes, to be sure! That's where the trouble is! Anyone can buy the goods! The mills make a plenty!

But, the "cut" and "style"—ah, that's another thing! They can't buy that!

"The "artistic touch" is a gift! You can't buy it!

Some painters become great! Others can never be more than daubers! Why? Who can tell?

Our Tailored Suits, Jackets, Long Coats, Separate Skirts and Wraps of every sort are the products of "masters!" because we're satisfied to pay the price to get the best!

And yet, our prices are no higher than at other stores because of our large volume of business and because makers are satisfied to sell us very close to get a good sized outlet for their best goods!

Do you see the point?

We shall display some new styles in Beautiful Millinery tomorrow at $5.00 that are not equalled elsewhere in Duluth at $6.50 to $7.50.

And some very beautiful Hats at $6.75 that could easily command $8.50.

Fashionable Spring Skirts.

At $6.75—Made of fine all-wool Cheviot, gored skirt with graduated flounce and trimmed with bands of taffeta or satin, in light gray—an $8.50 value.

At $7.75—Made of fine Broadcloths, Venetians, Cheviots, trimmed with bands of Taffeta or Moire, seven-gored skirt with graduating flounce or serpentine styles.

At $10.75—Fine lightweight skirts in black Etamine; just the thing for a shirt waist skirt; made in the newest styles and trimmed richly.

At $13.50—Made of heavy black Taffeta in the new serpentine style, richly tailored and trimmed. Good $16.50 value.

At $14.50 to $25.00—Made in all the newest styles in fine Silk Etamines, Nuns Veiling, Peau de Soie and lace trimmed. They are all good values.

At $30.00 to $75.00—Beautiful Skirts in Lace Moire, Silk Point de Sprit, Poie de Soie—only one of a kind—very stylish and exclusive.

Beautiful Tailored Suits at $18.50—Customers who have been all around tell us they are superior to any offered elsewhere at $25—Nothing strange in that either—were told the same thing each season—Big type in the newspapers doesn't always mean big values in the stores you found that out too, haven't you? Compare—that's the way to tell.

Some Excellent Tailored Suits at $10.50—Good cloth—good workmanship—neatly trimmed—splendid fitting—and good style—Some of them have been in the society of the much higher priced sorts—odd suits, one and two of a kind, $10.50 now—Alterations on these are charged for.

Handsome Novelty Suits $22.50 and $25—Different from any you're likely to see at any other store in this neighborhood—styles that are confined to our firm—If you care to pay more—say $27.50, $30, $32.50 or $35, you'll be delighted with the assortment shown here.

Spring Jackets and Long Coats—Silk or Cloth.

We've told of the vogue for silk wraps—full length, three-quarter, short, and the Monte Carlo or Coffee Coat, also of silk—and the display here is unapproached by any store we know.

There's more to tell—but just space today for these hints—

At $5.75—We offer a fine heavy black clay worsted, all lined and richly tailored, $7.50 value.

At $8.75—Made of fine cheviots, coverts, broadcloths, Venetians; double breasted, velvet collar and new flare sleeves six nice cut steel buttons; in tans, castors, blues, brown and black. Good $10.00 value.

At $12.50—A new and nobby Eton and Blouse Jacket, in golf red, castors, white; satin lined and trimmed with green velvet collar and on sleeves, something new and nobby. A good $15 value.

At $15 to $16.50—Rich, tailor-made Jackets, in fine Venetians, broadcloths and Cheviots, perfect fitting garment and good $18.50 value.

Beautiful Silk Blouse Etons—$9.75—Of good quality taffeta—made by very best tailors, neat vesting front, lined with white satin—surpassing in every way garments offered in this city by other houses at $12.50, with imported lace collar $1.00 extra.

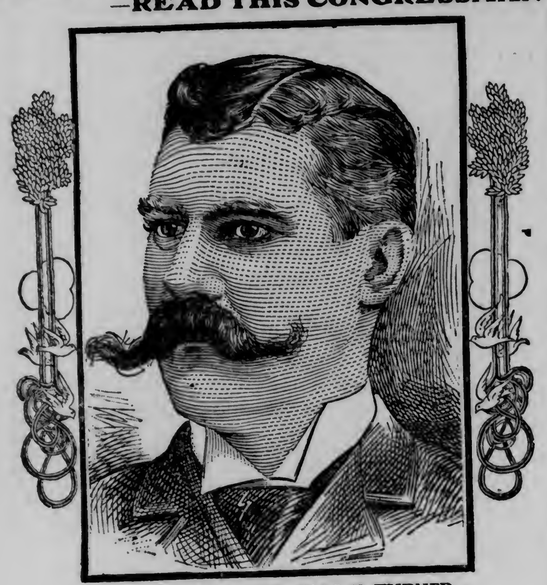
Peau de Soie Silk Blouse Jackets—$12.50—Lined with white satin—imported lace collar—perfect fitting and handsomely tailored throughout.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

ARE YOU LOSING FLESH

Catarrh Is Perhaps Responsible For It.

PE-RU-NA CURES CATARRH AND INCREASES WEIGHT —READ THIS CONGRESSMAN'S LETTER.



EX-CONGRESSMAN CHAS. H. TURNER OF NEW YORK.

Hon. Charles H. Turner, 501 G street, Washington, D. C., is an ex-member of congress from New York city two terms; was doorkeeper of the national house of representatives for four years; is a member of Tammany Hall, and is very influential in New York city. He writes:

"I have used your remedy, Peruna, as a general tonic with satisfactory results. I have many friends who have testified to its virtues, and I fully believe you have a valuable remedy."

C. H. TURNER.

Mr. Jonathan F Stark, recorder of Scott county, Scottsburg, Ind., writes:

"I was afflicted last fall with Indigestion and bronchitis until I only weighed 119 pounds. Knowing that something had to be done soon, I got a bottle of Peruna and took it, and have now taken twenty bottles. After taking the first bottle I gained four pounds, and I kept on gaining at about that rate until I weighed 140 pounds, and am still taking Peruna. It is all right for persons afflicted as I was. "JONATHAN F. STARK."

Hon. T. T. Markland, a well-known business man of Cincinnati, Ohio, writes from 3100 Woodburn avenue, as follows:

"I find that in my case Peruna is a flesh builder. I am now at work every day, and have gained ten pounds, took your Peruna according to directions, and the result was more than I expected. I can now breathe with ease, and also my cough is stopped. I had it for six months before I took down with the grip. I took no other medicine but Peruna, and it accomplished all. You told me in your first letter that Peruna would cure me and it has. I am seventy-three years old and can attend to my work and business as usual. "T. T. MARKLAND."

LOSS OF FLESH.

What Medical Authorities Say As to the Danger Line.

Some of the best medical authorities say that if a person loses one-third of his weight that the system will not have power enough left over to recuperate. That is to say, if a man or woman weighs 150 pounds in health should, for any case, be reduced to 100 pounds, they could not recover, but would shortly die. This fixes the danger line at 33 1-3 per cent. Some say the per cent is a little higher and some say it is a little lower. But this estimate is probably nearly correct.

Are you losing flesh? If so, do you not know that it is not only foolish but dangerous? You need not continue to lose flesh another day if you will use the proper remedies.

Peruna is a great flesh producer. It is through the mucous membranes of the body that all the nutrition must be absorbed. If the mucous membranes are healthy, the loss of flesh is rapidly restored.

Peruna produces healthy membranes. Unhealthy mucous membranes is known as catarrh. Catarrh may be slight or severe. Peruna always cures catarrh wherever located.

Catarrh of any of the vital organs leads to loss of flesh. The catarrh may be so slight as to give no other warning save the loss of flesh. Any one who is losing flesh for no apparent reason, can be sure that catarrh is at the bottom of it.

Peruna is sure to cure such cases.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

WOULD LYNCH

West Superior Man Has Trouble In North Dakota.

Larimore, N. D., May 7.—George Welch, of West Superior, Wis., was nearly lynched by 150 Great Northern laborers yesterday afternoon. Welch and a man named Barke had quarreled over the possession of a lantern, and Welch drew a revolver and inflicted a bad wound upon Burke. Burke's fellow laborers took after Welch, who sought refuge in a boxcar. The car was at once surrounded, and an attempt was made to batter down the door in order to get at Welch to hang him. Chief of Police Edwards arrived just in time, and, standing the infuriated mob off with a revolver, succeeded in landing Welch in jail.

DINNER TO BREE.

New York, May 7.—Twenty years of service of Thomas Bree as secretary of the international committee of the Y. M. C. A. has been recognized by a complimentary dinner at the Arena. Fifty persons were present, most of whom had been connected with the Y. M. C. A. work for many years. H. Kirke Porter, of Pittsburg, presided.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 686 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

AMUSEMENTS.

"YORK STATE FOLKS."

A quaint, simple and beautiful play is "York State Folks," seen at the Lyceum last evening. The stage has had many fine pastoral dramas, but none can claim a higher place than this latest candidate for popular favor, the work of Arthur Sidman. In most pastoral plays there is a similarity of characters and in this there are many reminders of other delightful creations that have been seen here before, but in many ways "York State Folks" is a departure from the conventional type of bucolic drama. There is no wronged woman, no lost son to be reclaimed, no villain, not even a mortgage threatening to drive a struggling honest family from home. But in spite of the absence of these familiar features, there is a strong human interest throughout and the pathos of this simple drama will touch the sternest of hearts and will bring lumps into the throats of the most blase of theatergoers. The action is rather slow, the story developing gradually but surely, nevertheless, and working up to fine climaxes and situations. The great charm of "York State Folks" lies in the absolute naturalness of every character and every scene and in the faithfulness to detail. Every scene is a perfect picture of that which it pretends to represent. Everything is plain, homely and true to nature—a picture of quiet restful country life in New York state.

The company presenting this charming drama is entirely adequate, a strong and well balanced organization. One forgets that they are acting and looks upon them as the living embodiment of the characters they are presenting, and that is the finest testimonial that can be paid them, for what can be finer art than that? Ray L. Royce is exceptionally commendable as the lovable old village organist. James Lackaye gives a powerful impersonation of Simon Peter Martin, the stern father and bitter enemy, whose rancor finally burns out, leaving him penetent and acknowledging his error. Frank Martin, his son, who goes counter to his father's wishes and marries the girl he loves, is well played by Randolph Currie. Miss Kate Johnson as the Widow Miller, one of those busy, fussy, good-hearted women, to whose scolding no one pays any attention, recognizing that it bears no malice, was especially good. Mrs. Sidman, wife of the author, plays the part of a young village belle, very well. There are a number of odd country characters and all were finely portrayed notably that of Lem Dunbar, the horse trader in love with the village belle; Ezra Blowers, always sleepy; Ben Tuttle, storekeeper and postmaster, and Delancey Davenport, the theatrical agent. Bessie Burt and Willie Gray, two children, found much favor through their cleverness.

The staging is of the very best. The second act presents a scene in a lane at evening and is a most exquisite picture. The play will be repeated this evening.

"WAY DOWN EAST."

The attraction at the Lyceum Saturday afternoon and evening will be William A. Brady's production of "Way Down East." Mrs. Parker's play deals with a subject as old as the hills, but ever new. Its theme is love of the highest, purest type; love that forgives and love that heals. Anna Moore's pathetic story of wrong at the hands of an unprincipled villain; her attempt to live down the shame which he has brought her; her love for David, Squire Bartlett's noble son; the appearance of Sanderson at the Bartlett home where Anna has taken refuge; the discovery of her story and her denunciation of Sanderson bring the play to one of the most thrilling climaxes yet devised for a third act in rural drama. The subsequent and prospective happiness of Anna and David are the natural sequences of the story. In this "heart story" is wrought a variety of humorous incidents and comic characterization. The country personalities are placed on view in the characters of the Squirem, Hi Holler, Martha Perkins, Seth Holcomb, Rube Whiple, the doctor, the choir folk, the berry pickers, and the sturdy, honest farmer lad, David.

"A MAN OF MYSTERY."

"A Man of Mystery" will appear at the Sixth Avenue theater tomorrow evening. Coming direct from a two weeks' engagement from the Alhambra theater, Chicago. The press everywhere has been extravagant apparently in adjectives of praise regarding this play and the company presenting it and it is evident that all who attend the theater on Thursday evening will get their money's worth, as the following guarantee is made: All who purchase tickets to see "A Man of Mystery" and who remain during the entire four acts can have their money back after the show if they are not satisfied in every particular. The gowns and dresses worn by the ladies on the stage are said to be the latest models of elegance.

The company will play a 3-nights' engagement, commencing tomorrow evening, Friday evening "A Wife's Peril" is the bill, and Saturday evening "Hearts of Gold" in five acts will be submitted.

KATE, IN "WAY DOWN EAST," AT THE LYCEUM, SATURDAY.

CAUSE OF DULLNESS

Little Lumber Selling Because Cut Is Already Well Sold.

Until Mills Catch Up Not Much Selling Will Be Done.

Longshoremen's Strike Will Cut a Trip Off Vessel Season.

"The reason that there is not more activity in the local lumber market," remarked a prominent lumber shipper yesterday afternoon, 'is because the product of the head of the lakes sawmills is pretty well sold up to the saws. The aggregate advance sales of the lumber cut of 1902 amounts to a very large amount at the present time, in fact, I consider that the larger part of the season's cut is already disposed of. Until the mills can catch up in their cuts there is not likely to be anything lively about this market.

"Another thing that the buyers should understand, but will not, is that the lumber cut of this district this season is going to fall quite a way below that of last season, in fact, there will not be nearly the amount of lumber cut here this year that the buyers expect. They will not believe it, however, even when told so by the manufacturers, but seem to think that a bluff is being worked by the lumberman to induce them to buy heavy now. To my notion the buyers are making a mistake and it will not be many months before they find the bluff is a reality."

One of the results of the recent strike among the longshoremen, it is said, will be the loss of a trip to most of the thirty-five to thirty-eight lumber boats that were tied up in the harbor here at the close of the strike awaiting cargoes. Some of the boats had been here over a week and as the terms of the agreement effecting the settlement of the strike provided that not more than twelve of the boats now in the harbor should be loaded at the same time the lumber carriers will be much delayed in getting away from this port.

The loss of one trip to thirty-five lumber boats will mean a considerable loss to the owners in the earnings of the vessels. It will also mean a curtailment in the amount of lumber moved from the head of the lakes this season. The lumber shipping season opened several weeks earlier this year than last and, as the lumber shipments for the month of April, and preceding the tie-up by the strike, amounted to about 17,000,000 feet, the season's shipments to May 1 are now behind those of last year to the same date.

One of the mill owners said yesterday that the tie-up of the lumber boats for a week has not yet caused a congested condition of the docks, though it might have been a hindrance had the stocks not been pretty well cleaned up previous to the trouble. The manufacturers are not anticipating any crowding of dock room this summer.

While the deep water mills are all running steadily, the river mills are still held up on account of lack of water. If such conditions continue very much longer, a curtailment of the white pine product of Northern Minnesota to a very large amount is sure to occur. Only one of the Cloquet mills has been able to run, and the big jam in the river above Cloquet cannot be broken until the river rises. It is claimed that this will occur only after continuous and hard showers, and that the few light rains that have already occurred have had no appreciable effect.

The lumbermen say that the rains have helped business in the white pine lumber trade, for the reason that they have stimulated the buying demand and some of the building improvements that were contemplated but held up with a view of ascertaining the Northwest crop prospects are now being pushed again.

The large sale of the Glenmont Lumber company of its pine timber holdings in the Cass Lake country to Thomas Shevlin makes the latter the king of logging and lumber interests in that portion of the state. The Glenmont company sold its timber as a result of a fire that destroyed its plant at Cass Lake recently. The sale means that the Glenmont company will not rebuild its mill. It was sawing for the Scanlon-Gipson company, and the latter still has some small interests in the Cass Lake country, but these, it is understood, will be closed out and the company will devote its energies to its large mill at Scanlon and smaller plant at Nickerson.

The Alger-Smith company has started its camps at Highland, where it will do summer logging and maintain grading outfits. The Scott-Graff company has completed its logging operations for the Richardson & Avery company at York, and its outfits have been moved to Drummond, where summer logging will soon begin.

DON'T MAKE EXPERIMENTS.

Smith's Green Mountain Renovator is compounded of roots and herbs only, and is a quick and sure cure for blood troubles, weak or diseased stomach, liver, kidneys and bladder, rheumatism, dyspepsia, or anything else that is the matter with you—provided the blood or the organs mentioned are responsible—which they probably are.

This medicine is new to you, perhaps, but old in fact—for 25 years the family medicine of Old Vermont, the home of strong, hearty, long-lived men and women.

Give it a trial, and if it don't benefit you we will give you your money back. That shows how much we believe in the merits of Smith's Green Mountain Renovator.

We are sole agents.

S. F. BOYCE
SOLE AGENT.

Dolly Vernon of Hadden Hall, Charles Major's New Book—$1.19.

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

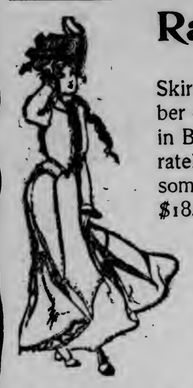
GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Don't fail to see the posters and pictures in the Book Department.

Rare Values in the Cloak Room

There are still quite a number of the Sample Suits and Dress Skirts left—those that have been selling at one-third off. Remember every garment is made in the latest spring style. They come in Broadcloth, Etamine, Cheviot and Venetian—some very elaborately trimmed, others more modest in trimming—all are very handsome and made by the best tailors—Skirts range from $10.00 to $18.00—Suits $19.50 to $50.00—

All go at one-third less than the regular selling prices.



Ladies' Colored Silk Umbrellas

With pretty natural wood handles, in navy, royal blue, red and green, with cover and tassel to match, regular price $2.50, price tomorrow at **$1.98**

Walking Skirts of good quality Melton—in brown, blue and oxford with prettily stitched set on flounce—our regular $3.75 Skirt, Thursday's price **$2.48**

Underskirts—fast black sateen Underskirts, accordeon pleated flounce with ruffle—skirt cut very wide — comes in all sizes — good value at $1.50—tomorrow at **$1.00**

15 doz Washable Wrappers of good quality percale, entirely new and attractive styles and patterns, sizes 34 to 44, regular price $1.25—at **98c**

An enormous variety of pretty styles in Wash Waists—made of madras, percales and dimities in assorted patterns of fancy stripes and solid colors—a number in plain white, good $1.25 and $1.38 waists—choice of entire lot at only **$1.00**

Shirt Waists of good quality percale, perfectly fast colors, beautiful assortment of patterns; sizes to fit all—cheap at $1.00—tomorrow at **75c**

Two Millinery Specials.

$5.00 Trimmed Hats at $3.29.

Ladies' Dress Hats—made from pretty braids, stylishly trimmed with foilage — lace, velvet or fancy ribbons, nobby and fashionable shapes — have the appearance of the most costly hats — regular price $5—tomorrow **$3.29**

Shirt Waist Hats of Jap and Cuban braid—trimmed with linen scarfs, velvet bands, rosettes, quills and fancy buckles—regular $2 and $2.25 hats—your choice of a half a dozen shapes at **$1.48**

Handsome Footwear

At Little Prices.

Ladies' Oxfords of Dongola Kid — stock tip and military heel — a brand new heel—regular price $1.50—Thursday only **$1.00**

Hand Turned Oxfords—Fine kid stock— Cuban heel—kid tip—handsome shape the $2.00 kind on sale tomorrow at **$1.50**

Ladies' Slippers — hand turned sole and low heel — a comfort-giving house shoe — usually sold at $1.25—special at **75c**

Misses' Dongola Lace Shoe — patent tip—spring heel — foot-form last—a very pretty boot—regular price $1.50—Thursday's price **$1.00**

A Sample Lot of Childs' Shoes in a large variety of styles— button or lace — patent or stock tip—all sizes, 8 to 11—always sold at $1.25—tomorrow, your pick **75c**

Boys' Dongola Lace Shoes—extension sole —rope stitch—a splendid wearing shoe—regular price $2.50—very low at **$2.00**

Youths' Kid Shoe—same style as boys' described above—usually $2.25—at **$1.75**

A special table filled with Boys' Sample Shoes—a dozen different styles— worth $1.25 to $2—Thursday, your choice, per pair **89c**

Hosiery and Underwear.

Women's fast black Hose—very fine gauge with spliced heels, double soles, regularly sold at 19c—special Thursday price **15c**

Women's fine opera lace lisle Hose, pretty patterns with double soles and heels—perfectly fast black, cheap at 35c—special price tomorrow **23c**

Women's Swiss ribbed lisle thread Vests— in pink, blue and white, silk taped at neck and arms—regular value 35c—tomorrow, each **25c**

New Belts.

English elastic two strap Girdle Belts with gold or oxydized buckles and side ornaments—regular price 75c; special price tomorrow **58c**

Daylight Basement Bargains

Willow Nursery Chairs—very comfortable —regular price $1.19 each—at **89c**

Hardwood High Chairs — the $1.00 kind —Thursday's price at **69c**

Folding Clothes Bars, usual price 89 cents; Thursday's price—each **69c**

Nickel Plated Tea and Coffee Pots; very good value at 65c—your choice Thursday at **45c**

Mrs. Pott's Nickel Plated Sad Irons—3- in set—worth $1.25 per set—tomorrow **89c**

Small size Clothes Baskets; regular 69c size—take one Thursday at **39c**

The May Dress Goods Sale

Continues with new and special inducements for tomorrow in both black and colored goods.

56 inch Homespun in black—all wool and made from the finest yarns—very durable and correct weight for walking skirts—splendid value at $1.00 per yard—May sale price **67c**

Fine French Serge, 46 inches wide in navy, brown, cardinal and wine, a very satisfactory dress cloth, good value at 95c, May sale price **68c**

Black Granite Cloth—three distinct weaves in this popular cloth—very strong and serviceable—regular price $1.00 yd—May sale price **69c**

Priestley's Black Whipcords—none better —extremely pretty and ever an excellent value at $1.25—May sale price per yard **95c**

Prunella Cloth, 45 inches wide in navy, brown, tan and ox-blood, a very fine cloth, will make stylish dresses, regular value $1.50—Our May sale price **$1.00**

French double Whipcords—48 inches wide in tan, mode and navy, a very high grade imported fabric regularly sold at $2.00—Our special May sale price **$1.39**

Black Wool Crepe de Chene—soft and clingy—makes a handsome medium weight dress or skirt and is both durable and stylish—45 inches wide—usually sold at $2.00—May sale price **$1.48**

Black Cravenette Serges—61 inches wide and positively rain repellent—especially adapted for rain coats and dresses, but has the appearance of the finest suiting. The price has always been $2.25 —May sale price **$1.75**

Muslin Underwear

Knee length Skirt—of good quality muslin with six inch ruffle, edged with torchon lace—regular price 50c, tomorrow **39c**

Muslin Skirt—good quality muslin—full length—6 inch ruffle, finished with clusters of tucks—worth 65c—tomorrow only **45c**

Muslin Skirt—very good quality deep lawn flounce with torchon insertion tucks and torchon edging—cheap at $1.00 - tomorrow **79c**

Muslin Drawers—5 inch tucked ruffle with torchon edge—tomorrow **25c**

Corset Covers—tight fitting, low neck, fin- ished with dainty hemstitched ruffle—regular price 20c—tomorrow **15c**

Corset Covers—8 styles from which to choose from—adapted for the new style corset shapes—would be cheap at 35c—our price **25c**

Corset Covers—tight-fitting back, full front with three lace trimmed ruffles—8 very handsome styles—your choice at **50c**

Straight Front Corsets of fine batiste— the latest shapes—colors pink, blue and white—cheap at 75c, our price **50c**

Table and Bed Linens

Half bleached imported Table Damask, two yards wide—a variety of patterns—regular price 65c per yard—tomorrow **49c**

Full bleached Satin Table Damask, 72 inches wide—heavy quality all pure linen—the very newest patterns—splendid value at $1.25—Special, per yard **$1.00**

Napkins to match—⅝ size $2.25—¾ size $2.98.

8-4 bleached Pepperell Sheeting—soft finish, free from dressing—cheap at 20c. A bargain at—per yard **17c**

Bed Spreads—extra large size — hemmed ready for use—beautiful Marseilles patterns; very low at $1.25—this sale, each **98c**

Wall Paper.

Dark grounded Wall Paper, with blended border, regularly sold at 10c and 12c per roll; May sale price **8c**

Varnished Gold Papers, beautiful patterns and newest of colorings, worth up to 20c. May sale price **14½c**

800 feet of dark green and gold room Mould- ing—a bargain at 10c per foot. For this sale—per foot **7c**

MAY HAVE BALL TEAM

Players Talk of Organizing on the Co-Operative Plan.

Could Play at Oneota Park Any Day Except Sunday.

Sunday Games Could Be Arranged In Towns Outside City.

Duluth may have a clean, fast ball team, despite the recent disbanding of Manager Van Praagh's crack organization.

While an independent professional team would not pay its financial backers unless Sunday games are permitted, a team organized on a co-operative basis would probably net the players more money than if they were playing on a regular salary.

The idea advanced by thirty-third degree fans that cannot reconcile themselves to a teamless baseball season is to have a number of the best players in the city organize a team, electing a manager, treasurer and captain among themselves.

The proceeds above expenses in each game would be divided among the players, and it is estimated that each man could take out about $10 or $15 a week clear by simply investing his services.

The team would not play Sunday games in Duluth, and consequently there would be no objection to its playing in Oneota park, thus saving the expense of building new grounds.

The schedule of home games could be so arranged as to bring strong teams here for mid-week and Saturday games, and then the players could jump out Saturday evening for a Sunday game elsewhere.

The indications are that baseball enthusiasts in Tower, Ely, Virginia, Cloquet, Aitkin, Ashland, Superior and other nearby towns will be more intense than ever this season, and there seems to be but sound reason why Duluth should be without a team, simply because the Sunday games must be cut out, that is, when there is not a manager or promoter looking for a profit after the players have been paid off.

"Louie" Kline is picked out to do the catching for the proposed co-operative team; Glenney, Al Cummings and Elmer Whyte, for pitchers; Randall for first base; possibly Glenney at second base, Shepard at short, Olsen or Irwin at third, Bennett, left field; Lambert, center field, and one of the pitchers playing in right field.

A meeting of the players may be called shortly, and all the men that go into the scheme will be a stockholder in the organization without investing money.

She's a radiant, witching, wondrous gem that beautiful, blushing wife of mine. She is an angel on earth, so you can be, only take Rocky Mountain Tea. Ask your druggist.

NOT A WORD.

Court House Proposition Not Touched By County Board.

The board of county commissioners had a strictly routine session yesterday, and a dull one at that.

The new court house proposition was not so much as mentioned. There was a sort of a tacit understanding at the last meeting that the members of the board would canvass the situation in their respective districts, in order to find out what the sentiment of the people might be on the subject. Apparently no sentiment was found, for none was reported.

The board turned down a lot of applications for licenses to sell liquor on the range. There was a bunch of seven petitions for licenses for saloons at the location of the Stephenson mine, and one and all they went into the waste basket. The representatives of the mining companies operating in that vicinity protested vigorously, and the result was that only a minority of the committee on licenses signed the resolution granting the licenses. The board, therefore, turned the applications down.

Commissioner Berdie called attention to the fact that some of the standing pine on lands in unorganized townships is escaping assessment because the assessor of unorganized townships has not assistance enough to cover the ground properly. A resolution was adopted empowering the assessor to employ such additional help as may be necessary.

Public Examiner Johnson, in a communication to County Attorney McClintock, called his attention to some alleged irregularities in public expenditures, and Mr. McClintock referred the communication to the board. He stated that there is no authority in law for the payment of interpreters' fees, and that there is no authority in law to pay mileage to jurors in justice courts. He also claims that the county has no right to pay railroad fare for prisoners in charge of deputy sheriffs or marshals who are themselves charging mileage. The public examiner asked that these practices be stopped.

Chairman Morcom, of Tower, was ill and unable to be present, and Commissioner Patterson took the chair in his absence.

The monthly bills were passed and the various reports of county officers were approved.

Creamy essence of sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes dainty Satin-Skin Cream, 25c.

Scrofula

It is commonly inherited.

Few are entirely free from it.

Pale, weak, puny children are afflicted with it in nine cases out of ten, and many adults suffer from it.

Common indications are bunches in the neck, abscesses, cutaneous eruptions, inflamed eyelids, sore ears, rickets, catarrh, wasting, and general debility.

Hood's Sarsaparilla and Pills

Eradicate it, positively and absolutely. This statement is based on the thousands of permanent cures these medicines have wrought.

"My daughter had scrofula, with eleven sores on her neck and about her ears. Hood's Sarsaparilla was highly recommended and she took it and was cured. She is now in good health." MRS. J. H. JONES, Parker City, Ind.

Hood's Sarsaparilla promises to cure and keeps the promise.

Bargain Counter No. 1.

Remnants! Remnants!

The end of the piece is just as desirable as the first cut, and can be bought 50 per cent less than the regular price. We will close out the entire lot of Dress Goods and Silk Remnants Thursday—

Dress Goods less than cost — Silks at ½ PRICE

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY

THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

DULUTH, MINNESOTA

Bargain Counter No. 4.

White Goods! White Goods!

Remnants of White Goods, plain and figured, checks, stripes, etc., goods worth up to 15c and 25c— All go at, per yard 7c

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Remnants in Dress Trimming. The lot includes mohair gimps and braid, silk gimps and braid, brilliant silk and wool braid—the lengths range from ½ yard up 6 yards each.

Prices—Come and see.

Cloak and Suit Department.

Our silk Ulsters are marked down to fast selling prices—Too crowded in this department, and stock must be reduced.

Ladies' $26 black taffeta silk ulsters at ____ $16.50
Ladies' $29.50 black taffeta silk ulsters at __ $18.50
Ladies' $34.50 black taffeta silk ulsters at __ $24.00
Ladies' $48.50 black taffeta silk ulsters at __ $37.50
Ladies' $75.00 black taffeta silk ulsters at __ $49.00

All exquisite novelties—no two alike.

Ladies' cloth jackets, nobby styles, in tan and black, extra values at ____ $4.98

Ladies' fine black cloth dress skirts, trimmed with satin or taffeta straps and bands, extra good lining and binding—price ____ $4.98

Special Sale Women's Suits—suits worth up to $24 reduced to $14.98—Lot consists of about 18 suits in all; regular prices have been from $18.00 to $24.00—we bunch the lot on one rack, and make the price ____ $14.98

Flower Seed.

Grown and marketed by L. L. May & Co. — every variety Thursday at the low price of—per package ____ 1c

Wrappers.

Dark blue and red Percale — nicely stitched and finished—full width, deep flounce, 90c values at—only ____ 69c

Trimmed Hats.

Full fashioned, handsomely trimmed hats, worth $5.00 and $6.00—for tomorrow we sell them at only ____ $3

Handkerchiefs.

White and colored border, hemstitched handkerchiefs, regular 5c values—35c per dozen—Thursday—each ____ 3c

Dover Egg Beater.

Sold everywhere at 10c each—selling tomorrow in the basement department at the low price of only ____ 5c

Women's Shoes.

Women's kid lace shoes, widths C to E, all sizes—a good, serviceable everyday shoe—on sale at ____ $1

Walking Skirts.

Worth $7.50 to $10—elegantly tailored and stitched—grey, brown and blue—price ____ $4.98

Cotton Blankets.

10-4 full size—worth 65c—(limit two pairs) our sale price for Thursday per pair only ____ 48c

Cotton Toweling

18 inch Damask Toweling, worth 5c—limit 10 yards to a customer—Thursday's special price at ____ 2½c

Dress Goods.

449 yards 46 inch black Zibeolines, 60c quality — Thursday's extra special at, per yard ____ 33c

Wash Goods.

1500 yards figured Foulards —navy and black grounds with handsome designs, 25c quality at ____ 15c

Mens' and Boys'

Sweaters, turtle and lace necks, black, cardinal, navy and green, —all sizes, gen'ine 50c Sweaters ____ 29c

Women's Swiss

Ribbed Vests — low neck, no sleeves, good yarn—all sizes, selling Thursday at the low price of —each ____ 5c

H. & H. Soap.

The famous cleaner for carpets, silk, woolen goods, etc., regular price 15c a cake —Thursday's price only ____ 9c

White Rexoleum

Same as Vaseline — 20c size—for tomorrow's special sale we make the price only ____ 12c

10c Toilet

Chamois Skins — perfect, smooth and soft—for tomorrow's special sale we sell them at only ____ 5c

Wall Paper.

1000 rolls 6c dining room, sitting room or sleeping room wall papers at—per roll ____ 4c

Wall Papers.

500 rolls chamber papers—in one pattern only; worth 5c—Thursday at, per per roll ____ 3c

New Summer Millinery.

The summer days will soon be here, and you should have your summer hat all ready to wear when the welcome sunny days make their appearance. We have a splendid assortment of artistic ready-trimmed hats, and are in excellent position to attend to a large order trade. For tomorrow:

150 New Shirt Waist Hats, trimmed with ribbon, fancy silk drapes, embroidered linen, quills, etc.—prices—
$5.50, $4.50, $4.00, $3.00, $2.50, $2.00, $1.75, $1.69, $1.50, $1.25, $1.00 and 95c.

25 Elegant Trimmed Hats—our regular $12 values—every one of them the latest—our special price, only ____ $6.75

175 Misses' and Children's Hats, beautifully trimmed with flowers, ribbons, chiffon and silk—prices, $1 to ____ $5.50

A tremendous assortment of untrimmed shapes, Cuban Bralds, Satin Bralds, Sumatra, Chips, etc. — colors, white, black, black with white, burnt, etc.—48c to ____ $2.50

Bargain Counter No. 2.

Remnants of Silk Elastic.

Mill ends from the largest and best elastic factory in the country. Heavy cord silk—ruffled or filled edge—elastic that we sell at 25c, 30c and 35c a yard off the piece—¾-yard strip ____ 12½c

Sale of New Spring Shoes.

This sale of shoes will be another brilliant success. The discriminating shopper will be in her glory when she sees the wonderful shoe values we are offering

Women's Tan Lace Shoes—dark or light shades, with light turn or welted extension soles—several very latest designs in all sizes—about 150 pairs of these $3.00 and $3.50 values on sale at ____ $1.85

Women's Fine Oxford Ties, in several newest styles—they come from the best makers, and include some neat patent trimmed shoes with fancy cloth tops—very flexible soles—sizes to fit any foot—a good assortment on sale Thursday only at ____ $1.50

Women's Sandals and Fancy Strap Slippers for house and street wear—a variety of styles impossible to equal in this city — prices, 75c, 98c, $1.25, $1.58, $1.75, $2 to ____ $5.00

Vassar Boots for Women—Price of any of these thirty styles is $2.98. No shoe will give more comfort or more wear, and has the fitting qualities and appearance of our Vassars at ____ $2.98

Ten Crockery Bargains.

We are recognized crockery headquarters for this city—we sell at absolutely lowest prices. Those who have crockery to buy should get posted on our prices. Here are some buying opportunities no one should let pass. Ten unusual snaps:

I—Glass Berry Dishes—your choice of several styles of our regular 25c bowls, at—each ____ 15c

II—Water Pitchers—2-quart size—your unrestricted choice of any glass or water pitcher in the house worth up to 48c each—at ____ 25c

III—Jardinieres—Large size, in the famous old blue tints—have handles on sides and sold usually at $1.50—at this sale, each ____ 98c

IV—Flower Pots—all sizes, complete with saucers—come early if you would get all you want at these prices—

8-inch ____ 9c
7-inch ____ 7c
6-inch ____ 5c
5-inch ____ 3c
4-inch ____ 2½c

V—Your opportunity to get a famous Syracuse Dinner Set of 100 pieces—regular value $17.50—first customer gets one for—only ____ $10.95

VI—Water Bottles—clear glass regular size—at the low price of—each ____ 15c

VII—Salt and Pepper Shakers, in crystal and colored glass, and real metal caps—each ____ 3c

VIII—Remember we are closing out five patterns in Dinnerware, and offer you 25 per cent off from our regular prices—open stock—25 per cent off.

IX—New Horseradish or Mustard Jars, ground stopper, hollow inside—spoon goes right up into stopper—each ____ 28c

X—Umbrella Stands, solid colors—each— ____ $1.75

Housefurnishing Section.

Ten special items you will be sure to want, for you need them now during the house-cleaning, garden-making, and spring moving time. Not an item can be duplicated elsewhere for the money.

I—Garden Trowels, made of solid steel—for the flower bed—price each ____ 3c

II—Steel Spades—round or square painted shovels with best hickory handles—solid steel—choice each—only ____ 59c

III—Rakes—10-tooth maleable iron garden rakes, hickory handles—at the remarkably low price of ____ 12c

(Limit, one to a customer.)

IV—Hoes—solid steel—pieced head—price, each— ____ 19c

Limit, one to a customer.

V—Curtain Stretchers—the famous adjustable pin style—offered at this sale for ____ $1.75

VI—Poultry Netting—It's going up in price—better buy at once—24-in. size at this sale, per yard ____ 4c

We have all sizes from 12 inches to 72 inches.

VII—Scrub Brushes—solid backs, tampico brush, 10½-in. long—while they last, each ____ 5c

VIII—"Ready Mender," for mending china, glass and woodenware—sold on the streets of Duluth at 25c a bottle—at this sale each ____ 10c

IX—Whisk Brooms—two-sew, full size, at—each— ____ 7c

X—Swift's Washing Powder—full four-pound packages—at this sale only ____ 15c

DEFENDANT WINS.

Minneapolis Young Woman Defeats Land Contestant.

In the land contest case of Robert Hall against Miss Annette Hanson, a young woman from Minneapolis, the local land office officials rendered a decision, yesterday afternoon, favorable to the defendant. Miss Hanson made a homestead entry in 15-16, in July, 1901, and in January, 1902, Robert Hall, the contestant, filed affidavit that the defendant had abandoned the land for six months, that she had not lived on it or made any of the improvements required by law. The evidence showed that the defendant did not live on the land until ten days after the contest was begun, but it was not known that she had been given any notice of the contest before she had settled on the land. When the defendant received notice of the contest she had lived on her claim thirty days. The case was tried in April.

Burns, cuts and other wounds often become troublesome sores. Even where delay has aggravated such injuries DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve effects a cure. Cures all skin diseases. Piles yield to it at once. Max Wirth.

MAD WOMAN

Of Wealth and Social Standing Wedded to a Tailor.

Colorado Springs, Col., May 7.—Mrs. J. A. Frothingham, of New York city, and A. E. Anderson, of Chicago, both patients of the Nordrach hospital for consumptives, were quietly married by Justice McClelland in Colorado Springs Thursday. The marriage was witnessed by two parties, one of whom is officially connected with the hospital. The other was present by accident. The publication of the license was forestalled by the request of the contracting parties themselves. The news of the marriage did not reach the bride's mother and the public until Sunday. The former is Mrs. F. M. Bedloe, whose husband once owned Bedloe's island in New York.

She came here with her daughter last October for the latter's health. The family is quite wealthy and prominent. Mrs. Bedloe is prostrated over the marriage. She says her daughter's mind is unbalanced and that she has a guardian appointed by New York courts. The guardian is now en route here. When he arrives efforts will be made to annul the marriage. Anderson has been a patient at the hospital for some time. He claims to be a tailor.

The bride and groom are aged 36 and 32 respectively.

All bright housewives say

ELECTRO SILVER POLISH SILICON

is best in every way—Grocers.

A household help. Saves time and Silver.

CENSURE

For the Speaker to Be Asked By Irish Members.

New York, May 7.—This evening the Irish members will bring forward in the house of commons a motion censuring the speaker for his ruling on the occasion when Mr. Dillon was suspended for calling Mr. Chamberlain "a damned liar," says a London dispatch to the Tribune. It will be remembered that when Mr. Dillon interrupted to assert that Gen. Vicomel, the leader of the Boer national scouts, was a traitor, the colonial secretary retorted, "The honorable member is a good judge of traitors." And thereupon Mr. Dillon asked the speaker whether the words were parliamentary and the speaker replied that Mr. Dillon had brought the retort upon himself by calling men serving under the British flag traitors. It is this ruling which the Nationalists intend to impugn. They contend that Mr. Chamberlain should have been required to withdraw his remark and the motion to be submitted will categorically affirm that proposition. The debate is anticipated with greatest interest.

STRONG PULL

Is Being Worked By Hanna to Save Rathbone.

Washington, May 7.—The case of Maj. Estes G. Rathbone, who was convicted in the Cuban courts of his mal-administration of the office in the island, was the subject of an extended conference at the White House last night. Senator Hanna made an appeal to the president for a new trial for Rathbone, protesting that he believed him innocent of the crime of which he was convicted.

His arguments were supplemented by statements from Pablo Desvernine, the Cuban counsel for Rathbone, and by Frank D. Pavey, of New York, who has been retained by Senator Hanna in connection with the case.

At the invitation of the president, Secretary Root and Attorney General Knox were present and participated in the discussion. The secretary and the attorney general were with the president some time after Senator Hanna and the two attorneys had departed, conferring as to the representations made in behalf of Rathbone.

The president manifested a great deal of interest in the case, but it is understood that up to this time no final determination has been reached. It is understood the next step in the case will be the preparation of a statement in the shape probably of an appeal to the president for interference in the case with a view to securing a new trial by the Cuban courts for Rathbone.

REVEALS A GREAT SECRET.

It is often asked how such startling cures, that puzzle the best physicians, are effected by Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. Here's the secret. It cuts out the phlegm and germ-infected mucus, and lets the life-giving oxygen enrich and vitalize the blood. It heals the inflamed, cough-worn throat and lungs. Hard colds and stubborn coughs soon yield to Dr. King's New Discovery, the most infallible remedy for all Throat and Lung diseases. Guaranteed bottles 50c and $1. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
438 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

Railroad Contract.

Halvorson & Richards have just closed a contract for railroad construction in North Dakota, and yesterday began placing orders for men for the work. Paulson & Larson, another contracting firm, has also come to the Duluth labor market for men to work on an extension of the Northwestern line near Watersmeet, Mich. It is understood that the contracts for most of the ten new spur tracks contemplated by the Eastern Minnesota company will be let this week.

"Neglected colds make fat graveyards." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup helps men and women to a happy, vigorous old age.

Magnificent Hearse....

And elegant rubber tired carriages for funerals. Latest one and two seated traps.

Stewart Livery Co.,

Either 'Phone 334. 122 West Second Street

For a Drink of Good Whisky

Try J. J. Wall's Sample Room.

The **BEST** and only practical optician in the city.

C. D. TROTT, 3 West Superior St.

Zenith City Dye Works

Practical Dyers and Dry Cleaners. Quick service and work guaranteed.

F. L. RITTEL, Prop.

6 East Superior Street.

Zenith 'phone, 1575. Bell, 645.

This Trade Mark is found on Men's hes' clothing

KUH, NATHAN & FISCHER CO., CHICAGO.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator; strongest, best, safest; contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

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Largest Circulation in Duluth.

TO SUBSCRIBERS.

It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), May 6.—The Upper Mississippi valley "low" has moved to the province of Ontario, causing light to copious rains over the Mississippi valley and lake region. Another depression is developing over Northwest Canada. High pressures and mostly clear weather prevail in the region lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains, with cooler weather in the Mississippi and Lower Ohio valleys. It is becoming warmer in the Northwest. The winds in the lake region are fresh and brisk westerly.

Maximum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	74	Memphis	84
Battleford	68	Miles City	72
Bismarck	66	Milwaukee	68
Boston	64	Minnedosa	68
Buffalo	68	Modena	74
Calgary	68	Montgomery	90
Charleston	80	Moorhead	62
Chicago	72	New Orleans	84
Cincinnati	90	New York	70
Davenport	64	North Platte	72
Denver	72	Oklahoma	56
Detroit	74	Omaha	66
Dodge City	70	Pittsburg	88
Duluth	50	Port Arthur	48
El Paso	84	Portland	72
Escanaba	52	qu'Appelle	60
Galveston	76	Rapid City	66
Green Bay	66	San Francisco	66
Havre	70	Santa Fe	60
Helena	70	Shreveport	82
Houghton	46	Spokane	70
Huron	66	St. Louis	82
Jacksonville	86	St. Paul	54
Kamloops	76	Sault Ste. Marie	52
Kansas City	64	Swift Current	68
Knoxville	88	Washington	74
La Crosse	58	Williston	68
Lander	68	Winnemucca	72
Los Angeles	80	Winnipeg	54
Marquette	50		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight. Partly cloudy and occasionally threatening Thursday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh westerly and northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 7.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and possibly Thursday.

Minnesota—Fair tonight. Probably increasing cloudiness Thursday.

The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

Upper Lakes—Winds becoming light and variable tonight. Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

Payne May Succeed Hanna.

Postmaster General Payne is looked upon as the coming active leader of the Republican politicians. The general opinion among leading Republicans is that he will succeed Mark Hanna as chairman of the Republican national committee. Payne is undoubtedly the working politician of the Roosevelt combination. He is shrewd, active and not averse to taking big chances in the political game. He is one of the few of the old guard that made the Republican national committee so famous a dozen years ago who has survived the whirligig of time and is still doing business at the old stand. Fessenden is practically out of politics; Goodloe is dead; Senators Quay, and Platt of New York, are both disinclined on account of their physical condition to take the active part in politics they formerly did; Dudley is practicing law, and Clarkson has been out of politics for some time. Payne, however, although always regarded as physically the weakest of the lot, is today as deep in the game as he ever was. Joseph H. Manley says Payne is in better health today than he was fifteen or twenty years ago. The death of William McKinley Osborn, the counsel general at London, removed another veteran from the field of politics. This man really wore himself out by his labors to secure the nomination of McKinley in 1896, when he worked night and day to bring about the result. He was rewarded and enjoyed his success until death claimed him. It is quite evident that the private efforts of the administration are turned toward political supremacy at the present time, and the machine will be put in the best working order.

Imports of Manufacturers' Materials.

It is somewhat surprising to learn that practically one-half of the importations to the United States, are materials used by American manufacturers in the production of their goods. Of the importations of March, 49.13 per cent consisted of manufacturers' materials and amounted to $41,381,755 out of a total importation of $84,230,559 during the month. For the nine months of the fiscal year ending with March, manufacturers' materials formed about 46 per cent of the grand total, being $310,792,429 out of a total of $678,698,016. Importations of manufacturers' materials will in the fiscal year which ends with next month by far exceed those of any preceding year in the history of our industries; the highest figure ever reached in any preceeding year was that of the fiscal year 1900, when the grand total was in round terms, three hundred and ninety millions. In the present year it seems likely to attain the enormous sum of four hundred and twenty-five millions. In 1890 manufacturers' materials formed but 34 per cent, or practically one-third of the importations; in 1895, they formed 37 per cent, and in March of this year, as already indicated, they formed 49.13 per cent, or practically one-half of the grand total of importations. Ten great articles from the bulk of the manufacturers' materials imported. These are fibers, hides and skins, india rubber, raw silk, tin, unmanufactured wood, wool, copper, raw cotton (chiefly Egyptian), and a large proportion of the articles classed under the general head of "chemicals."

A CREATOR OF COMMERCE.

The Herald published yesterday a synopsis of the answer of the Northern Securities company in the case of the United States against that company. The answers of the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific companies in the same suit were also filed, but all the points are covered in that of the Northern Securities company. In this document is contained a very complete statement of the motives and purposes underlying the formation of the Northern Securities company and the purchase of the Burlington road by the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific jointly. In this will be found an effective and convincing reply to the assumption that the aim and purpose of the so-called "merger" was to stifle competition and was thus in restraint of trade and in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. Those who read the bill filed by the attorney general of the United States will remember that the chief point which was set forth was the question of motive, and this issue is squarely joined in the replies filed by the defendant companies.

A vast scheme of promoting interstate and international commerce is the basis of the arrangements which the government bill seeks to dissolve, and its concention dates back many years—to the time when the line of the Great Northern to the Pacific coast was projected. The country traversed by the line was then but sparsely settled, and its products were raw material of great bulk and weight, which must be transported at a low mileage rate to markets far distant from the places of production. Consequently, unless the company could secure traffic for carriage beyond the Pacific coast, no great traffic either way could be created. Not only was the railway constructed so that the cost of transportation would be reduced to the minimum figures possible, but great efforts were made to create in China and Japan a demand for American products. When the railroad was completed a Japanese company was induced to run a steamship line between Seattle and the Oriental ports, and in this way a large commerce has been built up, the products of this country being carried to China and Japan and their products brought back to the United States. Thus a large westbound and steadily increasing eastbound traffic was obtained by the Great Northern, with the result that it could make low rates on the products of the country served by it so that they could be shipped at a profit to Eastern markets. With the growth of the Oriental traffic, Mr. Hill decided to build steamships of great carrying capacity to run between Seattle and ports in Japan, China and the Philippines—always with the same object in view, that of enabling the Great Northern to move the largest volume of traffic at the lowest rates. The necessity of establishing the lowest possible rates is shown by the fact that in the building up of this interstate and international commerce, the Great Northern company competes both in this country and on the ocean with the other transcontinental lines, and that, competing at Oriental ports for the commerce of the world, its rates must be made in competition with the rates of ocean carriers via the Suez canal.

It is at this point that the great importance of the purchase of control of the Burlington road becomes apparent. The Northern Pacific was also engaged in building up this international and interstate commerce. But both the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific found themselves at a disadvantage with other competitors by the want of sufficient direct connection with the territory offering the best markets for the country along their lines and with the places of production and great centers of distribution from which their traffic must be shipped. In the Burlington lines they found what best met their requirements, and the two roads purchased the Burlington. The Burlington is not a competitor of either of the Northern roads, therefore its purchase did not lessen its competition in any way, nor did the purchase lessen any competition between the purchasers. Thus it is plainly shown that, instead of competition being destroyed, it was the aim and purpose of those who formed these gigantic plans to enter upon a great struggle of competition with other trans-continental lines and ocean carriers for the commerce of a large portion of the world. Surely no court will find that this great scheme of creating and expanding commerce by a system of almost world-wide competition is in restraint of trade.

With the reasons which led to the formation of the Northern Securities company, The Herald's readers are already familiar. Originally organized as a depository for the stock of several old men, who desired to keep their stock in the Great Northern permanently under the same control, it finally was converted into "a defensive measure against attempts of rival interests to gain control of the Northern Pacific." cripple the Great Northern and prevent the carrying out of their great scheme of increasing interstate and international traffic. Control of the Northern Pacific was secured, after the tremendous conflict of last summer, precipitated by the attempt of the Union Pacific to buy the Northern as it had bought the Southern Pacific. The Northern Pacific was saved, and the stock acquired in this warfare was deposited with the Securities company as a holding company. This did not and does not mean a consolidation of the two Northern roads, and they are operated now and will be run in the future independently of each other. In but one way are they united—in the expansion of traffic and the joint utilization of the Burlington as a means of increasing that traffic, with consequent benefit to the great territory along their lines. It is difficult to understand how the courts can find that in the carrying out of this enterprise, in aid of a great competitive interstate and international commerce, any interest has been injured or any law violated.

EXPORT FLOUR RATES.

Press dispatches from Chicago give news that was printed in The Evening Herald almost a week ago concerning a partial removal by the lake and rail lines of a discrimination against export flour in favor of export wheat shipments. The dispatches give an erroneous impression in that they do not set forth a fair impression of all the details of the subject.

The action of one of the Western roads in giving a 2½-cent differential to export flour from Minneapolis does not place flour rates on the same basis as wheat rates during the summer season. For instance, the new rate on export flour is 20½ cents per hundred from Minneapolis to New York. At the same time it would now be a very simple matter to ship export wheat from Minneapolis to New York for 15 cents a hundred, or even less. The latter rate is not a tariff rate, but is obtained by adding the 5-cent proportional rate from Minneapolis to Duluth to the cost of shipping wheat from Duluth through to New York in wild vessels and by canal.

The action of the Western lines, however, is a move in the right direction. It is as of much relative importance to the milling industry at the head of the lakes as it is to that of Minneapolis. While the present action affects only Minneapolis, it must, if maintained, result in the early application of the same differential on shipments to Duluth.

It would seem that the interstate commerce commission might have jurisdiction over both the lake and rail lines and the wild tonnage that carries wheat, to an extent at least that a better equality between the two might be maintained. There has been an inevitable tendency in lake freights toward a stable basis for a season. It is shown in the lumber freight and the ore freight situation. If this is coming about naturally, and is right, surely vesselmen should not object to supervision by the interstate commerce commission.

THE CEMENT AGE.

Scientists who have given the matter much thought and attention are of the opinion that world is entering what will be known as the cement age. As timber becomes scarcer and more expensive, most of the houses that are now built of wood will be built of cement, and many that are now built of stone will also be thus constructed. Our iron ore supply may become exhausted, or near enough exhausted in a few decades to make iron much more expensive than it is at present. Cement will then be used in the construction of bridges that are now built of iron. In short, cement is the inevitable building material for the millions of people that will be living in a few years. It will replace wood, iron and stone. It is a good material for that purpose. It is cheap and permanent.

Portland cement, which is so much used at the present time, was first manufactured in England a little less than 100 years ago. It has been used for a great number of purposes in Europe for many years, but its use in the United States dates back but little more than a quarter of a century. Until but little more than a decade ago the United States imported practically all the Portland cement it consumed. The consumption rose by leaps and bounds so that the American demand caused a rapid expansion of the European manufacturer, particularly that of Germany and Switzerland. Within the last decade, however, and particularly during the last half of the decade our own manufacture has been increasing at an enormous rate and is still rising rapidly. The demand for cement at the present time is very great. This, however, will increase greatly as time goes on, not only through the increasing population, but for an increased use per capita. At the present time the consumption of cement per capita in the United States is much less than one-third that in Europe. In Europe the dwelling houses, both in the country and in the cities, are constructed chiefly of cement. It is used for many purposes for which stone was formerly used.

When one views the massive piers at the ship canal, which are constructed entirely of cement, he is inclined to believe the prediction that in the near future the principal material for building in many lines may really be cement.

The death of Admiral Sampson, while quite sudden, was not surprising, in view of the serious condition of his health for many months past. Admiral Sampson was one of the ablest and most distinguished officers in the naval service of the United States, and it is unfortunate that towards the close of his splendid career he should have become involved in a controversy that created bitter feelings between his friends and those of Admiral Schley. When this bitterness has passed away, Admiral Sampson's ability will be generally acknowledged and his splendid services to his country will overshadow his faults.

Before the Boer war the Boers were described as rich in public and private virtues, and when the Filipinos were our allies they were described as superior to the Cubans. It seems, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, that a love of independence makes savages of all sorts of people.

The death of three congressmen within four days is unprecedented in the history of the republic. Life at Washington is hard on the constitution and is not conducive to longevity, but this fact does not lessen the number of congressional candidates—except in the Eighth district of Minnesota.

The famous caricaturist Thomas Nast has been appointed United States consul general at Guayaquil, Ecuador, by President Roosevelt. Nast's hand has lost its cunning. Although only 62 years of age he has produced nothing worth while since the days of Tweed.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican looks upon the bill for the protection of the president as "the longest step in the direction of imperialistic danger that has ever been taken." The Republican is becoming silly in its old age.

In view of the testimony at Manila that the 8-year-old Filipino bolo infant is even more terrible than the American small boy who leaves home to fight Indians, it is strange that Gen. Smith fixed the deadly age limit at 10.

Gen. "Jake" Smith's counsel says there is no place for sentiment in war. Yet but for sentiment there would have been no Cuban war and Smith and his counsel would not be in the Philippines now.

A Kansas editor who wrote a scathing editorial on the beef trust was much disgusted when the paper came out to find that the printer had made it "beer."

Mme. Calve says she will never return to America. She will probably change her mind, as is woman's privilege, when he bank account runs low.

The extortions of the beef trust may create a strong sentiment in favor of municipal ownership of meat markets.

And yet Minnesota has had poorer governors than Tams Bixby would make.

There is not so much meat at present in "the full dinner pail."

Their Wonder Love

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"It is different from anything I have ever felt before," said the man. "I have dreamed of such love, but until now I doubted its possibility."

He and the girl had been walking for half an hour on the beach, drinking in the early freshness of the sun-touched morning. At his words her glad eyes turned to his in perfect understanding.

"I have dreamed of it, too," she answered, in a tone of hushed happiness, "and I have always believed it would come."

Her upturned face, from which the breeze had blown the tresses back, had a look of rapture that seemed akin to awe. A face of rare purity it was, truly spirituelle in its outlines, yet warmed into earthly beauty by the vivid sweetness of eyes and lips.

The man's gaze dwelt upon it now with a rapt devotion. His voice, when he spoke again, had caught the awe of her expression.

"It is too wonderful, too beautiful, almost, for belief," he said. "So high, so fine, so altogether free from taint of earth, that I wonder constantly, how heaven has seen fit to grant such holy rapture to one so unworthy as I—"

"Unworthy!" she rebuked, and smiled upon him in tender reproof.

"I was, dear, before I met you. Since then I am changed, transfigured. Another realm has opened up to me, I know, at last, what men mean when they speak of soul. For it is the soul of you, the real of you, that I love. Beautiful as is the outward manifestation of that soul, it is not the physical which attracts me. My feeling for you goes beyond that. When we are apart, the mere thought of you gives me an exquisite joy. When I am with you, it is enough to look into your eyes—or hear your voice or speak to you. I want nothing more."

Her response came with a radiant spontaneity. "Oh, if you knew how glad it makes me to hear you say it—to know that you think of it even as I. They have always told me that my idea of love was too high, too transcendental for this earth. But I knew that some day I would find the man who would understand."

"Yes," he returned swiftly. "I do understand. The knowledge seemed somehow to come to me with our first meeting. All things were made clear to me then."

The girl sighed—a sigh of perfect content. In a silence that had no need of words, they turned and retraced their steps. From time to time their glances met—always with that perfect understanding. As they drew near the hotel, both paused, as by one impulse and stood looking out over the shifting, shimmering waters.

"When I go back to town," he resumed, "I shall feast my memory in this hour with you. But we shall not really be absent from each other, dear. Nothing can separate us, now."

"Nothing," she echoed, softly. Then, mustingly, "I shall not see you until I return to the city."

"No," he replied. "This was my only chance to get away. I shall not have another opportunity. But you will not remain much longer?"

"At least three weeks," she returned. "Three weeks might seem a long time to some," he reflected, "but to us, dear, it means nothing. I shall be conscious always of your sweet presence, shall feel those dear white thoughts of yours. Our love knows no such barrier as space."

A sudden radiance illumined her face. "Is it not wonderful," she cried, "how we can sense each other's spiritual presence, even while apart in the body? Why, sometimes I feel so near to you, I am so sure you are drawing me to you in thought, that it almost seems I can speak to you, can hear your voice."

"And you have felt it, too?" he marveled. "Is it not beautiful?"

Again they looked into each other's eyes, with a long, clinging gaze—a gaze that held within it the ecstacy of a caress.

"Goodby," he said. He took her hand an instant, then released it reverently.

"Goodby till we meet again."

* * *

It was one week later that the girl, with a book in her hand and a light wrap over her arm, sought the cool shade of the woods that skirted the beach. The thought of him had been most persistent today. She wondered, as she reached her favorite nook and sat down to read, if she would be able to concentrate her mind upon the story before her.

She had read but one page when the sound of rustling branches and footsteps on the fallen leaves startled her into attention. The sound came nearer. There was a hurried parting of the bushes on her right and a man's glad exclamation. He stood before her, in the flesh.

She sprang to her feet, almost doubting her vision.

"You!" she cried. "When did you come? Why are you here?"

There was an eagerness in his eyes that she had never seen before.

"I had to come," he confessed. "I missed you so."

Wonderingly she gazed upon him.

"You mean you—you could not stay away?"

"I could not."

His glance met hers, then dropped before the amazement in her eyes.

"Were you not conscious of my presence, as before?" she faltered.

"Yes, dear. I felt you always near. But, oh, there was such a void, such a longing—such an aching need of you—of your actual presence, I had to come."

His half ashamed manner vanished suddenly. He reached for her hand with a strange impetuosity. "Didn't you miss me, too?" he demanded.

She withdrew her hand, with a reproachful look. "Yes, I missed you—but—but I thought we were not to be conscious of separation, I thought—"

She broke off, vaguely distressed.

"Come, let us walk," he said.

Something in his manner thrilled her with alarm—an alarm that was strangely sweet.

"You are changed—you are not the same," she accused him, as, still wondering, she followed him through the tangled underbrush.

"If I am changed, it is to love you more," he responded, swiftly, with the leaping of that new light in his eyes. There was an odd quiver in his voice.

He held out his hand to help her across the narrow chasm that blocked their path. Then, before she knew it, he had lifted her in his strong arms as if she had been a child and had carried her triumphantly to the other side.

"How could you!" she protested, breathlessly, struggling free from his clasp.

But his eager arms, having once known the joy of sheltering her, were not now to be denied. They closed about her again, masterfully.

"Dearest, look at me!"

"Oh, don't—don't," she begged. But even as she spoke, her own arms went up about his neck, almost against her will.

She clung to him, sobbing, and still protesting. "Oh, our beautiful love—it has gone! This is just like all other love—no better—no higher. Oh, it was so wonderful, at first!"

He drew her yet closer and, bending his face to hers, kissed her on the lips. A startled glory rushed into her eyes.

"Is this not wonderful, too?" he breathed.

"More wonderful than I have ever dreamed," she answered.

New Pianos Rented and Sold on Easy Payments....

A large number of Pianos and Organs, of various makes, new and slightly used, at very low prices.

$25 upwards for Organs.
$5 monthly payments.

$145 upwards for Pianos.
$10 monthly payments.

Send today for Special Bargain Bulletin of used and sample instruments.

DULUTH MUSIC CO
Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.
Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos
Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.
Open Saturday Evenings.

STYLISH SPRING COSTUMES

Charming Afternoon Toilette —Popularity of Tucks.

A charming afternoon toilette is fashioned of cream voile of the softest quality and the preference for tucks is clearly evidenced. The waist has a deep yoke effect of horizontal tucks alternating with inset bands of black lace and below this the lace and tucks run lengthwise. A soft rosette of lib-

erty satin ribbon is placed at the left side. The elbow sleeves are trimmed with ruffles. The same idea is followed in the skirt which falls in very graceful and artistic lines. Corticelli Silk is used in the making of this costume.

For earlier spring voile and silk and wool materials are very much liked, embroidered, uni, spotted faintly or striped, in short in every form and shape and color these delicate fabrics still hold their own, the favorite color being a delicate yellowish-buff tint shading to cream. Gray is always welcomed by the sartorial powers, just now a faint shade of dove color predominating. There is another color in vogue in Paris at present which may also take here among certain esprits in coming modes. It is a very undecided shade of brown almost running to purple, a trifle heavy perhaps for wear in summer, but certainly acceptable for the variable "samples" of weather we may yet be treated to.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

COOPERS IN SESSION.

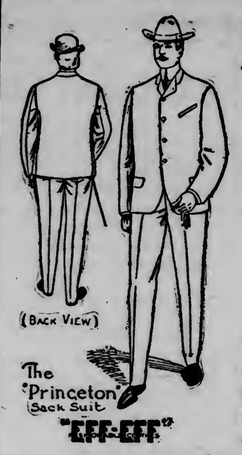
Chicago, May 7.—The fourth annual convention of the National Slack Cooperage Manufacturers association is in session today at the Great Northern hotel. All the manufacturers of staves and heads for sugar and flour barrels are included in the association, both those of the United States and Canada. The association represents capital of about $20,000,000.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup, if you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

Important Change of Time.

On and after May 11 the Twilight Limited over "The North-Western Line" will leave Duluth daily at 4 p. m., arriving in St. Paul at 9 p. m., making connections in Union depot with the Omaha & Kansas City limited for Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles and points West.

Berth reservations for points South and West of St. Paul can be made by calling or writing to S. A. Love, city ticket agent, "The North-Western Line," Duluth.



Snappy Clothes for Men.

We can show you such a variety of new patterns to choose from in Suitings—and then we haven't so many of one pattern that everyone in town has one like yours. We will satisfy you if you will let us.

$15, $18.50, $20, 25.

Sloan, Leverow & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

THE DAKOTAS.

Coroner's Jury Says That Edward Coleman Was Murdered.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Faulkton—The coroner's jury in the Coleman case brought in findings Tuesday afternoon to the effect that Edward Coleman met his death by a gun shot fired behind him and that death was not accidental or with suicidal intent. Joseph Coleman is under arrest charged with murder in the first degree. The preliminary hearing will be held on Friday, May 9.

Elk Point—Father T. L. Flood, of Sioux Falls, has been assigned by Bishop O'Gorman as pastor of the Catholic church here to succeed Father Kelly, who was transferred to Montrose, S. D., after the scandal connecting him with the running away from home of Miss Josie Smythe. Father Flood conducted his first services Sunday.

Watertown—It is learned that it is the intention of the Northwestern road to cross the Missouri river at Forest City this year or next and that Watertown will be made the division headquarters of the road. The company has finished the construction of a new roadbed between Marshall and Sleepy Eye thus straightening the track in Western Minnesota, and arrangements art being made to cut down the grades through the coteaus in the eastern part of this state, near Gary. All the wooden bridges between Watertown and Gettysburg are also being taken out and steel structures put in. This, added to the fact that the Northwestern has secured control of the twelve miles of track of the Gettysburg and Forest City road would indicate that the company is working on some change for the near future.

Miller—At the city election 131 votes were polled and license carried by 20. A non-partisan set of officers was elected.

Pierre—The new city election took charge Monday night. The principal appointees were Charles Rohrer, chief of police; Noah Newbank, auditor, and James Monkhouse, chief of fire department.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Charles Walker, who has been in nthe restaurant business here, left yesterday for the East and a long list of angry creditors mourn.

The funeral of the late E. M. Chase, a prominent business man was held Monday. The banks and other business houses closed in the afternoon.

The Northern Pacific washout at Apple creek was short-lived. An attempt to fill the seventy feet of washout with gravel failed and a bridge was built in a few hours.

The city council passed an ordinance granting a franchise to the Hughes Electric Light company of Fargo to put in a light and heating plant in Jamestown. The session was a warm one, and the vote stood 4 to 3. The Jamestown Electric Light company wants a new franchise and an ordinance to that end was introduced.

IN MICHIGAN

A Mysterious Case In Hospital Yard at Menominee.

Menominee—A mysterious cave-in has left a yawning hole, about six feet square and twenty-five feet deep, in the lawn of St. Joseph's hospital. During the day gardeners were engaged in laying off a plot which was planted with flowers. In the morning, when the nuns in charge of the hospital arose they were amazed to discover that the garden had disappeared, together with a shade tree which had been near at hand. Investigation developed that the earth had opened during the night and that flowers and tree were resting about twenty-five feet below the surface. It is supposed that many years ago a mining test pit was dug at the spot.

Marquette—The case of John R. Gordon, state legislator from this state, vs. the Lansing savings bank, was yesterday, at Lansing, decided in favor of the plaintiff, who is awarded a judgment in full, with costs and interest. The case involved a $2000 check drawn by Gordon in settlement of alleged losses in a poker game at a Lansing hotel. The basis of the suit was that the check was improperly drawn.

When the banks opened Monday morning it developed that a smooth forger had operated here Saturday afternoon after banking hours. The checks purported to be drawn by an upper peninsula brewing company, and were each for $18. Eight cashed by business men have already turned up, and it is believed there are more. The police have no clue.

Houghton—For the first time in over ten years Sunday was a generallly dry Sunday in Houghton. Every saloon was closed, both front and rear, with all the screens removed and the empty barroom in plain sight. Judge Streeter fined forty-five saloonkeepers yesterday for violation of the Sunday closing laws.

Iron Mountain—Four years ago L. A. Miller came here from Grand Rapids, where he had practiced law for twenty-five years. His health failed and he was advised to cease work and take a long vacation in the Northern woods. Six miles west of Randville, this county, he found a log house, which he purchased, added a little furniture, and moved in. Near his home was located a trout stream, well stocked with speckled beauties; the woods abounded in game of many kinds, and the ozone furnished the health-giving elixir of which the Grand Rapids man was so much in need. Now, after being a denizen of the wilderness for four years, he finds himself with health restored and practically a new man, and has decided on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Good enough for anybody!
ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
TONIGHT.
The best of all rural plays
York State Folks
With the original cast and scenery.
Note—This is the No. 1 company—C. A. Marshall.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquette $1 and 75c. Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Matinee and Night Saturday, May 10.
Wm. A. Brady's Great Production, a Metropolitan Production of the Success of the Century,
WAY DOWN EAST
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.
Matinee—Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 25c.

6th Avenue Theater.
J. J. LAUNDERGAN, Mngr.
THREE NIGHTS AND SATURDAY MATINEE, commencing
Thursday, May 8th.
Mark E. Swan's new sensational Melodrama,
"A Man of Mystery"
Direct from the Alhambra Theater, Chicago. Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Reserved seats on sale at Smith & Smith's or Le Richeux's drug store.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 p. m. (Central time), May 7.—The Upper Mississippi valley "low" has moved to the province of Ontario, causing light to copious rains over the Mississippi valley and lake region. Another depression is developing over Northwest Canada. High pressures and mostly clear weather prevail in the region lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains, with cooler weather in the Mississippi and Lower Ohio valleys. It is becoming warmer in the Northwest. The winds in the lake region are fresh and brisk westerly.

Maximum temperatures for the last twenty-four hours:

Abilene	74	Memphis	81
Battleford	68	Miles City	72
Bismarck	66	Milwaukee	58
Boston	64	Minnedosa	68
Buffalo	68	Modena	71
Calgary	68	Montgomery	90
Charleston	80	Moorhead	62
Chicago	72	New Orleans	84
Cincinnati	99	New York	70
Davenport	94	North Platte	56
Denver	72	Oklahoma	66
Detroit	74	Omaha	60
Dodge City	70	Pittsburg	88
Duluth	50	Port Arthur	48
El Paso	84	Portland	72
Escanaba	52	Qu'Appelle	60
Galveston	76	Rapid City	66
Green Bay	56	San Francisco	66
Havre	74	Santa Fe	90
Helena	70	Shreveport	82
Houghton	46	Spokane	76
Huron	66	St. Louis	82
Jacksonville	86	St. Paul	54
Kamloops	76	Sault Ste. Marie	52
Kansas City	64	Swift Current	58
Knoxville	88	Washington	78
La Crosse	68	Williston	68
Lander	68	Winnemucca	72
Los Angeles	90	Winnipeg	54
Marquette	50		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Fair tonight. Partly cloudy and occasionally threatening Thursday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh westerly and northerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 7.—Forecast till 8 a. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Fair tonight and possibly Thursday.
Minnesota—Fair tonight. Probably increasing cloudiness Thursday.
The Dakotas—Generally fair tonight and Thursday.
Upper Lakes—Winds becoming light and variable tonight. Generally fair tonight and Thursday.

Payne May Succeed Hanna.

Postmaster General Payne is looked upon as the coming active leader of the Republican politicians. The general opinion among leading Republicans is that he will succeed Mark Hanna as chairman of the Republican national committee. Payne is undoubtedly the working politician of the Roosevelt combination. He is shrewd, active and not averse to taking big chances in the political game. He is one of the few of the old guard that made the Republican national committee so famous a dozen years ago who has survived the whirligig of time and is still doing business at the old stand. Fessenden is practically out of politics; Goodloe is dead; Senators Quay, and Platt of New York, are both disinclined on account of their physical condition to take the active part in politics they formerly did; Dudley is practicing law, and Clarkson has been out of politics for some time. Payne, however, although always regarded as physically the weakest of the lot, is today as deep in the game as he ever was. Joseph H. Manley says Payne is in better health today than he was fifteen or twenty years ago. The death of William McKinley Osborn, the counsel general at London, removed another veteran from the field of politics. This man really wore himself out by his labors to secure the nomination of McKinley in 1896, when he worked night and day to bring about the result. He was rewarded and enjoyed his success until death claimed him. It is quite evident that the private efforts of the administration are turned toward political supremacy at the present time, and the machine will be put in the best working order.

Imports of Manufacturers' Materials.

It is somewhat surprising to learn that practically one-half of the importations to the United States, are materials used by American manufacturers in the production of their goods. Of the importations of March, 49.13 per cent consisted of manufacturers' materials and amounted to $41,381,755 out of a total importation of $84,230,559 during the month. For the nine months of the fiscal year ending with March, manufacturers' materials formed about 46 per cent of the grand total, being $310,792,429 out of a total of $675,868,016. Importations of manufacturers' materials will in the fiscal year which ends with next month by far exceed those of any preceding year in the history of our industries; the highest figure ever reached in any preceding year was that of the fiscal year 1900, when the grand total was in round terms, three hundred and ninety millions. In the present year it seems likely to attain the enormous sum of four hundred and twenty-five millions. In 1890 manufacturers' materials formed but 34 per cent, or practically one-third of the importations; in 1895, they formed 37 per cent, and in March of this year, as already indicated, they formed 49.13 per cent, or practically one-half of the grand total of importations. Ten great articles from the bulk of the manufacturers' materials imported. These are fibers, hides and skins, india rubber, raw silk, tin, unmanufactured wood, wool, copper, raw cotton (chiefly Egyptian), and a large proportion of the articles classed under the general head of "chemicals."

A CREATOR OF COMMERCE.

The Herald published yesterday a synopsis of the answer of the Northern Securities company in the case of the United States against that company. The answers of the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific companies in the same suit were also filed, but all the points are covered in that of the Northern Securities company. In this document is contained a very complete statement of the motives and purposes underlying the formation of the Northern Securities company and the purchase of the Burlington road by the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific jointly. In this will be found an effective and convincing reply to the assumption that the aim and purpose of the so-called "merger" was to stifle competition and was thus in restraint of trade and in violation of the Sherman anti-trust law. Those who read the bill filed by the attorney general of the United States will remember that the chief point which was set forth was the question of motive, and this issue is squarely joined in the replies filed by the defendant companies.

A vast scheme of promoting interstate and international commerce is the basis of the arrangements which the government bill seeks to dissolve, and its conception dates back many years—to the time when the line of the Great Northern to the Pacific coast was projected. The country traversed by the line was then but sparsely settled, and its products were raw material of great bulk and weight, which must be transported at a low mileage rate to markets far distant from the places of production. Consequently, unless the company could secure traffic for carriage beyond the Pacific coast, no great traffic either way could be created. Not only was the railway constructed so that the cost of transportation would be reduced to the minimum figures possible, but great efforts were made to create in China and Japan a demand for American products. When the railroad was completed a Japanese company was induced to run a steamship line between Seattle and the Oriental ports, and in this way a large commerce has been built up, the products of this country being carried to China and Japan and their products brought back to the United States. Thus a large westbound and steadily increasing eastbound traffic was obtained by the Great Northern, with the result that it could make low rates on the products of the country served by it so that they could be shipped at a profit to Eastern markets. With the growth of the Oriental traffic, Mr. Hill decided to build steamships of great carrying capacity to run between Seattle and ports in Japan, China and the Philippines—always with the same object in view, that of enabling the Great Northern to move the largest volume of traffic at the lowest rates. The necessity of establishing the lowest possible rates is shown by the fact that in the building up of this interstate and international commerce, the Great Northern company competes both in this country and on the ocean with the other transcontinental lines, and that, competing at Oriental ports for the commerce of the world, its rates must be made in competition with the rates of ocean carriers via the Suez canal.

It is at this point that the great importance of the purchase of control of the Burlington road becomes apparent. The Northern Pacific was also engaged in building up this international and interstate commerce. But both the Great Northern and the Northern Pacific found themselves at a disadvantage with other competitors by the want of sufficient direct connection with the territory offering the best markets for the country along their lines and with the places of production and great centers of distribution from which their traffic must be shipped. In the Burlington lines they found what best met their requirements, and the two roads purchased the Burlington. The Burlington is not a competitor of either of the Northern roads, therefore its purchase did not lessen its competition in any way, nor did the purchase lessen any competition between the purchasers. Thus it is plainly shown that, instead of competition being destroyed, it was the aim and purpose of those who formed these gigantic plans to enter upon a great struggle of competition with other trans-continental lines and ocean carriers for the commerce of a large portion of the world. Surely no court will find that this great scheme of creating and expanding commerce by a system of almost world-wide competition is in restraint of trade.

With the reasons which led to the formation of the Northern Securities company, The Herald's readers are already familiar. Originally organized as a depository for the stock of several old men, who desired to keep their stock in the Great Northern permanently under the same control, it finally was converted into "a defensive measure against attempts of rival interests to gain control of the Northern Pacific," cripple the Great Northern and prevent the carrying out of their great scheme of increasing interstate and international traffic. Control of the Northern Pacific was secured, after the tremendous conflict of last summer, precipitated by the attempt of the Union Pacific to buy the Northern as it had bought the Southern Pacific. The Northern Pacific was saved, and the stock acquired in this warfare was deposited with the Securities company as a holding company. This did not and does not mean a consolidation of the two Northern roads, and they are operated now and will be run in the future independently of each other. In but one way are they united—in the expansion of traffic and the joint utilization of the Burlington as a means of increasing that traffic, with consequent benefit to the great territory along their lines. It is difficult to understand how the courts can find that in the carrying out of this enterprise, in aid of a great competitive interstate and international commerce, any interest has been injured or any law violated.

EXPORT FLOUR RATES.

Press dispatches from Chicago give news that was printed in The Evening Herald almost a week ago concerning a partial removal by the lake and rail lines of a discrimination against export flour in favor of export wheat shipments. The dispatches give an erroneous impression in that they do not set forth a fair impression of all the details of the subject.

The action of one of the Western roads in giving a 2½-cent differential to export flour from Minneapolis does not place flour rates on the same basis as wheat rates during the summer season. For instance, the new rate on export flour is 20½ cents per hundred from Minneapolis to New York. At the same time it would now be a very simple matter to ship export wheat from Minneapolis to New York for 15 cents a hundred, or even less. The latter rate is not a tariff rate, but is obtained by adding the 5-cent proportional rate from Minneapolis to Duluth to the cost of shipping wheat from Duluth through to New York in wild vessels and by canal.

The action of the Western lines, however, is a move in the right direction. It is as of much relative importance to the milling industry at the head of the lakes as it is to that of Minneapolis. While the present action affects only Minneapolis, it must, if maintained, result in the early application of the same differential on shipments to Duluth.

It would seem that the interstate commerce commission might have jurisdiction over both the lake and rail lines and the wild tonnage that carries wheat, to an extent at least that a better equality between the two might be maintained. There has been an inevitable tendency in lake freights toward a stable basis for a season. It is shown in the lumber freight and the ore freight situation. If this is coming about naturally, and is right, surely vesselmen should not object to supervision by the interstate commerce commission.

THE CEMENT AGE.

Scientists who have given the matter much thought and attention are of the opinion that world is entering what will be known as the cement age. As timber becomes scarcer and more expensive, most of the houses that are now built of wood will be built of cement, and many that are now built of stone will also be thus constructed. Our iron ore supply may become exhausted, or near enough exhausted in a few decades to make iron much more expensive than it is at present. Cement will then be used in the construction of bridges that are now built of iron. In short, cement is the inevitable building material for the millions of people that will be living in a few years. It will replace wood, iron and stone. It is a good material for that purpose. It is cheap and permanent.

Portland cement, which is so much used at the present time, was first manufactured in England a little less than 100 years ago. It has been used for a great number of purposes in Europe for many years, but its use in the United States dates back but little more than a quarter of a century. Until but little more than a decade ago the United States imported practically all the Portland cement it consumed. The consumption rose by leaps and bounds so that the American demand caused a rapid expansion of the European manufacturer, particularly that of Germany and Switzerland. Within the last decade, however, and particularly during the last half of the decade our own manufacture has been increasing at an enormous rate and is still rising rapidly. The demand for cement at the present time is very great. This, however, will increase greatly as time goes on, not only through the increasing population, but for an increased use per capita. At the present time the consumption of cement per capita in the United States is much less than one-third that in Europe. In Europe the dwelling houses, both in the country and in the cities, are constructed chiefly of cement. It is used for many purposes for which stone was formerly used.

When one views the massive piers at the ship canal, which are constructed entirely of cement, he is inclined to believe the prediction that in the near future the principal material for building in many lines may really be cement.

The death of Admiral Sampson, while quite sudden, was not surprising, in view of the serious condition of his health for many months past. Admiral Sampson was one of the ablest and most distinguished officers in the naval service of the United States, and it is unfortunate that towards the close of his splendid career he should have become involved in a controversy that created bitter feelings between his friends and those of Admiral Schley. When this bitterness has passed away, Admiral Sampson's ability will be generally acknowledged and his splendid services to his country will overshadow his faults.

Before the Boer war the Boers were described as rich in public and private virtues, and when the Filipinos were our allies they were described as superior to the Cubans. It seems, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch, that a love of independence makes savages of all sorts of people.

The death of three congressmen within four days is unprecedented in the history of the republic. Life at Washington is hard on the constitution and is not conducive to longevity, but this fact does not lessen the number of congressional candidates—except in the Eighth district of Minnesota.

The famous caricaturist Thomas Nast has been appointed United States consul general at Guayaquil, Ecuador, by President Roosevelt. Nast's hand has lost its cunning. Although only 62 years of age he has produced nothing worth while since the days of Tweed.

The Springfield, Mass., Republican looks upon the bill for the protection of the president as "the longest step in the direction of imperialistic danger that has ever been taken." The Republican is becoming silly in its old age.

In view of the testimony at Manila that the 5-year-old Filipino bolo infant is even more terrible than the American small boy who leaves home to fight Indians, it is strange that Gen. Smith fixed the deadly age limit at 10.

Gen. "Jake" Smith's counsel says there is no place for sentiment in war. Yet but for sentiment there would have been no Cuban war and Smith and his counsel would not be in the Philippines now.

A Kansas editor who wrote a scathing editorial on the beef trust was much disgusted when the paper came out to find that the printer had made it "beer."

Mme. Calve says she will never return to America. She will probably change her mind, as is woman's privilege, when he bank account runs low.

The extortions of the beef trust may create a strong sentiment in favor of municipal ownership of meat markets.

And yet Minnesota has had poorer governors than Tams Bixby would make.

There is not so much meat at present in "the full dinner pail."

Their Wonder Love

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

"It is different from anything I have ever felt before," said the man. "I have dreamed of such love, but until now I doubted its possibility."

He and the girl had been walking for half an hour on the beach, drinking in the early freshness of the sun-touched morning. At his words her glad eyes turned to his in perfect understanding.

"I have dreamed of it, too," she answered, in a tone of hushed happiness, "and I have always believed it would come."

Her upturned face, from which the breeze had blown the tresses back, had a look of rapture that seemed akin to awe. A face of rare purity it was, truly spiritual-like in its outlines, yet warmed into earthly beauty by the vivid sweetness of eyes and lips.

The man's gaze dwelt upon it now with a rapt devotion. His voice, when he spoke again, had caught the awe of her expression.

"It is too wonderful, too beautiful, almost, for belief," he said. "So high, so fine, so altogether free from taint of earth, that I wonder constantly, how heaven has seen fit to grant such holy rapture to one so unworthy as I—"

"Unworthy!" she repeated, and smiled upon him in tender reproof.

"I was, dear, before I met you. Since then I am changed, transfigured. Another realm has opened up to me, I know, at last, what men mean when they speak of soul. For it is the soul of you, the real of you, that I love. Beautiful as is the outward manifestation of that soul, it is not the physical which attracts me. My feeling for you goes beyond that. When we are apart, the mere thought of you gives me an exquisite joy. When I am with you, it is enough to look into your eyes—or hear your voice or speak to you. I want nothing more."

Her response came with a radiant spontaneity. "Oh, if you knew how glad it makes me to hear you say it—to know that you think of it even as I. They have always told me that my idea of love was too high, too transcendental for this earth. But I knew that some day I would find the man who would understand."

"Yes," he returned swiftly, "I do understand. The knowledge seemed somehow to come to me with our first meeting. All things were made clear to me then."

The girl sighed—a sigh of perfect content. In a silence that had no need of words, they turned and retraced their steps. From time to time their glances met—always with that perfect understanding. As they drew near the hotel, both paused, as by one impulse and stood looking out over the shifting, shimmering waters.

"When I go back to town," he resumed, "I shall feast my memory in this hour with you. But we shall not really be absent from each other, dear. Nothing can separate us, now."

"Nothing," she echoed, softly. Then, musingly, "I shall not see you until I return to the city."

"No," he replied. "This was my only chance to get away. I shall not have another opportunity. But you will not remain much longer?"

"At least three weeks," she returned. "Three weeks might seem a long time to some," he reflected, "but to us, dear, it means nothing. I shall be conscious always of your sweet presence, shall feel those dear white thoughts of yours. Our love knows no such barrier as space."

A sudden radiance illumined her face. "Is it not wonderful," she cried, "how we can sense each other's spiritual presence, even while apart in the body? Why, sometimes I feel so near to you, I am so sure you are drawing me to you in thought, that it almost seems I can speak to you, can hear your voice."

"And you have felt it, too?" he marveled. "Is it not beautiful?"

Again they looked into each other's eyes, with a long, clinging gaze—a gaze that held within it the ecstacy of a caress.

"Goodby," he said. He took her hand an instant, then released it reverently.

"Goodby till we meet again."

* * *

It was one week later that the girl, with a book in her hand and a light wrap over her arm, sought the cool shade of the woods that skirted the beach. The thought of him had been most persistent today. She wondered, as she reached her favorite nook and sat down to read, if she would be able to concentrate her mind upon the story before her.

She had read but one page when the sound of rustling branches and footsteps on the fallen leaves startled her into attention. The sound came nearer. There was a hurried parting of the bushes on her right and a man's glad exclamation. He stood before her, in the flesh.

She sprang to her feet, almost doubting her vision.

"You!" she cried. "When did you come? Why are you here?"

There was an eagerness in his eyes that she had never seen before.

"I had to come," he confessed. "I missed you so."

Wonderingly she gazed upon him.

"You mean you—you could not stay away?"

"I could not."

His glance met hers, then dropped before the amazement in her eyes.

"Were you not conscious of my presence, as before?" she faltered.

"Yes, dear. I felt you always near. But, oh, there was such a void, such a longing—such an aching need of you—of your actual presence, I had to come."

His half ashamed manner vanished suddenly. He reached for her hand with a strange impetuosity. "Didn't you miss me, too?" he demanded.

She withdrew her hand, with a reproachful look. "Yes, I missed you—but—but I thought we were not to be conscious of separation. I thought—"

She broke off, vaguely distressed.

"Come, let us walk," he said.

Something in his manner thrilled her with alarm—an alarm that was strangely sweet.

"You are changed—you are not the same," she accused him, as, still wondering, she followed him through the tangled underbrush.

"If I am changed, it is to love you more," he responded, swiftly, with the leaping of that new light in his eyes. There was an odd quiver in his voice.

He held out his hand to help her across the narrow chasm that blocked their path. Then, before she knew it, he had lifted her in his strong arms as if she had been a child and had carried her triumphantly to the other side.

"How could you!" she protested, breathlessly, struggling free from his clasp.

But his eager arms, having once known the joy of sheltering her, were not now to be denied. They closed about her again, masterfully.

"Dearest, look at me!"

"Oh, don't—don't," she begged. But even as she spoke, her own arms went up about his neck, almost against her will.

She clung to him, sobbing, and still protesting. "Oh, our beautiful love—it has gone! This is just like all other love—no better—no higher. Oh, it was so wonderful, at first!"

He drew her yet closer and, bending his face to hers, kissed her on the lips. A startled glory rushed into her eyes.

"Is this not wonderful, too?" he breathed.

"More wonderful than I have ever dreamed," she answered.

STYLISH SPRING COSTUMES

Charming Afternoon Toilette —Popularity of Tucks.

A charming afternoon toilette is fashioned of cream voile of the softest quality and the preference for tucks is clearly evidenced. The waist has a deep yoke effect of horizontal tucks alternating with inset bands of black lace and below this the lace and tucks run lengthwise. A soft rosette of liberty satin ribbon is placed at the left side. The elbow sleeves are trimmed with ruffles. The same idea is followed in the skirt which falls in very graceful and artistic lines. Corticelli Silk is used in the making of this costume.

For earlier spring voile and silk and wool materials are very much liked, embroidered, uni, spotted faintly or striped, in short in every form and shape and color these delicate fabrics still hold their own, the favorite color being a delicate yellowish-buff tint shading to cream. Gray is always welcomed by the sartorial powers, just now a faint shade of dove color predominating. There is another color in vogue in Paris at present which may also take here among certain esprits in coming modes. It is a very undecided shade of brown almost running to purple, a trifle heavy perhaps for wear in summer, but certainly acceptable for the variable "samples" of weather we may yet be treated to.

Terrible plagues, those itching, pestering diseases of the skin. Put an end to misery. Doan's Ointment cures. At any drug store.

COOPERS IN SESSION.

Chicago, May 7.—The fourth annual convention of the National Slack Cooperage Manufacturers association is in session today at the Great Northern hotel. All the manufacturers of staves and heads for sugar and flour barrels are included in the association, both those of the United States and Canada. The association represents capital of about $20,000,000.

A little life may be sacrificed to a sudden attack of croup. If you don't have Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil on hand for the emergency.

Important Change of Time.

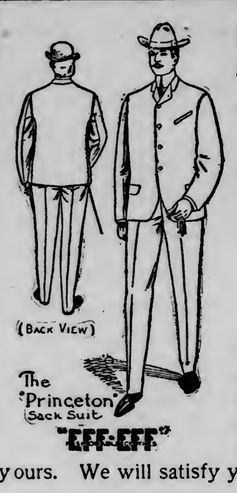
On and after May 11 the Twilight Limited over "The North-Western Line" will leave Duluth daily at 4 p. m., arriving in St. Paul at 9 p. m., making connections in Union depot with the Omaha & Kansas City limited for Sioux City, Omaha, Kansas City, Denver, Salt Lake City, San Francisco, Los Angeles and points West.

Berth reservations for points South and West of St. Paul can be made by calling or writing to S. A. Love, city ticket agent, "The North-Western Line," Duluth.

New Pianos Rented and Sold on Easy Payments....

A large number of Pianos and Organs, of various makes, new and slightly used, at very low prices.
$35 upwards for Organs.
$5 monthly payments.
$145 upwards for Pianos.
$10 monthly payments.
Send today for Special Bargain Bulletin of used and sample instruments.

DULUTH MUSIC CO
Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.
Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos
Cor. Superior St. and Lake Ave.
Open Saturday Evenings.



Snappy Clothes for Men.

We can show you such a variety of new patterns to choose from in Suitings—and then we haven't so many of one pattern that everyone in town has one like yours. We will satisfy you if you will let us.

$15, $18.50, $20, 25.

Floan, Leverone & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

THE DAKOTAS.

Coroner's Jury Says That Edward Coleman Was Murdered.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Faulkton—The coroner's jury in the Coleman case brought in findings Tuesday afternoon to the effect that Edward Coleman met his death by a gun shot fired behind him and that death was not accidental or with suicidal intent. Joseph Coleman is under arrest charged with murder in the first degree. The preliminary hearing will be held on Friday, May 9.

Elk Point—Father T. L. Flood, of Sioux Falls, has been assigned by Bishop O'Gorman as pastor of the Catholic church here to succeed Father Kelly, who was transferred to Montrose, S. D., after the scandal connecting him with the running away from home of Miss Josie Smythe. Father Flood conducted his first services Sunday.

Watertown—It is learned that it is the intention of the Northwestern road to cross the Missouri river at Forest City this year or next and that Watertown will be made the division headquarters of the road. The company has finished the construction of a new roadbed between Marshall and Sleepy Eye thus straightening the track in Western Minnesota, and arrangements art being made to cut down the grades through the coteaus in the eastern part of this state, near Garry. All the wooden bridges between Watertown and Gettysburg are also being taken out and steel structures put in. This, added to the fact that the Northwestern has secured control of the twelve miles of track of the Gettysburg and Forest City road would indicate that the company is working on some change for the near future.

Miller—At the city election 131 votes were polled and license carried by 20. A non-partisan set of officers was elected.

Pierre—The new city election took charge Monday night. The principal appointees were Charles Rohrer, chief of police; Noah Newbauk, auditor, and James Monkhouse, chief of fire department.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—Charles Walker, who has been i nthe restaurant business here, left yesterday for the East and a long list of angry creditors mourn.

The funeral of the late E. M. Chase, a prominent business man was held Monday. The banks and other business houses closed in the afternoon.

The Northern Pacific washout at Apple creek was short-lived. An attempt to fill the seventy feet of washout with gravel failed and a bridge was built in a few hours.

The city council passed an ordinance granting a franchise to the Hughes Electric Light company of Fargo to put in a light and heating plant in Jamestown. The session was a warm one, and the vote stood 4 to 3. The Jamestown Electric Light company wants a new franchise and an ordinance to that end was introduced.

IN MICHIGAN

A Mysterious Case In Hospital Yard at Menominee.

Menominee—A mysterious cave-in has left a yawning hole, about six feet square and twenty-five feet deep, in the lawn of St. Joseph's hospital. During the day gardeners were engaged in laying off a plot which was planted with flowers. In the morning, when the nuns in charge of the hospital arose they were amazed to discover that the garden had disappeared, together with a shade tree which had been near at hand. Investigation developed that the earth had opened during the night and that flowers and tree were resting about twenty-five feet below the surface. It is supposed that many years ago a mining test pit was dug at the spot.

Marquette—The case of John R. Gordon, state legislator from this state, vs. the Lansing savings bank, was yesterday, at Lansing, decided in favor of the plaintiff, who is awarded a judgment in full, with costs and interest. The case involved a $2000 check drawn by Gordon in settlement of alloged losses in a poker game at a Lansing hotel. The basis of the suit was that the check was improperly drawn.

When the banks opened Monday morning it developed that a smooth forger had operated here Saturday afternoon after banking hours. The checks purported to be drawn by an upper peninsula brewing company, and were each for $18. Eight cashed by business men have already turned up, and it is believed there are more. The police have no clue.

Houghton—For the first time in over ten years Sunday was a generality dry Sunday in Houghton. Every saloon was closed, both front and rear, with all the screens removed and the empty barroom in plain sight. Judge Streeter fined forty-five saloonkeepers yesterday for violation of the Sunday closing laws.

Iron Mountain—Four years ago L. A. Miller came here from Grand Rapids, where he had practiced law for twenty-five years. His health failed and he was advised to cease work and take a long vacation in the Northern woods. Six miles west of Randville, this county, he found a log house, which he purchased, added a little furniture, and moved in. Near his home was located a trout stream, well stocked with speckled beauties; the woods abounded in game of many kinds, and the ozone furnished the health-giving elixir of which the Grand Rapids man was so much in need. Now, after being a denizen of the wilderness for four years, he finds himself with health restored and practically a new man, and has decided on a trip to the Pacific coast.

Good enough for anybody!
ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
TONIGHT.
The best of all rural plays
York State Folks
With the original cast and scenery.
Note—This is the No. 1 company—C. A. Marshall.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00, Parquette $1 and 75c, Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER,
C. A. MARSHALL, Lessee and Manager.
Matinee and Night Saturday, May 10.
Wm. A. Brady's Great Production, a Metropolitan Production of the Success of the Century,
WAY DOWN EAST
Prices—Dress Circle, $1.00; Parquet, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.
Matinee—Dress Circle, 75c; Parquet, 50c; Family Circle and Balcony, 25c.

6th Avenue Theater.
J. J. LAUNDERGAN, Mngr.
THREE NIGHTS AND SATURDAY MATINEE, commencing
Thursday, May 8th.
Mark E. Swan's new sensational Melodrama,
"A Man of Mystery"
Direct from the Alhambra Theater, Chicago. Prices, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Reserved seats on sale at Smith & Smith's or Le Richeux's drug store.

DEFECTIVE PAGE
INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

Mme. Yale's

Hair Tonic.

A specific for all hair and scalp diseases. Purest and best hair tonic in the world. One bottle will do more for the hair than the combined efforts of all other hair preparations made. It never fails to respond. Stops hair falling in twenty-four hours.

CURES DANDRUFF

Creates a luxuriant growth of hair. Makes a dry, harsh hair, soft and glossy. It gradually restores the natural color to gray or faded hair. It is as invigorating and as refreshing to the hair and scalp as a shower of rain is to parched grass or withered flowers. A genuine toilet luxury, clean, colorless. Most efficacious for baldness. Highest award Columbian Exposition. Government Chemists' Endorsements.

MME. YALE'S STANDARD BRAND OF TOILET PREPARATIONS are the best in the world because Mme. Yale makes them. She knows more about beauty and beautifying preparations than any one else in the world. Manufactured only by Madame M. Yale, 189 Michigan avenue, Chicago.

Write or call for Mme. Yale's Books on Health and Beauty, They are Free.

Our Cut Price on Mme. Yale's Hair Tonic **89c**

PALMER WHITE COMPANY
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINNESOTA

AUTOMOBILISTS

Would Prevent All Excesses of Speed Limits.

New York, May 7.—Strenuous measures have been taken by the board of directors of the American Automobile association to prevent excess of speed limits in endurance runs and violations of rules generally in open motor vehicle contests of all kinds.

A resolution was passed declaring that any contestant disqualified or suspended for violations of the rules of any contest promoted by a member of the association shall be ineligible to participate in any competitive event promoted by any other member for so long as the club against which he had offended shall refuse to revoke his disqualification.

MAY BECOME BLIND.

New York, May 7.—Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, the well known woman suffragist, is confined to her home in Melrose, says a Boston dispatch to the Times, by a serious difficulty with her eyes. For the past two weeks she has been under the care of a physician and it is feared she may become blind.

"WHY SO IT IS!"

And you can tell that it's

Lowe Brothers Paint

because it covers the surface so well.

It's the kind I want.

Thomson & Dunlop

Sole Agents.

Cabot's Shingle Stains.
Pratt & Lambert's Varnishes.
Johnson's Floor Wax.
BRUSHES.

226-228 West Michigan Street.

CLOSING OUT SALE

10 East Superior Street.

Carpets, Curtains, Drapery and Furniture,

Moved from the New Store. Everything must be sold at some price.

A. Jeffery & Co.

4 Doors East of Lake Avenue.

CAUSES INTEREST

Auditor Halden's Van Sant Announcement Stirs Politicians.

Aroused Some Ire Among Duluth Opponents of the Governor.

State Central Committee Meeting---Commissioner Berdie Wanted.

County Auditor Halden's flat-footed statement that he is for Van Sant for governor, and that he will work to have the St. Louis county delegation instructed for him as well as for himself, has created a great deal of interest throughout the state.

Last week an interview with him appeared in the Mankato Free Press which has become the basis of considerable discussion in the Twin City and country papers. He gave it because it had been intimated in many parts of the state that Mr. Halden and St. Louis county were unfriendly to the governor. Mr. Halden said:

"I am unqualifiedly for the renomination of Governor Van Sant. During his incumbency he has made a good, safe and thoroughly representative executive. I do not recall any governor in the past who has done more to uphold the people's interests than he. I do not know what he has left undone that he could have done to stand for the people. If ever any Republican governor earned a renomination and the gratitude of the public, I think Governor Van Sant is one such, at least."

Asked about the attitude of Duluth toward the governor and the report that there is considerable opposition to him here, Mr. Halden said:

"Yes, I have heard this stated a good many times. It would be queer if, in a county the size of St. Louis there should not be some opposition, but I do not look upon the opposition as dangerous and aggressive. In fact I can say frankly and openly that if I am to be given a delegation from my home county, that delegation will be for Capt. Van Sant. I could not under other terms be a candidate. I would prefer to sink my personal ambition to be state auditor than to see Capt. Van Sant defeated for a second term. You can say, therefore, that if Odin Halden comes to the convention as a candidate for state auditor it will be only with St. Louis county's delegation behind him and also for Van Sant."

Several days later the Mankato Free Press based upon this interview an editorial strongly in favor of Mr. Halden's candidacy, and it has found much favor in various parts of the state.

It is said that at home the interview has aroused the ire of some of the politicians that are opposing Van Sant's renomination, or rather those who opposed it as long as there seemed to be any possibility of another candidate coming out. Should any other candidate come out at this late date, the antis will probably fight the proposition to instruct the St. Louis county delegation for Van Sant, and Mr. Halden will probably in that case lead the Van Sant forces in the fight.

• • •

The Republican state central committee will meet at the Windsor hotel at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon, when the date of the state convention will be fixed. It is altogether probable that the convention will be held between June 17 and July 3. J. P. Johnson, the Duluth member of the committee, went down with the Shriners this afternoon and will attend the meeting tomorrow.

• • •

County Commissioner R. F. Berdie says that he has almost decided not to run for a renomination, but his friends say he has made an excellent member of the board and that they do not propose to allow him to withdraw after having served such a short term. He was one of the two commissioners that were appointed when the county was redistricted about a year ago. He has put in much time in his work of county commissioner, and has accomplished particularly good results with his road work.

Something New

in picture mouldings. Large assortment to select from. Our prices are the lowest. Decker's, 16 2nd Ave. W.

DATES AND BISHOPS

For the Various Methodist Conferences For Fall of 1902.

Announcement By the Bishops' Committee on Assignments.

Four Appointments Made For Minnesota Districts.

Chattanooga, Tenn., May 7.—The Methodist Episcopal board of bishops committee on assignment reported the following dates, locations and presiding bishops for the various conferences for the fall of 102:

Black Hills Mission, Hot Springs, S. D., Sept. 4, Fowler.

Central Swedish, Chicago, Sept. 11, Merrill.

Chicago, German, Chicago, Sept. 25, Foss.

Dakota, Madison, Oct. 2. Goodsell.

Des Moines, Jefferson, Iowa, Sept. 10, Hamilton.

Idaho, Caldwell, Idaho, Sept. 28, Cranston.

Kalispell, Columbia Falls, Mont., July 24, Merrill.

Michigan, Traverse City, Mich., Sept. 17, Fitzgerald.

Minnesota, Rochester, Minn., Sept. 24, Andrews.

Montana, Bozeman, Mont., Aug. 7, Merrill.

North Dakota, Jamestown, Oct. 9, Goodsell.

North Montana, Mission, July 31, Merrill.

North German, New Ulm, Minn., Sept. 25, Goodsell.

Northern Minnesota, Morris, Minn., Oct. 1, Andrews.

Northern Swedish, Two Harbors, Minn., Sept. 18, Andrews.

Northwest German, Gladbrook, Iowa, Sept. 25, Hamilton.

Northwest Iowa, Oct. 1, Hamilton.

Norwegian and Danish, Chicago, Sept. 4, Merrill.

Rock River, Austin, Ill., Oct. 8, Foss.

Upper Iowa, Marshalltown, Iowa, Sept. 17, Goodsell.

West Wisconsin, Portage, Wis., Sept. 4, Goodsell.

Wisconsin, Milwaukee, Wis., Sept. 10, Goodsell.

Wyoming, Mission, Rock Springs, Wyo., Aug. 7, Warren.

TOWN SITE.

New One to Be Established on Mesaba Range.

Lots in a new townsite on the eastern Mesaba range will soon be placed on the market. The new town will be right on the iron belt and will have tributary to it three iron mines employing over 1000 men, with a probability that other mines will be discovered in the immediate neighborhood. The big Stevens mine, the Donora and the Meadow, all new properties that will be added to the shipping list this season if possible, are close at hand to the location of the new town which will be in section 27-59-15. The Duluth & Iron Range railroad will be extended to the new town, which is also not far distant from the Duluth, Missabe & Northern road, nor from the main county road running from Virginia to Biwabik and Mesaba.

The parties interested in the new townsite will include the Weyerhaeusers, D. H. Moon, D. T. Adams, E. P. Towne and men living at Virginia. It is expected that the townsite will be platted and that lots will be on the market within thirty to sixty days.

SUCCESSOR

To Archbishop Corrigan Not to Be Named For Forty Days.

New York, May 7.—It will be nearly forty days, under the church law, before the three names selected by the bishops of the province can be sent to Rome and submitted to the pope, from which he will make a choice, as the successor to Archbishop Corrigan, if he does not decide to disregard them all.

When the prelate who now lies dead was selected by the pope as archbishop of this diocese all the names sent to the pope were disregarded, and he named Mgr. Corrigan for the place.

Most prominent among those named in the quiet discussion of the probabilities are Bishop McDonnell, of Brooklyn. The other two names most often mentioned are those of Father Charles H. Colton and Father J. H. McGean. It is possible that any of the consulters may be finally selected by the bishops of the province and their names be sent to Rome.

New York, May 7.—There is much speculation, says the Rome correspondent of the Tribune, as to the successor of Archbishop Corrigan of New York. Even the pope himself could hardly say now who will be elevated to the vacant office. The whole canonical proceedure for a new archbishop requires a minimum of three months. From the indications here it seems that the choice will be between Bishops McDonnell and Farley. In vatican circles it is said the death of Archbishop Corrigan eliminates the greatest rival of Archbishop Ireland for the new American cardinate.

EMPIRE LEAGUE MEETS.

New York, May 7.—A meeting of the British Empire league has just been held at the house of commons under the chairmanship of Lord Avebury to hear an address from Col. Denison on the subject of preferential trade rates, enbles the London correspondent of the Tribune. The duke of Abercorn, Sir Charles Tupper and several influential members of parliament were present.

SESSIONS CLOSED.

San Francisco, May 7.—The supreme court of the Independent Order of Foresters formally closed its session, begun in Los Angeles, by installing the officers elect in this city. The report of the committee on state of the order showed it to be in a very prosperous condition.

FIRE IN RUSSIA.

St. Petersburg, May 7.—A fire at Lobrinsk, government of Minsk, has destroyed 972 houses and 669 small shops.

The New Store **HENDREN & TALLANT CO** The New Store

Customers are secured in many ways. Reliable goods, reasonably priced, make permanent ones. Our permanent customers have made our success. We spare nothing to merit your permanent patronage.

$30 and $35.00 Suits, $25.00

Great Price Reductions Thursday and Friday.

Every suit is a 1902 style; Etons, Gibsons, Blouse and Tight-Fitting Tailored Suits; colors, black, blue, red, brown, mode and castor. Materials, Cheviot, Venetian, Broadcloth.

We have not withheld a single suit, the lot contains every suit in stock that has sold at $30.00 and $35.00. Thursday and Friday the choice of this splendid lot **$25.00**

Raglans Selling Regularly at $10.00 and $15.00 at $9.50.

Every Raglan selling from $10.00 to $15.00 will be offered—nothing reserved; best shades of blue, brown, oxford and black; materials, Coverts, Broadcloths, and Sicillian. The styles are the best this season has witnessed. Thursday and Friday the choice of this lot **$9.50**

$10.50 and $12.50 Jackets at $9.50.

Double-breasted or blouse, black or colored. Materials, Broadcloth, Venetian or Cheviots; every style that is good. This is a brief description of the splendid line of $10.50 and $12.50 Jackets we will sell Thursday and Friday for **$9.50**

$7.50 and $8.50 Walking Skirts at $5.50.

If there is one line of goods we believe we are "strong" on it is our matchless Skirts. Thursday and Friday we offer our $7.50 and $8.50 Walking Skirts—fancy strap trimming, blue, brown or gray, at only **$5.50**

40 and 45-inch India Linon, Worth 15c a Yard, Thursday, 8c.

Here is another snap in India Linons. We purchased an immense amount of short lengths from 1 to 8 yards in a piece. Regularly this quality would never sell for less than 15c a yard. Thursday they will be placed on the salestables at—a yard **8c**

Ready-to-wear Hats.

Special Large Display Thursday

There are some things that only the ones possessing them see any merit in. There are others that have merit that cannot be concealed. It is the latter description that applies to our millinery. The tremendous selling evidences the merit our hats possess.

Thursday will witness a special showing of ready-to-wear hats. A beautiful line received today which will please the most exacting. The prices will sustain our money-saving characteristics.

Wool Dress Goods.

Big Values Thursday and Friday.

Cheviot Suitings—54-in wide, medium weight—especially adapted for suits or single skirts. Colors, greys, brown and blue. Special price **75c**

Sicillian Suitings, 36-in inches wide, a full range of every good colors and black. An exceptional value at **39c**

Covert Suitings—45-in wide, striped and two-tone effects; regular value 89c a yard—special for Thursday **59c**

English Whipcord—45-in wide, two weight, medium and heavy; colors, dark and medium blue, brown and red. Splendid values at 89c and **75c**

Umbrellas.

Serviceable and Sightly.

Children's School Vm- brellas—steel rods—natural curved wood handles **39c**

Ladies' Vmbrellas, gloria silk; steel rods, fancy curved or straight handles **$1.25**

Ladies' Vmbrellas, taf- feta silk, an exceptional pretty line of handles—special price **$1.49**

Ladies' silk serge or taf- feta silk Umbrellas—pearl or gold mounted handles ..... $3, $4 and **$5.00**

TO MANAGE EATING HOUSES.

San Francisco, May 7.—The Southern Pacific railroad has decided to take under its own management all the eating houses and lunch places on its entire railroad system of more than 9000 miles in California, Oregon, Nevada, Utah, Arizona, New Mexico, Texas and Louisiana and to assume direct supervision of the restaurants on the San Francisco trans-bay ferries between this city and Oakland and this city and Alameda.

Lester Park.

There will be a dance tomorrow, rain or shine.

Good enough for anybody!

ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

CONSTANT ENDEAVOR

Of Emperor Joseph Is to Foster European Peace.

His Interesting Reply to Delegates of Austria-Hungary.

He Speaks of the Friendly Understanding With Russia.

Budapest, May 7.—"As in the past so in the future, the constant endeavor of my government will be directed to fostering close relations with our allies, as well as feelings of confidence with all powers, thus contributing to the maintenance and consolidation of European peace."

This was the most interesting passage from a general international view point in the reply of Emperor Francis Joseph to the address of the delegations of Austria-Hungary, at the reception held in the castle this morning, at Budapest.

The emperor also made a brief but important reference to the Balkan situation, saying: "Our unvarying and friendly understanding with the Russian empire concerning events in the near east is conducive to the continued maintenance of order and tranquility in those regions."

He remarked that since the last session of the delegations the general political situation had in no way undergone any material change. He paid a tribute to the Austro-Hungarian forces employed in the China expedition, and referred to the necessity for increased expenditure for the artillery, for improving the naval stations, and for "dispensable increases in the personnel of the fleet and of the construction of ships."

The address of the delegations alluded to the continued preservation of peace and the increased prestige of the dual monarchy in the councils of Europe, as "largely due to the veneration in which the emperor-king is held by all," and promised full consideration of the increased demands for the army, and of the expenditure required for the development of internal industry and agriculture, and for fostering foreign trade relations, so as to enable Austria-Hungary to compete with the nations of the world.

The delegation's address also emphasized the fact that complete success in this direction largely depended on a strong and lasting union of the economic forces of the two halves of the dual monarchy.

AT MIDNIGHT

Strange Doings Are Witnessed on a Bridge.

Toledo, O., May 7.—"Is the Fasset street bridge across the Maumee River haunted?" Scores of people who cross the bridge between the hours of 11 p. m. and 1:30 a. m. are asking one another the question.

About 11 p. m. on certain nights they say a mysterious-looking man dressed in black makes his appearance on the bridge. The man is tall, straight and dignified and rapid in movements. No person has been able so far to get a full view of his face. The mysterious man suddenly makes his appearance in the center of the bridge as though he had come up through the flooring. He then passes over to the footpath and after that all trace of him is lost until about 1:30 a. m., when he is seen for a moment in the center of the bridge and then vanishes in some mysterious manner as though he dropped into the river.

Some believe the strange figure may be a woman in disguise who is perhaps doing a little detective work on her own hook on the movement of a gay husband, while others are convinced that the mysterious stranger is a real ghost, the troubled spirit of some departed being. It is recalled that a well-dressed stranger was found dead on the bridge years ago, shortly after it was built, near the spot where the mysterious figure makes its nightly appearance and disappearance.

HAMMER THROWING.

New York, May 7.—In the annual field games of Fordham college, John Flanagan has equaled the world's record for hammer throwing. He hurled the metal 171 feet 9 inches.

"SECTION 16"

Cass Lakers Are Anxious as to Fate of Squatters.

Cass Lake, Minn., May 7.—What effect the decision of the supreme court will have as to settlers of section 16 is problematical.

Section 16, town 145, range 31, adjoins the village of Cass Lake and many residences and business buildings occupy the land immediately adjoined to the village limits. Two allotments were filed covering the land occupied by the so-called squatters, Mrs. Nellie Lydick, wife of George Lydick, of Cass Lake, filed one, and Harold Borup, of St. Paul, filed another. These filings have been hung up pending the decision of the supreme court. It is not believed the settlers will be disturbed pending the decision in the allotments.

Washington, May 7.—It is said here that one effect of the supreme court decision denying the state's rights to school lands on Indian reservations, will be an order from the secretary of the interior for the removal of squatters on section 16 at Cass Lake. The removal was ordered some time ago, but the order was not pressed by the department because of the pending of the suit in supreme court. Had the decision been favorable to the state the settlers would have been obliged to purchase the land from the state auditor.

Under present conditions this section has not been opened to settlement, nor has it been offered for sale as timber lands and settlers will have to vacate unless the secretary chooses to be lenient and allow them to remain there until the Morris bill becomes a law.

Don't start the summer with a cold. One Minute Cough Cure will set you right. Sure cure for coughs, colds, croup, grip, bronchitis, all throat and lung troubles. Max Wirth.

DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

"Let the GOLD DUST twins do your work."

Slave if you will, but if you perfer to make housework easy, use

GOLD DUST

It makes home brighter and care lighter.

Made only by THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago. New York. Boston. St. Louis.—Makers of OVAL FAIRY SOAP.

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Broadway, 5th Avenue and 27th Street, NEW YORK.
In the center of the shopping district.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

A Modern First-class Hotel. Complete in all its appointments. Furnishings and decorations entirely new throughout. Accommodations for 500 guests. 150 suites with baths. Hot and cold water and telephone in every room. Cuisine unexcelled.

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GEORGE W. SWEENEY. Proprietor.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

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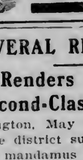


TIN, SHEET IRON, COPPER AND ZINC WORK.

UNION SHOP **LEONARD'S HARDWARE STORE.**

1910 West Superior Street. New 'Phone 424—"Hello."

SEVERAL RESTORED.

Court Renders Decision on Second-Class Matter.

Washington, May 7.—Justice Bradley, of the district supreme court, has issued a mandamus against the postmaster general directing him to restore to the second-class mail the following publications:

The Official Railway Guide of New York, the Pocket List of Railway Officials of New York, and the Monthly Official Railway List of Chicago.

The court also issued an injunction against the postmaster general enjoining him from excluding these publications from the second-class mail privileges. These cases were brought in the equity court as test cases involving the policy of the postoffice department in its new second-class mail regulations.

The court, in its opinion, says the postmaster general has read into the law a provision which he had no authority to make in thus framing the regulations. The decision will have an important bearing on the right of a large number of publications which recently have been carried from the second-class mail and made to pay the third class rates.

NOLLE PROSSED.

Case of Money and Street Car Conductor.

Washington, May 7.—The case of an alleged assault against Senator Money, of Mississippi, Orpha P. Shaner, a street car conductor, and James A. Hopper, track foreman of the fire department, all growing out of a street car altercation of about ten days ago, were nolle prossed and formally abandoned in the police court yesterday after a vigorous contest between counsel.

IN IT TO STAY.

Van Sant Has No Intention of Withdrawing.

St. Paul, May 7.—Governor Van Sant, asked yesterday about the rumor from Washington that he contemplated withdrawing from the gubernatorial race, said:

"Such a rumor is without the slightest foundation. I have never contemplated, nor do I now contemplate, withdrawing from the contest. I have entered upon a fight which I know to be in the interest of the people of our state and I will continue that fight without cessation and with all possible vigor. I am a candidate for renomination and will continue to be, no matter who may enter the field."

Bad blood and indigestion are deadly enemies to good health. Burdock Blood Bitters destroys them.

OFFICERS

Named By Women's Clubs Nominating Committee.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 7.—The nominating committee after five hours secret session last night, decided to place one ticket before the women's convention, headed by Mrs. Denison, of New York, for president; Mrs. Robert Burdette, Pasadena, first vice president; Mrs. Emma Fox, Detroit, second vice president; Mrs. W. P. Goad, of South Dakota, recording secretary.

THE WORLD'S MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR ALL

BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS, Sick Headache, Constipation, Wind, Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion, Disordered Liver & Female Ailments.

Prepared only by the Proprietor, THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal Street, New York. Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c. and 25c.

HAVE NOT JOINED

Lake Lines Have Not Met Cut In Minneapolis Flour Rate.

Usual Duluth Differential Is Therefore Cut In Two.

South Shore Summer New York Rate Effective May 15.

It is claimed that as yet the managers of the lake and trunk lines have made no sign of joining in the action of the Minneapolis-Duluth lines, whereby a 2½ cent differential under domestic flour, east bound to New York, was granted on export flour shipments. Agents of the lake lines declare that they are still applying the tariff of 18 cents from Duluth to New York, regardless of whether the flour is for export or consigned to domestic points. As a result, the Minneapolis mills are apparently enjoying a discrimination of 2½ cents against Duluth on export flour shipments.

It was supposed that the lake and trunk lines would join in the action of the Northern lines in giving export flour a differential. Thus far, it is said there has been no disposition to protect the action of the Minneapolis lines. Whether this means a fight between the Northern lines on one hand and the lake and trunk lines on the other remains to be determined.

The latter declared that they would not protect the Milwaukee's publication of a 19½ cent rate from Minneapolis after it had been decided to name a 23 cent rate. It was wondered how the Milwaukee would play even without shrinking its proportion from Minneapolis to Chicago. Then thed iscussion died out. But it was not many days before all agents got printed or typewritten copy of a tariff based on the Milwaukee's revolutionary action, which it was explained was to be restored only up to April 30. Subsequently, it was found that the lake and trunk lines to a man protected the Milwaukee's cut and of course they had to treat the other Northern lines the same way.

The Northern lines have the benefit in their attitude of having enlisted with them the Northern Steamship company. Of course the freighters of that line would carry the business only as far as Buffalo, but as the trunk lines insist on their local arbitraries from Buffalo to New York as their proportion of the through rate, the Great Northern system could lead the way in a cut more easily than any other line, for it would have the haul from Minneapolis to Buffalo shrink the 2½ cents on, even if the trunk lines refused to shrink their proportion.

Of course, if the Great Northern and Northern Pacific—for the latter at least would be likely to enjoy the same lake line privileges as the Great Northern if it came to a pinch—can make the new and lower export rate stick, they will get all the business they can carry, and the other lake lines would, it is held, have to come in and protect the same rate.

THE NEW YORK RATE.

South Shore Road to Give Summer Tariff May 15.

The South Shore road expects to put its summer passenger tariff to Eastern points into effect on May 15. This is on a basis of $24 first class to New York and $22 second class. Nothing more has been heard from the other Duluth-New York routes, but it is expected that they will follow suit.

The reports published in papers in other cities and locally in telegraphic advices that the other lines handling New York business would persist in making a $27.50 rate from Duluth is not credited here by the agents of the roads that are said to contemplate this action. They say it would be tantamount to putting out a sign that their lines were out of the New York business. They claim they could not overcome a $3.50 differential over the South Shore summer rate.

It is not even believed here that the Minneapolis-Chicago lines and the Soo will make the proposed $27.50 rate effective out of the Twin Cities. If that were done, the St. Paul-Chicago lines would have to charge $3.50 more for carrying their New York passengers a distance shorter by 160 miles than that from Duluth. This action, it is declared, would be prevented by the long and short haul of the interstate commerce act.

The $24 and $22 rates to New York and corresponding rates to Montreal, Boston and other Eastern points have been inaugurated every summer for the past four or five years. Considering the fact that the Anchor and Northwestern Transportation lines make a rate to New York by lake during the season of navigation that is about equal to $24 first class and $22 second class, passenger men here quite generally consider that the railroads have got to do the same thing, in order to protect themselves. They claim the variations in the routes are not sufficient inducements to overcome a differential of $3.50 during the pleasant season for travel on the lakes.

GOING TO ALBERTA.

Large Party of Land Seekers Leave Duluth.

The Omaha Twilight Limited yesterday afternoon took out a coach load of people who are bound for Alberta. At St. Paul the party will be furnished with a tourist sleeper. There are about forty of them and they come from the neighboring towns as well as from Duluth. They intend to take up land, and are ticketed out on settlers' rates.

An error in yesterday's Herald made it appear that the Twilight Limited south bound on the new schedule would arrive in St. Paul at 9:30 in the morning. It should have read 9:30 in the evening.

The Omaha road has issued a neatly printed folder giving an exposition of its special limited freight service between Chicago and Duluth, and Missouri river points and Duluth, the latter making connections with fruit raising and shipping points on the Pacific coast. The folder also calls attention to the special inducements that this freight service offers to shippers.

SUES HIMSELF.

Lawyer Becomes Involved In Divorce Litigation.

Marysville, Ohio, May 7.—A peculiar suit was filed in the common pleas court here, in which Attorney J. M. Kennedy brings suit against himself. The plaintiff in the case is Kennedy's first wife, who a number of years ago secured a divorce from him. She brings suit to recover $300, with interest from August, 1898, on three promissory notes of $100 each. Kennedy's last wife is also made party defendant to the suit. plaintiff asks that the defendant's property be sold so that she can have her money. Kennedy has now filed a sensational petition for a divorce from his third wife on the grounds of adultery. The defendant is attorney for the plaintiff, which makes him sue himself. Kennedy is one of the oldest attorneys in Marysville. His third wife is now living near Columbus.

IS BEHIND.

Seeding Still Seriously Delayed In Red River Valley.

Seding in North Dakota is still unfinished according to the crop bulletin issued for the week closing Monday. In the Red River valley and eastern part of the state it is especially late. The bulletin says:

"The fore part of last week was quite favorable for seeding, which was well under way in all sections, but heavy rains on Thursday not only put a stop to it, but so flooded low lands that nothing has been done on them since.

"Wheat seeding is nearly finished in the extreme southern and central portions, but in the Red River valley and eastern part, it is not half put in yet. Some oats have ben sown in all parts of the state. Early sown wheat is coming up in all localities.

"Reports from all sections indicate that there will be a great reduction in the amount of wheat sown as compared with last year; flax, barley and corn will be put in instead."

The condition in the Red River valley, on the Minnesota side, is the same, seeding being seriously retarded by the wet weather. The Minnesota report is as follows:

"The nights during the week were cool for the season. Rains, locally heavy, were general in the state on the 1st; general in eastern and southern portions on the 2nd, and general, except in the extreme north, on the 3rd. On the night of the 3rd, the rain storm in the southern tier of counties was one of the heaviest known in ten years, causing damage to rail and wagon roads, bridges and fields. On the 1st there were high winds, with thunderstorms, and in come places a little hail.

"The rains in the Red River valley have soaked the ground so that farm work in Marshall, Polk and Norman counties has been practically at a standstill, and very little seeding has been done so far. The season for seeding wheat is so far advanced that the advisability of seeding barley, oats and flax instead of wheat is being considered. In Kittson county wheat seeding is well advanced, and oat seeding is third finished. In Clay county half the wheat is seeded in western portions, and considerably more farther east.

"In the southern two-thirds of the state the soil is in splendid condition. The early sown grains are showing nicely in the fields, and the latest sown are germinating well. The estimate of the damage by the dust storms of April 10 and 11 was probably exaggerated at the time, though it is now said that where the seed was broadcasted, the stand is thin, while that put at a uniform depth by drilling has resulted in a good and even stand. In central southern counties where the dust storms were the worst, a few fields will have to be seeded to other crops.

"Flax is being seeded generally, and the earliest sown is coming up. Potato planting is going on favorably. Preparations for corn planting continue, and a little corn is already in the ground. Pastures are green, and a few are affording a good supply of feed, but most of them need warmer weather. Clover and timothy passed through the winter safely. Plums are in blossom, and apple trees will soon be in bloom."

"My Family Doctor."

Blue Island, Ill., Jan. 14, 1901.

Messrs. Ely Bros.: I have used your Cream Balm in my family for nine years and it has become my family doctor for colds in the head. I use it freely on my children. It is a Godsend to children as they are troubled more or less. Yours respectfully,

J. KIMBALL.

Judge for yourself. A trial size can be had for the small sum of 10 cents. Supplied by druggists or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York. Full size, 50 cents.

MERRILL-SHEPARD.

Wedding to Take Place at Minneapolis This Week.

Clarence D. Shepard left last evening for Minneapolis, where he will be married tomorrow evening to Miss May Merrill, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Merrill, of that city. Accompanying Mr. Shepard were Ward Ames, Jr., A. M. Miller, Jr., William Dalrymple and Walter S. Shepard, of Denver, Col. The last named is Mr. Shepard's brother and has been visiting here about ten days. The four men will be ushers. Other ushers will be G. F. Markham, F. H. Markham, of Milwaukee; W. O. Stout, of St. Paul, and Keith Merrill, of Minneapolis. Burdette Merrill, of Minneapolis, will be best man.

The maid of honor will be Miss Logan, of New York. There will be no bridesmaids.

Mr. and Mrs. Shepard will come to Duluth about June 1, and will be at home after July 15 at 1503 East Second street.

Senior Entertainment.

Selections from "San Toy," the famous Chinese comic opera, will be played for the very first time in Duluth at the senior dramatic and musical entertainment in the high school Assembly hall on Friday evening. "Han Waugh and His Six Little Wives," "The Chinee Sojee Man," "Rhoda" and "Her Pagoda" are the titles of some of the selections. They are excellent. The famous "Floradora" sextet will also be sung by excellent voices. A large chorus, comprising most of the senior class, will take part.

$100 Reward $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials. Address,

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Will Use Cedar Blocks.

The city council of West Superior last evening decided to pave Tower avenue from Third street to Twenty-first street with cedar blocks. The cost of the new pavement is estimated at a little over $36,000. The avenue has been in bad condition for over two years past, and there has been more or less delay caused in the repaving on account of an inability of the property owners along the street agreeing on a paving material. The old pavement is of cedar blocks.

HOLDS UP A CONGRESSMAN.

"At the end of the campaign," writes Champ Clark, Missouri's brilliant congressman, "from overwork, nervous tension, loss of sleep and constant speaking I had about utterly collapsed. It seemed that all the organs in my body were out of order, but three bottles of Electric Bitters, made me all right. It's the best all-round medicine ever sold over a druggist's counter." Over-worked, run-down men and weak, sickly women gain splendid health and vitality from Electric Bitters. Try them. Only 50c. Guaranteed by W. A. Abbett.

IN CLEVELAND

Girl Who Eloped With "Professor" Was Located.

Cumberland, Md., May 7.—Miss Elva Dorris, daughter of the late Councilman Thomas Dorris, who eloped to Cleveland, Ohio, from Newcastle, Pa., where she was on a visit to a relative, with Professor Max P. Eugene, an alleged adventurer, who claimed to be a baron and who opened a music studio here a short time ago, has returned, accompanied by her mother and brother John, who ended a successful hunt for the girl in Cleveland, where the girl was registered at Hotel Lenox as Mrs. Jones. She was waiting to join Eugene in Chicago, having refused to be married in Cleveland by a magistrate, but she lost heart when she read in Cleveland papers that her mother had started a search.

"Five years ago dyspepsia took such hold of me I could scarcely go," writes George S. Marsh, Nocona, Tex. "I took quantities of medicine but nothing helped me. As a drowning man grabs at a straw I grabbed at Kodol. Dieting is unnecessary. After a few bottles I am sound and well." Kodol digests any good food and cures any form of stomach trouble. Max Wirth.

Good enough for anybody!

ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

Miss May Markell

A Society Belle of London, Province of Ontario, Canada.

Miss Markell, of London, Ontario, Canada, is a beautiful girl who knows what suffering is and Wine of Cardui has brought her back to health. She is one of the social favorites of her home and her recovery to health has permitted her to enjoy the company of her many friends instead of lying on a bed of sickness and suffering. For the health she now enjoys she gives credit to Wine of Cardui. She writes:

"I have found Wine of Cardui an excellent remedy for female trouble. I suffered for three years with terrible bearing-down pains at the menstrual period. I could hardly stand on my feet and was never real well. Wine of Cardui was the only medicine that I could depend on to do me any good, as I tried several with no success. Wine of Cardui cured me and I have now enjoyed perfect health for two years, and give you all the credit for I know you deserve it."

Wine of Cardui is the only medicine thousands of women can depend on because in their trials of pain and distress it is the only medicine that brought them relief. For a young girl it is the best remedy to guide her over the shoals of womanhood by starting the menstrual flow in a healthy and natural manner. Menstruation started right is very easy to keep regular through the years of mature womanhood. Then the "change of life" need not be feared. Thus Wine of Cardui is woman's best relief from youth to old age.

Wine of Cardui not only prevents female troubles but it cures the most obstinate cases when they are deeply seated. Miss Markell's experience with Wine of Cardui is enough to give any woman confidence in it, especially a woman who is suffering. Wine of Cardui is not an untried remedy. A million women have secured blessed relief from their sufferings by taking this treatment. It relieves menstrual troubles in an incredibly short time. In a simple case of deranged menses Wine of Cardui never fails. To relieve disordered menses is to remove the cause of other female troubles. Any physician will tell you that to remove the cause of a disease renders the cure easy, in fact seldom fails to complete the cure. If you would have the same relief which Miss Markell secured try Wine of Cardui. You can take it without an examination and without any publicity whatever. You can take it in the privacy of your home and secure just as much benefit as if a doctor had prescribed it for you. Thousands of suffering women today are feeling the vigor of returning health by taking Wine of Cardui in their homes. Miss Markell has told you what your experience will be. Try it. If you need advice write to The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., and tell all about your case and a free letter of advice will be sent you. Why not begin the Wine of Cardui treatment today?

WINE OF CARDUI

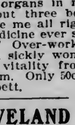
Like thousands of other women, you will find relief from suffering in Wine of Cardui.

DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: John L. Lyon
Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples on the Face, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of seven hundred twenty-four dollars, which sum is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at this date upon a certain mortgage made by Rufus P. Edson and Clara A. Edson, his wife, mortgagors to Fred O. Cooley, mortgagee, dated August 4th, 1893, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 5th day of August, 1893, at 8:19 o'clock a. m. in Book 80 of mortgages on page 163, which mortgage was duly assigned by said mortgagee to W. H. Carey by assignment duly recorded in said register of deeds office in Book 147 of mortgages, on page 243, and which mortgage was thereafter duly assigned by John R. Carey, administrator of the estate of W. H. Carey, deceased, to the undersigned Hattie M. Miller by assignment duly recorded in said office in Book 189 of mortgages on page 43.

And whereas, no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover any part of said debt, now therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged, and described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit: The undivided one-half of lots number sixty-one (61), sixty-two (62), sixty-three (63) and sixty-four (64), Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof. Also the undivided one-fourth of the south half of the southwest quarter of section four (4), in township forty-nine (49) north of range fifteen (15) west. Which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth in said county, on Saturday, the 18th day of May, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and twenty-five dollars attorneys' fees as provided in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption as by law provided.

Dated April 1st, 1902.

HATTIE M. MILLER,
Assignee of Mortgage.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-2-9-16-23-30-May-7-1902.

BROU'S INJECTION
A PERMANENT CURE
of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required.
Sold by all druggists.

Condensed Phosphorous Water
will cure any case of **RHEUMATISM** by removing the cause. Apply to JOHN HOERR, 18th and Olive Sts., St. Louis, Mo

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ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED if we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents Free. Send for it.

Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

The Palm Garden,
208 West Superior Street.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p. m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of sixteen hundred eighty-four dollars, which sum is claimed to be due and is due, owing and unpaid at this date upon a certain mortgage made executed and delivered by John S. Phillips, mortgagor, to William C. Sherwood, mortgagee, bearing date March 8th, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis county, Minnesota, on the 19th day of March, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 91 of Mortgages, on page 19. Which mortgage was duly assigned by said William C. Sherwood to R. P. Gibson by written instrument, dated March 15th, 1892, and duly recorded in said register of deed's office on March 19th, 1892, in Book 97 of Mortgages, on page 114, and which mortgage was thereafter duly asigned by said R. P. Gibson to George W. Abrams and Purdy L. Hitchcock, trustees, by written instrument bearing date March 13, 1893, and duly recorded in said register of deeds office on March 24th, 1902, in Book 189 of Mortgages, on page 620.

And whereas, no action or proceeding has been instituted to recover any part of said debt. Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis county, Minnesota, to-wit: The north half of the southeast quarter of section number thirty-two (32) in township fifty-two (52) north of range twelve (12) west. Which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house, in Duluth, Minnesota, on Saturday, the 17th day of May, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and fifty dollars attorneys' fees, as provided in said mortgage and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from date of sale, as the law provides.

Dated Duluth, March 24th, 1902.

GEORGE W. ABRAMS AND PURDY L. HITCHCOCK, Trustees,
Assignees of Said Mortgage.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys.
Duluth Evening Herald, April 2-9-16-23-30, May 7, 1902.

SUMMONS ON APPLICATION FOR REGISTRATION OF LAND.—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Clara D. Baker, applicant to have registered the land described as follows: Lots one (1), two (2), three (3), and four (4), in block "B," London Addition to Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds, in and for St. Louis County, Minnesota, in which county said land is situate,

Plaintiff,

versus

Bertha Mobeck, and all other persons or parties unknown, claiming any right, title, estate, lien or interest in the real estate described in the application herein,

Defendants.

The State of Minnesota to the Above Named Defendants:

You are hereby summoned and required to answer the application of the applicant plaintiff in the above entitled application for registration and to file a copy of your answer to the said application in the office of the clerk of said court, in said county, within twenty days after the service of this summons upon you, exclusive of the day of such service; and if you fail to answer the said application within the time aforesaid, the applicant plaintiff in this action will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the application herein.

Witness, J. P. Johnson, clerk of said court, and the seal thereof, at Duluth, in said county, this 22nd day of April, A. D. 1902.

J. P. JOHNSON,
Clerk.
By H. A. LIEDEL,
Deputy.
(Seal District Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)

CORYATE S. WILSON AND DAVIS, HOLLISTER & HICKS,
Attorneys for Applicant Plaintiff,
400-406 First National Bank Building, Duluth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-23-30-May-7-1902.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

BILLS PUT THROUGH

The House Without Any Amendments Except By Framers.

The Session Has Been Remarkable In That Respect.

One Bureau Chief Who Was Turned Down Hard.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Wednesday the house passed the agriculture appropriation bill, carrying nearly five and a quarter million dollars, substantially as it came from the committee on agriculture. In fact not a single amendment was inpodated which was not previously sanctioned by that committee.

This statement might not be considered of much importance under ordinary circumstances. But the year 1902 has been remarkable, thus far, in a legislative sense, because of the peculiar methods employed in putting bills through the house. For instance, the Cuban reciprocity bill and the omnibus public buildings bill were brought up under rules which permitted no general amendments. The agricultural appropriation bill, on the other hand, was subject to any amendment which a majority of the house might see fit to incorporate, and yet not a single change was made without the sanction and approval of its framers.

The bill carries a total increase of something like half a million dollars for the scientific bureaus of the department. If the total had been $5,000,000 it would have been considered "not enough" by some of the bureau chiefs. As it was, one of these gentlemen has spent all his spare time—and some of the government's time—during the past six months in lobbying for more money. As soon as it became apparent that the committee would not give his particular bureau all that this particular chief asked for, he began a propoganda, which resulted in floods of letters and petitions urging members to vote for more money for this gentleman to expend. His efforts were unremitting, and he never tired until the bill came up. Naturally he expected great results, and a few hundred thousand dollars more for his experiments. Last year the appropriation for his bureau was $710,000 in round numbers. This year nearly $60,000 more has been added.

But he is not satisfied.

The work done by this gentleman and his colleagues was expected to upset the calculations of the committee. But they did nothing of the kind. The house emphatically endorsed the report of that committee and passed the bill.

This result is a direct personal triumph for Congressman Wadsworth, chairman of the committee on agriculture. He has during the six years of his chairmanship devoted a great deal of time to the practical workings of the department of agriculture. No man in congress has a better knowledge of the administrative details of Secretary Wilson's department, and consequently he was in a position to judge of the needs of each and every bureau. His colleagues on the sub-committee, which prepared the bill, depended largely upon his judgment in framing the items. Few if any changes were made it, the original draft, and the fact that the house handsomely sustained the action of the committee in spite of the persistent efforts of the departmental lobby is regarded as a very complimentary indorsement for the chairman of the committee, James W. Wadsworth, of New York.

* * *

When the late Senator Sawyer of Wisconsin first applied the expression "log rolling" to the combination method of getting bills through congress, it was the custom for members to get together and agree to support each others bills. Thirty years ago congress frequently provided for the improvement of a single river or harbor in a bill which had no other object than to provide funds for that particular stream or harbor. Later came the "omnibus" river and harbor bill, and still later a special committee was organized to frame this general improvement scheme, and that committee has been continued by each congress since.

Next to rivers and harbors members are most generally interested in public buildings. Each year scores of bills, providing for federal structures in every section of the country are introduced, and it has always been a difficult matter to sift out the deserving from the undeserving towns because of the "log-rolling" disposition of members. Two or three years ago the committee on buildings and grounds brought in an "omnibus" bill to provide increased appropriations for buildings already authorized and which could not be built within the limit fixed, because of the increase in cost of all building materials and the uniform advance in the wages of skilled labor. This omnibus plan was so successful that it has been adopted again, and the house has passed the bill prepared by the committee without amendment.

There were 400 towns and cities in all which asked for public buildings, or for an increased appropriation for those already authorized, this year. The bill provides for 174 of these towns, and it will keep the force in the supervising architect's office busy for several years to prepare the plans.

In the report submitted with the bill, Chairman Mercer of the committee on buildings and grounds presents some interesting historical data concerning buildings now owned by the government.

Of the building in Richmond, Va., the report says:

"When the state of Virginia seceded from the federal Union, in April, 1861, the state took charge of this building and used it for various purposes until the Confederate government was transferred to this city from Montgomery, Ala., in July, 1861, when they took charge of this building and installed here the treasury department of the Confederate states, from which were issued all the bonds and currency used by the Confederacy.

"Jefferson Davis, the president of the Confederacy, had an office on the third floor of this building, in which he and Gen. Robert E. Lee and other famous generals sometimes met for consultation.

"The secretary of state, Judah P. Benjamin, and the secretary of the treasury, together with the auditor and treasurer, occupied rooms in this building. Room No. 17 was used for cabinet meetings by the Confederate government.

"There were also stored in this building, up to April 2, 1865, the gold and silver of the Confederate states' government, which on that date was transferred South. On the following day it was occupied by Federal troops, and afterwards placed under control of the treasury department.

"In this building, on May 10, 1866, the grand jury of the United States circuit court indicted Jefferson Davis for treason. On May 13, 1867, he was brought into this building on a writ of habeas corpus, and was immediately released under bond given on that date by Horace Greeley, Franklin Stearns, Charles O'Connor and others."

Of the building in New Orleans and the necessity for a new postoffice there the committee says:

"The present site was ceded to the United States June 29, 1843, by the first municipality of New Orleans, and building operations were commenced soon after. In 1860 the walls had been carried up seventy-five feet above the concrete base to the architrave line of the entablature, and all the floor beams of the fourth story were in place. The discovery was then made that the building was slowly sinking, the maximum settlement in 1860 being 2 feet 6 inches, in spite of the fact that a commission in 1851 reported, from borings made, that the site was the firmest, driest and most reliable in the city. Your committee has unofficial information that the total settlement of the building to date is about four feet. At this rate of speed through the earth the Chinese government may some day occupy a building which housed Gen. B. F. Butler during the civil war. The postoffice department should be removed and the space vacated given over to the customs service. The present building above the basement will be serviceable for many years, but a new building is needed for the postoffice department and other offices in said city for which the government is now paying rent."

* * *

An unlooked-for difficulty has arisen in connection with the establishment of so many rural free delivery routes throughout the country. At present postmasters who receive less than $2000 a year and who are included in the third class are not given an allowance with which to pay clerk hire. Whatever assistants they need in their offices must be paid for out of their own pockets. In some instances postmasters whose salaries place them on the third-class list have had their work almost quadrupled through the establishment of rural free delivery routes running from their offices. These men, naturally, think they ought to have some additional compensation for this additional work, but there is no way in which the postoffice department can, under the present law, make allowance for clerical work. It is likely, therefore, that congress will be called upon to correct this state of affairs. The rural free delivery service, by the way, is so firmly established now that it is no more likely to be abandoned than is the free delivery of mail matter in the cities of the country.

BASEBALL.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Pittsburg, 6; Cincinnati, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Philadelphia, 11; Washington, 6.
At Boston—Boston, 5; Baltimore, 4.
At Cleveland—Chicago, 6; Cleveland, 3.

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

At Columbus—Columbus, 5; Milwaukee, 4.
At Indianapolis—Indianapoli, 7; Minneapolis, 4.

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Pittsburg	16	14	2	.875
New York	15	10	5	.667
Chicago	12	7	5	.583
Boston	14	7	7	.500
Philadelphia	14	7	7	.500
Brooklyn	15	6	9	.400
St. Louis	13	4	9	.308
Cincinnati	15	4	11	.267

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Detroit	8	6	2	.750
St. Louis	9	6	3	.667
Philadelphia	11	7	4	.636
Boston	11	4	7	.636
Chicago	10	5	5	.500
Washington	12	5	7	.417
Baltimore	11	4	7	.364
Cleveland	13	4	9	.308

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION.

	P.	W.	L.	P.C
Columbus	12	9	3	.750
Louisville	10	7	3	.700
St. Paul	9	6	3	.667
Milwaukee	11	6	5	.545
Indianapolis	11	6	5	.545
Kansas City	10	7	3	.700
Toledo	9	5	4	.556
Minneapolis	12	2	10	.143

CROWDED WITH GEMS

Was Room In Which Insane Wife Was Held Prisoner.

At Same Time Husband Lay Dead as a Thief.

Mind Shattered By Heavy Losses and He Turned Burglar.

Columbia, S. C., May 7.—The police made a curious find here at the residence of C. M. Babb, a wealthy jeweler, who was shot by an officer and who died of his wounds. They had gone to Babb's home to notify his wife of his death, and were shocked to find that she had been insane, presumably for some time, locked up in a room that was strewn with rare and costly gems and jewels. The woman was all but starved when the police broke open the door in which she had been a voluntary prisoner for many days, and her sight was pitiable, in contrast with the wealth and luxury that surrounded her. Diamonds, sapphires, emeralds, amethysts, turquoises, rubies, pearls and tiger-eyes were found under the carpets, while watches, chains, earrings, finger rings and other golden articles of personal adornment were sequestered in odd nooks and corners of the place.

They were gathered up by the shovelful and are being held pending an investigation by the authorities, especially since Babb himself was fatally shot while in the act of burglarizing a jewelry store.

The case of the Babbs is one of the strangest in the annals of the city. The man himself is said to have been a deserter from the army of Emperor William. Recently he fell heir to a fortune of many thousand marks, but owing to the fact that he had left Germany under a cloud he feared to go back to claim the wealth that had been left to him. As a result it fell into the hands of others, and Babb lost his reason. He was not a violent lunatic, but was generally regarded to be demented by the people who had occasion to deal with him. His jewelry establishment had been liberally patronized in recent years despite his condition, and Babb was rated as a man in comfortable financial circumstances.

When he first came here he was employed by Jeweler W. E. Avery. His work was first-class and his pay was good. With the earnings he soon managed to set himself up in a store of his own. Persons who knew him intimately say they were aware that his reason was tottering of late, and they suggested that a lunacy inquest be held, but since his wife failed to take the initiative others did not seem to care to institute the necessary proceedings.

While the streets were crowded with homeward bound shoppers, Babb walked up to the front door of Avery's store, which was locked at the time, and smashed the big plate-glass window with an ax. He formerly worked at the establishment, and the hundreds of people who witnessed him in his strange actions were too stupefied to restrain him.

Babb unceremoniously entered the store through the opening he had made, and by means of the lights that were burning within many pedestrians saw him working at the jewelry safe in up-to-date burglar fashion.

When Babb saw that he was being watched by a curious crowd he made a rush at the onlookers with his ax, and scared them away. Then he returned to the safe.

In the meantime the police learned of the affair, and Babb ran to the rear of the store. At the same time Officer Scott ran around to the rear through an alley. When the officer arrived there Babb was getting out of a window, holding his ax in his hand all the while. The officer fired twice, oblivious of the man's identity, and the supposed burglar re-entered the store. He walked back to the safe, and was then taken in tow by officers from the front. Not until the station house had been reached did the police learn that the man had been wounded by Scott, who says he would not have fired had he known the jeweler's identity. The police were aware that Babb was out of his mind, but never suspected that his lunacy would lead him to commit burglary.

The fortune that was left Babb in Germany is estimated to be worth $40,000.

SAVING THEIR COIN.

Motive For Formation of Boycott on Girls.

Tiffin, O., May 7.—Three young business and society men are the prime movers in the organization of an anti-spending society, when it comes to the entertainment of the fair sex. Several male society leaders have joined, but one young man spurned the opportunity and told the girls, resulting in a counter boycott and the informer securing all the blessing of feminine favors.

The object of the association was to cut out all social relations with the ladies which required the expenditure of money. The secrecy of the work was protected until the informer was confided in, and the plan of revolutionizing Tiffin society is hampered. The agreement is said to be in operation from May 1 to Oct. 1.

At the elaborate May party and dance of the Onyx club the members of the anti-spenders were not invited, and the counter boycott of the young women will provide for the lavishing of smiles upon the young men of other towns who come to Tiffin for entertainment.

ON THE ROAD

Little Girls Slept While En Route to the Circus.

Marysville, Ohio, May 7.—Misses Minta Adams and Laura Metsner, aged about 14 years each, of Mechanicsburg, ran away from home Saturday and arrived in this city Sunday for the purpose of joining the Robinson circus as bareback riders.

The father of the girls, Joseph Metsner, who is marshal of Mechanicsburg, notified Chief of Police Murphy to arrest the pair and hold them until he came.

Metsner arrived here and took the girls back home. They had slept out along the road near Rosedale during the night, and had encountered many hardships along the ways. They were much disappointed at not being able to join the circus, claiming that on the farms about Mechanicsburg they had demonstrated their ability to execute some startling features in the way of bareback riding.

TWO PRICES

Paid By Lumber Firm Who Cut State Timber.

St. Paul, May 7.—Attorney General Douglas has settled a trespass case against one of the Minneapolis lumber companies by the payment of $930. The firm had a crew cutting timber on land adjoining Itasca park. The crew got over the line and cut about $8,000 feet of pine in the park. The attorney general called the attention of the company's officers to the trespass, and they found the report true and discharged the foreman of the lumber crew, after which they volunteered to pay whatever damages the state claimed.

Attorney General Douglas informed them that they were liable for triple the value of the timber cut, but as the state had need of the timber cut, it would take it and charge them only double its value. The company promptly paid over $930, or at the rate of $11 per 1000 feet, the market price being $5.50 per 1000. The attorney general declined to give the name of the company.

HIRAM SIMS' COW

The Greatest Enemy to the Beef Trust.

Odon, Ind., May 7.—The cow of Hiram Sims, a farmer living near Ragleville, is the wonder of the community with her remarkable record. Since 1895 she has offered to the public 23 calves, and has brought up eleven of them.

In 1895 she gave birth to one calf, the next year to triplets, raising all of them. In 1898 she gave birth to four well-developed calves. In 1900 she beat her record and presented five. Twins grace the cow pasture this year.

MAIL CLERK

Apparently Demented When He Rifled Mail Sack.

Brunswick, Mo., May 7.—While demented W. F. Heinman, a railway mail clerk on the Wabash railway, rifled a registered mail pouch, securing $1000 in cash, and on reaching this place began spending the money freely.

Before being arrested Heinman sent a telegram to the division inspector at St. Louis, saying he had rifled the pouch, "in defiance of law and mankind, and am now at Brunswick distributing $1051 in defiance of law." About $900 of the money was recovered.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

An Anti-Beef Eating league is being organized among the 5000 employes of the General Electric company at Lynn, Mass. Between 1500 and 1700 names have been secured, representing 3500 consumers. Local dealers complain that the consumption of meats is falling off rapidly.

The east-bound Santa Fe limited was wrecked this afternoon two miles west of Flagstaff, Ariz., by running into a burning bridge. One of the dining car waiters had his thumb broken and two passengers were slightly hurt. The composite dining car and two Pullmans were destroyed by fire.

It is announced that J. C. Smith, manager of the Western Union Telegraph company's office at Galveston, Texas, has been appointed manager for that company at Chicago. Mr. Smith has been with the Western Union almost continually for twenty years.

Hughes Le Rouex, the French lecturer, in a dispatch to the Associated Press, denies that while in Chicago a few days since, he stated that Capt. Dreyfus had confessed his guilt. Mr. Le Rouex says he did not make any reference to Dreyfus in the lecture referred to and that the interview, widely published, was a pure invention.

Two men were killed and another fatally wounded at Blanchard, La., as a result of a fight between two negroes. A difficulty arose between Lee Gilbert and Jim Durban, both negroes. Gilbert fired several shots at Durban while the latter was in a crowd of white men and Durban received a fatal wound in the breast, one ball from Gilbert's gun went astray, instantly killing Thomas Shows, a white man.

WILL BE BURIED THURSDAY.

London, May 7.—Bret Harte will be buried Thursday at Primley, in Surrey. Deep sorrow at his loss and admiration for his work are expressed in the lengthy obituary notices, the sketches of his life and the editorial articles upon his death which are published in the London papers this morning.

Coaxing an Appetite

At this season of the year when Nature is making a supreme effort to purge the system of the impurities and poisons that have collected during the winter months a vigorous and healthy appetite is needed to sustain the body while this purifying process is going on, but this much desired helpmate is sometimes lacking, for even the best regulated appetite is apt to go wrong now and become unreliable and fickle, and has to be humored and coaxed to bring it back to that condition where all food is relished and eating becomes a pleasure. A hungry appetite does not have to be feasted and feted, nor tempted with dainty viands and delicacies. The plainest fare will satisfy its cravings, while a sickly and defective appetite will turn with loathing and disgust from the most sumptuous banquet.

Various methods are adopted to coax back the lost appetite. The Liver is prodded with pills and the Stomach drenched with cheap tonics and bitters, but these only produce a morbid or variable appetite; ravenous one day and sickening at the bare thought of food the next.

S. S. S. is the ideal Spring Tonic and coaxes an appetite when nothing else can. It is not only a perfect appetizer and exhilarating tonic, but contains also the properties needful for the purification of the blood, and giving that richness and tone, without which perfect digestion and assimilation of food is impossible, and the result is dyspepsia with all its distressing symptoms, capricious appetite, inflammation, fullness and heaviness in stomach, nausea, dizziness, and worst of all insomnia and nervousness.

S. S. S. in thus purifying and invigorating the blood renders the greatest assistance to Nature, for with healthy, nutritious blood circulating through the system it is fully prepared for the changes which take place during the Spring. If there are any defects or weak spots in the constitution they are apt to develop as warm weather comes on, and diseases that have lain dormant all Winter come to the surface. To prevent this S. S. S. should be begun at once, so that the germs and seeds of disease may be destroyed, and the poisons and acids in the blood antidoted and neutralized while in a torpid or inactive state, then with strong, healthy blood and a free and active circulation the machinery of life moves on with vigor and regularity, and not only a good appetite is assured, but sound digestion and refreshing sleep. S. S. S. is the best remedy for that "fagged out and semi-invalid condition" so common at this season of the year, and the benefits derived from its use are real and permanent. In S. S. S. Nature has provided the best blood purifier and safest tonic. It contains no minerals whatever, but is guaranteed purely vegetable. Write our physicians for any information or medical advice wanted; this will cost you nothing. Book on blood and skin diseases mailed free.

GEORGIA'S GOVERNOR.

STATE OF GEORGIA,
EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
Atlanta, May 8, 1899.

I have used S. S. S., and can recommend it as unquestionably a good blood purifier, and I am sure the best tonic I ever used. For many years my digestion was bad, but the occasional use of a bottle of S. S. S. has entirely cured me of this malady, and I now eat with perfect impunity anything set before me.

A. D. CANDLER.

SSS

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

DON'T TAKE CHANCES

on contracting a severe cold when a few dollars invested in one of our up-to-date

Spring Overcoats Might Prevent It!

We can show you a large assortment in Spring Overcoats at $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $15.00, $18.00 and $20.

Our two floors are just packed with the newest conceits in Spring Suits $8.50, $10.00, $12.00, $13.50, $15, $18, $20, $25.

We keep a first class tailor to make any alterations necessary.

C. W. ERICSON

Reliable Clothier and Furnisher, 219 W. Superior Street.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

DULUTH CORRUGATING & ROOFING CO.

Successors to McMARTIN & CO.

METAL CEILING,
Corrugated Iron Roofing,
Steel Brick Siding, Etc.
Pitch and Gravel Roofing,
Cornices and Skylights,
Fireproof Shutters,
Sheet, Iron and Tin Work.
Telephone, call or write for prices.
126-28 E. Michigan St.

WOLF AMERICAN and LACLEDE BIOYCLES

Two of the best wheels on the market—

$22 to $40.

ERSPAMER BROTHERS,

102 W. Superior St. All kinds of Bicycle repairing

"FORCE"

A Satisfying Wheat-Malt Food that Restores Vitality Consumed by the Fire of Life—Ask the Grocer

A BREAK IN WHEAT

Market Opens Fairly Steady But Has a Heavy Slump.

Considerable Export Business Is Done on the Break.

Crop Conditions In the Northwest Are Considered Good.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 7.—The wheat market started out at a slight decline this morning, the sentiment being rather bearish in view of the improved conditions in the wheat country in the Northwest. The cables were firm and there were rains reported in the Southwest and these factors served to hold the market fairly steady for a time but the selling was too strong and there was a slump of more than a cent from the high point. Chicago reported the Northwest as a heavy seller of September wheat in that market. The export demand was fairly good. New York reported 20 loads worked and Chicago about the same amount. In Duluth five or six loads were worked and more would have been but that the foreigners evidently had not looked for the break and sent few orders in.

The Liverpool market closed unchanged and Paris was ¾@⅞c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 263,000 bus, last year 449,000 bus. Shipments 286,000 bus, last year 358,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 277,000 bus.

Corn and oats fell off sharply in the Chicago market, the July option in the former declining 1¼c and the latter ½c. Primary receipts of corn were 388,000 bus, last year 670,000 bus. Shipments were 154,000 bus, last year 375,000 bus. Clearances were 29,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 108 cars, and at Chicago, 32, a total of 140 cars, against 159 last week and 220 last year.

Trading in wheat was fairly active on the Duluth board. The market opened ⅛c off at 76⅝c, sold at 76⅝c at 9:35, at 76⅝c at 9:52, and at 76¾@⅞c at 10. It fell to 76c at 10:25 and 75⅜-⅝c at 10:35. At 11:17 it sold at 75⅞c and then dropped to 75⅜c at 12:05, at 75¼c at 12:25 and dropped to 75¼c at 12:57 and closed at 75¼-⅜c. This was a decline of 1⅜-⅝c. Chicago declined 1⅝c and Minneapolis 1⅝-⅝c.

Cash sales were practically nothing and prices continued unchanged at July price for No. 1 northern, 2c under for No. 2 and 4c under for No. 3.

There was very little trading in flax and the market was steadier. May, cash and to arrive and September flax advanced 1c and October 1c. Rye was up 1c, cash sold fell 1c and the September option ⅝c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat, cash, No. 1 hard, 78¼c; No. 1 northern, 75¼c; No. 2 northern, 73½c; No. 3 spring, 71¾c. To arrive, No. 1 hard, 78¼c; No. 1 northern, 75¼c; May, 75¼c; July, 75¼-⅜c; September, 72½c. Manitoba, No. 1 northern, cash, 74¼c; May, 74¼c; No. 2 northern, 71¾c. Oats, cash, 42⅜c; September, 29¼c. Rye, 54½c. Flax, cash, $1.75; to arrive, $1.75; May, $1.75; September, $1.47½; October, $1.44.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 25; last year, 14; oats, 4; rye, 1; flax, 4.

Receipts: Wheat, 14,166 bus; oats, 769; flax, 1584.

Shipments: Wheat, 95,017 bus; oats, 6500; rye, 97,500; flax, 20,051.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat Opened Shade Higher But Receded.

Chicago, May 7.—July wheat opened ¼@⅜c to a shade higher at 75⅞c to 75⅝@¾c on firm cables and the strength of the cash situation. More rains fell in the northwest after yesterday's close and the feeling was slightly bullish on this score. The clear dry weather Southwest also was bullish. There was some fair buying early, but the Minneapolis market began easing off and was construed here as bearish—a possible result of the clearing weather there. Gradually prices receded and July sold back to 75¼c. Local receipts were 32 cars, 3 of contract grade; Minneapolis and Duluth reported only 108 cars, making a total for the three points of 140 cars, against 139 last week and 220 a year ago.

A heavy selling pressure was put on the wheat pit on general good weather reports and on the weakness in the Southwestern and Northwestern markets. St. Louis sold here liberally. July declined steadily and closed weak, 1⅜c lower, at 74⅛@¾c.

July corn opened ⅜c to ⅝c higher at 62¾ to 62½c mainly on bullish sentiment. Cables were firmer, the cash situation was strong and receipts were small. But the principal incentive was the general feeling that the bull crowd was gaining control of the market. Trade was light early in the session, but the advances were held fairly well, even after wheat eased off. July dipped to 62c, but reacted to 62⅜@⅝c and held steady with its strong tone. Receipts were 75 cars.

About mid-session, corn broke badly on wheat weakness. The leading bulls did not support well and cash business fell off. July sold down to 60⅝c and closed weak, 1½c depressed at 60⅝c.

Oats were quiet and steady. Cash business was reported good, but crop advices were excellent and offset both the sample and the corn influence. July oats opened a shade higher at 25¾@⅞c and hung steady. Receipts were 151 cars.

Provisions were nervous with a dull trade early. Some buying orders executed by Ackers' brokers started prices slight advances, but the weaker hog situation at the yards worked against both this influence and the bullish possibilities of a good cash market. July pork opened unchanged to 2½c higher at $16.35 to $16.37½ and eased slightly; July lard started 2½@5c to a shade lower at $10.05 to $10.07½ and July ribs unchanged at $9.47½ and sold at $9.50.

Close: Wheat—May, 73⅝c; July, 74¼@¼c; September, 73⅛@¼c; December, 74½@¾c. Corn—May, 59½c; July, 60⅝c; September, 58⅜@⅝c; December, 46¼c. Oats—May, 41¼c; July, 33⅜c; July new, 33⅜c; September, 28⅜c; September new, 30¼c; December, 29¼c; December new, 30⅝c. Pork—May, $16.30; July, $16.35; September, $17.02½; January, $18.50½. Lard—May, 10.10; July, $10.10; September, $10.17½; October, $10.20. Ribs—May, $9.50; July, $9.52½; September, $9.67½@9.70. Flax—Cash Southwestern, $1.64; May, $1.66; September, $1.44; October, $1.41. Rye—May, 55¼@⅝c; July, 55¾@56c. Barley—Cash, 65@71c. Timothy—

Main Office—330-334-336 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul. **A. J. CUMMINGS,** Local Office—106 West Superior St.

Dealer In **Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**

Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.

CHAS. E. WHEELER, Manager. 'Phone 1172.

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LAND SCRIP!

Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.

H. W. COFFIN Manhattan Building

think September product is a sale at present prices.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 7.—Cattle, receipts, 11,000; 10c higher. Good to prime steers, $6.80@7.50; poor to medium, $4.50@6.75; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.30; cows, $1.40@6.75; heifers, $2.50@6.00; canners, $1.40@2.40; bulls, $2.50@5.75; calves, $2.00@5.35; Texas fed steers, $2.25@6.25. Hogs, receipts today, 30,000; tomorrow, 24,000; left over, 4479; 5@10c lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.75@7.10; good to choice heavy, $7.10@7.20; rough heavy, $6.80@7.05; light, $6.60@6.90; bulk of sales, $6.80@7.05. Sheep, receipts, 13,000. Sheep, steady; lambs weak. Good to choice wethers, $5.75@6.25; fair to choice mixed, $4.75@5.60; Western sheep, $5.25@6.25; native lambs, $5.75@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.50. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 6482; hogs, 19,728; sheep, 10,837. Shipments—Cattle, 165; hogs, 526; sheep, 1270.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report prices even, with a possible drop in the values of farm horses and the common grades in general. The vitality in trade was hinging on the brisk demand for heavy team horses for city use, deliver horses and drivers. Values: Drafters extra ..... $165@200
Drafters, choice ..... 145@ 165
Drafters, common to good ..... 125@ 140
Farm mares, extra ..... 120@ 135
Farm mares, choice ..... 100@ 120
Farm mares, common to good .... 75@ 100

CORN AND WHEAT BULLETIN.

For the twenty-four hours ending at 8 a. m. seventy-fifth meridian time, Wednesday, May 7, 1902:

STATIONS.	Temperature. Max.	Min.	Rainfall (Inches).
Alexandria	Clear	56	30	.21
Campbell	Clear	62	42	.04
Crookston	Clear	60	40	T
Detroit City	Clear	60	32	.10
Grand Meadow	Cl'dy	56	40	.04
Montevideo	Clear	62	40	.01
Minneapolis	Clear	54	44	.02
New Ulm	Clear	62	42	.02
Park Rapids	Clear	56	34	.20
Winnebago City	Clear	56	42	T
Worthington	Clear	56	44	0
Devils Lake	Clear	60	40	0
Larimore	Clear	66	32	0
Lisbon	Cloudy	68	38	.01
Pembina	Clear	66	32	0
Aberdeen	Clear	64	40	0
Millbank	Clear	62	42	.04
Mitchell	Clear	62	42	T
Redfield	Clear	66	38	0
Bismarck	Clear	66	42	0
Duluth	Clear	51	44	.66
Huron	Clear	66	44	0
La Crosse	Clear	58	44	T
Moorhead	Clear	62	40	.08
St. Paul	Clear	54	44	.04
Winnipeg	Pt. cldy	54	34	T
Pierre	Clear	70	50	0

Rains fell in all districts, Nebraska and the greater portion of the Dakotas receiving little or none. Cooler weather prevails in the lower Ohio, lower Missouri and Mississippi valleys, and warmer throughout the Dakotas.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

MASSES

Said For Repose of Archbishop Corrigan's Soul.

New York, May 7.—Masses for the repose of the soul of Archbishop Corrigan were said today at St. Patrick's cathedral and were largely attended. The 9 o'clock masses were celebrated by the Rt. Rev. Father Lavelle, rector of the cathedral, and the Rev. Father Daly.

At 7 o'clock the Rev. George Corrigan, brother of the deceased archbishop, and Bishop McQuaid, of Rochester, officiated and at 8 o'clock the Rt. Rev. Ignatius Sanchez De Oca, bishop of San Luis Potosi, and the Rev. Father McAleer of the cathedral clergy were the celebrants. Later in the morning the body of the archbishop was carried into the cathedral and placed at the end of the center aisle and just in front of the altar. The head was placed toward the altar and was elevated, so that the mourners could see the face of the dead prelate when half way down the center aisle.

At the time there were thousands of persons grouped about the cathedral awaiting the hour when the door would be opened so that they might have an opportunity to pay a last tribute of respect to the archbishop. The body was attired in the funeral robes. These consisted of a purple silk cassock, purple silk sash, lace rochet, linen anice, lace alb, linen amice, stole, manipule, purple silk tunic, purple dalmatic, purple silk chasuble, purple sandals and stockings and white damask mitre. There was also the pectoral cross, the pallium, the crozier in the left hand and the episcopal amethyst ring on the right hand.

The musical program for the requiem mass contains selections from Mozart, Verdi and Ambrose Thomas.

SAVED BY A BEAR.

Lost Boy Kept From Freezing to Death.

Aitkin, Minn., May 7.—Last week we received a call from Olaf Lee, who lives near Kimberly and who is the father of the little boy that was lost in the woods for two nights and nearly two days. Mr. Lee reports the boy in an improved condition, and out of danger, which is indeed gratifying to all. The child is suffering considerably from soreness in one of his lower limbs, resulting from an injury which for a time caused considerable speculation as to what produced it. When found the child's leg was discolored and there were three lacerations on the foot. It appeared like a heavy body had laid across the limb, yet if such was the case, how did the child manage to extricate himself? The mystery was not solved until after the child had gathered sufficient strength to talk, and that was not for two or three days, as it will be remembered he was entirely without food or drink for forty-eight hours.

In questioning him as to where he went and what he did the parents managed to draw from him fragments of a tale, which when put together in its only logical solution, seems not only strange, but causes one to pause and wonder at the marvelous workings of nature. The little boy said he ran out in the woods and pretty soon he lost sight of the house. When night came he laid himself down upon the ground and pretty soon a "big black cow" came and laid down beside him until morning. This seemed impossible to the parents, as there is not a black cow in the neighborhood. The boy said the "cow" laid on his leg, and when the father examined the bruises on the baby's foot the real truth dawned upon him. For there, plainly enough, were the claw-marks of a bear. The only solution possible, of the mystery, was that a black bear wandered up to the child, laying on the ground, and as the night was very cold the animal's instinct prompted it to cover the child as best it could with its warm fur, and thus keep him from freezing to death.

TO VISIT MINDANAO.

Gen. Chaffee Sails on the Transport Ingalls.

Manila, May 7.—Gen. Chaffee sailed today on the transport Ingalls for the Lanao district of the island of Mindanao. Gen. Davis telegraphed that he thought that the presence of the military governor would have a favorable effect on the prominent Moros, and Gen. Chaffee immediately replied by going to Mindanao. He has ordered Gen. Davis to arrange a conference with the prominent surviving sultans and dattos.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Market Started Easy and Became Weaker During Session.

A Few Isolated Advances In Morning Were Wiped Out.

Closing Was Heavy and Near the Lowest Point.

New York, May 7.—Yesterday's late show of strength was not fully maintained in the opening stock market this morning, although the majority of stocks showed fractional gains. There were 5000 shares of Chicago Great Western sold at 32¾ to 32, compared with 32 last night and the stock then fell a fraction lower. Northwestern was up 1½ and New Haven a point. There was a scattering of fractional losses among the important stocks. Changes in the coalers were mixed and were restricted to fractions except for the loss of 2 shares of Reading at 66½ to 65¾, compared with 66¾ last night.

Stocks were feverish and the opening advances were quite generally lost when Reading broke below 65. St. Paul was also sold freely and Manhattan was a weak feature. There had been a rise of 2⅞ in Pittsburg, Columbus, Cincinnati & St. Louis and of nearly a point in Missouri, Chicago Great Western preferred "B," Wheeling & Lake Erie and Wisconsin central preferred. Tennessee Coal fell 2¾ on the unfavorable showing of its annual report. By 11 o'clock many stocks were selling a point or more below their opening prices. Chicago Great Western fell 1⅞ below last night and net declines reached about a point in St. Paul, Illinois Central, Louisville & Nashville, Texas Pacific, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Brooklyn Transit and some others.

The market continued to give way until losses had been extended to 3⅛ in Tennessee Coal, 2 in Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville and considerably over a point in various coalers, railroads and specialties. Westinghouse Electric lost 3 points. Shorts covered in Reading and its rally of fractions from the lowest prices all around. Kansas City Southern stocks became active, the common rising 3¾ and the preferred 2¼. The recovery in prices wiped out some of the losses, notably in Sugar, Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville and the Pacifics. Amalgamated rose a point over last night. Bonds were easier at noon.

The bulls took hold of Louisville & Nashville and the Readings, carrying the first named to 146, a gain over night of 1¼, while the latter sold ⅛ above yesterday's close. Strong upward movements occurred in numerous minor stocks, but the active stocks were quiet and did not benefit much from the buoyant features. Wisconsin Central stocks, Evansville & Terre Haute, Keokuk & Des Moines, Anaconda, Tobacco preferred, Colorado and Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis made gains of from 1 to over 2 points.

There was a heavy and short lived demand for Southern Railway which carried the price up 1⅝. Louisville & Nashville reacted 2¼ and Southern a fraction. Union Pacific was lifted 1⅝ over last night and the trans-continentals rose to the best. Kansas City Southern and Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis were strong features. Rock Island and Western preferred a point. Meantime Reading reacted a point. Rock Island lost 2 and Northwestern, Chicago Great Western and Manhattan fell a point below last night.

There were a few isolated advances including 4 in Pacific Coast, 2½ in Chicago & Eastern Illinois and 1 each in Toledo, St. Louis & Western and Colorado & Southern second pfd. The whole market then reverted under the influence of active liquidation in coalers. Reading fell to 64, which was 2¾ below last night. The gains in Louisville & Nashville and Southern were wiped out and the general level of prices went lower than in the morning decline. Chicago-Great Western got under last night. Covering by room shorts rallied Louisville & Nashville 2¼ and Reading over a point. The response elsewhere was small. The closing was heavy.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., Room A, Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	68⅜	66⅝	67⅛
Anaconda M. Co.	113	112⅜	113
Atchison, T. & S. F.	80⅜	79¼	79¼
do pfd	98⅜	98	98⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	108½	107¼	107½
do pfd	95⅝	95⅜	95⅝
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅜	65⅜	65¾
Chesapeake & Ohio	48	47⅜	47⅜
Chicago & Alton	37¼	36½	36½
Col. F. & I.	104¼	102	102½
Chi. Great Western com.	32½	29⅝	29⅞
Erie com	35½	36⅜	37⅛
do 1st pfd	69¾	69¼	69½
do 2nd pfd	55	53⅜	53⅝
Louisville & Nashville	140	140½	143
Leather	14	13½	13½
do pfd	85	84½	84½
Manhattan Con.	133⅝	132	132⅛
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M pfd	123	123	123
Missouri Pacific	103⅝	100⅜	100½
New York Central	160⅜	158½	159
Norfolk & Western	58⅞	57⅞	58⅛
Ontario & Western	33⅞	33⅛	33¾
Pennsylvania	151	150	150¼
Pacific Mail	40½	40⅜	40⅝
People's Gas	104½	103⅜	103⅜
Republic Iron and Steel	18⅞	18⅜	18⅜
do pfd	74⅝	74	74
Reading	66⅞	64¼	65⅛
do 1st pfd	85⅝	84	84
do 2d pfd	71⅝	69¾	69¾
Rock Island	177⅜	174⅜	174⅜
Southern Railway	38⅞	37¾	37⅝
do pfd	96⅜	95¼	95¼
Southern Pacific	67¼	65⅝	65¾
Smelter	46	45¼	46
do pfd	95⅞	95¼	95¾
Sugar	129⅛	128½	128½
St. Paul	172	170¼	170⅝
T. C. and I.	68⅛	66	66½
Texas Pacific	42½	41¾	41¾
Union Pacific	106⅝	103½	103½
do pfd	86⅜	85¼	85¾
U. S. Steel	41⅛	41⅛	41⅜
do pfd	92¾	91½	91¾
Wabash	29⅝	28⅝	28⅝
do pfd	45¾	44⅜	44⅜
Western Union	91⅝	91¼	91¼
Wisconsin Central	29⅛	27¾	27⅜
do pfd	51¼	49⅜	49⅜
American Ice	19	18⅜	18⅜
Metropolitan	151½	149½	149⅝
Twin City R. T.	....	....	120½

The total sales were 1,216,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—While the average price of railroad stocks is higher now than a year ago, I hold that a black bear wandered up to the child, laying on the ground, and as the night was very cold the animal's instinct prompted it to cover the child as best it could with its warm fur, and thus keep him from freezing to death.

Waldorf to Edwards, Wood & Co.—In the judgment of the most astute traders, the stock market has this week furnished another remarkable proof of its inherent strength, and the general comment among conservative brokers tonight is that, in spite of comparative stringency in money, good stocks should be bought on reactions of a point or two, preferably St. Paul, Ice, Pennsylvania, and the investment group Missouri Pacific, Atchison and Union Pacific for lower priced dividend payers and Reading common, Southern Pacific, Texas Pacific and the Wabashes among the speculative issues. To the surprise of a majority of observers, the collapse in the outside or curb speculation which unsettled the regular market temporarily was followed by a material increase in buying orders in commission houses, both for investment and speculative account. The breaking of the drought is without doubt, largely responsible for this renewed absorption of sound securities.

Railroad earnings have also played an important part in the shaping of sentiment. The large increases reported this week by such systems as the Atchison, Rhode Island and Missouri Pacific having fairly astounded the pessimistic and for the reason that these roads continue to show heavy gains on top of the great corn crop failure of 1901. Good rates and growth of miscellaneous traffic according to leading railway officials insure a continuance of favorable traffic returns until the new harvest, which grain men believe, arguing from the law of chances at least in the case of the corn crop, will be a favorable one, while the rains make an average winter wheat crop a reasonable certainty.

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New York to Paine, Webber & Co.—The report of the Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie road for the fourth week in April shows an increase in earnings of $16,000. The total increase in April was $60,000 and from July 1 last to May 1 there was an increase of $1,415,000 bus.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by Paine, Webber & Co., 308 West Superior street.

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	23	23½
Arcadian	6	6¼
Allouez	3½	4
Atlantic	33	34½
Anaconda	28¾	29½
Amalgamated	67	67¼
Calumet & Hecla	540	545
Centennial	19	19½
Copper Range Con.	59¼	59⅝
Franklin	11	12
Isle Royale	14½	15
Bingham	38	38¼
Mass	18½	18¾
Mayflower	2¾	3
National	1½	2
Nevada	37	37¼
Michigan	10½	11
Old Colony	3¼	3½
Old Dominion	20⅜	21
Osceola	42¾	43
Parrott	26¼	....
Phoenix	4½	5
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	2¾	3
Tamarack	168	172
Tennessee	1¼	2
Tri-Mountain	98	101
Utah	22	23
Victoria	4⅜	5
Winona	1¾	2
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Wolverine	55	56
Elm River	3½	4
Trinity	12½	13
Dominion Coal	137	139
U. S. Mining	21¼	21⅝
Calumet & Arizona	....	50

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There was very active trading in Copper Range today and quite a firm tone elsewhere, stocks being well bought, but some good selling was noticed on rallies. Speculation is slow because of fear of big coal strike, news about which is, meagre.

• • •

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The directors of the Winona Copper company have called an assesment of $1 per share payable June 5.

• • •

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The Michigan Mining company has called an assessment of $2 per share payable May 29.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 7.—The cotton market opened steady with prices down 2 to 5 points in keeping with unfavorable Liverpool cables. There was comparatively little support on the call and July was thrown back to 9.23 as compared with 9.32 at best yesterday. Then came large buying orders and vigorous bull support, which reversed the course of the market and were wiped out and the general level of prices went lower than in the morning decline. Chicago-Great Western got under last night. Covering by room shorts rallied Louisville & Nashville 2¼ and Reading over a point. The response elsewhere was small. The closing was heavy.

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Michigan	10½	11
Old Colony	3¼	3½
Old Dominion	20⅜	21
Osceola	42¾	43
Parrott	26¼	....
Phoenix	4½	5
Quincy	125	130
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	2¾	3
Tamarack	168	172
Tennessee	1¼	2
Tri-Mountain	98	101
Utah	22	23
Victoria	4⅜	5
Winona	1¾	2
Wyandotte	1	1¼
Wolverine	55	56
Elm River	3½	4
Trinity	12½	13
Dominion Coal	137	139
U. S. Mining	21¼	21⅝
Calumet & Arizona	....	50

COPPER GOSSIP.

Boston to W. H. Laidley & Co.: There was very active trading in Copper Range today and quite a firm tone elsewhere, stocks being well bought, but some good selling was noticed on rallies. Speculation is slow because of fear of big coal strike, news about which is, meagre.

• • •

Bache to Paine, Webber & Co.: The directors of the Winona Copper company have called an assesment of $1 per share payable June 5.

• • •

Boston to Paine, Webber & Co.—The Michigan Mining company has called an assessment of $2 per share payable May 29.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 7.—The cotton market opened steady with prices down 2 to 5 points in keeping with unfavorable Liverpool cables. There was comparatively little support on the call and July was thrown back to 9.23 as compared with 9.32 at best yesterday. Then came large buying orders and vigorous bull support, which reversed the course of the market and were wiped out to 9.38 within the next half hour, this being a rise of 15 points from the bottom. Trading was active all the early session with Wall street support something of a feature. Port receipts were rather smaller than anticipated. A move to secure profits sent July back to 9.31 near 11 o'clock but the market later stiffened again.

Later the market was off to 9.33 for July and 9.12 for August under profit taking by room holders. Noon bids gave a net advance of 3 to 8 points, with July leading in point of strength.

Cotton futures closed quiet, ¼ higher; middling uplands, 9⅝; middling gulf, 10; sales, 267 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady; May 9.35; June, 9.31; July, 9.26; August, 9.05; September, 8.52; October, 8.27; November, 8.19; December, 8.17; January, 8.18; February, 8.18; March, 8.17.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 7.—Money on call, firm, at 6@15 per cent; closing offered at 10 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4¾@5¼ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅝@4 for demand, and at $4.85@¼ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.86 and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@4.85@⅛; bar silver, 51⅝c; Mexican dollars, 41¼c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, weak.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, May 7.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $186,501,-929; gold, $85,357,741; silver, $19,259,746; United States notes, $7,826,226; treasury notes of 1890, $105,609; national bank notes, $8,408,404; total receipts this day, $2,185,-453; total receipts this month, $11,720,601; total receipts this year, $475,938,871; total expenditures this day, $1,995,009; total expenditures this month, $11,006,000; total expenditures this year, $469,629,966; deposits in national banks, $123,443,114.

FLOW CEASES.

Gushers of Beaumont Oil Field Have Quit Gushing.

Houston, Texas, May 7.—The gushers of Beaumont oil field have quit gushing. The demise came some days ago, and just following, if not simultaneously with, the Central American earthquake.

Since the Lucas gusher was struck, more than a year ago, over five hundred spouters have been brought in. Those last developed appeared to possess the remarkable vitality of the first, and so far as noted there was no diminution in force or output.

The settling down of the field has come much more suddenly than most conservative oil men expected.

The effect on oil stocks was marked, there being a great slump in a number of companies. The public failed to understand the reason why, as the facts were withheld.

The future of the oil field is still regarded as bright, as oil exists in abundance, but the artificial means must be counted upon to remove it, instead of natural forces.

GIVEN THREE YEARS.

St. Paul, May 7.—A La Crosse, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Harvey Walker, alias Frank Nessing, pleaded

H. L. EPPLING. A. G. OSMAN.

EPPLING & OSMAN,

GROCERIES AND MEATS.

The New Grocery and Meat Market

SUPERIOR SAVING ADVANTAGES are to be found at our Economy Sale, which begins Thursday, May 8 and ends Saturday, May 10.

The wonderful success of our Cash Sales of groceries and meats is not due to chance, but is determined by fixed and correct principles of merchandising. We rigidly exclude all inferior goods—we contract for our supplies in large quantities; we buy for cash; we sell for cash; the vast quantity of goods handled, enables us to secure from wholesalers unusual price advantages, which we share with our patrons. These methods are rapidly making our store the most popular supply center—it is the place where the best goods can be obtained at the lowest prices.

Since our last sale, more clerks have been engaged and we have added to our wagon capacity so that all patrons will receive prompt attention and prompt delivery.

Flour Pillsbury's Best, Washburn's Gold Medal, Batavia (Made by Universal Mills) **$1.95** per ½ bbl sack. Golden Link, Tub Rose **98c** per ¼-barrel sack.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, direct from farmers — bring your basket and get it filled—per dozen **14½c**

Creamery Butter—direct from creamery—1-lb prints **25c**
Bulk—per lb **25c**
Dairy Butter—In crocks—per lb ..... **21c** to **23c**
HAM—Sugar Cured Ham—per lb **13c**
California Ham—per lb **9¾c**
Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard—per lb **12c**
(We do not handle adulterated lard.)

Fresh Lake Superior White Fish, lb 11½c.

3-lb pail Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard **39c**
5-lb pail Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard **64c**
10-lb pail Swift's Pure Silver Leaf Lard **$1.25**
Grape Nuts—per package **11½c**
Bear Brand California Breakfast Food **11½c**
Shredded Wheat Biscuits—per lb **11c**
10 lbs Rolled Oats for **26c**
10 lbs Avena—for **32c**
Armour's Pork and Beans in tomato sauce—2-lb can **12c**
Armour's Pork and Beans in tomato sauce—3-lb can **16c**
Baker's Premium Chocolate—per lb **30c**
Fancy Messina Lemons—per dozen **16c**
Pure Maple Syrup, in bottles—per bottle **28c**
Large bottle (quarts) Maraschino Cherries, heavy weight **72c**
Fancy fat Bloater Mackerel—per lb **20c**
Fancy fat No. 1 Shore Mackerel—per lb **13c**
Fancy Red Salmon in best quality oil—1-lb flat cans **14c**
Fancy Red Salmon, in best quality oil—1-lb tall cans **12½c**
Potatoes, red Wisconsin—while they last, per bus **85c**
Our highest grade of Mocha and Java Coffee, regular 40c value, for **34c**
Banquet Mocha and Java Coffee—per lb **31c**
Our Combination Mocha and Java—per lb **23c**
Select Santos, 8 lbs for **$1.00**
Search Light Matches—40c per package—per box **3½c**
C. & B. Pickles—pints **34c**
C. & B. Pickles—quarts **52c**

INDECENT.

Very Bad Picture Machine Found On the Bowery.

Charged with indecent time exposure, a picture machine was arrested last night in a Bowery saloon.

The machine is said to contain forty-eight pictures that are sizzlingly Carmenesque.

They are so bad that a Bowery stroller, for whom the worst is none too good, rushed into police headquarters, and, with emotion choking his utterances, asked to have the machine taken into custody.

The picture machines were bad enough when they were first installed, according to this particular stroller. Then for a nickle the stroller could see vermillion sunsets and chrome cows or West Superior milkmaids with angel faces, but now, when the innocent rounder drops a nickle in the slot he is up against an unnecessary display of adipose and aggressively improper lingerie.

The machine arrested last night was in the saloon of Forest & LeTourneau, and a warrant will be sworn out against the proprietors. An effort will be made to secure an order from the court for the smashing of this style of art for art's sake.

* * *

Speaking of art, it is rumored in police circles that certain Bowery soubrettes, who are missing, have deserted the glistening thoroughfare to become the devotees of art, living in communistic idealism out near Cass Lake, where, if they spy a wild-looking half-breed in love with a Great Northern switchman, they will make her sit for hours in the sun and rain, until she has found herself painted and feathered, begging for the life of Capt. John Smith.

* * *

Little Nettie Van won a 30-day prize in police court this morning for intemperance.

Sunday Baseball.

Duluth Heights is divided on Sunday baseball.

A complaint has been made to the mayor that the youth of the Heights play baseball on Sunday afternoon within 600 feet of a church.

Other citizens from the same part of the city say that they would rather have their boys playing ball on Duluth Heights Sunday afternoons than wandering up and own Superior street, as many young men do.

The mayor says that if the people making the complaint insist on it he will have to see that the Sunday games are stopped, though the claim of the second delegation is not wholly without merit.

Calendar Issued.

The calendar for the May term of United States circuit court was issued today. The term begins May 13, and Judge Shiras of Iowa will preside in place of Judge Lochren, now acting in the court of appeals.

There are eighteen cases for the consideration of the court this term. Of this number twelve are law cases for trial, four are motions or demurrers, and there is one chancery case. Five of the cases are continued over from the October term of United States circuit court.

CHOLERA FIGURES.

Manila, May 7.—The cholera statistics to date are as follows: Provinces, 2334 cases and 1659 deaths; Manila, 821 cases

THE BARGAIN SHOE STORE OF DULUTH.

The FAMOUS

Is now located at

115 W. Superior Street,

WHERE, in a few days, with a perfectly appointed store room, they will be prepared to attend to the wants of all who appreciate the best footwear at popular prices.

Carpenters, masons and decorators rushing improvements, so as to interfere very little with our waiting on trade.

SCHULTE WINS OUT

Popular Officer Will Join the Force of Detectives.

Gets High Mark In the Civil Service Examination.

Herman Fritz to Be Sergeant---Other Successful Candidates.

The board of civil service commissioners held a meeting last night and passed upon the candidates that recently took the competitive examinations for promotions and positions in the police and fire departments.

According to the returns by the board Frank Schulte is the first man eligible to appointment as detective on the police force, he defeating N. U. G. Terry by less than half a point.

The ratings give Schulte 83.81 per cent and Terry 83.38. The informal returns made immediately after the examination gave Schulte 86.32 as against 82.1 for his opponent, but in making the formal ratings the board scaled off on Schulte and raised Terry slightly.

Mr. Schulte is now at the head of the eligible list, which means that he leaves the beat for a plain clothes assignment to headquarters.

He is recognized as one of the most popular and efficient officers in the department, having served for the past four years in the Bowery and other districts, where officers of ability are required.

Herman Fritz, another patrolman that has served for years in the Bowery district and whose work has been frequently recognized at headquarters, was the high man for the new sergeancy which will shortly be created.

Mr. Fritz's papers showed a percentage of 87.7, as against 80.85 for C. E. Wilcox, his nearest competitor.

The following men passed the examination for places as patrolmen on the police force: E. H. Barber, Fred Greer, A. F. Schulte, J. J. Mix, M. N. Hansen, A. Cameron, Fred Woods, J. Gleason, H. W. Towewe, O. O. Torwick and J. McKenzie.

As a result of the examination the civil service board will certify that Kenneth McDonald, Dan Cameron and John Twaddle are eligible for promotion from lieutenant to captain in the fire department as soon as vacancies occur and in the order named.

For promotion from ordinary firemen to be lieutenants, in case of vacancy, C. J. Luetke, Ole Hansen, H. S. Nelson and R. H. Stockmasser will be named by the commission.

For position on the department as ordinary firemen the commission will name G. Anderson, H. Hansen, C. P. McPherson, C. H. Pearson and W. Hughes.

RATE IS CUT.

Omaha Makes New Flour Tariff to Lake Michigan.

The Omaha road has published a tariff cutting the freight rate on flour to Lake Michigan points 3½ cents per hundred weight. The tariff will become effective tomorrow. It applies to all flour shipped from Duluth to Chicago, Milwaukee and Manitowoc as well as intermediate points between Lake Superior and Lake Michigan.

The former open tariff was 12½ cents per hundred weight, while the new rate named is 9 cents. The action is supposed to have been taken to protect the rate that had been named to those points before the interstate commerce commission injunctions were taken out. Duluth is placed on the same basis as Minneapolis. The tariff is quite generally used, as there is quite a movement of flour from the local mills to Chicago and Milwaukee.

WARM FIGHT.

Railroads Have Lively Struggle For Shriners' Excursion.

Anybody who thinks that the Northern Securities merger had dispelled competition between the passenger departments of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific roads was due to undergo a change of mind today. One of the warmest fights for business that has ever taken place in Duluth occurred between these two lines for the Shriner excursion to St. Paul.

An almost complete list of those who went down on the Lake Superior limited this afternoon is as follows: Charles Everest, J. E. Cooley, F. Engels, Guy Eaton, C. H. Bagley, Harry Nesbitt, Sam Sterrett, Charles Evans, J. M. Gidding, W. A. Abbett, F. G. Wallinder, J. P. Johnson, A. G. Porter, H. Ely, A. W. Knehnow, Charles Armsted, W. G. Tenbrook, Sam Loeb, Louis Loeb, F. M. Anderson, Mr. Kennedy, of Virginia; F. M. Anderson, C. J. Johnson, of Grand Marais; W. C. Brown, Dr. Braden, Charles Dahl, Charles Lutes, T. M. Pugh, H. George, L. P. Totman, W. C. McCarter, George F. Davis, L. D. Campbell, D. B. McDonald, John Miller, T. H. Martin, L. F. Newton and H. L. Lightcap.

Only a partial list of those who went down on the Eastern Minnesota could be obtained. Among them were: J. M. Smith, Col. Matt Gasser, W. H. Alexander, A. H. Overman, H. B. Knudsen, H. L. Holden, of Two Harbors; Will Eden, J. A. Myers and G. W. Elmquist, of Virginia.

A class of over forty novice Shriners joined in this pilgrimage to Osman Temple. Among those that will take the Shrine degree is Capt. John Miller, one of the oldest Masons in Minnesota.

The class is under the direction of Henry Van Brunt and Harry Nesbitt. The novices will become Shriners before daylight tomorrow morning, and they plan a return to Duluth tomorrow afternoon.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

Is sweet. No other Cereal Coffee is, unless made so by artificial means.

The sweet in Figprune is the natural sweetness of the California fig and prune. It is fruit sugar and will not disturb the most delicate stomach.

Give the little folks a warm drink with their food. They will enjoy

FIGPRUNE Cereal

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar. 5 cents.

"Parlor theater"—don't miss it tonight.

A building permit has been taken out by George Fifer, for the erection of a $200 brick flat building on the north side of Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east.

Just received—a new line of pattern hats at Humes', over Suffel's.

Chas. A. Stark & Co. are now located at 213 Palladio building.

George Robinson, of Deer River, was given a hearing before United States Commissioner Pressnell this morning on the charge of trespassing on thirty-two acres of government land in section 7-57-26. The case was settled by the defendant, paying $2.50 per acre for the land, and the action was dismissed.

Dance at Lester tomorrow.

Hanan shoes for men, women, children, sold only by M. S. Burrows.

Alpha council of Modern Samaritans will have a ladies' night at Elks' hall this evening. A program of music and literary numbers with refreshment and dancing for Samaritans, their wives and families will be given.

Dr. Homer Collins has removed his office to 302-304 New Jersey building.

Professor Obrat will give the season's closing party Wednesday, May 7.

The annual meeting of St. Luke's hospital was held yesterday and the following officers were elected: President, Rev. A. W. Ryan; treasurer, J. H. Dight; secretary, C. D. Shepard; directors, W. J. Olcott, J. H. Dight and Mrs. F. W. Paine. The report of Miss Mary G. Thornton, the superintendent, was very satisfactory. The hospital will be moved into the new building June 15.

Kelly cleans your clothes clean.

Little Jake, the popular saloonkeeper has reopened at 527 West Michigan street.

Parlor Theater—season's greatest **show.**

Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Dalf Dumouchel and John Dumouchel, former subjects of the king of Great Britain, and to Edward Hansen and Martin Smestad, former subjects of the king of Norway.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. R. N. Marble will occupy their home in the East End this summer.

W. J. Clark left for the East over the Omaha yesterday afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Alf Gillon left for Spokane yesterday, going via the Great Northern. They were accompanied by John Drennan, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. Moses Stewart returned yesterday from a pleasure trip to the Pacific coast, going by the way of Kansas City and returning over the Northern Pacific. Mr. Stewart says he met many former residents of Duluth and that all seemed to be enjoying prosperity to its fullest extent, but of all the cities that they visited, Seattle is by far the busiest.

Mrs. Arthur K. Spitler, who spent the winter in the South, returned last evening.

H. C. Hornby, the Cloquet lumberman, was in the city this morning.

T. D. Merrill will take the Fast Mail this evening for the East.

W. M. Prindle left on the Lake Superior Limited this afternoon for St. Paul.

Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Richards returned this morning from Derona, Wis., where they had been to attend the funeral of Mrs. Richards' mother.

W. C. Gray went to St. Paul this afternoon over the Northern Pacific.

H. E. Harris returned today from a trip to Chicago.

H. C. Kelly, of Ely, will leave for the East over the Omaha this afternoon.

C. J. Petruschke has gone to St. Paul.

J. T. Watson is back from an Eastern trip.

Mrs. C. S. Tyler went to Deerwood this morning.

Mlle Bunnell returned this morning from Chicago.

F. G. Jewett, of Hibbing, is at the Spalding.

Superintendent Mitchell of the Hibbing district of the steel corporation mines is in the city today.

C. W. Robinson, G. T. Robinson and George Robinson, of Deer River, are at the St. Louis today. They say that the prospects for fishing along the line of the Eastern Minnesota and up in the Bowstring country this season are especially good.

SETTLEMENT

Of Tug Men's Strike May Soon Be Made.

Cleveland, May 7.—The delegates appointed by the various lodges of the tugmen for the purpose of adjusting the present difficulty were in conference with officials of the Great Lakes Towing company here today.

At the close of the conference the latter went into session among themselves. It is believed that a settlement will be announced this afternoon.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, May 7.—In the senate, consideration of the Philippine government bill was resumed and Mr. McComas (Md.) addressed the senate in support of the measure.

In the house, the Indian appropriation bill was discussed. The conference report was adopted, 97 to 85.

CLIMBED TO TOP.

Grape-Nuts Food Gave the Strength.

It is a good thing to know of food that will add volumes to one's strength for the strong can do things and accomplish work in this world while the weak must stand to one side.

A woman in Toronto writes: "I was in very poor health a long time and got so weak and rundown that I would often stop at the foot of the stairs and wonder how I could get to the top.

"I began using Grape-Nuts and in a very short time that weak, broken down feeling entirely disappeared. I had formerly been forced to give up my breakfasts in order to give my stomach a rest, but when I got hold of Grape-Nuts I could eat breakfast for the food seemed to help digest other foods, and soon I began to gain in weight and strength.

I regularly use fruit and Grape-Nuts for breakfast and can work harder and for a longer time than ever before." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

MAY TERM OF COURT

District Court Opens New Term With Large Calendar.

Few Cases Stricken or Continued Until Next Term.

More Complications In Famous Johann Mueller Estate Case.

The May term of the district court opened this morning with the call of the civil calendar, and that article was found to be one of the soundest that has been called in a long time. When the call began there were ninety-one cases on the calendar, and only seven were removed by dismissal or continuance.

This is an unusually small number, and it has been a long time since the proportion of cases for trial was so large. Several notices of motions to continue or to strike cases from the calendar were made, and the argument of these motions may dispose of a very few more.

There were eighty-four cases for trial after the call of the calendar. Forty-three of these were for trial bu jury and forty-one for trial by court. This is more than the usual proportion of jury cases, and it all means that the May term looks like rather a long one.

Of the cases for trial by the court twenty-two are divorce cases, and these will be taken up tomorrow morning.

When the grand jury assembled in court room No. 2 to be charged there were sixteen present, which constituted a quorum, but one member said he was captain of the Hibbing fire department, and claimed exemption on that account. He was excused, but this broke up the quorum, and the charge had to be put over to this afternoon to await the arrival of the range jurors on the noon train. Judge Cant will charge the jury.

The petit jurors are called for next Monday, when the trial of jury cases will be taken up.

Judge Ensign will have charge of the calendar this term. He will try the criminal matters and will hold court in room No. 1. His deputy clerk will be U. G. Holloway, who is chief deputy in charge of the court rooms. The deputy sheriff in room No. 1 will be Frank L. Magie.

Judge Cant will hold court in room No. 2, with Alexander S. Hamilton as deputy clerk and R. H. Haire as deputy sheriff. Judge Dibell will hold court in room No. 3, with Frank D. Tindolph as deputy clerk and S. Levy as deputy sheriff.

George E. Randall will be the deputy sheriff who will have charge of the grand jury, and H. N. Randall will be the deputy for general duty and care of juries.

THEY CLAIM HALF.

Attorneys File Liens In Johann Mueller Case.

The famous case of F. S. Kosmerl and others against the estate of Johann Mueller, involving the title to a prospective iron mine on the Mesaba range, is on the calendar for trial at the May term of district court, and this morning the attorneys for one of the numerous sets of heirs filed a notice of an attorneys' lien for one-half of the interest of their clients in the property. The fight is a very complicated one. First, it has to be determined whether the property belongs to the plaintiffs, who claim it on mortgage foreclosures, or to the heirs of Johann Mueller. If it is decided in favor of the estate, then comes a most interesting contest between an ever-increasing body of alleged heirs, each claiming to be the only simon-pure set of heirs.

Alexander Marshall, Rubens, Depuy & Fisher, W. E. Pickering and George P. Knowles are in the formidable body of legal talent that appears for one of the sets of heirs, consisting of Anna Paciska and Wilhelmina Possak. This morning they filed a notice that they claimed an attorney's lien on one-half of the interest of Anna and Wilhelmina in the property.

THREE DULUTH SALES.

Deeds to Duluth Lots Filed In Register's Office.

Three deeds conveying Duluth property of considerable value were filed this morning in the office of the register of deeds.

Pulford, How & Co. transfer to the Killorin Construction company the site of the new Kelley-How Hardware company's wholesale house on Fifth avenue west for $35,000.

Carlton college transfers to Francis L. Shipley, of Washington, D. C., for $6000, a tract of land 48 by 100 feet in block 5, Portland division, consisting of the westerly six feet of the northerly 100 feet of lot 13, the northerly 100 feet of lot 14, and the easterly 12 feet of the northerly 100 feet of lot 15.

Giles Gilbert transfers to Pulford, How & Co. for $1 lot 3, block 5, Munger's sub-division of Duluth, the lot being a part of the site of the Kelley-How Hardware company's new wholesale house. The revenue stamps indicate a valuation of $6000.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

Of Three Miners at Armenia Iron Mine.

Detroit, May 7.—A News special from Crystal Falls, Mich., says: Three miners employed at the Armenia iron mine, Nester Larson and John and Nicholas Mattson, boarded a cage preparatory to descending the shaft, when the brake in some manner became loosened and with his human freight it dropped to the bottom, 250 feet below. Other men hurried to the spot, expecting to find mangled corpses, but beyond a broken leg sustained by one of the miners, bad cuts by another and a severe shaking up by all, the occupants of the cage were none the worse for the thrilling descent.

PALMER'S FUNERAL.

Chicago, May 7.—Hundreds of Chicagoans of high and low degree attended the funeral of Potter Palmer here today.

FOR RENT.

Houses, Stores Flats.

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 6th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of John E. Hegstad, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of John E. Hegstad, deceased, late of the County of St. Louis, State of Minnesota, being granted to Daniel Larson.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order, in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county, for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 7th day of November, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. at a term of said Probate Court, to be held at the Probate Office in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said county, be and the same is appointed as the time and place when and where the said Probate Court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, this 6th day of May, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 7-14-21, 1902.

FORESTERS.

St. Paul, May 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—High court of Minnesota, United Order of Foresters, comprising about fifty delegates from all parts of the state, met today at Central Hall, Seventh street, in the fifth annual session. The business was election of state officers and routine affairs. It is not a legislative body. This evening the visiting delegates are to be entertained in Central Hall by the St. Paul Foresters. A literary and musical program will be presented, followed by a buffet luncheon and a dance.

The supreme court, the legislative body of the order, will hold its annual meeting in Duluth, in July.

DEATH LIST.

Denver, May 7.—John Shorten, editor of the Cripple Creek Herald, and one of the best known newspaper men in Colorado is dead, aged 45 years. Mr. Shorten was born in England. He saw service in the Confederate army, and was on board the Trent, at the time of the capture of the Confederate agents, Mason and Slidell.

London, May 7.—Sir Alexander Gollan, who had formerly held a number of consular positions, including posts in the Philippines and Cuba, died Monday at his country residence.

NOMINATIONS

Washington, May 7.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate: Jesse A. Fry, United States attorney for the district of Washington.

Interior: C. W. Barnes, receiver of public moneys at McCook, Neb.; F. M. Rathbun, register of land office, McCook, Neb.; Caleb B. Jackson, agent for the Indians, Sisseton agency, S. D.

Postmasters: Minnesota—Thomas S. Berge, McIntosh. Wisconsin—Levi S. Odell, Galesville; George R. Hall, Oconto. South Dakota—Charles W. Siglinger, Webster. Michigan—Sam Adams, Bellaf; Clark J. Drummond, rGeenville.

Good enough for anybody!

ALL HAVANA FILLER

"FLORODORA" BANDS are of same value as tags from "STAR," "HORSE SHOE," "SPEARHEAD," "STANDARD NAVY," "OLD PEACH & HONEY" and "J. T." Tobacco.

"Cap Sheaf" Treasury Shares--

25c

Par value $1—

No chances taken—We have the property—the ore, the Facilities for mining it cheaply.

All we want now is machinery to work it properly.

Therefore these Treasury shares at **25c**

Call at company's office 617 Torrey Bldg.

Ses smple of ore and get booklet and information.

Or write and have a representative call.

$1800 Takes six-room house. Twenty-first avenue east. Easy terms.
$1100 Takes five-room cottage Nineteenth avenue east. Easy terms.
$1050 Takes 5-room cottage Twelfth avenue east. Easy terms.
We have four-room cottage on Oatka Beach for sale at once.
Houses and lots in all parts of the city.

FORGY & JACOBY, 200 Trust Building.

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

White Line Transportation Co.
ISLE ROYALE AND APOSTLE ISLANDS.

Steamer Mabel Bradshaw leaves Singer's dock Mondays and Thursday's at 9:00 a. m. for Two Harbors, Grand Marais, Isle Royale, Port Arthur.

Steamer Bon Ami leaves Singer's dock Tuesdays and Fridays at 9:00 a. m. for Port Wing, Bayfield, Ashland, Ontonagon, Hancock and Houghton and all intermediate points.

Steamer Iroquois leaves Singer's dock Sundays and Thursdays for Houghton and Hancock at 7:30 p. m.; Tuesdays for Port Arthur touching at Grand Marais and Washington Harbor, Isle Royale, at 5 p. m.

JOHN FLYNN, Agt. Lyceum Bldg. W. H. SINGER, Gen'l Mgr., Lake Ave. and Canal.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jctn..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar...Wolf ...Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta...Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing ..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A. M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar..... .Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive	
† 1:25 p.m.	St Paul	† 1:55 p.m.	
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 8:30 p.m.	
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks	* 8:43 p.m.	
† 3:00 p.m.	Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:55 a.m.	

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 4:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 8:00 a m	" "	6:55 p m
a 7:30 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
8:40 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 2:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 44
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot.

*6:45 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m.
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:15 p. m.
Marquette & Cooper Country.

Daily. † Except Sunday

DOMINION LINE TO EUROPE.
HIGH-CLASS PASSENGER STEAMSHIPS.

BOSTON TO LIVERPOOL (Via Queenstown)
"COMMONWEALTH" ..... May 21
(Twin Screw—13,000 Tons)
"MERION" ..... May 28
(Twin Screw—11,035 Tons)
"NEW ENGLAND" ..... June 4
(Twin Screw—11,600 Tons)
"VANCOUVER" ..... June 7
"COMMONWEALTH" ..... June 16

MONTREAL TO LIVERPOOL
"DOMINION" ..... May 17
PORTLAND TO LIVERPOOL
"COLONIAN" ..... May 24
"CALIFORNIAN" ..... June 7
BOSTON, NAPLES, GENOA
"CAMBROMAN" ..... May 24

T. H. LARKE, Gen'l N. W. Agent, 127 Guaranty Bldg., Minneapolis.

60,000 IS THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE WHO READ YOUR WANT AD IN THE HERALD. 60,000

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

$3000 With stone foundation, furnace, bath, on Fifteenth avenue east.

$2300 Lot and house with bath—very central—easy terms.

$900 Fine building lot on Tenth avenue east. SNAP!

$1700 Fine building lot in Endion. Cheap for this lot.

For sale exclusively by

W.M. Prindle & Co.
First Floor, Lonsdale Bldg.

Choice Farming Lands For Sale Cheap In towns 53-10-11 and 54-11.
Richardson & Avery, Lyceum Bldg
JOHN DWAN, AGENT, Two Harbors, Minn.

Stop Paying Rent!
And buy a good 9-room house centrally located, water, sewer, bath, 50-foot lot—very easy terms, great bargain at.. **$2700**
205 LYCEUM BLDG.
If you will rent—we have houses and flats for rent.

We Have For Sale
Many choice residence locations in the East End, Portland, Endion and Glen Avon Divisions, Park Point lots, business locations on Superior street, and a large number Bay Front Division lots. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

$1300 Takes good nine-room house on Piedmont avenue.
$1850 Takes nine-room house on Piedmont avenue; $500 cash, balance $25.00 per month, without interest. Rents $15.00.
We have some bargains in houses and lots in the East and West Ends.
A. C. Volk & Co., 202-204 Palladio Bldg.

FARM LANDS
Around the Head of the Lakes at $3 to $10 per acre offer the best and safest investment. For sale in tracts of 40 acres and more. Full particulars by applying to—
Guaranty Farm Land Co.,
428 West Superior Stree

FOR RENT

Store on Michigan street; city water, steam heat, furnished.. **$35.00**
Store on Fourth street, city water and basement..... **$15.50**
Store on Superior street, between Twentieth and Twenty-first avenues west **$35.00**
Nice new modern flat at West End; five rooms and bath room; city water, electric light..... **$18.00**
Nine-room house in East End; modern **$35.00**
Two nicely furnished houses for rent for four to six months.
A good house on Second street, near Fourth avenue west, hot water heat, good plumbing, barn..... **$42.00**

$14,000
to loan on first-class security.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
TORREY BUILDING.

HOMESTEADS
We can locate you on government land; close to railroads, navigable streams and the rapidly growing city of Koochiching. These claims will all be taken up this summer, so write at once to
GIBSON, HULBERT & CO.
Koochiching, Minnesota.
Timber and farm lands for sale. Estimates and reports for non-residents.

$800 Takes lot and six-room house on Fifty-eighth avenue west; $150 cash and $12.00 per month.
$800 Takes lot and ten-room house on Fifty-first avenue west. A bargain.
$1300 Takes boarding house on Fifty-first avenue west, near saw mills.
$600 Takes lot and five-room house on Polk street; $100 cash and $8 per month.
A large list of others on easy payments. Call and see them.
Merchant's Bank Agency,
James P. Smith, Mgr., 55th Ave. W.
Office open Tuesday and Saturday evenings from 7 to 9 o'clock.

FOR SALE!
Two houses, 21 and 23 East Eighth street, lot 50x170. Houses in good repair; possession given in thirty days. Come in and make us an offer; property must be sold.

WEST END.
An improved propety in excellent condition and pays 14 per cent on sale price. This is a bargain.... **$2000**
50x140-foot lot, Eighteenth avenue east and Fourth street. Think of it! Only **$800**
Little & Nolte

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

First-class lots from $225 to $300 within one block of Third street car line and Twenty-ninth avenue west.

Nine-room house in West End; arranged for two families; can be bought for less than house cost to build. Price **$1300**

100 feet square on the corner of Third avenue east—lays good— Price **$650**

House within five blocks of postoffice, up in first-class shape; lot 25 by 100; can be bought on monthly payments Price **$1200**

70 by 100, the best corner on Fifth street, centrally located; cheap.

Interstate Land & Investment Co.,
Both Phones. 605 Palladio Bldg.

LONDON.
6-room house—electric light—$1365—$500 cash.
ROSS L. MAHON,
414 First National Bank Building.

LAKESIDE
AND—
LESTER PARK...
Lots In all parts of these suburbs
Dead Cheap
Buy one before the rise. We will furnish you 75 per cent of the cost of house and lot if you want to build. **No commission** and only 6 per cent interest. Easy payments.
LAKESIDE LAND CO.,
303 Lonsdale Building.

Worth Buying—
100 feet on West Superior street, bringing more than 8 per cent net—a choice corner.
Best lots on the best part of First street. The cheapest lots in Endion division—some of them are beauties.
Acres in all parts at the lowest prices.
C. E. LOVETT, 706 Palladio Bldg

50-ft lot, W. Third st., nea Third Ave. W. **$3500**
25-ft lot, E. First st., near Third Ave. E.... **$1500**
50-ft lot, E. Fourth st., near 12th Ave. E.... **$1200**
25-ft lot, E. Second st., near 11th Ave. E..... **$800**
8 lots on E. Tenth st., all..... **$700**
E. D. FIELD CO.,
204 Exchange Bldg.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. HANSON, GRADUATED MIDwife. Female complaints. Private hospital. 413 Seventh avenue E. 'Phone 1252.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

FINANCIAL.

Money Loaned Salaried People Without Security!
No mortgage or indorser. Also on pianos, furniture, etc. Confidential.
Zenith 'Phone 936. 521 Manhattan Bldg
WESTERN LOAN CO.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $100. Keystone Loan & Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

SAW REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS OF SAWS SKILLFULLY repaired. New ones for sale. Duluth Saw Works, 1631 West Superior street.

HOUSE MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

SITUATION WANTED BY A GOOD house man, and one whoc an do general work. Address X Herald office.

WANTED—POSITION BY MAN WITH ten years' experience as salesman in dry goods or general merchandise store; best of references. Address box 194, Lake Nebagemon, Wis.

SMART YOUNG MAN WITH BEST OF references wishes position with good mercantile house. Address T 59, Herald.

WANTED—SITUATION BY A YOUNG man as assistant bookkeeper or general office man; four years' experience; best of references. Address H 8, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE POSITION as bookkeeper, or office clerk; has had experience; can furnish satisfactory references. T 72, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS OFFICE OR store boy. 17 years of age. Address J 26, Herald.

LOST.

LOST—ON SUPERIOR STREET, LAdies' shopping bag. Finder please return to Herald office.

FOUND.

FOUND — PURSE ON EAST SUPERior street. Owner call at Herald office.

MILLINERY.

LADIES FOR STYLE AND PRICES GO to Miss Swenson, over Suffel's.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Fourth street, rear Eighth avenue west.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Eighth street, near Fourth avenue east.

$500 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Seventh street, near Seventh avenue east.

$1200 Takes lot 50 by 140 feet on Jefferson street, near Fifteenth avenue east.

$1600 Buys seven-room house; electric lights, city water, sewer, porcelain bath tub. Very centrally located.

$7000 Takes modern house and lot, 75x140 feet on First street, Endion.

$7500 Takes modern house and lot, 75 by 140 feet, on Second street, Endion.

Stop Paying Rent!
Examine these beautiful and comfortable homes on Duluth Heights. Only twelve minutes' ride from center of city.

	Price.	Cash Payn't	Monthly Payn't.
5-room house..	$530	$50	$ 8.00 no interest
5-room house..	550	50	9.50 no interest
5-room house..	600	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	650	50	10.00 no interest
6-room house..	710	50	11.00 no interest
6-room house..	765	75	12.00 no interest

Chas. P. Craig & Co ,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET. West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

FREE CLAIRVOYANT READINGS. 632 West Second.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET West Superior, Wis. 'Phone 4250.

UNIVERSAL BAKERY.

FAMOUS GOLD LEAF BREAD—GOODS delivered to all parts of city. 1525 W. Superior st. 'Phones, old 1003-2, new 1303.

TRUNKS AND VALISES.

SAVE MIDDLEMAN'S PROFITS. Duluth Trunk factory. 220 West Sup. St

TURKISH BATHS.

AND GYMNASIUM, BATTLE CREEK treatment. M. Z. Kassmir, 311 W. Mich. St. Ladies' bath room, 415 W. Mich. St.

INSTALLMENT GOODS.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS ON EASY PAYments. Rugs, draperies, skirts, etc. Duluth Furnishing Co., 211 E. Superior St.

ULTRA VIOLET RAYS.

FOR IMPURE BLOOD DISEASE. 319 First avenue east.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER. 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

MOVING AND STORAGE.

ZENITH MOVING AND TRANSFER company, No. 15 First avenue west. Zenith phone 533.

PIANOS AND ALL KINDS OF FURNIture packed and stored. Duluth Van and Storage Co., 410-210 W. Superior St.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS AND trunks moved, stored, packed and shipped. People's Moving and Storage Co., 204½ Superior St. 'Phone 240. Zenith 601.

WAGON WORKS.

KENNEY & WATT, 533 EAST SUPErior street, horseshoeing, wagon and carriage work; rubber tire setting.

HAT MANUFACTURER.

LEADING STYLE HATS DIRECT from factory at strictly wholesale prices. Volland's Hat factory, 14 First ave. E.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—FROM PRIVATE PARTY, five or ten-year 6 per cent loan for $12,000; first mortgage on choice real estate; no commission. Address T 34, Herald.

PATENTS—PROTECT YOUR IDEAS. No allowance. No fee. Consultation free. Est. 1864. Milo B. Stevens & Co., 614 Eleventh street, Washington.

UPHOLSTERING.

FURNITURE UPHOLSTERING, CARriage trimming. E. Ott, 123 First ave. W

DRESSMAKING.

SMART STYLISH GOWNS MADE AT No. 2 West Second street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—FIVE ROOM COTTAGE on Park Point. A snap. Answer quick. Address W. P. Harvey, care G. C. Steele company.

FOR SALE — ONE GOOD SOUND 6-year-old horse; weighs about 1300. Apply T. Tidball, 218 West Fourth street.

FOR SALE—EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE AND lot on corner of 4701 East Dodge street, Lakeside.

FOR SALE, CHEAP—ALL KINDS OF lumber. 306 Fifty-sixth avenue southwest and Rathrood street.

Barrett & Zimmerman,
Headquarters for all classes of
HORSES
Opposite Postoffice, - - - Duluth, Minn.

FOR SALE—LARGE CAMPING TENT. Address T 57, Herald.

SECOND-HAND SAFE, CHEAP. J. H. Lauerman, with Phillips & Co.

FOR SALE — SINGER SEWING MAchine, $10. Apply 7 North Sixty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE — HOUSEHOLD FURNIture. 23 West Fourth street, in rear.

FOR SALE CHEAP—ONE COOK STOVE with reservoir; good as new. 115 Mesaba avenue.

FOR SALE—SHOW CASE AND COUNters, plate glass, oak, very fine. H 4, Herald.

FOR SALE—UP-TO-DATE STICK SEAT runabout, $45. Guaranteed for one year. L. Hammel & Co., 302 East First street.

FOR SALE—CAR LOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Will exchange for fat cattle. Prices $35 to $45. 821 Fourth avenue east.

SHOW CASES, TABLES, PAPER CUTters, money drawers and office supplies. Apply Great Eastern, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—A DRESSMAKING OUTfit at 506 Burrows building.

FOR SALE—LEASE AND FURNITURE of seventeen room boarding house, fifteen steady boarders. Must be sold by May 20. Inquire Mallough & Son's grocery, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CAN FURNISH FIFTEEN to thirty gallons buttermilk weekly during the summer. Address Box 27, Cambridge, Minn.

FOR SALE—A NEW 8-ROOM HOUSE, cheap. 3613 Eighth street, West Duluth.

FOR SALE — CHEAP, SALOON, FIXtures and lease on building; good location. Inquire 224 Lake avenue south. Good reason for selling.

FOR SALE—CORNER LOT ON SIXTH street and Fifth avenue east. Apply 21 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—AN 18-FOOT GASOLINE yacht with modern improvements. P. O. Two Harbors, Minn., Box 3.

FOR RENT OR SALE — COMPLETE camping outfit on Park Point. Inquire 206 Board of Trade.

FOR SALE—JUST ARRIVED, CAR fresh milch cows, will exchange for fat cattle. John E. Johnson, 701 Twenty-third avenue southeast.

FOR SALE FOR A FEW DAYS only—a desirable 6-room dwelling. No. 406 East Fifth street, at $2750. F. I. SALTER, 302 Lonsdale Building.

FOR SALE—$40 EAGLE BICYCLES FOR $25; a wheel with a good reputation. We do all kinds of repair work. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior tsreet.

FOR SALE—CHICK FEED, CYPHERS incubators, brooders, etc. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS for sale by Ernest Miller, 1325 London road.

FOR SALE—SIXTEEN MILCH COOWS and young heifers. Call or address Spider Lake Sawmill and Lumber company, Spider, Wis.

FOR SALE—ANOTHER CARLOAD OF fresh milch cows will arrive April 18, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 Helm street.

FOR SALE—HALL'S SAFE COMPANY'S safes. J. S. Ray, dealer, 11 5th Ave. W.

FOR SALE—OR TO RENT CHEAP—Lodging house; forty beds. 531 West Superior street.

WILL SELL SIX-ROOM HOUSE AT Lester Park, cheap, throwing in lot and street improvements. G 96, Herald.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

FURS STORED.

FOR THE SEASON AND INSURED against moths and fire. Only fireproof vault in city. H. G. Gross, 106 W. Sup. st.

FURS INSURED AGAINST FIRE AND moths. Krojanker, 201 W. Superior St.

TEAS AND COFFEES.

NO CHROMO, NO TICKETS; NO HUMbug; but value for your money. Malcomson Tea store, 8 1st ave. W. 'Phone 1098.

OLD FUR COATS WANTED.

ALASKA FUR BUYER ARRIVED; will pay you the highest reasonable price for old fur coats of any kind. Address M. G., Herald.

ENGRAVING

AND WATCH REPAIRING. PROMPT work. J. A. Herbert, 207 N. Jersey bldg

BICYCLE & GUN REPAIRING.

ALL KINDS REPAIR WORK. PRICES reasonable; guarantee satisfaction. F. R. Holmberg, with J. W. Nelson, 6 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANT TO BUY SOME LOTS EAST OF Twenty-third avenue east, direct from owner, for cash. Address F 54, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—A GOOD HORSE OR broncho, about 800 pounds. Hunter's Park grocery.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 707 West Superior street.

SECOND GIRL FOR KITCHEN WORK. 120 First avenue west; up stairs.

GIRL WANTED FOR GENERAL housework. Call evenings. 117 East Eighth street.

WANTED—GIRL, ONE WHO UNDERstands pressing of ladies' garments or one who would like to learn. Apply Zenith City Dye Works, 6 East Superior street.

WANTED-GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; good wages. 2806 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. 725 East First street.

WANTED—ABOUT MAY 15, A COMPETent cook. Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GOOD DINING ROOM GIRL. Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED — WOMAN TO WASH ON Saturday; steady place to good laundress. 1514 East Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of two. 1127 London road.

WANTED—NEAT AND COMPETENT girl. Apply at Mrs. James E. Granger's, 1324 East First street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR KITCHEN best wages; second girl wanted also. 629 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. No. 12 Nineteenth avenue east.

WANTED—GIRL TO CANDLE EGGS. Inquire Knudson-Ferguson Fruit company.

WANTED—A NURSE GIRL. MRS JUlius Abrahamson, 122 East First street. Ralston house.

WANTED—GIRL FOR COTTAGE ON Park Point. Good pay; nice room; car fare paid. Mrs. C. S. Parsons, Twenty-fifth street.

WANTED—LAUNDRESS. 1122 EAST Superior street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. J. A. Ferguson, Lewis street, Glen Avon. Take Woodland car.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 115 Seventh avenue east.

WANTED—WAIST AND SLEEVE MAKers at once. La Ferte, 17 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework at 124 East Third street; good wages to right party.

WANTED — GIRL; NO WASHING; NO ironing; no children. Call mornings, 1407 East Third street.

WANTED—AT 2321 East First street, a good girl for general housework.

WANTED — LADY. FIRST CLASS double entry bookkeeper. No other need apply. Address, "W. B.," care Herald, stating salary wanted.

WANTED—COOK. 2020 EAST SUPErior street.

WANTED—NEAT GIRL IN SMALL family for general housework. 1107 East Third.

WANTED—GOOD COOK AT 513 WEST Second street.

YOU SAVE 50c TO $1 ON EVERY PAIR of shoes you buy of M. S. Burrows. Ladies' fine shoes $1.50. $2.50. $3.50.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN FOR OFFICE work in a wholesale house; one who can operate typewriter preferred. Address W 16, Herald.

WANTED — WINDOW WASHER. 202 Trust building.

WANTED-EXPERIENCED DRYGOODS man as second man; must be bright, industrious, honest, temperate; permanent position to right man; all applications strictly confidential. Address, stating age, experience and references. Opportunity, Herald.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CLOTHING salesman; Scandinavian preferred. Inquire Fifth Avenue Clothing company, 501 West Michigan street.

WANTED — OFFICE BOY, 14 TO 18 years of age. Sent written application to B. W. How, care of Kelley-How Hardware company, Duluth, Minn. No personal application will be considered under any circumstances.

WANTED—WOOD CHOPPERS FOR charcoal kiln wood, at $1 per cord. Address Ashland Iron & Steel company, Ashland, Wis.

WANTED—FIRST CLASS CARRIAGE rider, $2.25 per day; also setter, $3 per day. Apply 427 West Michigan street.

WANTED — FIRST CLASS BARBER. Spalding Hotel barber shop.

WANTED—GOOD BOY AT THE WHITE Swan Drug store.

WANTED—CAKE BAKER; ALSO young man as helper with some experience in bake shop. Address City Bakery, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. No limit to term. Special inducements until May 15, positions plentiful, diplomas granted, Scholarship, board, tools to applicants from distance. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SOME FIRST-CLASS CARpenters; will pay 37½ cents per hour to the right man. Armour Packing company, 22 West Michigan street.

WANTED — TWO GOOD SETTERS. wages $2.75 per day. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT CO.
431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376. Men furnished free. Established 1882.

WANTED—DRY LUMBER GRADERS at once, American Lumber company, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED — PAINTERS AND PAPERhangers. 321 East Superior street; 30 and 35c per hour for good men.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE IN the East End, for the summer. R. M. Newport, Lonsdale building.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE FOR THE SUMmer; pleasant location on lake shore, one mile from postoffice. Address O. C. Coffin, Deerwood, Minn.

FOR RENT—COTTAGE ON PARK Point; furnished complete. Address C 94, Herald.

FOR RENT — EIGHT-ROOM HOUSE. city water. 1923 Piedmont avenue west.

315 WEST FOURTH STREET, THIRteen rooms; steam heat, porcelain baths, etc.; every room in house will be repapered and painted to suit tenant; house will be put in perfect condition inside and outside, and lawn will be resodded. Inquire 710 Torrey building. Zenith telephone No. 403.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—A LARGE PLEASANT unfurnished front room with privileges; rent reasonable; within walking distance .Address A 67, Herald.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms; hot and cold water; bath. 9 Mason flats. 'Phone 713, call 3.

FOR RENT—TO GENTLEMAN ONLY, large front room in modern brick house; all conveniences. 136 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT — ONE FURNISHED room. 324 South Sixteenth avenue east.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED AND UNfurnished rooms. 409 Lowell block, or 208-5 old 'phone.

FOR RENT — THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, hot and cold water; bath. 9 Mason flats. 'Phone 713.

SUITE OF ROOMS FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Bath in connection. 202 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FOUR UNFURNISHED rooms, hot water, bath. No children. Inquire at 1415 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FRONT ROOM AND ALcove to man and wife; no children, with allow light housekeeping. 322 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN. 115 East Third street.

HANDSOME SUITE AND SINGLE room to party of gentlemen; modern; central; fine view. 711 West Second street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS SUITABLE FOR offices, tailor shops and living purposes. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 628 West Third street.

FOR RENT—LARGE FRONT ROOM; unfurnished, finest view in city; bath and fireplace. 31 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED rooms for light housekeeping. All modern conveniences. 931 East Fifth street.

FARM FOR RENT.

FARM FOR RENT, NEAR DULUTH, rich land, good buildings, forty acres cultivated. Inquire 710 Torrey building.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE ROOM FLAT. INquire 503 West First street.

FLAT, FURNISHED, 16 EAST SUPErior street. Call between 4 and 6 p. m. H. A. Hall.

FOR RENT—FLAT OF TWELVE FURnished rooms on Superior street. Mendenhall & Hoopes.

FOR RENT—SIX-ROOM FLAT AND nine-room house in Park terrace. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT — ONE FLAT SEVEN rooms, strictly first-class and modern; centrally located; possession May 1. Charles P. Craig & Co.

STORES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FINE STORE ROOM ON Superior street; centrally located. Charles P. Craig & Co., Herald building.

FOR RENT - SPACE IN STORE FOR cigars and soft drinks, periodicals, etc. Waterman's Bowling Alley, 310 West First street.

FOR RENT—LARGE BUILDING ON Lake avenue; railroad track in rear, suitable for manufacturing or storage purposes. E. R. Jefferson, 121 Second avenue west.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD IN PRIVATE family; large front room; lake view. 317 West Fourth.

WANTED—TO RENT

WANTED—TWO OR THREE UNFURnished rooms. Address T 60, Herald.

GASOLINE ENGINES.

STATIONARY GAS ENGINES AT 15 TO 20 per cent discount for 30 days. Engines guaranteed. Duluth Gas Engine works, 501 Lake avenue south, Duluth, Minn.

TEAMS TO RENT.

FOR RENT — HEAVY HORSE, SEVEral teams. Apply Red Cliff Lumber company, 300 Torrey building.

HAIR DRESSING.

SHAMPOOING, MANICURING, HAIR dressing. Dahl Sisters, 216 W. Sup. St.

SUPERFLUOUS HAIR, MOLES AND warts permanently removed. Knauf Sisters, 101 West Superior street. Old phone 344-5. New phone 418.

OLD CLOTHING WANTED.

WANTED—TO BUY, OLD CLOTHING. I will pay the highest respectable prices for old clothing. Address J. S., Herald.

OPTICIAN.

GLASSES MADE TO ORDER. LATEST improved optical goods. Prices the lowest. Gowan, 411 New Jersey building.

PAINTS AND VARNISHES.

WHY DON'T YOU BUY SHERWIN Williams' paints at the Northwestern Paint company's. We handle the most complete lines in the city. Both 'phones.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PICTURE FRAMING.

DECKER'S, 16 SECOND AVENUE W.

HAVE ARRANGED WITH THE NEW tenant to use one side of the store for a few days longer. 211 East Superior street.

BEST WORK AT LOWEST PRICES. Carlson's Art Studio, 721 W. Sup. St.

WATCH REPAIRING.

PROMPT AND EXPERT WORK. T. A. Pinto, Jeweler, 2004 West Superior St.

UMBRELLAS RECOVERED.

H. POPKIN, 129 FIRST AVENUE W.

MIRRORS RESILVERED,

MANUFACTURERS OF FRAMED MIRrors, beveled and art leaded glass. St Germain Bros., 110 1st ave. W. 'Phone 148.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL.

DR. EMMA BREINHOLM MAGNETIC healing and confinement cases a specialty. Private hospital, 121 Nineteenth avenue west. Phone 1471.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS AND RUGS CLEANED ON the line and relaid. Address A. T. Wear, 2801½ Third avenue east.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

FORTUNES EASILY MADE BY SMALL but wise investments. The small capitalists' and money-savers' opportunity. Write for our "Guide to Wealth." Traise & Co., 224 Unity building, Chicago.

AUCTION SALES.

DULUTH AUCTION AND CONSIGNment company is prepared to make auction sales in any part of the city or state. Also buy entire stocks of merchandise for cash and advance money on stocks of goods pending sale. Address 522 West Superior street. All communications strictly confidential.

OSTEOPATHY.

BRANCH MINNEAPOLIS INSTITUTE Osteopathy. Drs. A. W. and W. A. McClaran, 512-14, Torrey Bldg. 'Phone 1651.

PIANOS POLISHED.

REPAIRED AND REFINISHED. KRISTensen, 327 E. Superior St. Old Tel. 743-5.

TO RENT—SODA FOUNTAIN.

BEING TOO BUSY WITH THE PRESCription and drug departments of my drug store, will be willing to rent my soda fountain for the season. The White Swan drug store. L. Reitz.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 5th, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 12, 1902. Work, First degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 8 o'clock. Next meeting May 14, 1902. Work M. M. degree. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8 p. m. Next conclave May 6, 1902. Work, Drill. William B. Patton, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeaux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BETA COUNCIL NO. 2.—Meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west, at 8 p. m. Jack Hultquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock at 118 West Superior street. Work in the Second. Tuesday evening, May 6. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

FRATERNAL ORDER OF EAGLES—Duluth Aerie No. 79, meets every Thursday evening at 8 o'clock. W.E. Brown, worthy president; J. W. Shroeder, worthy secretary, 427½ East Sixth street.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 63, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. U. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN. WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

DIAMOND LODGE, NO. 45, K. OF P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wm. Taber, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2296, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees' hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.